



PIANO DELL'ARENILE

ai sensi dell'art.72 - LR 24/2017

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QUADRO CONOSCITIVO

B3_REL

Studio di risposta sismica locale, microzonazione sismica, verifiche alla liquefabilità

Relazione

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PIANO DELL'ARENILE
ai sensi dell'art. 72 - LR 24/2017

QUADRO CONOSCITIVO

| | |
|---------------|--|
| B3_REL | Studio di risposta sismica locale, di microzonazione sismica, verifiche alla liquefabilità. Analisi di III Livello di Approfondimento. |
| | Relazione |

COMMITTENTE: AMMINISTRAZIONE COMUNALE DI RIMINI.

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1 VALUTAZIONI DI MICROZONAZIONE SISMICA.

1.1 Premesse normative e generali.

Con obiettivo di riduzione del rischio sismico, così come specificato nell'art. 2, comma 4, dell'allegato alla L.R. 20/2000, la Regione Emilia-Romagna con Delibera di Assemblea Legislativa n.112 del 02/05/07 ha approvato il seguente documento: *"Atto di indirizzo e coordinamento tecnico ai sensi dell'art. 16, comma 1, della L.R. 20/2000 – Disciplina generale sulla tutela e l'uso del territorio", in merito a "Indirizzi per gli studi di microzonazione sismica in Emilia Romagna per la pianificazione territoriale e urbanistica"*, seguita successivamente da una nota esplicativa redatta dai Servizi della Regione Emilia - Romagna con prot. n. 2007.0166430 del 22/06/07.

Nello specifico, la normativa di cui sopra stabilisce che, lo strumento urbanistico potrà essere approvato solo successivamente alla valutazione sull'eventuale necessità di eseguire approfondimenti tecnici che la rendano conforme all'atto di indirizzo di cui sopra ed alla successiva nota regionale.

In sostanza occorre valutare se l'area oggetto di Pianificazione debba contenere le analisi tecniche e gli approfondimenti di cui al terzo livello dell'allegato "A", capitolo 4.2, della Delibera di Assemblea Legislativa n.112 del 02/05/07, ricadendo nelle situazioni qui di seguito elencate:

- a) Aree soggette a liquefazione e densificazione.
- b) Aree instabili e potenzialmente instabili.
- c) Aree in cui le coperture hanno spessori fortemente variabili, come ad esempio nelle aree pedemontane e di fondovalle a ridosso dei versanti.
- d) Aree in cui è prevista la realizzazione di opere di rilevante interesse pubblico.

La DAL 112/2007 è rimasta come norma regionale di riferimento per la riduzione del rischio sismico la norma di riferimento per la riduzione di riferimento sino al 2015 dopodiché, rispettivamente con DGR 2193/2015, DGR 630/2019, DGR 476/2021 e DGR 564/2021, la Regione Emilia Romagna ha deciso di approvare nuovi documenti contenenti importanti aggiornamenti tecnici sui temi trattati nonché in adeguamento alla recente normativa urbanistica LR 24/2017.

Pertanto l'ultimo ed integrale aggiornamento è rappresentato dall'atto di coordinamento tecnico denominato INTEGRAZIONE DELLA PROPRIA DELIBERAZIONE N. 476 DEL 12 APRILE 2021 MEDIANTE APPROVAZIONE DELL'ALLEGATO A, "ATTO DI COORDINAMENTO TECNICO SUGLI STUDI DI MICROZONAZIONE SISMICA PER LA PIANIFICAZIONE TERRITORIALE E URBANISTICA (ARTT. 22 E 49, L.R. N. 24/2017)", di cui alla Delibera di Assemblea Legislativa n. 564 del 26/04/21 che deve essere osservato per gli atti di programmazione territoriale. Tale recente norma, necessaria a conformarsi ai requisiti della LR 24/2017, è da ritenersi, pertanto, sostitutiva della precedente DAL 112/2007.

Anche in questo caso, in ossequio al paragrafo 2.1, lettera c) di tale delibera occorre valutare se il sito oggetto di studio debba contenere le analisi tecniche e gli approfondimenti di cui al terzo livello, ricadendo nelle situazioni qui di seguito elencate:

- c) 1. Aree soggette di liquefazione o densificazione.
- c) 2. Aree di versante instabili e potenzialmente instabili.
- c) 3. Aree con rapide variazioni della profondità del bedrock sismico, come ad esempio le valli strette e profondamente incise, nelle quali il modello geologico non può essere assimilato ad un modello fisico monodimensionale; in questo caso sono raccomandate analisi bidimensionali;
- c) 4. Aree suscettibili di effetti differenziali (zone di contatto laterale tra litotipi con caratteristiche fisico – meccaniche molto diverse, zone di faglia attiva e capace, zone con cavità sepolte).

Nella situazione specifica in cui si trova il PSC/RUE del Comune di Rimini, dove lo studio di microzonazione sismica è stato redatto sulla base della DAL 112/2007 e assunto negli aspetti normativi delle NTA, è necessario fornire risposta ai punti a), b), c) e d) sia della DAL112/2007 che della DGR 564/2021. Ciò in quanto di fatto nella attuale fase di esistenza del PSC/RUE entrambe le norme coesistono.

1.2 Verifica sulla necessità di produrre approfondimenti di terzo livello di microzonazione sismica ai sensi dell'allegato "A", capitolo 4.2, punto a) sia della DAL 112/2007 che della DGR 564/2021.

Per la verifica in oggetto circa la presenza di aree soggette a liquefazione e densificazione, come da punto a) dell'allegato "A", punto 4.2, della DAL 112/2007 e punto c)1. del paragrafo 2.1, lettera c) della DGR 564/2021, ci si è avvalsi delle seguenti informazioni e dati analitici:

1. Esecuzione di indagini geognostiche in sìto estese su tutta l'area in studio, con distribuzione areale ritenuta significativa per la conoscenza litostratigrafica.
2. Analisi granulometriche su campioni prelevati negli ambiti in studio.
3. Verifica cartografica con la Tavola del PTCP 2007 della Provincia di Rimini denominata "S.A. 11 – SISTEMA AMBIENTALE – Rischio sismico e carta delle zone suscettibili degli effetti locali" ed in particolare con il punto 6: aree suscettibili di liquefazione.
4. Verifica cartografica con le tavole del Sistema Ambientale e Naturale del Quadro Conoscitivo del PSC di Rimini denominate: "Tav.e 9a/b – Microzonazione sismica. Primo livello di approfondimento. Carta delle aree suscettibili di effetti locali in caso di evento sismico"; "Tav.e 10a/b – Microzonazione sismica. Primo livello di approfondimento. Carta di sintesi della pericolosità sismica"; "Tav.e 17a/b – Carta dei livelli di approfondimento per gli studi di microzonazione sismica".
5. valutazione della presenza di caratteri predisponenti alla liquefazione, con riferimento all'allegato A3, punto A1 della DGR 564/2021, sulla possibilità di escludere l'occorrenza di tale fenomeno.

Per quanto riguarda le verifiche cartografiche di cui ai punti 3 e 4 l'intera area in studio risulta ricadere tra le zone suscettibili di effetti locali per liquefazione in condizioni sismiche e che necessitano di analisi di III Livello di approfondimento.

Invece ai fini delle valutazioni di cui al punto 5) sono stati utilizzati i dati stratigrafici e litologici provenienti dalle campagne geognostiche di nuova realizzazione e dai dati di laboratorio reperiti.

Al proposito le evidenze storiche in termini di effetti sul territorio vengono riportate nel recente catalogo di Galli P. (2000) e nel web-gis *Catalogo italiano degli Effetti Deformativi del suolo Indotti dai forti Terremoti (CEDIT)* - CERI dell'Università "Sapienza" di Roma, che censisce gli effetti indotti sul terreno da terremoti storici verificatisi in un arco temporale che va dall'anno 1000 d.C. al 2016; in figura 1, viene riportato uno stralcio del catalogo di Galli (2000) raffigurante gli eventi principali geolocalizzati lungo la costa romagnola, con particolare riferimento agli eventi della Provincia Riminese e nei tratti costieri limitrofi.

| Epicentral parameters of the seismic events | | | | | | | Sites with indication of liquefaction | | | | | | |
|---|------------|----------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------|-----------|
| Ref. | Date | Latitude | Longitude | I_o | M_e | M_s | Area | Site* | Latitude | Longitude | d (km) | I_s | Type |
| 136 | 1786.12.25 | 43.980 | 12.580 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 5.5 | Rimini | Rimini | 44 04 | 12 34 | 10 | 8.0 | A1 E |
| 177 | 1875.03.17 | 44.070 | 12.550 | 8.0 | 5.72 | 5.2 | Rimini | Cervia | 44 16 | 12 21 | 27 | 7.0 | A1 |
| 178 | 1875.03.17 | 44.070 | 12.550 | 8.0 | 5.72 | 5.2 | Rimini | Cesenatico | 44 12 | 12 24 | 19 | 8.0 | A1-2 |
| 230 | 1916.05.17 | 44.000 | 12.630 | 8.0 | 5.72 | 6 | Rimini area | Rimini | 44 03 | 12 34 | 8 | 8.0 | A1 |
| 231 | 1916.08.16 | 43.970 | 12.670 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 6.1 | Rimini urea | Cattolica | 43 58 | 12 44 | 5 | 8.0 | A1-2 A4-5 |
| 232 | 1916.08.16 | 43.970 | 12.670 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 6.0 | Rimini area | Ghetto delle Fontanelle | 43 59 | 12 40 | 2 | 8.0 | A4-5 |
| 233 | 1916.08.16 | 43.970 | 12.670 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 6.0 | Rimini urea | Pesaro | 43 55 | 12 55 | 20 | 8.0 | A1 |
| 234 | 1916.08.16 | 43.970 | 12.670 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 6.0 | Rimini urea | Riccione | 44 01 | 12 39 | 5 | 8.0 | A1 A4 |
| 235 | 1916.08.16 | 43.970 | 12.670 | 8.0 | 5.59 | 6.0 | Rimini area | Rimini | 44 04 | 12 34 | 14 | 8.0 | C |

- A = ground fissuring and related phenomena

- A1 = only ground fissures

- A2 = water emission

- A3 = mud, sand and gravel venting

- A4 = mixed water and sand venting (sand boils)

- A5 = mud volcanoes

- B = surface deformation

- B1 = local settlement

- B2 = local swelling

- C = differential settlement of building

- D = liquefaction evidence s.l. or without description.

Figura 1 – Stralcio da “New empirical relationships between magnitude and distance for liquefaction” – Table 4, Galli, 2000.

Una prima valutazione sul comportamento/stabilità atteso per i terreni costieri in condizioni sismiche, di tipo prettamente qualitativo, può essere desunta applicando il criterio geologico di Youd e Perkins (1978), basato su natura ed età del deposito, presentano una moderata-alta suscettibilità alla liquefazione (vedi fig. 2).

Un' ulteriore indicazione in merito alla suscettibilità a liquefazione in condizioni sismiche di tali terreni si può ottenere attraverso la sovrapposizione delle curve di distribuzione granulometrica delle sabbie con i campi di potenziale liquefabilità proposti da Tsuchida H. (1970) (analoghi a quelli proposti in figura 1 dell'Allegato A3 della DAL 112/2007 e DGR 564/2021). Come evidenziato anche in Merli A. (Tesi di dottorato, 2019), sulla base di campioni prelevati lungo tutta la costa, è evidente come le sabbie litorali di entrambe le unità A e B, sia a nord che a sud del porto canale (rispettivamente RNN e RNS), ricadano significativamente entro i fusi granulometrici di potenziale liquefazione (vedi Fig. 3). Pertanto dalle indagini in situ, unitamente al raffronto con campioni prelevati in aree vicine e situazioni litostratigrafiche analoghe (nel medesimo ambito deposizionale), è possibile stabilire come i terreni superficiali appartenenti alle Unità A e B presentino distribuzioni granulometriche ricadenti entro le fasce granulometriche di cui alla figura 1) dell'Allegato A3 della DAL 112/2007 e DGR 564/2021, per terreni con coefficiente di uniformità sia $U_c < 3.5$ che $U_c > 3.5$, ritenendo in particolare che i sedimenti sabbiosi costieri rientrino per la quasi totalità all'interno del campo di "possibilità di liquefazione".

Diversamente i terreni presenti a maggior profondità, al di sotto del cuneo sabbioso costiero (Unità C), risultano significativamente esterni alle fasce granulometriche di cui sopra, presentando generalmente un contenuto in fine "FC" (passante al vaglio 200 ASTM) superiore al 90%, un contenuto in argilla superiore al 20% e, oltretutto, un indice di plasticità $IP > 20\%$, quest'ultimo tale da considerarli non liquefacibili anche secondo quanto espresso da Boulanger (2008), Seed et Al. (2003) e Bray e Sancio (2006).

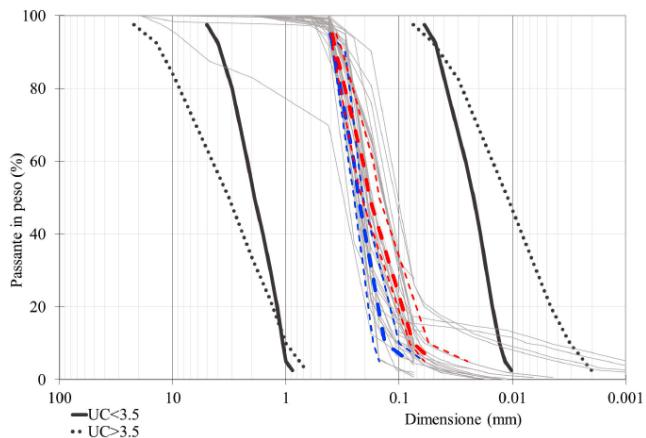
La presenza di eventuali orizzonti ghiaiosi (Lit. G) all'interno o al tetto dell'Unità C, a profondità inferiori a 20 m, risulta tuttavia non significativa in virtù dell'elevata conducibilità idraulica (in grado di dissipare le sovrapressioni sismicamente indotte) e resistenza meccanica degli stessi, sufficiente ad inibire lo sviluppo e/o propagazione di eventuali fenomeni di liquefazione (vedi Tavola n. 7.1 e 7.2).

Quindi al di sotto dei terreni appartenenti alle Unità A e B non si rinvengono ulteriori depositi incoerenti sabbiosi di significativo spessore e continuità sino ad almeno 20.0 mt di profondità, considerata quest'ultima la massima profondità in cui si possono manifestare in modo significativo eventuali fenomeni di liquefazione (vedi Tavola n. 7.1 e 7.2).

| Tipo di deposito | Probabilità di liquefazione di depositi sedimentari durante terremoti Strong Motion | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------|-------------|-----------------|
| | < 500 anni | Olocene | Pleistocene | Pre-Pleistocene |
| a) Depositi continentali | | | | |
| Canale fluviale | Molto alta | Alta | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Pianura di esondazione | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Pianure e conoidi alluvionali | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Spiagge e terrazzi marini | | Bassa | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Deltaici | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Lacustri | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Dune | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Loess | Alta | Alta | Alta | Scarsocciata |
| Terreni residuali | Bassa | Bassa | Molto bassa | Molto bassa |
| b) Zone costiere | | | | |
| Deltaici | Molto alta | Alta | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Di estuario | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Di spiaggia | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| Lagunari | Alta | Moderata | Bassa | Molto bassa |
| c) Riemplimenti artificiali | | | | |
| Non compattati | Molto alta | | | |
| Compattati | Bassa | | | |

Figura 2 -. Criterio geologico di verifica della suscettibilità alla liquefazione secondo Youd e Perkins (1978).

FUSI GRANULOMETRICI DI SUSCETTIBILITÀ ALLA LIQUEFAZIONE
- TRATTO RNN -



a)

FUSI GRANULOMETRICI DI SUSCETTIBILITÀ ALLA LIQUEFAZIONE
- TRATTO RNS -

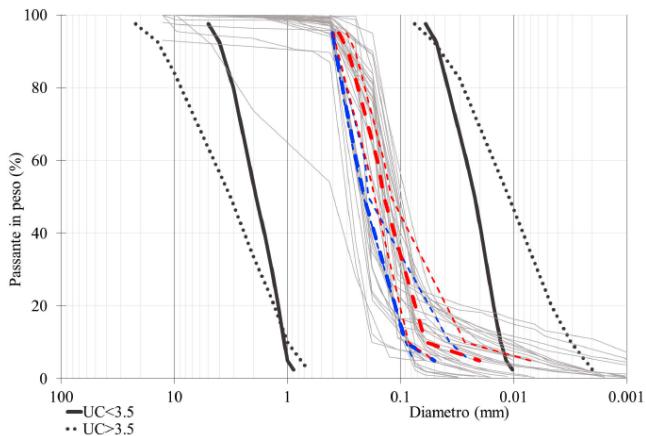


Figura 3 - Fusilli granulometrici di suscettibilità alla liquefazione (Tsuchida, 1970) per le zone RNN (a) e RNS (b) Merli A. (Tesi di dottorato, 2019).

Pertanto, poiché l'area oggetto di studio presenta un potenziale rischio circa la possibilità di verificarsi del fenomeno di liquefazione, in ottemperanza alla normativa regionale di riferimento, è necessario eseguire una “Analisi approfondita – terzo livello di approfondimento”.

1.3 Verifica sulla necessità di produrre approfondimenti di terzo livello di microzonazione sismica ai sensi dell'allegato “A”, capitolo 4.2, punto b) sia della DAL 112/2007 che della DGR 564/2021.

Per le aree instabili e potenzialmente instabili di cui al punto b) dell'allegato “A”, punto 4.2 , della DAL 112/2007 che del punto c)2. del paragrafo 2.1, lettera c) della DGR 564/2021, le valutazioni e verifiche si sono articolate considerando le situazioni di:

- Aree instabili: aree direttamente interessate da fenomeni franosi attivi.
- Aree potenzialmente instabili: aree in cui sono possibili riattivazioni (frane quiescenti) o attivazioni di movimenti franosi (tutti gli accumuli detritici incoerenti indipendenti dalla genesi, con acclività > 15°, pendii costituiti da terreni prevalentemente argillosi e/o intensamente fratturati con acclività >15°, versanti con giacitura degli strati a franapoggio con inclinazione minore o uguale a quella del pendio, aree prossime a zone instabili che possono essere coinvolte dalla riattivazione del movimento franoso, scarpate subverticali, accumuli detritici incoerenti prossimi all'orlo di scarpate).

A seguito di quanto sopra le valutazioni e verifiche sono state articolate come segue:

1. Esame della condizione geologica, geomorfologia e litostratigrafica del territorio attraverso rilevamento diretto di superficie.
2. Confronto con le Tavole “S.A. 9 – SISTEMA AMBIENTALE – Carta del dissesto”, “S.A. 10 – RISCHIO SISMICO – Carta delle zone suscettibili di effetti di sito”, “S.A. 11 - RISCHIO SISMICO – Carta delle zone suscettibili degli effetti locali” del PTCP 2007 adottato della Provincia di Rimini ai fini della verifica della condizione di instabilità e potenziale instabilità gravitativa delle aree oggetto di pianificazione urbanistica.
3. Verifica con la Cartografia Regionale CTR 1:5.000 ai fini della valutazione dell’acclività dei versanti, così come specificato in Allegato A2.2 di entrambi gli atti normativi regionali.
4. Verifica cartografica con le tavole del Sistema Ambientale e Naturale del Quadro Conoscitivo del PSC di Rimini denominate: “Tav.e 2a/b – Carta geomorfologica”; “Tav.e 8a/b – Carta delle pericolosità, vulnerabilità e tutele ambientali”.
5. Verifica delle condizioni stratigrafiche di giacitura degli strati dalla Cartografia Geologica e dei Suoli della Regione Emilia - Romagna redatta dal Servizio Geologico Sismico e dei Suoli della medesima Regione.

Al termine delle analisi effettuate secondo lo schema sopra indicato, emerge quanto segue:

- Il sito è subpianeggiante e pertanto gli effetti topografici di amplificazione sismica possono essere trascurati.
- La zona oggetto di pianificazione non risulta direttamente interessata da fenomeni franosi.
- La zona, infine, non risulta essere potenzialmente instabile in quanto non si prevedono riattivazioni di frane quiescenti o attivazioni di movimenti franosi (pendio con acclività inferiore a 15°, versanti con giacitura degli strati a traversopoggio, non coinvolgimento di aree prossime a zone instabili, assenza di scarpate subverticali e accumuli detritici incoerenti).

Pertanto l'area oggetto di pianificazione non presenta alcun rischio né di instabilità gravitativa, né di potenziale instabilità gravitativa e di effetti di sito a seguito della topografia.

1.4 Verifica sulla necessità di produrre approfondimenti di terzo livello di microzonazione sismica ai sensi dell'allegato “A”, capitolo 4.2, punto c) sia della DAL 112/2007 che della DGR 564/2021.

Nel merito del punto c) dell'allegato “A”, punto 4.2, sia della Delibera di Assemblea Legislativa n.112 del 02/05/07 sia del punto c)3. del paragrafo 2.1, lettera c) della DGR 564/2021, è opportuno precisare che sostanzialmente esprimono la stessa valenza tecnica anche se formulate con espressioni leggermente diverse. In sostanza richiedono di valutare se il sito è riconducibile ad un modello geologico monodimensionale, quindi senza importanti variazioni geologiche laterali, piuttosto che un modello geologico che imponga analisi bidimensionali.

A tal fine si sono condotte le opportune valutazioni nel modo seguente:

1. Esame della condizione geologica e geomorfologia delle singole aree direttamente in sito e più in generale della conoscenza geologica del territorio.
2. Verifica delle condizioni litostratigrafiche locali direttamente attraverso le campagne geognostiche e geofisiche eseguita e indirettamente mediante l'utilizzo della banca dati geologici reperibile presso il Servizio Geologico, Sismico e dei Suoli della Regione Emilia-Romagna.
3. Confronto con la Tavola “S.A. 10 – RISCHIO SISMICO – Carta delle zone suscettibili di effetti di sito”, e con la Tavola “S.A. 11 - RISCHIO SISMICO – Carta delle zone suscettibili degli effetti locali” del PTCP 2007 della Provincia di Rimini.
4. Verifica cartografica con le tavole del Sistema Ambientale e Naturale del Quadro Conoscitivo del PSC di Rimini denominate: “Tav.e 3a/b – Carta litologica”; “Tav.e 9a/b –

Microzonazione sismica. Primo livello di approfondimento. Carta delle aree suscettibili di effetti locali in caso di evento sismico”; “Tav.e 12a/b/c/d – Sezioni idrostratigrafiche”.

Al termine delle analisi effettuate secondo lo schema sopra indicato, emerge come il sito presenti una successione stratigrafica alquanto omogenea e comunque lo spessore della copertura alluvionale al di sopra del substrato sia piuttosto consistente.

Pertanto a conclusione delle valutazioni sopra esperite si può affermare che l'area oggetto di pianificazione non presenta caratteristiche geologiche in alcun modo riconducibili alla situazione di “*aree in cui le coperture hanno spessori fortemente variabili, come ad esempio nelle aree pedemontane e di fondovalle a ridosso dei versanti*” o per cui siano necessarie “*analisi geologiche bidimensionali*”.

1.5 Verifica sulla necessità di produrre approfondimenti di terzo livello di microzonazione sismica ai sensi dell'allegato “A”, capitolo 4.2, punto d) della DGR 112/2007 e della DGR 564/2021.

Per quanto concerne il punto d) dell'allegato “A”, punto 4.2, Delibera di Giunta Regionale n. 112 del 2007 e punto c)4. del paragrafo 2.1, lettera c) della DGR 564/2021, nel formulare le dovute valutazioni si terrà conto di:

- 1) Esame della condizione geologica e geomorfologia dell'area direttamente in sito e più in generale della conoscenza geologica del territorio.
- 2) Verifica delle condizioni stratigrafiche e dei rapporti laterali tra corpi sedimentari attraverso la Cartografia Geologica e le Sezioni Geologiche della Regione Emilia-Romagna redatta dal Servizio Geologico Sismico e dei Suoli della medesima Regione.
- 3) Verifica cartografica con le tavole del Sistema Ambientale e Naturale del Quadro Conoscitivo del PSC di Rimini denominate: “Tav.e 9a/b – Microzonazione sismica. Primo livello di approfondimento. Carta delle aree suscettibili di effetti locali in caso di evento sismico”; “Tav.e 10a/b – Microzonazione sismica. Primo livello di approfondimento. Carta di sintesi della pericolosità sismica”.
- 4) Ricerca nel catalogo “ITHACA” dell'ISPRA delle faglie attive e capaci e dello stato delle conoscenze scientifiche in merito.

In particolare i punti 1 e 2 sono stati già trattati nelle situazioni precedenti.

Per soddisfare i successivi punti 3 – 4 ai fini della ricostruzione del quadro di pericolosità sismica dell'area per fagliazione ci si avvale del database ITHACA (ITHACA Working Group (2019). ITHACA (ITALY HAZARD FROM CAPABLE FAULTING), A DATABASE OF ACTIVE CAPABLE FAULTS OF THE ITALIAN TERRITORY. VERSION DECEMBER 2019. ISPRA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF ITALY. WEB PORTAL [HTTP://SGI2.ISPRAMBIENTE.IT/ITHACAWEB/MAPPATURA.ASPX](http://SGI2.ISPRAMBIENTE.IT/ITHACAWEB/MAPPATURA.ASPX)) creato per la raccolta e la consultazione di tutte le informazioni disponibili riguardo le strutture tettoniche attive in Italia, con particolare attenzione ai processi tettonici che potrebbero generare rischi naturali. Il progetto si occupa in modo particolare delle faglie capaci, definite come faglie attive che potenzialmente possono creare deformazione in superficie.

Il database delle faglie capaci (vedi figure successive) è uno strumento fondamentale sia per analisi di pericolosità ambientale / sismica che per la pianificazione territoriale ed, al proposito, in figura 4 viene riportato un dettaglio dell'area.

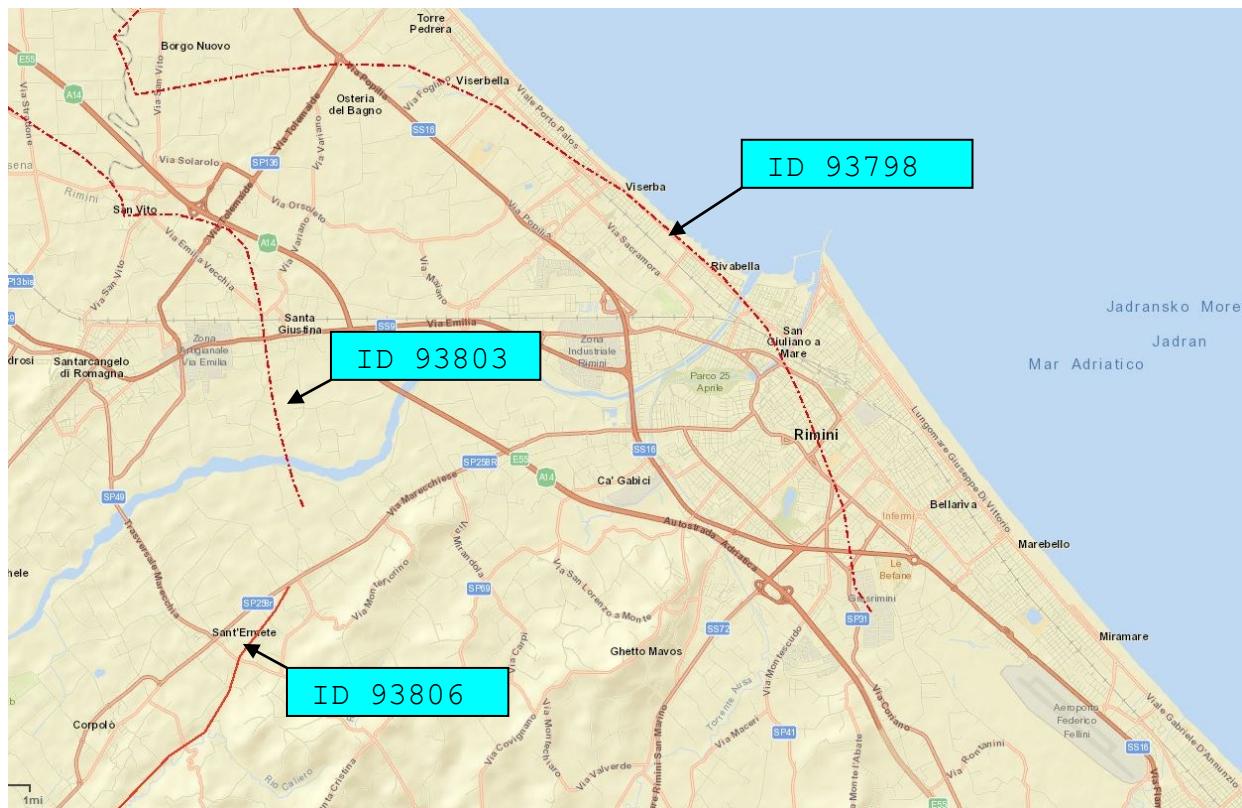


Figura 4 – Dettaglio catalogo ITHACA delle faglie attive e capaci e relativo codice identificativo.

Dalla figura 4 si evince come il territorio in studio possa essere interessato da una struttura di faglia con cinematismo “inverso”, con direzione NW-SE, denominata “Rimini-Ravenna” (*Fault code 93798*); tuttavia i dati disponibili nel catalogo ITHACA e le schede di censimento relative riportano una scarsa conoscenza di tali strutture, trattandosi di sovrascorimenti profondi post-tortonianiani dedotti (secondo carta geologica Web-Gis Emilia Romagna), così come non ci sono evidenze superficiali né elementi noti su recenti attività, per cui la qualità delle informazioni è ritenuta bassa.

Pertanto sulla base di questi dati si può affermare che nell’area oggetto di pianificazione, allo stato della conoscenza scientifica attuale, non si rinviene la presenza certa di faglie attive e capaci sepolte legate all’ogenesi appenninica certe di una certa rilevanza, che possano essere segnalate negli studi di Microzonazione Sismica, come previsto negli I.C.M.S. (gruppo di lavoro MS 2008), nella versione 1.0 a titolo “Linee guida per la gestione del territorio in aree interessate da faglie attive e capaci FAC”.

In conseguenza di ciò anche in questo caso si può affermare che nel territorio oggetto di studio non vi sono situazioni accertate riconducibili a “zone di faglia attiva e capace” in grado di condizionare in maniera consistente la pericolosità sismica locale soprattutto in termini di deformazioni/fagliazioni superficiali. Allo stesso modo sono da escludere effetti differenziali quali zone di contatto laterale tra litotipi con caratteristiche fisico – meccaniche molto diverse e zone con cavità sepolte.

1.6 Verifica sulla necessità di produrre approfondimenti di terzo livello di microzonazione sismica ai sensi dell’allegato “A”, capitolo 4.2, punto d) della DAL 112/2007.

Nel presente studio non viene preso in esame il punto d) dell’allegato “A”, punto 4.2, della Delibera di Assemblea Legislativa n.112 del 02/05/07 (opere di rilevante interesse pubblico), in quanto non di competenza del sottoscritto.

2. APPROFONDIMENTI DI MICROZONAZIONE SISMICA DI III LIVELLO

2.1 SISMICITA' STORICA E PERICOLOSITA' SISMICA DI BASE

Per la definizione della sismicità storica del territorio in studio è stato consultato il Database Macroscismico Italiano DBMI15 (Locati M., Camassi R., Rovida A., Ercolani E., Bernardini F., Castelli V., Caracciolo C.H., Tertulliani A., Rossi A., Azzaro R., D'Amico S., Antonucci A. (2021). Database Macroscismico Italiano (DBMI15), versione 3.0. Istituto Nazionale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia (INGV). <https://doi.org/10.13127/DBMI/DBMI15.3>). La successiva Tabella 1 riporta i principali eventi sismici (scosse principali “mainshock”) risentiti nel comune in esame. Per ogni evento sismico sono riportate: data, area epicentrale, intensità epicentrale I_0 (valori in scala MCS), magnitudo momento MW (stimata da correlazioni empiriche o misurata) e intensità al sito IS (MCS).



Figura- 5: Evidenziato in rosso il territorio appartenente al comune di Rimini, sul cui fronte mare si colloca l'ambito dell'arenile.

Tabella 1 – Storia sismica del Comune di **RIMINI** (estratta dal DBMI15).

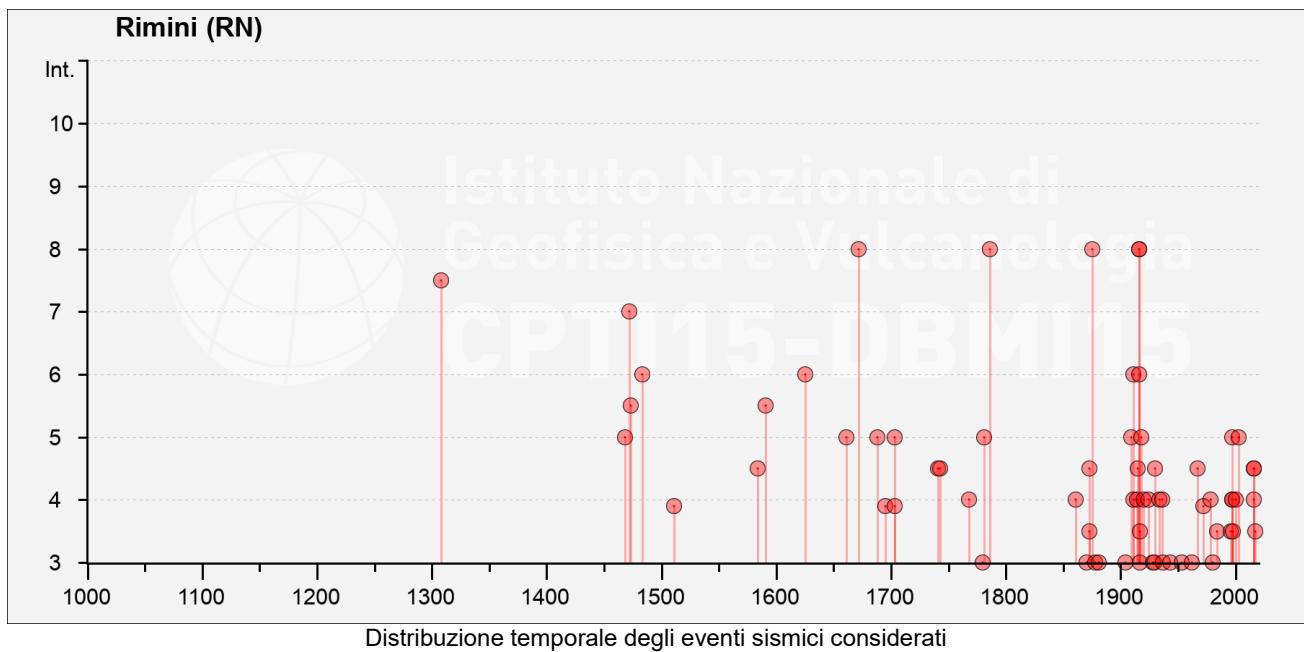
Effetti In occasione del terremoto del

| Int. | Anno Me Gi Ho Mi Se | Area epicentrale | NMDP | Io | Mw |
|------|---------------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| 7-8 | 1308 01 25 17 15 | Rimini | 1 | 7-8 | 5.33 |
| 5 | 1468 06 06 10 30 | Romagna | 3 | 4 | 3.70 |
| 7 | 1472 | Rimini | 1 | 7 | 5.10 |
| 5-6 | 1473 02 02 | Rimini | 1 | 5-6 | 4.40 |
| 6 | 1483 08 11 19 40 | Romagna | 14 | 8 | 5.69 |
| F | 1511 03 26 15 30 | Friuli-Slovenia | 120 | 9 | 6.32 |
| 4-5 | 1584 09 10 20 30 | Appennino forlivese | 17 | 9 | 5.97 |
| 5-6 | 1591 07 10 | Romagna | 6 | 6-7 | 5.13 |
| 6 | 1625 12 05 | Rimini | 1 | 6 | 4.63 |
| 5 | 1661 03 22 12 50 | Appennino forlivese | 79 | 9 | 6.05 |
| 8 | 1672 04 14 15 45 | Riminese | 92 | 8 | 5.59 |
| 5 | 1688 04 11 12 20 | Romagna | 39 | 8-9 | 5.84 |
| F | 1695 02 25 05 30 | Asolano | 107 | 10 | 6.40 |
| F | 1703 01 14 18 | Valnerina | 197 | 11 | 6.92 |
| 5 | 1703 02 02 11 05 | Aquilano | 69 | 10 | 6.67 |
| 4-5 | 1741 04 24 09 20 | Fabrianese | 135 | 9 | 6.17 |
| 4-5 | 1743 02 20 | Ionio settentrionale | 84 | 9 | 6.68 |
| 4 | 1768 10 19 23 | Appennino forlivese | 45 | 9 | 5.99 |
| 3 | 1780 05 25 | Romagna | 5 | 5-6 | 4.40 |
| 5 | 1781 04 04 21 20 | Faentino | 96 | 9-10 | 6.12 |
| 8 | 1786 12 25 01 | Riminese | 90 | 8 | 5.66 |
| 4 | 1861 10 16 | Romagna | 10 | 6-7 | 5.13 |
| 3 | 1870 10 30 18 34 | Forlivese | 41 | 8 | 5.61 |
| 4-5 | 1873 03 12 20 04 | Appennino marchigiano | 196 | 8 | 5.85 |
| 3-4 | 1873 06 29 03 58 | Alpago Cansiglio | 197 | 9-10 | 6.29 |
| NF | 1874 10 07 | Imolese | 60 | 7 | 4.96 |
| 8 | 1875 03 17 23 51 | Costa romagnola | 144 | 8 | 5.74 |
| 3 | 1878 03 12 21 36 | Bolognese | 31 | 6 | 4.84 |
| 3 | 1881 09 28 | Cesena | 24 | 6-7 | 4.71 |
| 3 | 1904 11 17 05 02 | Pistoiese | 204 | 7 | 5.10 |
| 5 | 1909 01 13 00 45 | Emilia Romagna orientale | 867 | 6-7 | 5.36 |
| NF | 1909 08 25 00 22 | Crete Senesi | 259 | 7-8 | 5.34 |
| 4 | 1911 02 19 07 18 30 | Forlivese | 181 | 7 | 5.26 |
| 6 | 1911 03 26 13 51 | Riminese | 9 | 5 | 5.04 |
| NF | 1913 11 25 20 55 | Appennino parmense | 73 | 4-5 | 4.65 |
| 4 | 1914 10 27 09 22 | Lucchesia | 660 | 7 | 5.63 |
| 4-5 | 1915 01 13 06 52 43 | Marsica | 1041 | 11 | 7.08 |
| 8 | 1916 05 17 12 50 | Riminese | 132 | 8 | 5.82 |
| 6 | 1916 06 16 01 27 | Riminese | 17 | 6 | 4.82 |
| 8 | 1916 08 16 07 06 14 | Riminese | 257 | 8 | 5.82 |
| 2 | 1916 11 16 06 35 | Alto Reatino | 40 | 8 | 5.50 |
| 3 | 1917 04 26 09 35 59 | Alta Valtiberina | 134 | 9-10 | 5.99 |
| 3-4 | 1917 12 02 17 39 | Appennino forlivese | 32 | 6-7 | 5.09 |

| Effetti | In occasione del terremoto del | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-----|------|--|
| Int. | Anno Me Gi Ho Mi Se | Area epicentrale | NMDP | Io | Mw | |
| 5 | 1918 11 10 15 12 28 | Appennino forlivese | 187 | 9 | 5.96 | |
| 4 | 1920 09 07 05 55 40 | Garfagnana | 750 | 10 | 6.53 | |
| 4 | 1924 01 02 08 55 13 | Senigallia | 76 | 7-8 | 5.48 | |
| 2 | 1926 01 01 18 04 03 | Carniola interna | 63 | 7-8 | 5.72 | |
| 3 | 1928 05 30 20 01 | Senigallia | 17 | 5 | 5.02 | |
| 3 | 1929 04 10 05 44 | Bolognese | 87 | 6 | 5.05 | |
| 4-5 | 1930 10 30 07 13 | Senigallia | 268 | 8 | 5.83 | |
| 4 | 1934 11 30 02 58 23 | Adriatico settentrionale | 51 | 5 | 5.30 | |
| 4 | 1936 10 18 03 10 | Alpago Cansiglio | 269 | 9 | 6.06 | |
| 3 | 1937 11 26 21 58 30 | Costa pesarese | 7 | 5 | 4.16 | |
| 3 | 1943 10 03 08 28 29 | Ascolano | 170 | 8 | 5.67 | |
| 3 | 1953 12 14 07 11 06 | Appennino forlivese | 48 | 5-6 | 4.70 | |
| 2 | 1961 05 08 22 45 51 | Forlivese | 40 | 5 | 4.37 | |
| 3 | 1962 01 23 17 31 | Costa pesarese | 49 | 5 | 4.35 | |
| NF | 1962 08 30 06 27 07 | Montefeltro | 23 | 6-7 | 4.76 | |
| 4-5 | 1967 12 30 04 19 | Emilia Romagna orientale | 40 | 6 | 5.05 | |
| F | 1972 11 30 11 25 2 | Costa pesarese | 30 | | 4.52 | |
| 4 | 1978 12 05 15 39 04 | Romagna | 34 | 4-5 | 4.61 | |
| 3 | 1980 11 23 18 34 52 | Irpinia-Basilicata | 1394 | 10 | 6.81 | |
| 2 | 1983 11 09 16 29 52 | Parmense | 850 | 6-7 | 5.04 | |
| 3-4 | 1984 04 29 05 02 59 | Umbria settentrionale | 709 | 7 | 5.62 | |
| NF | 1986 12 06 17 07 1 | Ferrarese | 604 | 6 | 4.43 | |
| NF | 1993 11 07 23 21 1 | Cesenate | 36 | 4-5 | 3.95 | |
| 3-4 | 1996 10 15 09 55 5 | Pianura emiliana | 135 | 7 | 5.38 | |
| 4 | 1997 09 26 00 33 1 | Appennino umbro-marchigiano | 760 | 7-8 | 5.66 | |
| 5 | 1997 09 26 09 40 0 | Appennino umbro-marchigiano | 869 | 8-9 | 5.97 | |
| 4 | 1997 10 14 15 23 1 | Valnerina | 786 | | 5.62 | |
| 3-4 | 1998 04 05 15 52 2 | Appennino umbro-marchigiano | 395 | | 4.78 | |
| 2 | 1999 01 25 22 45 5 | Appennino forlivese | 97 | 5 | 4.36 | |
| 2-3 | 2000 05 08 12 29 0 | Faentino | 126 | 5 | 4.67 | |
| 2-3 | 2000 05 10 16 52 0 | Faentino | 151 | 5-6 | 4.82 | |
| 4 | 2000 08 01 02 34 31 | Montefeltro | 84 | 5-6 | 4.27 | |
| 2 | 2001 11 26 00 56 5 | Casentino | 211 | 5-6 | 4.63 | |
| 5 | 2003 12 07 10 20 3 | Forlivese | 165 | 5 | 4.18 | |
| NF | 2006 10 21 07 04 1 | Anconetano | 287 | 5 | 4.21 | |
| 4-5 | 2016 08 24 01 36 32 | Monti della Laga | 221 | 10 | 6.18 | |
| 4 | 2016 10 26 19 18 0 | Valnerina | 77 | | 6.07 | |
| 4-5 | 2016 10 30 06 40 1 | Valnerina | 379 | | 6.61 | |
| 3-4 | 2017 01 18 10 14 9 | Aquilano | 280 | | 5.70 | |

Estratto della tabella esplicativa riportante i parametri che costituiscono il formato sintetico del database:

| Field Description | |
|---|---|
| N Record number (in chronological order) | Se Origin time: seconds |
| | EpicentralArea Epicentral area or area of the largest macroseismic effects |
| Year Origin time: year | Mw moment magnitude |
| Mo Origin time: month | NMDP Number of macroseismic data point |
| Da Origin time: day | Imax Maximum intensity |
| Ho Origin time: hour | Io Epicentral intensity |
| Mi Origin time: minutes | |
| | *N.F (not felt-non avvertito) |



L'esame della storia sismica indica quali eventi di maggior rilevanza: il terremoto "Riminese" del 1308, 1472, 1672, 1786, 1875 e del 1916. Tali sismi hanno generato in prossimità della zona epicentrale il massimo risentimento e danno ($VII \leq I_s \leq VIII$ MCS); l'ultimo evento, in termini temporali, di maggior risentimento significativo è stato quello del Riminese 1916, di cui in fig. 6 a) e b) viene riproposto lo stralcio della carta dei risentimenti macrosismici INGV rispettivamente per gli eventi principali del 17 maggio e 16 agosto 1916. Inoltre in fig. 7 si propongono le carte delle isosisme ricostruite da INGV per i maggiori terremoti storici della Romagna.

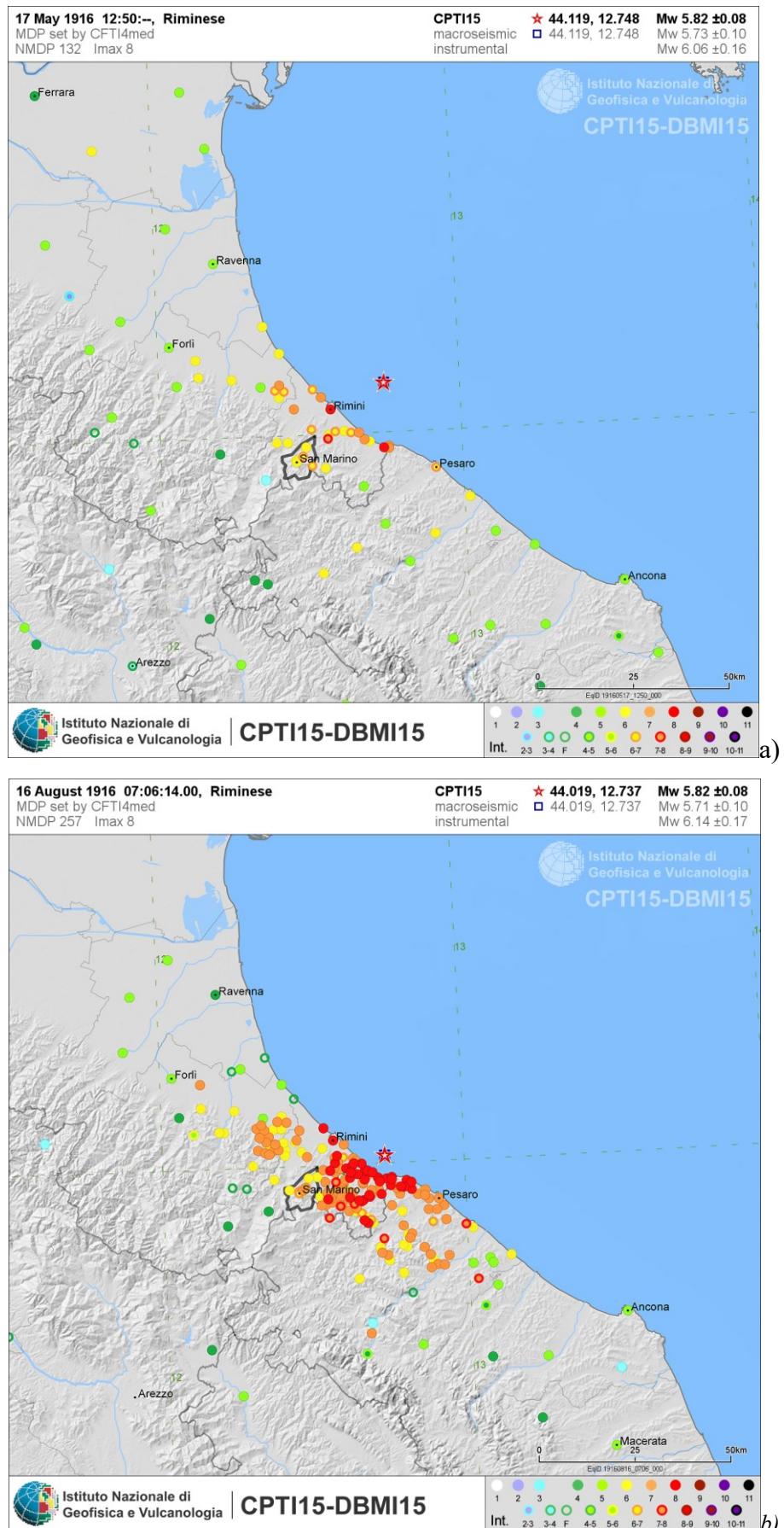
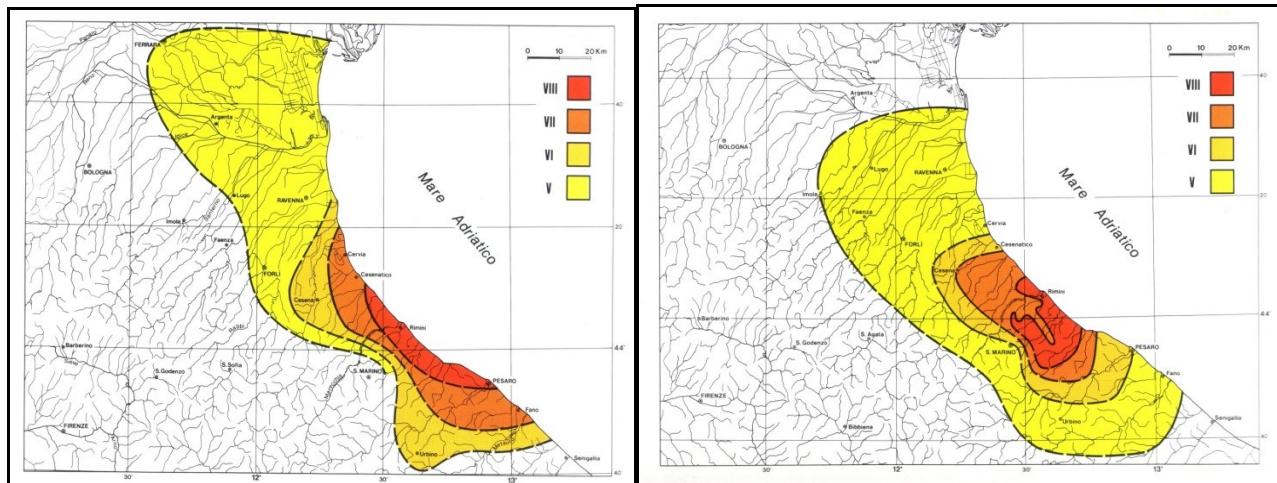
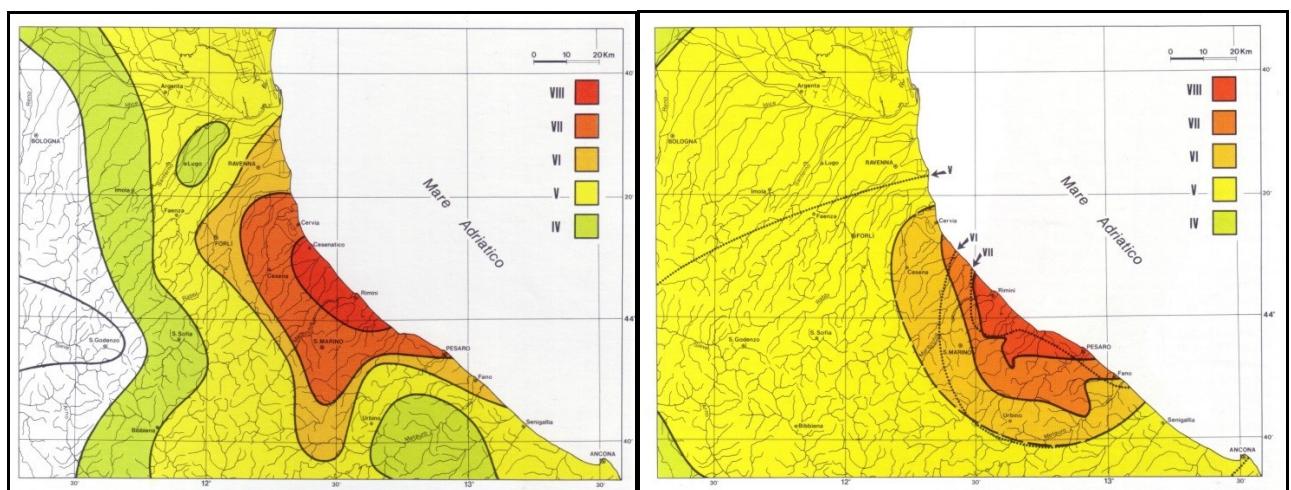


Figura- 6: Carta del risentimento macroseismico – terremoto Riminese eventi maggio/agosto 1916 - DBMI15 (a e b)



Terremoto del 14 aprile 1672

Terremoto del 25 dicembre 1786



Terremoto del 17 marzo 1875

Terremoto del 17 maggio – 16 agosto 1916

Figura - 7: Carte delle isosisme in cui le aree colorate dal rosso al verde corrispondono a parti di territorio colpite da effetti di severità decrescente. (DISS3/INGV).

In base alla disposizione degli epicentri, nonché da una verifica sul database DISS 3.2 (Database of Individual Seismogenic Sources) realizzato dall'INGV, è possibile risalire alle aree sismogenetiche che hanno particolarmente contribuito alla sismicità storica della zona in studio ed alla pericolosità sismica dell'area (vedi fig. 8); in tal caso si tratta di sistemi di faglia appenninici e costieri prevalentemente di natura compressiva.

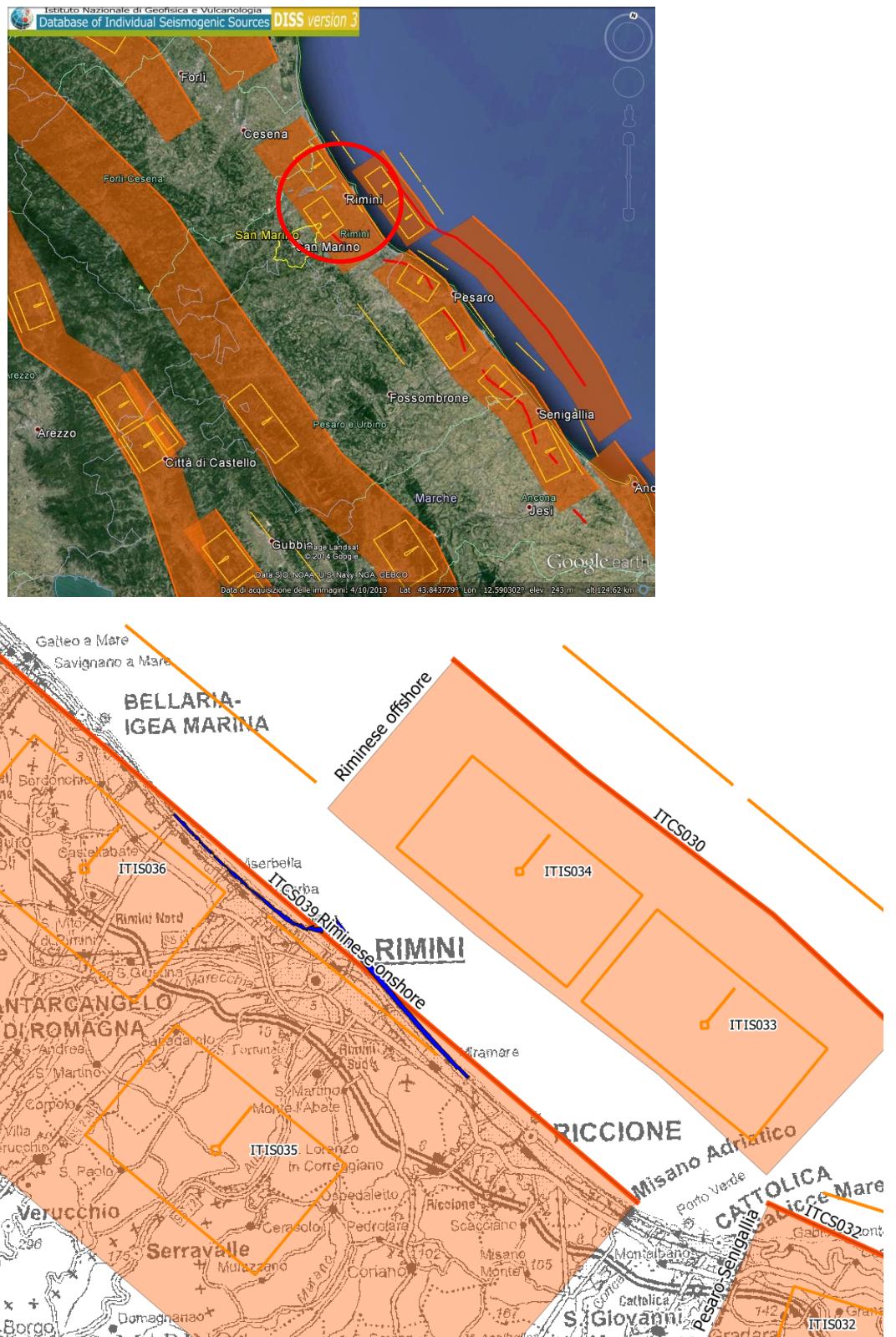


Figura – 8: Sorgenti sismogenetiche (Id-Nome-Max Magnitudo) individuate dal catalogo DISS (Database of Individual Seismogenic Sources) dell'Istituto Nazionale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia. In blu viene evidenziata l'area in studio.

Come riportato da “La sismicità della zona costiera adriatica nord-marchigiana di Stefano Mazzoli e Chiara Macchiavelli” si trae che studi effettuati in tempi recenti da gruppi di ricerca (Borraccini et alii, 2002, 2005; Di Bucci et alii, 2003; Santini et alii, 2011; Macchiavelli et alii, 2012), la sismicità della zona costiera e delle Marche settentrionali mostra un comportamento complesso, caratterizzato da una notevole variabilità delle orientazioni degli assi di massima e minima compressione (Fig. 9)

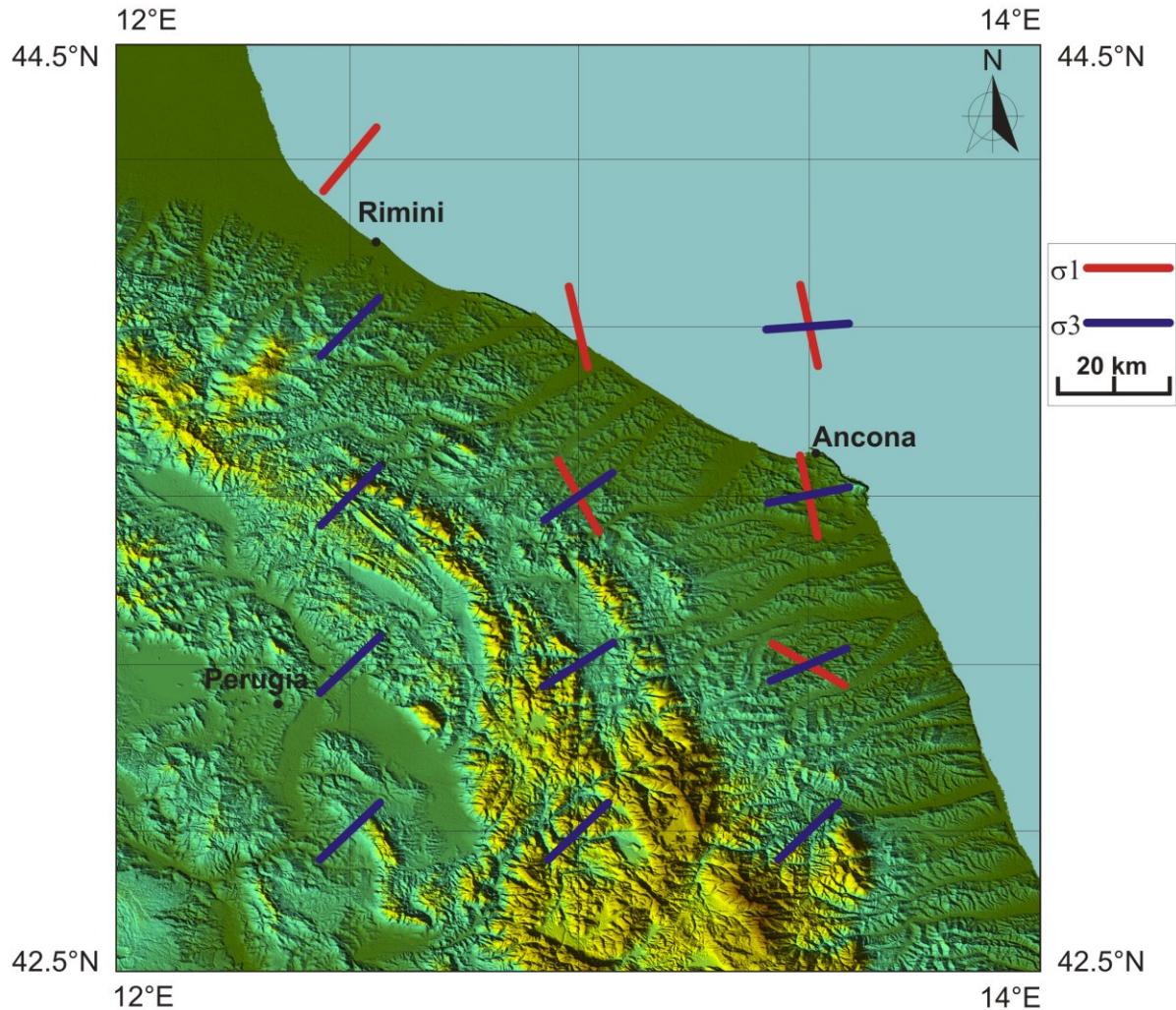


Figura 9 – Proiezione in mappa degli assi di massima compressione (σ_1) e minima compressione (σ_3) per l'area umbro-marchigiano-romagnola (da Macchiavelli et alii, 2012).

Nonostante un notevole dibattito scientifico esista circa la cinematica delle faglie attive ed campo di stress attualmente dominante nell'area d'interesse (Frepoli & Amato, 1997, 2000; Montone et alii, 1999, 2004, 2012; Boncchio et alii, 2000; Di Bucci & Mazzoli, 2002; Vannoli et alii, 2004; Chiarabba et alii, 2005; Pondrelli et alii, 2006; Basili et al., 2007; Boncchio & Bracone, 2009; Piccinini et alii, 2009; Pierdominici et alii, 2012; Macchiavelli et alii, 2012), tutti gli Autori concordano sul fatto che le faglie attive principali che controllano la sismicità dell'area siano rappresentate da strutture con direzione circa parallela alla costa e immersione dominante verso sud-ovest (costituite, almeno originalmente, da faglie inverse).

Inoltre dai diagrammi di disaggregazione per magnitudo (M) e distanza (R) in Figura 10 (Tr 475 anni), desunti dal Progetto DPC-INGV-S1 (2006) e Iervolino et Al. 2011, si osserva come i maggiori contributi alla pericolosità dell'area siano legati al sistema di faglie costiere adriatiche (onshore e offshore) entro i 20 Km di distanza (valore medio $R < 10$ km). In maniera minore sembrano intervenire, quindi, i grandi sistemi appenninici conosciuti in letteratura come Etrurian Fault System (EFS) e Umbria Fault System.

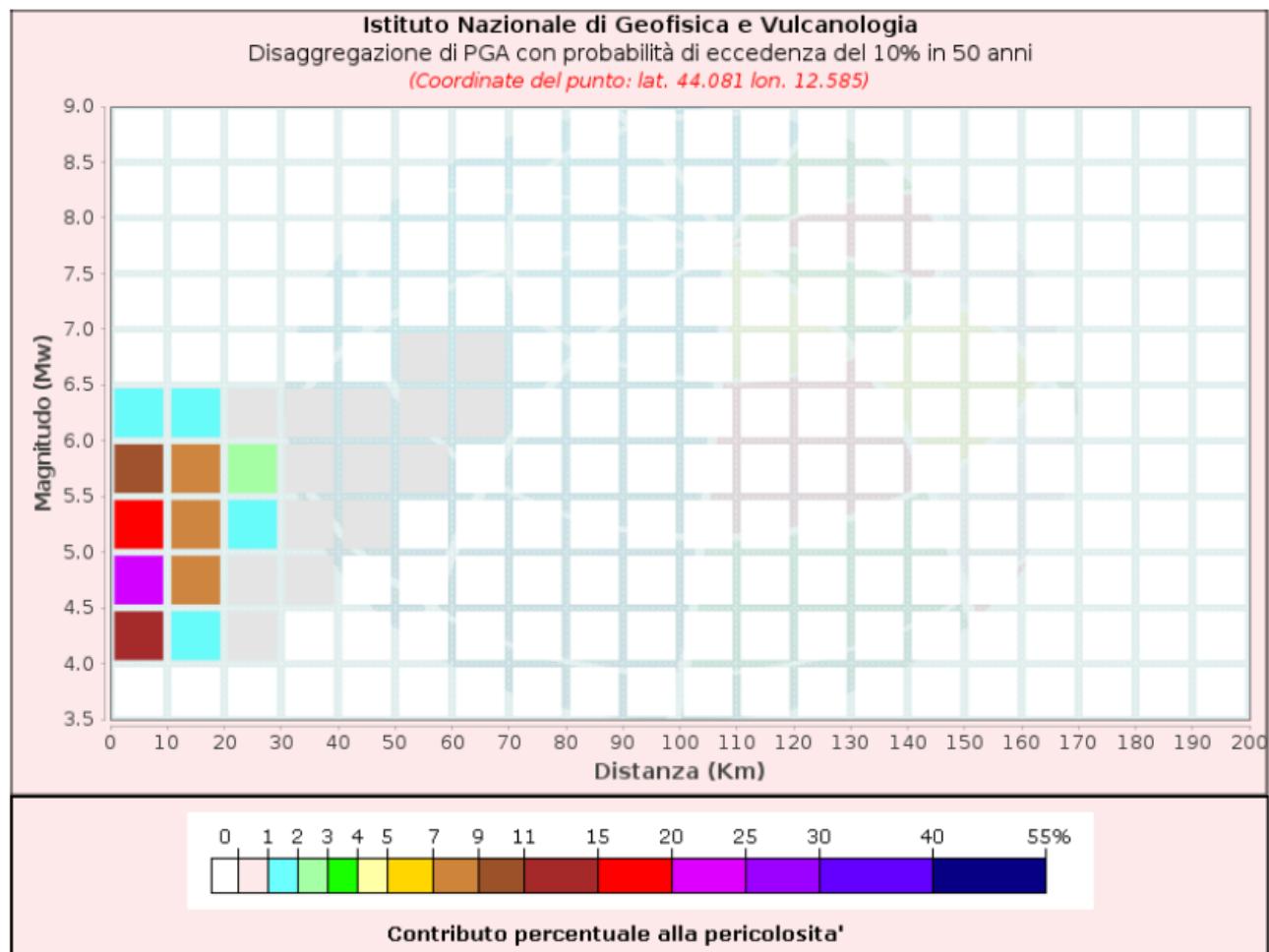
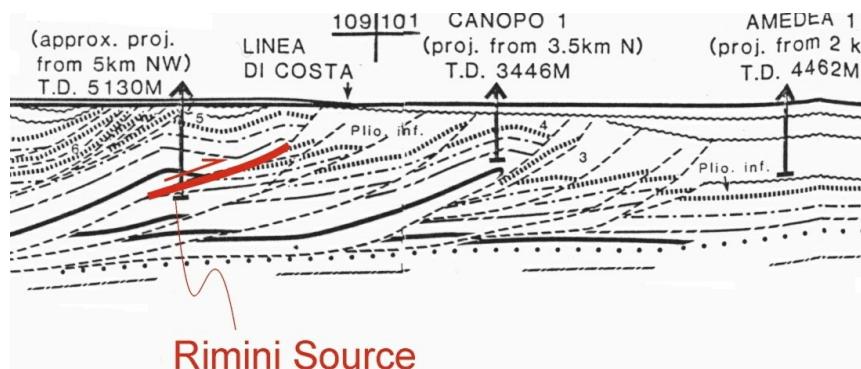


Figura 10 – Diagramma di disaggregazione riferito alla zona baricentrica dell'area in studio

Nelle tabelle 2, 3 e 4 vengono indicate le caratteristiche generali dei principali sistemi sismogenetici compositi **ITCS030-032-039** sulla base di evidenze empiriche e dati di letteratura da catalogo DISS 3.2:

Tabella 2 Principali parametri della sorgente sismogenetica ITCS039 (da DISS 3.2).

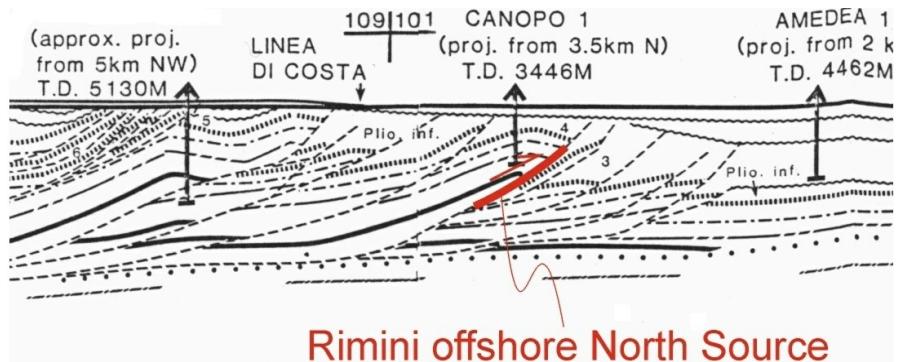
| ITCS039 – RIMINESE ONSHORE | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Min Depth (km) | 2 |
| Max Depth (km) | 10 |
| Strike (deg) | 120 - 140 |
| Dip (deg) | 25 - 35 |
| Rake (deg) | 80 - 100 |
| Slip Rate (mm/y) | 1.0 - 1.07 |
| Max Magnitude (Mw) | 5.9 |



Sorgente sismogenetica ITC039 - Riminese “on-shore” proiettata su Sezione Amedea-M.te.Amiata di Bally et al. [1986]. Basili, R., U. Fracassi and S. Mariano 2006

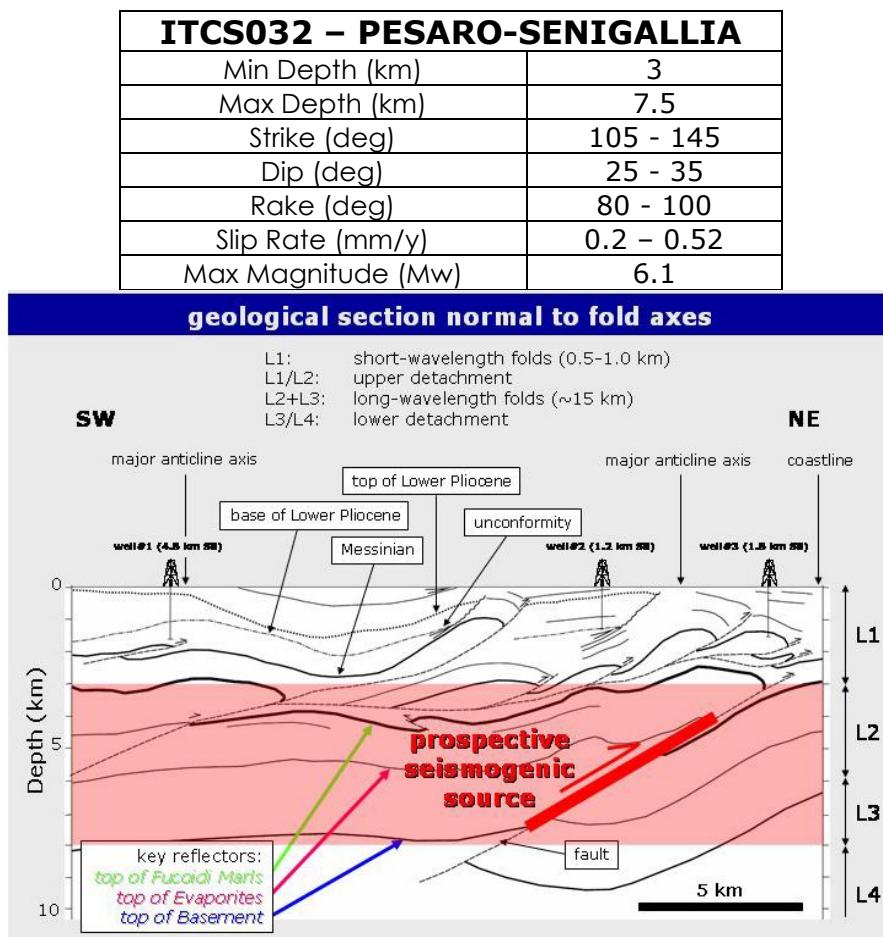
Tabella 3 Principali parametri della sorgente sismogenetica ITCS030 (da DISS 3.2).

| ITCS030 – RIMINESE OFFSHORE SOUTH | |
|--|------------|
| Min Depth (km) | 3 |
| Max Depth (km) | 7 |
| Strike (deg) | 120 - 140 |
| Dip (deg) | 25 - 35 |
| Rake (deg) | 80 - 100 |
| Slip Rate (mm/y) | 0.2 - 0.52 |
| Max Magnitude (Mw) | 6.1 |



Sorgente sismogenetica ITC030 - Riminese "off-shore" proiettata su Sezione Amedea-M.te Amiata di Bally et al. [1986]. Basili, R., U. Fracassi and S. Mariano 2006.

Tabella 4 Principali parametri della sorgente sismogenetica ITCS032 (da DISS 3.2).



Hypothetical location of the Senigallia earthquake source based on a seismic reflection profile. The correlative fault is a main thrust which generates long-wavelength folds, (From Basili et al. [2004]).

Infine per quanto attiene la stima dei valori di Mw attesi nell'area può essere utilizzato lo studio ZS9 del 2004 (“Gruppo di Lavoro per la redazione della Mappa della Pericolosità Sismica” dell'INGV), il quale è una rielaborazione della precedente sismozonazione ZS4 (Meletti et al, 2000), ripensata in base sia a nuove valutazioni del potenziale sismogenetico sia rispetto a nuove analisi eseguite sui terremoti storici e considerazioni statistiche.

La zona di studio ricade interamente entro la zona “Rimini-Ancona” definita come ZS n. 917 “Rimini – Ancona”, come evidenziato in figura 11.

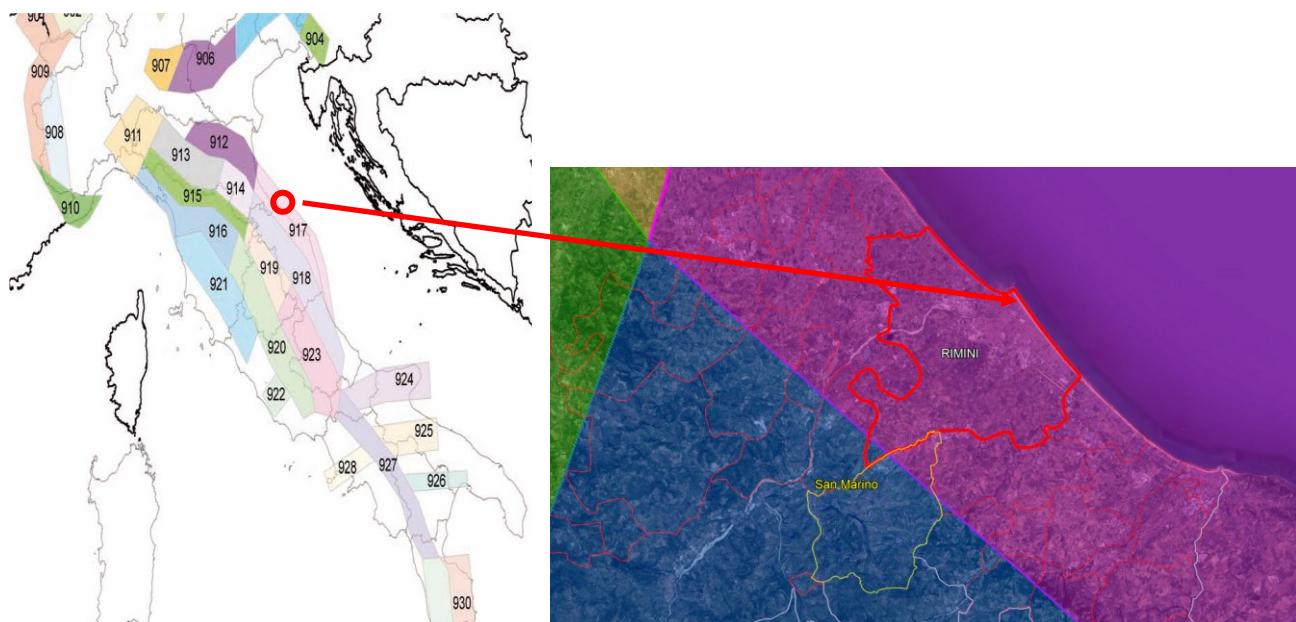


Figura 11–Dettaglio della Zonazione Sismogenetica ZS9 (“Gruppo di Lavoro per la redazione della Mappa della Pericolosità Sismica” dell'INGV, 2004). Evidenziata in viola la ZS n. 917 “Rimini-Ancona” ed in celeste la ZS n. 918 “Medio-Marchigiana/Abruzzese”.

Le caratteristiche associate a tale zona prevede:

- Un meccanismo focale prevalente.
- Una Magnitudo Momento Massima “Osservata” (Mw-max1) definita sia dalle analisi legate agli eventi storici sia su basi geologiche legate al Database of Individual Seismogenic Sources (DISS).
- Una Magnitudo Momento Massima “Cautelativa” (Mw-max2) definita aggiungendo un margine di sicurezza rispetto alla Mw-max1 in relazione alle conoscenze strutturali, geofisiche e sismologiche.

| | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Zona | 917 |
| Meccanismo focale | inverso |
| Mw-Max | 6.14 |

Tali valori risultano sostanzialmente in linea con la recente carta sismotettonica della Regione Emilia Romagna – Edizione 2016, di cui in figura 12a e 12b se ne riporta uno stralcio illustrativo.

Anche in quest'ultima zonazione proposta dalla regione le aree in studio ricadono pienamente nella Zona 4, per la quale i meccanismi focali associabili alle principali faglie attive risultano prevalentemente di tipo inverso, con una orientazione caratteristica SW/30 (direzione di immersione) e profondità ipocentrali comprese fra 5-15 km; la magnitudo massima ivi osservata storicamente risulta pari a Mw=6.1, mentre quella massima calcolata per scenari futuri, sulla base dei modelli di analisi adottati, porta a valori pari a Mwmax= 6.16±0.21.

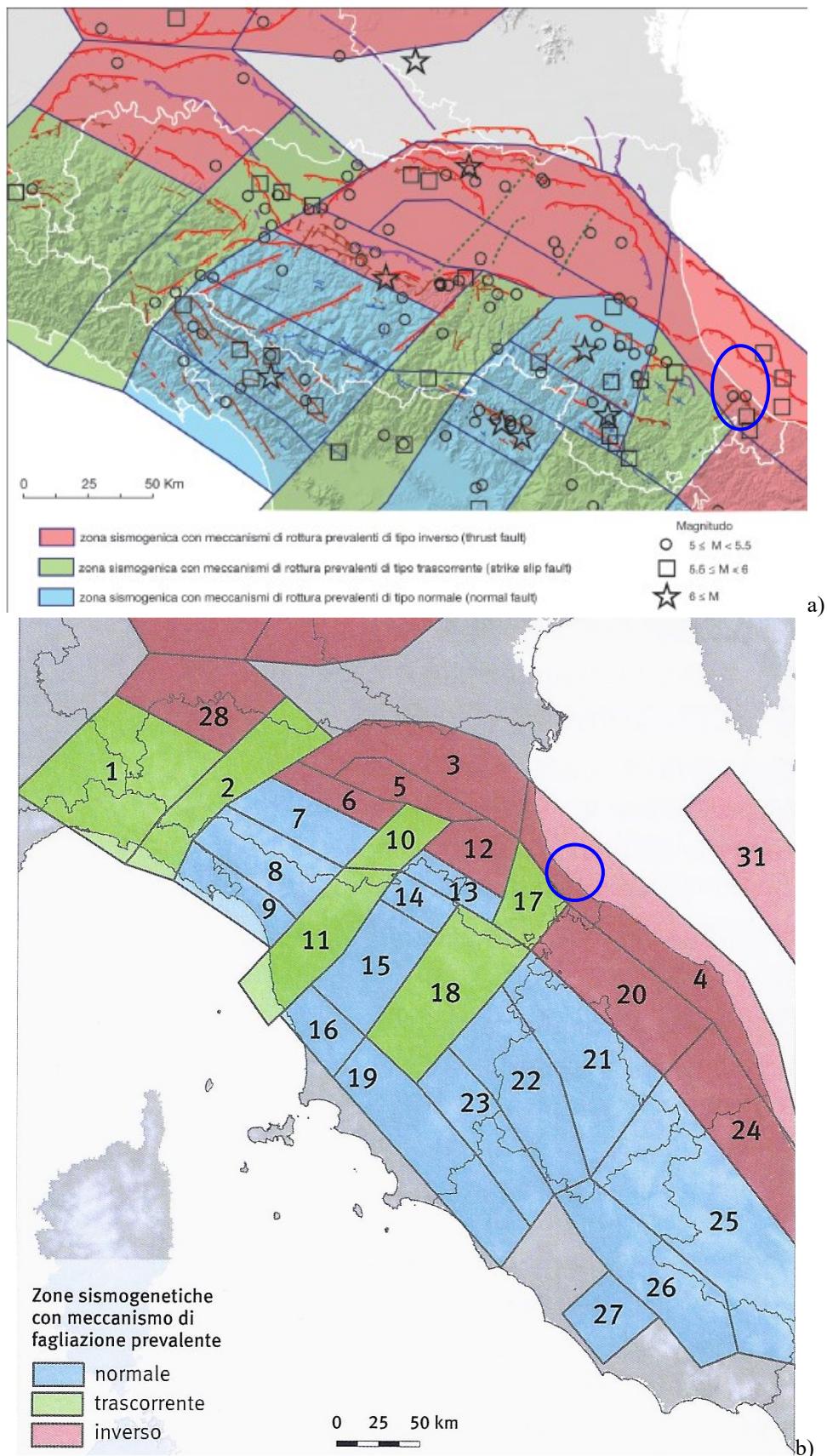


Fig. 12 - Stralcio cartografia zonazione carta sismotettonica 2016 Emilia Romagna (a-b)

In conclusione si può osservare come ben pochi dei terremoti significativi verificatisi nella storia sismica del riminese e lungo la costa del Comune di Rimini abbiano presentato delle magnitudo inferiori a $5/5.5$ e grado di intensità $MCS<7-8$. Pertanto, considerati i cataloghi storici e le relative incertezze, gli studi dell'INGV, la zonazione ZS9 e le indicazioni I.C.M.S. nonché la recente Carta Sismotettonica della Regione Emilia Romagna, in relazione alle finalità e tipologia di studio, si ritiene adeguata una magnitudo momento massima di riferimento pari a **Mw=6.16**.

Per completare l'inquadramento sismico dell'area, in accordo con quanto descritto nell'Allegato A4 alla Delibera di G.R. 630/2019, come aggiornata dalla DGR 476/2021 e successiva integrazione DGR 564/2021, per ciascuna zona significativa interna al Comune in studio è possibile, infine, calcolare lo spettro di risposta elastico a probabilità uniforme che descrive le caratteristiche del moto sismico atteso per un periodo di ritorno di 475 anni (con smorzamento pari al 5%) a partire da un moto di riferimento al bedrock (a_{refg}).

La definizione del moto sismico di riferimento (in termini di PGA_0 al bedrock) si basa sui valori di pericolosità elaborati da INGV per il territorio nazionale resi disponibili per il territorio regionale sui punti di una griglia con passo 0.05 gradi (circa 5.5 km) nel sito web del Servizio Geologico, Sismico e dei Suoli, tema "Sismica Microzonazione Sismica".

Il valore di a_{refg} (PGA_0) relativo a ciascun sito analizzato si ottiene interpolando i valori di a_{refg} definiti nei punti della griglia più prossimi al sito o utilizzando il valore del punto della griglia più vicino. Tale valore corrisponde all'accelerazione di ancoraggio prevista al bedrock per lo spettro elastico normalizzato e per cui:

- la forma dello spettro di risposta normalizzato è rappresentativo del moto sismico atteso per un periodo di ritorno di 475 anni (con smorzamento pari al 5%);
- i valori di a_{refg} di ogni comune sono riferiti al 10% di probabilità di superamento in 50 anni;

In figura 13 viene illustrato uno stralcio di insieme della griglia di punti con i valori di a_{refg} di riferimento sostanzialmente derivato dal progetto DPC-INGV-S1, mentre in figura 14 viene illustrato un particolare ingrandito dei punti prossimi alla costa, utilizzabili in modo specifico per le analisi di RSL di III Livello presso ciascuna zona omogenea.

Da tale disamina si evince che, muovendosi nell'ambito del territorio, il valore arrotondato di a_{refg} (PGA_0) può variare localmente ed in misura modesta da $a_{refg} = 0.183$ (ag/g) a $a_{refg} = 0.184$ (ag/g).

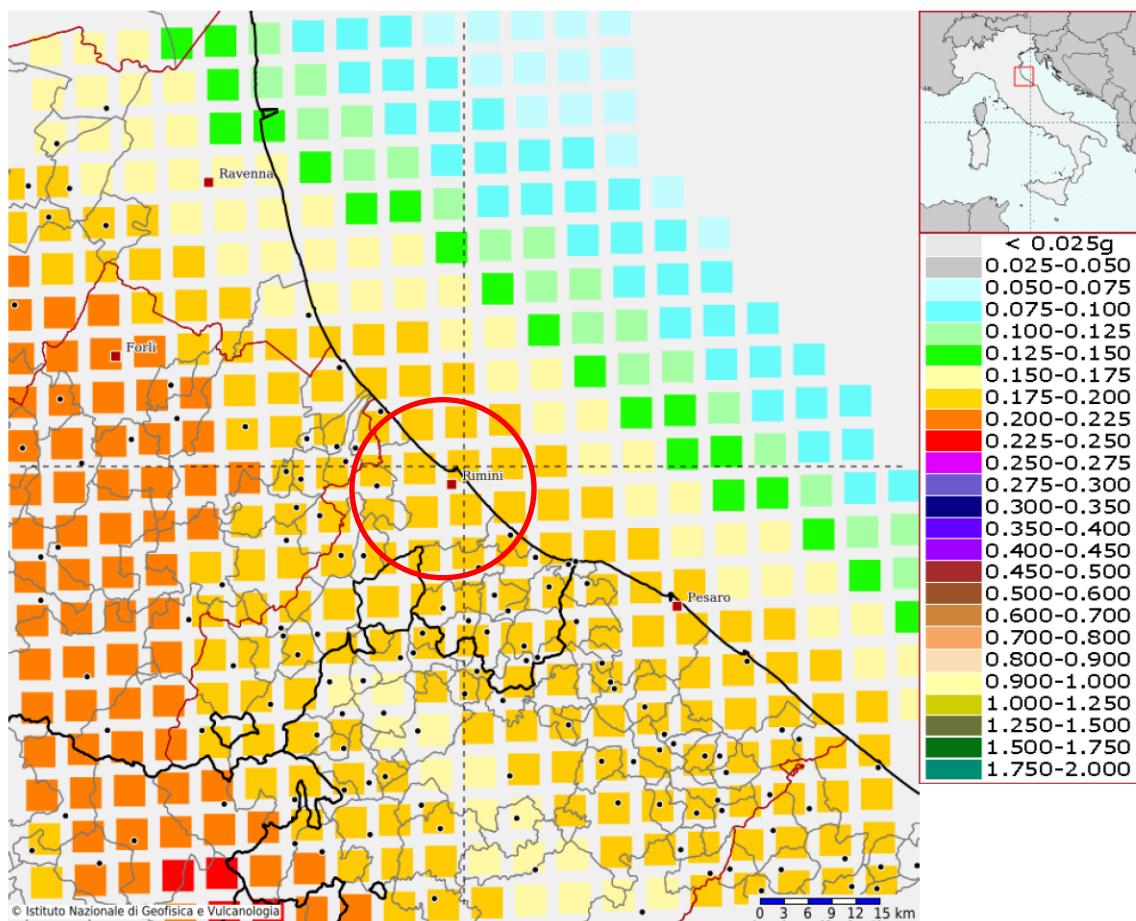


Figura 13 – Stralcio griglia punti di analisi PGA_0 attraverso disaggregazione, progetto DPC-INGV-S1 Web-Gis.

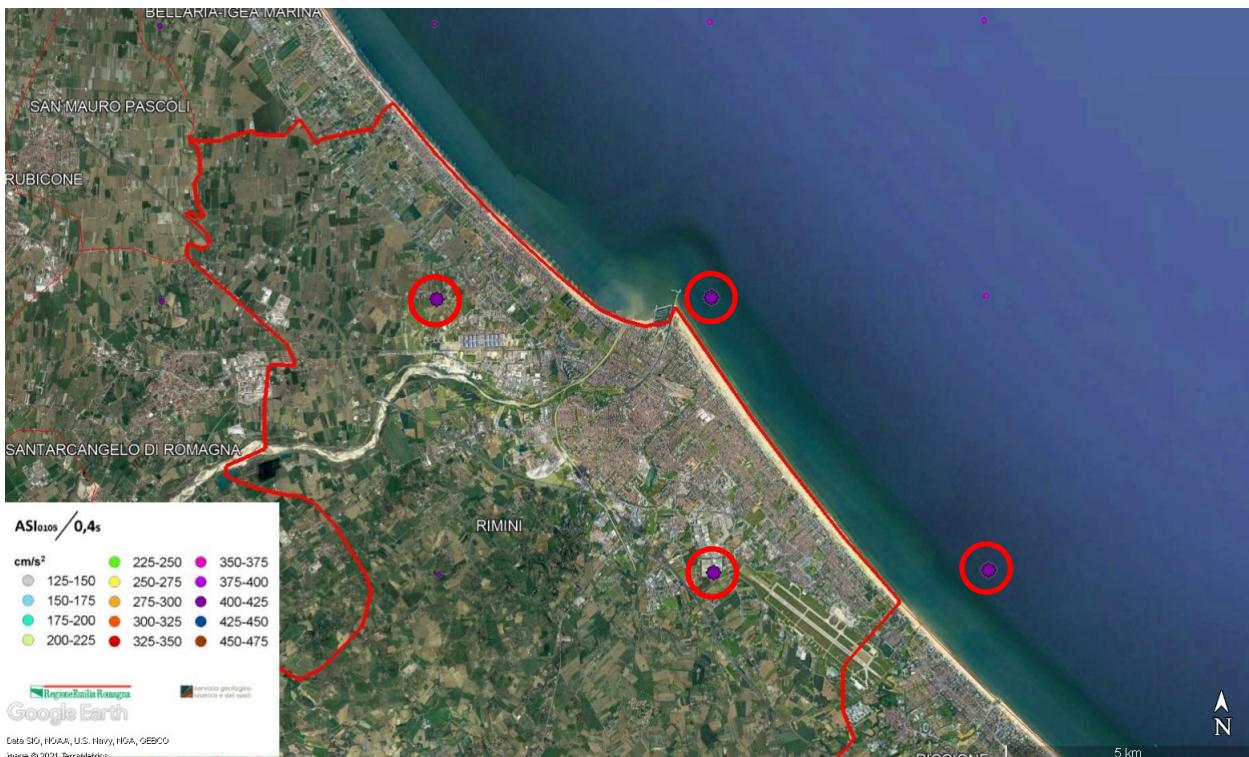


Figura 14 – Dettaglio griglia punti di analisi PGA_0 utilizzabili per le analisi di MS3 lungo le zone costiere (nodi cerchiati in rosso).

2.2. MODELLO DI SOTTOSUOLO

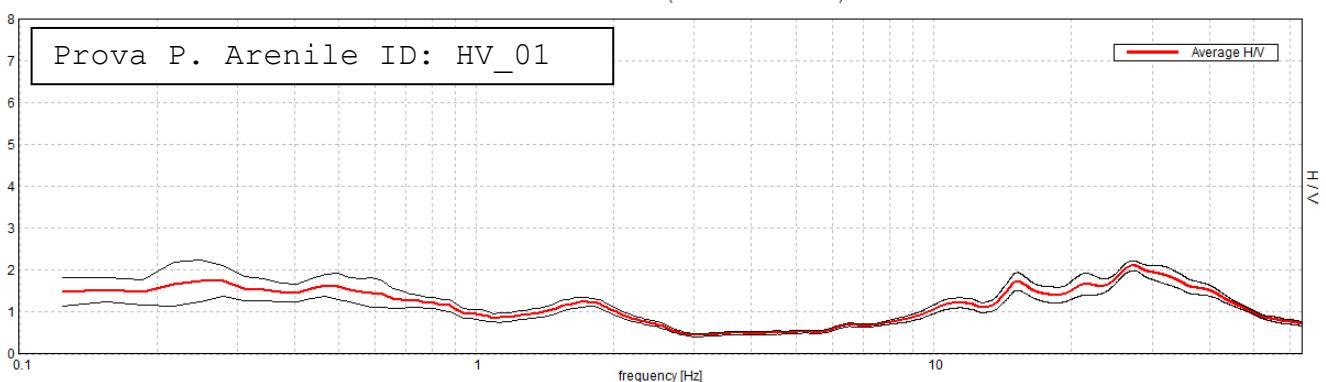
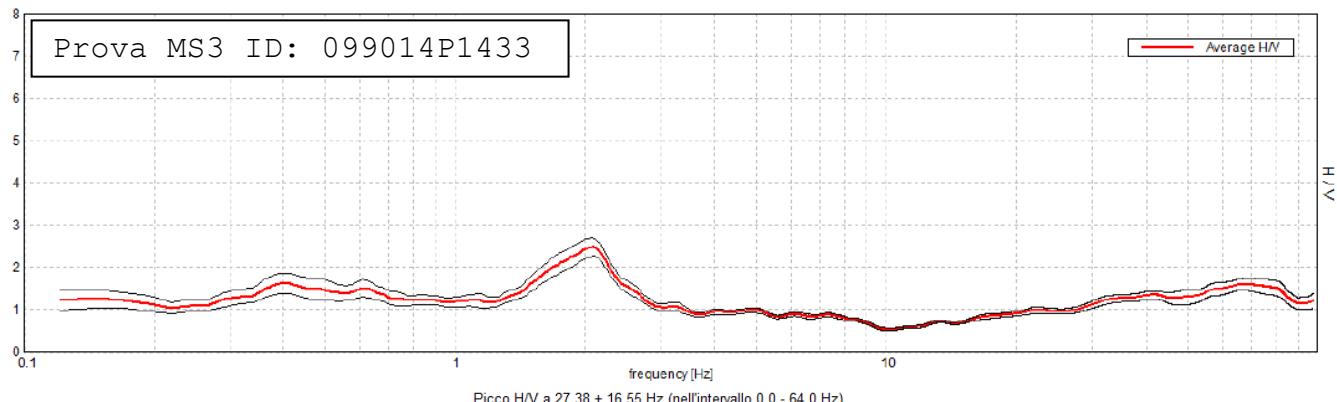
2.2.1. Comportamento dinamico del sottosuolo

Come evidenziato nell'inquadramento geologico (Capitolo 2 e 3 Relazione Geologica) le profondità del substrato geologico attese per l'area di studio vanno dall'ordine delle diverse decine di metri sino a centinaia di metri di profondità nella zona più profonda della conoide del Marecchia. Data la quantità di informazioni geofisiche distribuite sul territorio si sono sfruttate le prove HVSR congiuntamente ai dati geognostici e geofisici profondi di bibliografia utili ad individuare i picchi di frequenza di maggior rilevanza per la risposta sismica locale, tra cui quelli associabili ad interfacce compatibili con un bedrock geofisico.

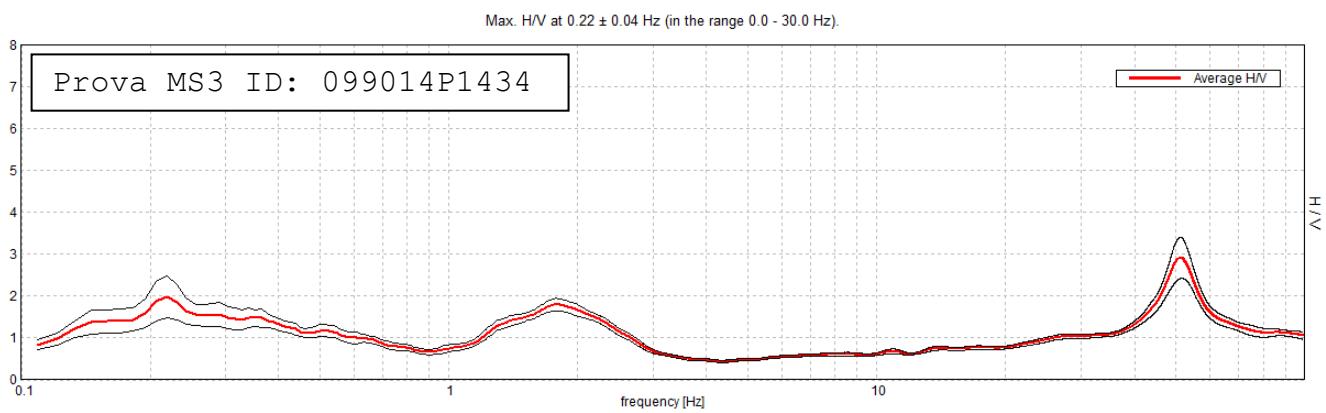
A titolo di esempio in figura 15 si ripropongono alcune coppie comparate di registrazioni tromografiche con relativa elaborazione HVSR, tratte dall'archivio del recente studio di MS3 del Comune di Rimini e di nuova realizzazione, effettuate in siti vicini lungo l'arenile, presso le zone di Rimini Nord (RNN), Marina centro (in prossimità del portocanale) ed in corrispondenza del tratto centro meridionale dell'arenile (loc. Miramare). Il raffronto spettrale di tali prove consente di poter apprezzare e constatare l'analogia e coerenza di comportamento dinamico dei siti in studio lungo i vari tratti di arenile e di lungomare con le zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo in cui è stato suddiviso l'ambito costiero nell'ambito degli studi di MS3 effettuati dal Comune di Rimini (vedi figura 16).

Si ribadisce come le coppie registrazioni, per quanto vicine, comunque siano state eseguite in periodi differenti e, quindi, con condizioni al contorno parzialmente differenti, le quali possono determinare differenti fluttuazioni nella forzante ambientale, es. vento, maree, mareggiate, condizioni meteo e turbolenze atmosferiche, tremori indotti da attività antropiche, ecc..; talora, inoltre, sono state condotte con strumenti differenti e/o a diversa sensibilità di acquisizione, per cui i valori in ampiezza dei massimi di ampiezza H/V vanno apprezzati prevalentemente dal punto di vista qualitativo (valori di frequenza a cui sono centrati i massimi di ampiezza H/V) e in minor misura quantitativo (altezza del picco H/V). Tali valori, in funzione della deviazione standard (dispersione dei valori) e delle modalità di misura, vanno considerati sempre potenzialmente suscettibili di una variabilità pari ad "almeno" il 25% e talora superiore.

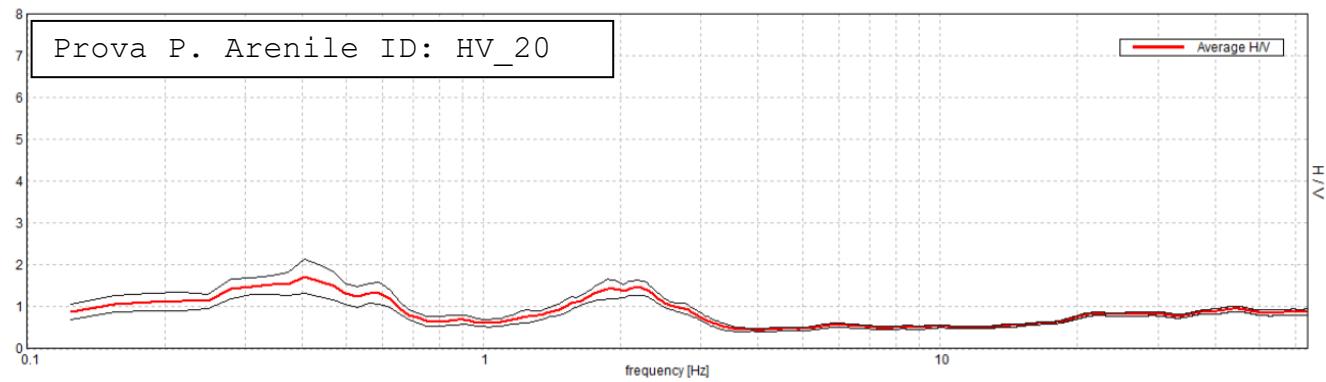
Max. H/V at 2.08 ± 0.25 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).



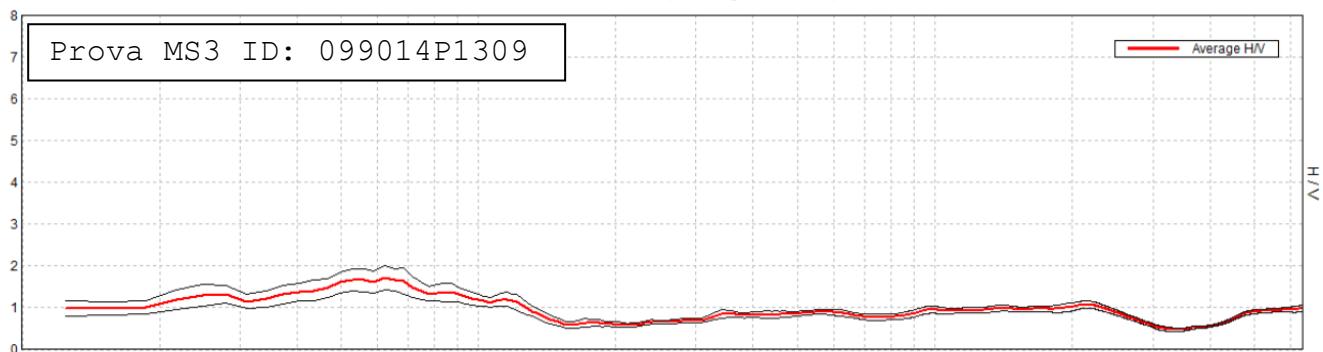
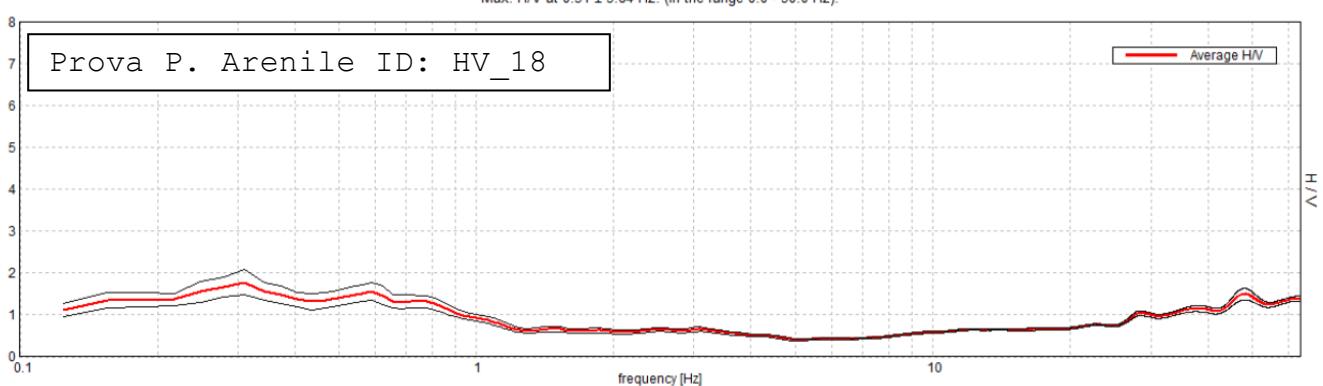
a)



Max. H/V at 0.41 ± 0.49 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).



b)

Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.21 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 3.84 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

c)

Figura 15 – Comparazione di coppie di spettri H/SR ottenuti da registrazioni recenti e da archivio MS3 lungo le zone costiere presso Rimini Nord (a), Marina Centro (b) e Rimini Sud (c).

I massimi di ampiezza H/V, in assenza di particolari configurazioni geometriche/morfologiche e/o strutture risonanti, identificano quindi specifici modi di vibrare prevalentemente determinati dagli assetti geologico/stratigrafici e contrasti di rigidezza significativi presenti nel sottosuolo.

La coerenza dei modi di vibrare fondamentali e di quelli superiori maggiormente significativi, verificata con le prove pregresse lungo i vari tratti di costa, consente quindi di adottare la medesima schematizzazione di modello di sottosuolo già definito per la fascia costiera in sede di studi di I-II e III Livello, già realizzati per conto del Comune di Rimini ed attualmente in fase di validazione presso il Dipartimento di Protezione Civile. Tali studi sono stati sviluppati ed elaborati seguendo le più recenti e vigenti Linee Guida nazionali (ICMS, 2008) e regionali (DGR 564/2021).

Al proposito si ritiene coerente ed adeguato adottare il modello di sottosuolo di riferimento e la zonazione sismica definiti in tale recente microzonazione sismica, calibrata anche sulla scorta di prove geofisiche, di laboratorio ciclico/dinamico e sondaggi profondi realizzati proprio in corrispondenza degli arenili e delle aree limitrofe, pienamente rappresentativi dell'area in studio.

Sulla scorta di tali valutazioni ed elaborazioni il tratto costiero è stato suddiviso secondo 10 zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo e rappresentativo (vedi figura 16), individuando altresì le relative profondità del bedrock geofisico e sviluppando specifici modelli di sottosuolo con profili di Vs caratteristici, utilizzati poi per le modellazioni di RSL, al fine di definire le azioni sismiche di progetto ed i fattori di amplificazione attesi. Una rappresentazione di riferimento delle zone così definite per questo Piano ed a scala maggiore, viene illustrata in Allegato n. 1.

In particolare muovendosi lungo costa da N verso S, l'interfaccia con il bedrock sismico è stata individuata circa al contatto tra la copertura deposizionale del Sintema AEI ed il substrato geologico formazionale IMO, generalmente correlabile ai massimi di frequenza H/V significativi compresi tra 0.4-0.6 Hz; solamente in corrispondenza delle zone RNS_04 e 05 il contrasto di impedenza significativo risulta individuabile a profondità maggiori di tale interfaccia, all'interno dello stesso substrato formazionale.

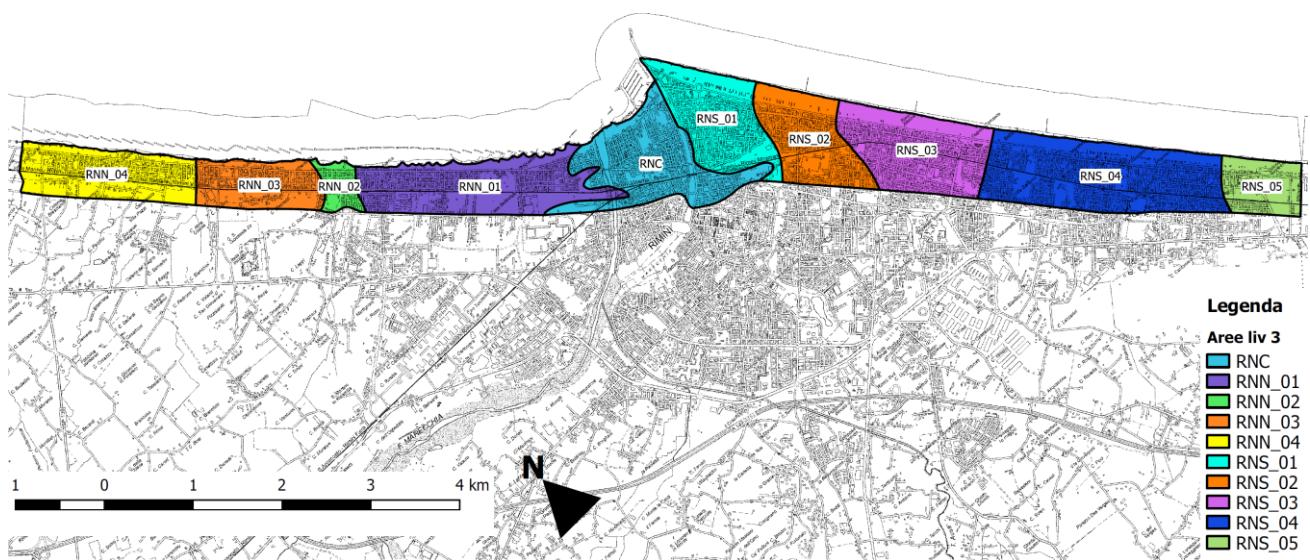


Figura 16- Zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo e rappresentativo per le RSL lungo il tratto costiero studiato – Studio MS3 Rimini, 2021.

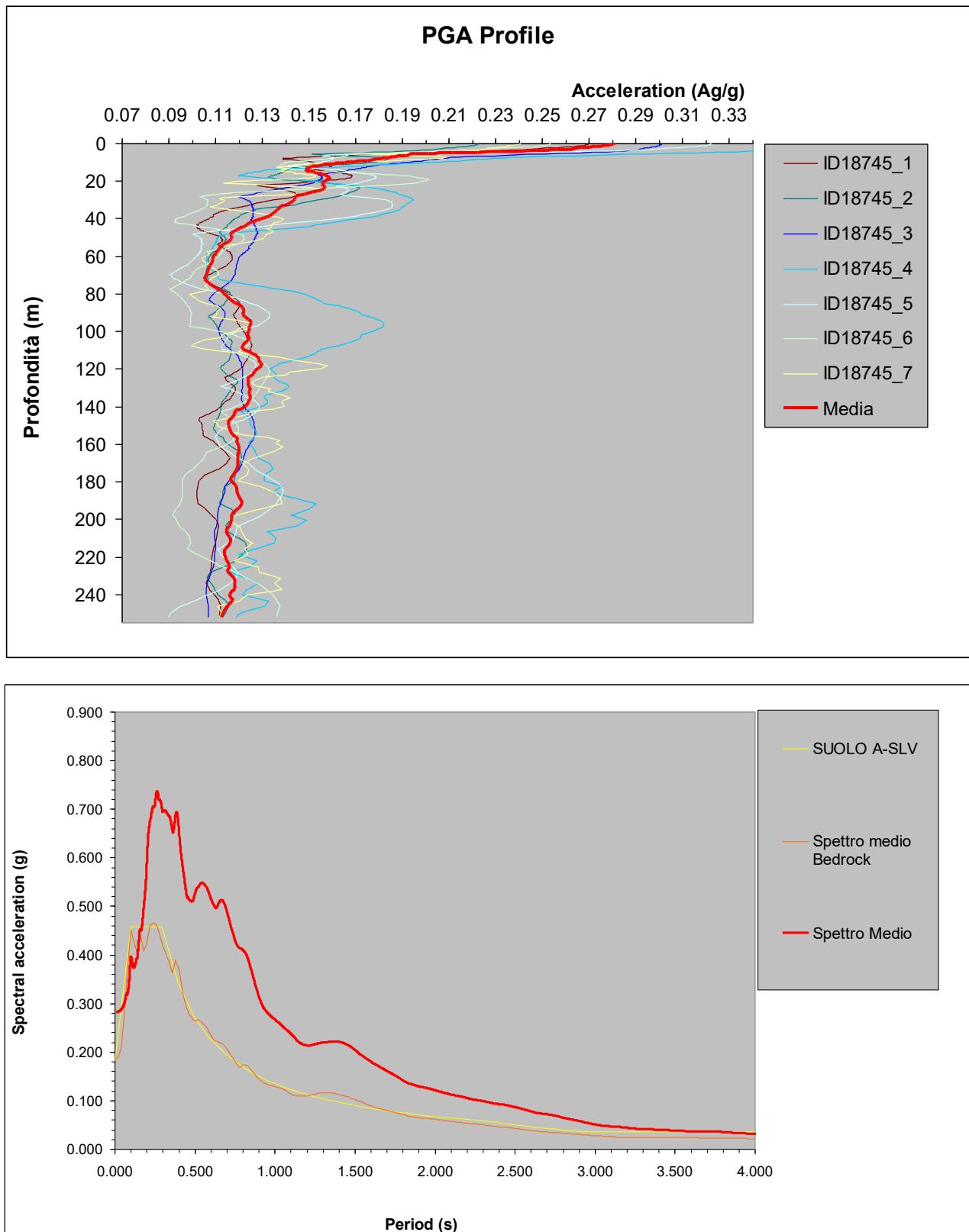
2.3 MOTO SISMICO DI RIFERIMENTO

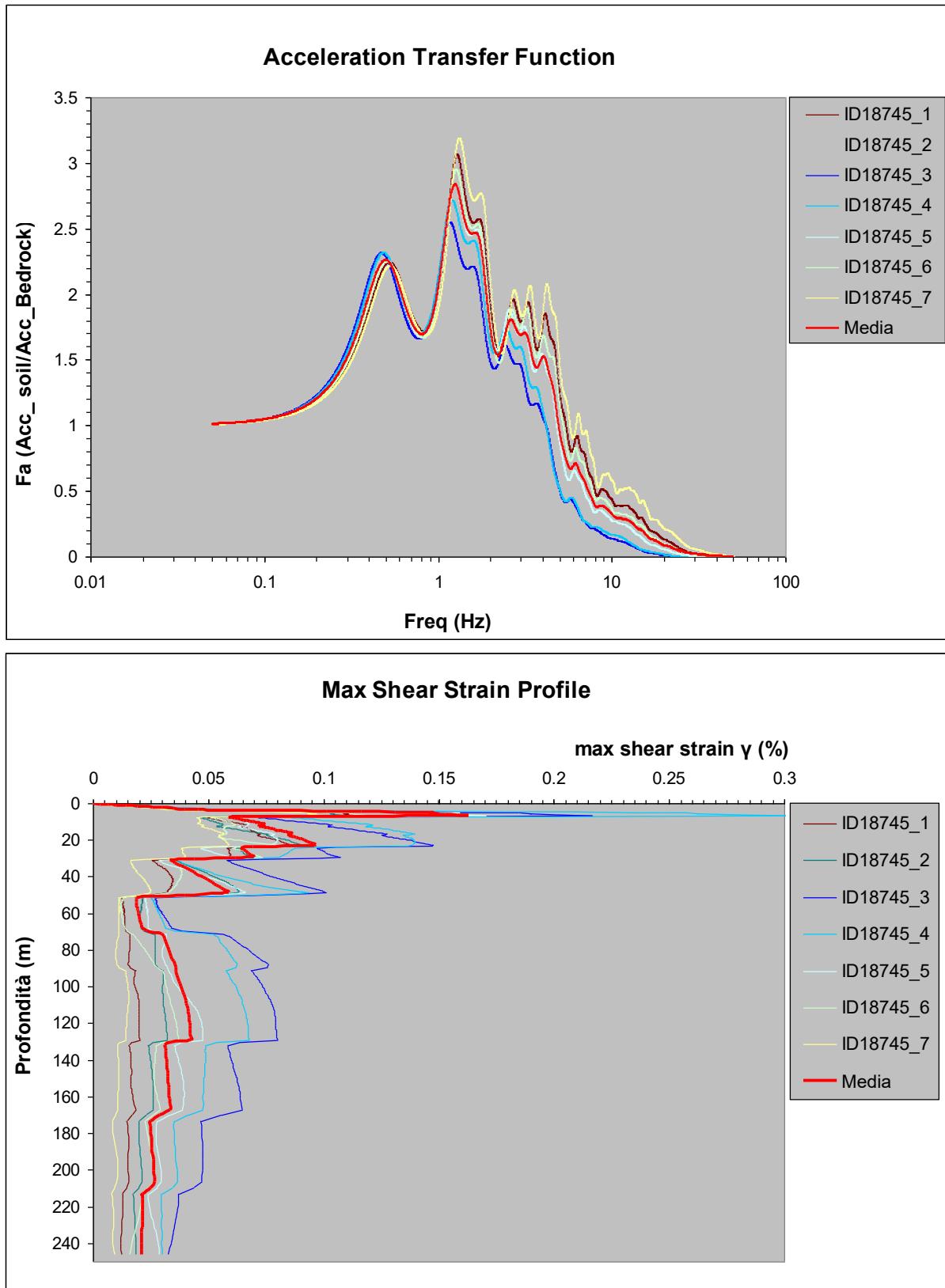
Oltre alla suddivisione in zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo si ritiene coerente ed adeguato attenersi anche ai relativi modelli sottosuolo sviluppati per ciascuna di esse ed ai relativi valori di azione sismica ottenuti nello studio di III Livello di approfondimento, tramite puntuali elaborazioni di Risposta Sismica Locale con metodo di analisi lineare equivalente.

Di seguito si riportano, quindi, i dati di sintesi (in forma grafica e tabellare) di ciascuna zona sismicamente rappresentativa identificata lungo costa, partendo da N verso S; in coda ai grafici di ciascun ambito di verifica viene riportato anche il relativo valore di V_{SH} (nel caso specifico riferibile a Vs30 in virtù della significativa profondità del bedrock sismico) onde consentire un eventuale confronto con i parametri tabellari proposti negli abachi regionali (DGR 564/2021) e/o degli ICMS. I valori/parametrici sismici sono riferibili alle condizioni di free field e, in ossequio alle direttive approvate con 630/2019, come aggiornata dalla DGR 476/2021 e successiva integrazione DGR 564/2021, per ciascuna area di verifica sono state calcolate le relative “PGA” (peak ground acceleration) al suolo libero (media di 7 segnali) ed i fattori di amplificazione e di intensità spettrale determinati sulla base di:

- $F_{PGA} = PGA/PGA0$ (ove $PGA0 = ag_{bedrock}$)
- $FA = SA/SA0$, ovvero rapporti spettrali in accelerazione fra i seguenti periodi T(s) di riferimento: SA1 per $0,1s \leq T \leq 0,5s$, SA2 per $0,4s \leq T \leq 0,8s$, SA3 per $0,7s \leq T \leq 1,1s$, SA4 per $0,5s \leq T \leq 1,5s$;
- $FH = SI/SI0$, ovvero rapporti spettrali in pseudovelocità (Intensità di Housner) fra i seguenti periodi T(s) di riferimento: SI1 per $0,1s \leq T \leq 0,5s$, SI2 per $0,5s \leq T \leq 1,0s$, SI3 per $0,5s \leq T \leq 1,5s$;
- Parametro di scuotimento assoluto H_{SM} (cm/s^2) (Naso et al., 2019), calcolato per l’intervallo di periodi $0,1s \leq T \leq 0,5s$ ed H_{0408} , H_{0711} , H_{0515} , ovvero lo scuotimento in accelerazione (cm/s^2) atteso al sito per gli intervalli di periodi $0,4s \leq T \leq 0,8s$, $0,7s \leq T \leq 1,1s$ e $0,5s \leq T \leq 1,5s$;

ZONA RNN_04





$V_{sH} (0-30) = 193 \text{ (m/s)}$

$\text{PGA} = 0.281$

$F_{\text{PGA}} = 1.529$

Fattori SA:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | | Soil | | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|--|----------|--|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.163954 | | 0.236425 | | 1.442 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102997 | | 0.203486 | | 1.976 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064537 | | 0.135347 | | 2.097 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.157940 | | 0.326703 | | 2.069 |

Fattori SI:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | | Soil | | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|--|-----------|--|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.003158 | | 11.415441 | | 1.630 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.043347 | | 24.752059 | | 2.241 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.057859 | | 46.560792 | | 2.111 |

ASIpu/ ΔT = **404.950669**

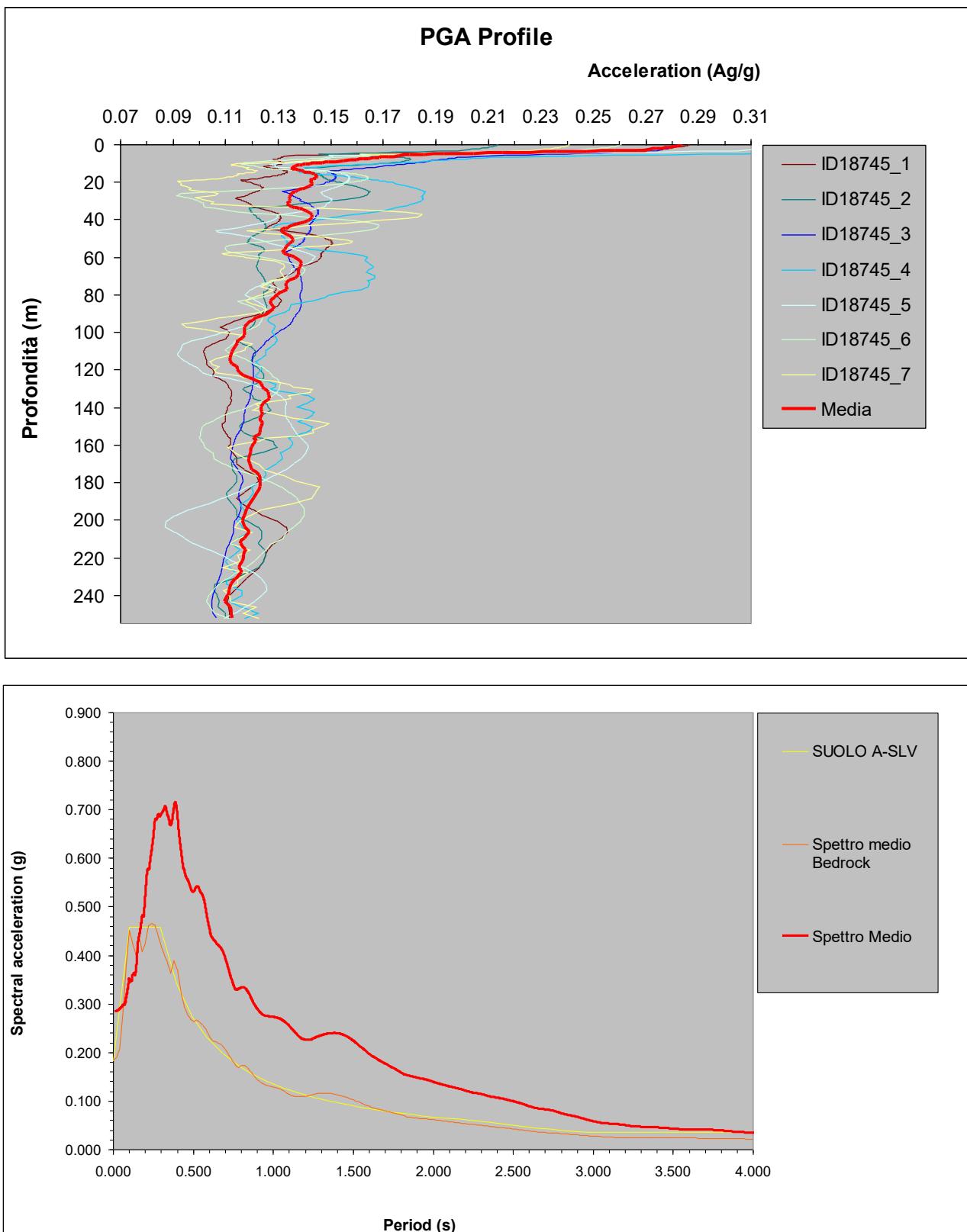
H_{SM}= **583.947**

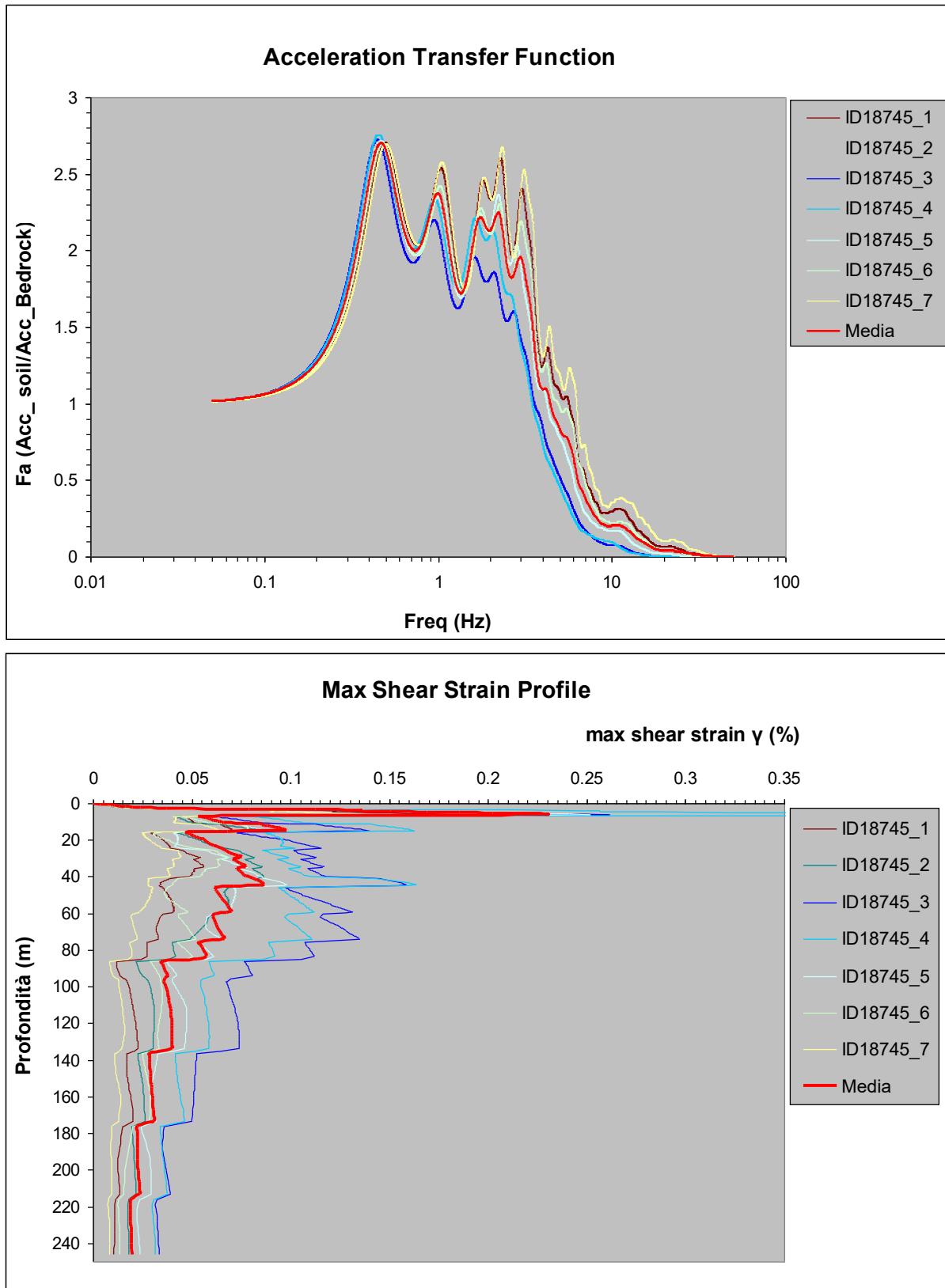
H₀₄₀₈= **498.880**

H₀₇₁₁= **331.824**

H₀₅₁₅= **320.386**

ZONA RNN_03





$V_{sH} (0-30) = 213 \text{ (m/s)}$

$\text{PGA} = 0.284$

$F_{\text{PGA}} = 1.546$

Fattori SA:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | | Soil | | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|--|----------|--|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.163954 | | 0.231935 | | 1.415 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102997 | | 0.187944 | | 1.825 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064537 | | 0.121843 | | 1.888 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.157940 | | 0.309767 | | 1.961 |

Fattori SI:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.003158 | 11.404615 | 1.628 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.043347 | 21.945506 | 1.987 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.057859 | 45.340564 | 2.056 |

ASIpu/ ΔT = **404.950669**

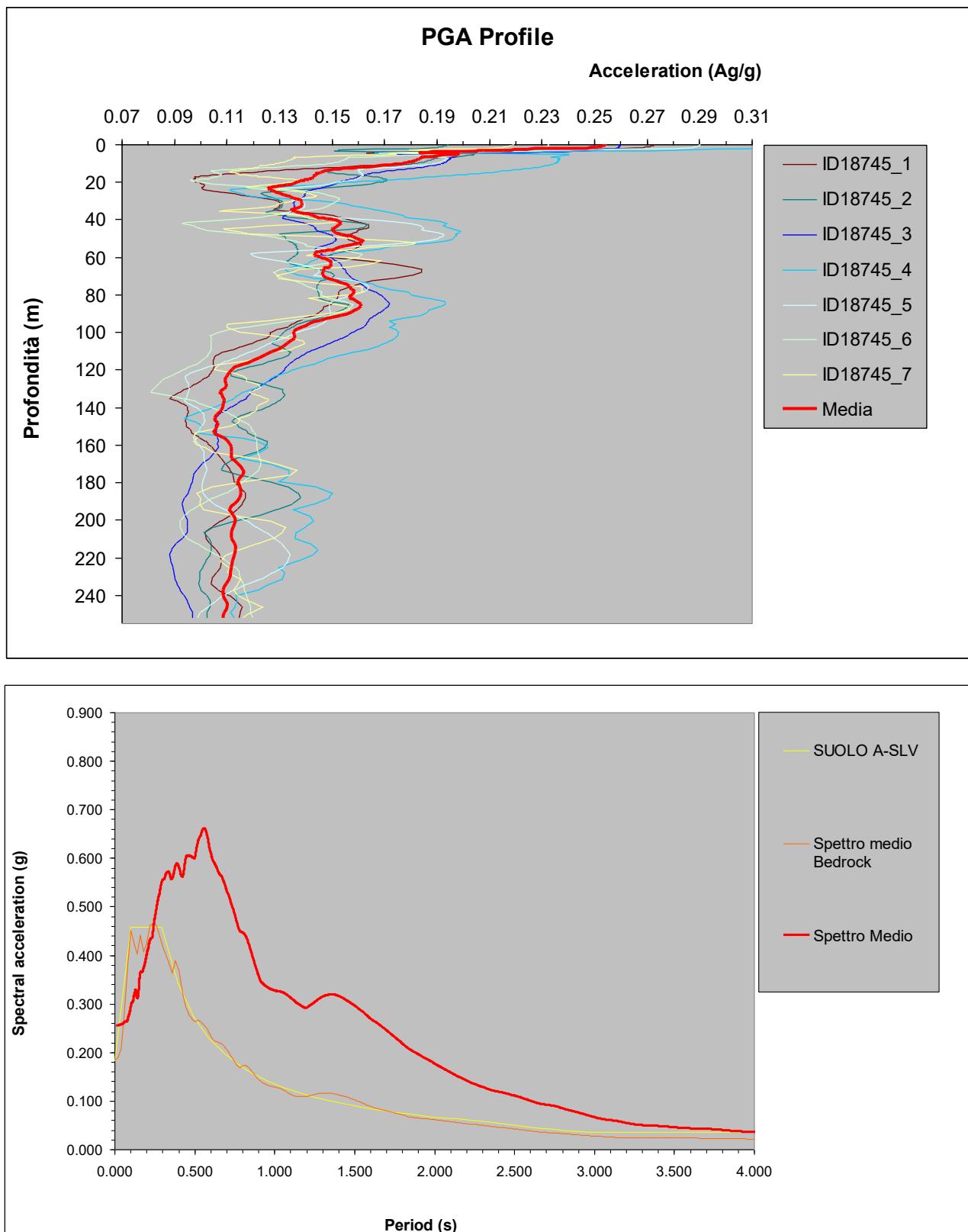
H_{SM}= **572.857**

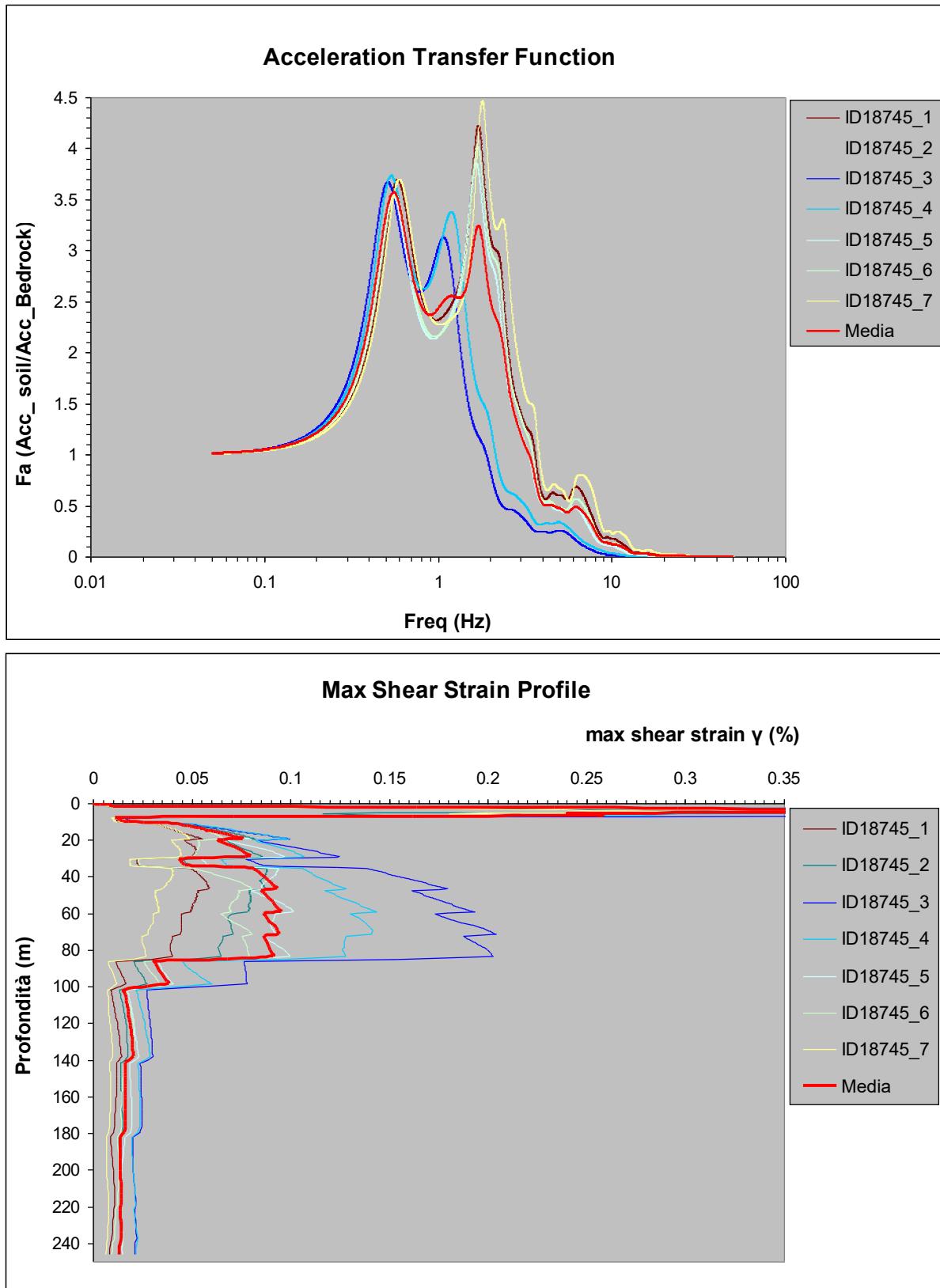
H₀₄₀₈= **460.775**

H₀₇₁₁= **298.718**

H₀₅₁₅= **303.778**

ZONA RNN_02





VsH (0-30)=193 (m/s)

PGA=0.255

F_{PGA}=1.384

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.163954 | 0.197593 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102997 | 0.229168 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064537 | 0.156368 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.157940 | 0.400161 |
| | | | | 1.205 |
| | | | | 2.225 |
| | | | | 2.423 |
| | | | | 2.534 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.003158 | 10.016537 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.043347 | 28.295502 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.057859 | 58.502846 |
| | | | | 1.430 |
| | | | | 2.562 |
| | | | | 2.652 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **404.950669**

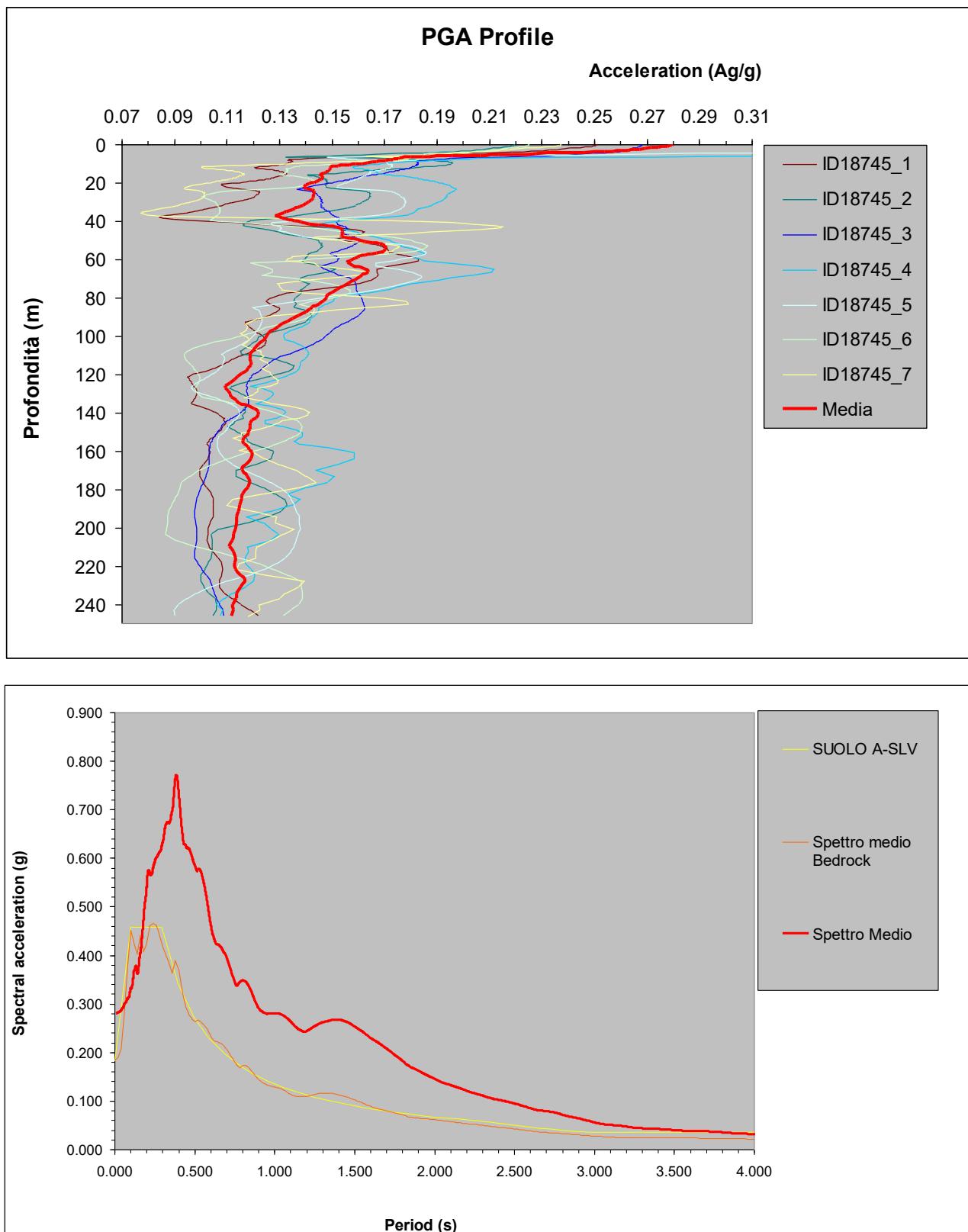
H_{SM}= **488.036**

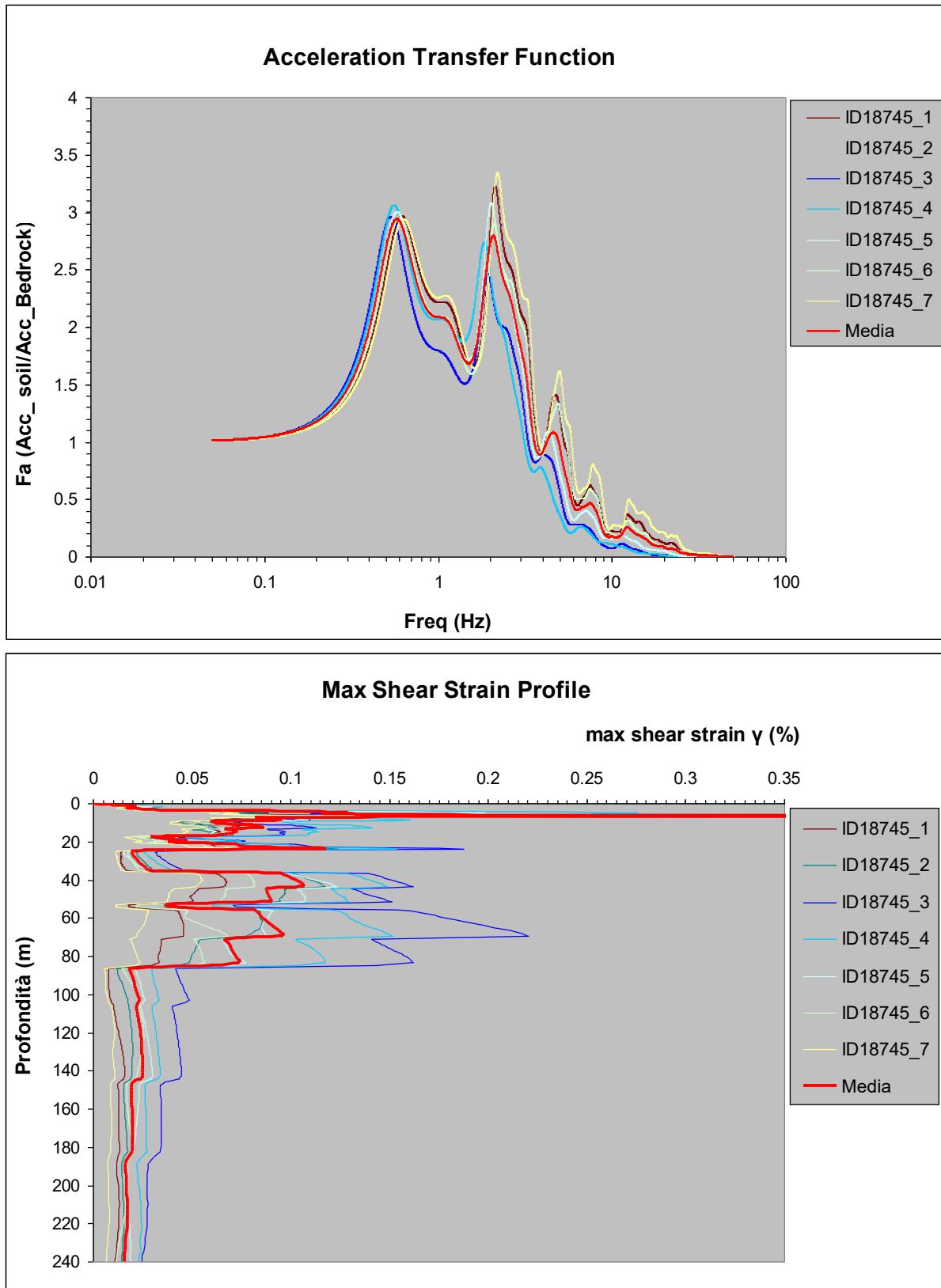
H₀₄₀₈= **561.844**

H₀₇₁₁= **383.362**

H₀₅₁₅= **392.424**

ZONA RNN_01





V_{sH} (0-30)=229 (m/s)

PGA=0.280

F_{PGA}=1.524

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.163954 | 0.232936 | 1.421 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102997 | 0.196660 | 1.909 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064537 | 0.124661 | 1.932 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.157940 | 0.324482 | 2.054 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.003158 | 11.634198 | 1.661 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.043347 | 22.520730 | 2.039 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.057859 | 47.940286 | 2.173 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **404.950669**

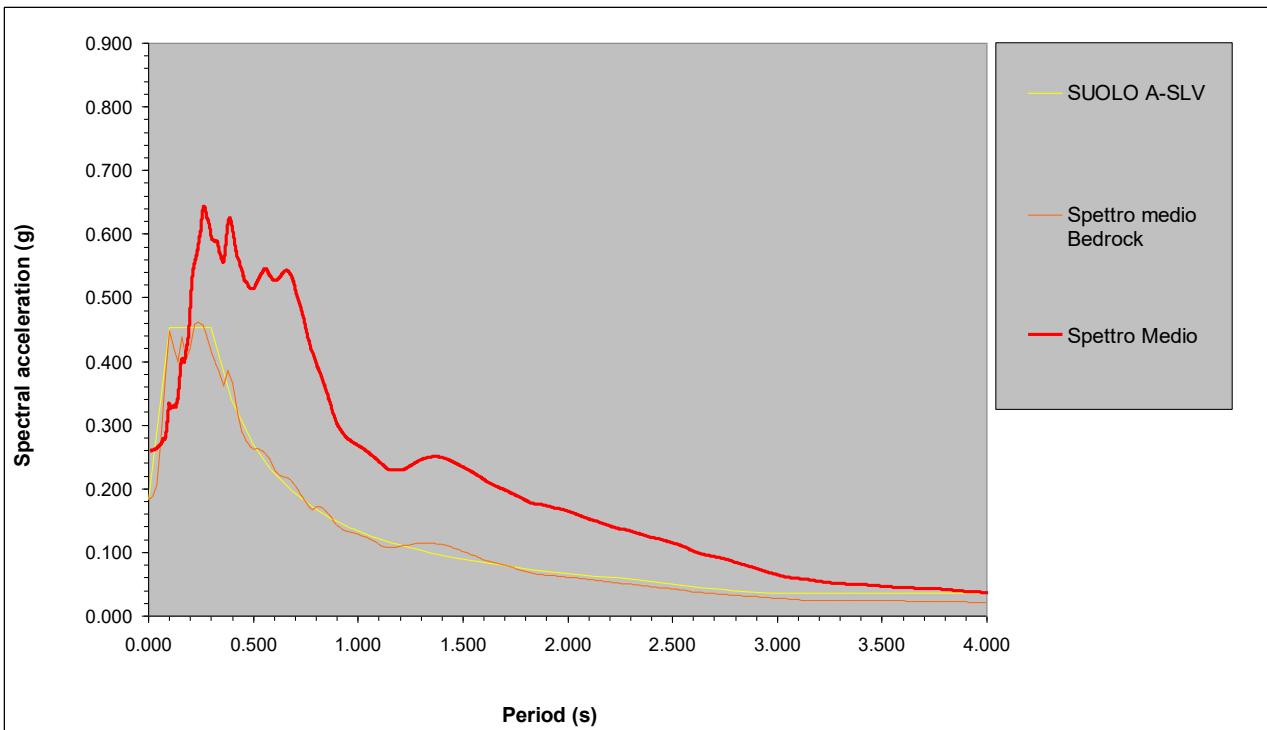
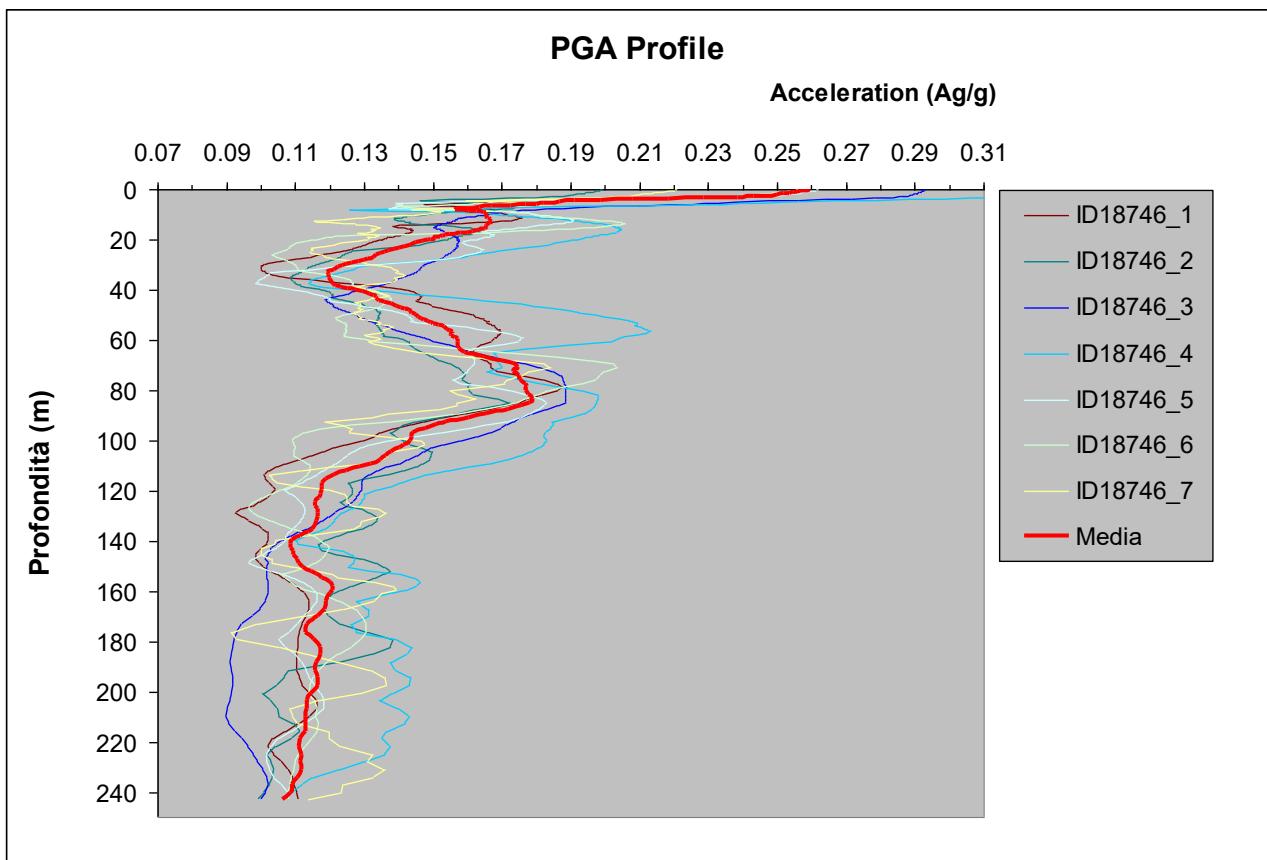
H_{SM}= **575.330**

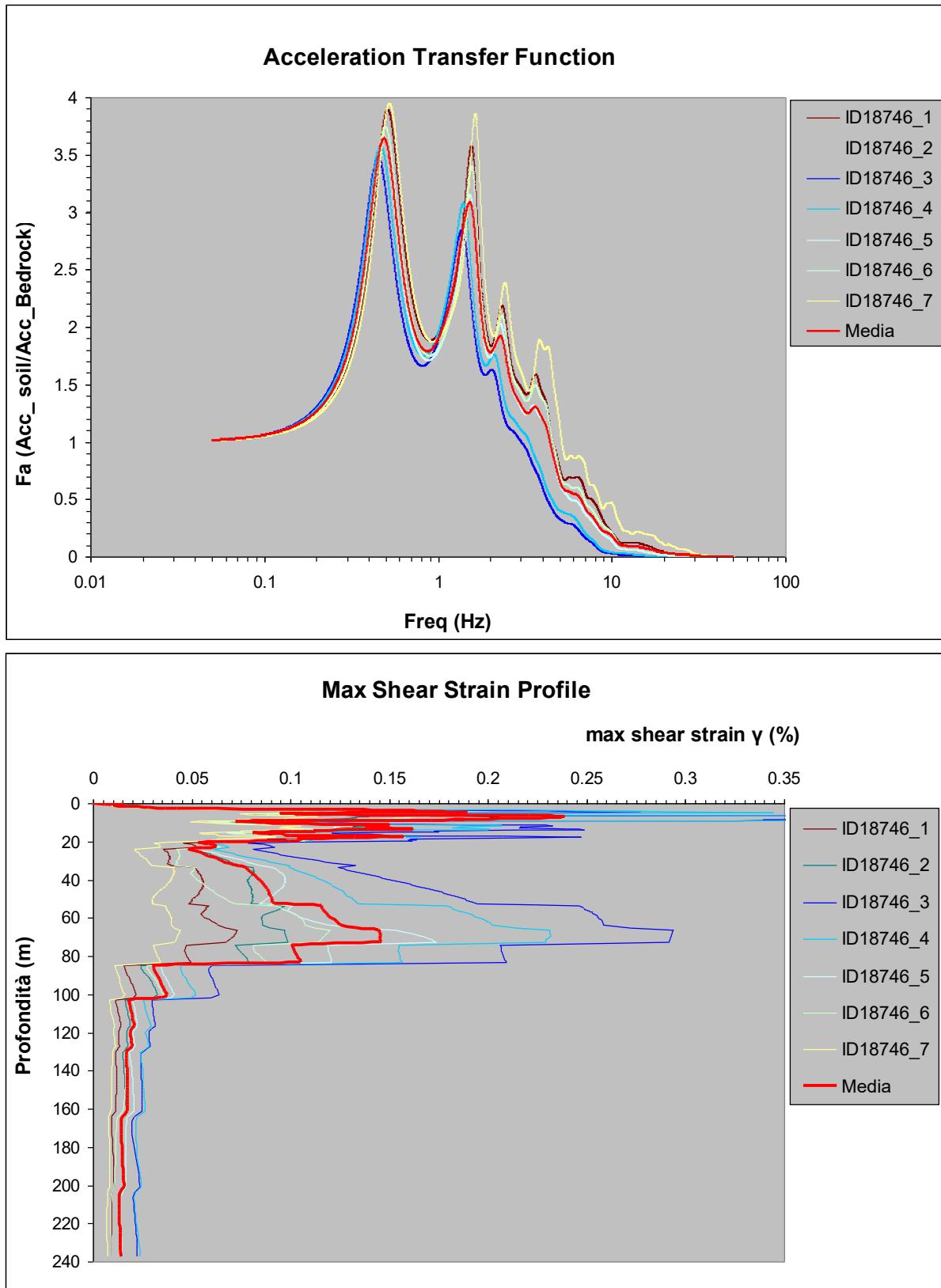
H₀₄₀₈= **482.143**

H₀₇₁₁= **305.627**

H₀₅₁₅= **318.209**

ZONA RNC





VsH (0-30)=177 (m/s)

PGA=0.259

F_{PGA}=1.416

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.162582 | 0.209880 | 1.291 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102135 | 0.207056 | 2.027 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.063997 | 0.135249 | 2.113 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.156617 | 0.337442 | 2.155 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 6.944532 | 10.299370 | 1.483 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.950898 | 24.899033 | 2.274 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 21.873204 | 48.559624 | 2.220 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **401.835994**

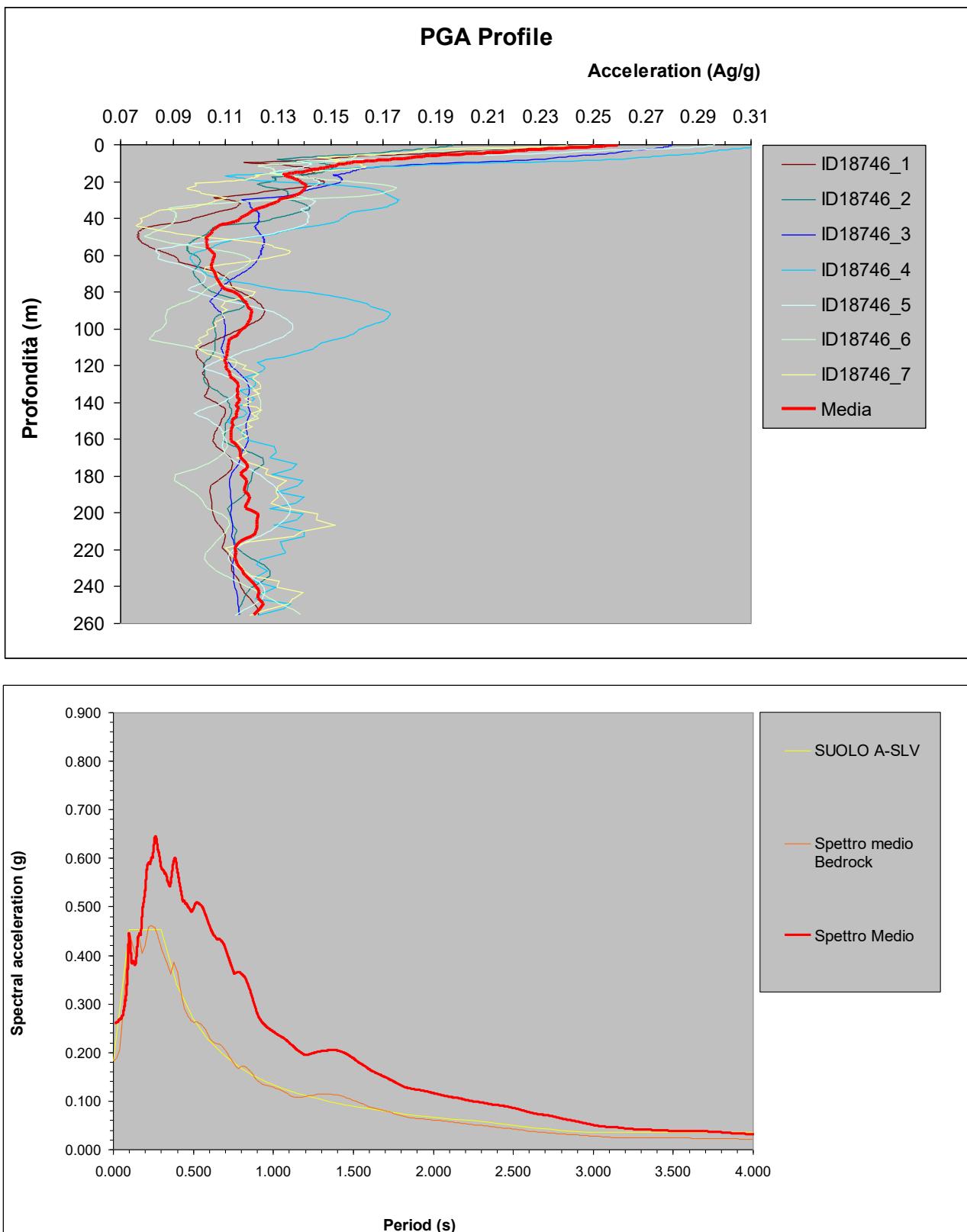
H_{SM}= **518.738**

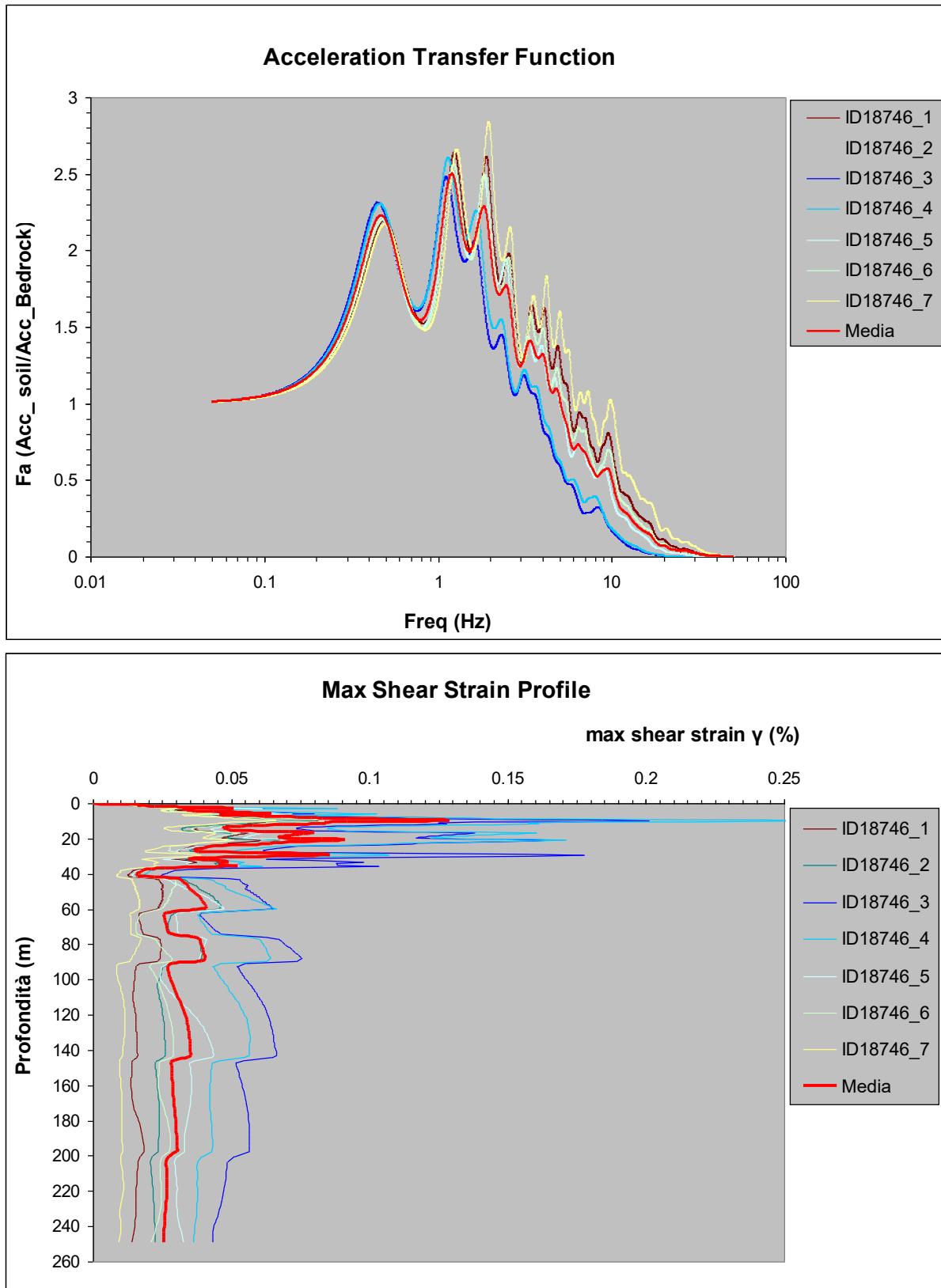
H₀₄₀₈= **507.631**

H₀₇₁₁= **331.584**

H₀₅₁₅= **330.917**

ZONA RNS_01





V_{sH} (0-30)=227 (m/s)

PGA=0.260

F_{PGA}=1.421

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.162582 | 0.212364 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102135 | 0.182999 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.063997 | 0.120375 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.156617 | 0.293923 |
| | | | | 1.306 |
| | | | | 1.792 |
| | | | | 1.881 |
| | | | | 1.877 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 6.944532 | 10.204992 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.950898 | 22.003084 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 21.873204 | 42.112490 |
| | | | | 1.470 |
| | | | | 2.009 |
| | | | | 1.925 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **401.835994**

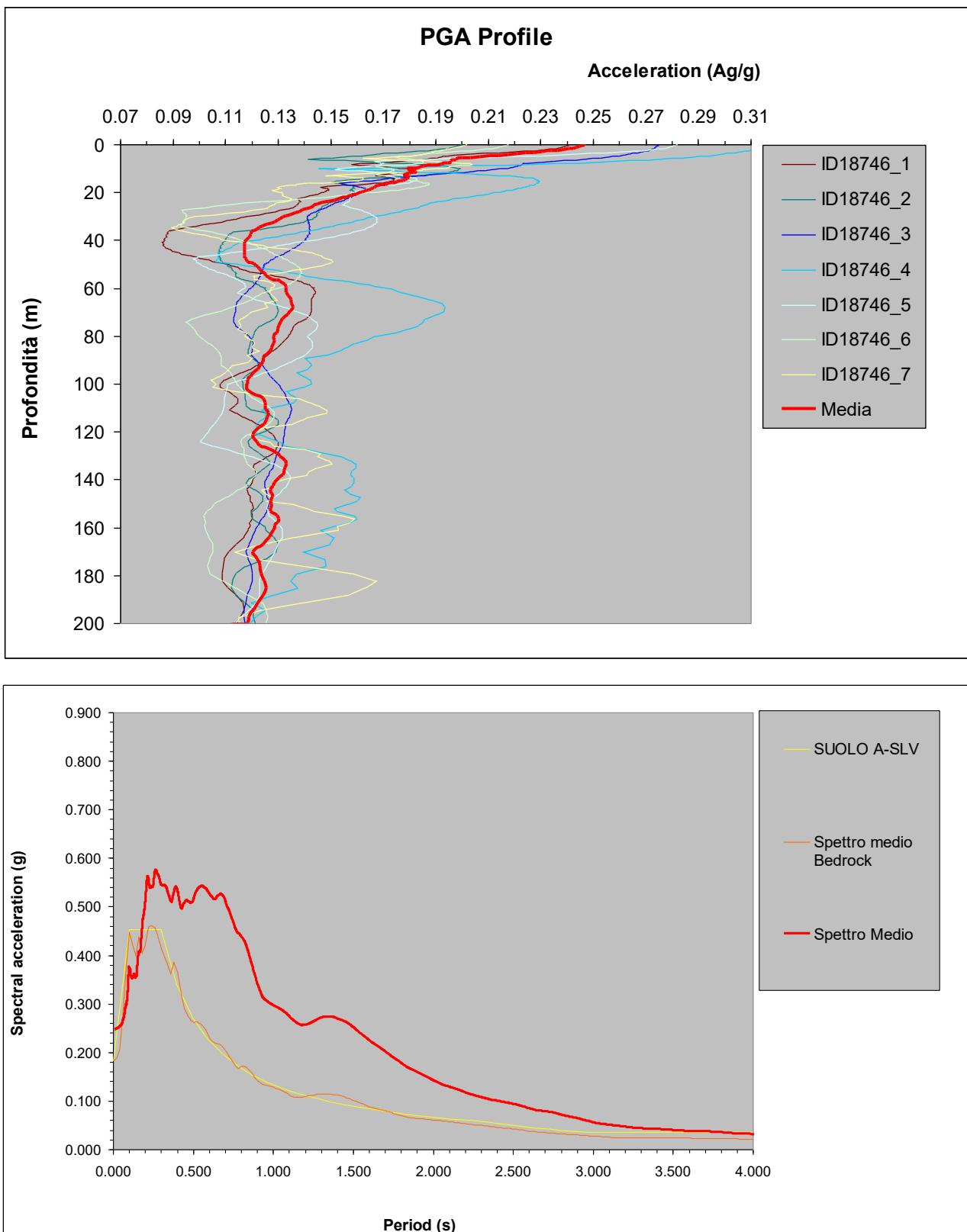
H_{SM}= **524.878**

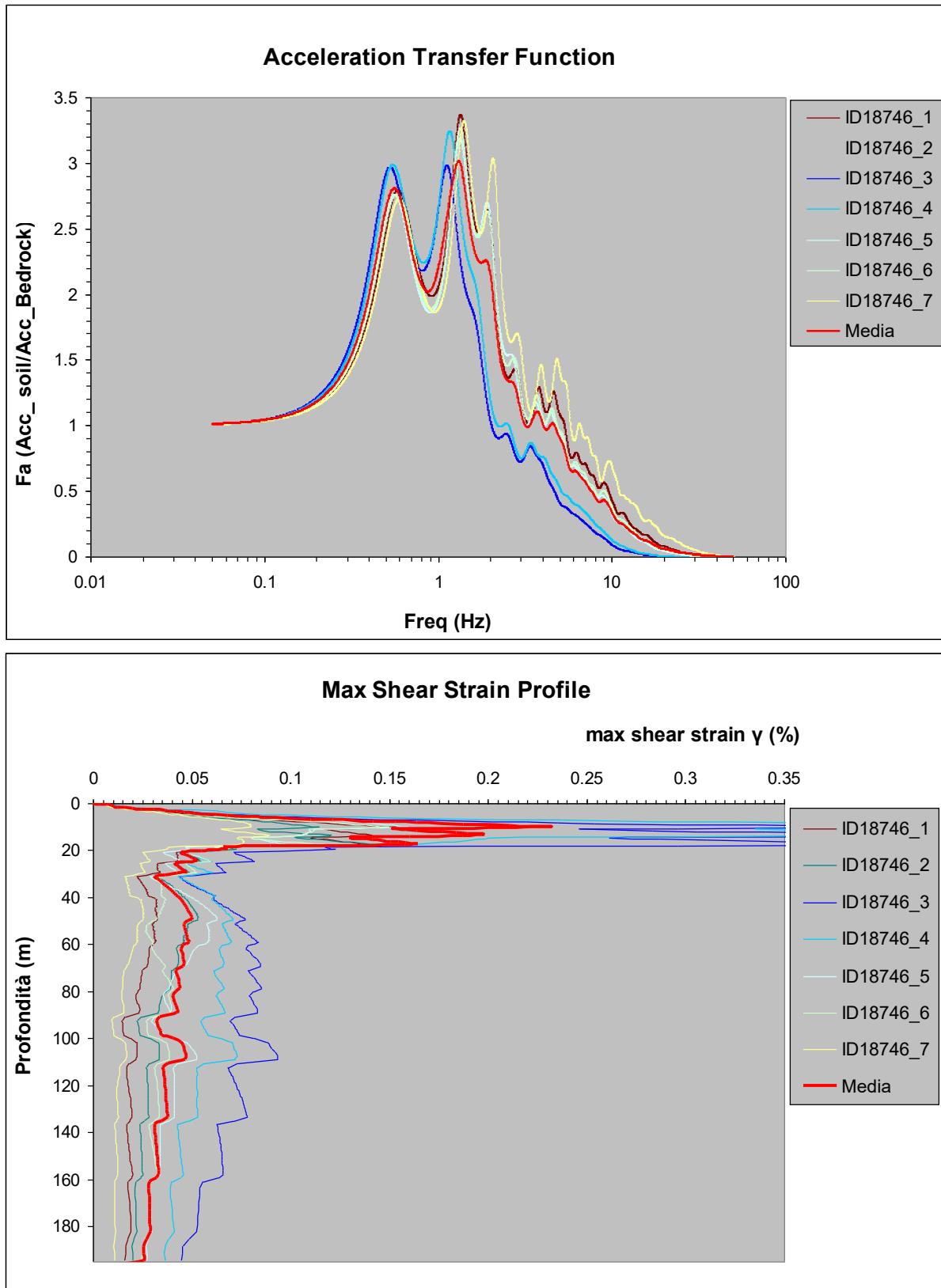
H₀₄₀₈= **448.653**

H₀₇₁₁= **295.119**

H₀₅₁₅= **288.240**

ZONA RNS_02





V_{sH} (0-30)=209 (m/s)

PGA=0.247

F_{PGA}=1.352

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.162582 | 0.199557 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.102135 | 0.204044 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.063997 | 0.147774 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.156617 | 0.359237 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 6.944532 | 9.688517 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.950898 | 26.053639 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 21.873204 | 52.288060 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **401.835994**

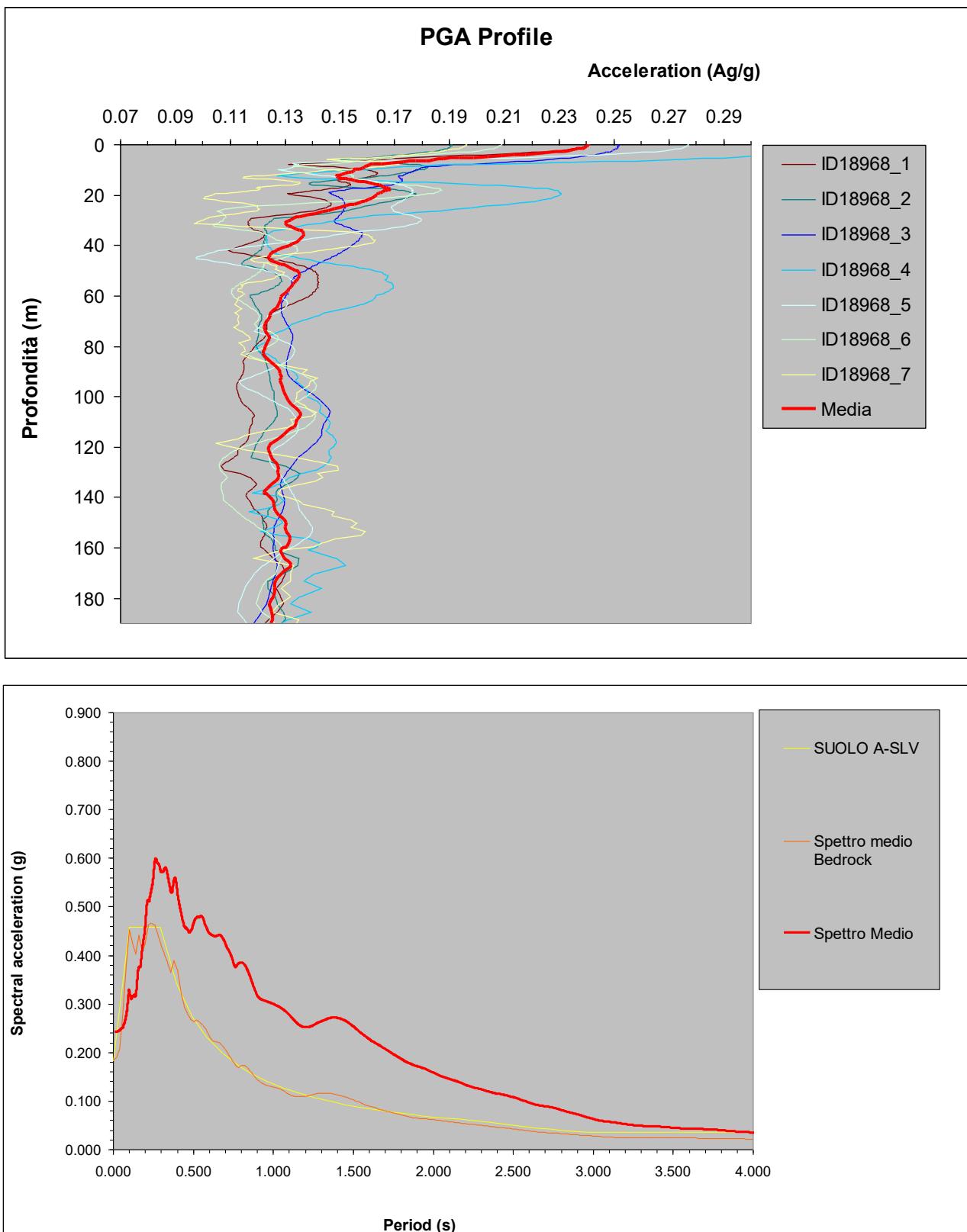
H_{SM}= **493.225**

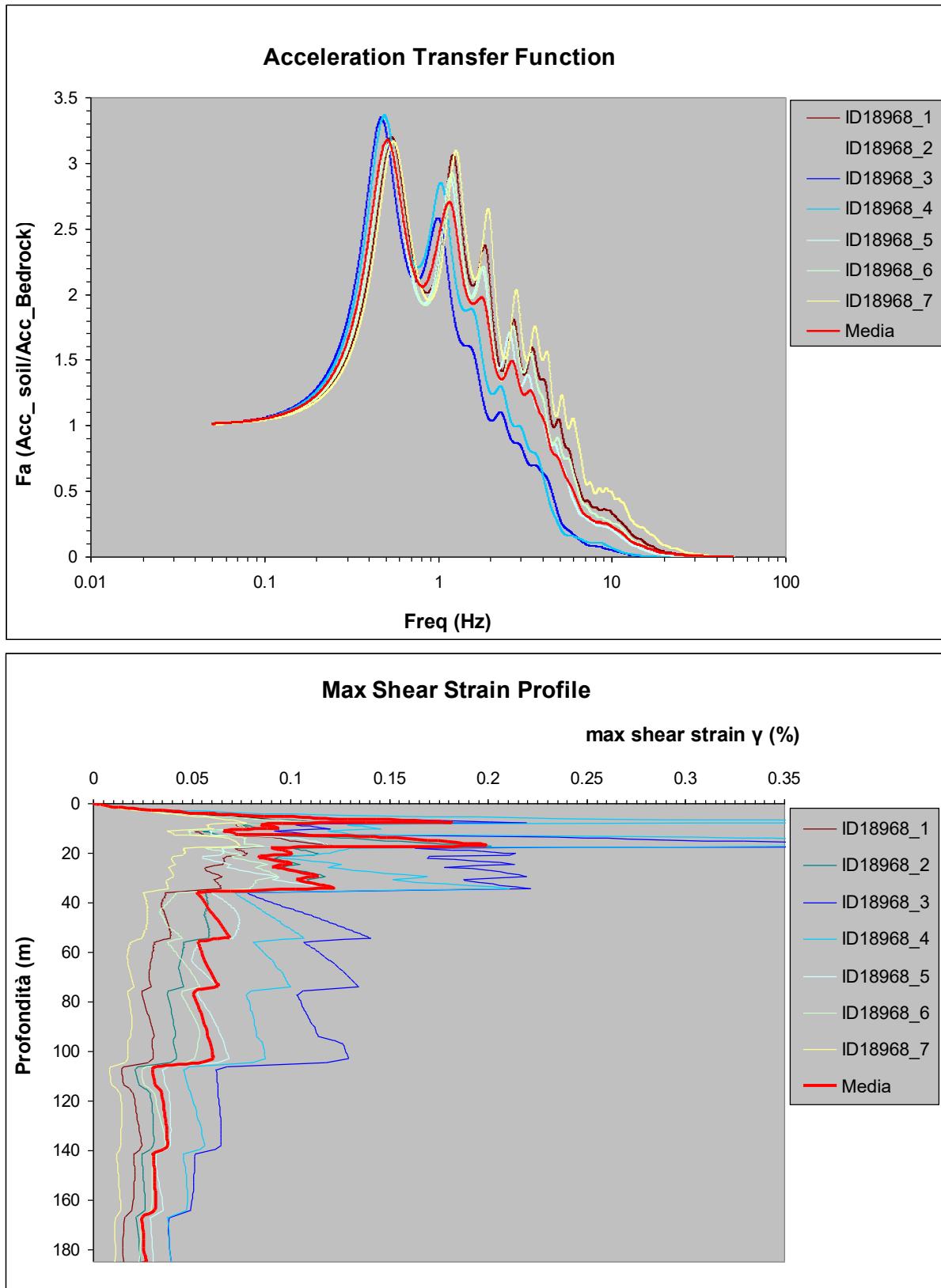
H₀₄₀₈= **500.248**

H₀₇₁₁= **362.293**

H₀₅₁₅= **352.291**

ZONA RNS_03





$V_{sH} (0-30) = 196 \text{ (m/s)}$

$\text{PGA} = 0.241$

$F_{\text{PGA}} = 1.312$

Fattori SA:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|-----|------------|----------|----------|-------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.164043 | 0.193710 | 1.181 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.103053 | 0.177763 | 1.725 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064573 | 0.135652 | 2.101 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.158026 | 0.331439 | 2.097 |

Fattori SI:

| | | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|-----|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.006972 | 9.430273 | 1.346 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.049362 | 23.057416 | 2.087 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.069873 | 49.142392 | 2.227 |

ASIp_u/ ΔT = 404.5644

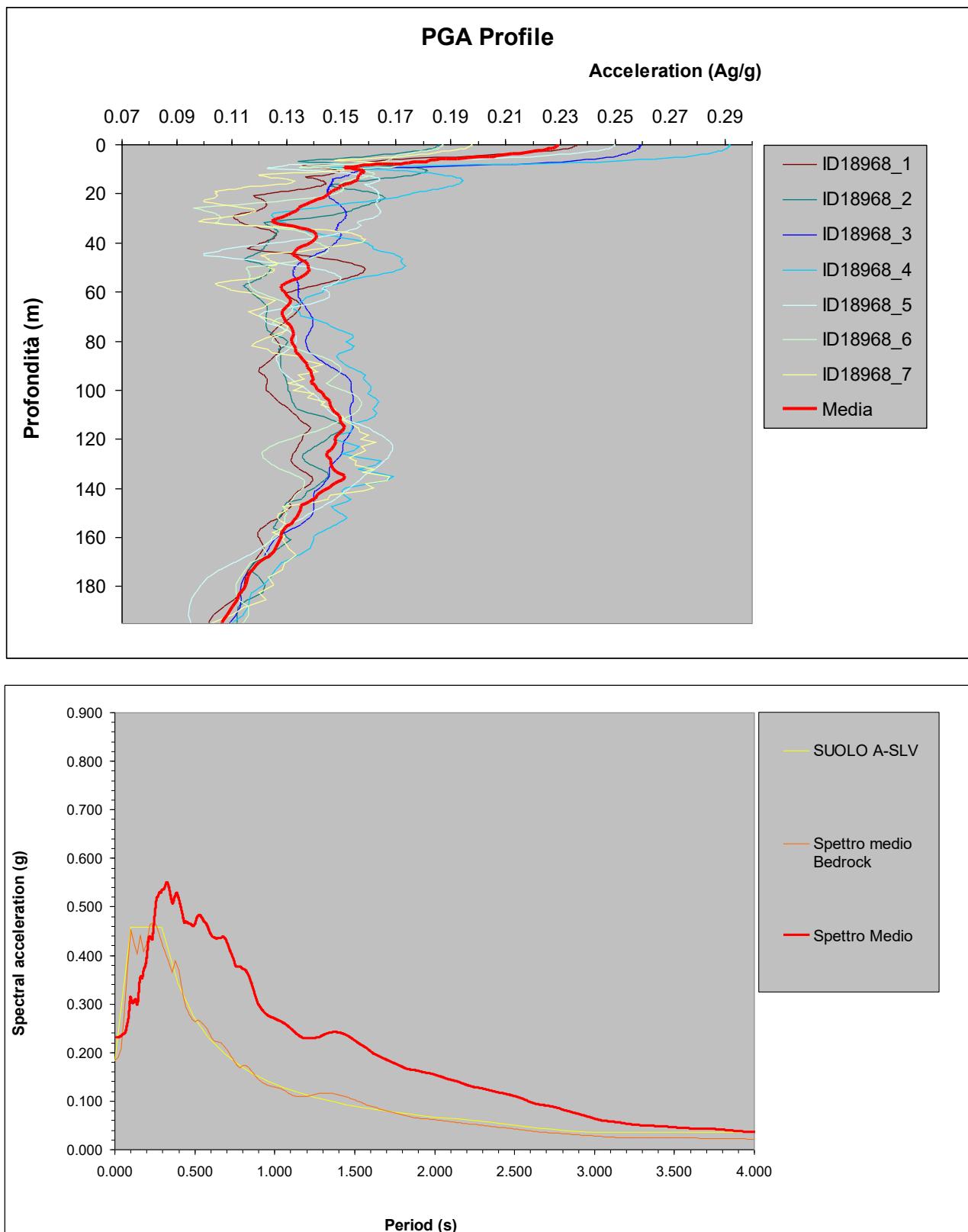
H_{SM}= 477.730

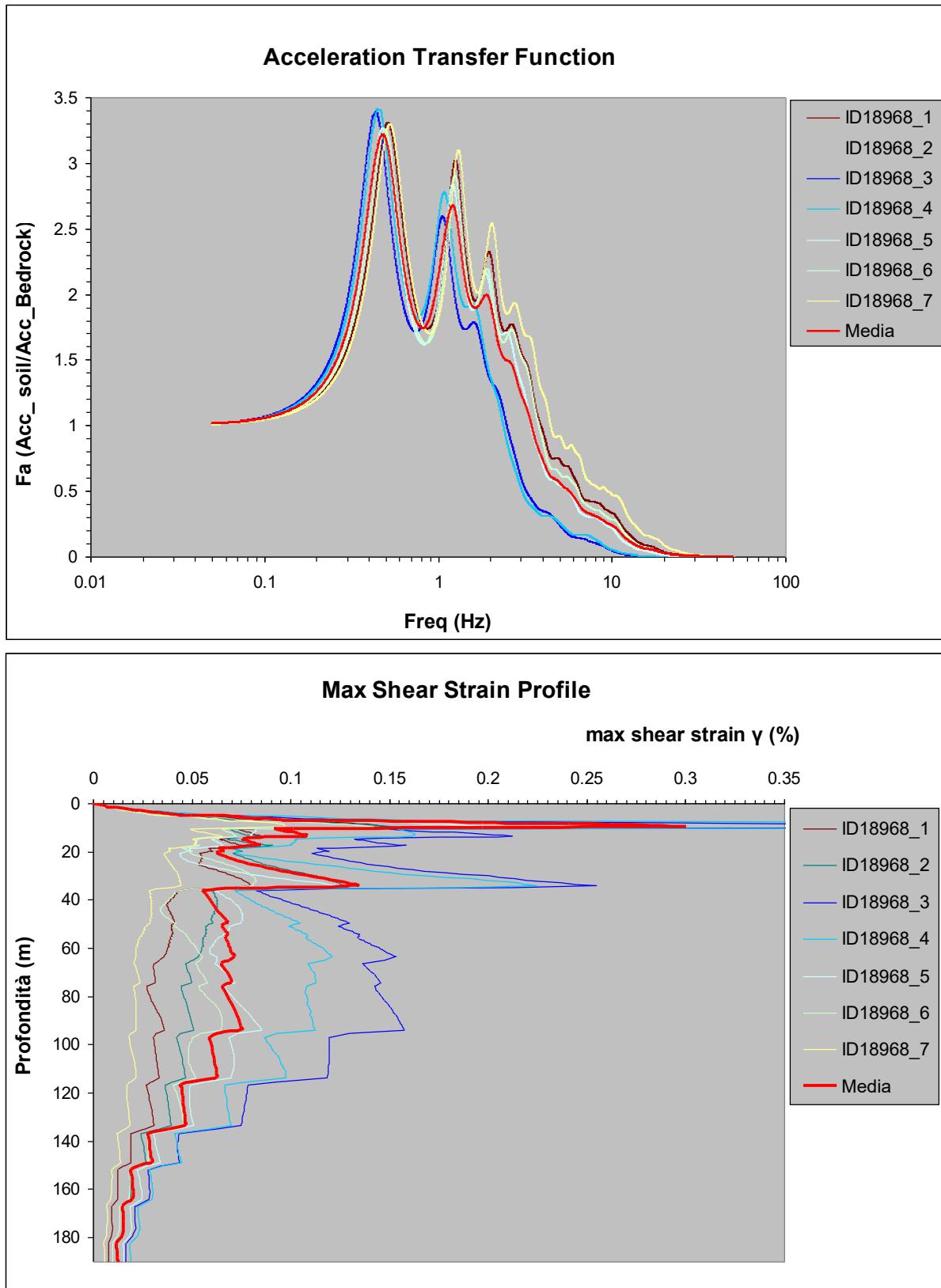
H₀₄₀₈= 435.816

H₀₇₁₁= 332.574

H₀₅₁₅= 325.031

ZONA RNS_04





$V_{sH} (0-30) = 195 \text{ (m/s)}$

PGA=0.229

F_{PGA}=1.249

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.164043 | 0.181532 | 1.107 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.103053 | 0.177616 | 1.724 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.064573 | 0.128403 | 1.989 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.158026 | 0.312864 | 1.980 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA | |
|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 7.006972 | 8.962644 | 1.279 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 11.049362 | 22.426016 | 2.030 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 22.069873 | 45.784273 | 2.075 |

ASIp_u/ΔT= **404.5644**

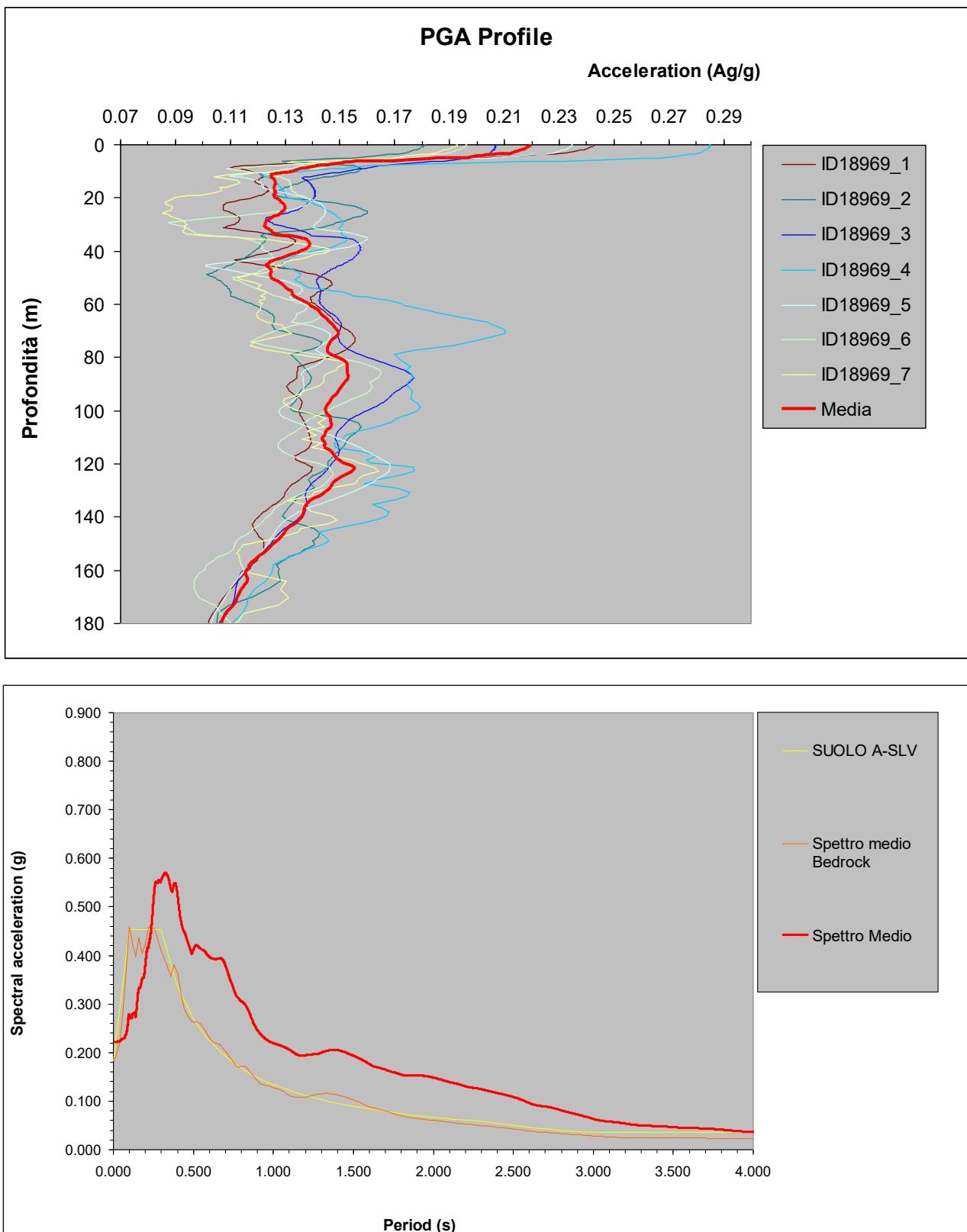
H_{SM}= **447.695**

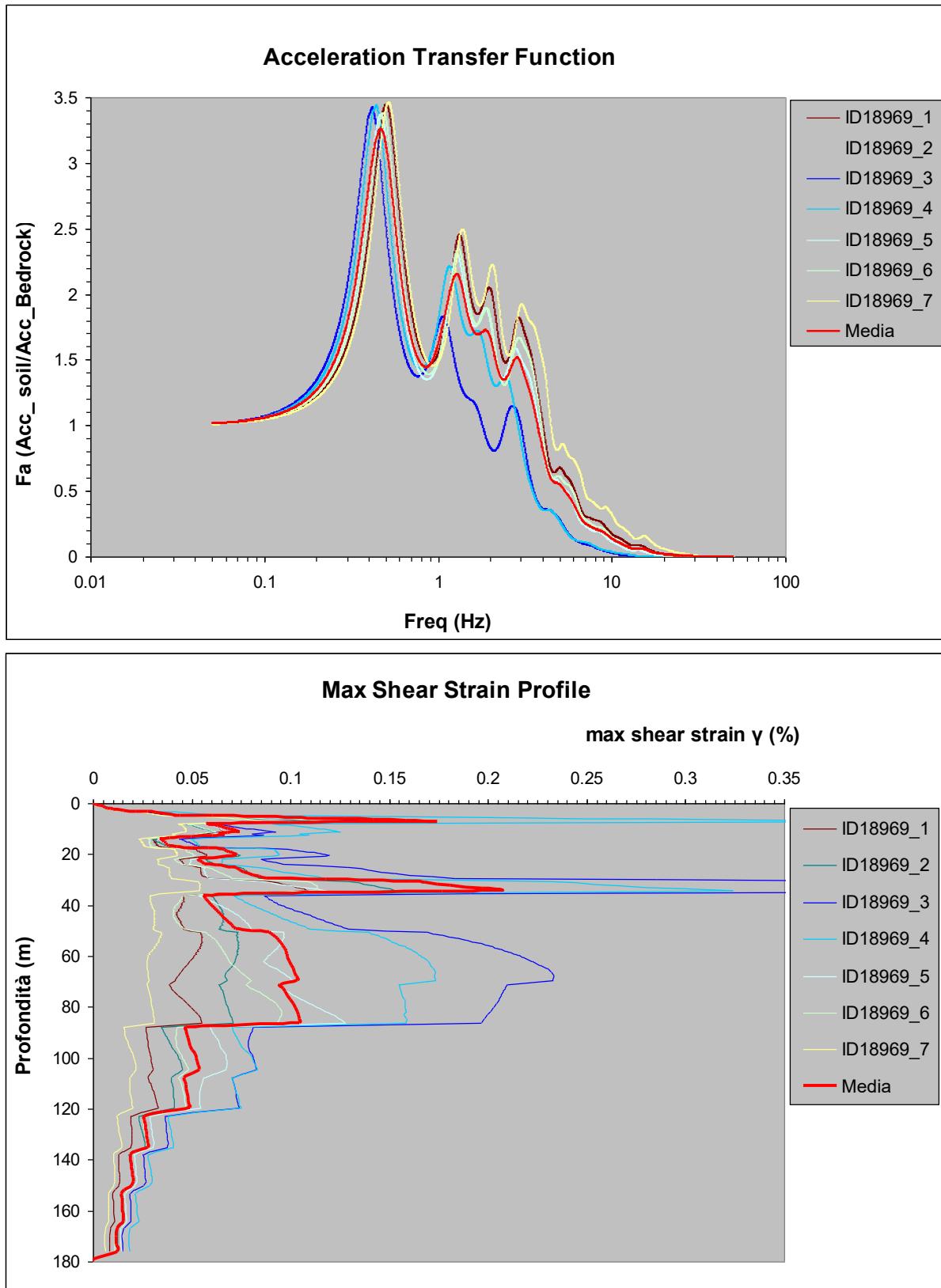
H₀₄₀₈= **435.454**

H₀₇₁₁= **314.801**

H₀₅₁₅= **306.814**

ZONA RNS_05





$V_{sH} (0-30) = 221 \text{ (m/s)}$

$\text{PGA} = 0.220$

$F_{\text{PGA}} = 1.202$

Fattori SA:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|---------|----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SA1 | 0.1-0.5 | 0.161864 | 0.179793 |
| INT SPETT. | SA2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.101911 | 0.159118 |
| INT SPETT. | SA3 | 0.7-1.1 | 0.063921 | 0.106549 |
| INT SPETT. | SA4 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.156511 | 0.266252 |
| | | | | 1.111 |
| | | | | 1.561 |
| | | | | 1.667 |
| | | | | 1.701 |

Fattori SI:

| | Periodo(s) | Bedrock | Soil | FA |
|------------|------------|---------|-----------|--------------|
| INT SPETT. | SI1 | 0.1-0.5 | 6.902271 | 8.863661 |
| INT SPETT. | SI2 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.936045 | 19.158128 |
| INT SPETT. | SI3 | 0.5-1.5 | 21.870432 | 38.790141 |
| | | | | 1.284 |
| | | | | 1.752 |
| | | | | 1.774 |

$$ASlpu/\Delta T = 402.498169$$

$$H_{SM} = 447.082$$

$$H_{0408} = 390.104$$

$$H_{0711} = 261.221$$

$$H_{0515} = 261.104$$

Il trend osservabile è un graduale e progressivo approfondimento del bedrock sismico procedendo da S verso N così come un generale decremento di rigidezza sismica degli orizzonti alluvionali e marini nelle prime decine di m superficiali. In particolare, le zone RNN_01, 02, 03, 04, sono caratterizzate da una più cospicua presenza di orizzonti ghiaiosi e dai relativi contrasti di impedenza sismica; in corrispondenza di questi ultimi, soprattutto quelli più superficiali, talora si evidenzia lo sviluppo di deformazioni di taglio significative, potenzialmente determinanti condizioni di non linearità. Coerentemente la PGA presenta la medesima tendenza generale di incremento da S verso N. Talora i livelli deformativi (max shear strain) stimabili in corrispondenza degli orizzonti potenzialmente liquefacibili e/o di significativi contrasti di rigidezza, tramiti i moti di input e condizioni al contorno adottati, risultano pari o superiori ai limiti di generale applicabilità dei metodi di analisi EQL, suggerendo all'occorrenza l'opportunità di un eventuale approccio anche tramite metodi di analisi non lineare, generalmente più adeguati nel campo delle medie-grandi deformazioni. Le azioni sismiche così definite si ritiene possano essere adottate per le verifiche a liquefazione tramite metodi semplificati.

2.4 VERIFICHE DI III LIVELLO DI APPROFONDIMENTO PER LIQUEFAZIONE

2.4.1 Suscettibilità a liquefazione ed analisi tramite metodi semplificati

Preso atto di quanto già illustrato e valutato al precedente Par. 1.2, una stima di pericolosità per fenomeni di liquefazione dei terreni in condizioni sismiche, può essere determinata in modo puntuale e quantitativo tramite l'adozione di metodi numerici semiempirici, basati sull'elaborazione di dati ottenibili in situ da prove geognostiche es. tipo CPT, SPT, DMT o geofisiche tipo Vs.

Il comportamento non drenato dei terreni incoerenti superficiali soggetti ad elevate deformazioni cicliche (con ridotta capacità di drenaggio in relazione alla velocità di applicazione dei carichi), per la natura sostanzialmente incompressibile dell'acqua, può indurre la generazione di sovrappressioni interstiziali in grado di portare il terreno a liquefazione.

Dai dati della campagna geognostica risulta che lo spessore del corpo sedimentario sabbioso costiero (rappresentato in loco dalle Unità A e B), costituito da sabbie prevalenti e alternanze di livelli sabbiosi con sottili orizzonti limosi ed argillosi ma a comportamento generale prettamente incoerente, risulta variabile fra i valori di circa 6.5-12.5 mt (con locali anomalie in corrispondenza delle foci dei corsi d'acqua principali, secondari e delle derivazioni antropizzate es. deviatore, darsena, ecc.) (vedi

sezioni litotecniche in Tavola n. 7.1 e 7.2); tuttavia alla base del prisma sabbioso, talora, sono presenti orizzonti metrici di sabbie limose alluvionali e/o ghiaietto di barra di foce, determinando un’ulteriore spessore locale di materiali incoerenti potenzialmente liquefacibili. Data l’estensione dell’area in studio, si sono adottate le azioni sismiche derivate dalla suddivisione in 10 settori omogenei in relazione agli assetti geologici e stratigrafici adottati per la modellazione di RSL.

La stima del potenziale di liquefazione può essere effettuata in condizioni “free-field” con i “metodi semplificati” indicati in Allegato A3 della DGR 630/2019, come aggiornata dalla DGR 476/2021 e successiva integrazione DGR 564/2021 e, a tal fine, per ogni verticale si è utilizzato il picco di accelerazione massima in superficie a_{max} (PGA) desunto per ciascuna zona a risposta dinamica omogenea.

Per il caso in esame risulta possibile analizzare la potenziale liquefabilità dei terreni attraverso metodi basati sullo stato tensionale in cui il fattore di sicurezza alla liquefazione viene definito tramite il rapporto tra resistenza ciclica CRR e azione simica di progetto CSR (Cyclic Stress Ratio) per cui $FS=CRR/CSR$; in particolare ci si può avvalere di metodologie di tipo storico – empirico fra cui quelle basate su prove CPT come raccomandato nelle Linee Guida AGI 2005 e ICMS 2008.

Le CPT di riferimento utilizzate sono state selezionate fra quelle di nuova realizzazione e quelle appartenenti alla base dati degli studi di MS3 recentemente realizzati per il Comune di Rimini ed a cui è anche riferito il relativo codice identificativo (ID) (vedi Allegato n. 1). Alcune prove di riferimento anche se ricadenti esternamente ai perimetri urbanistici sono ritenute ugualmente rappresentative delle zone in studio.

Per quanto riguarda la scelta del metodo si è adottata la formulazione di Robertson 2009-2015 (*R09*), ritenuta particolarmente idonea e riconosciuta per affidabilità e diffusione a livello internazionale e nel mondo accademico; in particolare la stima in continuo del contenuto in fine % FC (Robertson & Fear, 1995) risulta ben calibrata sulla situazione litostatografica e granulometrica dei sedimenti in posto. Tale metodo, in assenza di puntuali e diffuse prove di laboratorio, consente una stima della resistenza ciclica di riferimento sulla scorta della resistenza alla punta in funzione del parametro di comportamento del terreno Ic (soil behavior index), in quanto il valore di resistenza ciclica finale dei terreni è influenzato da diversi fattori genetici e costitutivi oltre al solo “contenuto in fine apparente”.

Fra gli altri metodi altrettanto riconosciuti quali ad es. quello proposto Idriss-Boulanger (2014), nonostante abbia comportato un ulteriore aggiornamento di alcuni parametri e delle case-history di riferimento, a parere dello scrivente risulta molto sensibile alle valutazioni/stime del contenuto in fine dei terreni e, il modello di interpretazione dell’ FC insito nel metodo, richiederebbe un’approfondita e specifica calibrazione basata su di un vasta base di dati di laboratorio.

In tal senso per l’analisi di tipo areale ed in base ai riscontri ottenuti da studi pregressi in aree limitrofe del medesimo ambito costiero, al grado di conoscenza della stratigrafia, di affidabilità delle prove e dei dati utilizzati, si è scelto quindi di utilizzare il metodo di Robertson 2009-2015 (*R09*) secondo un adeguato fattore di sicurezza di riferimento FS ($FS=CRR/CSR$), al fine di garantire lo stesso livello di confidenza, in termini probabilistici, proprio degli altri metodi CPT maggiormente diffusi in letteratura (*IB2014*, *IB08*, *Moss 2006*), adottando una curva limite che discriminò gli ambiti di liquefazione/non liquefazione secondo un livello di confidenza minimo pari all’85% (curva con probabilità di liquefazione $PL=15\%$).

A attraverso la formulazione di Ku et al. (2012), per cui $P_L = 1 - \Phi \left[\frac{0.102 + \ln(F_s)}{0.276} \right]$ (con Φ = distribuzione standard normale), si evince come l’adozione di **$FS=1.2$** garantisca il livello di confidenza richiesto ($PL=15\%$).

Tale scelta appare suffragata anche da un confronto con i dati sperimentali di laboratorio ciclico (vedi valutazioni MS3 Rimini), opportunamente rapportati alle condizioni di campo (taglio semplice) attraverso la relazione di Seed H.B. e Peacock W.H. (1971), da cui si evince come le resistenze normalizzate ($CRR_{7.5}$) stimabili con il metodo R09 con fattore di sicurezza limite $FS=CRR/CSR=1.2$, in corrispondenza degli orizzonti campionati, appaiano coerenti e commisurate alle resistenze cicliche rilevabili dai test di laboratorio per un numero di cicli pari a $N=15$.

Inoltre secondo un approccio prettamente deterministico, tale soglia di $FS=1.2$ viene altresì raccomandata dall’autore stesso per valutazioni inerenti opere ordinarie, in quanto il metodo mantiene insito, comunque, un certo grado di conservatività (comunicazione personale).

L’adozione dei metodi semplificati di verifica a liquefazione, in relazione alle condizioni di pericolosità sismica generale ed alla stima dei carichi ciclici ipotizzabili, richiede l’adozione di una Mw (magnitudo momento) di riferimento che, per il caso in esame, viene assunta pari a **$Mw=6.16$** .

La verifica di calcolo, riportata in allegato n. 2, è stata effettuata come da normativa attraverso l'utilizzo del software CLiq vers. 2.3.1.15 della software house Geologismiki, utilizzando le prove Cpte/u identificate nella "Carta di inquadramento" in allegato n. 1, la cui stratigrafia è stata discretizzata mediando i valori ottenibili secondo orizzonti di 3 e 5 cm.

Il metodo *R09* è basato su un proprio fattore caratteristico di scalatura della magnitudo (*MSF*) e specifici coefficienti riduttivi (*Rd-K_a-K_σ*) atti a determinare i valori di *CRR* (cyclic resistance ratio) e *CSR* (cyclic stress ratio) necessari a definirne il *FS* (fattore di sicurezza) per ciascuno strato rispetto ad una soglia limite di riferimento prefissata. Essendo uno studio di tipo areale ed in assenza di specifiche indicazioni progettuali il calcolo è stato effettuato assumendo condizioni di free-field ed un livello di falda ipotizzabile in condizioni di massimo innalzamento medio stagionale.

Ai fini dell'azione sismica, trattandosi di ampie aree di studio nonché in riferimento alle indicazioni contenute nel NASEM Report-2016, si è optato per l'utilizzo della sola *PGA* ricavata per ciascuna delle zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo, per cui i rispettivi valori (arrotondati), muovendosi da N a S, risultano pari a:

| ZONE RSL | PGA (ag/g) |
|----------|------------|
| RNN_04 | 0.28 |
| RNN_03 | 0.28 |
| RNN_02 | 0.25 |
| RNN_01 | 0.28 |
| RNC | 0.26 |
| RNS_01 | 0.26 |
| RNS_02 | 0.25 |
| RNS_03 | 0.24 |
| RNS_04 | 0.23 |
| RNS_05 | 0.22 |

Il piano/quota di riferimento utilizzato per le verifiche è pari al piano campagna attuale (p.c.).

Come indicatore di rischio complessivo, oltre al valore di *FS* per ciascun singolo strato, viene stimato anche il potenziale di liquefazione "IPL" o "IL" lungo la colonna stratigrafica fino alle profondità sondate secondo il metodo di Iwasaki et Al. 1982, come recentemente rivisto ed aggiornato da Sonmez (2003), integrando in modo pesato il potenziale di liquefazione di ciascuno strato su tutto il profilo stratigrafico indagato (vedi allegato n. 2) e per cui:

IWASAKI 1982

| | |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| IPL=0 | Rischio liquefazione molto basso |
| 0<IPL≤5 | Rischio liquefazione basso |
| 5<IPL≤15 | Rischio liquefazione alto |
| IPL>15 | Rischio liquefazione molto alto |

SONMEZ 2003

| | |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| IPL=0 | Rischio liquefazione molto basso |
| 0<IPL≤2 | Rischio liquefazione basso |
| 2<IPL≤5 | Rischio liquefazione moderato |
| 5<IPL≤15 | Rischio liquefazione alto |
| IPL>15 | Rischio liquefazione molto alto |

La distribuzione areale dei valori ottenuti viene illustrata in Tavola 2.

In funzione del *FS* calcolato sono stati determinati, altresì, le deformazioni massime (*ymax - LD_f*) ed i sedimenti attesi ($\epsilon_v - \Delta S_i$) nei terreni sia in falda che fuori falda (Zhang, 2002, Priebe, 1998), siano essi incoerenti che coesivi (rispettivamente per deformazione volumetrica/riaddensamento e riconsolidazione; Robertson metodo "All Soil, 2009").

In allegato n. 2-3 viene altresì illustrata l'entità dei sedimenti post-sismici attesi ΔS , cumulativa sia per terreni incoerenti che coesivi i quali, all'interno di ciascuna zona, presentano una modesta variabilità areale (vedi Tavola 3).

A titolo di riferimento Ishihara e Yoshimine (1992), in relazione ai sedimenti stimati ed al grado di danneggiamento/effetti attesi al suolo, identificano tre ambiti di pericolosità per cui:

| Cedimento (cm) | Grado/severità di danneggiamento |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| $\Delta S < 10$ | Assente - Lieve |
| $10 < \Delta S < 30$ | Medio |
| $\Delta S > 30$ | Esteso - Severo |

Inoltre, in relazione al rapporto di spessore fra strati liquefacibili/non liquefacibili) e la relativa profondità, altri autori (Crespellani et. al. 1988; Ishihara, 1985; Youd e Garri 1994, 1995) schematizzano la possibilità di propagazione verso l'alto e/o di avere manifestazioni superficiali in funzione del moto sismico atteso (vedi figura 17). I risultati grafici di tale valutazione vengono sintetizzati in coda al report di ciascuna prova (vedi allegato n. 3).

In ultimo, a supporto del giudizio complessivo e sui potenziali effetti sulla stabilità del terreno e delle strutture ivi insistenti, è opportuno valutare anche altri indicatori di pericolosità quale il parametro *LSN* (Van Ballegooij et al., 2013) (vedi allegato 3 e Tavola 4).

Il valore di *LSN* viene ricavato tramite l'integrazione, su tutta la colonna stratigrafica, del coefficiente di riconsolidazione verticale ε_v calcolato con il metodo di Zhang et al. (2002). In tal modo vengono definiti i seguenti valori e scenari di riferimento:

$$LSN = 1000 \cdot \int \frac{\varepsilon_v}{z} \cdot dz$$

| <i>LSN Range</i> | <i>Predominant performances</i> |
|------------------|--|
| 0 ÷ 10 | Little to no expression of liquefaction, minor effects |
| 10 ÷ 20 | Minor expression of liquefaction some sand boil |
| 20 ÷ 30 | Moderate expression of liquefaction, with sand boil and structural damage |
| 30 ÷ 40 | Moderate to severe expression of liquefaction, settlement can cause structural damage |
| 40 ÷ 50 | Major expression of liquefaction, undulations and damage to ground surface, severe total and differential settlement of structure |
| >50 | Severe damage, extensive evidence of liquefaction at surface, severe total and differential settlement affecting structure, damage to services |

Gli scenari di danno stimabili con il parametro *LSN* risultano significativamente condizionati dal rapporto tra strati liquefacibili/non liquefacibili, la loro posizione e la relativa deformabilità, cosa che il metodo, sulla scorta di prove ad alta risoluzione (quali CPTe/u), riesce a discriminare con buona attendibilità.

Questi indicatori, infatti, portano a stimare rispettivamente la probabilità di sviluppo del fenomeno in relazione all'*IPL* e gli scenari di deformazione/danno attesi in superficie sulla base dell'assetto stratigrafico rilevato e del rapporto fra orizzonti liquefacibili/non liquefacibili; ciò consente un giudizio più approfondito sul potenziale di danneggiamento e sulla severità delle manifestazioni superficiali attese.

In linea generale, in zone omogenee, lungo l'arenile si può stimare un aumento generale della pericolosità per liquefazione procedendo dal lungomare (storicamente zona di massima altezza della duna principale e con depositi superficiali maggiormente addensati) verso la battigia; ciò è imputabile alla progressiva riduzione della soggiacenza avvicinandosi alla linea di riva (con falda stabile al piano campagna), contestualmente all'incremento di gradiente topografico ed al maggiore rimaneggiamento degli orizzonti superficiali per azione del mare. Inoltre osservando la "Carta delle isopotenziiali di liquefazione" (Tavola 2), è possibile apprezzare trend generali per cui i valori di *IPL* e, quindi, di pericolosità per liquefazione, tendano ad aumentare progressivamente verso le zone costiere centrali e verso l'estremità di Rimini Nord. Nel primo caso i valori più significativi si rilevano presso Marina Centro, soprattutto in corrispondenza delle zone RNS_01 e parte di RNS_02, ove gli spessori del prisma sabbioso tendono a valori massimi. Un'anomalia nei trend generali è rappresentata dai depositi presenti nella zona centrale di "interdigitazione" (RNC) ricompresa fra il Deviatore Marecchia ed il Portocanale, ove l'assetto stratigrafico risulta più articolato e maggiormente influenzato dall'interazione con le dinamiche e depositi fluviali e, localmente, anche dalla attività antropiche ivi realizzate. Ciò porta a rilevare maggiori intercalazioni con livelli ghiaiosi/addensati e/o coesivi con conseguente riduzione dei valori di pericolosità, conducendo comunque sempre a valori di *IPL* ≥ 5 . Dagli studi di MS3 a monte del Lungomare, tuttavia, i valori di pericolosità risultano aumentare nuovamente nell'ambito di un'ampia zona a potenziale elevato/molto elevato per liquefazione.

Diversamente presso Rimini Nord, sebbene gli spessori di sabbia risultino minori (vedi sezioni litotecniche in Tavola n. 7.1 e 7.2), gli orizzonti superficiali (Unità A - Lit. S) risultano di esiguo spessore e mai particolarmente addensati, riducendo quel potenziale effetto di confinamento attribuibile ad una crosta superficiale stabile; oltretutto anche gli orizzonti maggiormente critici dell'Unità B (Lit. H-AL) presentano generalmente un minor stato di addensamento.

Anche l'osservazione dei laboratori ciclici su campioni rappresentativi prelevati nell'ambito dello studio di MS3 del Comune di Rimini porta ad evidenziare una modesta differenza di comportamento tra i depositi costieri di RNN e RNS ove, nel campo dei cicli di riferimento, il CRR rappresentativo per l'Unità A risulta lievemente più alto di quello corrispondente alla stessa unità presso RNN. Di contro dai provini propri dell'Unità B si evince un comportamento differente e per cui, quelli rappresentativi degli ambiti RNS, risultano moderatamente più resistenti allo sforzo ciclico rispetto a quelli prelevati presso RNN. Tale modesta differenza di comportamento può essere condizionata in qualche misura dalle differenze granulometriche, di tessitura e mineralogiche che contraddistinguono i depositi costieri a Sud e a Nord della foce del Marecchia.

I provini di terreno prelevati nell'ambito dell'Unità C (depositi alluvionali limo-argilosì alla base del cuneo sabbioso) presso RNS, in occasione del recente studio di MS3 di Rimini, evidenziano una significativa resistenza ciclica, sensibilmente superiore a quella delle sabbie costiere e, in particolare, di entità superiore ad almeno il 40% di quella propria dell'Unità A stimata nello stesso sito. Una verifica di resistenza residua post-ciclica (tramite prove TRX_CIU) condotta su alcuni provini di tale Unità C, dopo aver superato raggiunto la deformazione assiale in doppia ampiezza pari al 5%, ha portato ad osservare una perdita di resistenza non drenata pari a circa il 25% della resistenza originaria.

In ultimo, lo studio di MS3 sopraccitato, tramite le formulazioni semplificate di Harzibaba 2005 (FCth-H05) e Rahman 2012 (FCth-R12), per i terreni delle Unità A e B ha condotto ad una stima di prima approssimazione della soglia di contenuto in fine (FCth) oltre la quale il comportamento del deposito non è più governato dai contatti intergranulari dello scheletro solido grossolano ma dalla sempre maggiore prevalenza di matrice fine. I valori riscontrati con tali metodologie per ciascuna Unità (A e B) presso RNN e RNS sono riportati in Tabella 5:

Tabella 5 Stima approssimativa della soglia di contenuto in fine (FCth) per le Unità A e B presso RNN ed RNS

| Parametro | RNN_A | RNN_B | RNS_A | RNS_B |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| FCth-H05 | 0.27 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.28 |
| FCth-R12 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.40 |

Pertanto entro i range di FCth rilevati i metodi di verifica semplificati CPT risultano trovare una coerente applicabilità. L'analogia dei risultati conferma la modesta differenza tessiturale e granulometrica tra le sabbie del litorale a N e S di Rimini; ciò avvalora il fatto per cui il differente comportamento fra i terreni dell'Unità A e B presso ciascuna zona, data la stessa natura litologica, possa essere prevalentemente imputabile al diverso rapporto nelle alternanze fra orizzonti di sabbie cernite e livelli maggiormente limosi (in termini di frequenza e spessore) nonché al relativo stato di addensamento.

Lungo il tratto costiero di RNC e RNN assume importanza la presenza locale di orizzonti ghiaiosi ad elevata resistenza ciclica e capacità di drenaggio talora presenti in corrispondenza degli orizzonti basali del cuneo sabbioso marino o, talvolta, la presenza di strutture di paleoalveo anche nell'ambito dei livelli più superficiali (es. in prossimità del Portocanale, in località San Giuliano Mare, Rivabella o Viserba), con maggior spessore e persistenza soprattutto nelle aree a monte dell'arenile.

Quindi, per un giudizio complessivo circa i parametri di pericolosità stimati, osservando comparativamente i rispettivi risultati per ciascuna prova, si rileva quanto segue:

- In corrispondenza di zone o prove a medesimo grado di pericolosità per IPL, i valori di cedimento post-sismico atteso risultano sostanzialmente correlabili allo spessore dei materiali potenzialmente liquefacibili, fornendo un valore conservativo senza contemplare il rapporto fra strati liquefacibili/non liquefacibili e la relativa profondità; tale aspetto talora può comportare valori di cedimento non sempre direttamente proporzionali agli andamenti di IPL.
- IPL offre una stima pesata con la profondità del grado di pericolosità in funzione della presenza e spessore lungo la verticale dei vari orizzonti liquefacibili/non liquefacibili (discretizzati secondo le situazioni FS<1 o FS>1), consentendo di discriminare specifiche soglie di rischio secondo valori di riferimento riconosciuti nella comunità scientifica e professionale, a livello nazionale ed internazionale (IPL=0, 2, 5, 15, >15).
- LSN essendo un estimatore della severità di danno atteso in superficie risulta maggiormente sensibile allo spessore della crosta superficiale, al rapporto fra strati liquefacibili/non

liquefacenti e alla relativa profondità. LSN segue generalmente i trend di pericolosità evidenziati da IPL ma rispetto a quest'ultimo, poiché ε_v varia in modo maggiormente progressivo in funzione dell'entità del fattore di sicurezza alla liquefazione, talora risulta esaltare maggiormente (in eccesso o in difetto di pericolosità) situazioni stratigrafiche specifiche.

- A fronte di valori di IPL generalmente caratterizzanti un rischio Alto ($5 < \text{IPL} \leq 15$) ed a tratti Molto Alto ($\text{IPL} > 15$), le caratteristiche geomeccaniche e stratigrafiche dei depositi costieri di Rimini in tali zone determinano valori di LSN e di cedimento massimo generalmente riconducibili a manifestazioni con grado/severità di danneggiamento atteso da basso a medio, quest'ultimo soprattutto nei casi di maggior spessore dei depositi. Solo in corrispondenza delle zone con maggior spessore delle sabbie congiuntamente a bassi valori di resistenza ciclica si perviene alla stima di possibili significative manifestazioni di liquefazione (particolarmente in corrispondenza di alcuni settori presso RNN_01-02-03-04 e RNS_01-02).
- In corrispondenza di RNC, in virtù della particolare situazione litostratigrafica locale, si rilevano i minori valori di LSN, con possibilità di minime - modeste espressioni di liquefazione, sebbene i cedimenti complessivi attesi risultino poco inferiori a 10 cm e con $\text{IPL} > 5$ Lungo.
- Talora in corrispondenza dei lungomari e delle zone immediatamente limitrofe e retrostanti è possibile stimare valori di IPL inferiori alle medie della zona di appartenenza in quanto tali settori generalmente risultano morfologicamente corrispondenti alla posizione della "duna principale", topograficamente un poco più rilevati rispetto alle prospicienti zone a mare e monte della stessa e, quindi, caratterizzati da una maggiore soggiacenza della falda (da pochi decimetri ad oltre 1 m) nonché da orizzonti sabbiosi superficiali dell'Unità A un poco più addensati rispetto alle aree limitrofe.
- In prossimità del portocanale, all'altezza delle aree di piano lungo via destra del porto, si rilevano strutture di paleolaveo/barra di foce individuabili come corpi ghiaiosi metrici localizzati, in grado di mitigare moderatamente il potenziale di liquefazione locale; in tali situazioni andrà attentamente valutato l'assetto stratigrafico locale in relazione anche alle modalità di intervento ed alla possibilità di manifestazione di fenomeni di lateral spreading.

Chiaramente gli scenari attesi e derivabili dai metodi semplificati possono essere significativamente influenzati da ulteriori variabili sito specifiche e sismogenetiche quali:

- Fenomeni di direzionalità dell'azione sismica e tipologia di faglia
- Distanza epi/epocentrale, contenuto in frequenza, durata della fase forte, ecc.
- condizioni idrogeologiche e/o di drenaggio locale
- configurazioni geomorfologiche particolari e/o mancanza di contenimento laterale dei terreni (es. presenza di declivio, corsi d'acqua di significative dimensioni e profondità, banchine portuali, strutture arginali, ecc.)
- presenza di carichi piezometrici e/o falde in pressione
- presenza di gas nel sottosuolo
- fenomeni di interazione terreno struttura e/o presenza di sovraccarichi o carichi concentrati
- preesistenza di sforzi di taglio in condizioni statiche

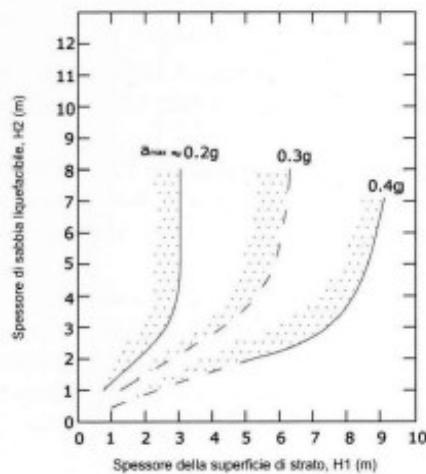
In allegato n. 2 si riportano i report sintetici delle verifiche a liquefazione effettuate su ciascuna area, mentre in allegato n. 3 vengono illustrate le tabelle parametriche riepilogative di tutti i corrispondenti valori di IPL, LSN e cedimento calcolati per ciascuna zona a comportamento dinamico omogeneo ed in condizioni di campo libero (free-field).

Tutte le aree analizzate hanno presentato un $\text{IPL} > 5$. Qualora opere edilizie, infrastrutture o aree di previsione urbanistica ricadano a cavallo dei limiti di potenziale di liquefazione di riferimento (es. $\text{IPL} = 15$) e/o di zone caratterizzate da differente fattore di amplificazione sismica, sarà opportuno associare ad esse il parametro di pericolosità più conservativo nell'ambito di variazione; nel caso le aree o infrastrutture interessate da tale intersezione risultino di significativa estensione, tale approccio andrà adottato per un congruo tratto od estensione funzionale al mantenimento delle prestazioni attese per l'infrastruttura e/o area interessata.

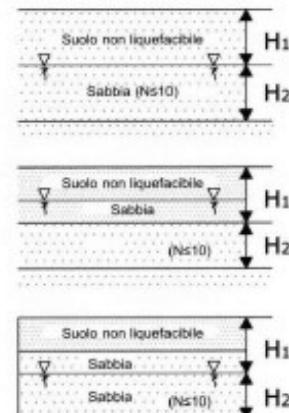
Le valutazioni sopra effettuate rappresentano un utile inquadramento sull'andamento del pericolo di liquefazione e dei fattori parametrici ad esso correlabili. Tuttavia in sede progettuale esecutiva sarà opportuno valutare puntualmente la compatibilità e la ricaduta delle risultanze di ulteriori verifiche in relazione al grado di rischio connesso, i piani di posa dei manufatti, le caratteristiche delle strutture (geometriche, in elevazione e fondazionali) e realizzative (dimensionamento geotecnico, modalità operative, eventuali interventi di mitigazione, drenaggio, miglioramento dei terreni, ecc.), le prestazioni attese dalle opere e la relativa funzionalità.

Valutazione delle manifestazioni superficiali in funzione del rapporto fra lo spessore dello strato superficiale non liquefacibile e quello sottostante liquefacibile

| Accelerazione [gal] 1 gal = 1 cm/s ² | Condizione | Propagazione della liquefazione verso l'alto | Manifestazioni superficiali |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| 200 | $h_1 \geq 3 \text{ m e } h_2 < 3 \text{ m}$ | IMPEDITA | NO |
| | $h_1 \leq 3 \text{ m e } h_2 > 3 \text{ m}$ | NON IMPEDITA | SI |
| 300 | $h_1 < 5 \text{ m e } h_2 > 4 \text{ m}$ | NON IMPEDITA | SI |
| | $h_1 > 5 \text{ m e } h_2 < 4 \text{ m}$ | IMPEDITA | NO |
| 400 - 500 | $h_1 < 7 \text{ m e } h_2 > 3 \text{ m}$ | NON IMPEDITA | SI |
| | $h_1 > 7 \text{ m e } H_2 < 3 \text{ m}$ | IMPEDITA | NO |



(b)



Relazione fra lo spessore dello strato liquefacibile e lo spessore dello strato sovrapposto (Ishihara, 1985)

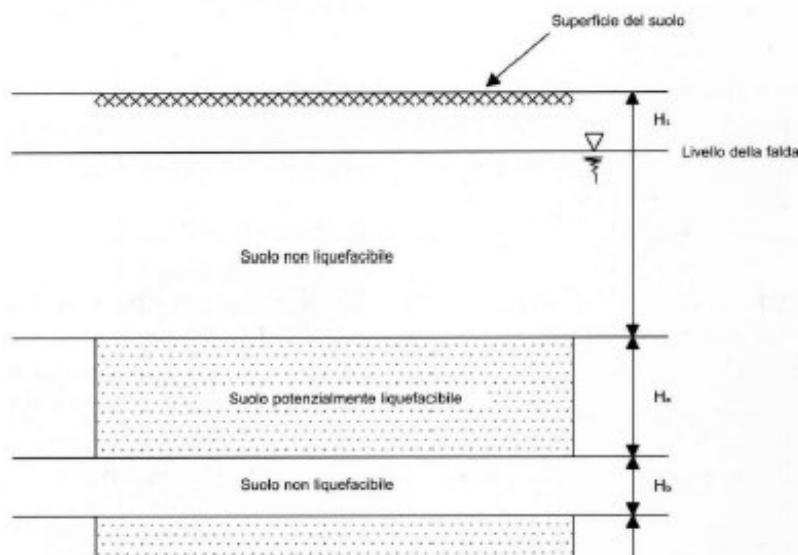


Figura 17 – Schema per la valutazione delle manifestazioni superficiali per liquefazione (Crespellani et. al. 1988; Ishihara, 1985; Youd e Garri 1994, 1995)

3. CONCLUSIONI E INDICAZIONI REALIZZATIVE

Come inquadramento generale l'area in studio si sviluppa lungo l'intera fascia costiera di Rimini, comprendendo la zona urbanizzata dei lungomari e relative aree accessorie nonché tutta l'area di arenile a mare degli stessi, che si sviluppano con sostanziale continuità dal confine con Bellaria – Igea Marina sino al confine sud con Riccione.

I terreni sabbiosi e le alternanze presenti nell'area (piana costiera) si presentano, in condizioni statiche, generalmente come discreti terreni di fondazione, tuttavia va considerata la significativa estensione lineare delle opere e la variabilità laterale dei depositi alla base del cuneo sabbioso marino per via della frequente ed irregolare interdigitazione con occasionali depositi alluvionali fluviali limo-argillosi.

L'analisi di III° livello di approfondimento nell'ambito della verifica dei rischi sismici ex DGR 564/2021, ha riguardato da un lato la definizione delle azioni sismiche attese sull'area in studio (in termini di valori nominali e fattori di amplificazione) e dal dell'altro le connesse stime del potenziale di liquefazione in condizioni di *free field con riferimento al p.c. attuale* (Vedi Tav. 1, Tav. 5 e Tav. 6).

Rimini e la costa romagnola più in generale presentano una storia sismica caratterizzata da numerosi terremoti di intensità significativa, che hanno prodotto storicamente danneggiamenti e manifestazioni superficiali importanti, compresi casi documentati di liquefazione, cedimento e fessurazione. L'area ricade nella Zona Sismogenetica n. 4 della nuova Carta Sismotettonica 2016 R.E.R., corrispondente alla zona 917 della ZS9 INGV, leggermente modificata nei limiti nord-occidentali. Le caratteristiche sismotettoniche assunte sono quelle già indicate per la zona 917 della ZS9, vale a dire deformazione lungo thrust attivi immergenti verso SW. Evidenze geomorfologiche indicano la presenza di anticinali di crescita attive lungo la costa adriatica (Vannoli et al., 2014). La magnitudo storica massima è $Mw=5,82\pm 0,08$; tuttavia in tale recente zonazione alla Zona n. 4 viene associata una magnitudo momento massima stimabile pari a $Mw=6,16\pm 0,21$. Per i fini del presente studio si è assunto quindi il valore centrale pari a $Mw=6,16$.

In ragione della natura dei terreni e delle necessità di pianificazione urbanistica, sulla base delle informazioni geologico/stratigrafiche nonché della comparazione con dati sperimentali geognostici e geofisici di nuova acquisizione, per la stima delle azioni sismiche attese si è ritenuto coerente ed adeguato riferirsi ai recenti studi di I-II e III Livello, già realizzati per conto del Comune di Rimini ed attualmente in fase di validazione presso il Dipartimento di Protezione Civile. Tali studi sono stati sviluppati anche sulla scorta di prove geofisiche, di laboratorio ciclico/dinamico e sondaggi profondi realizzati proprio in corrispondenza degli arenili e delle aree limitrofe e, quindi, pienamente rappresentativi dell'area in studio, nonché restituiti ed elaborati seguendo le più recenti e vigenti Linee Guida nazionali (ICMS, 2008) e regionali (DGR 564/2021).

In tal senso il tratto costiero è stato suddiviso secondo 10 zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo e rappresentativo (vedi figura 16 e Tavola 1), i cui parametri sismici caratteristici, vengono riferiti a condizioni di pericolosità attese per un periodo di ritorno di 475 anni e sono sinteticamente riepilogati al Par. 2.3 della presente relazione.

Si ricorda infatti che le analisi di RSL a fini di progettazione esecutiva dovranno essere condotte in ottemperanza alle specifiche indicazioni/prescrizioni della normativa sismica vigente (NTC2018), adottando idonei parametri di riferimento e set di accelerogrammi specificamente spettro-compatibili agli spettri elastici di riferimento per le tipologie, classi di rischio e tempi di ritorno relativi alle opere in progetto.

Un utile riferimento in fase di decisionale e di progettazione risultano essere al proposito le indicazioni ed aspetti procedurali previsti con DGR 1814/2020 in relazione alle analisi contenute nella presente relazione ed a quanto sintetizzato in Tav. 1, Tav. 5 e Tav. 6.

Nell'ambito del presente studio sono inoltre state condotte analisi/valutazioni di approfondimento inerenti il potenziale di liquefazione dei terreni incoerenti sabbiosi appartenenti al cuneo deposizionale marino, evidenziando in condizioni di *free field (con riferimento al p.c. attuale)* un potenziale di liquefazione IPL (Iwasaki 1982-85 / Sonmez 2003) generalmente “Alto” ($IPL>5$). In alcuni tratti di arenile, coerentemente agli studi di MS3 realizzati dal Comune di Rimini, si rilevano zone contraddistinte da $IPL\geq 15$ (potenziale molto alto). Gli andamenti generali di tale parametro vengono illustrati in Tavola 2. Altri indicatori utilizzabili per stimare la pericolosità dei fenomeni di liquefazione attesi riguardano i cedimenti post-sismici ed LSN (liquefaction severity number) rispettivamente riportati sia nei report di calcolo agli allegati 2 e 3 che in Tavola 3 e 4.

L'assetto litostratigrafico generale rilevato lungo la fascia costiera viene riportato in Tavola n. 7.1 e 7.2. In linea generale, nell'ambito di ciascuna zona omogenea, si può stimare un aumento tendenziale della pericolosità per liquefazione procedendo dal lungomare (storicamente zona di massima altezza della duna principale e con depositi superficiali maggiormente addensati) verso la battigia; ciò è imputabile alla progressiva riduzione della soggiacenza avvicinandosi alla linea di riva (con falda stabile al piano campagna), contestualmente all'incremento di gradiente topografico ed al maggiore rimaneggiamento degli orizzonti superficiali per azione del mare. Inoltre osservando la "Carta delle isopotenziali di liquefazione" (Tavola 2), è possibile apprezzare trend generali per cui i valori di IPL e, quindi, di pericolosità per liquefazione, tendano ad aumentare progressivamente verso le zone costiere centrali e verso l'estremità di Rimini Nord. Nel primo caso i valori più significativi si rilevano presso Marina Centro, soprattutto in corrispondenza delle zone RNS_01 e parte di RNS_02, ove gli spessori del prisma sabbioso tendono a valori massimi. Un'anomalia nei trend generali è rappresentata dai depositi presenti nella zona centrale di "interdigitzazione" (RNC) ricompresa fra il Deviatore Marecchia ed il Portocanale, ove l'assetto stratigrafico risulta più articolato e maggiormente influenzato dall'interazione con le dinamiche e depositi fluviali e, localmente, anche dalla attività antropiche ivi realizzate. Ciò porta a rilevare maggiori intercalazioni con livelli ghiaiosi/addensati (strutture di paleocanale/barra di foce) e/o coesivi con conseguente riduzione locale dei valori di pericolosità, conducendo comunque sempre a valori di $IPL \geq 5$. Dagli studi di MS3 a monte del Lungomare, tuttavia, i valori di pericolosità risultano aumentare nuovamente nell'ambito di un'ampia zona a potenziale elevato/molto elevato per liquefazione. Anche in prossimità del portocanale, all'altezza delle aree di piano lungo via destra del porto, si rilevano strutture di paleolaveo/barra di foce individuabili come corpi ghiaiosi metrici localizzati, in grado di mitigare moderatamente il potenziale di liquefazione locale; in tali situazioni andrà attentamente valutato l'assetto stratigrafico locale in relazione anche alle modalità di intervento ed alla possibilità di manifestazione di fenomeni di lateral spreading.

Diversamente presso Rimini Nord, sebbene gli spessori complessivi del cuneo sabbioso risultino inferiori, gli orizzonti superficiali (Unità A - Lit. S) presentano uno spessore esiguo ed un minor grado di addensamento, riducendo quel potenziale effetto di confinamento attribuibile ad una crosta superficiale stabile; oltretutto anche gli orizzonti maggiormente critici dell'Unità B (Lit. H-AL) evidenziano generalmente un minor stato di addensamento.

Per le finalità del presente studio, ai fini di pianificazione urbanistica e per le indicazioni realizzative generali, si ritiene che la campagna geognostica eseguita, unitamente alla base dati di archivio, risulti di ottima qualità ed esaustiva sia per la densità di verticali d'indagine che per la tipologia delle prove effettuate, oltretutto coerente anche con gli esiti di precedenti studi condotti sull'arenile a fini di pianificazione urbanistica (es. Parco del Mare, Piano Arenile 2004).

Le verifiche di calcolo, estese su tutto il territorio, condotte su verticali selezionate e ritenute rappresentative, forniscono un quadro complessivo degli andamenti riscontrati su scala areale; in tali verifiche, nel rapporto CRR/CSR (tra resistenza e domanda ciclica), coerentemente al metodo utilizzato (Robertson 2009-2015), si adotta un fattore di sicurezza di base $FS=1,2$, mantenuto intrinsecamente per la stima di tutti gli indicatori di rischio correlati (IPL, ΔS ed LSN,).

Si ribadisce come gli scenari attesi e derivabili dai metodi semplificati possono, comunque, essere significativamente influenzati da ulteriori variabili sito specifiche e sismogenetiche quali:

- Fenomeni di direzionalità dell'azione sismica e tipologia di faglia
- Distanza epi/epocentrale, contenuto in frequenza, durata della fase forte, ecc.
- condizioni idrogeologiche e/o di drenaggio locale
- configurazioni geomorfologiche particolari e/o mancanza di contenimento laterale dei terreni (es. presenza di declivio, corsi d'acqua di significative dimensioni e profondità, banchine portuali, strutture arginali, ecc.)
- presenza di carichi piezometrici e/o falde in pressione
- presenza di gas nel sottosuolo
- fenomeni di interazione terreno struttura e/o presenza di sovraccarichi o carichi concentrati
- preesistenza di sforzi di taglio in condizioni statiche

In allegato n. 2 si riportano i report sintetici delle verifiche a liquefazione effettuate su ciascuna area, mentre in allegato n. 3 vengono illustrate le tabelle parametriche riepilogative di tutti i corrispondenti valori di IPL, LSN e cedimento calcolati per ciascuna zona a comportamento dinamico omogeneo ed in condizioni di campo libero (free-field).

Tutte le aree analizzate hanno presentato un $IPL>5$. Qualora opere edilizie, infrastrutture o aree di previsione urbanistica ricadano a cavallo dei limiti di potenziale di liquefazione di riferimento (es. $IPL=15$) e/o di zone caratterizzate da differente fattore di amplificazione sismica, sarà opportuno associare ad esse il parametro di pericolosità più conservativo nell'ambito di variazione; nel caso le aree o infrastrutture interessate da tale intersezione risultino di significativa estensione, tale approccio andrà adottato per un congruo tratto od estensione funzionale al mantenimento delle prestazioni attese per l'infrastruttura e/o area interessata.

Le valutazioni sopra effettuate rappresentano un utile inquadramento sull'andamento del pericolo di liquefazione e dei fattori parametrici ad esso correlabili. Tuttavia in sede progettuale esecutiva sarà opportuno valutare puntualmente la compatibilità e la ricaduta delle risultanze di ulteriori verifiche in relazione al grado di rischio connesso, i piani di posa dei manufatti, le caratteristiche delle strutture (geometriche, in elevazione e fondazionali) e realizzative (dimensionamento geotecnico, modalità operative, eventuali interventi di mitigazione, drenaggio, miglioramento dei terreni, ecc.), le prestazioni attese dalle opere e la relativa funzionalità.

Considerati l'entità dei fenomeni e gli aspetti di non linearità ipotizzabili circa il comportamento dinamico/ciclico dei terreni, all'occorrenza e/o in fase di progettazione esecutiva, soprattutto per opere strategiche e/o di rilevanza, potrà essere opportuno un approfondimento di studio tramite analisi della risposta sismica di sito con metodi di calcolo non lineari ed in tensioni efficaci, opportunamente calibrati con prove di laboratorio cicliche, in grado di stimare con maggior precisione i fenomeni deformativi e le sovrappressioni interstiziali attesi in condizioni sismiche.

Pertanto in base alle valutazioni complessive sopra citate, considerate le tipologie degli interventi previsti ed in merito agli effetti di sito inerenti il potenziale di liquefazione ($IPL>5$), è ragionevolmente ipotizzabile utilizzare le risultanze delle analisi sismiche, definendo due tipologie d'intervento per le opere da realizzare:

- Per manufatti precari, per manufatti permanenti di modeste dimensioni e ritenuti di scarsa rilevanza strutturale, per percorsi ciclo-pedonali e passeggiate, per attrezzature di spiaggia, per la normale attività balneare di spiaggia, per attrezzature dedicate ad attività ludico-sportive-ricreative, per modesti rilevati stradali, per infrastrutture tecnologiche ordinarie (non strategiche), per opere di rinaturalizzazione e di tutela delle aree a verde si ritiene ammissibile intervenire tramite fondazioni dirette. L'incastro ed il corretto dimensionamento delle opere fondali sarà determinato in sede di progettazione esecutiva tenendo conto oltre che della tipologia dell'opera anche dei sedimenti potenziali. In ogni caso una idonea valutazione circa le metodologie di intervento più appropriate a garantire un grado di sicurezza adeguato per il sistema opera/terreno dovrà essere condotta dal Progettista incaricato in fase esecutiva in funzione del grado di rischio/classe d'uso connessi all'opera ed al suo utilizzo nonché del relativo tempo di vita nominale.
- Per manufatti permanenti, di maggiori dimensioni e ritenuti di rilevanza strutturale, per infrastrutture tecnologiche strategiche e/o condizioni di significativo rischio connesso all'opera ed al suo utilizzo (in virtù della classe d'uso, del livello di presenza/permanenza delle persone o di situazioni di affollamento), al fine di inibire/mitigare la suscettibilità alla liquefazione dei depositi incoerenti e di omogeneizzarne il comportamento geomeccanico, occorrerà valutare l'approntamento di interventi preliminari di stabilizzazione, miglioramento e/o di drenaggio dei terreni di fondazione nel volume di interesse. In tal caso potranno essere adottate fondazioni superficiali di tipo diretto da dimensionare in funzione delle prestazioni attese e del grado di stabilizzazione/miglioramento ottenuto nel volume di terreno di interesse per le specifiche opere. In mancanza di altre soluzioni percorribili e/o come precisa scelta progettuale nella fase esecutiva, si potrà ricorrere all'utilizzo di fondazioni profonde adeguatamente dimensionate alle azioni di taglio ed alla mancanza di adesione laterale negli orizzonti dell'Unità A e B; andranno tenuti in debito conto possibili effetti di attrito negativo/trascinamento a seguito del riaddensamento dei terreni potenzialmente liquefacibili e/o coesivi soggetti a degradazione ciclica.

Soluzioni alternative potranno essere ammissibili solo se adeguatamente motivate sotto il profilo tecnico-realizzativo, previo significativo approfondimento di indagine (in situ ed in laboratorio)

e di analisi della risposta sismica di sito tramite metodi di calcolo avanzati di tipo non lineare ed in tensioni efficaci, opportunamente calibrati con prove di laboratorio cicliche, in grado di stimare con maggior precisione i fenomeni deformativi e le sovrappressioni interstiziali attesi nelle condizioni sismiche di progetto. In tale contesto dovrà altresì essere adeguatamente valutato il comportamento atteso per il sistema opera-terreno al fine di garantire le necessarie condizioni prestazionali e di sicurezza.

Naturalmente in fase esecutiva rimane in ambito discrezionale del progettista l'adozione dei parametri di pericolosità e di azione sismica ai fini delle verifiche di calcolo ed analisi geotecniche in funzione della tipologia di opera e delle relative classi d'uso, vita nominale, grado di rischio connesso all'opera. In ogni caso le valutazioni andranno approfondite puntualmente in relazione alle quote dei piani di posa, ai carichi insistenti nonché alle modalità realizzative delle opere in progetto e delle prestazioni attese dalle stesse e, pertanto, anche in base a quanto espresso al paragrafo 7.11.3.4.3 delle NTC “*L'adeguatezza del margine di sicurezza nei confronti della liquefazione deve essere valutata e motivata dal progettista*”.

Anche la scelta delle tipologie fondazionali e dei relativi piani di posa, nonchè degli approcci metodologici corretti per gli eventuali sbancamenti, le opere di drenaggio e/o di contenimento, saranno effettuati in sede di progettazione esecutiva, tenendo conto di quanto sopra riportato e di quanto già illustrato e prescritto nella relazione Geologica redatta dagli scriventi, datata Novembre 2023.

Rimini, Novembre 2023



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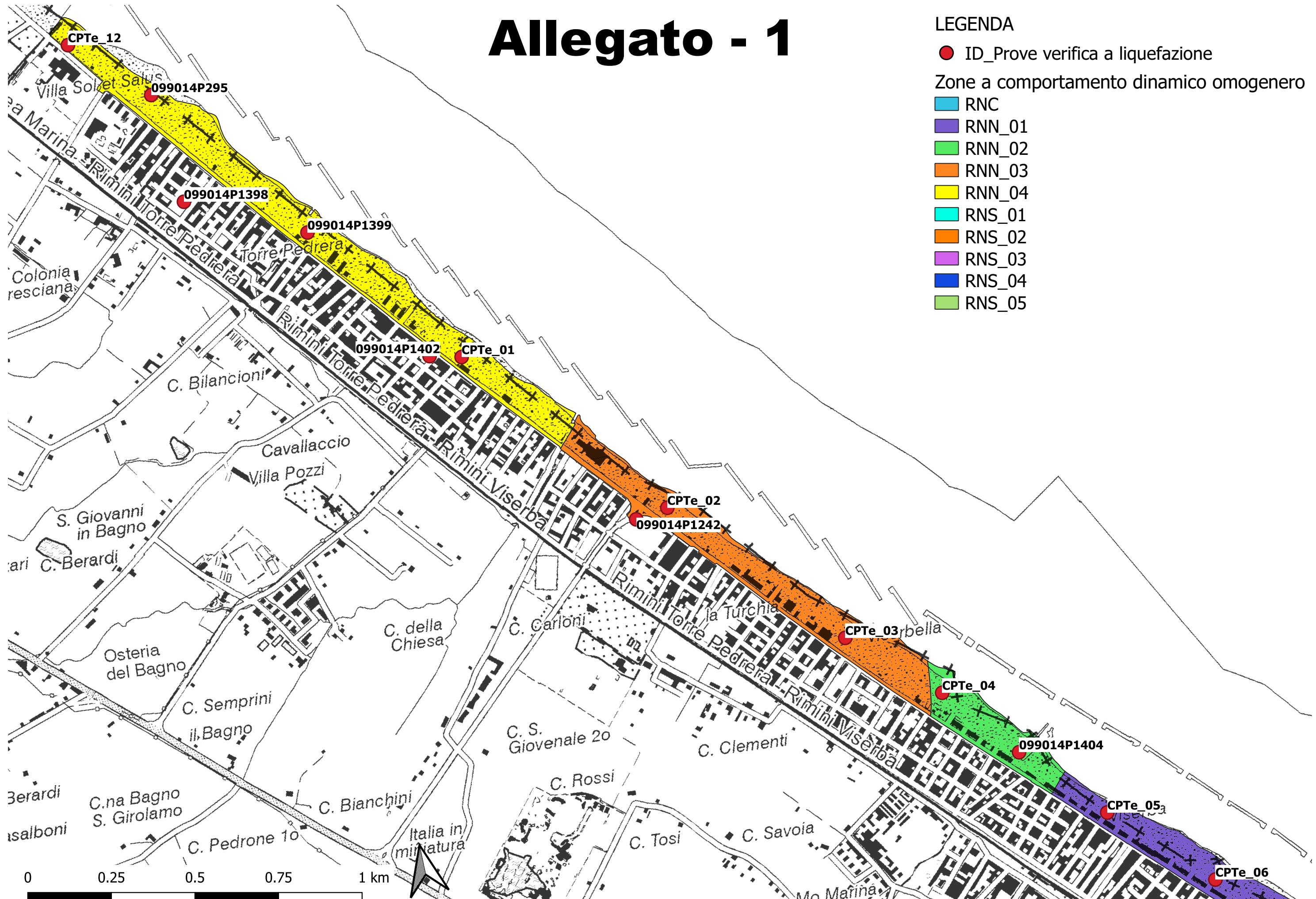
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ALLEGATI

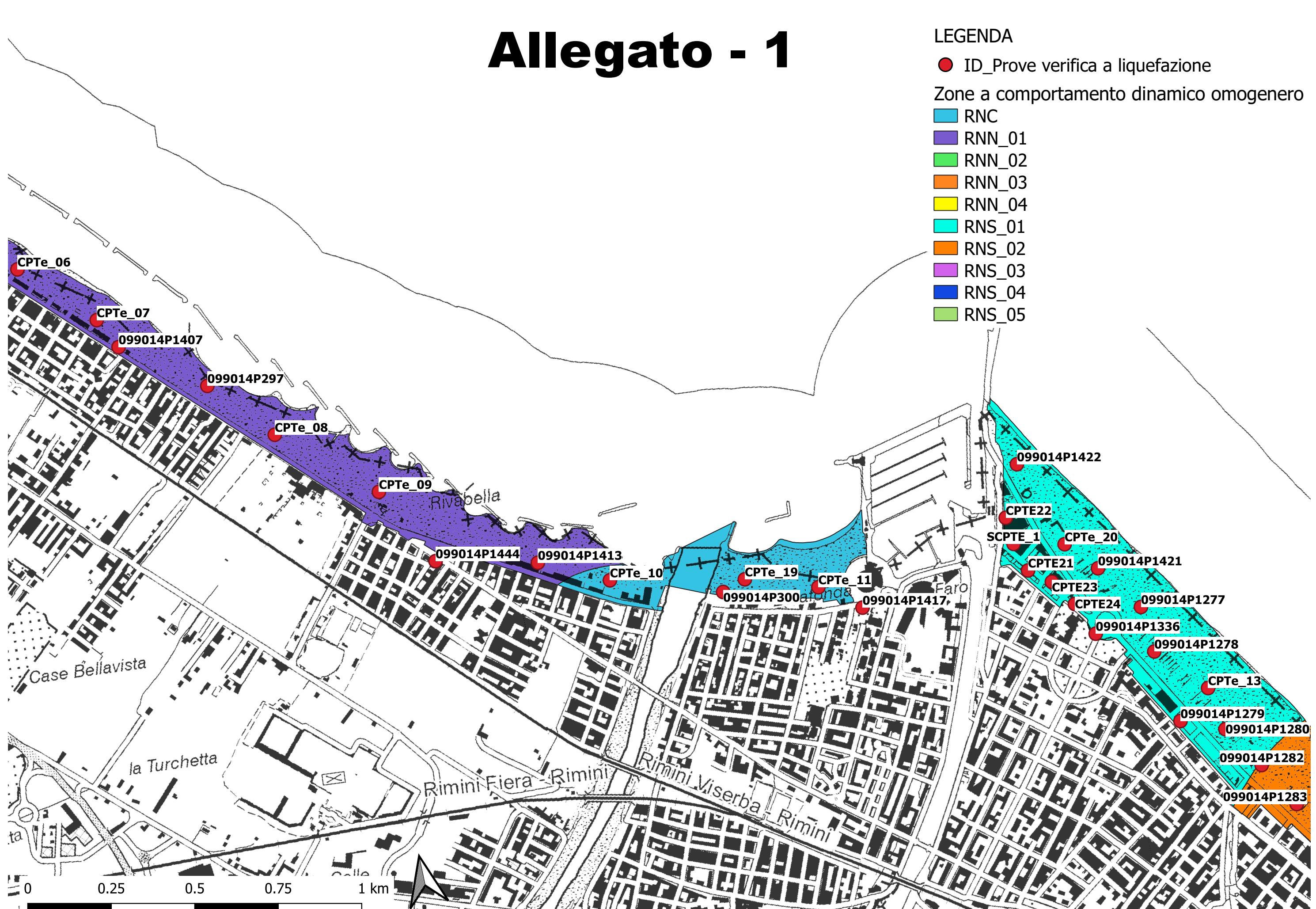
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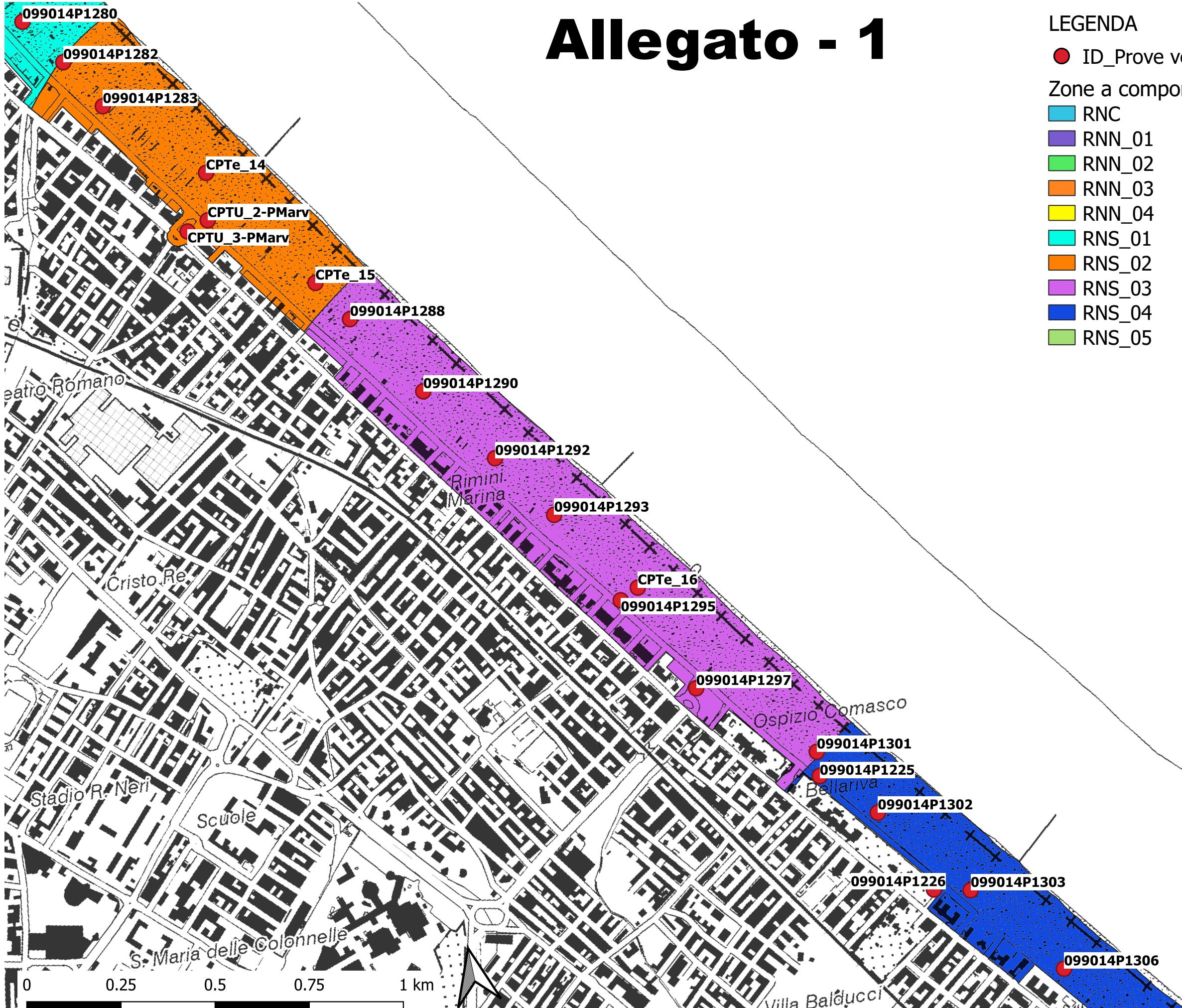
Allegato - 1

LEGENDA

- ID_Prove verifica a liquefazione
- Zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo
 - RNC
 - RNN_01
 - RNN_02
 - RNN_03
 - RNN_04
 - RNS_01
 - RNS_02
 - RNS_03
 - RNS_04
 - RNS_05



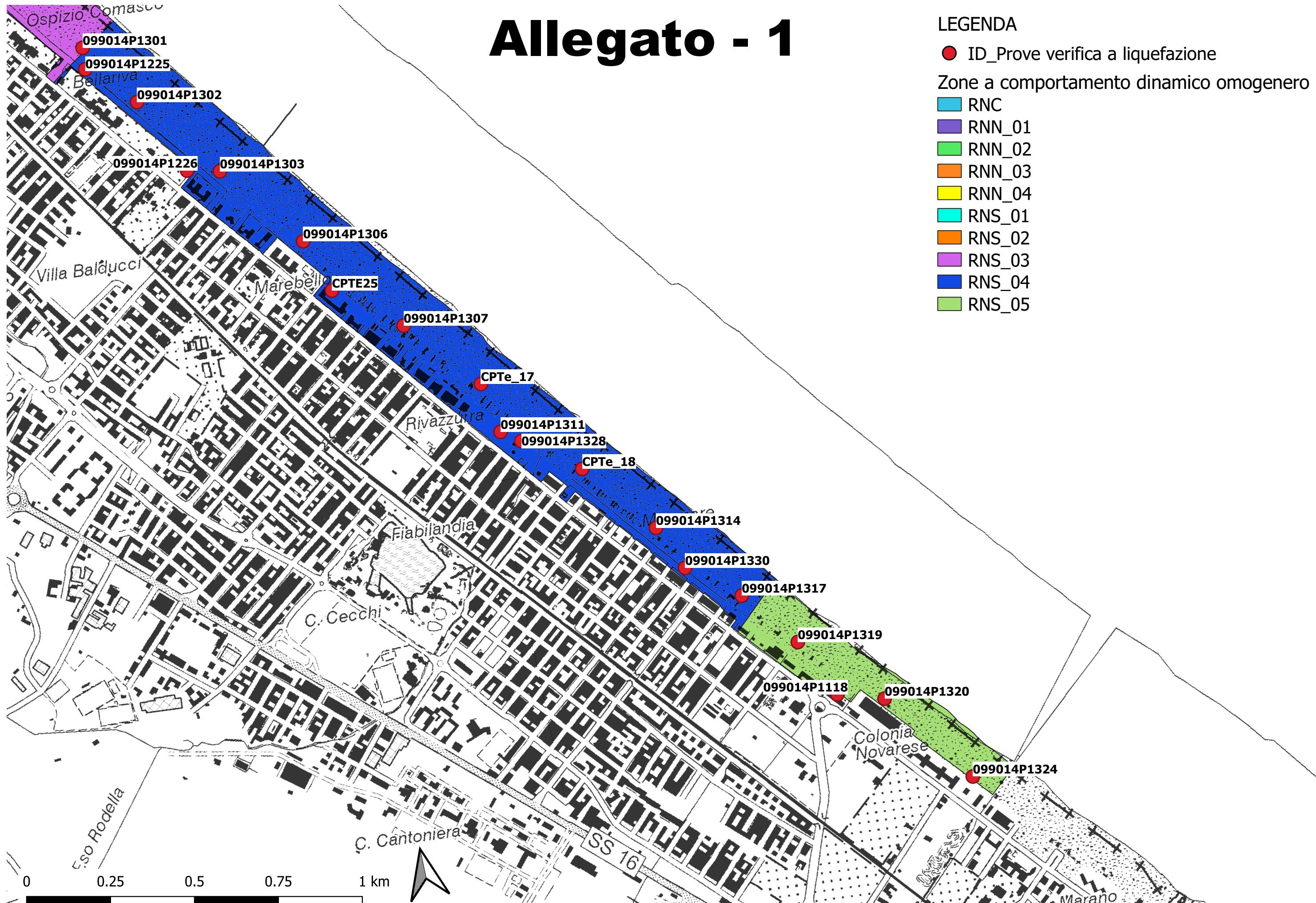
Allegato - 1



LEGENDA

- ID_Prove verifica a liquefazione
- Zone a comportamento dinamico omogeneo
 - RNC
 - RNN_01
 - RNN_02
 - RNN_03
 - RNN_04
 - RNS_01
 - RNS_02
 - RNS_03
 - RNS_04
 - RNS_05

Allegato - 1



ALLEGATO N. 2

REPORT VERIFICHE DI LIQUEFAZIONE

REPORT - ZONA RNN_04

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

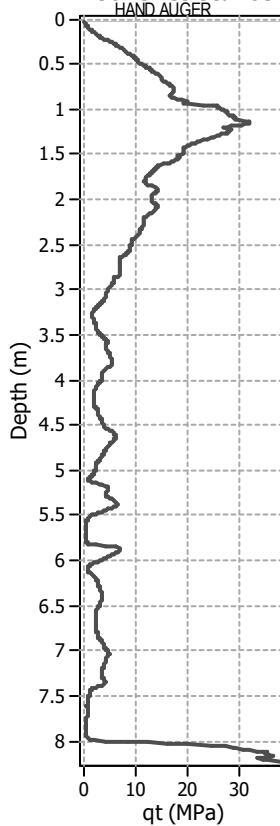
Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_12

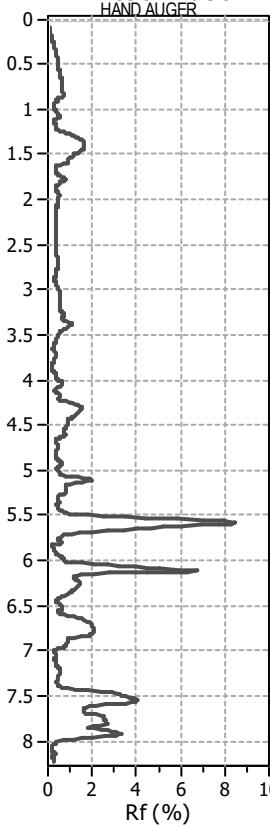
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.10 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |

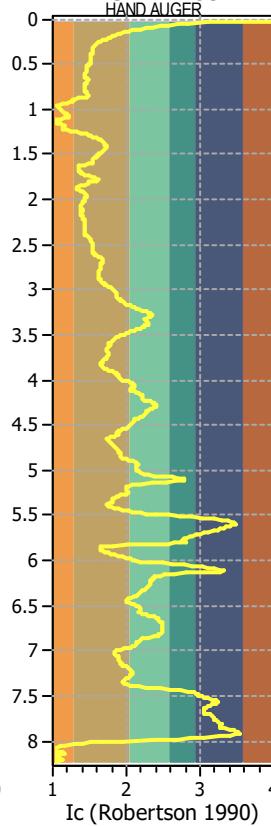
Cone resistance
HAND AUGER



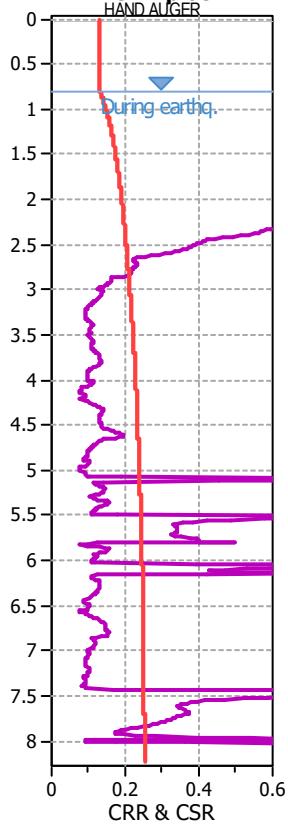
Friction Ratio
HAND AUGER



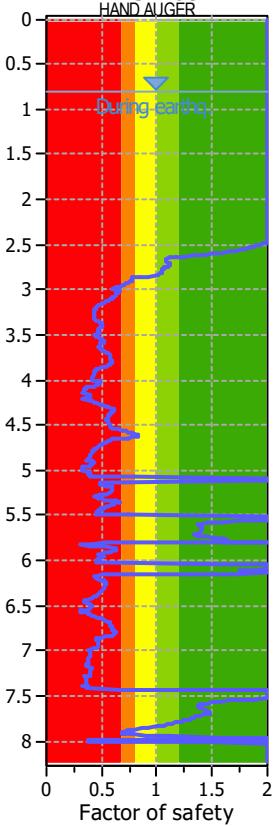
SBTn Plot
HAND AUGER



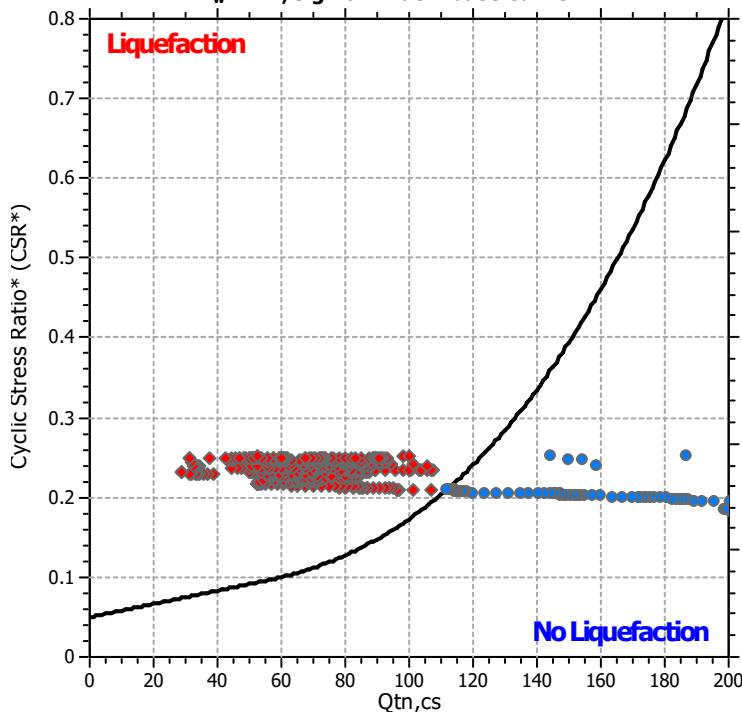
CRR plot
HAND AUGER



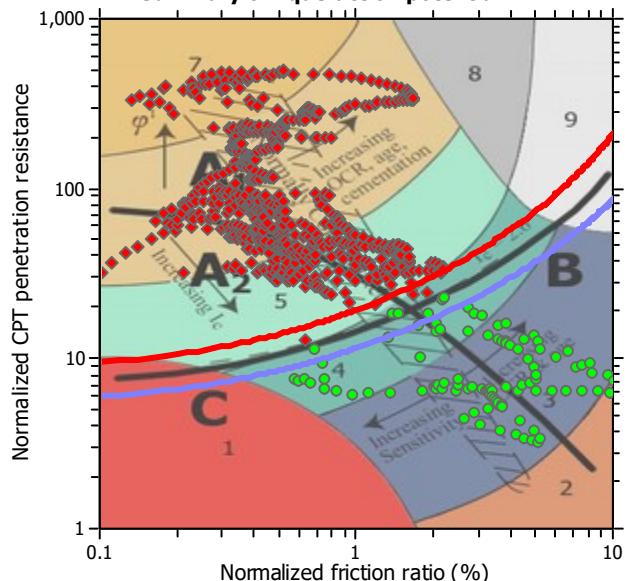
FS Plot
HAND AUGER



$M_w = 7^{1/2}$, $\sigma' = 1$ atm base curve

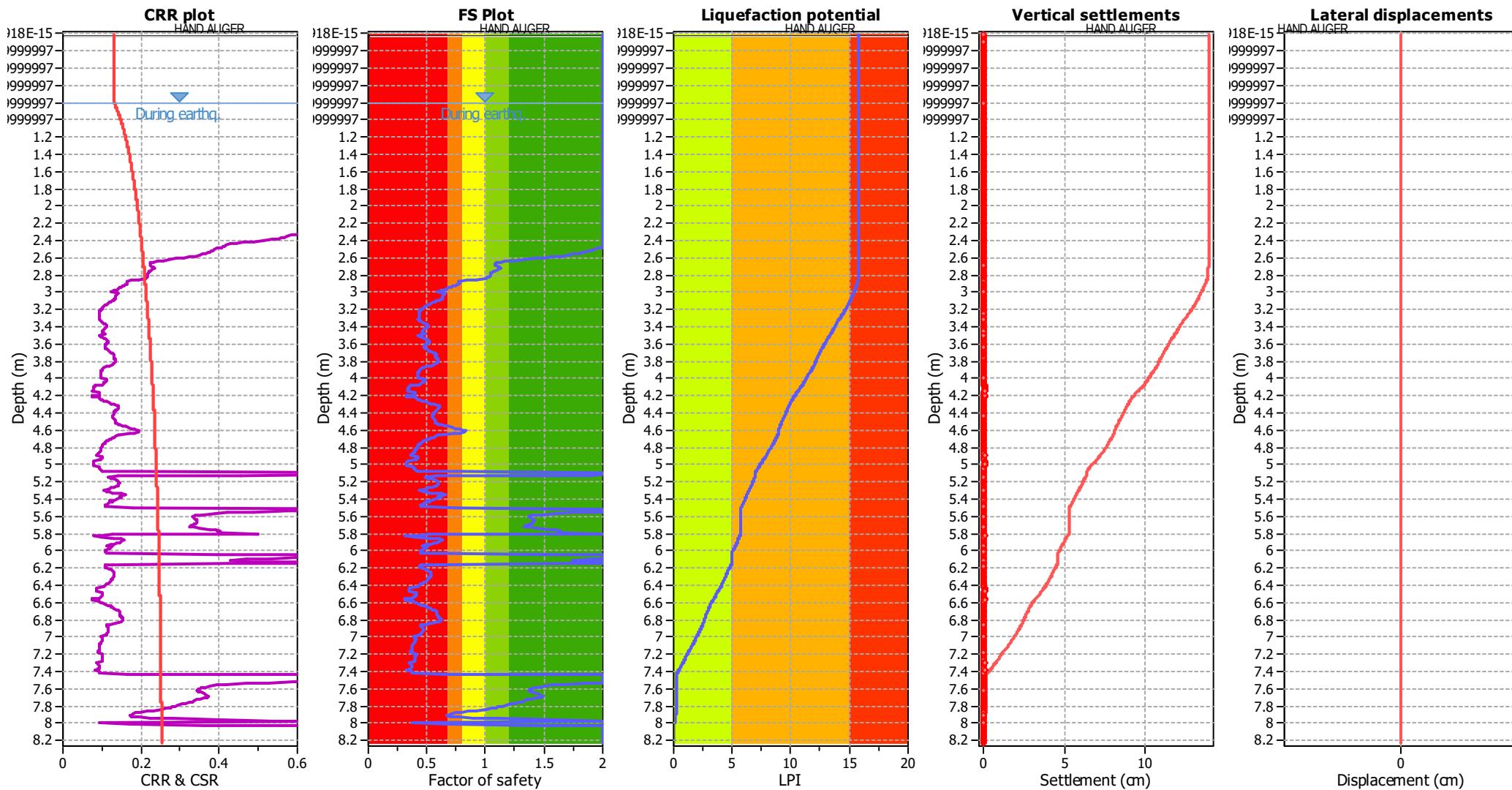


Summary of liquefaction potential



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

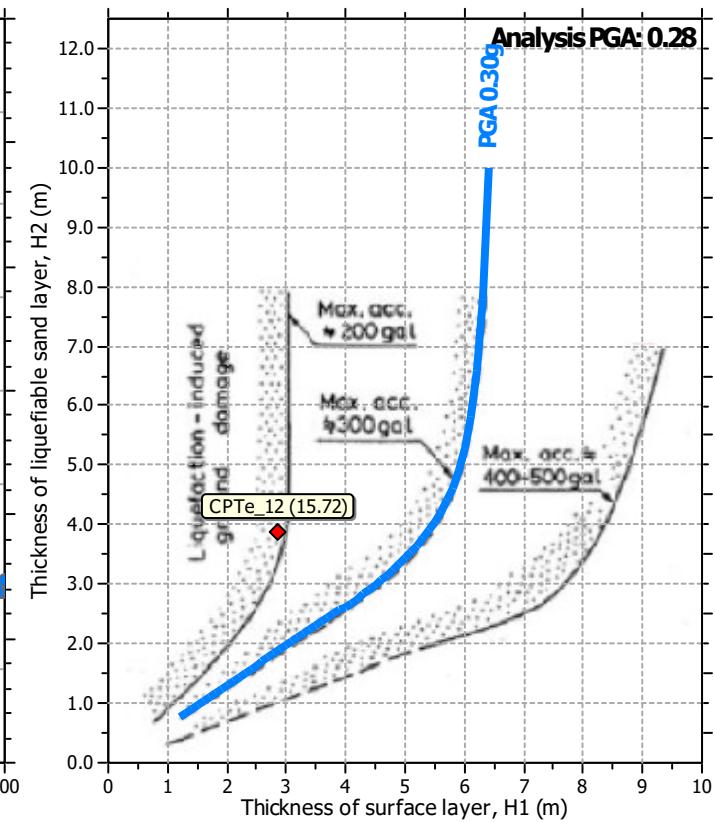
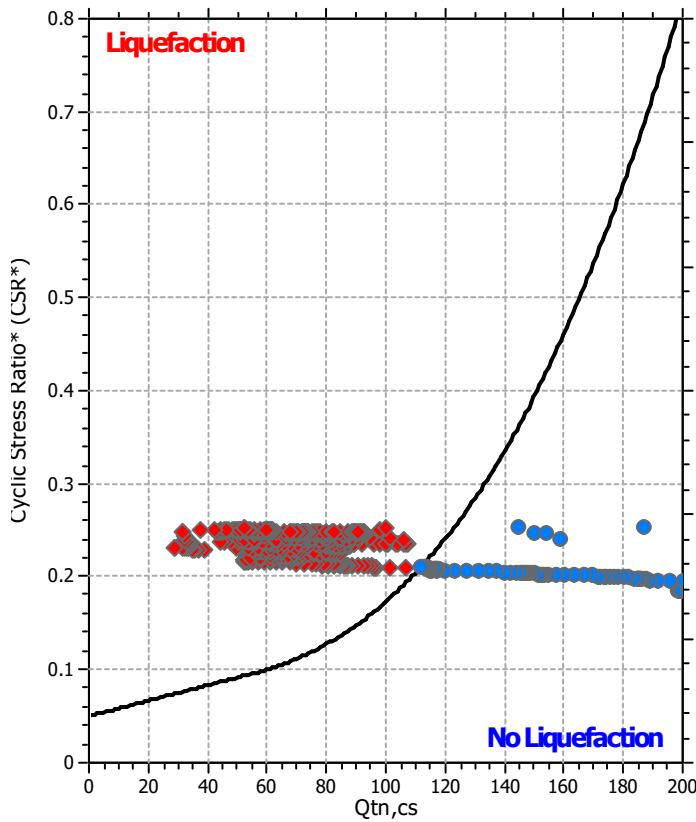
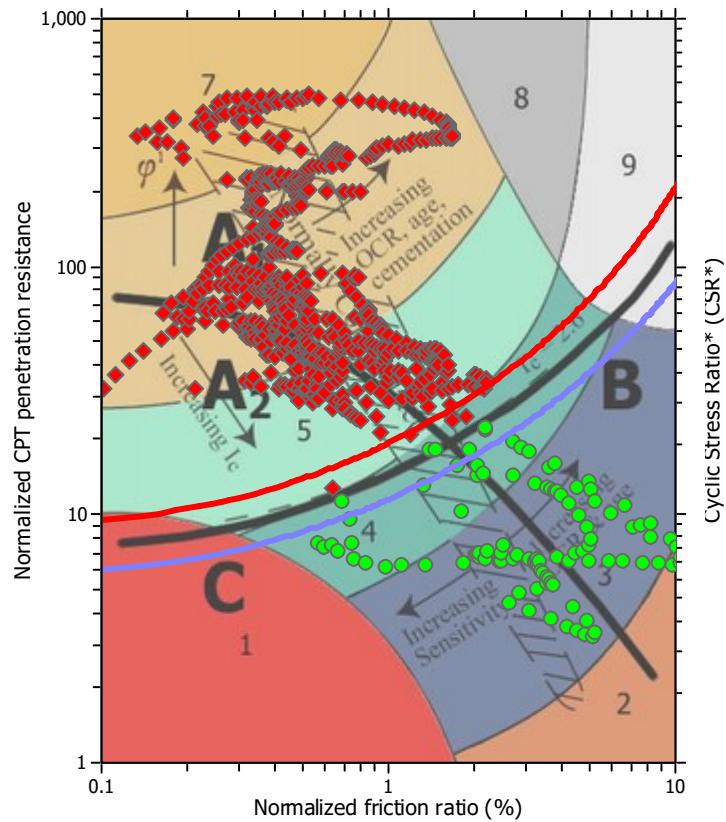
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

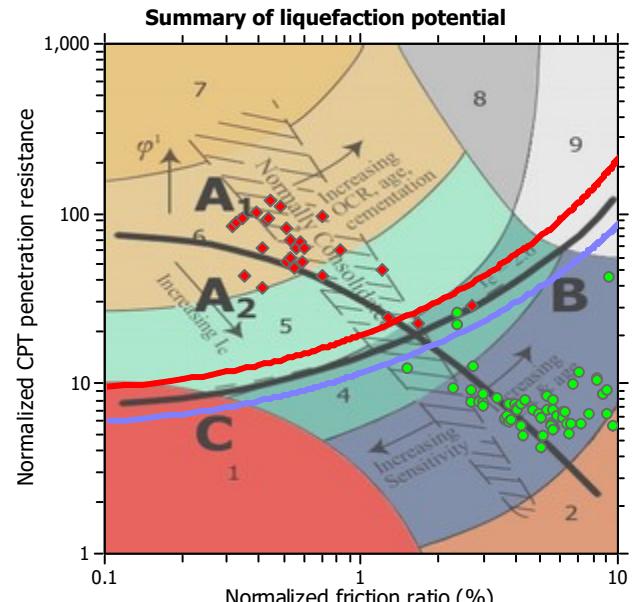
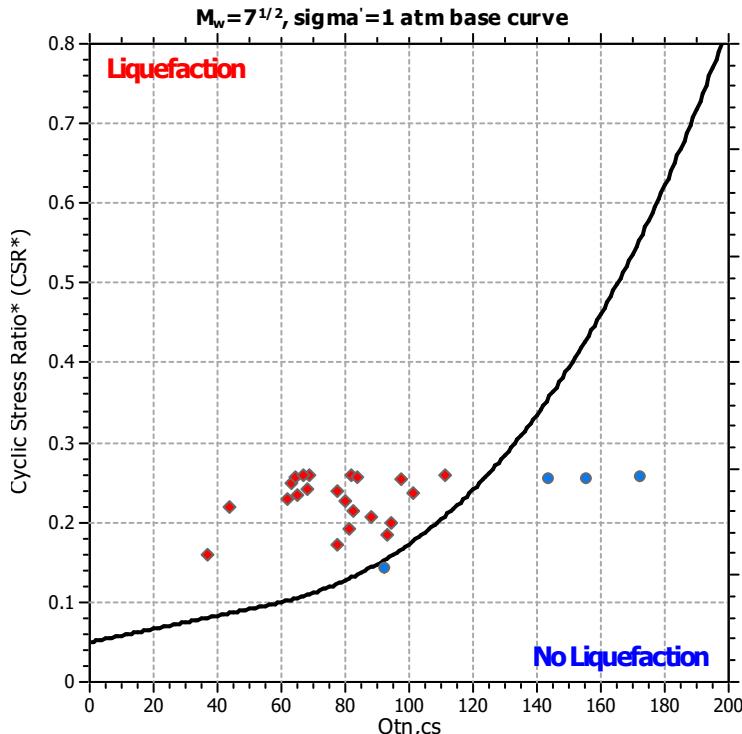
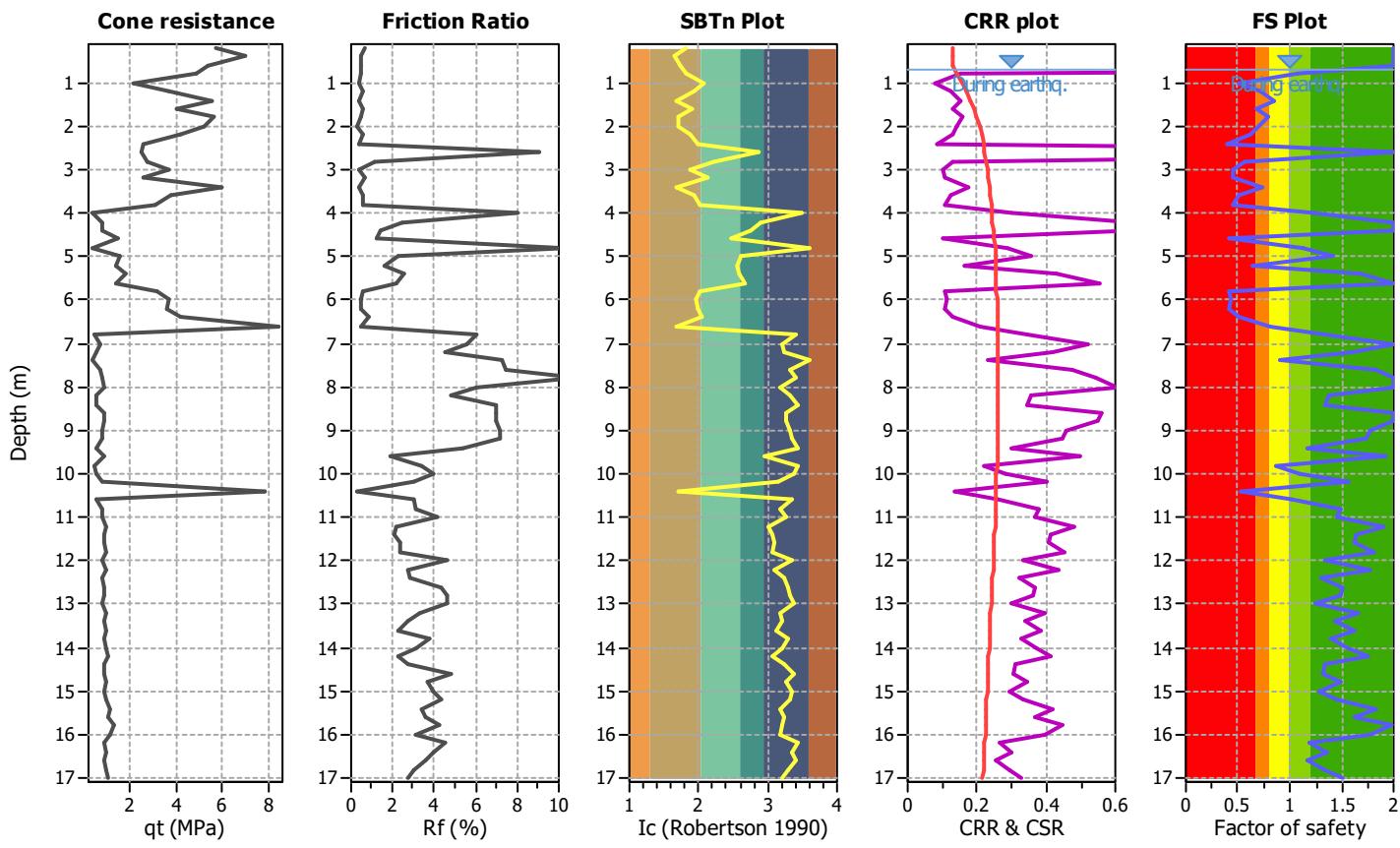


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

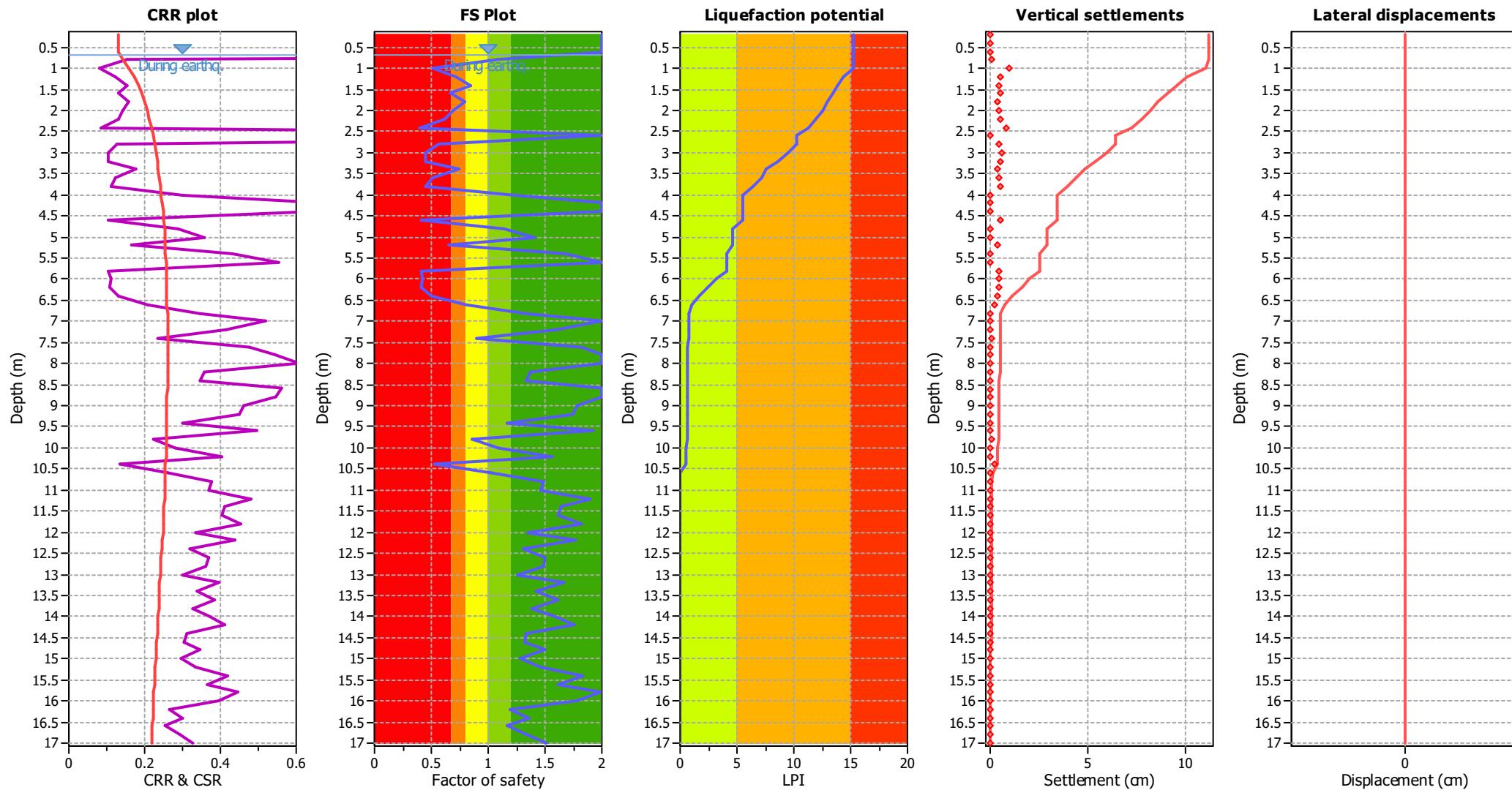
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P295
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.90 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 1 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

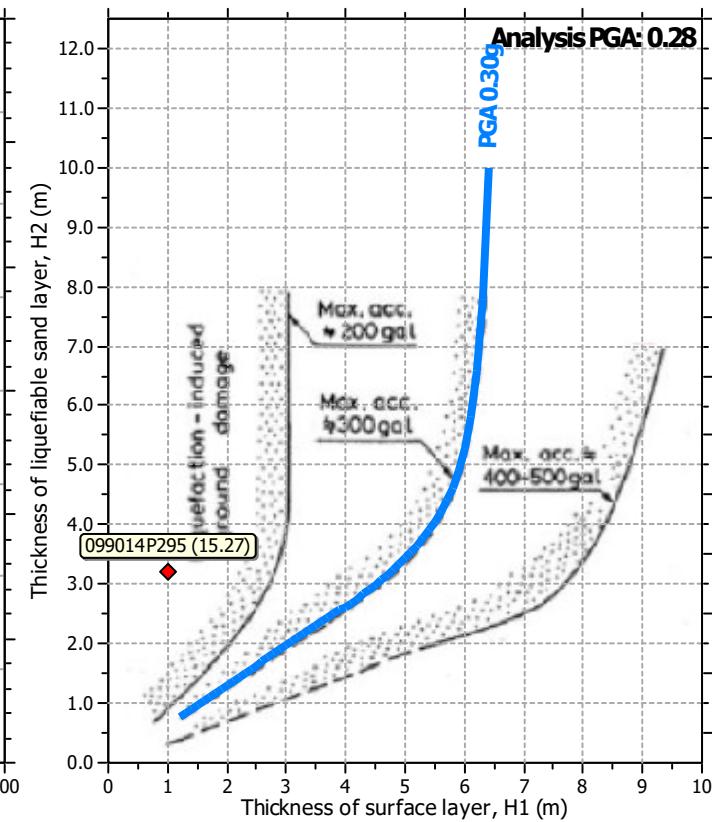
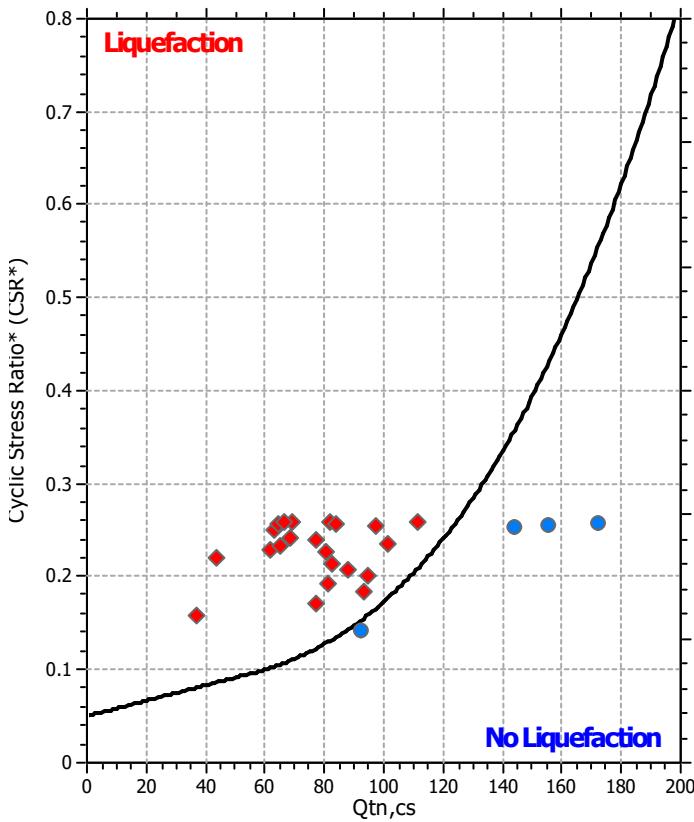
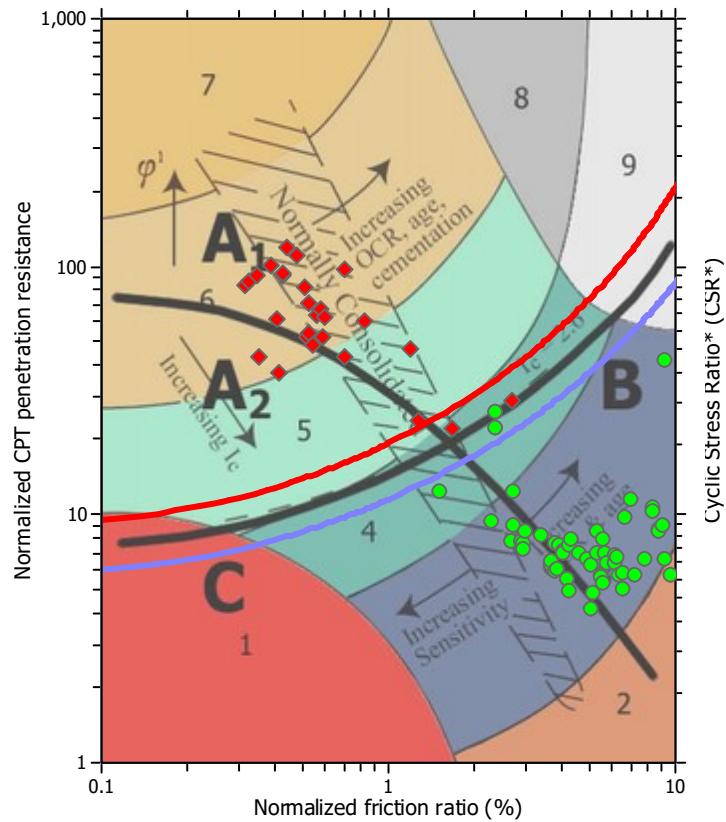
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

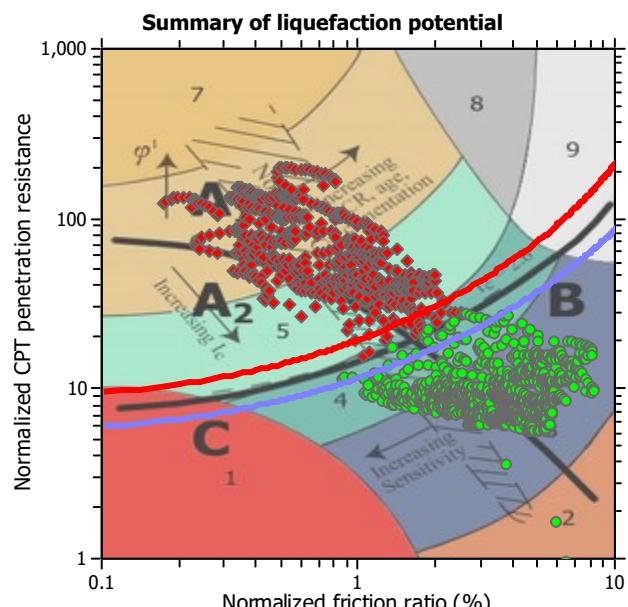
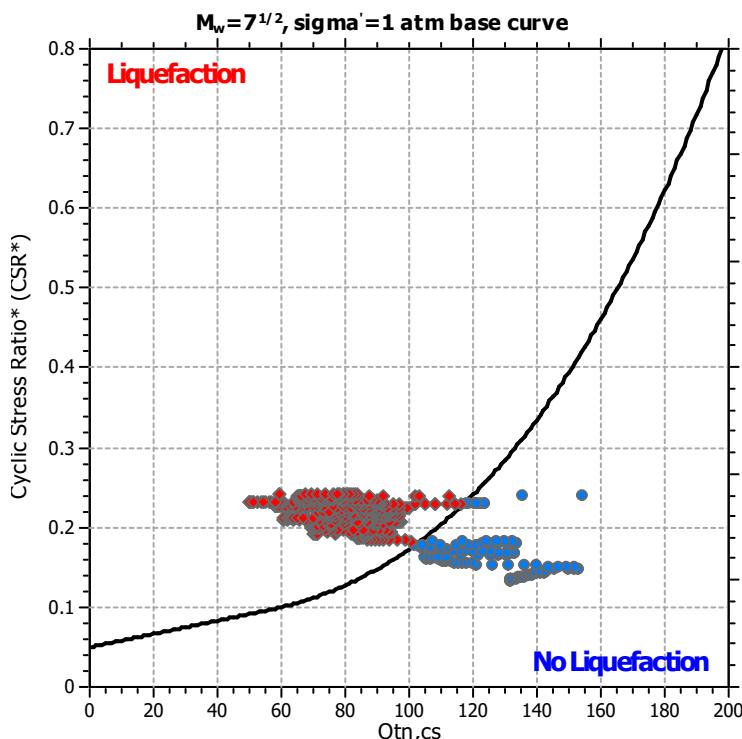
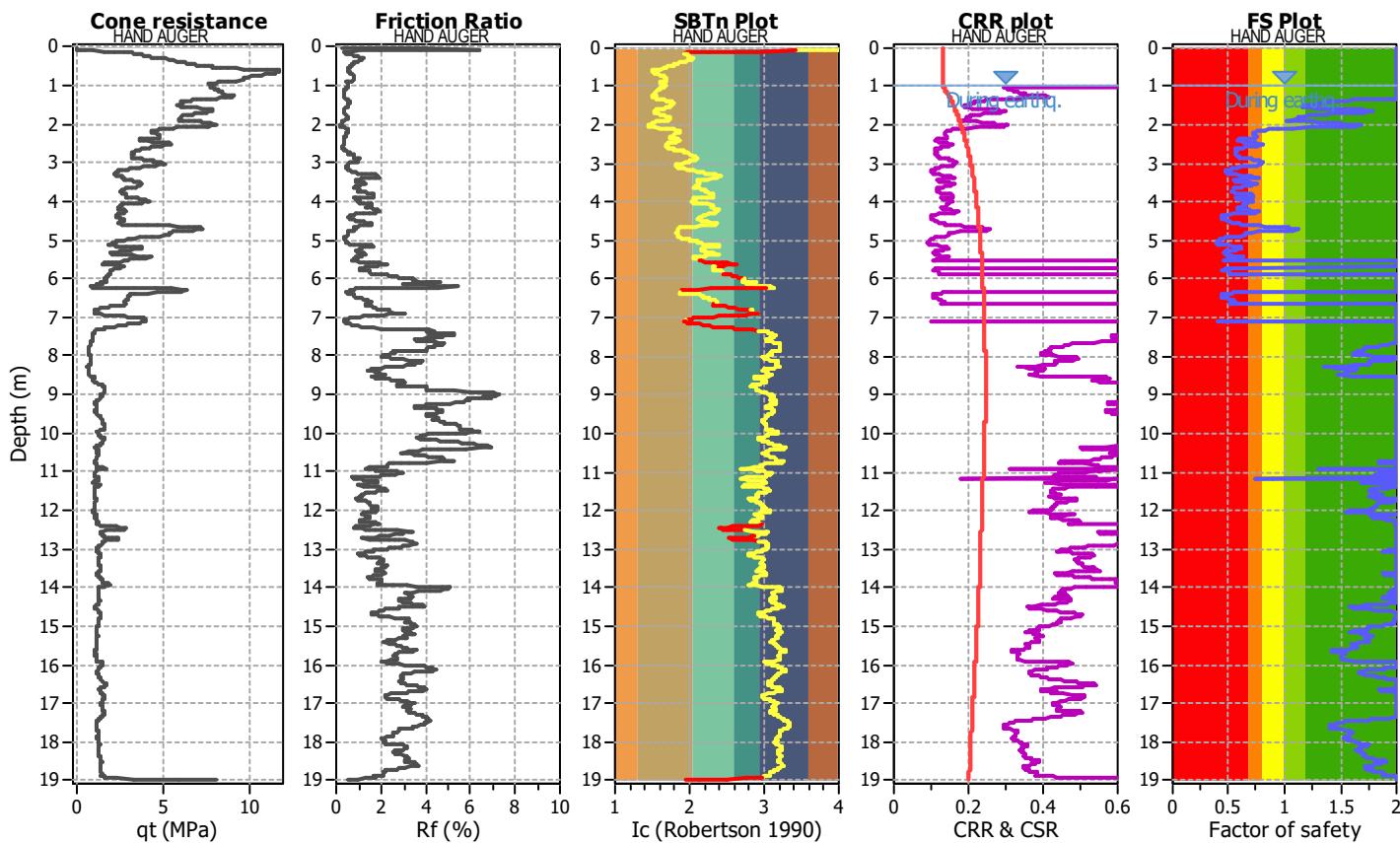


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

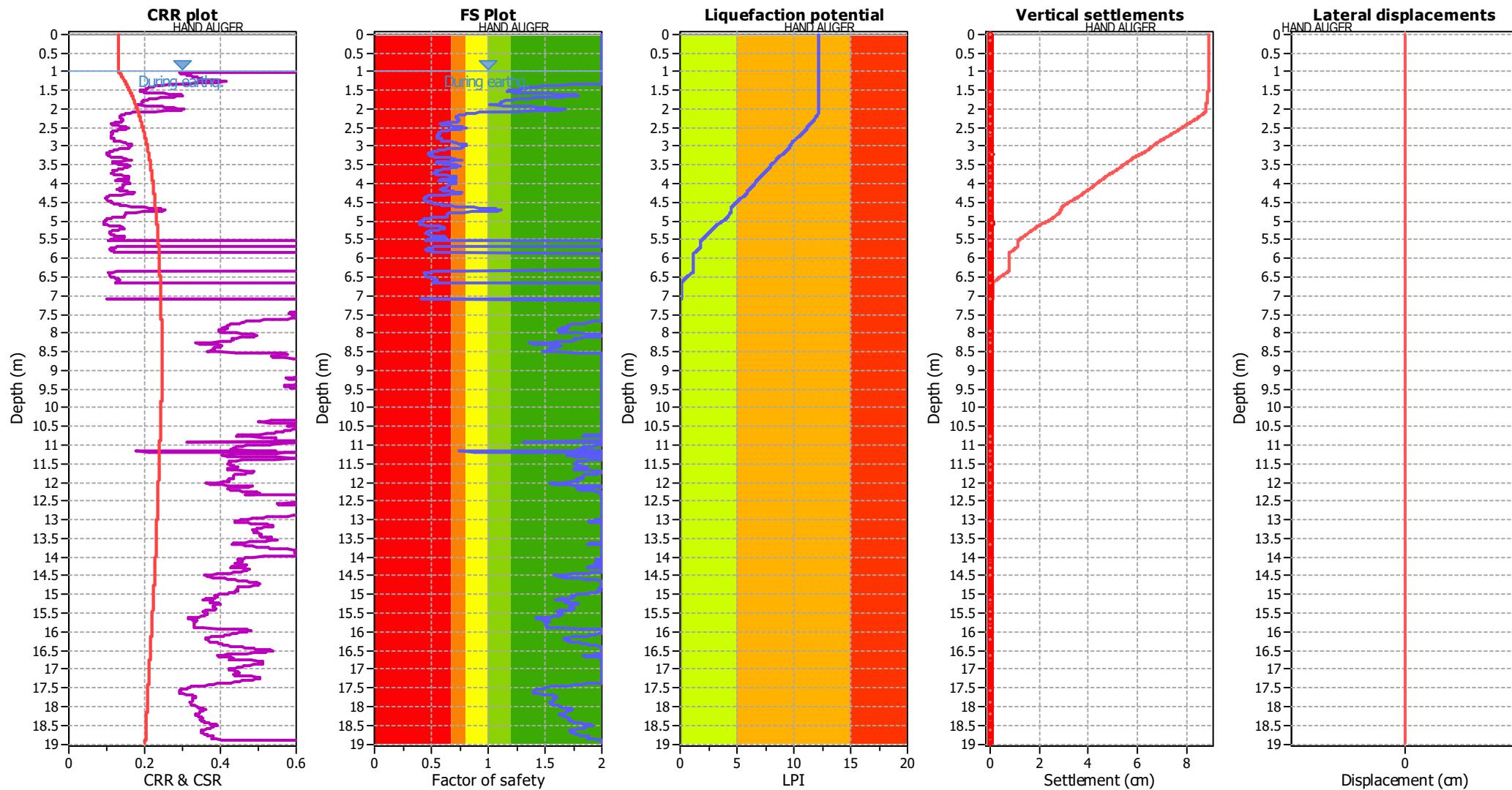
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1398
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

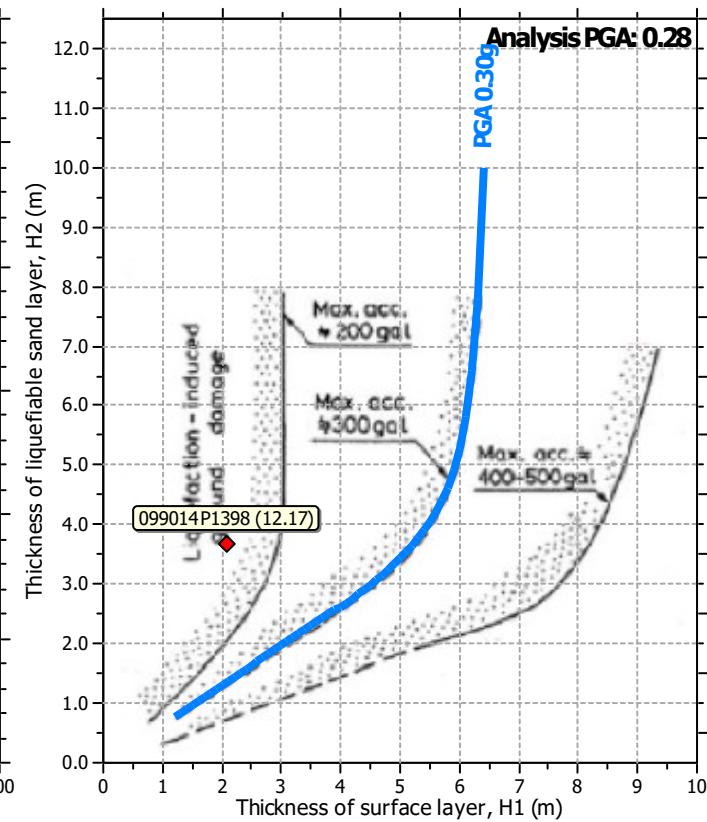
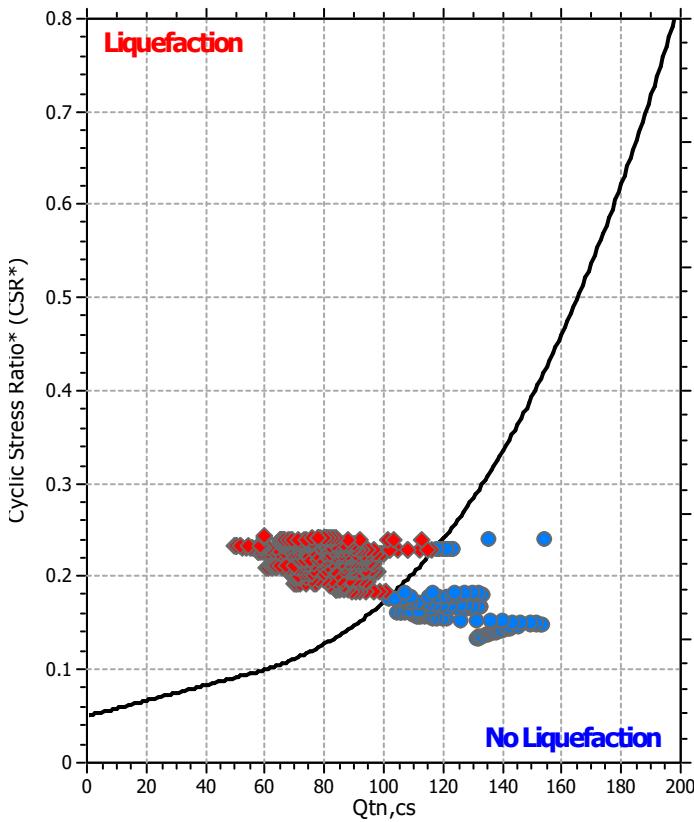
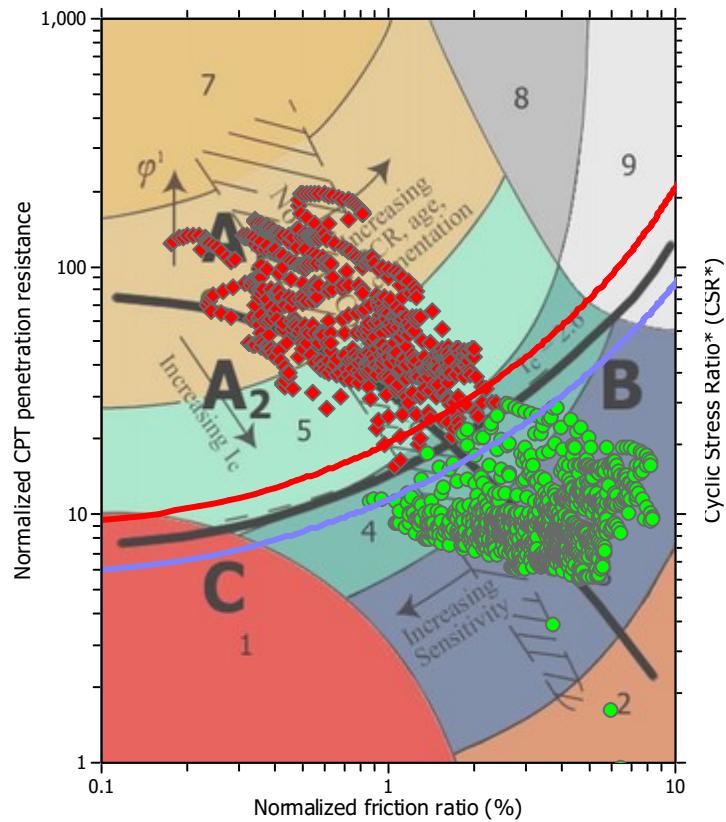
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |
| █ | Medium risk |
| █ | Low risk |
| █ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

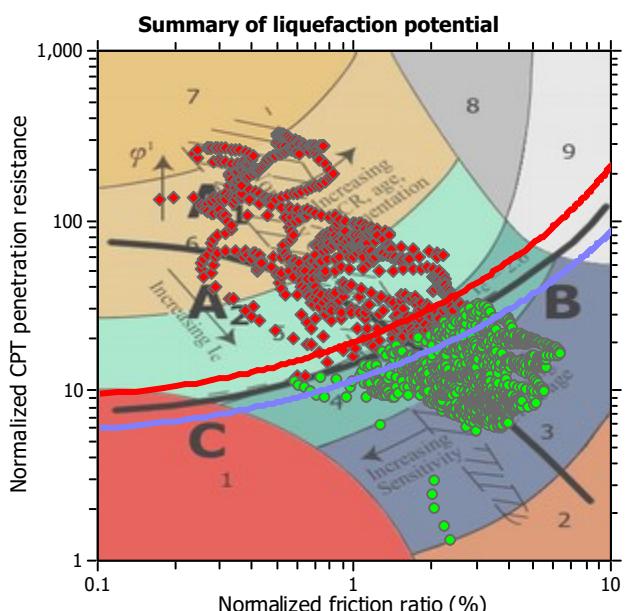
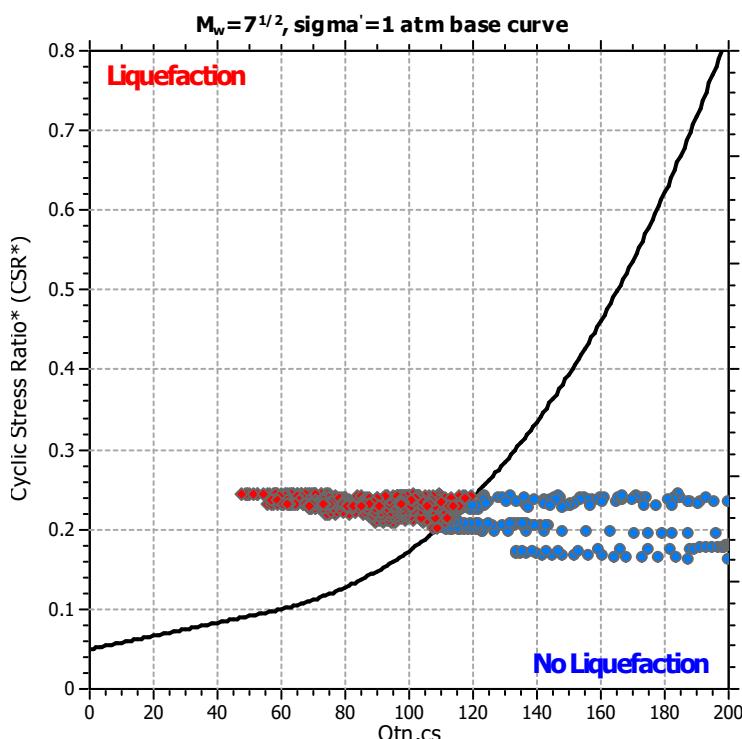
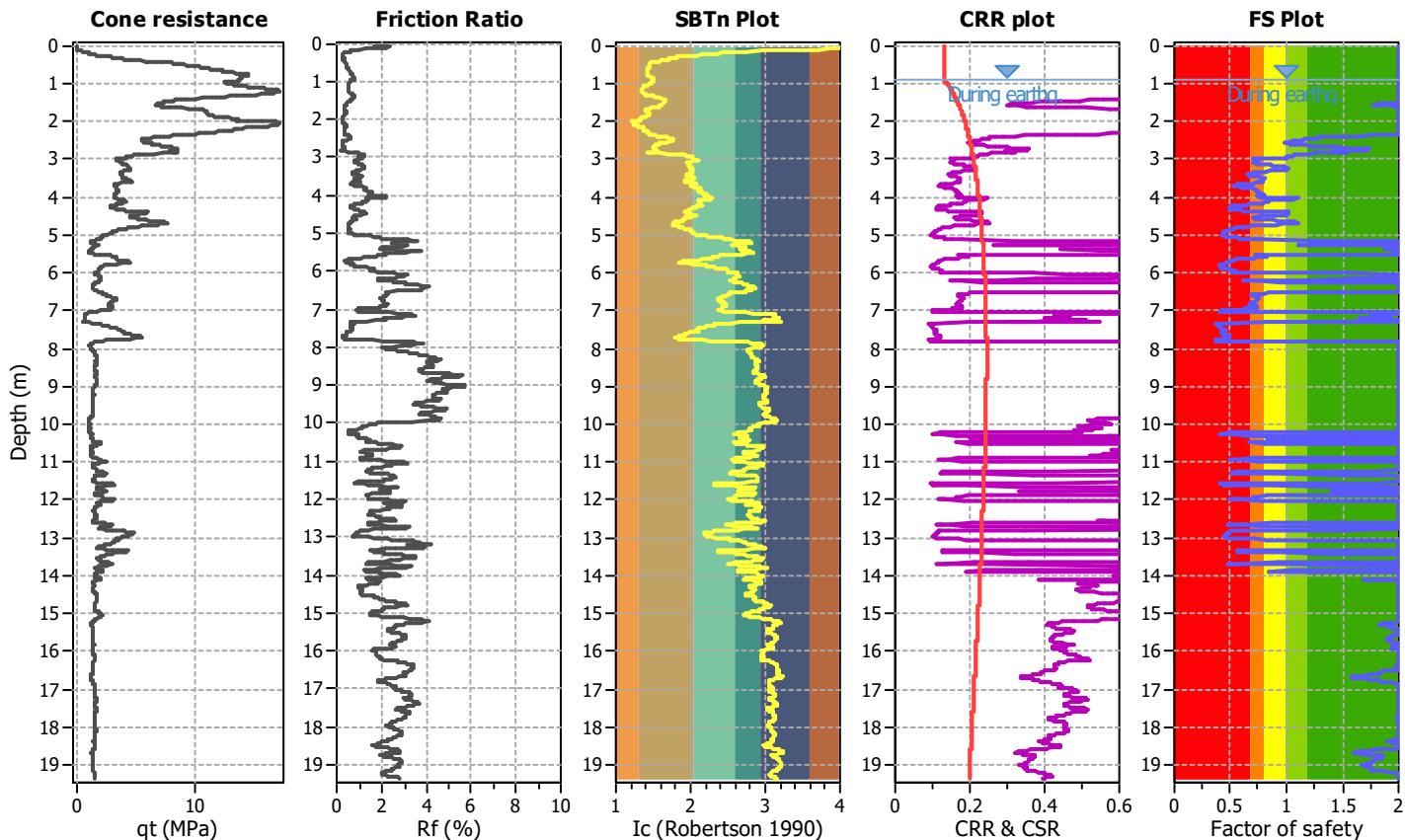
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1399

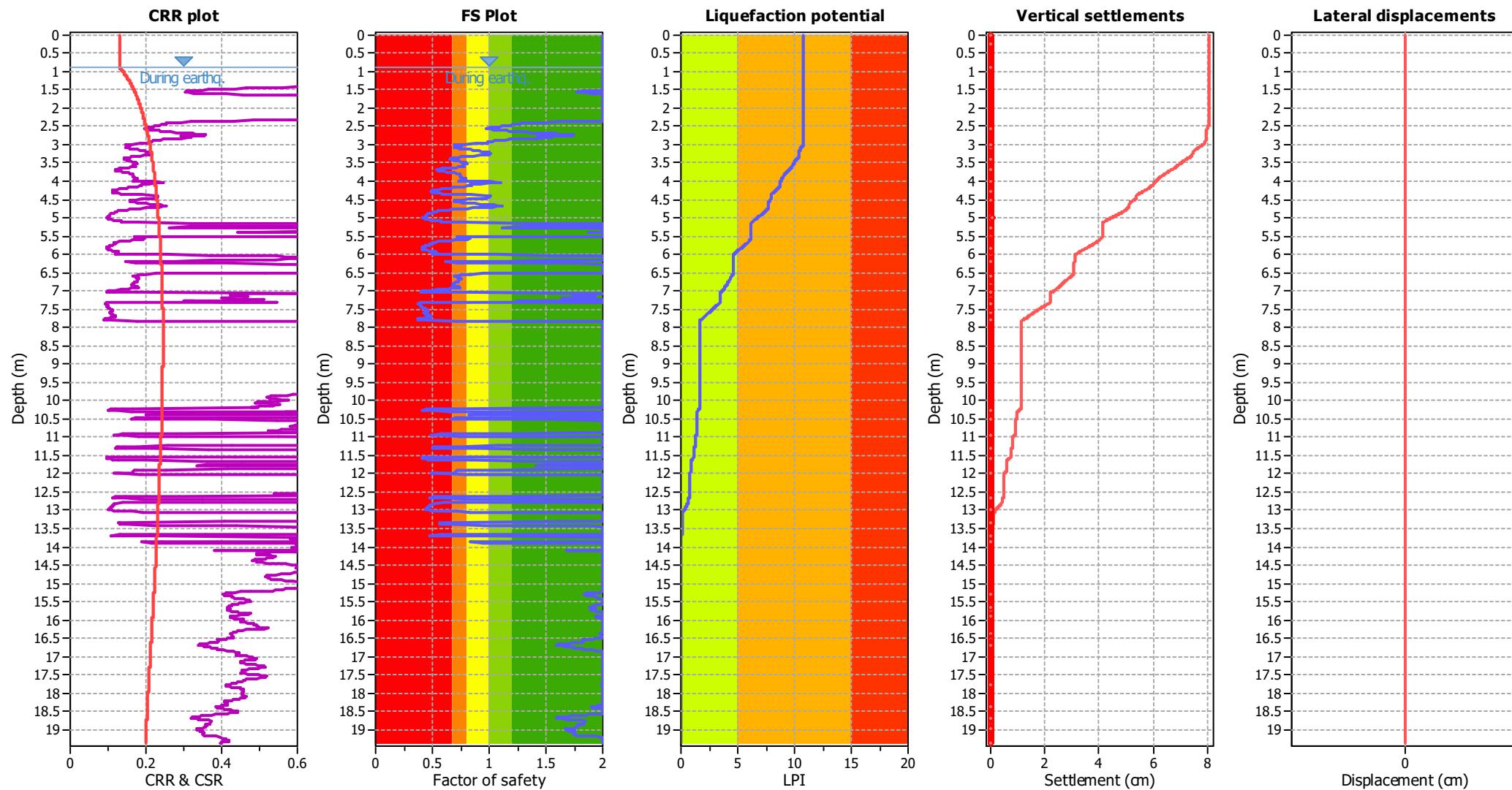
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.90 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.90 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

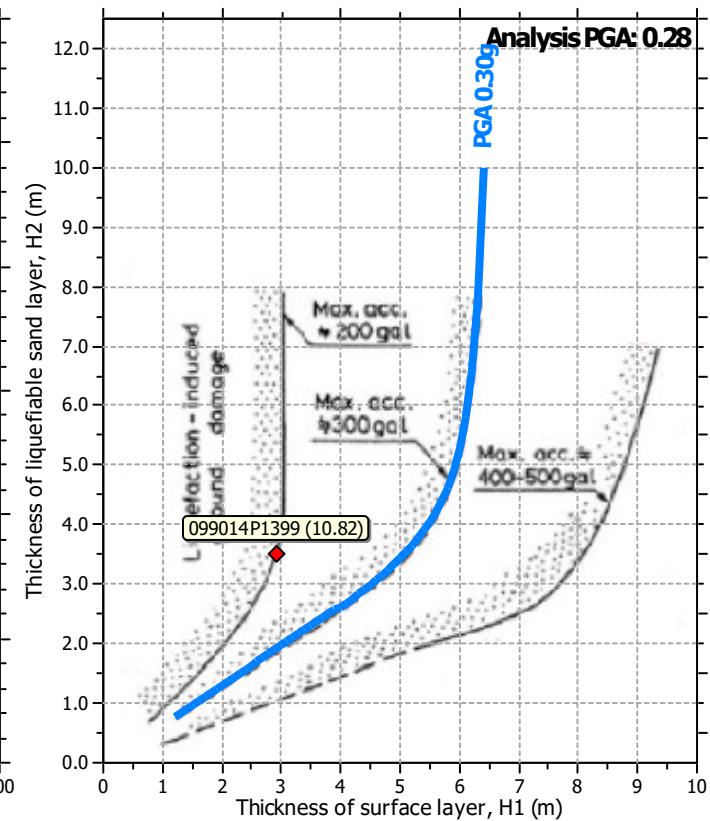
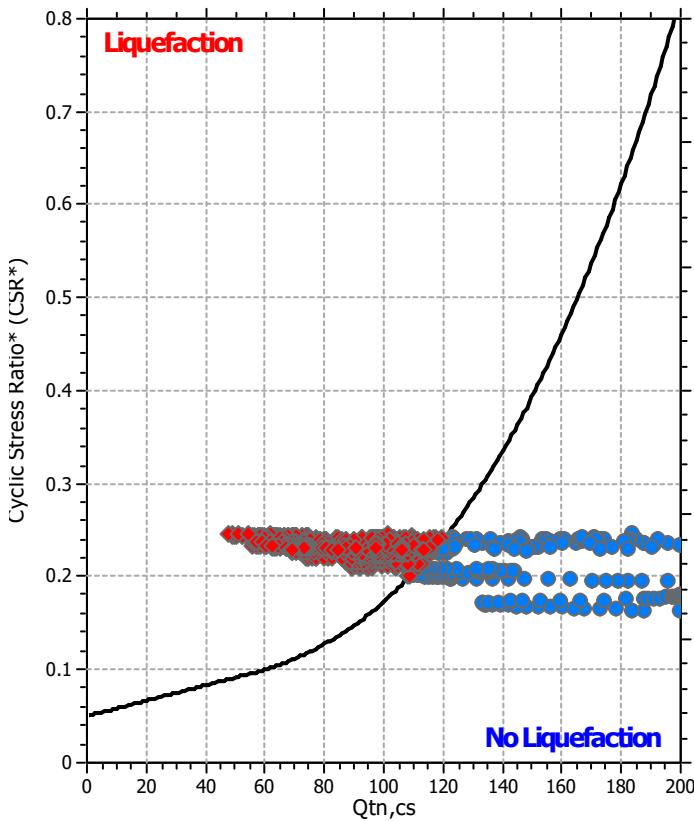
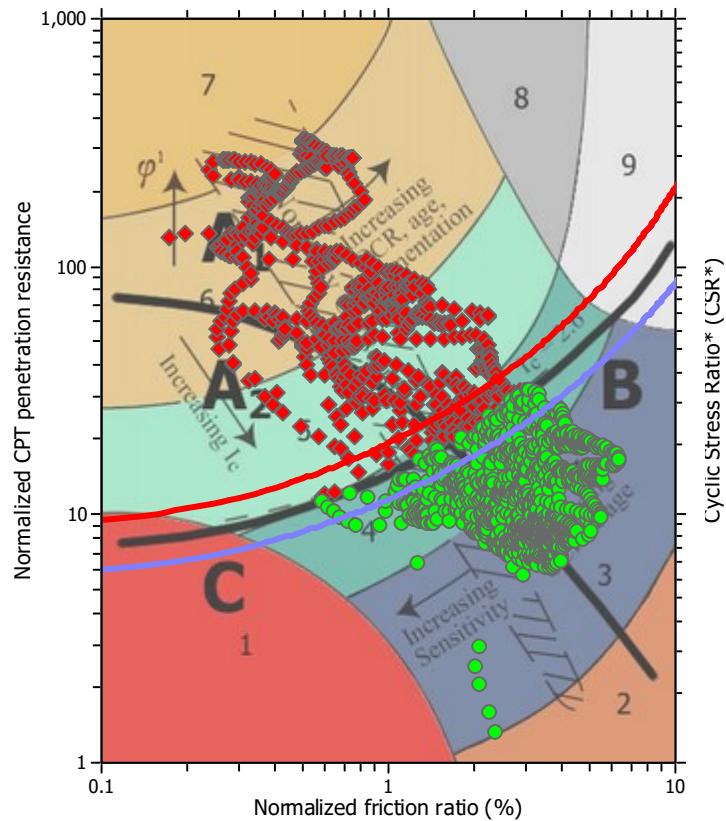
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.90 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

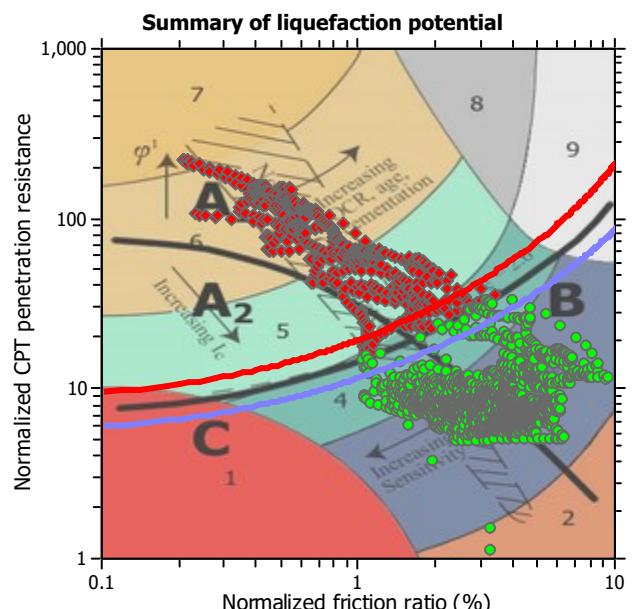
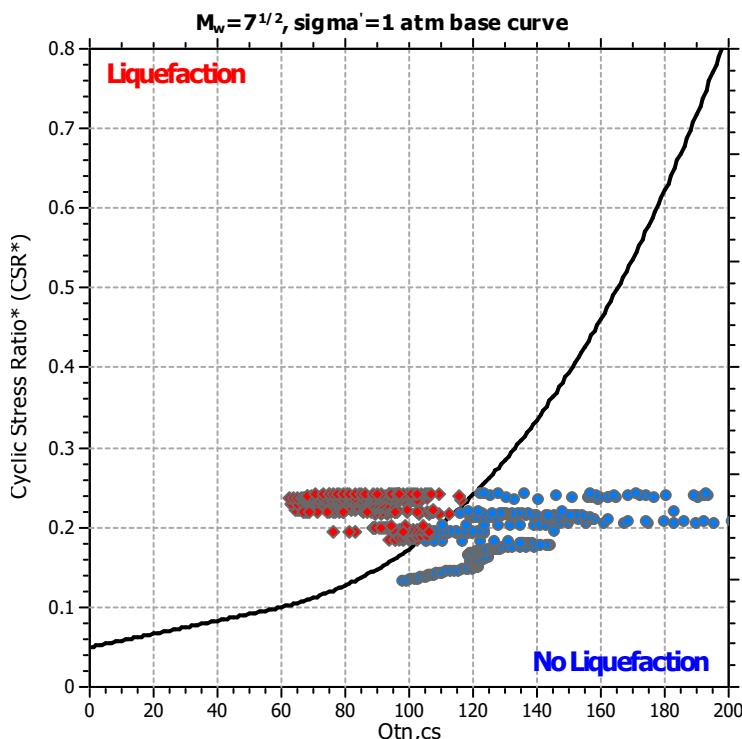
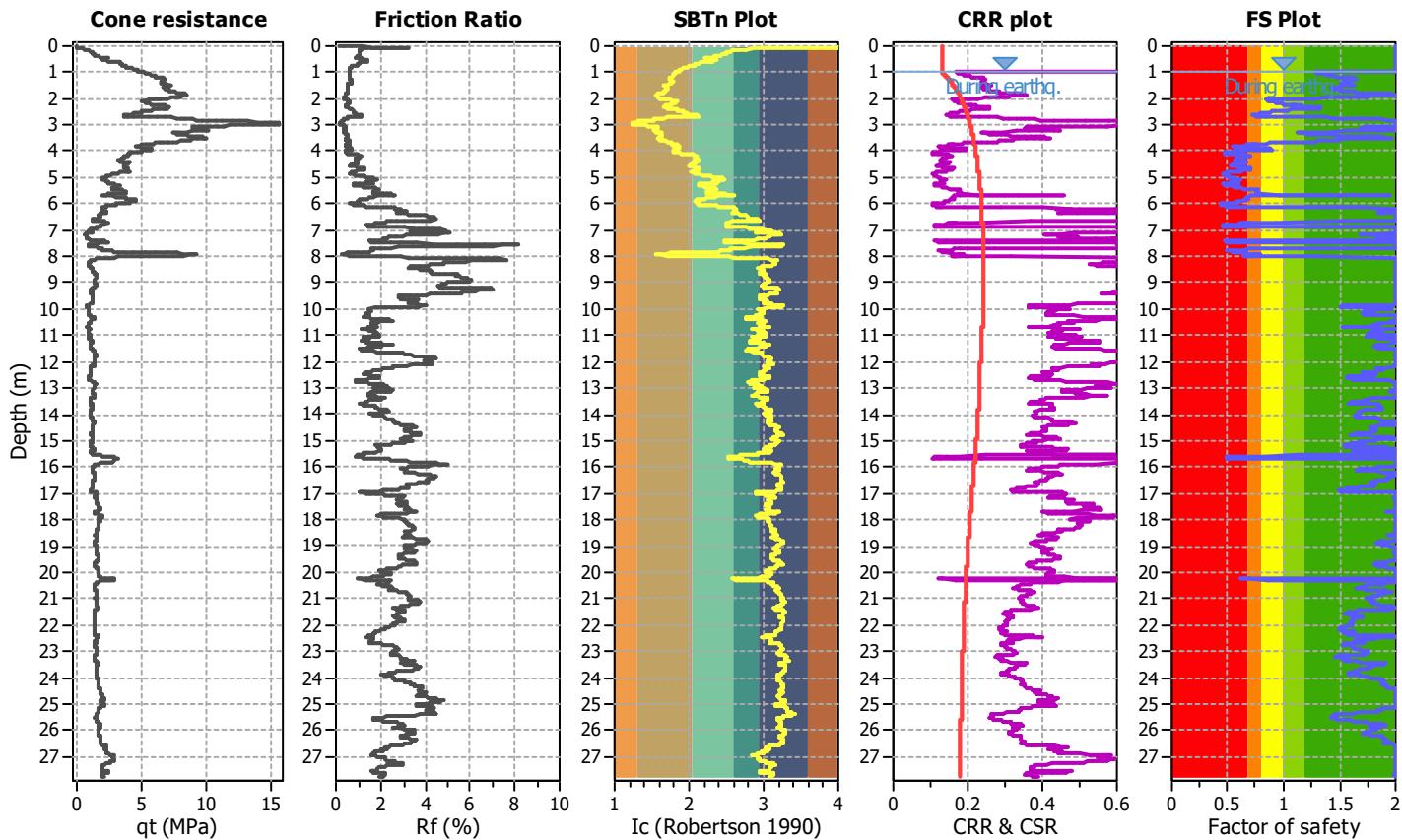
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1402

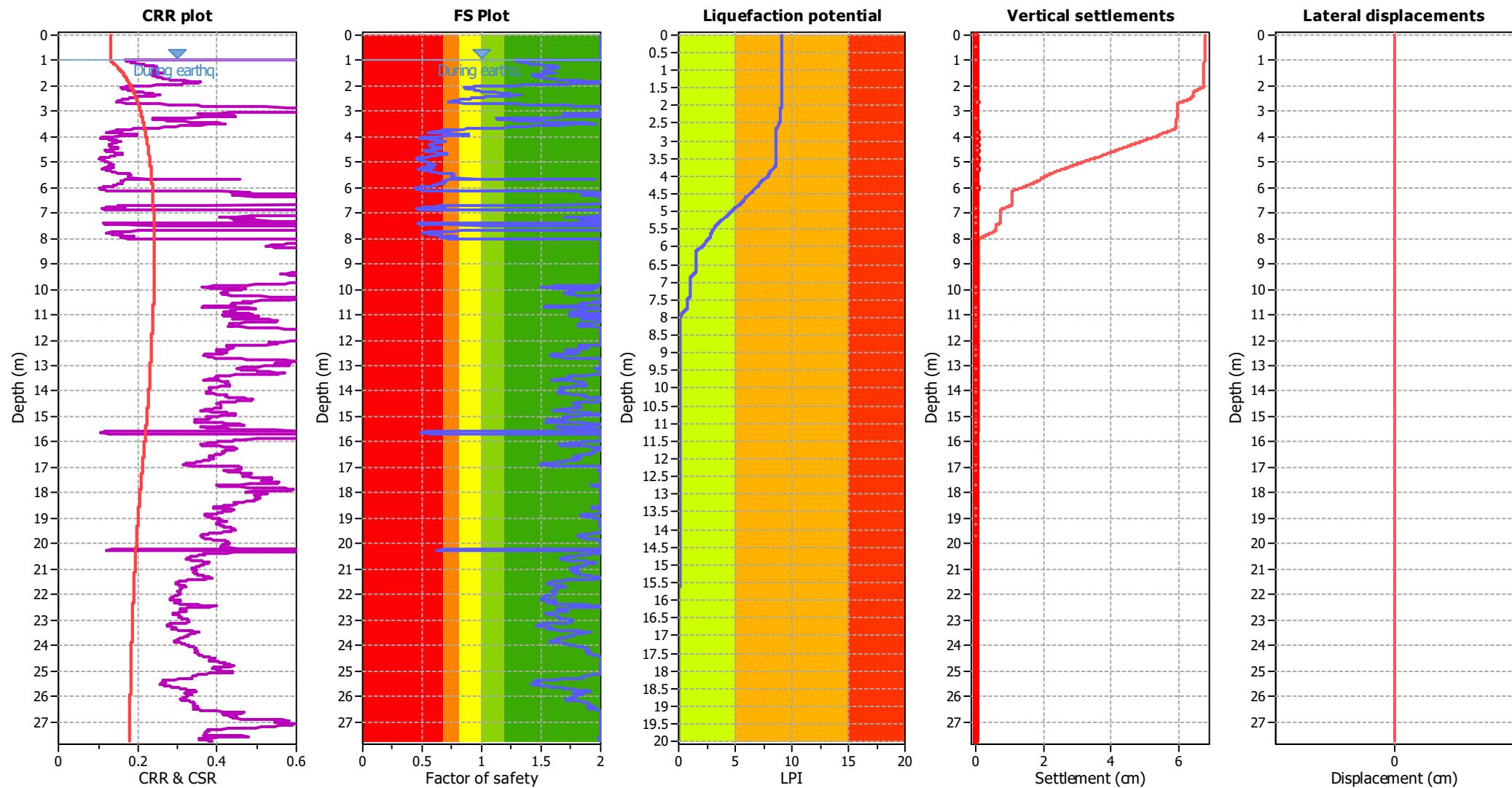
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

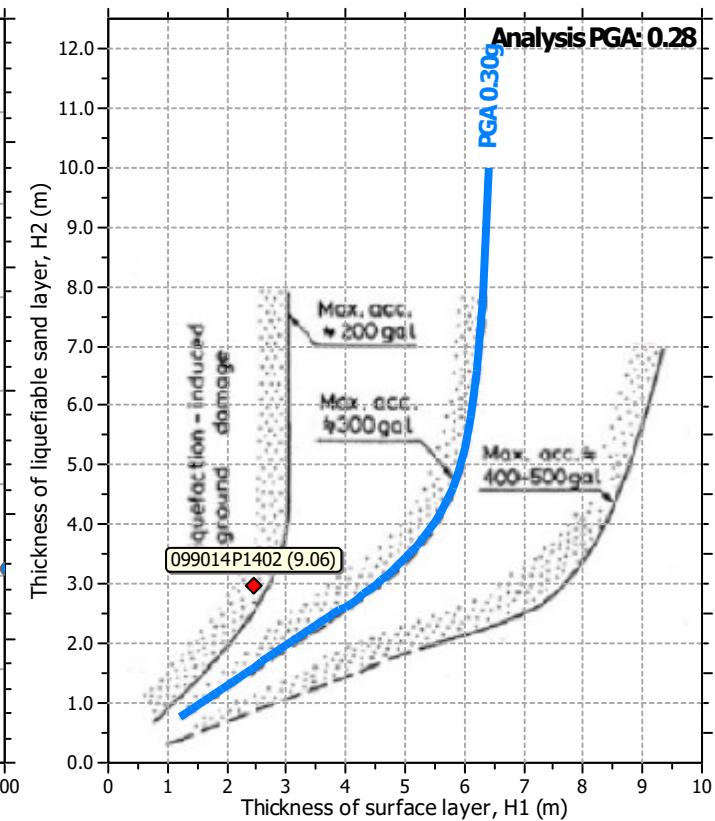
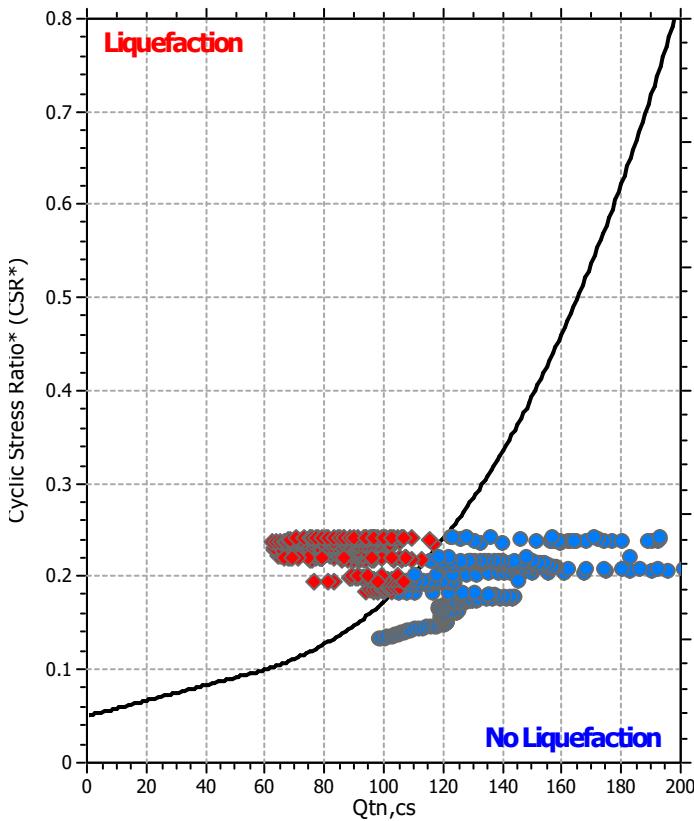
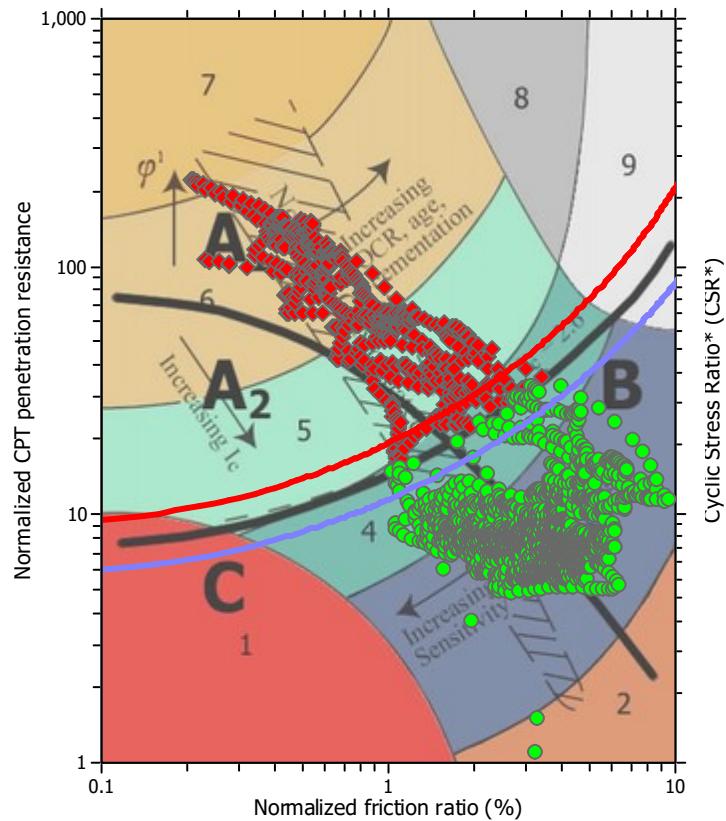
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 | K _d applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

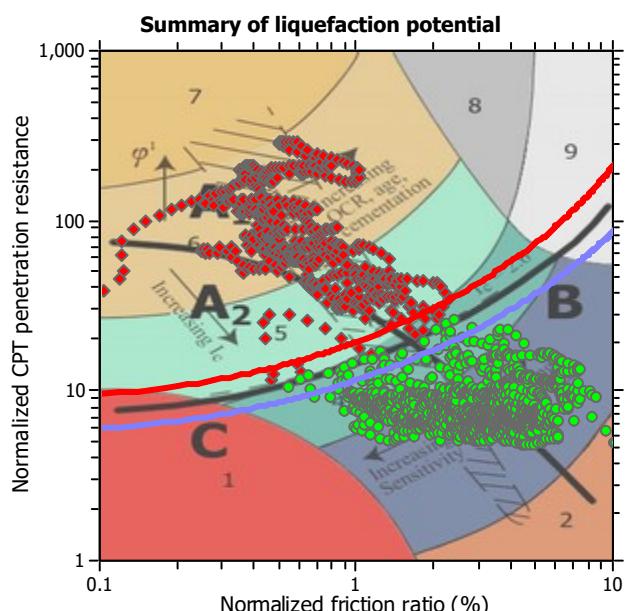
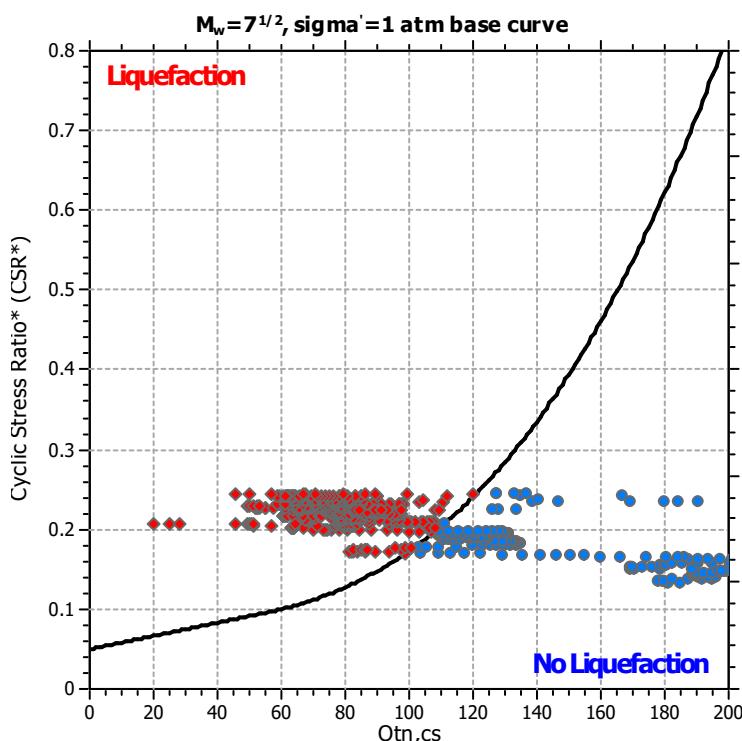
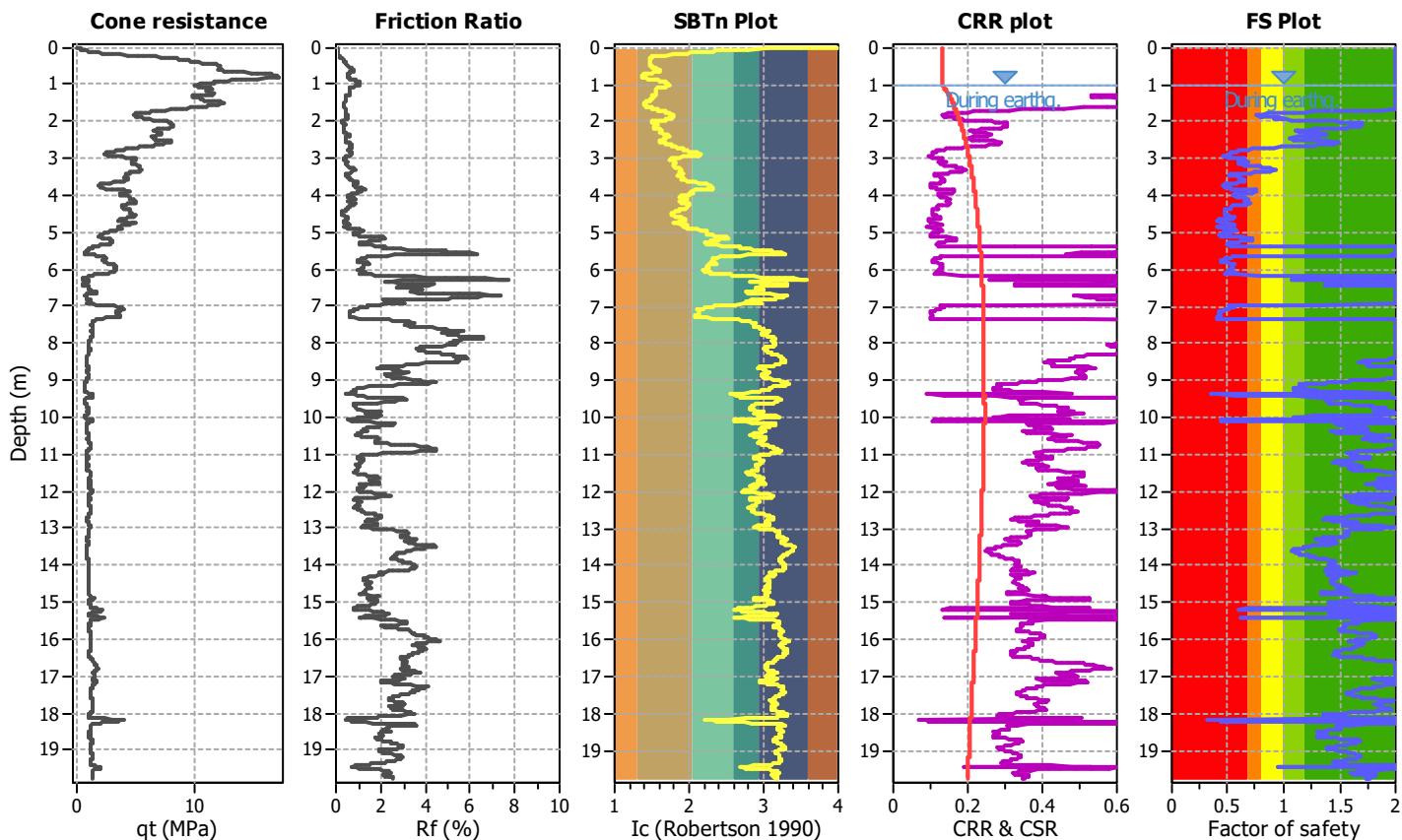
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_01

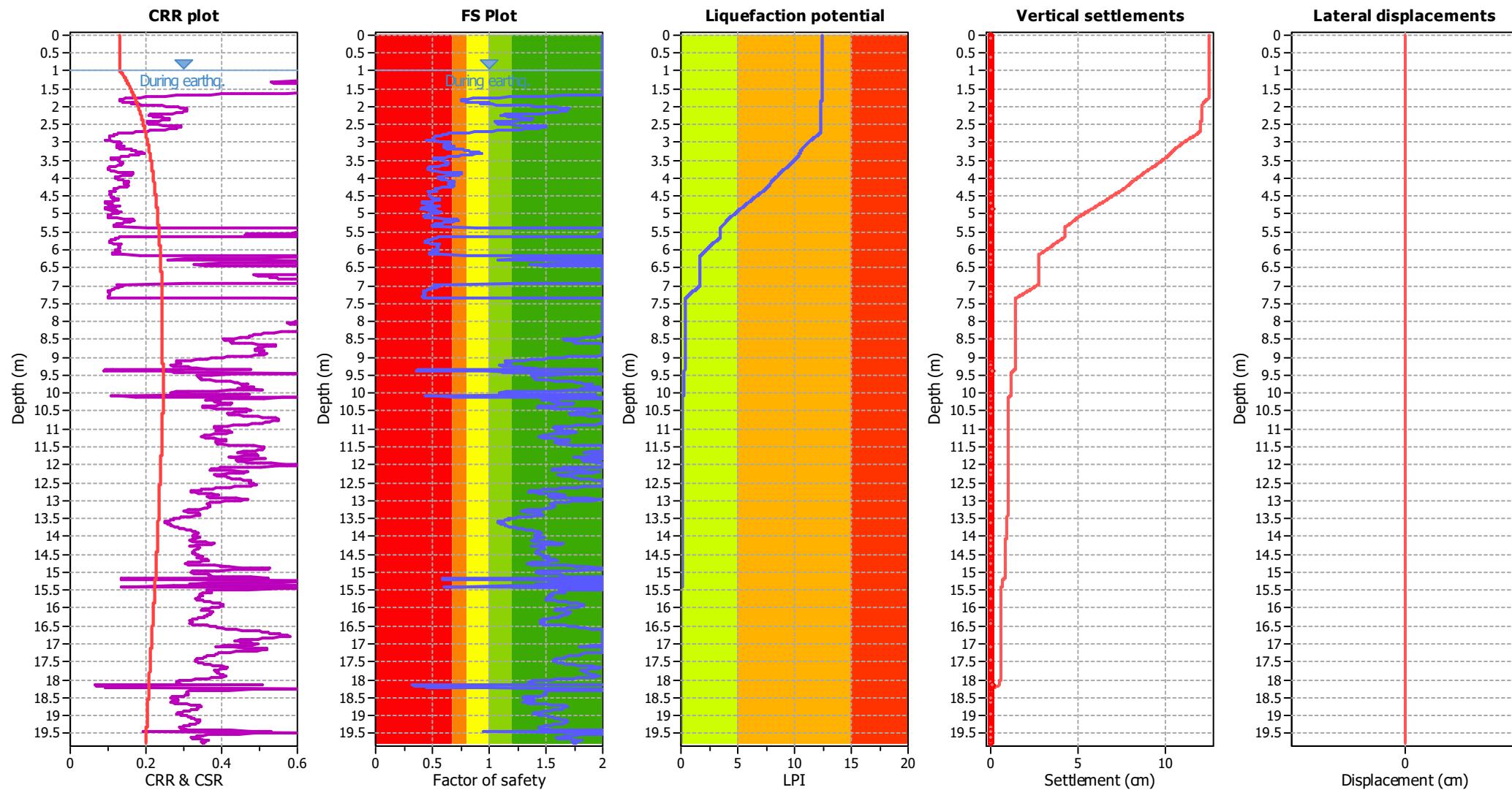
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.60 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.60 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

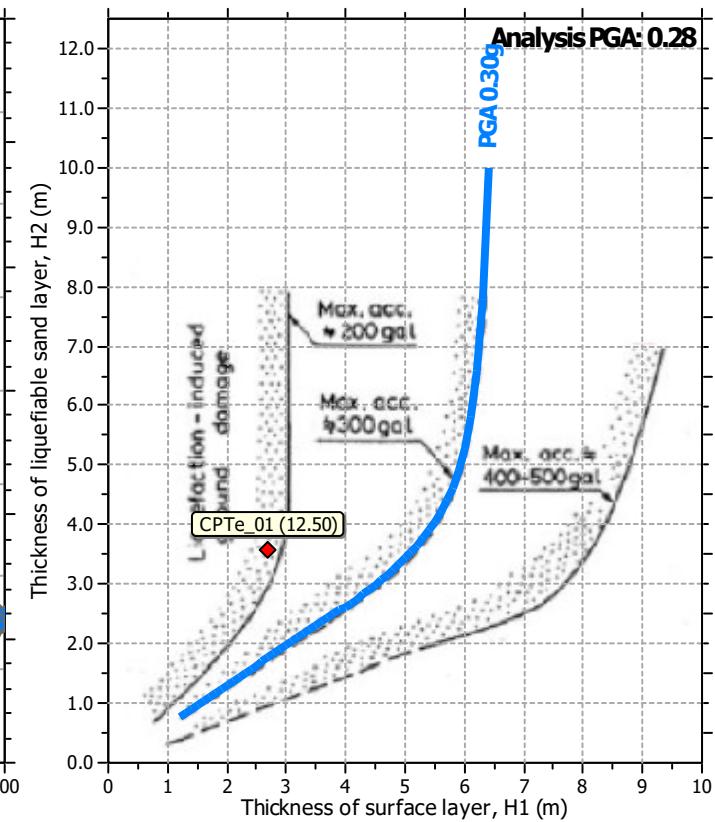
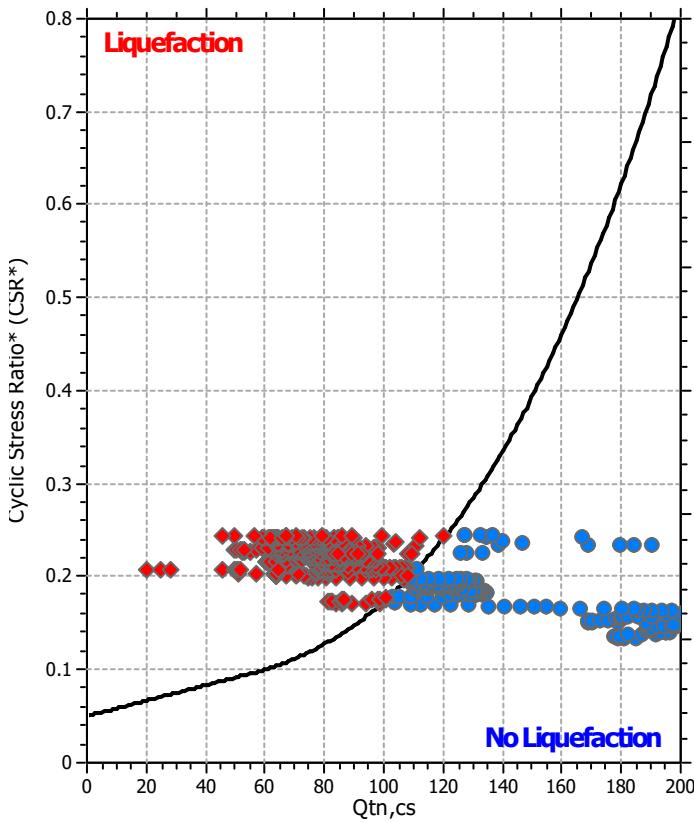
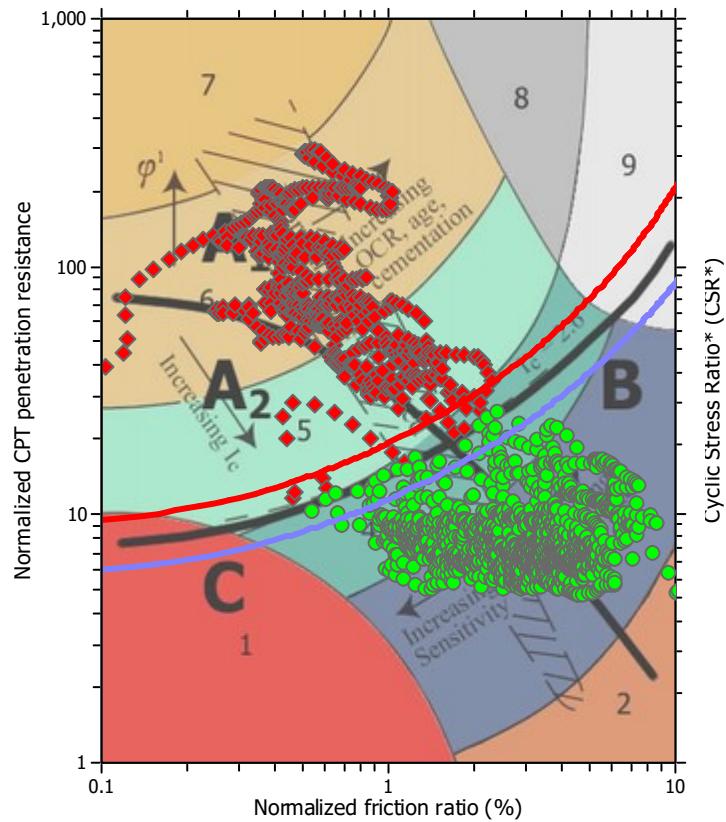
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.60 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

REPORT - ZONA RNN_03

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

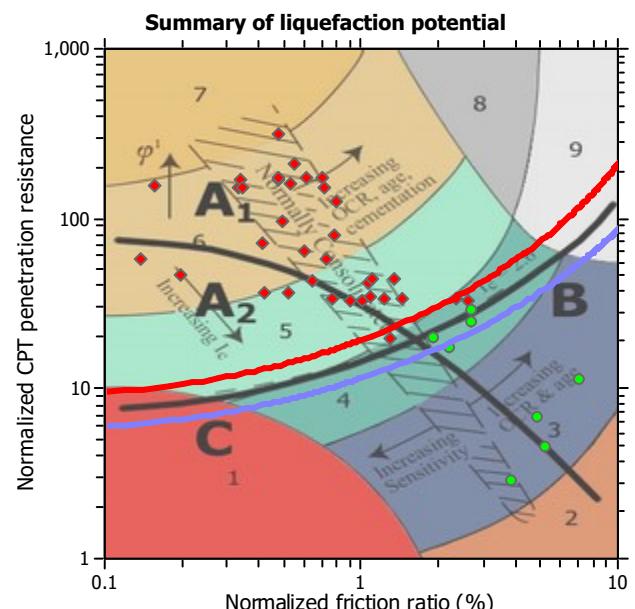
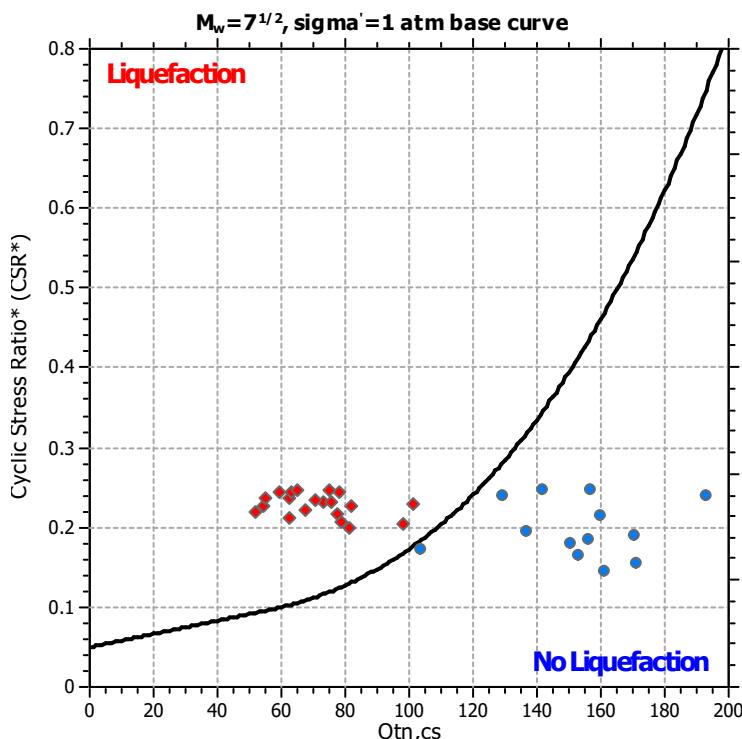
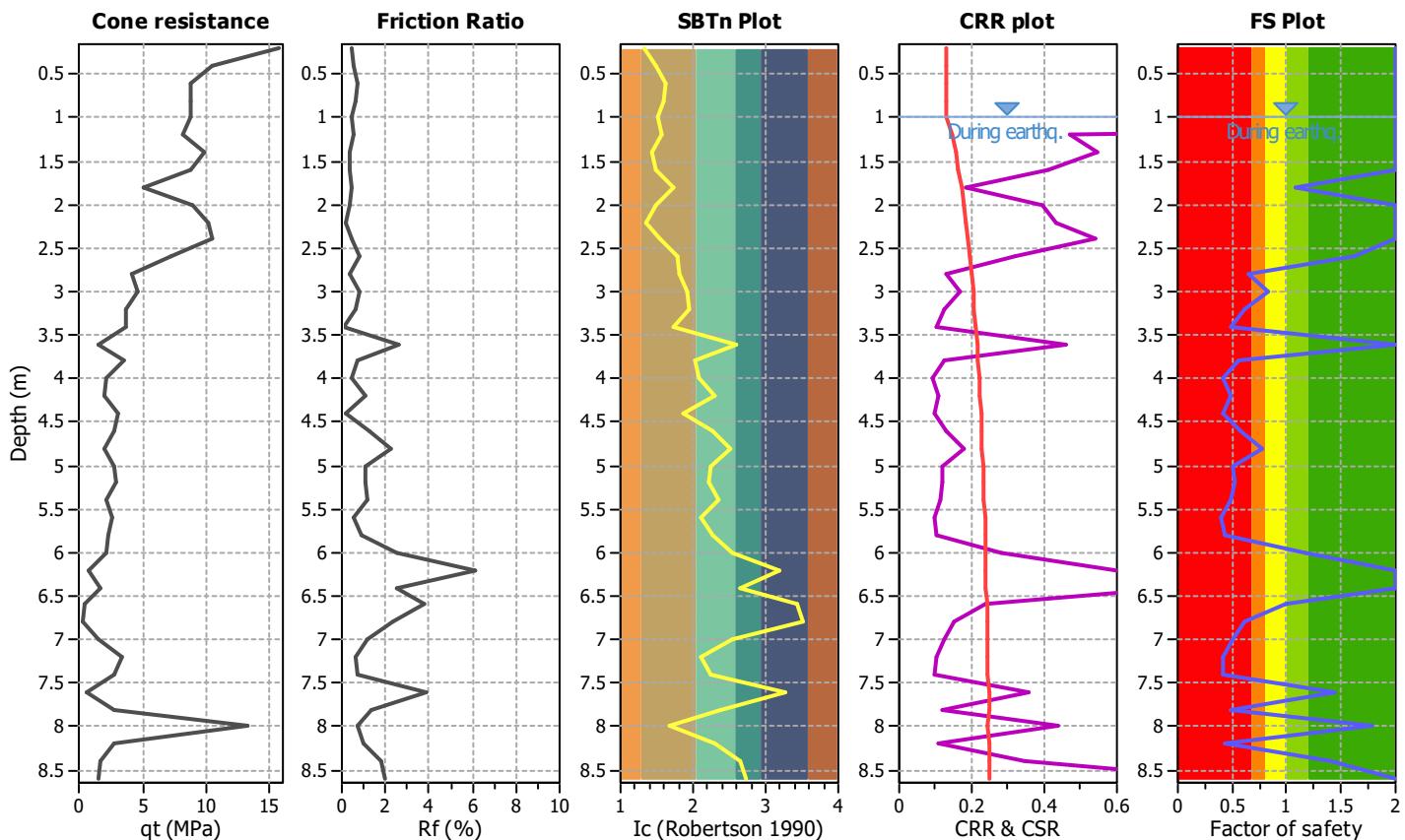
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1242

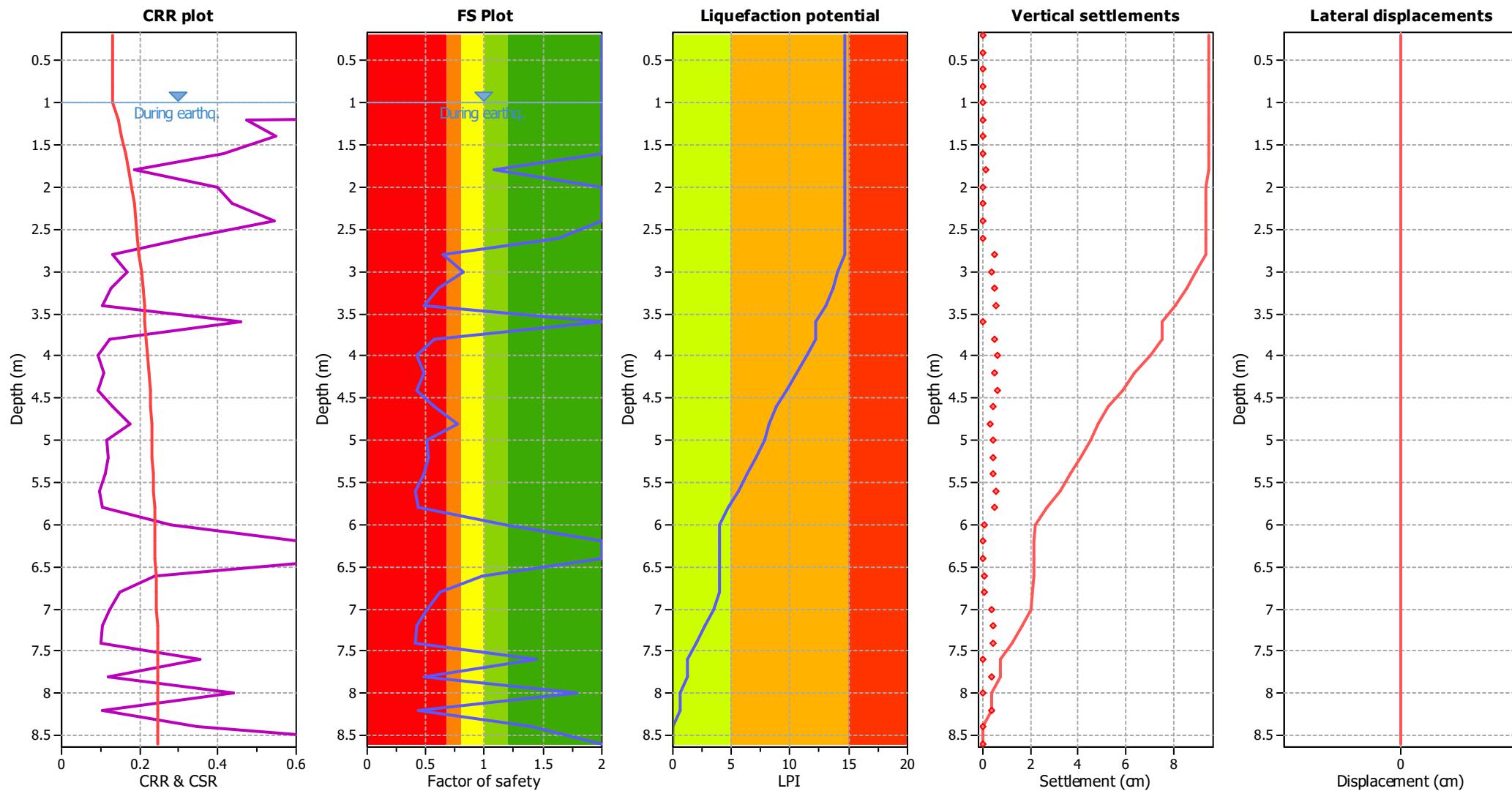
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.40 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 1 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.40 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

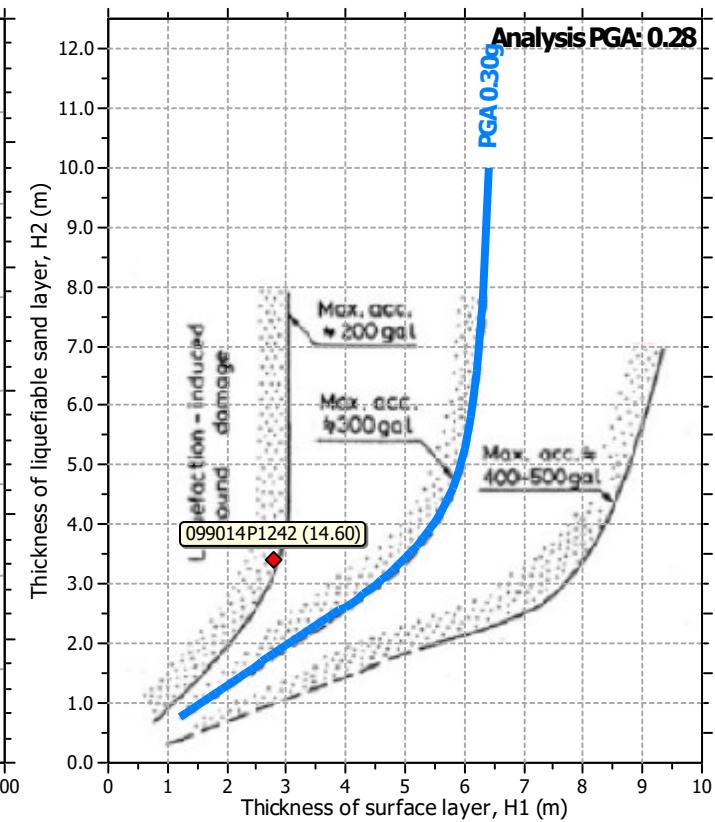
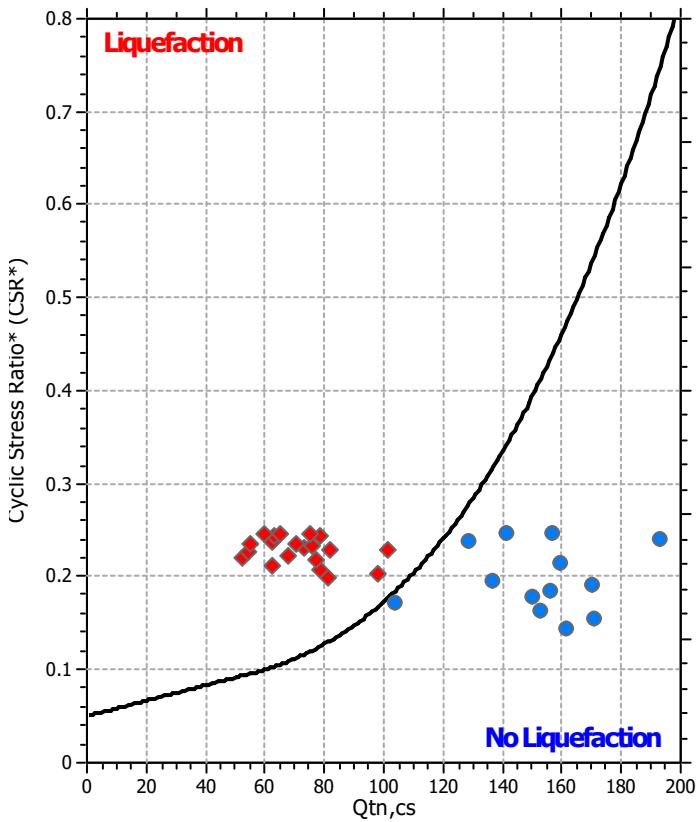
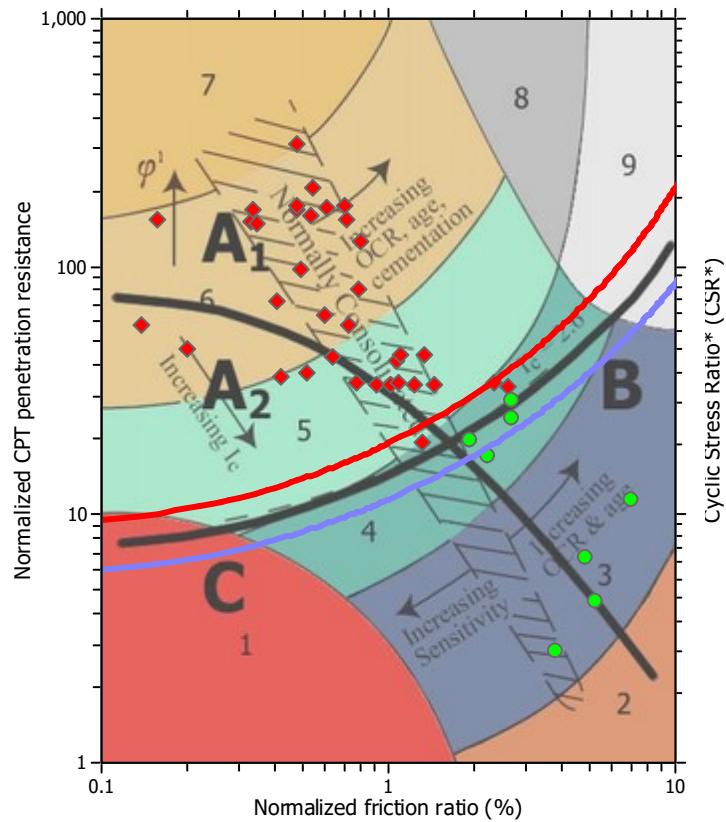
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|--|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.40 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K ₀ applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

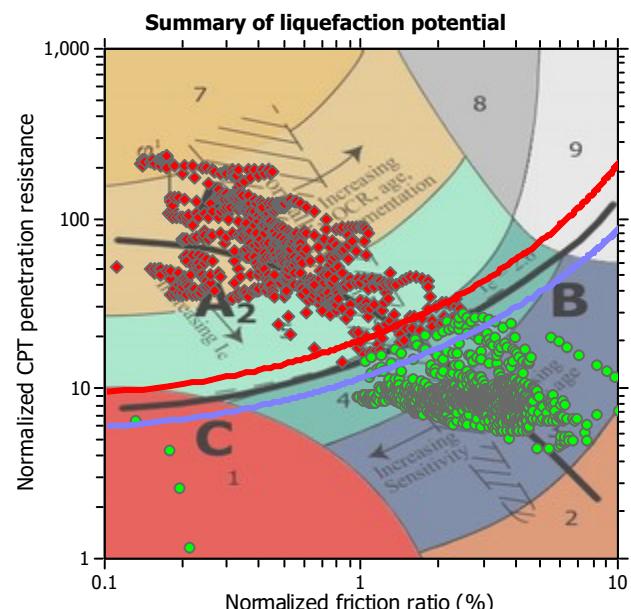
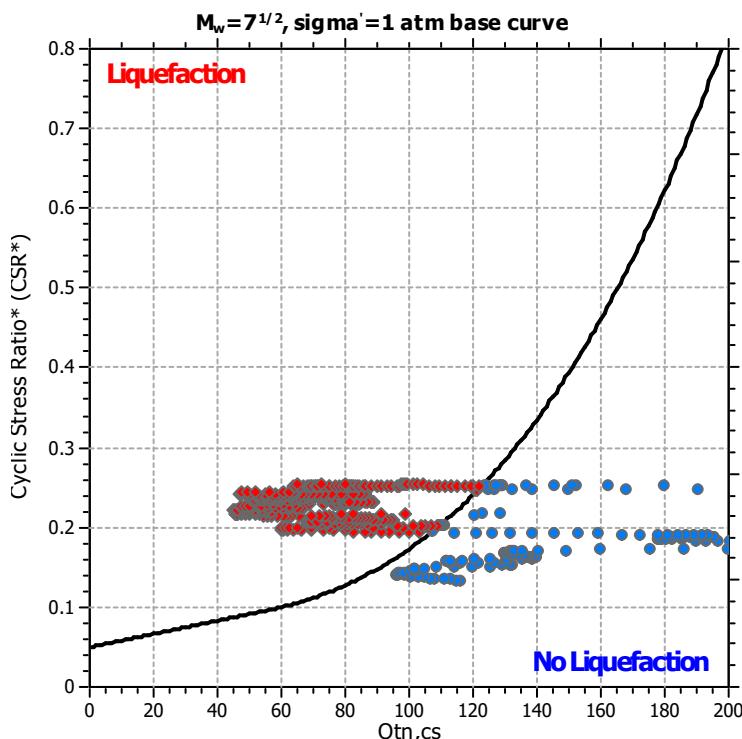
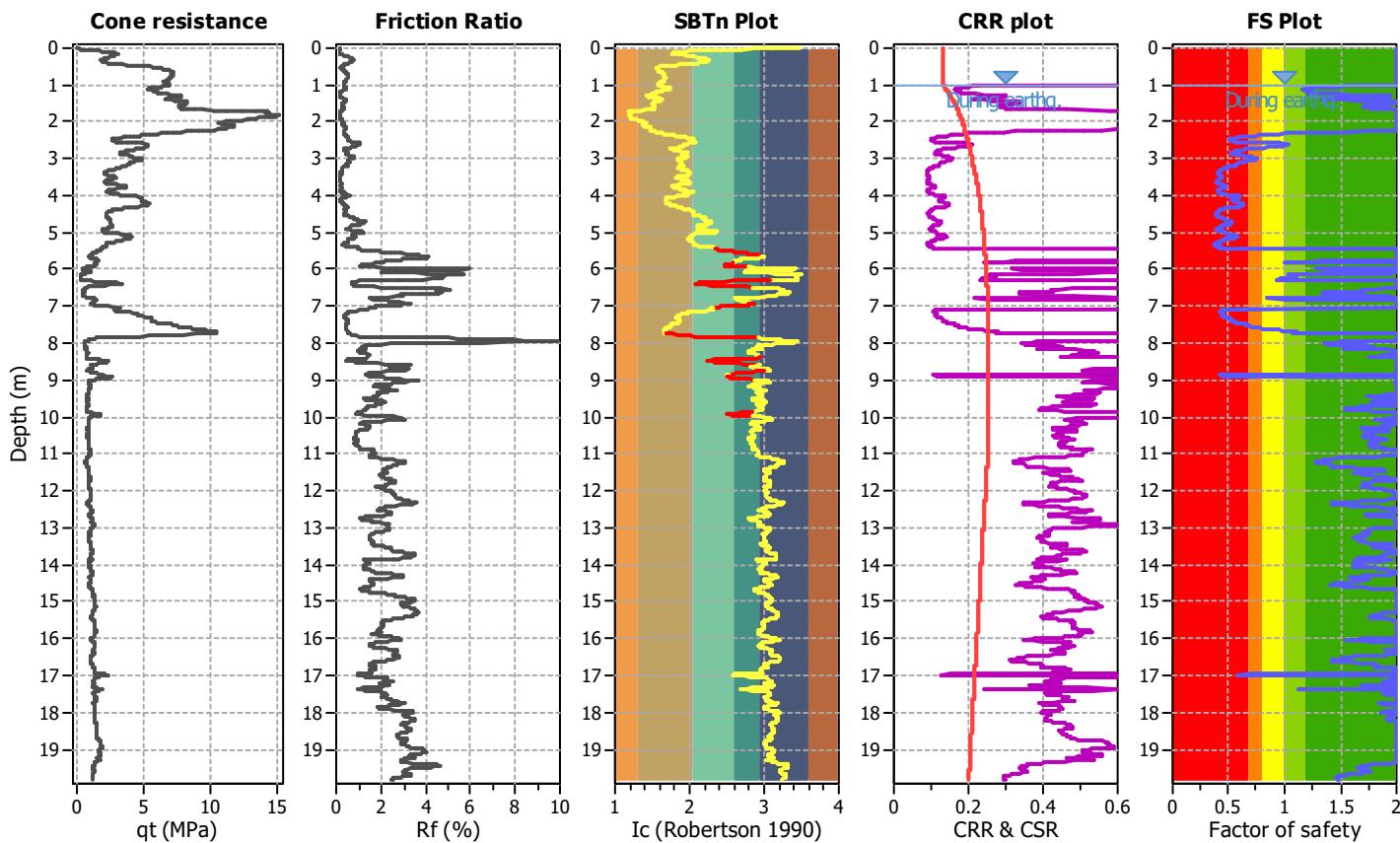
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_02

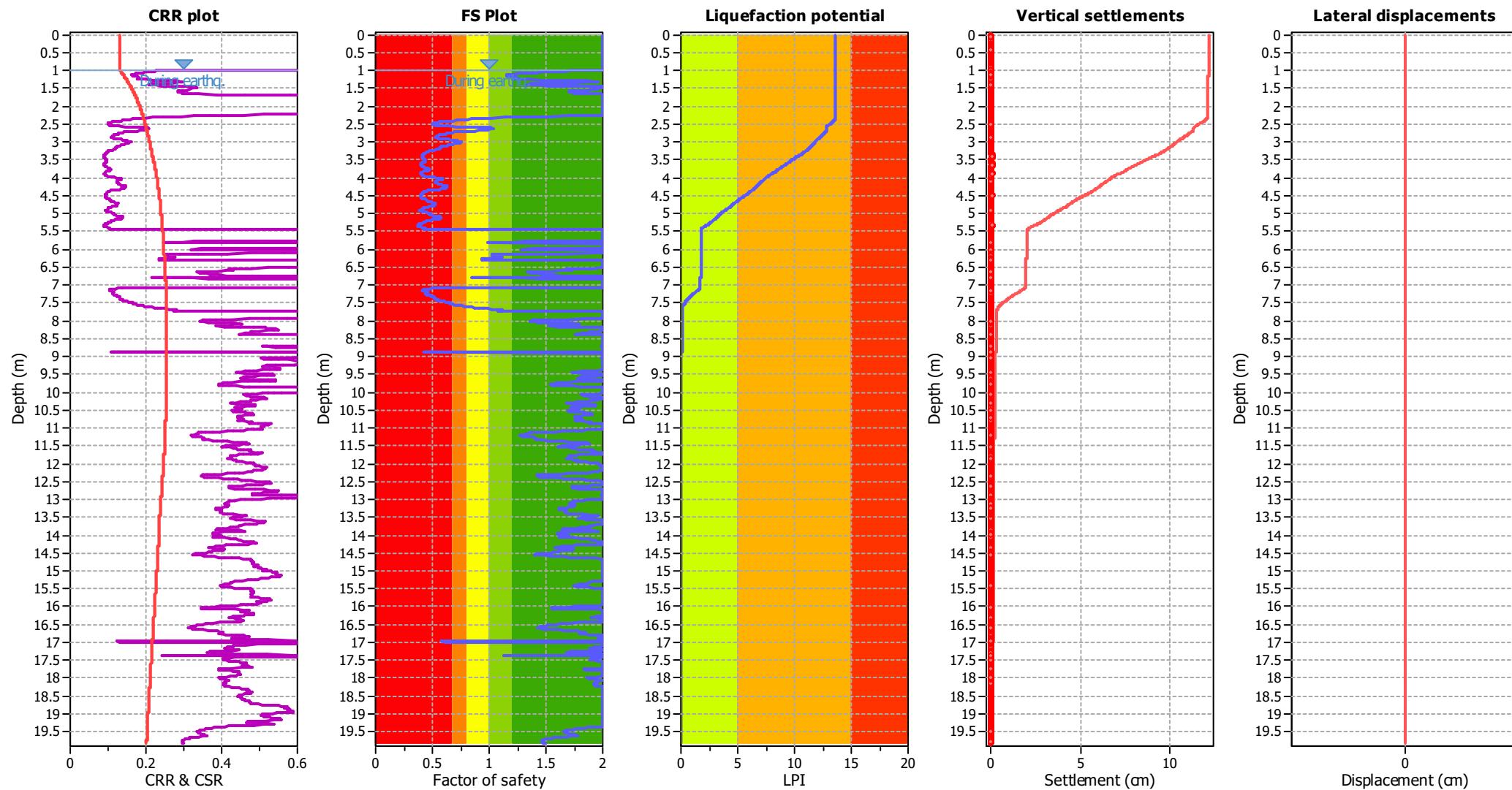
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

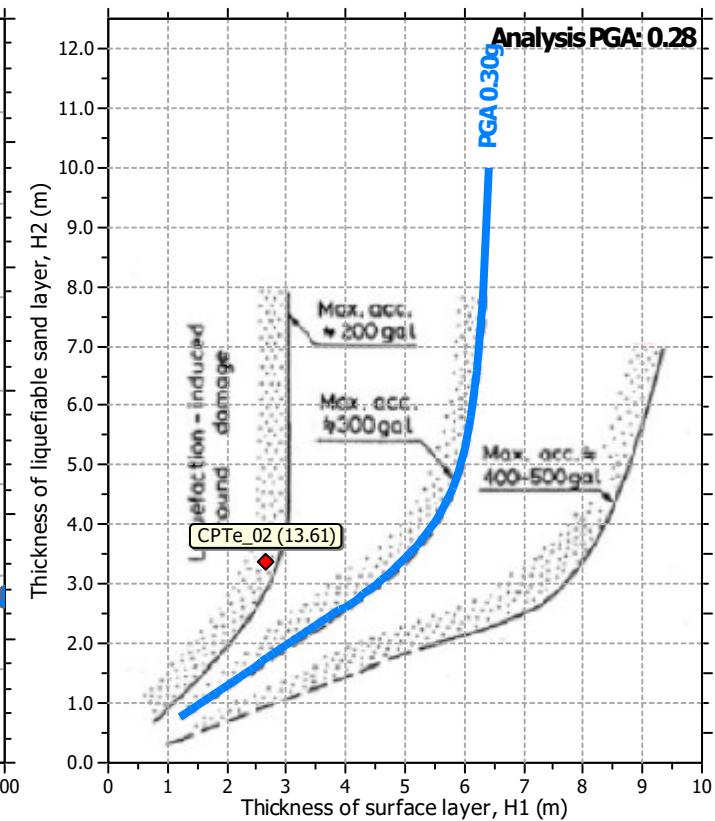
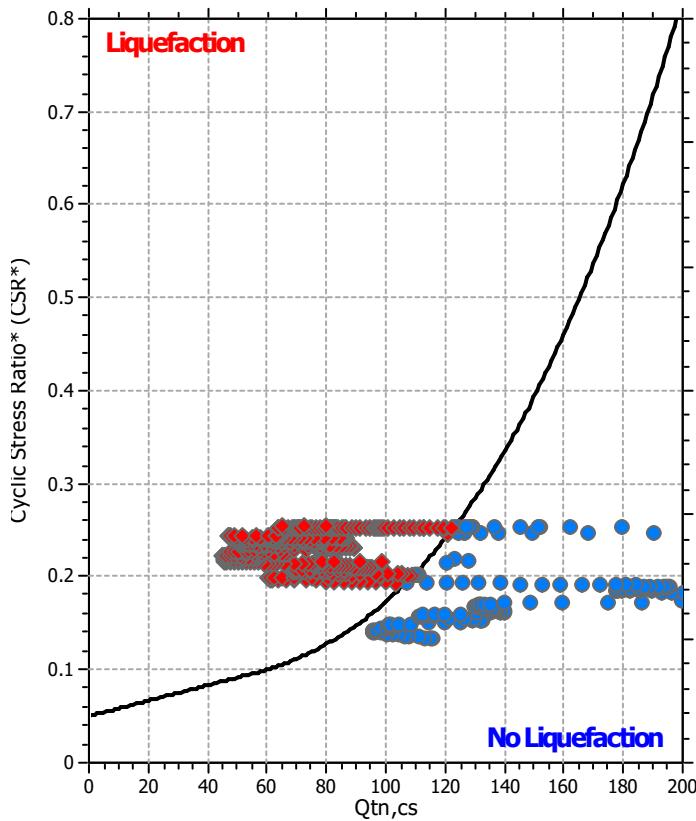
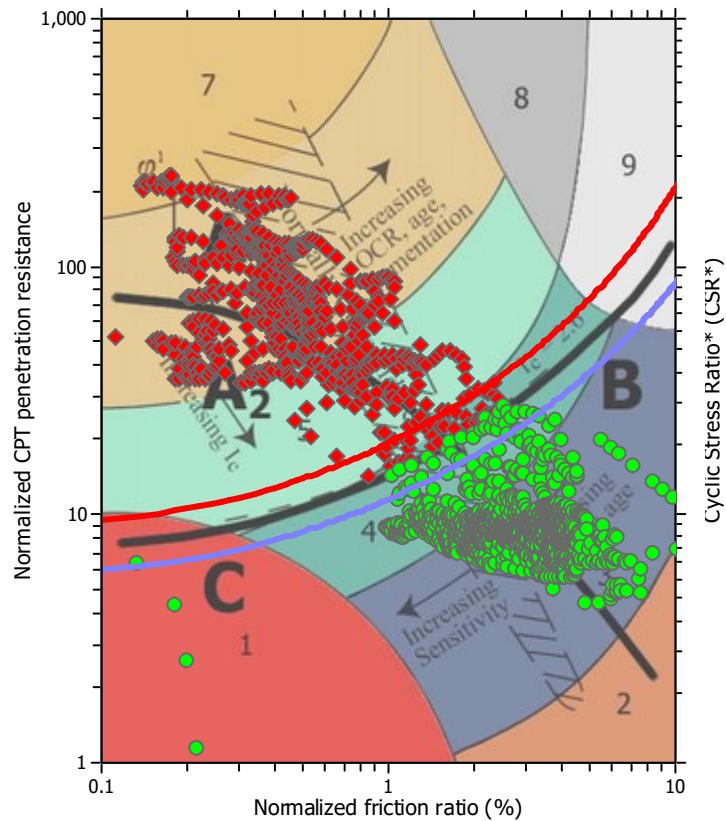
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

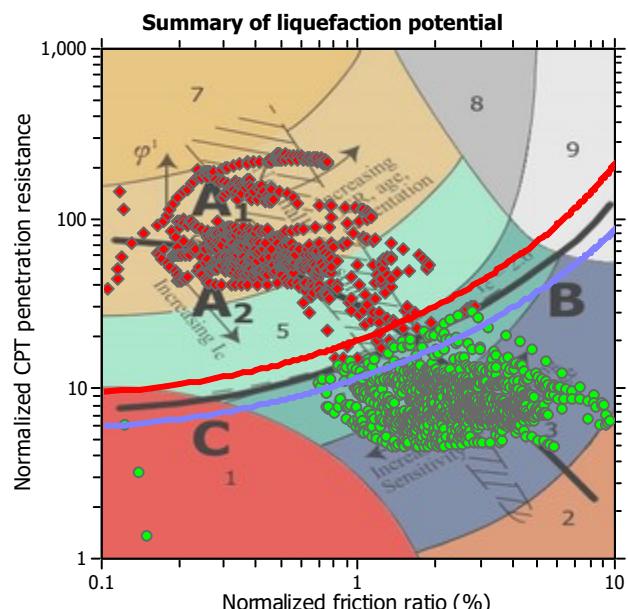
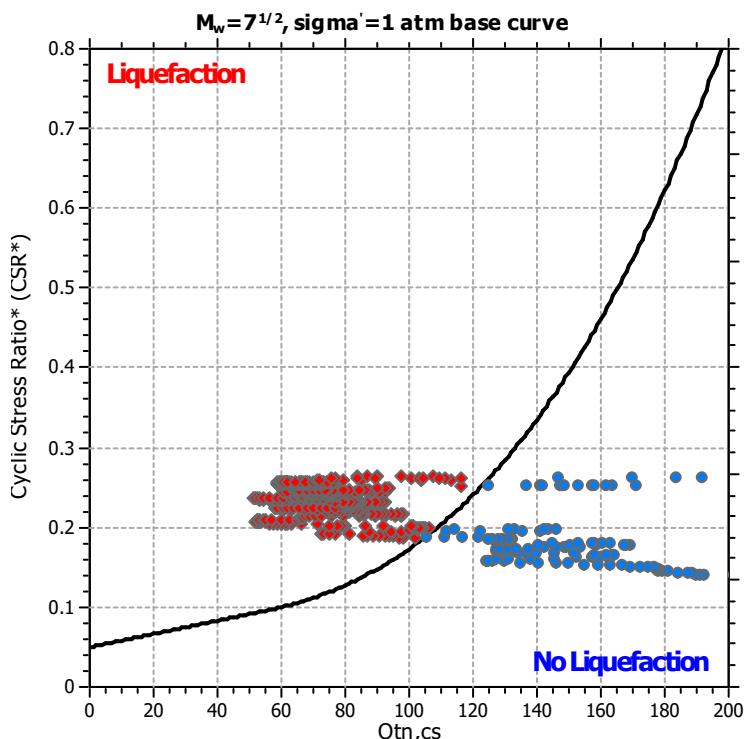
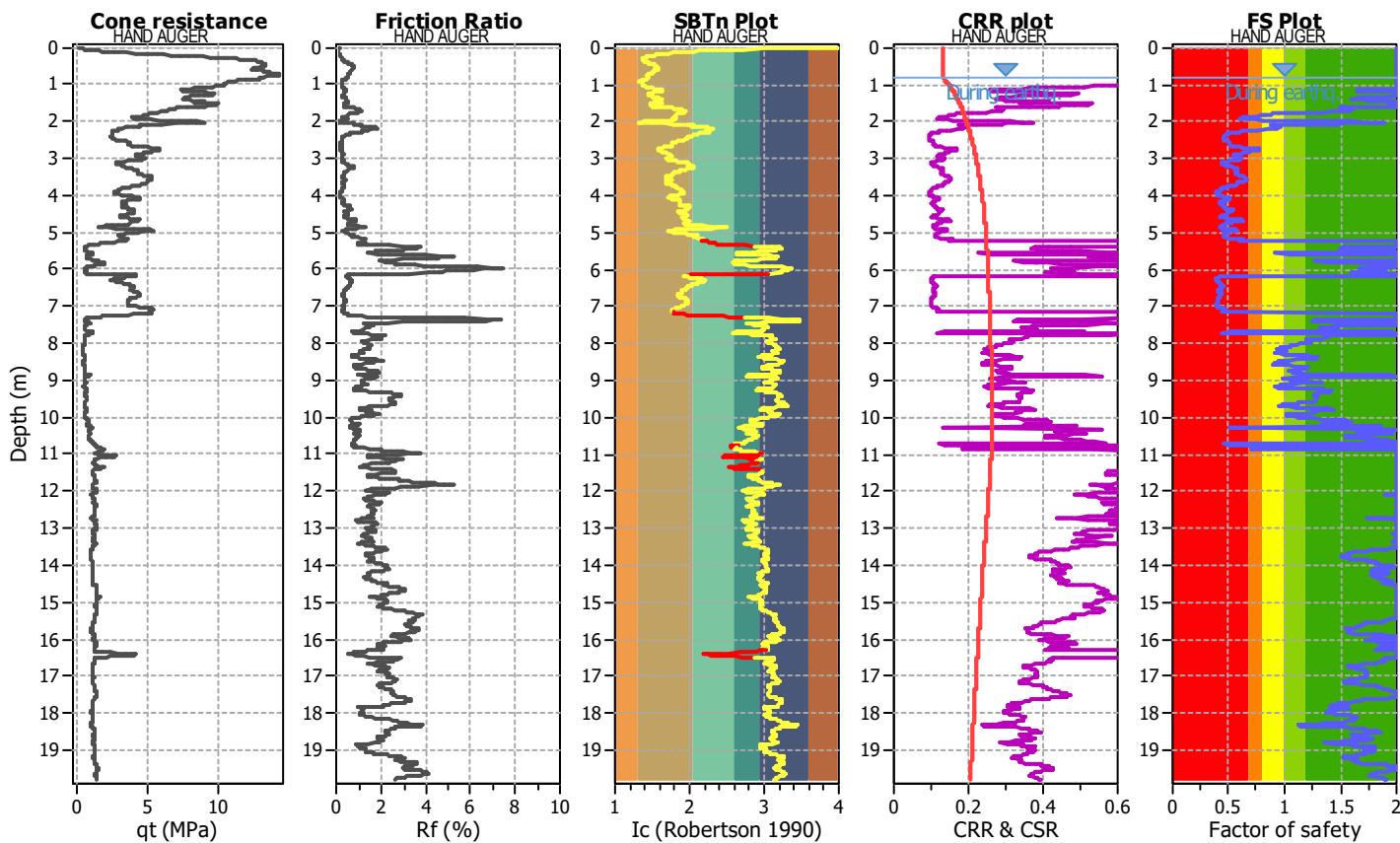
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_03

Input parameters and analysis data

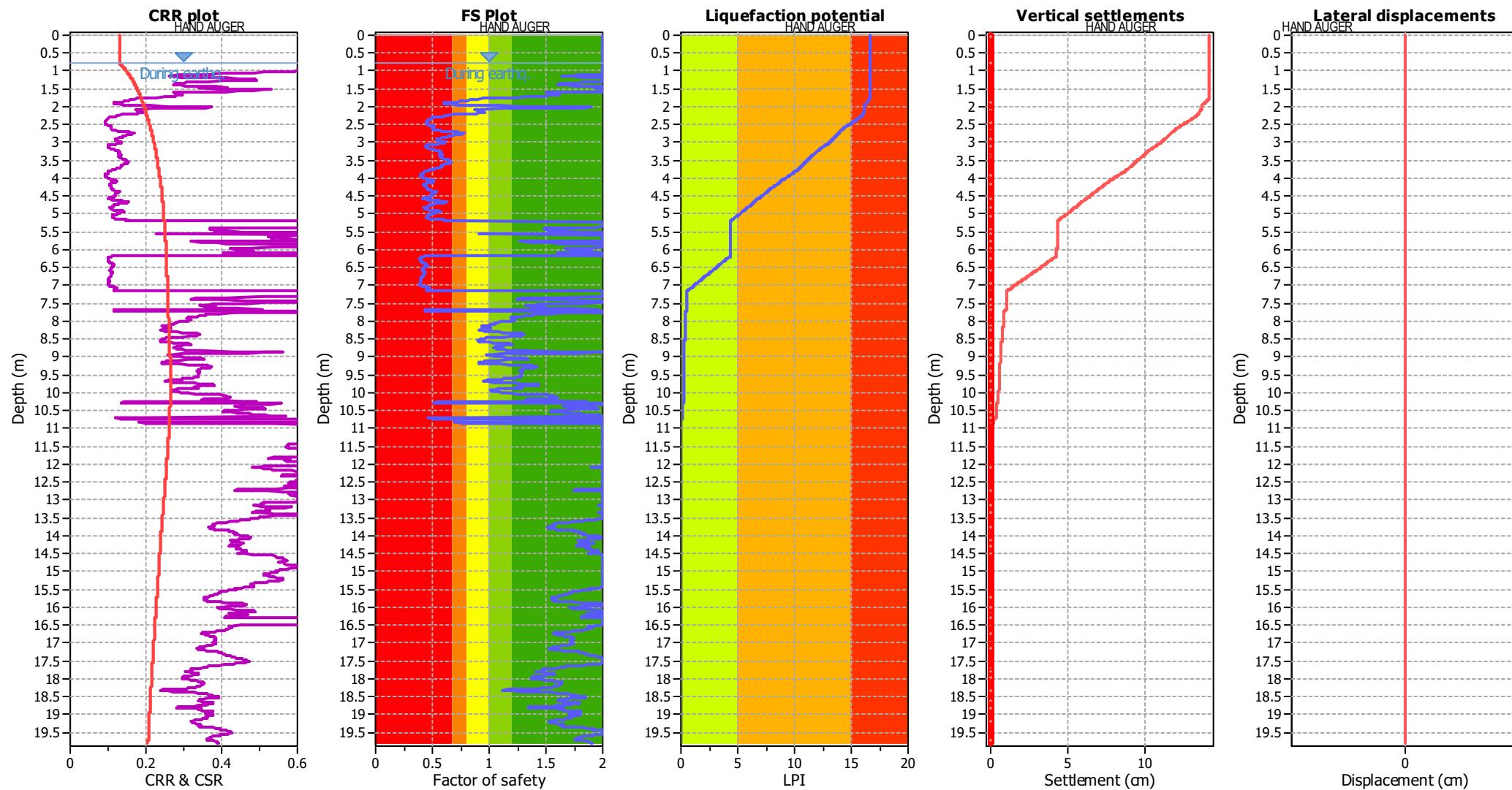
| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Annotations for zones:

- Zone A1: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
- Zone A2: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
- Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
- Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

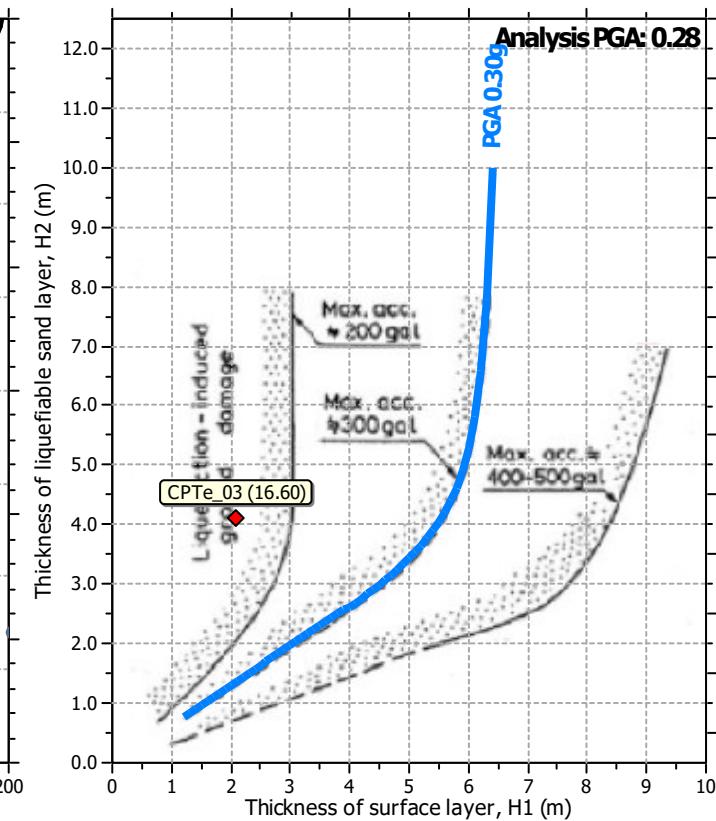
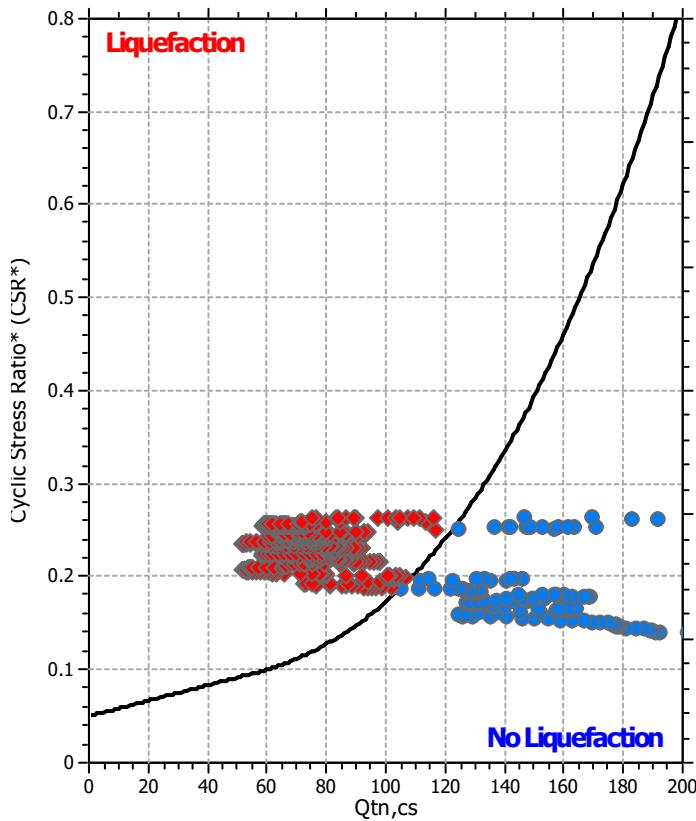
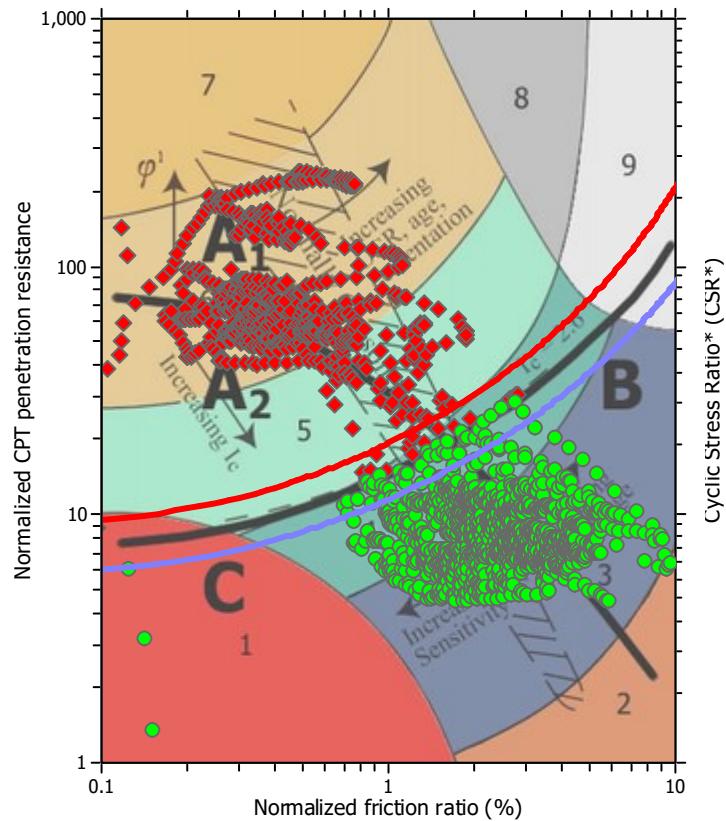
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

REPORT - ZONA RNN_02

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

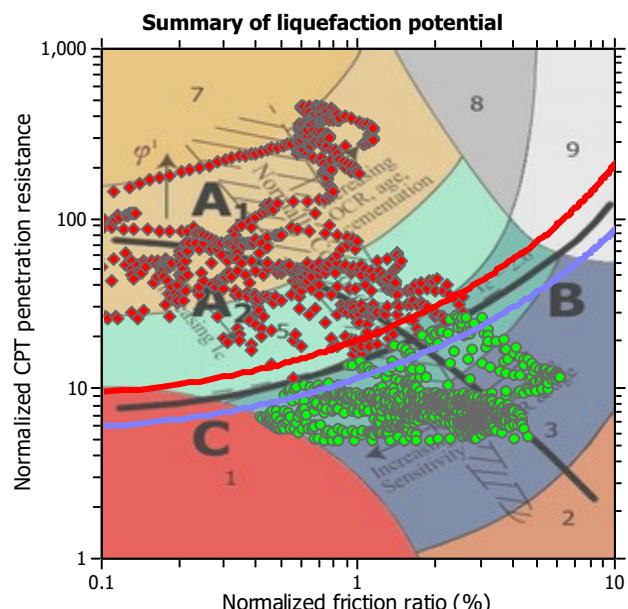
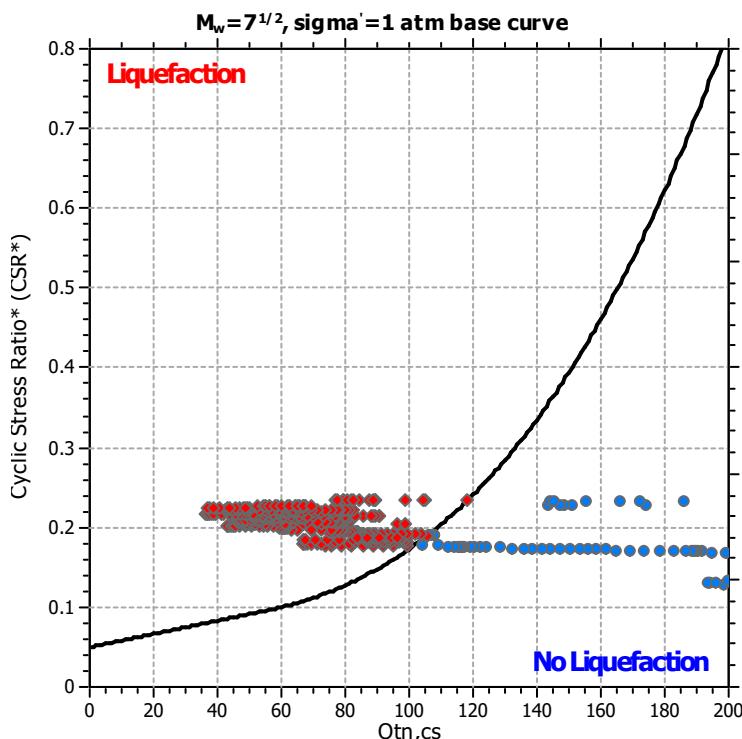
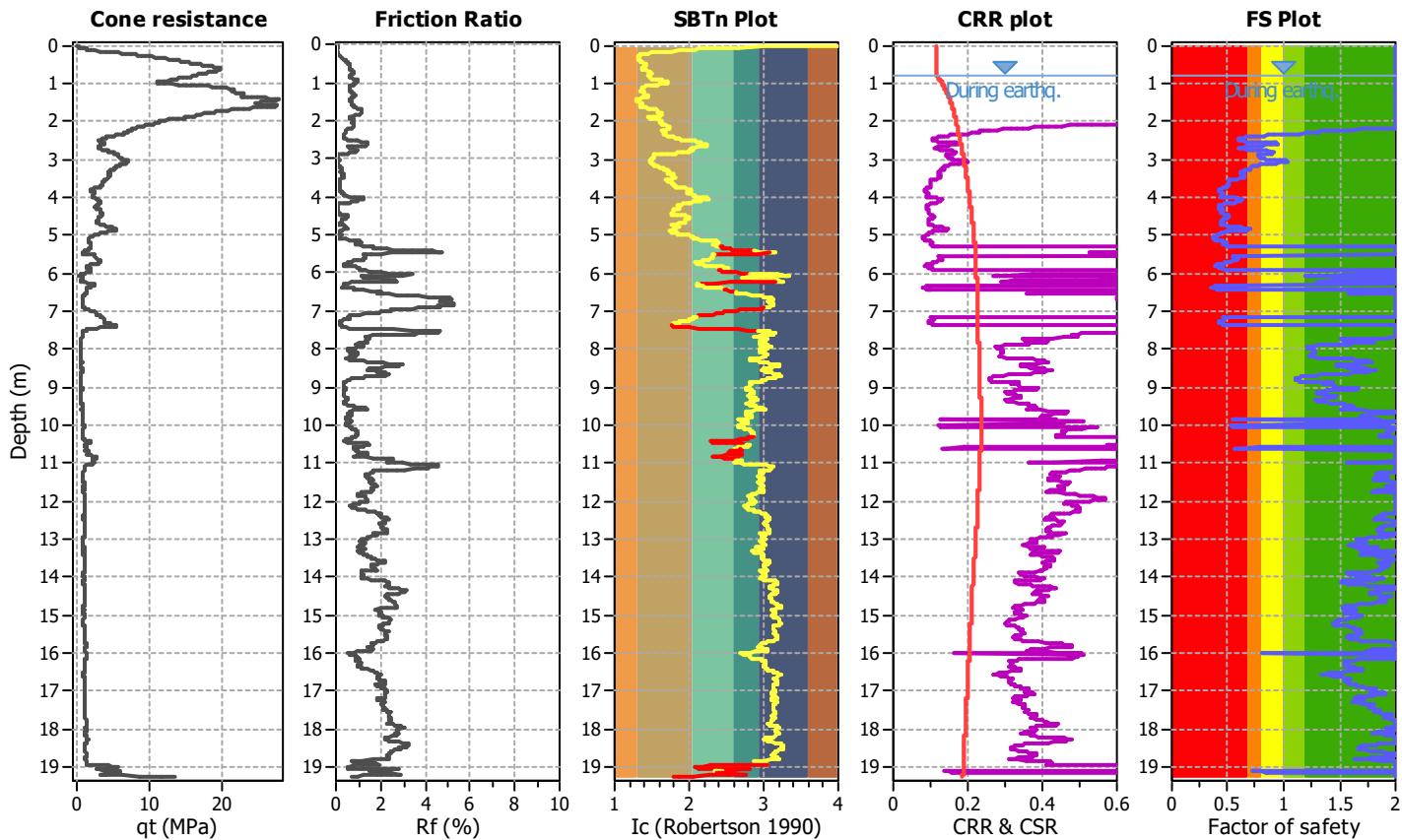
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_02

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_04

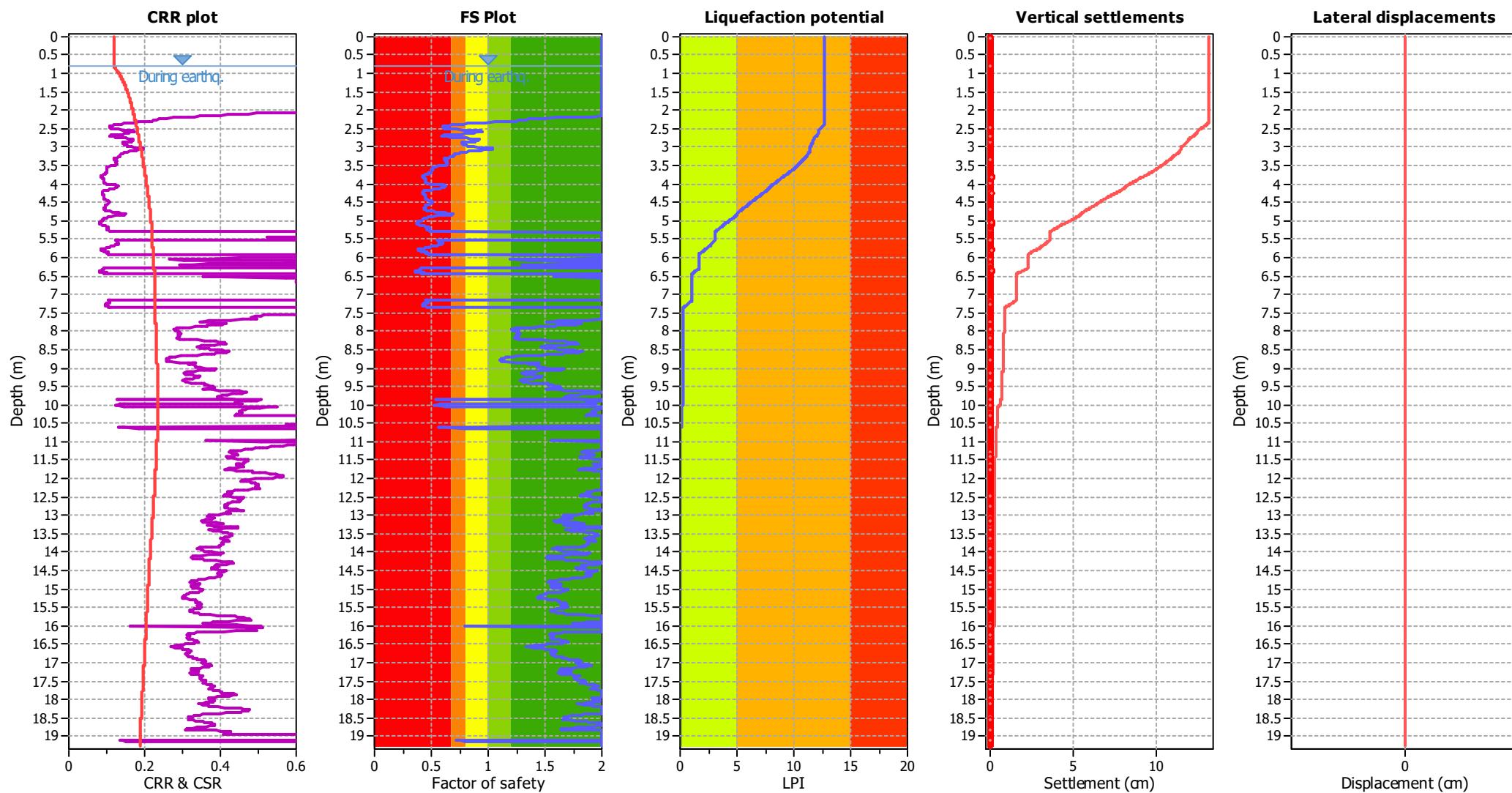
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.10 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

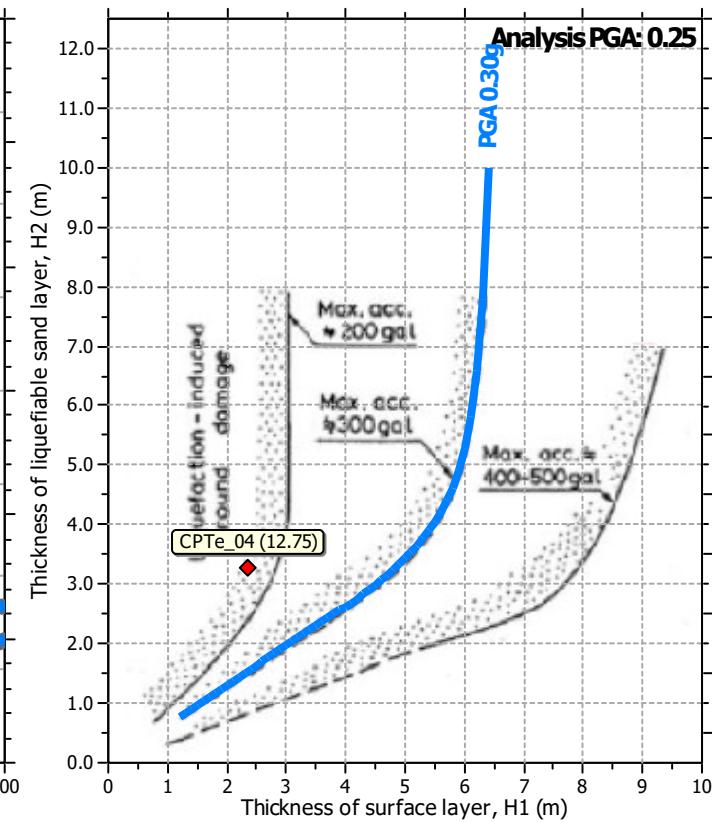
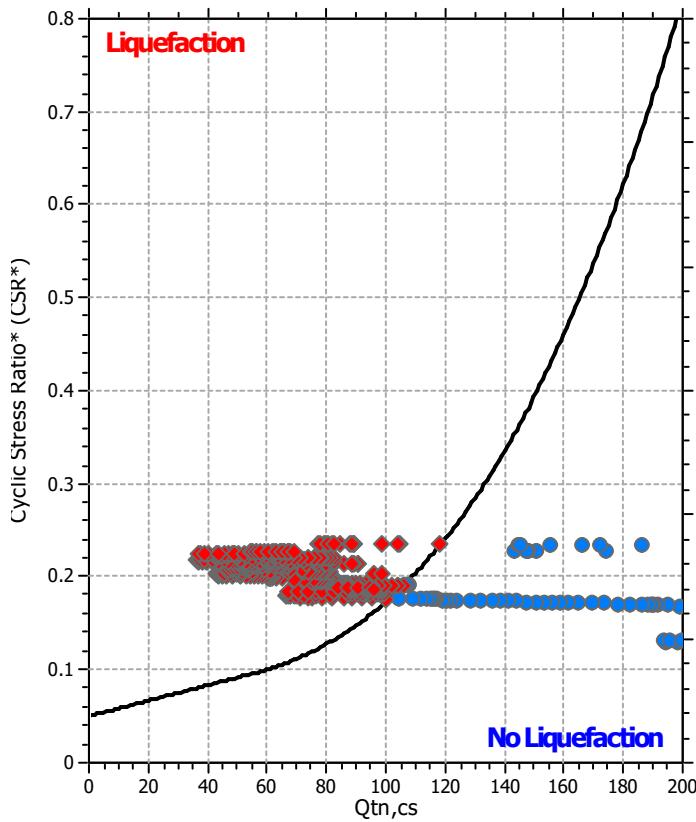
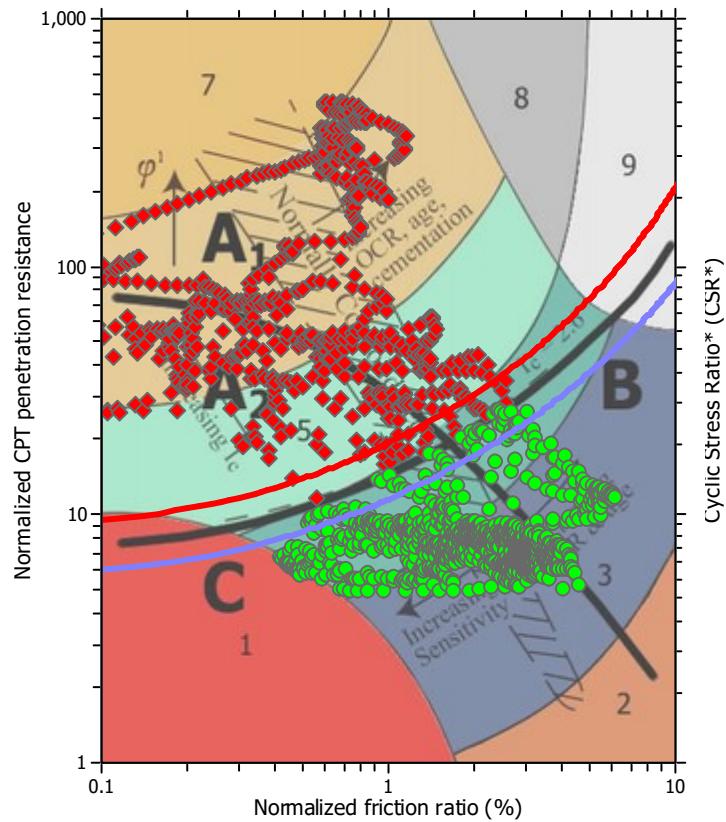
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

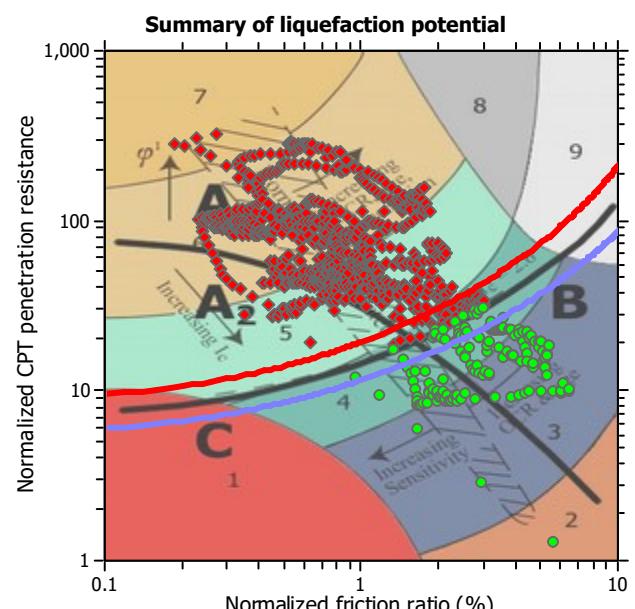
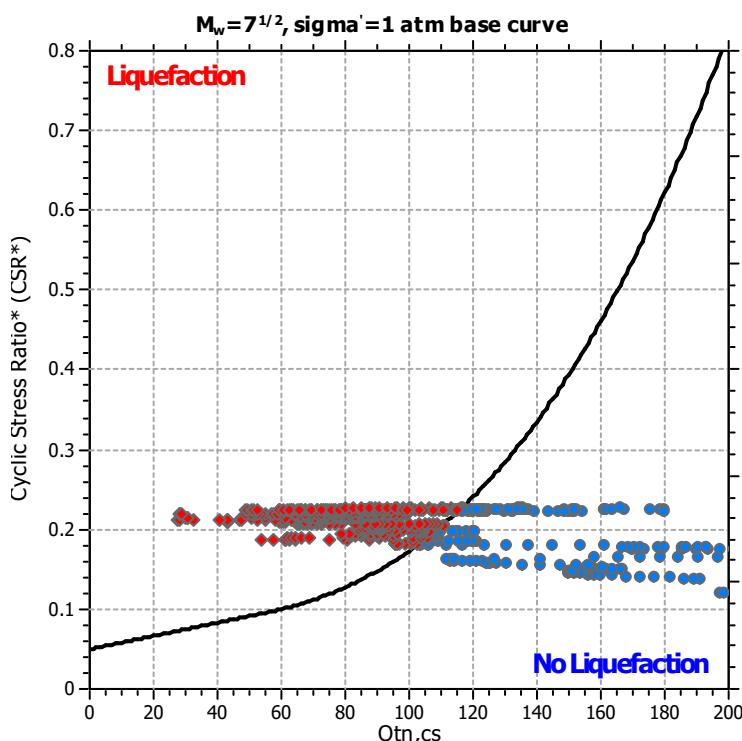
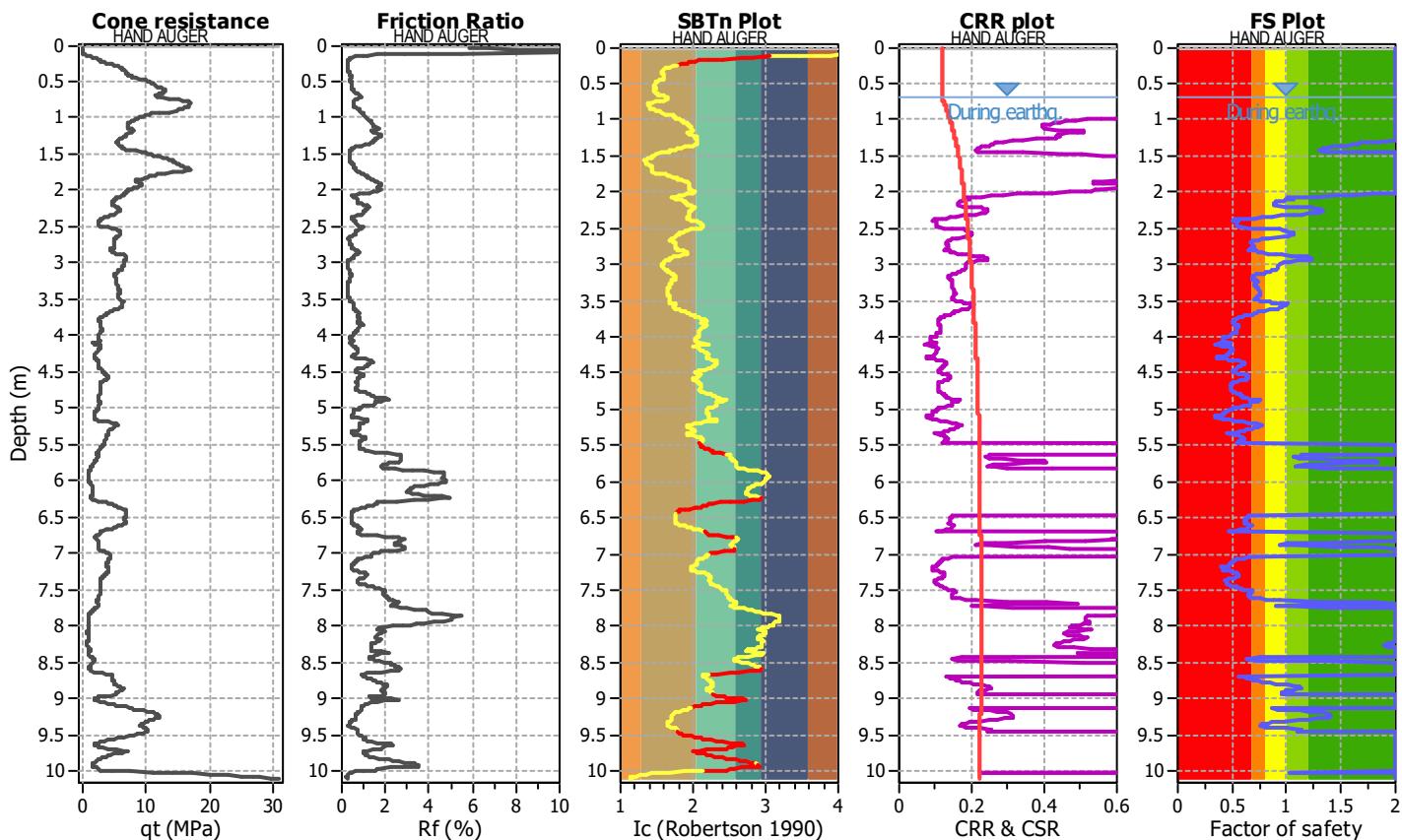
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_02

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1404

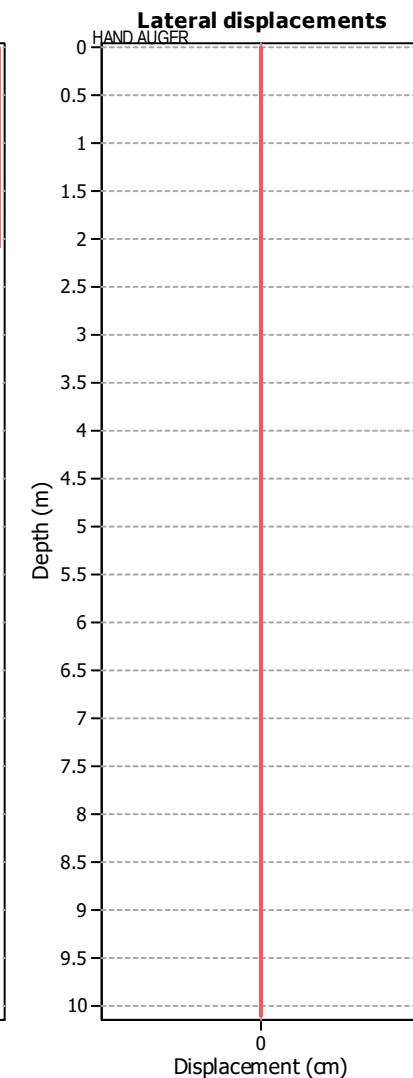
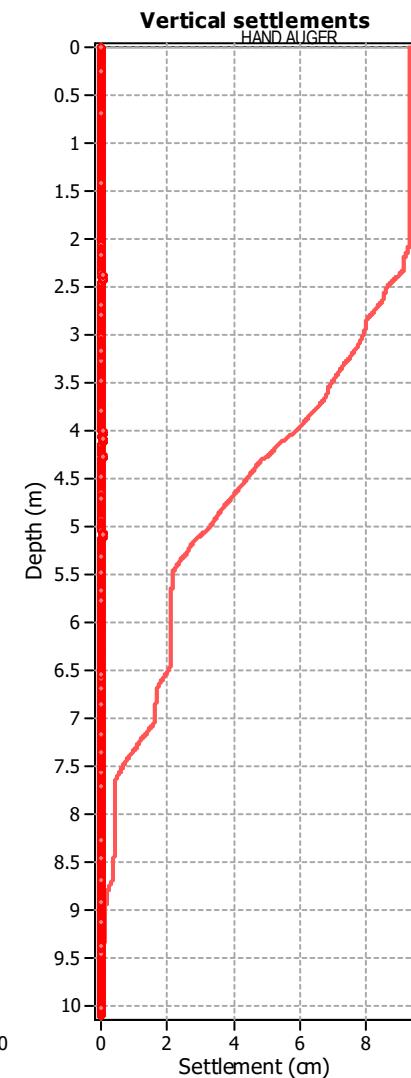
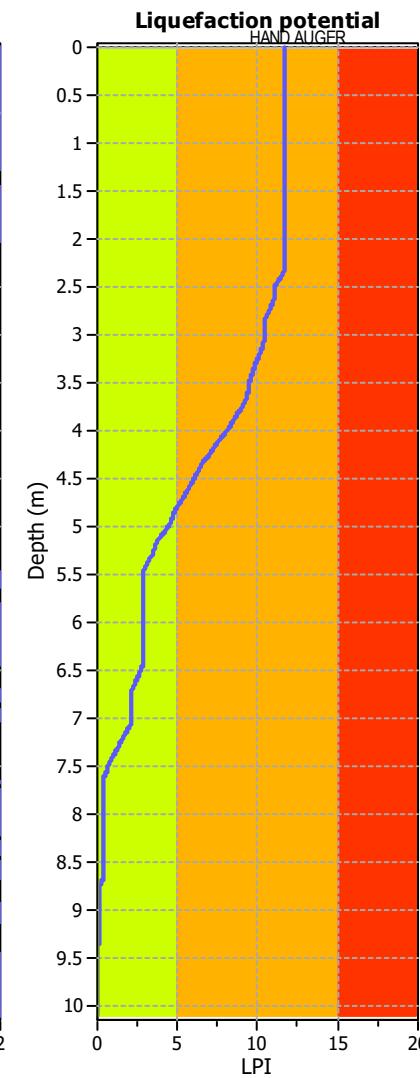
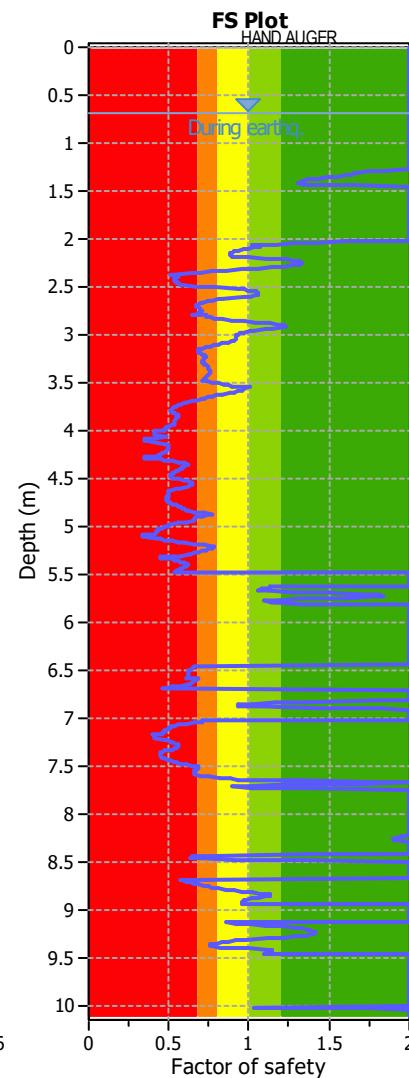
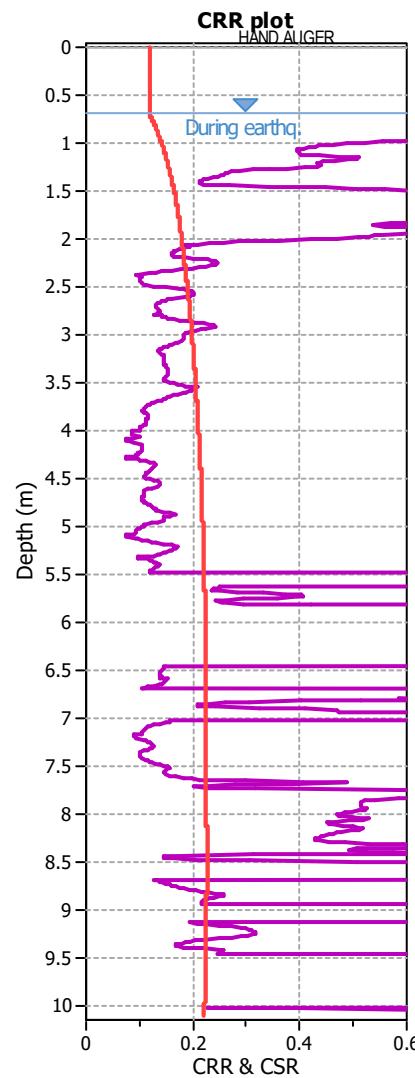
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

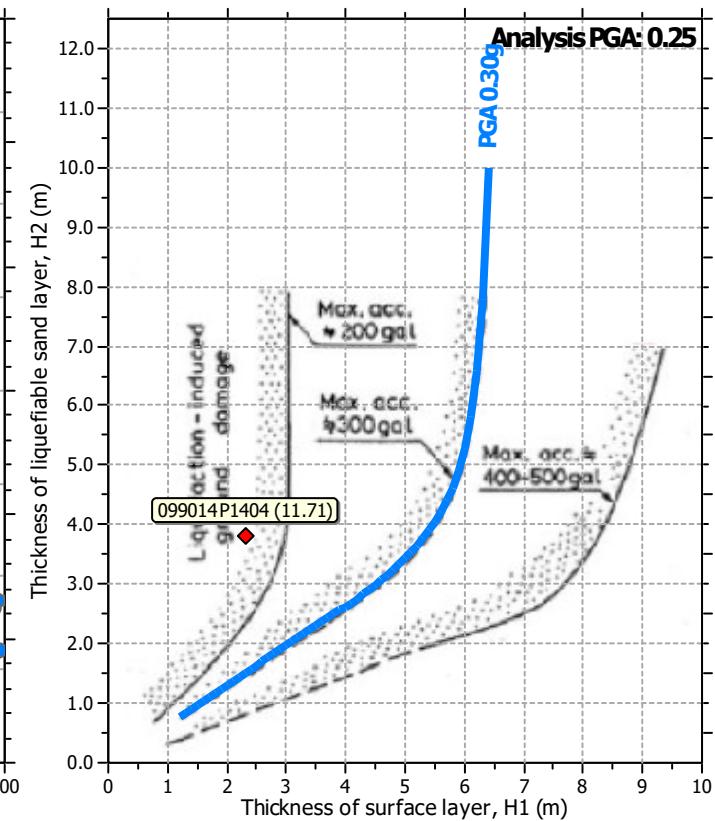
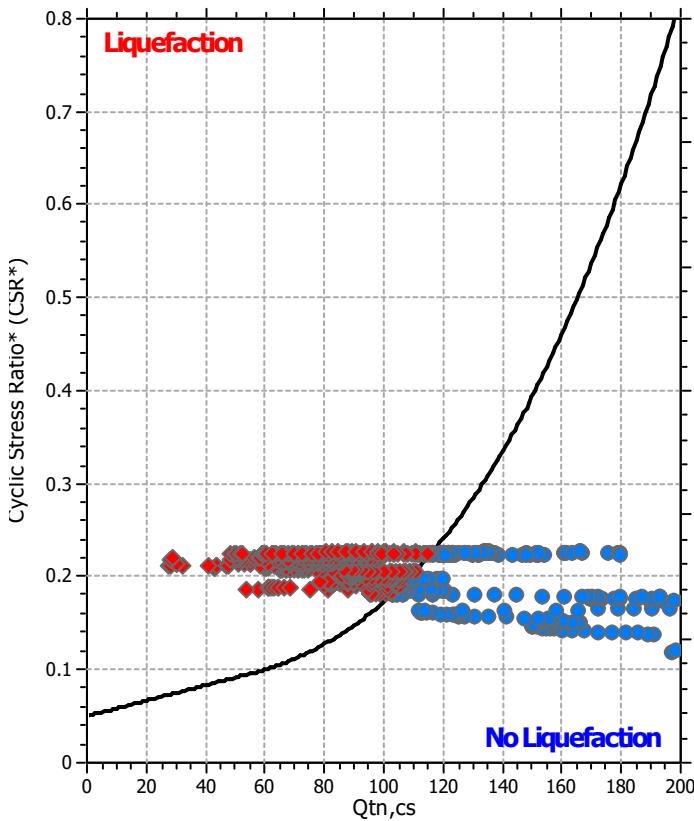
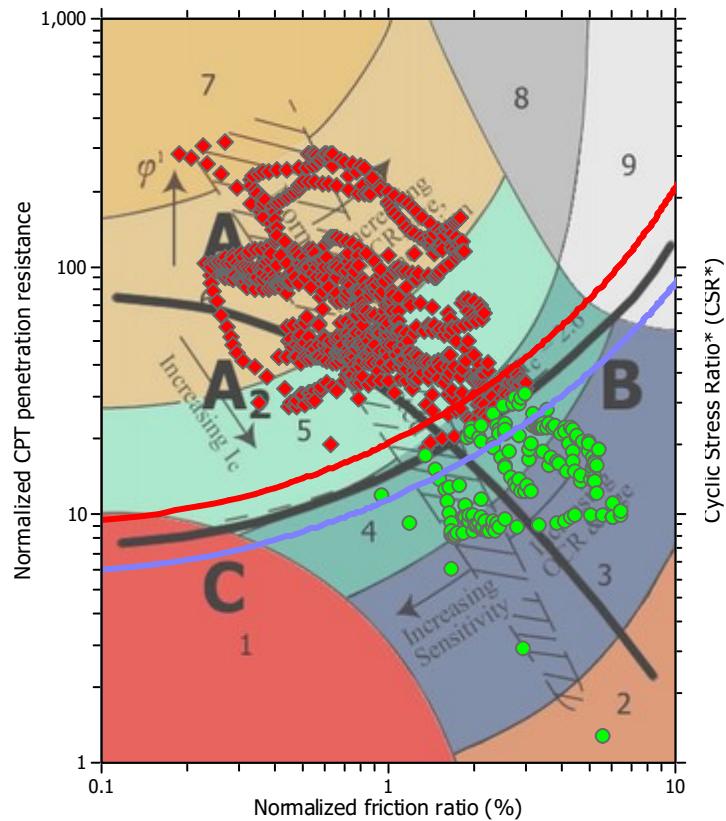
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



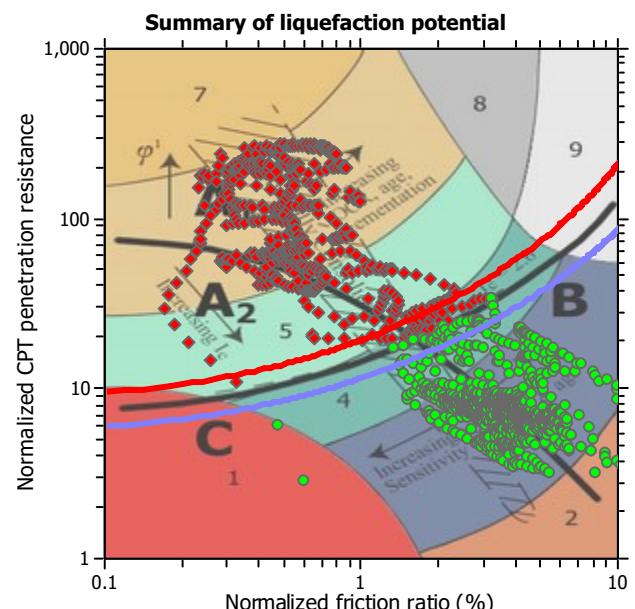
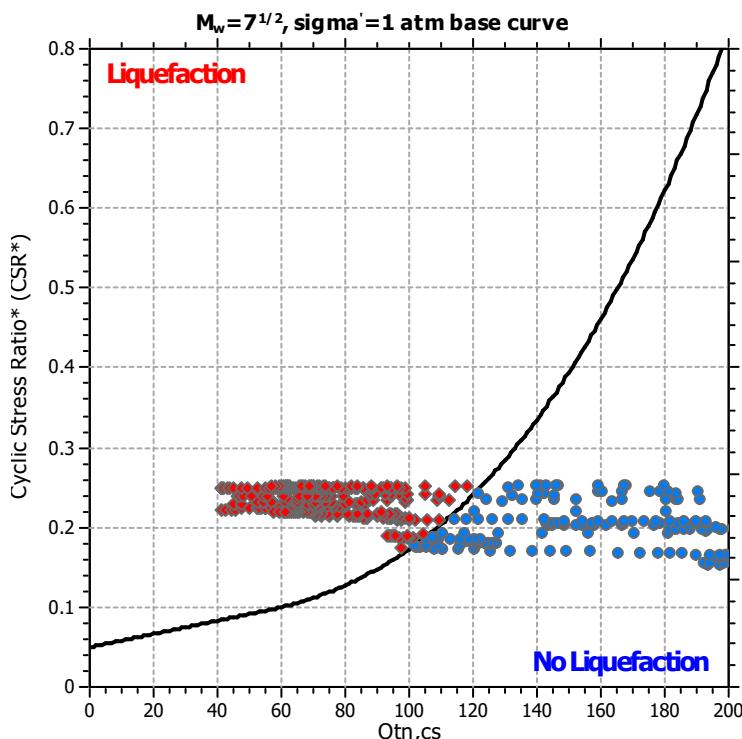
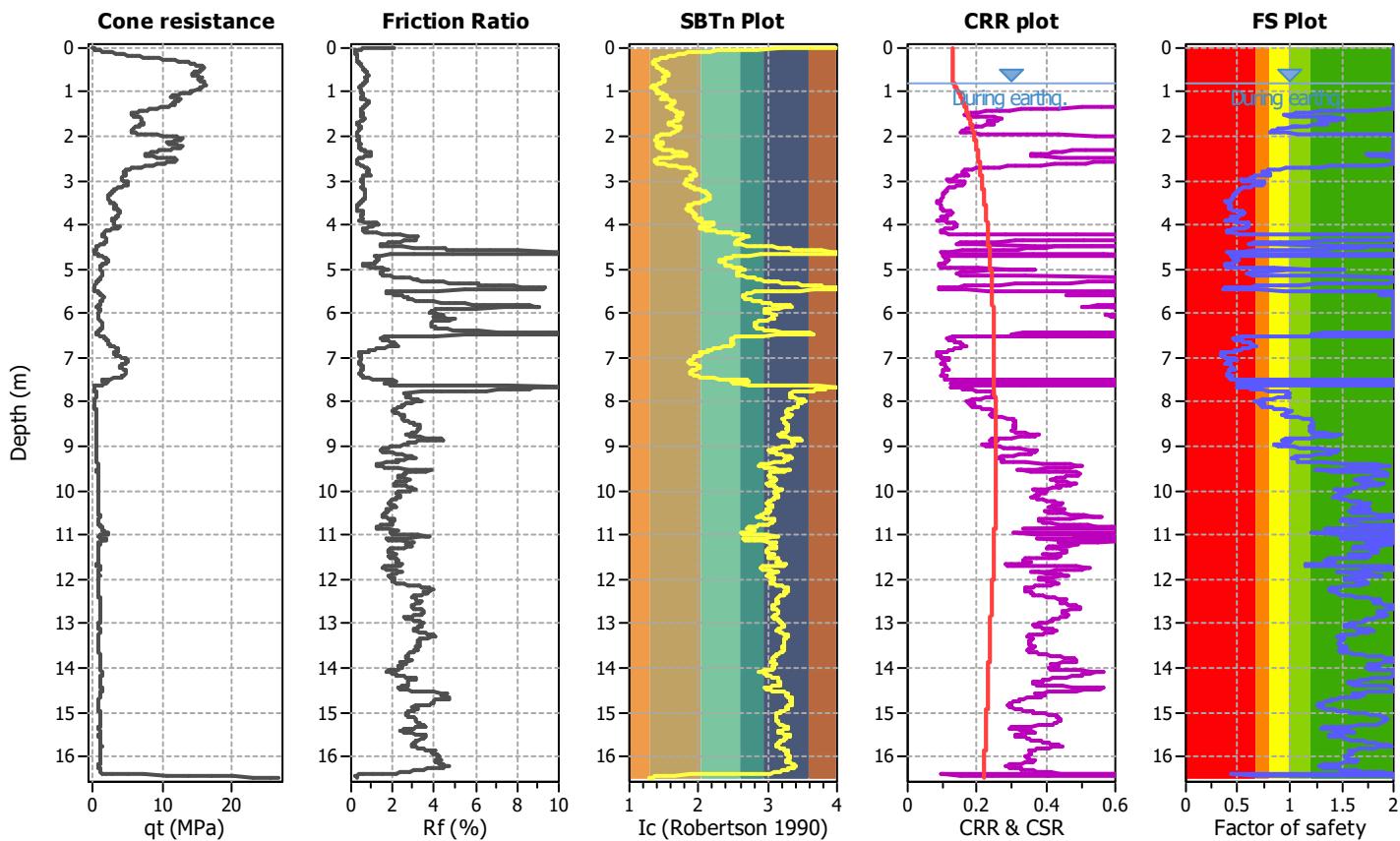
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

REPORT - ZONA RNN_01

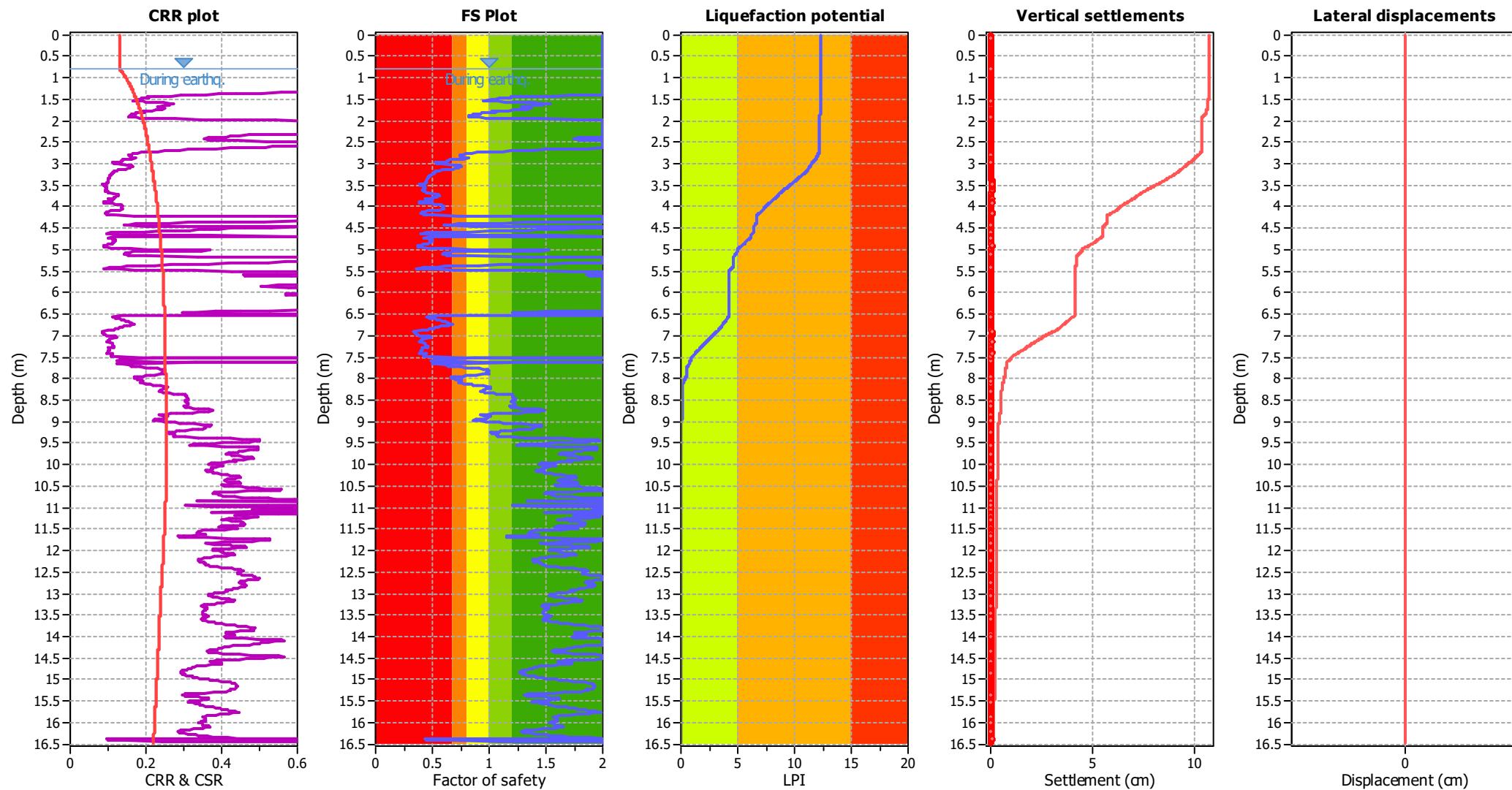
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_05
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.90 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

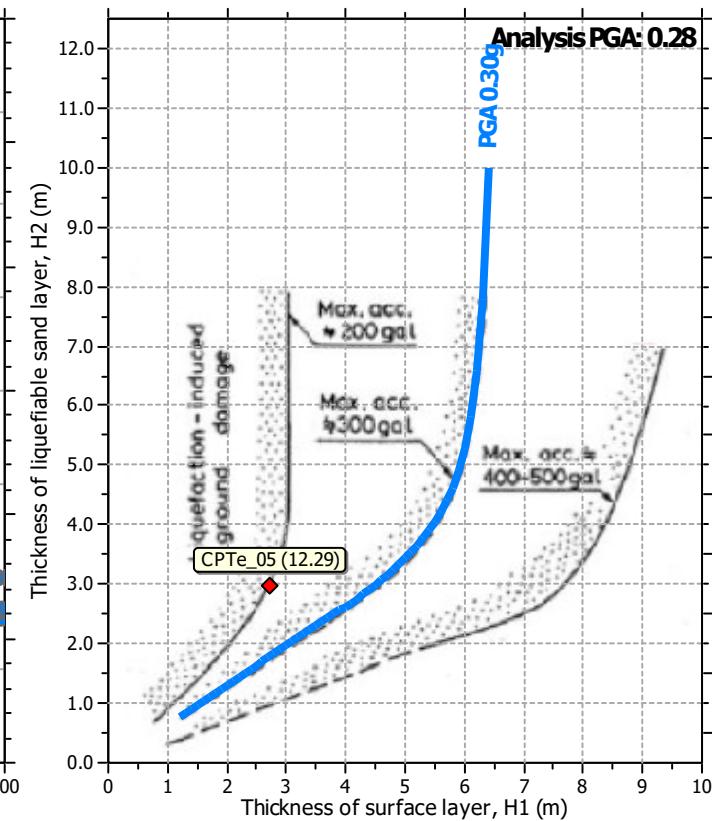
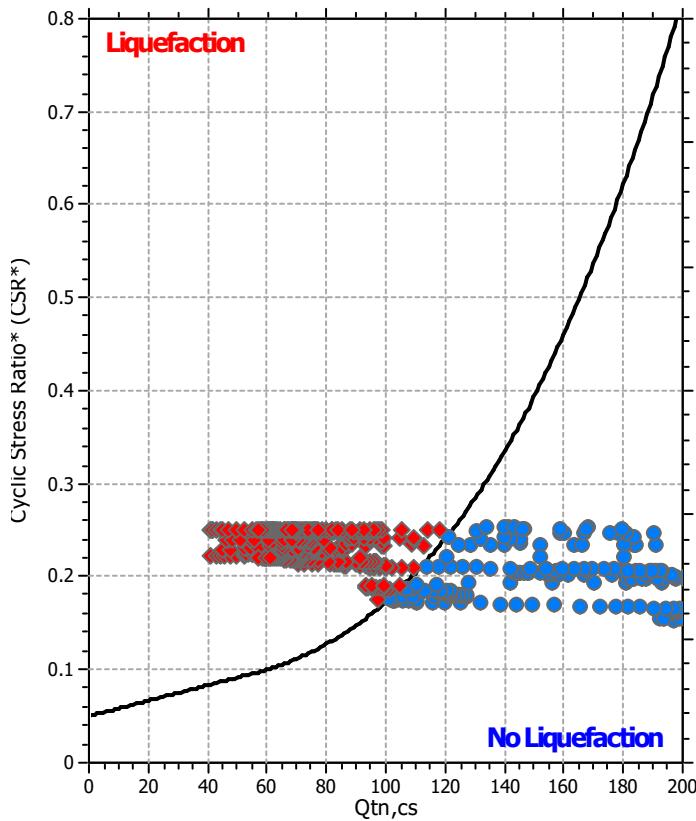
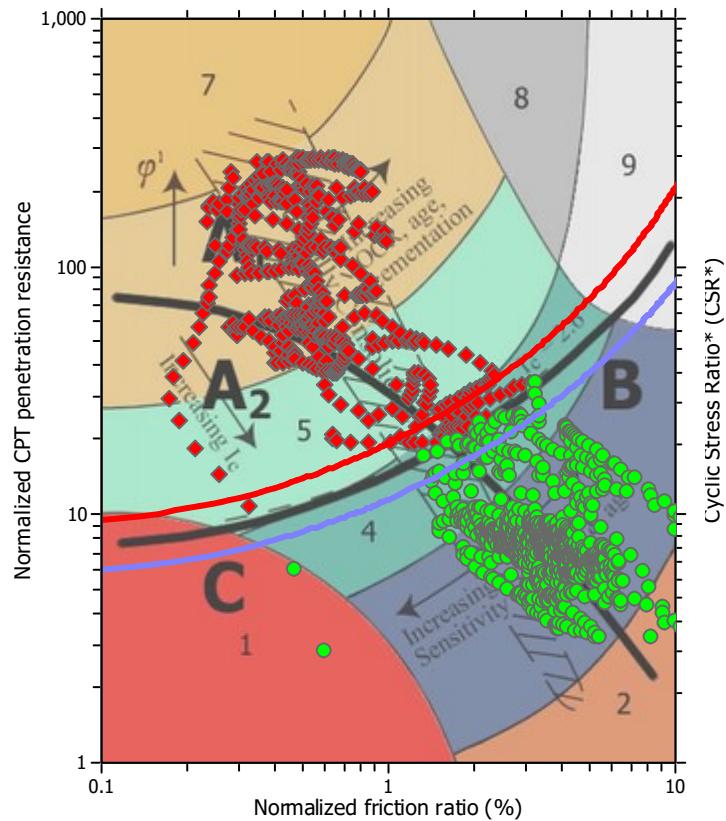
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

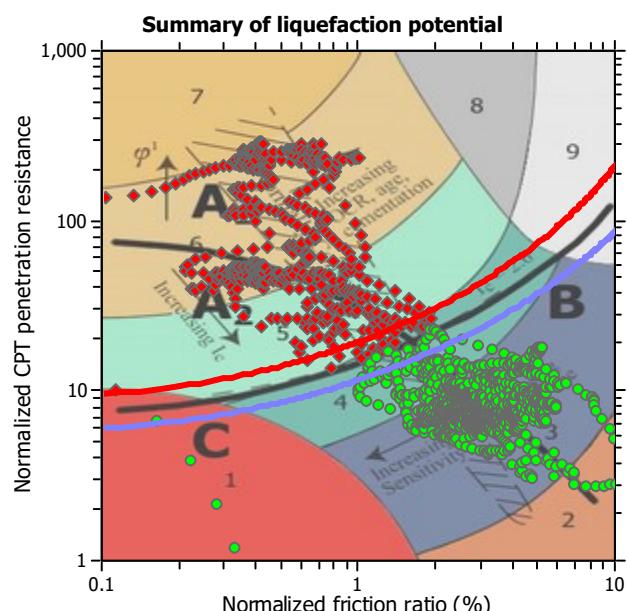
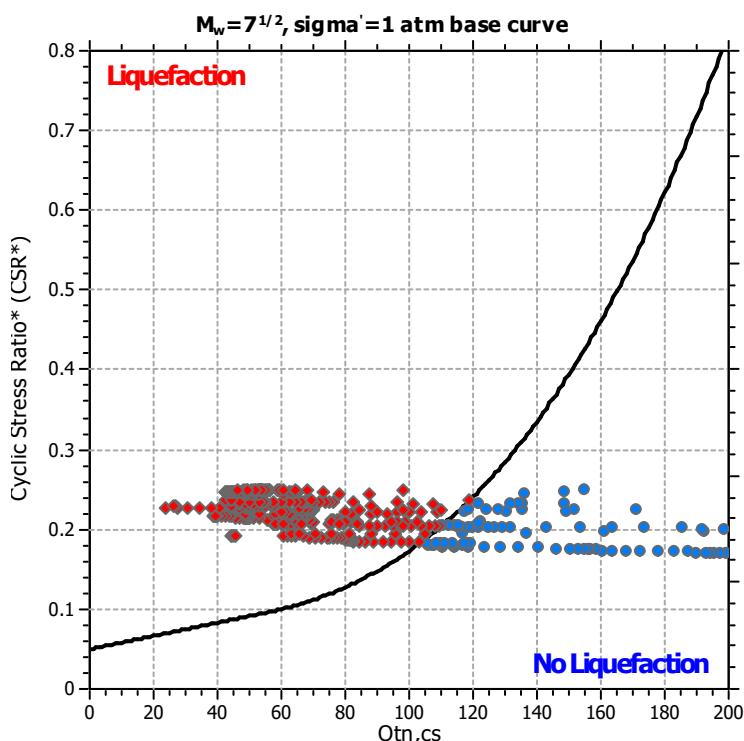
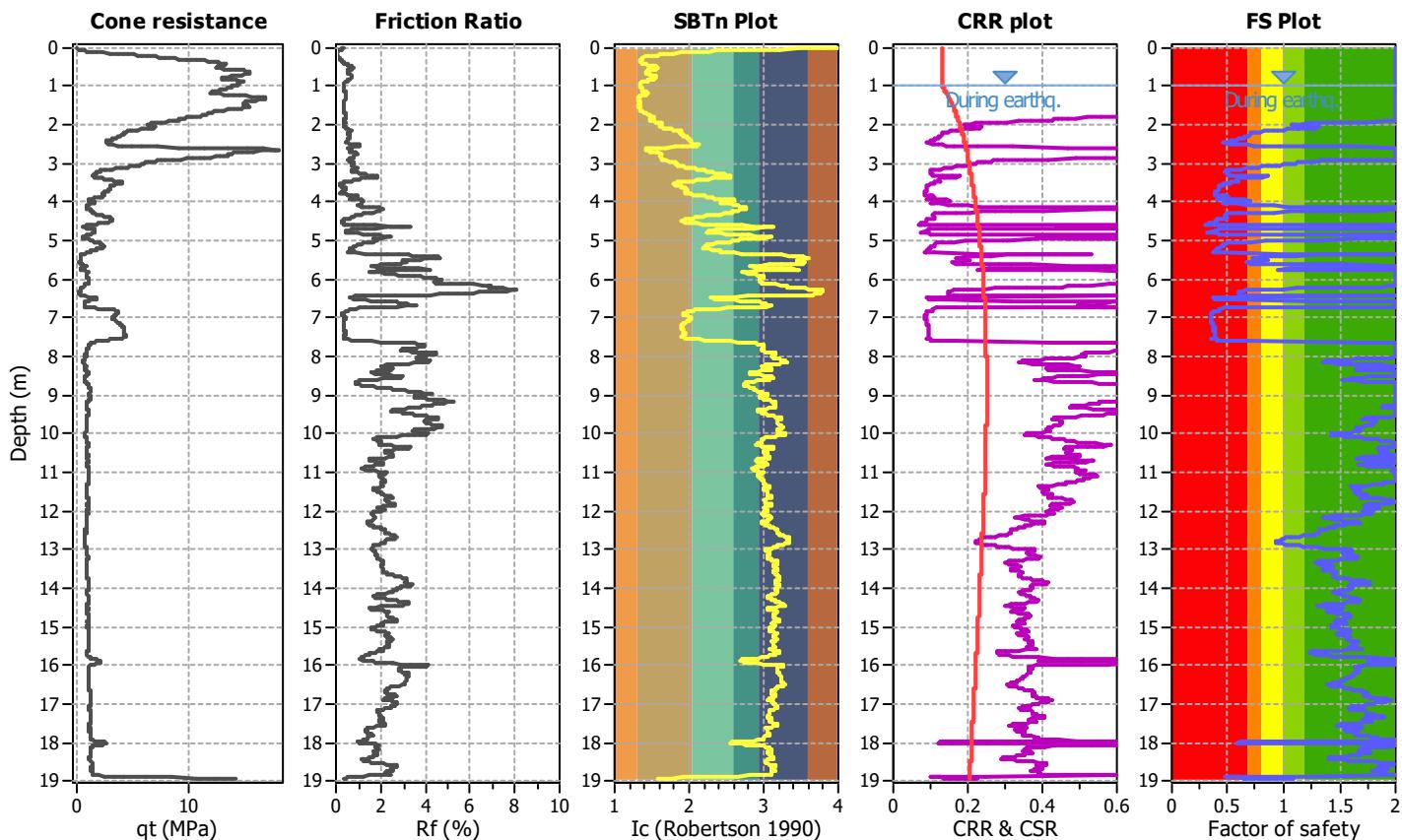
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_06

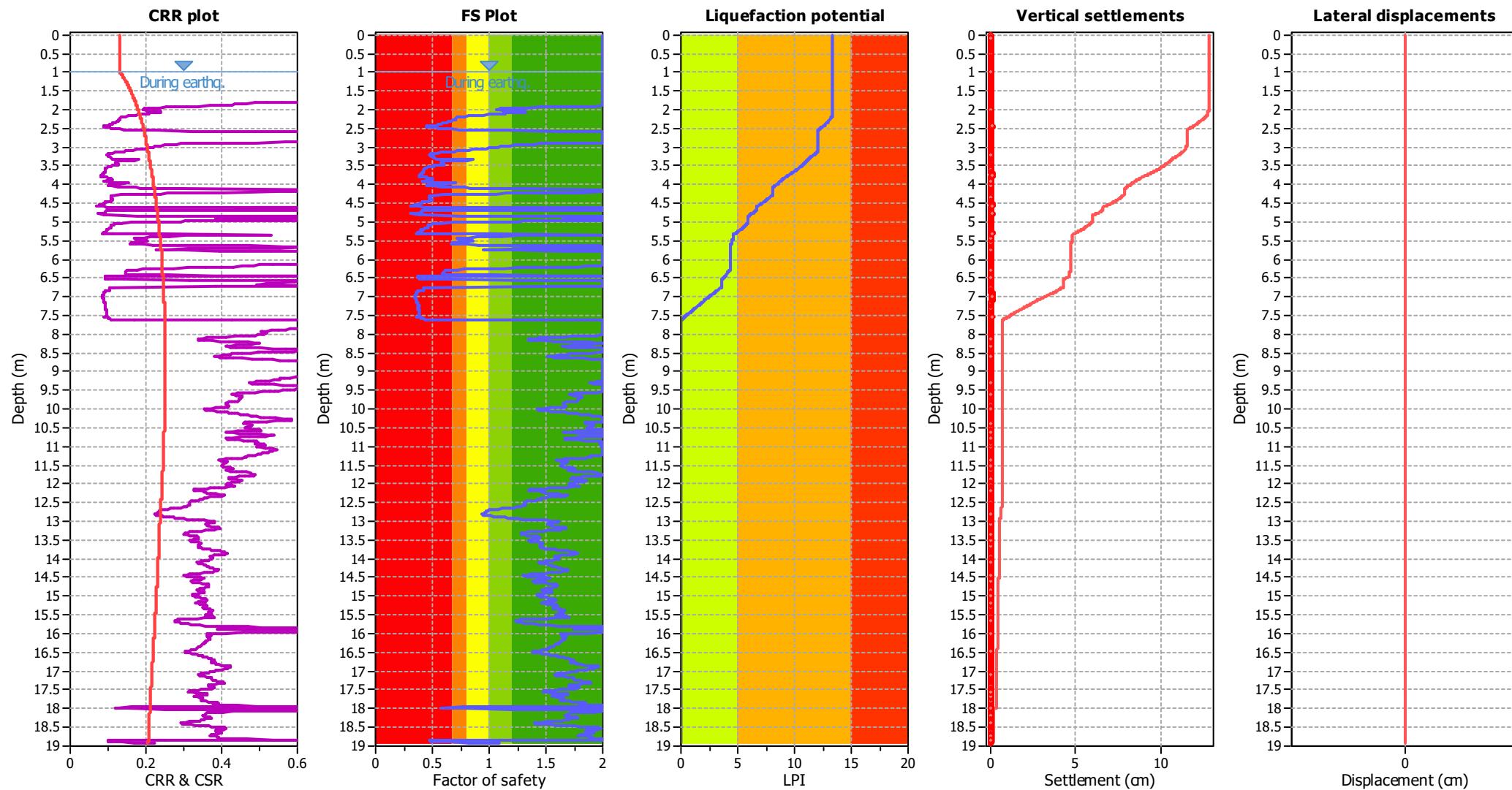
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

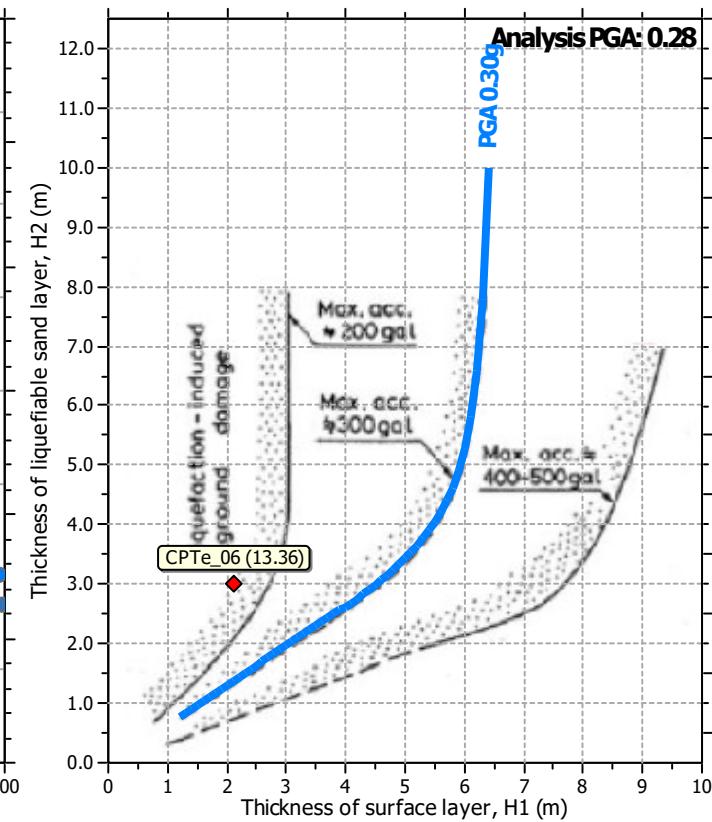
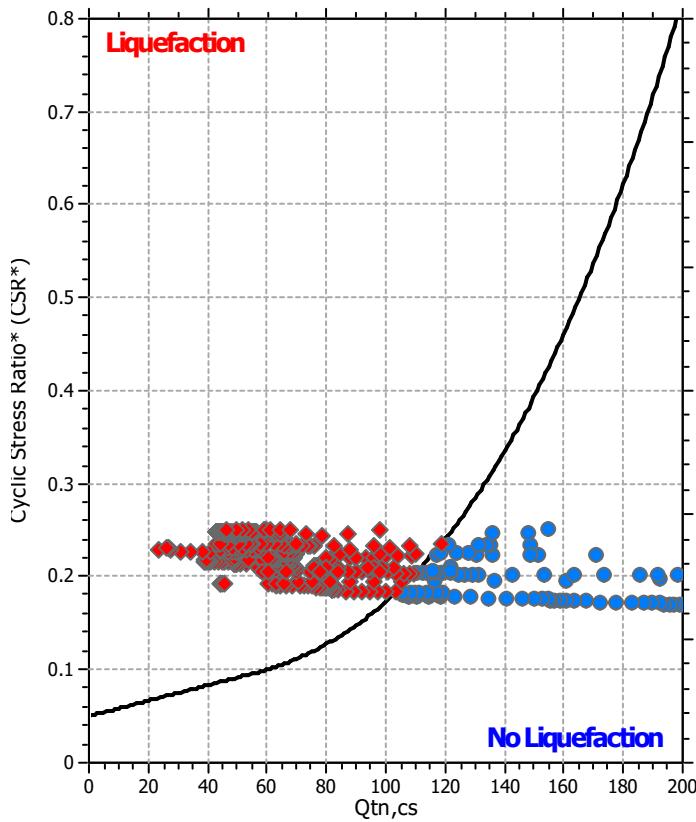
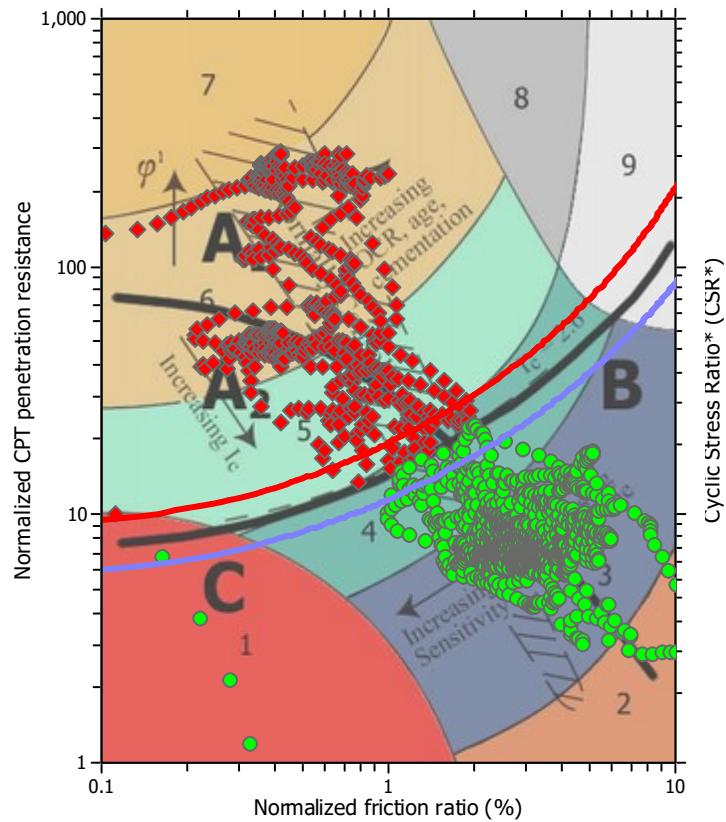
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

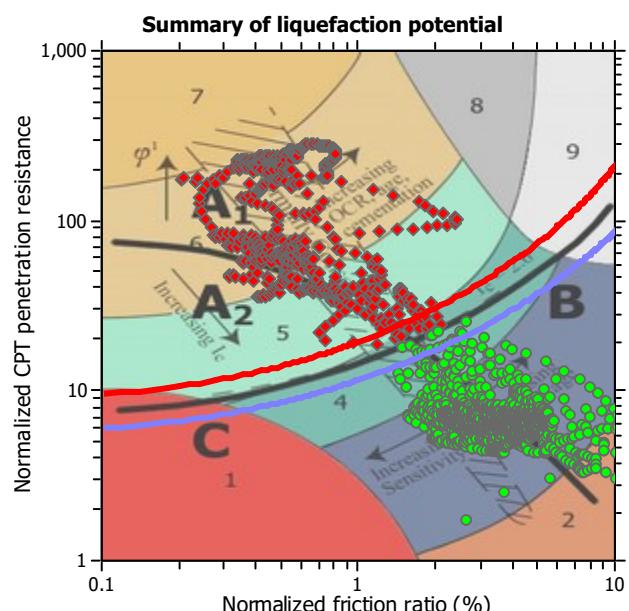
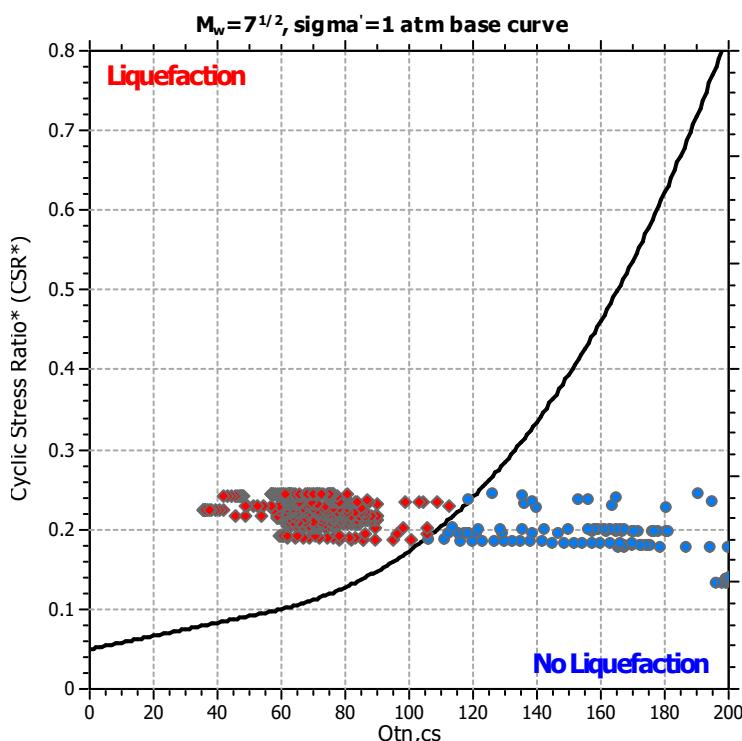
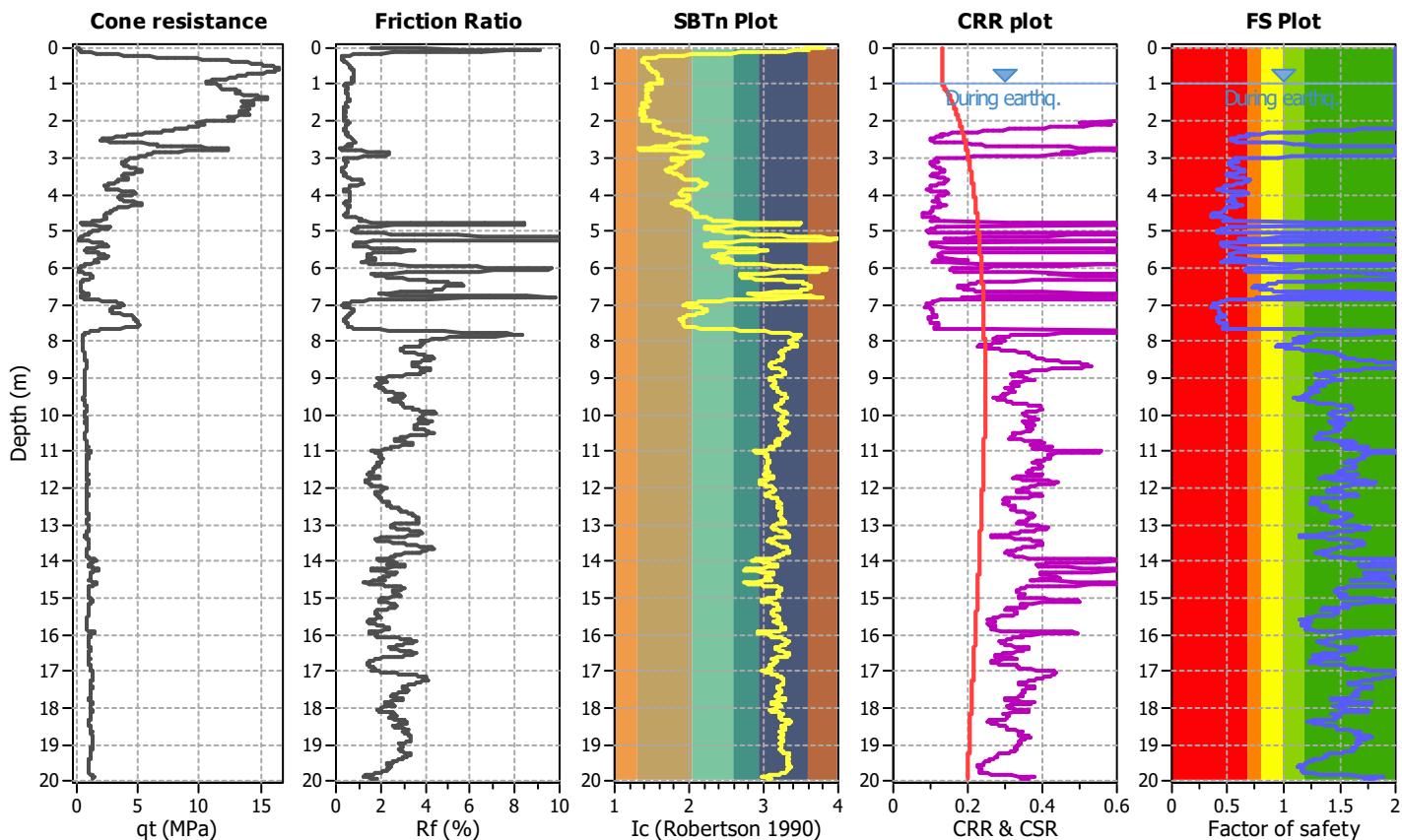
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_07

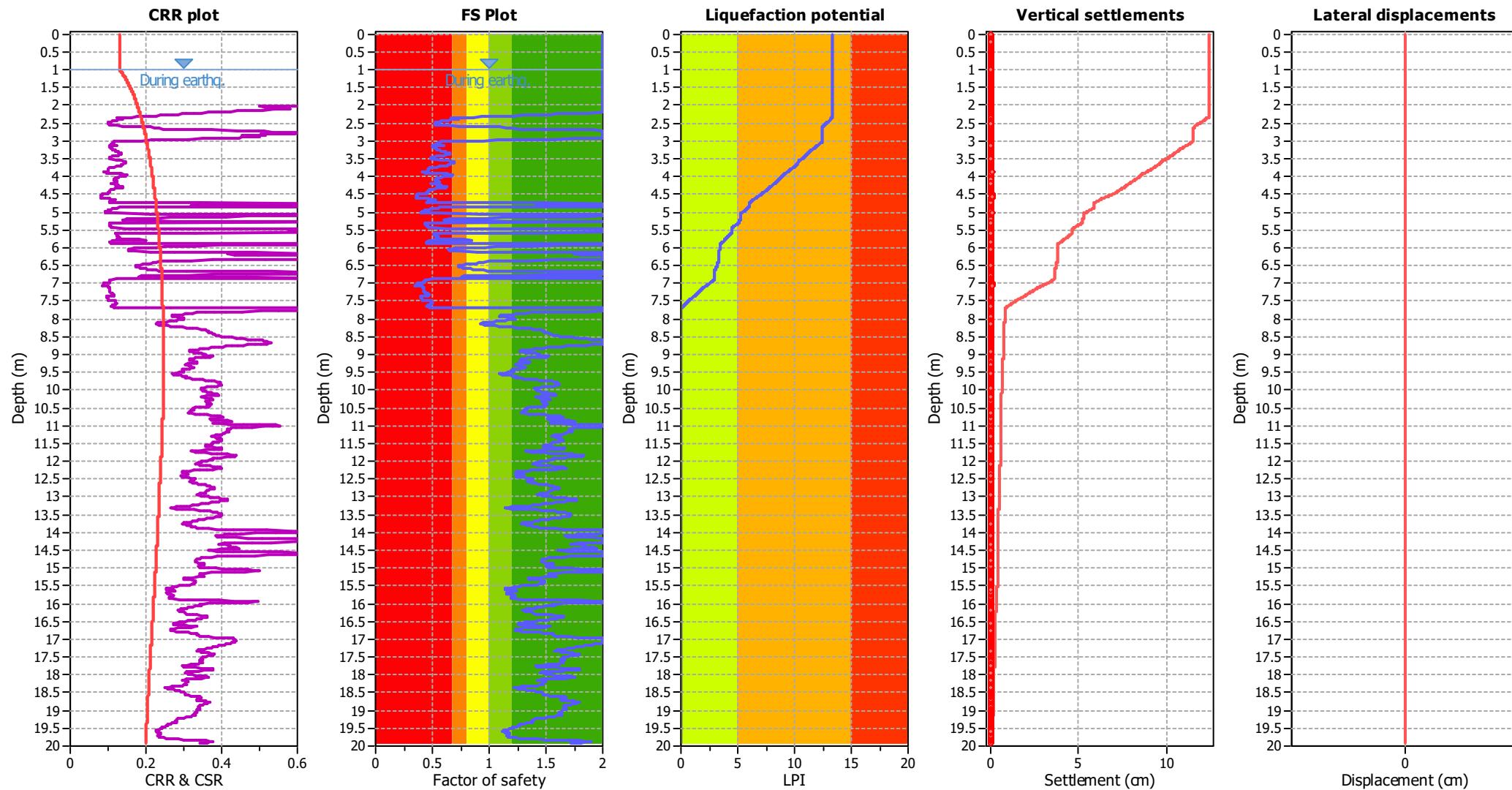
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K _o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

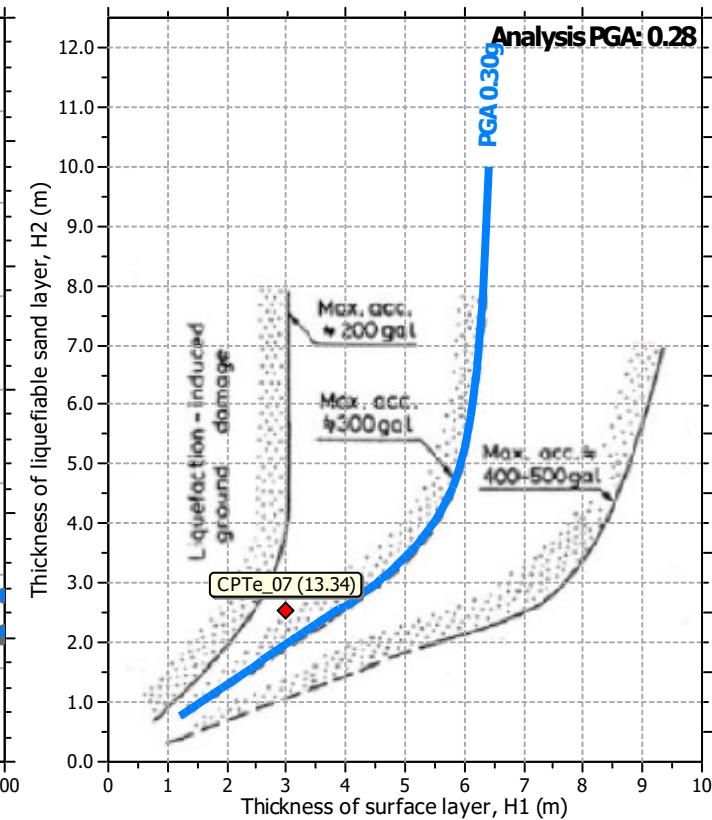
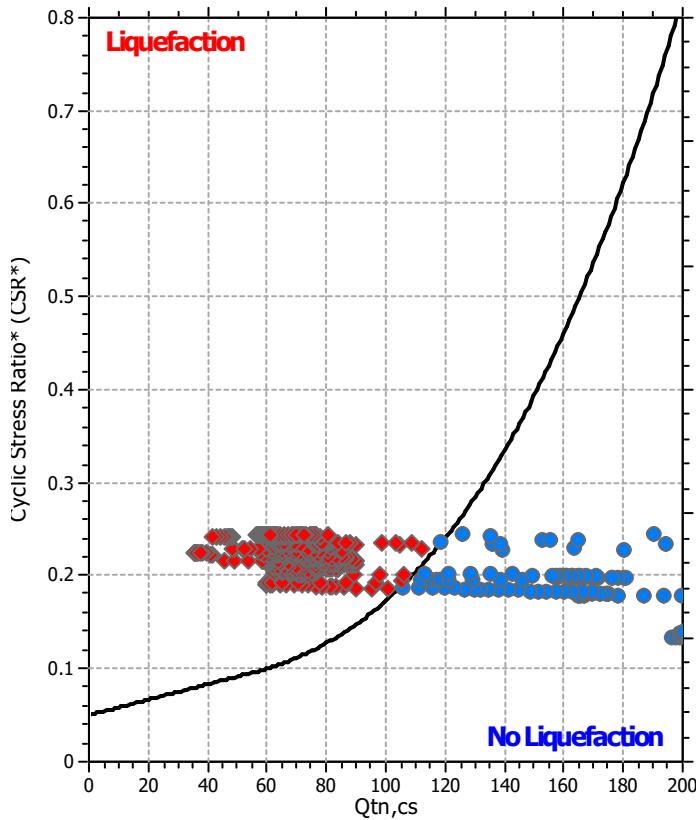
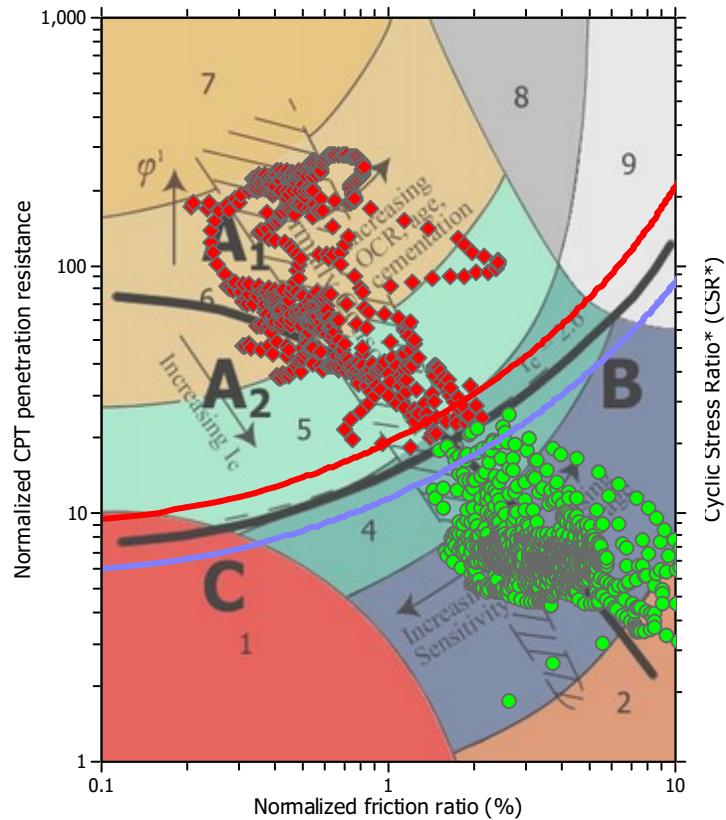
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

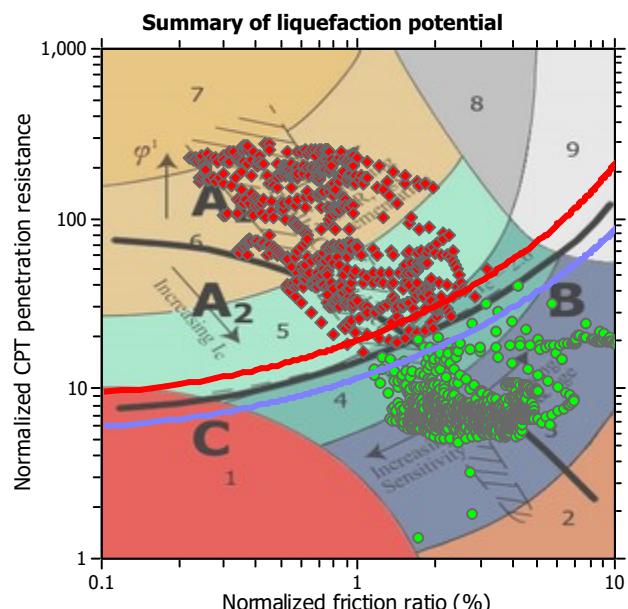
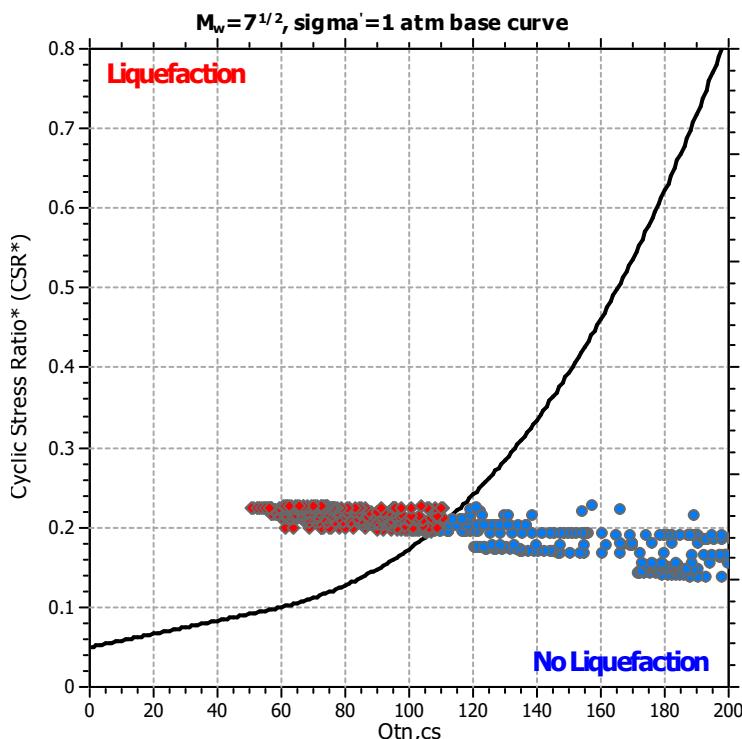
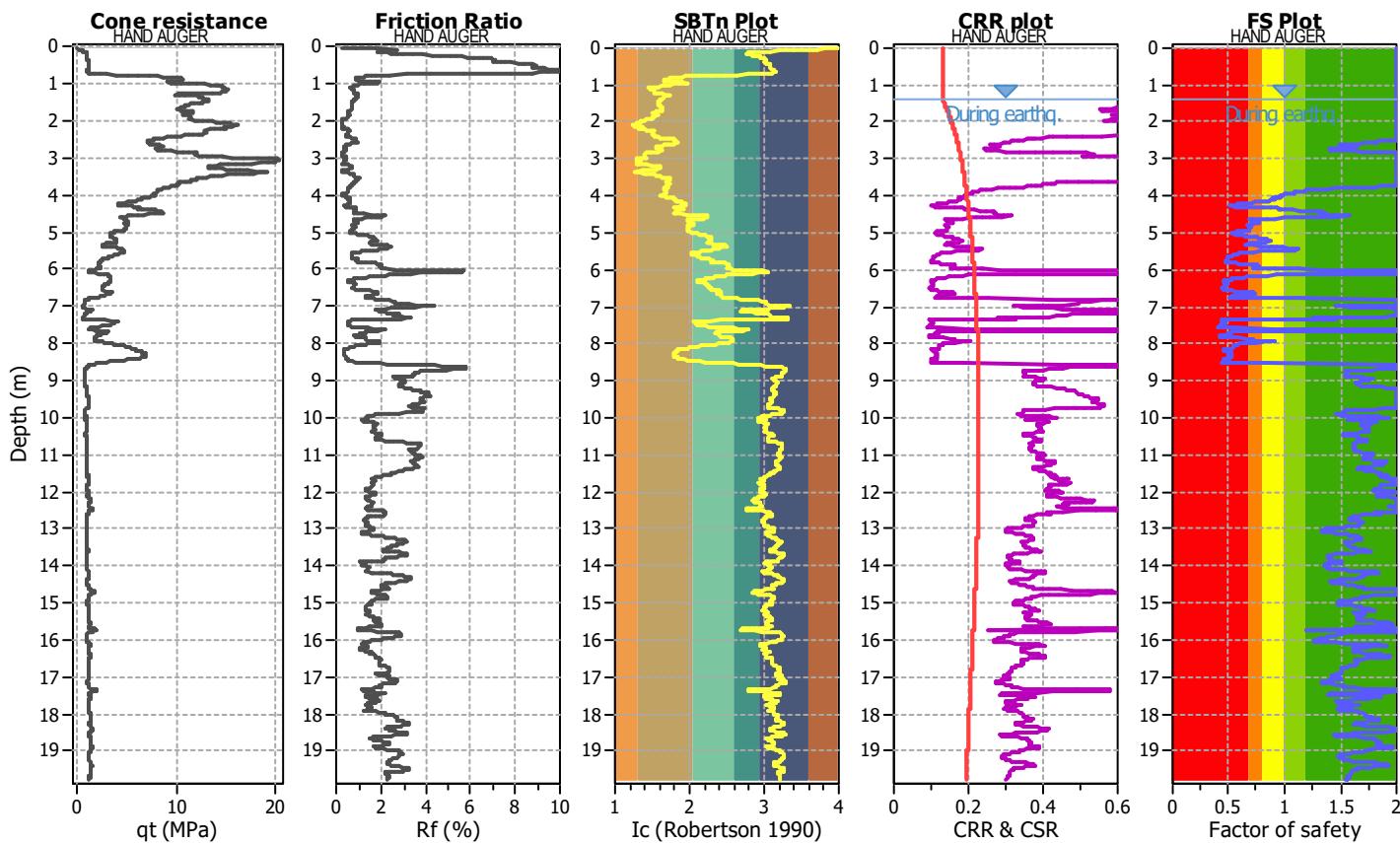
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1407

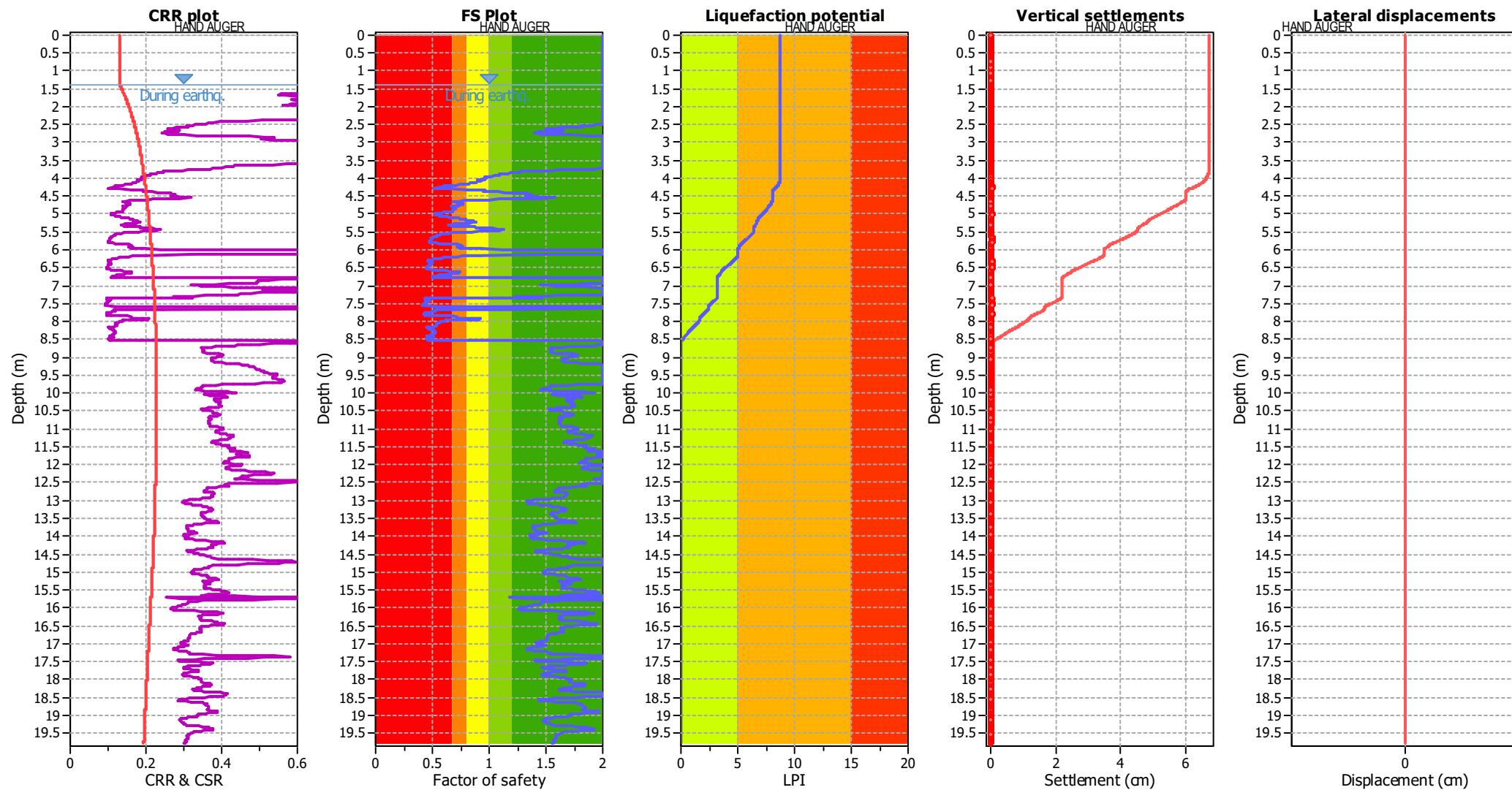
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.40 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.40 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

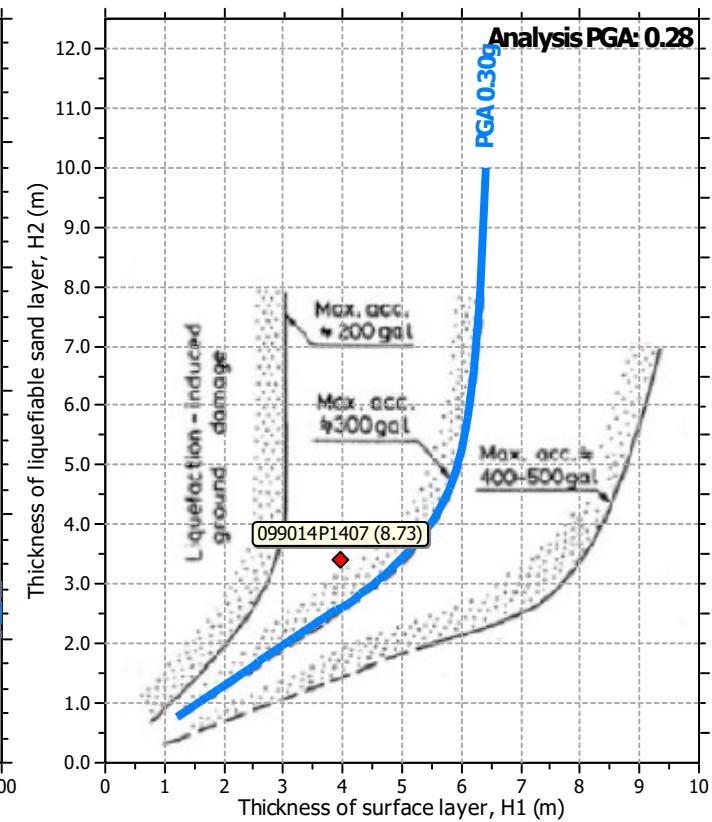
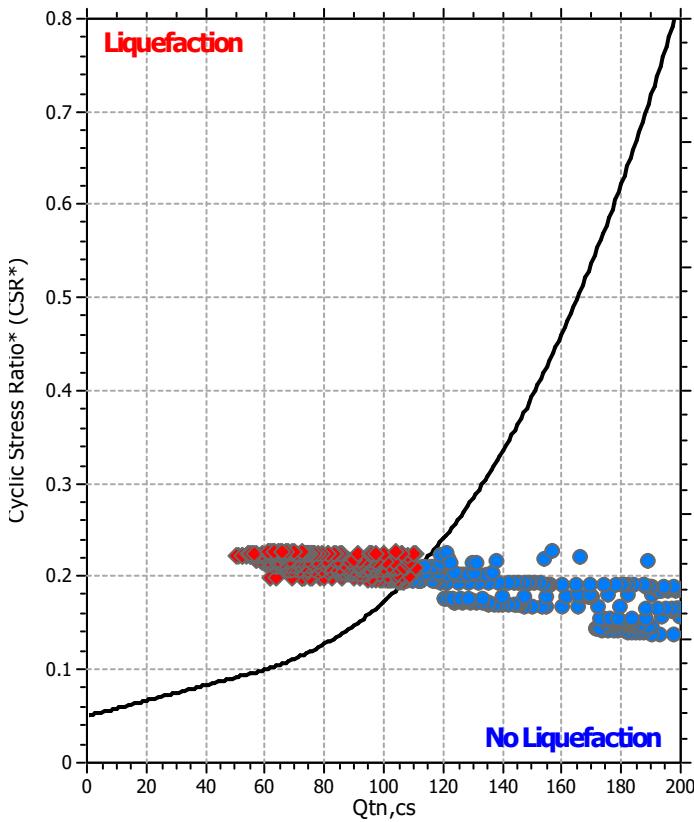
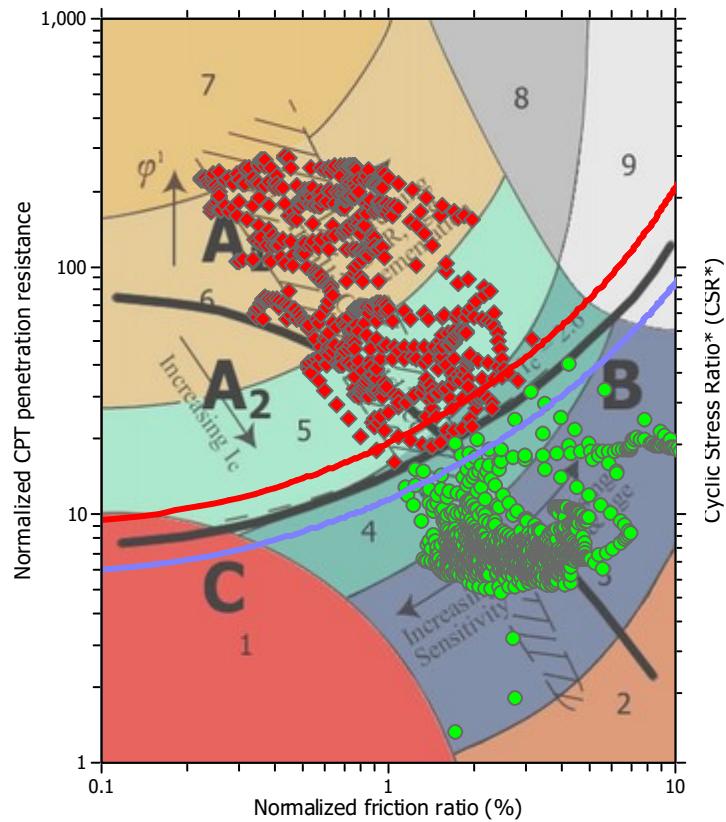
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

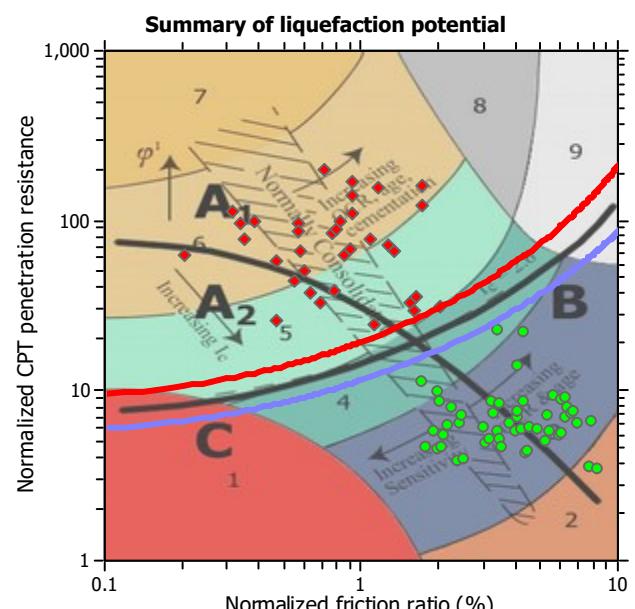
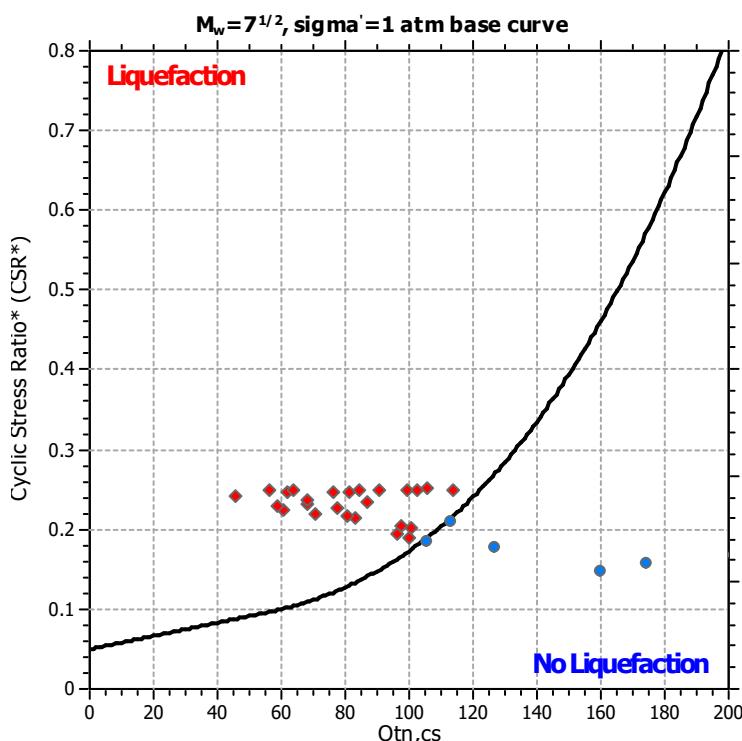
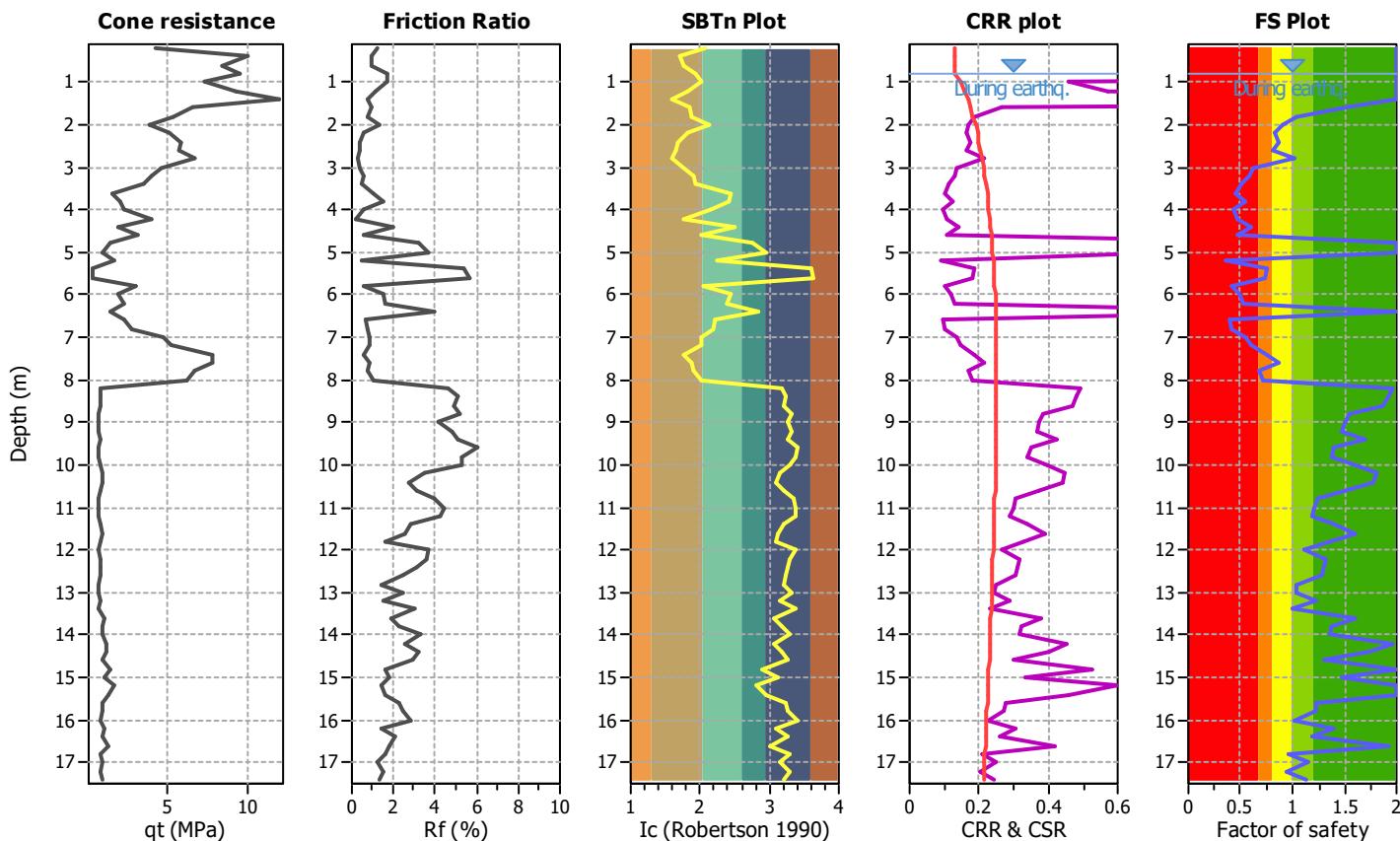


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.40 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

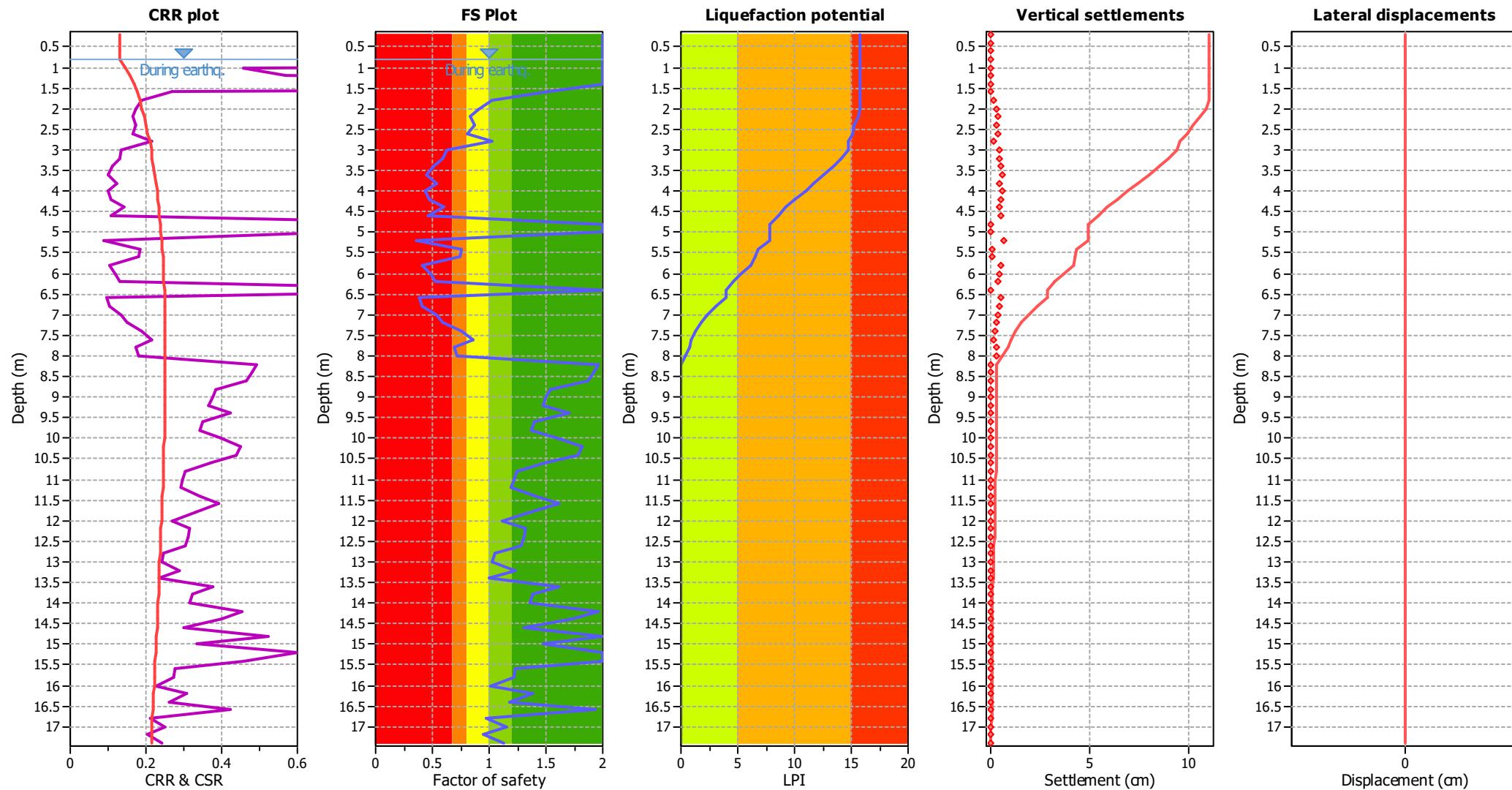
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P297
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 1 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

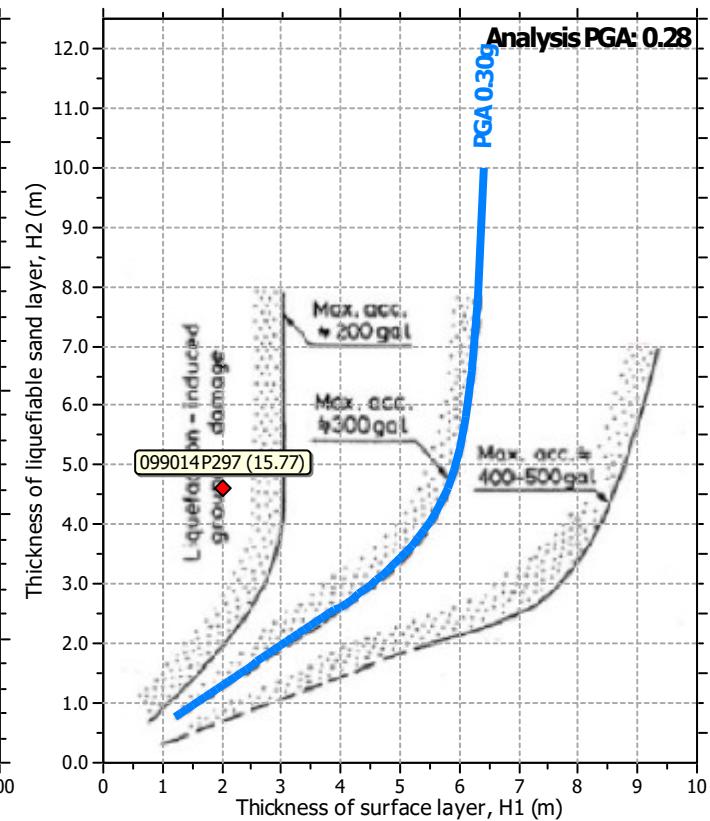
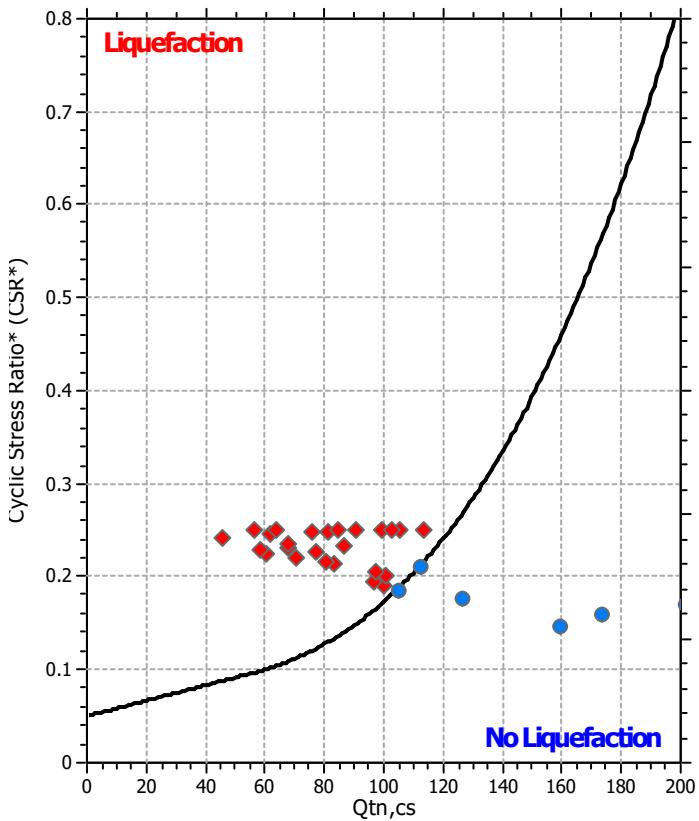
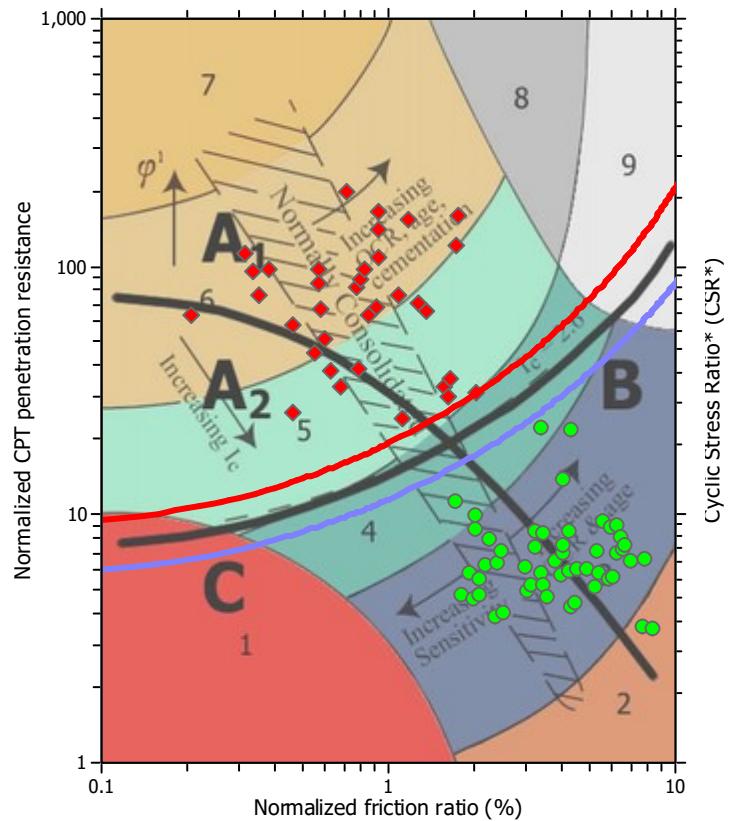
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |
| █ | Low risk |
| █ | Very low risk |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

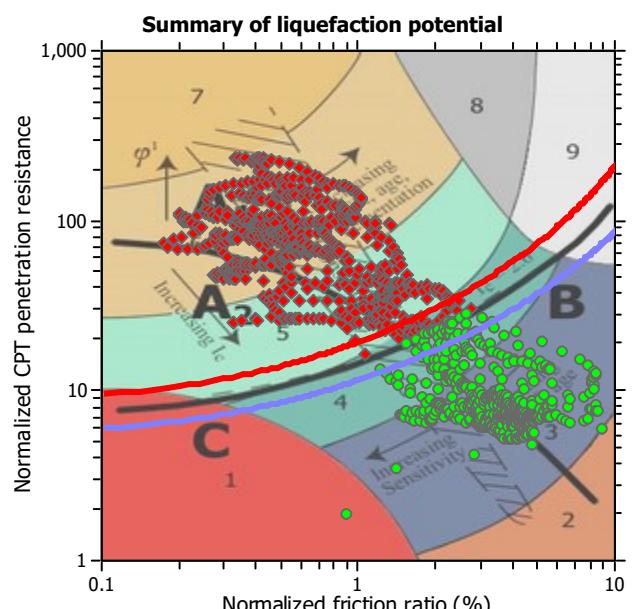
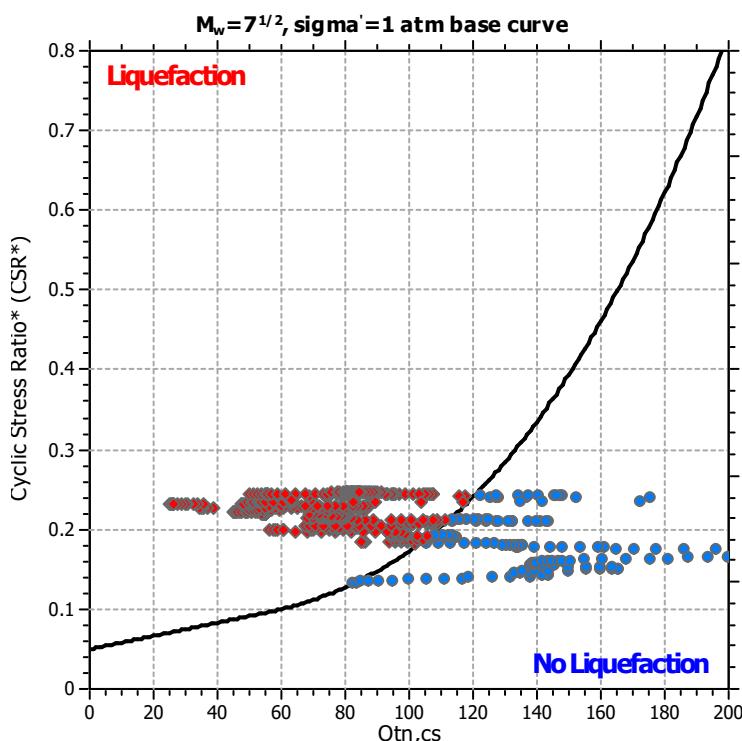
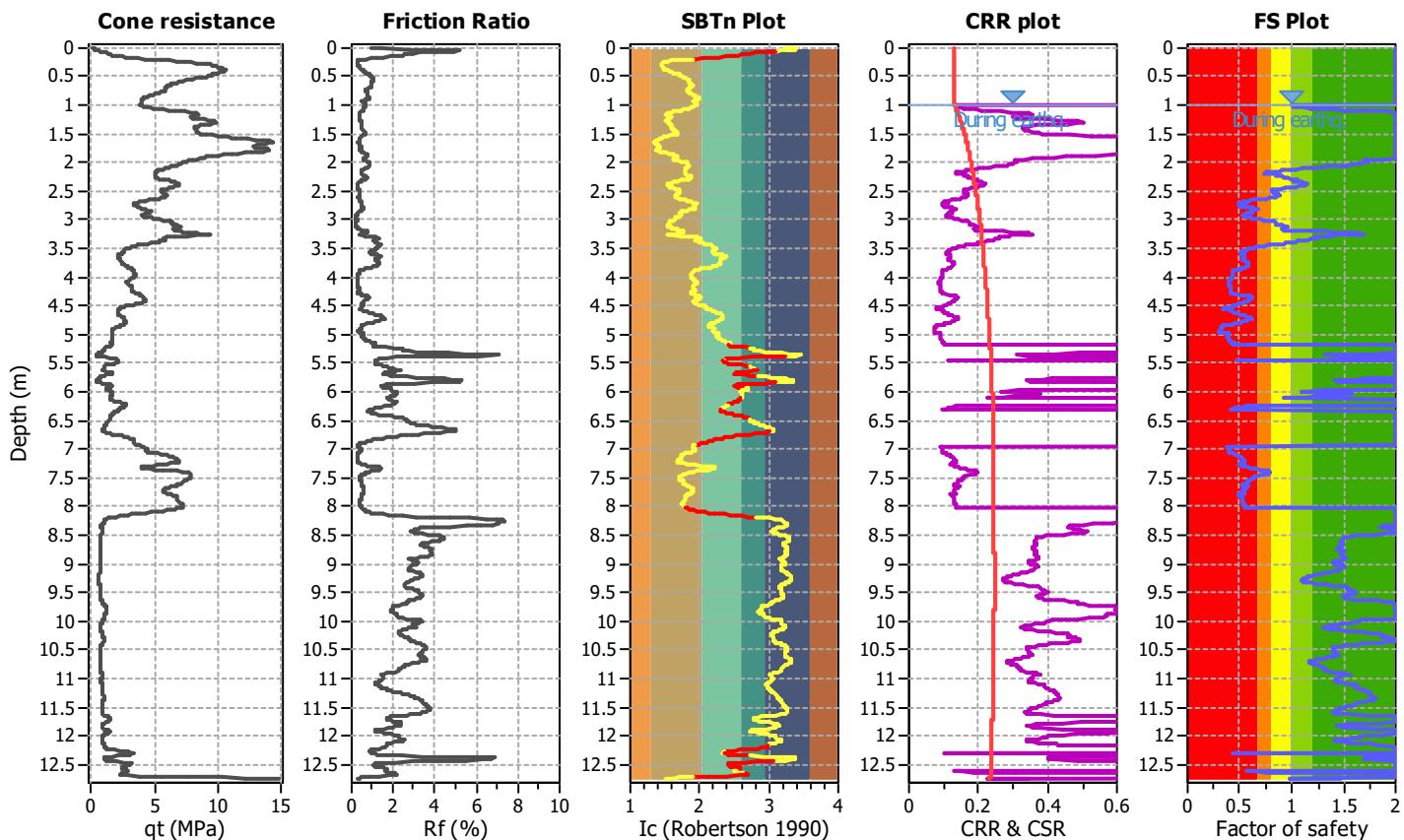
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_08

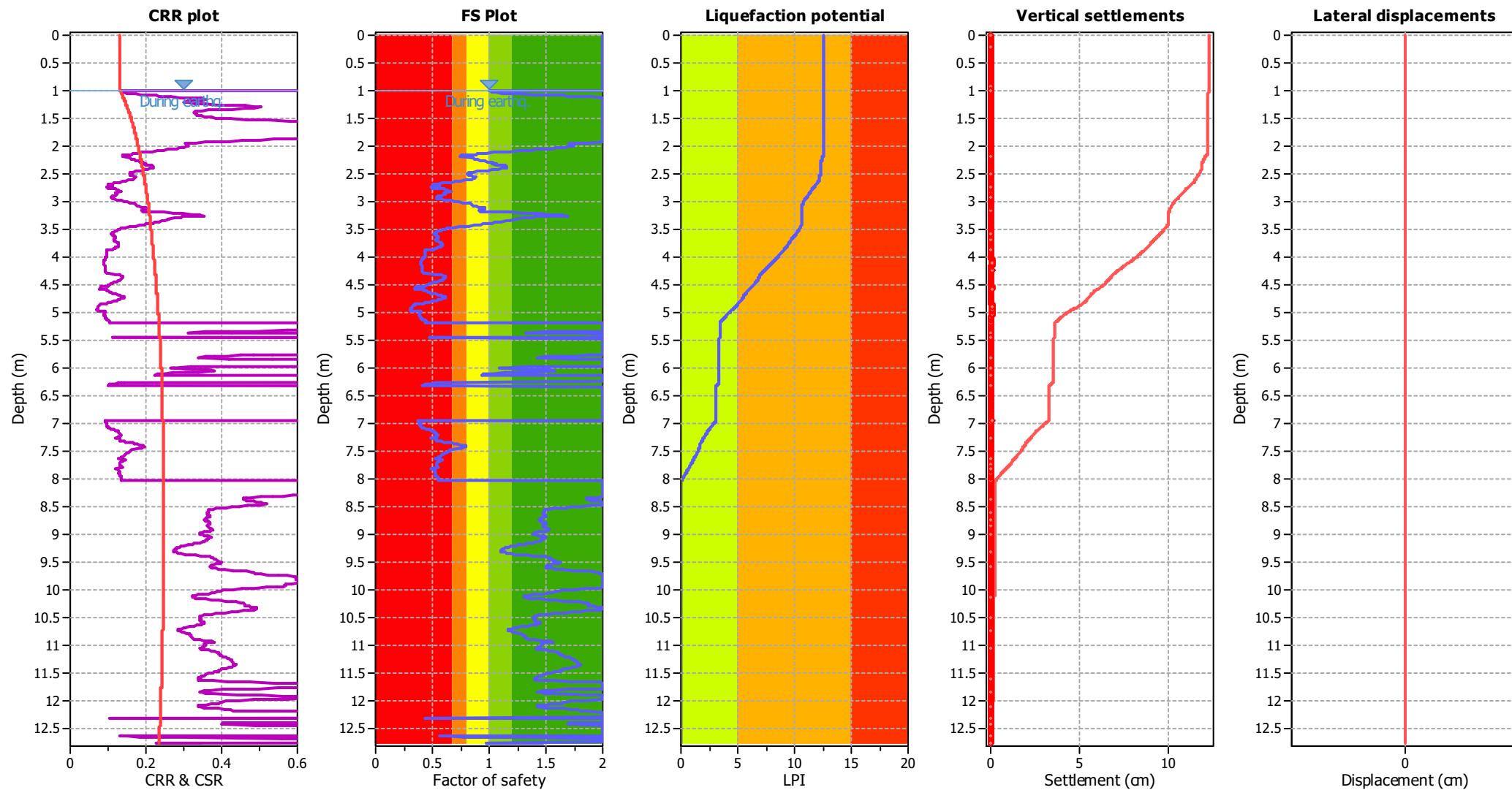
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

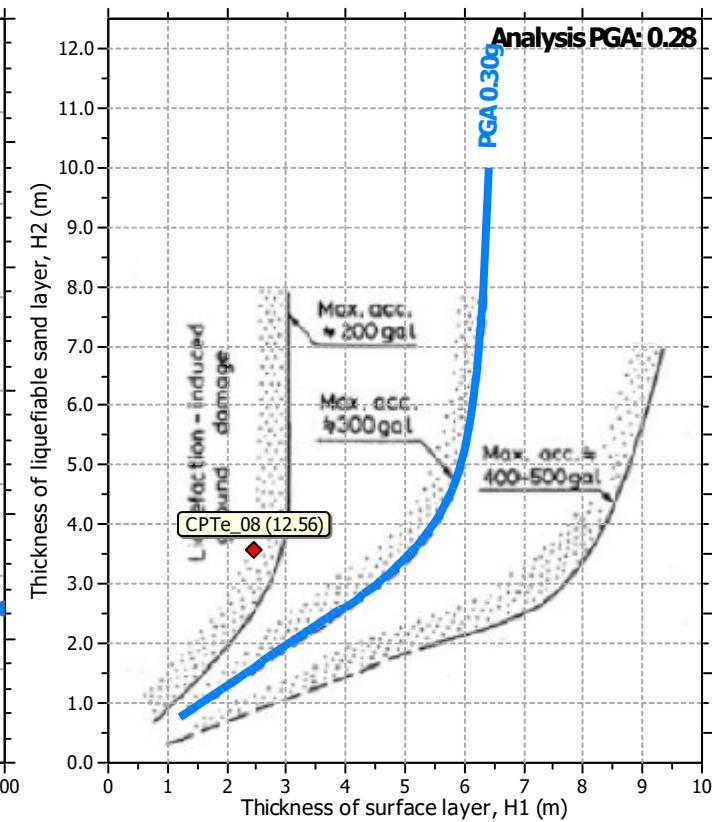
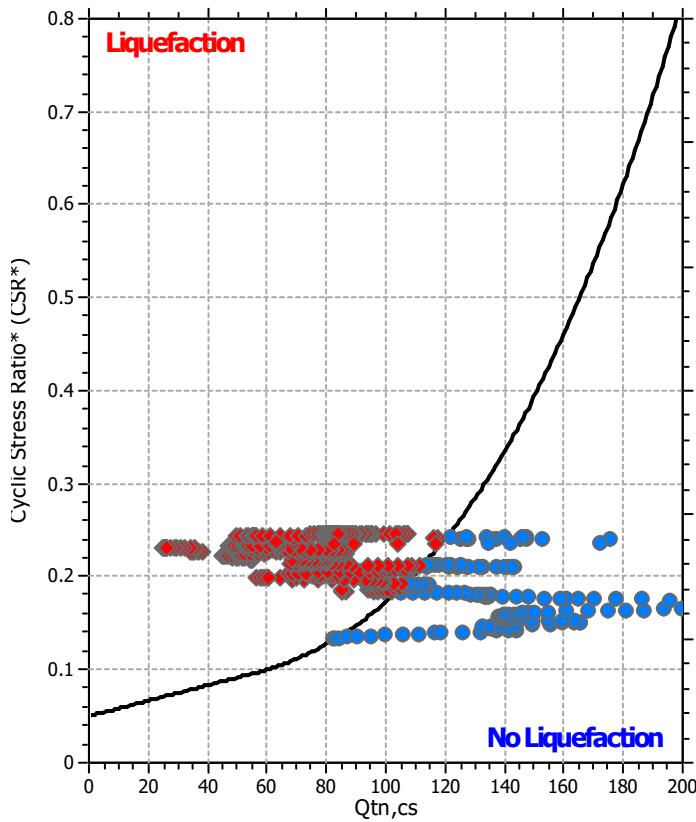
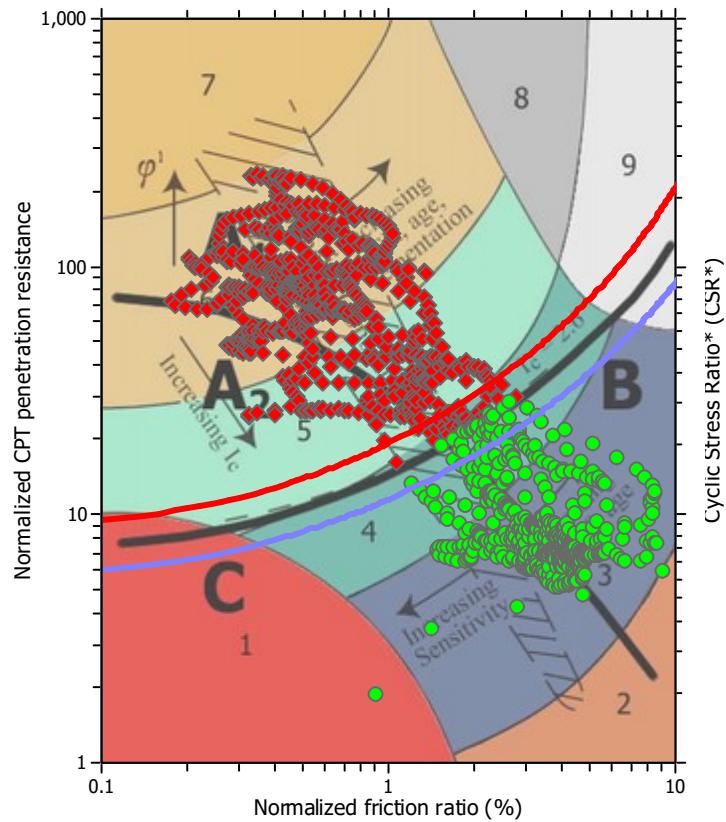
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|--|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

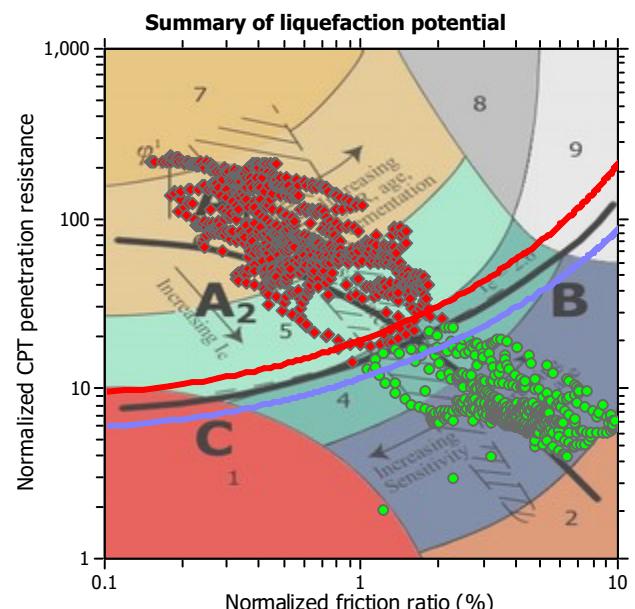
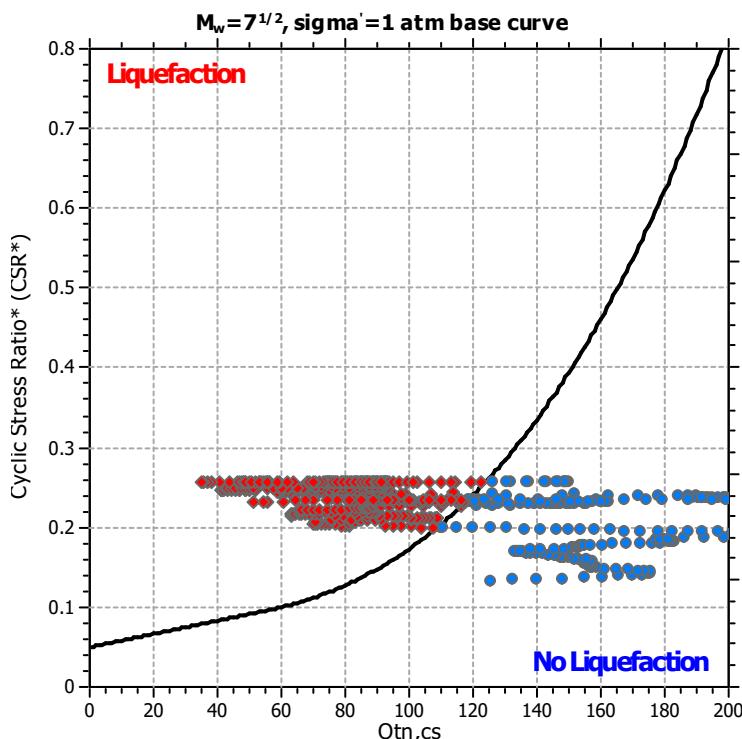
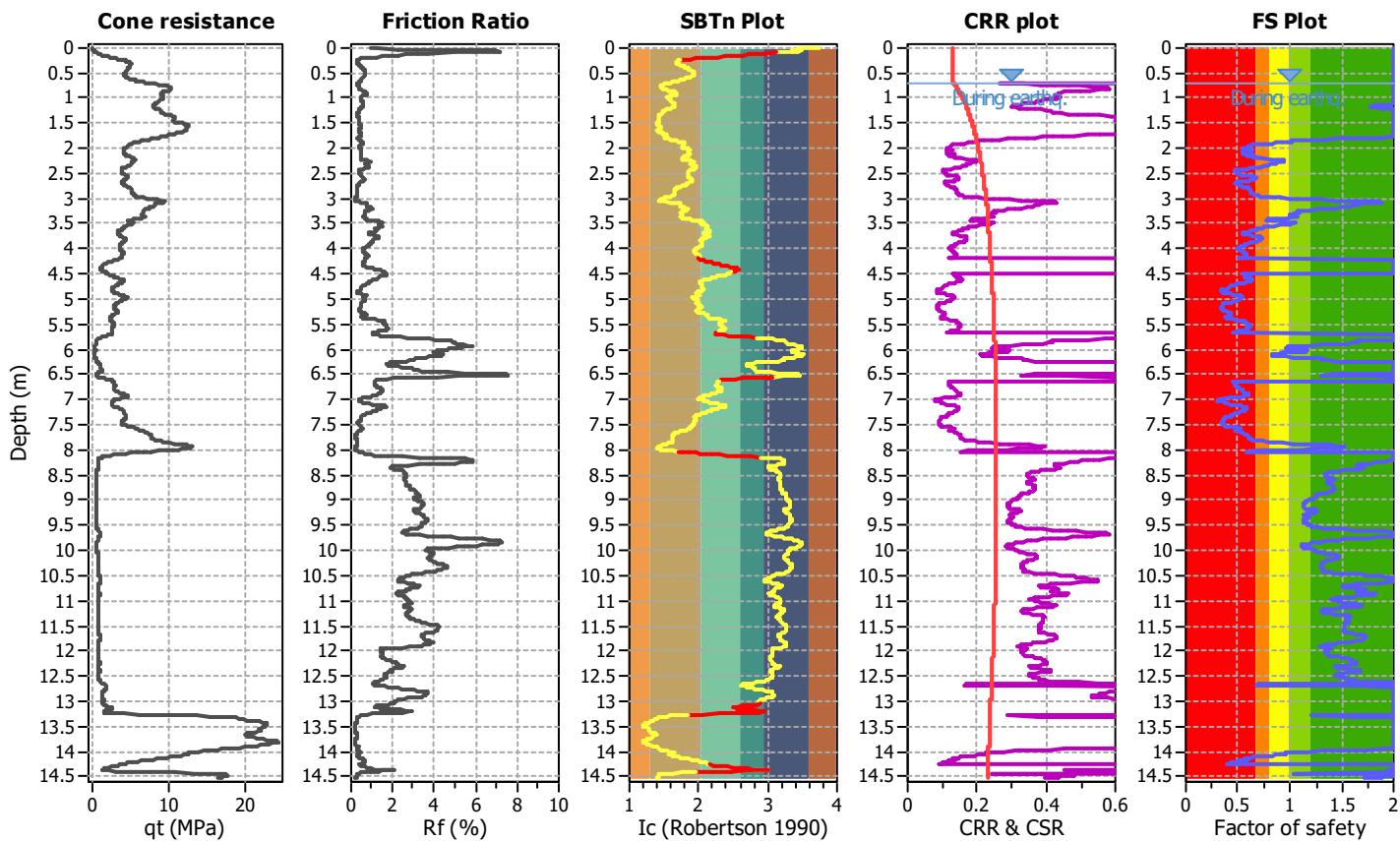


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

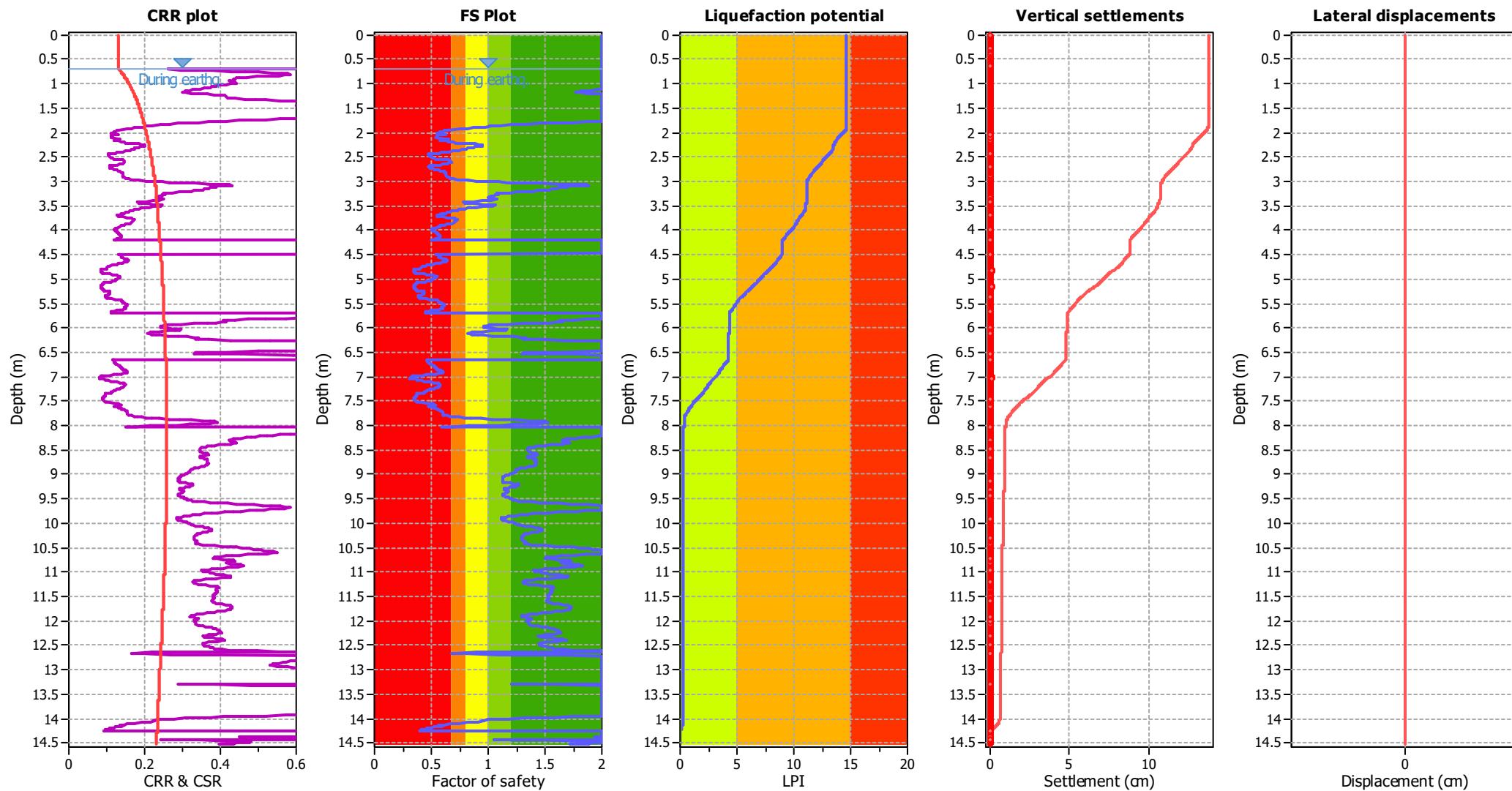
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_09
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

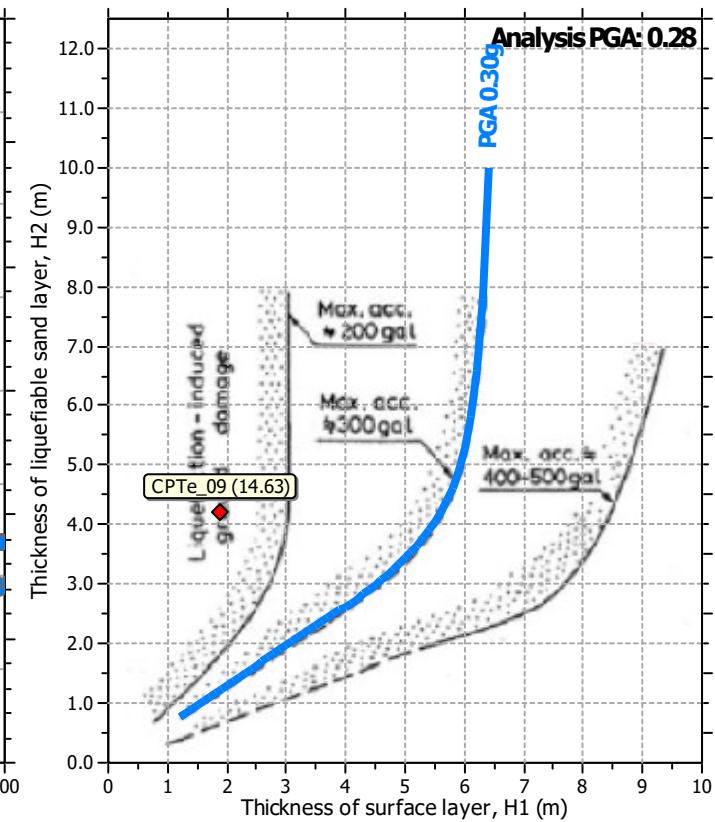
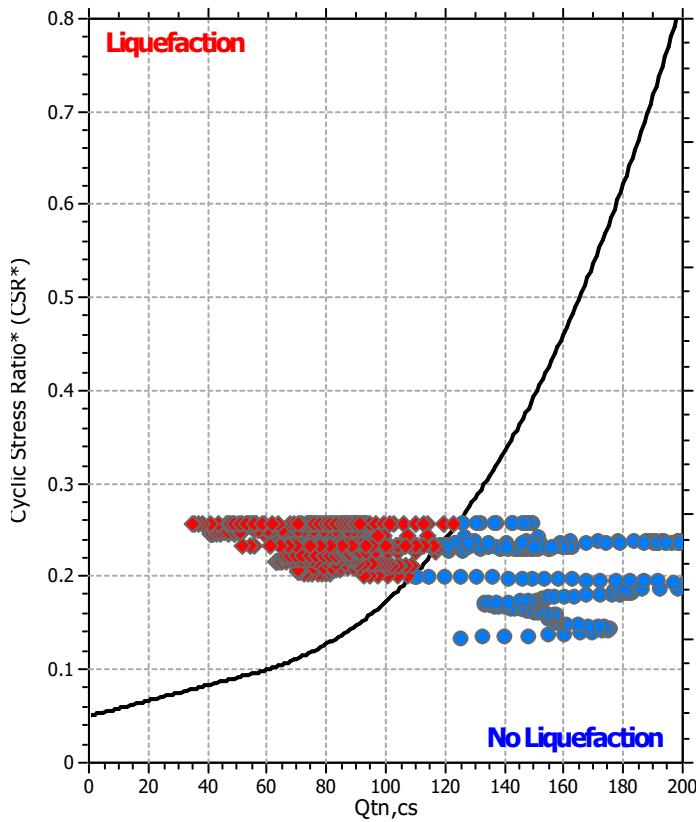
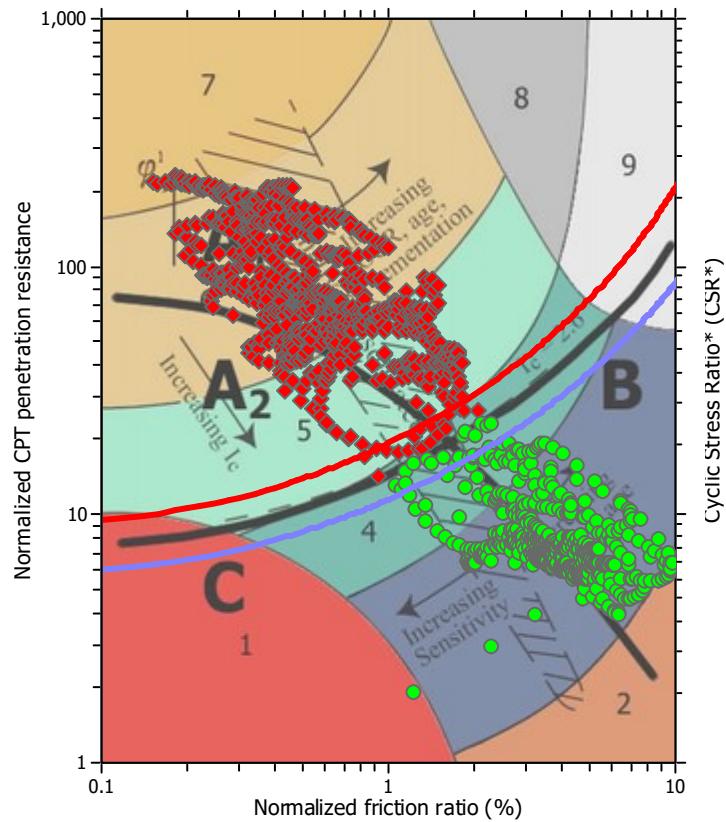
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

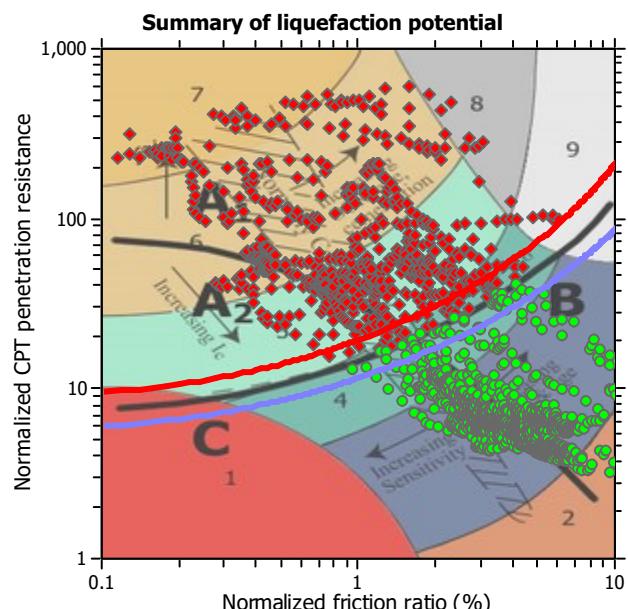
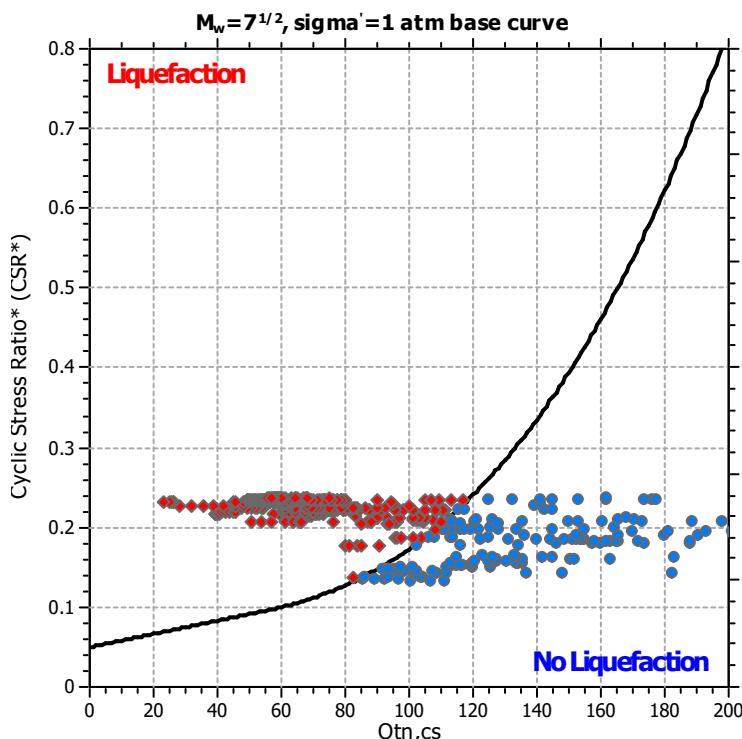
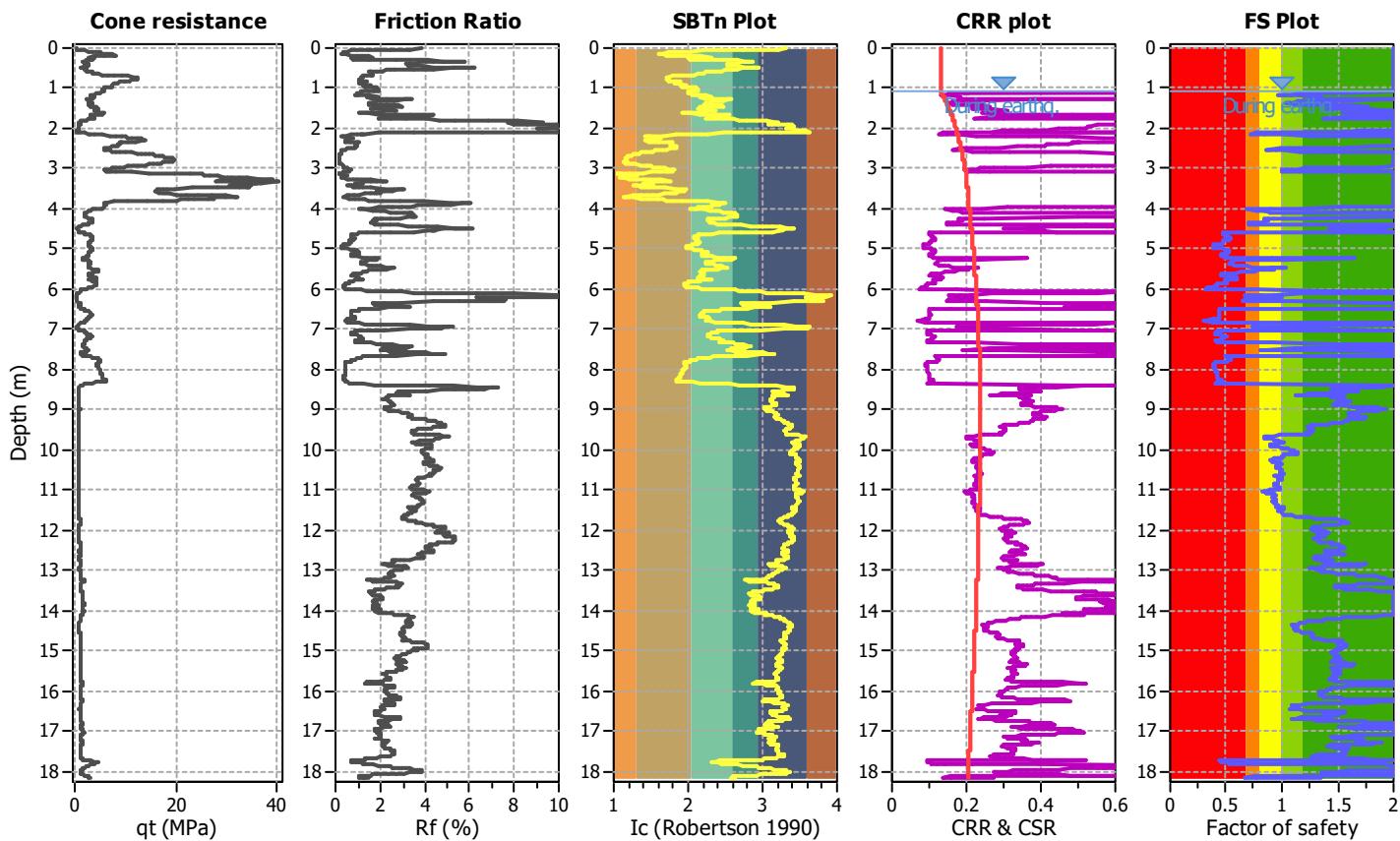


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |

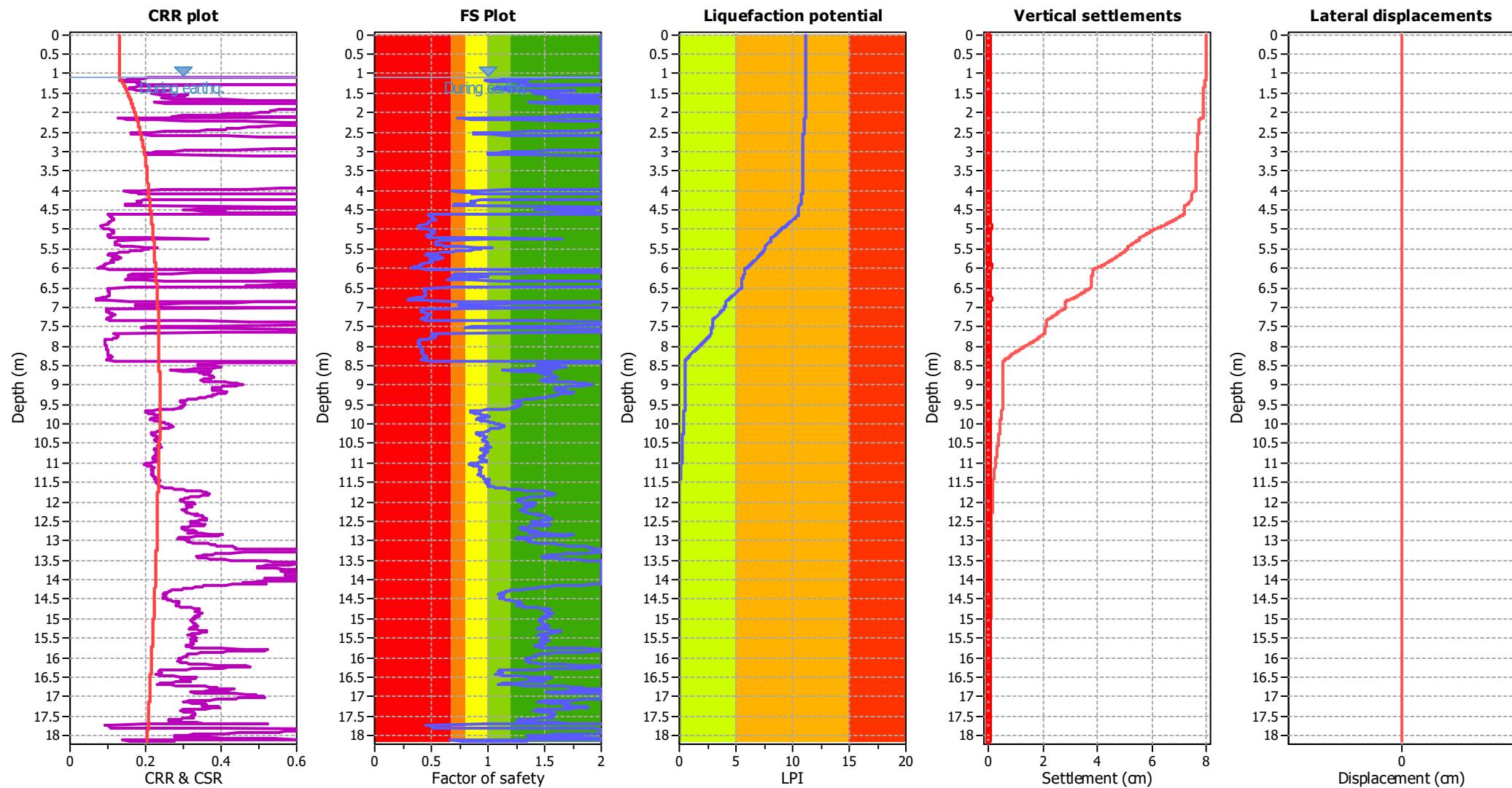
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1444
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.10 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

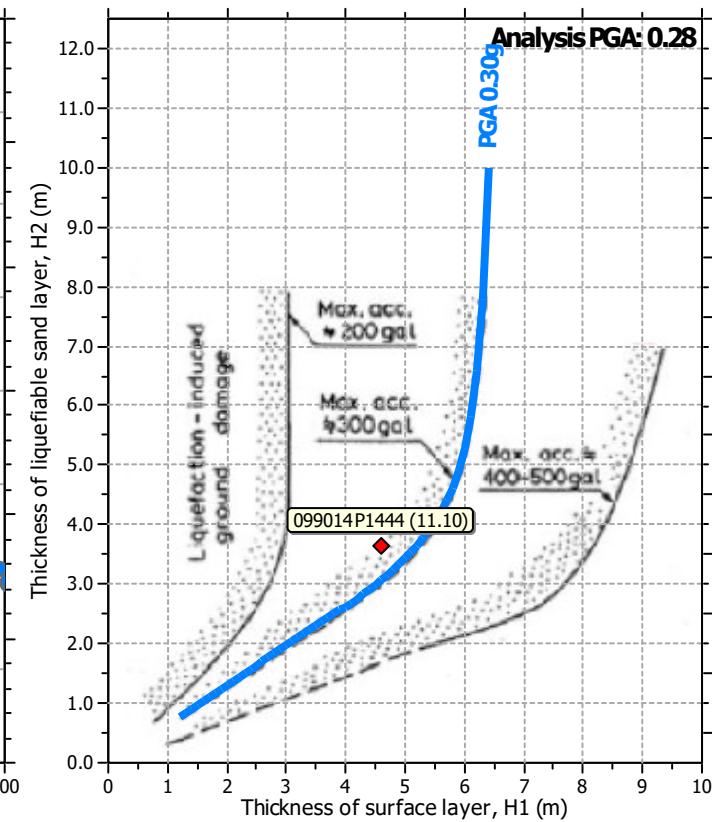
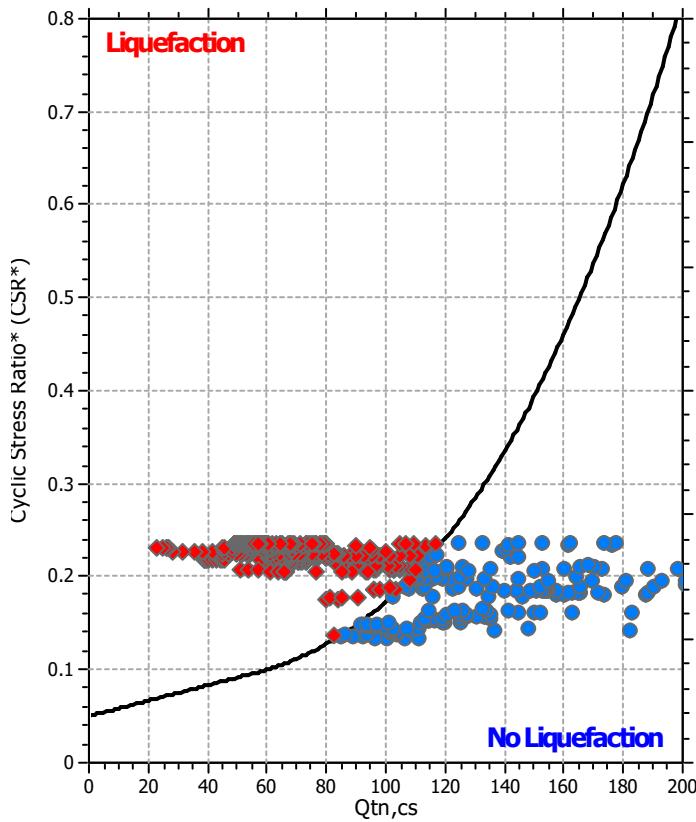
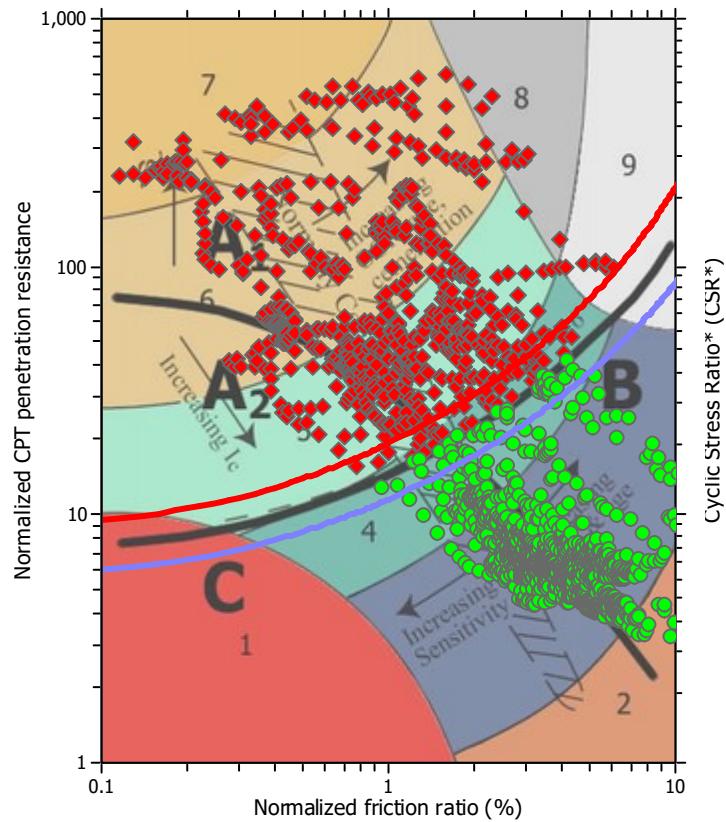
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.10 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

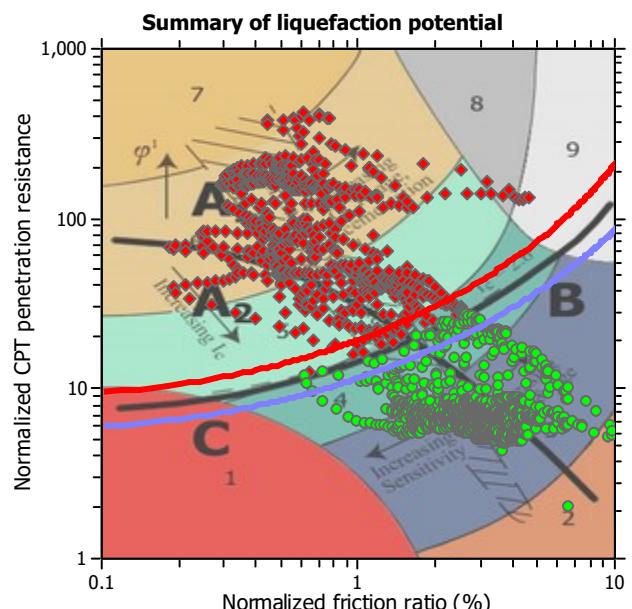
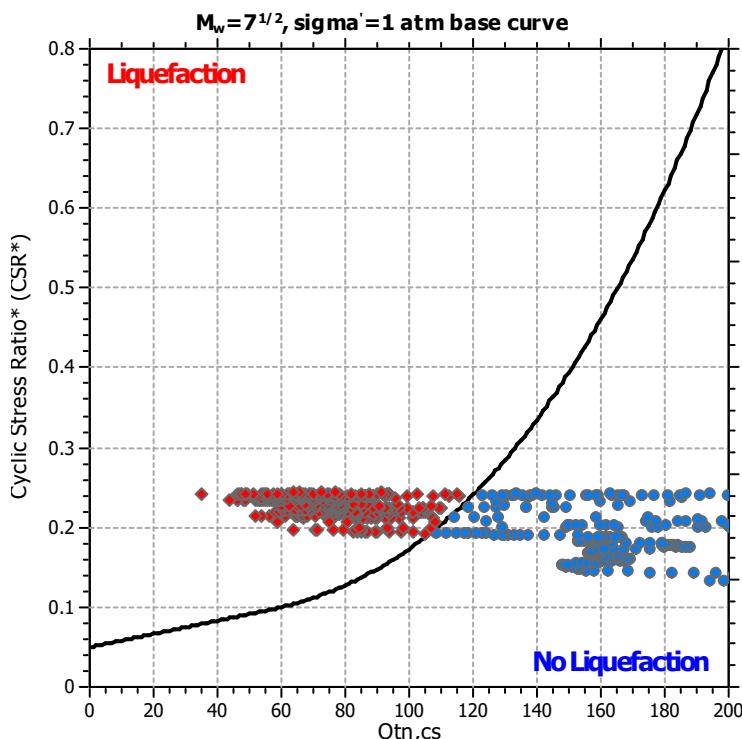
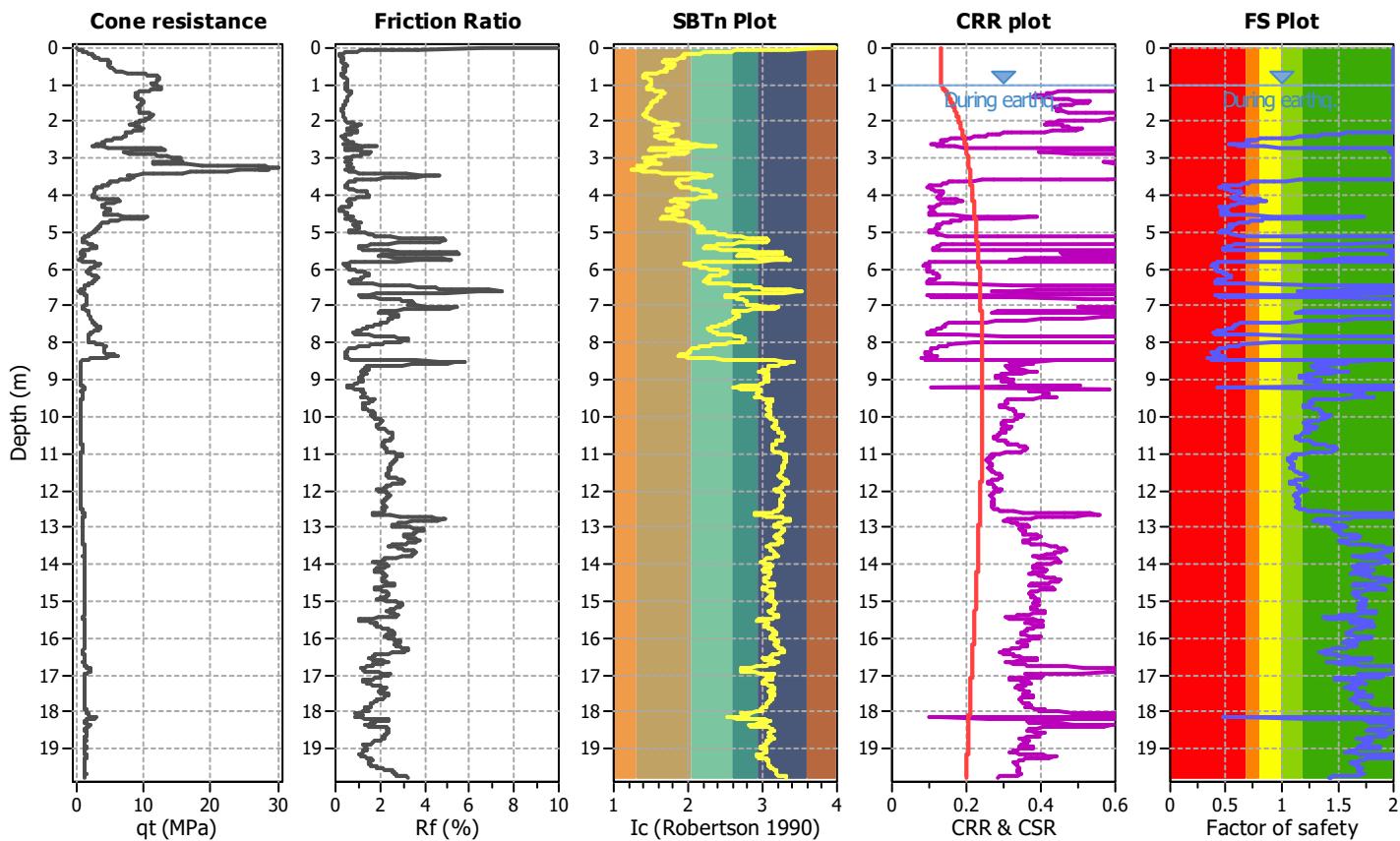
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1413

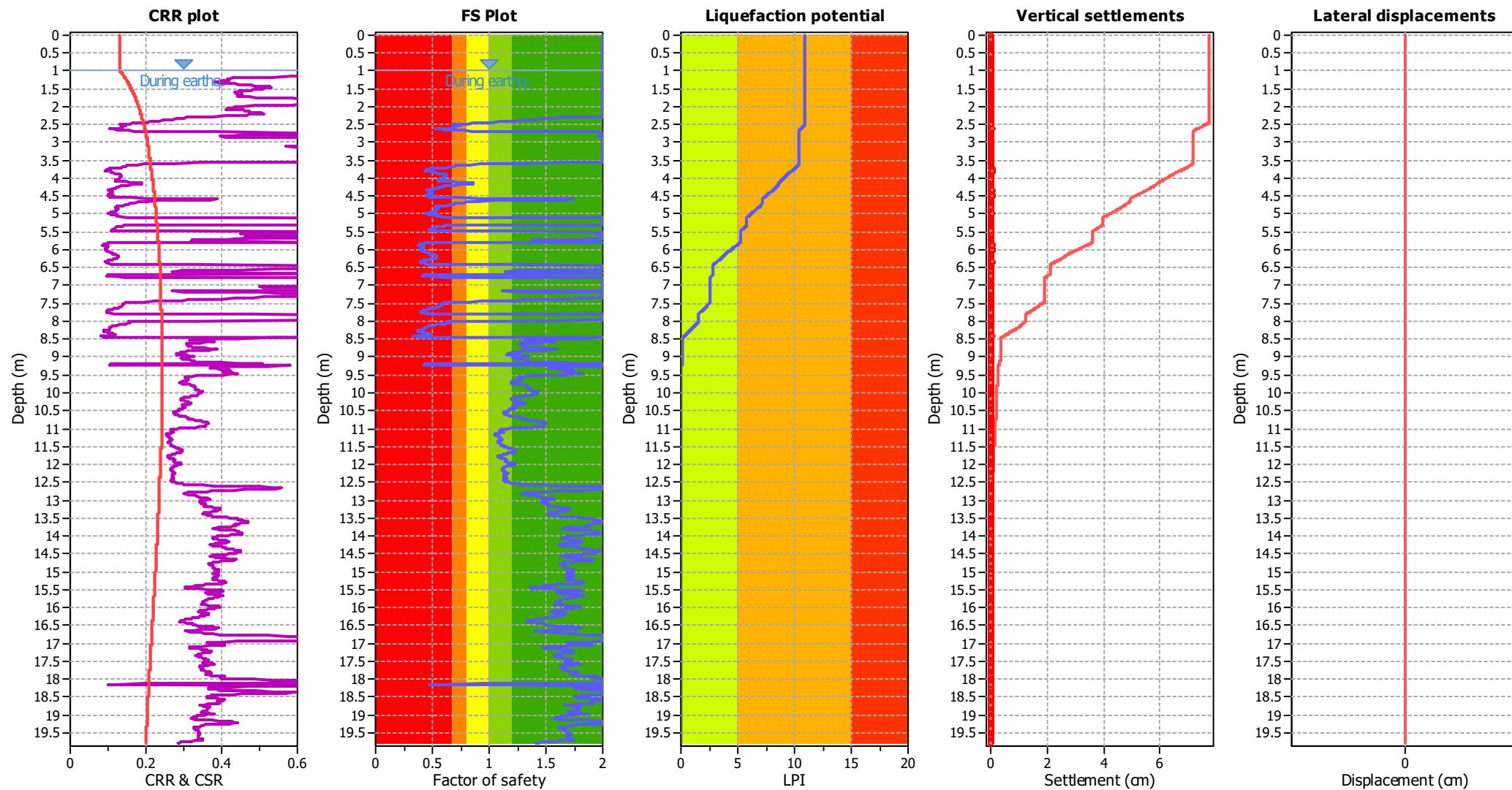
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

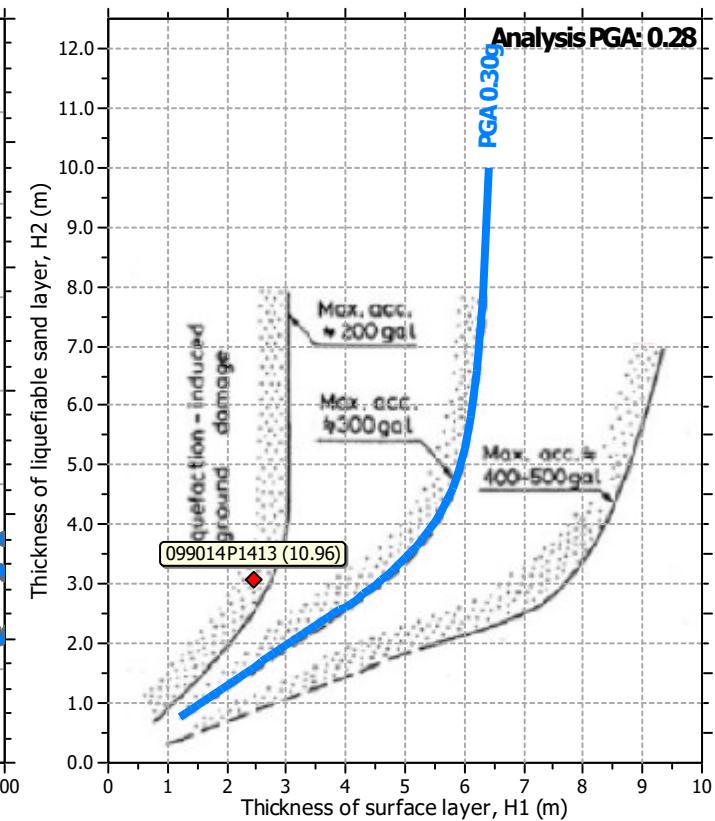
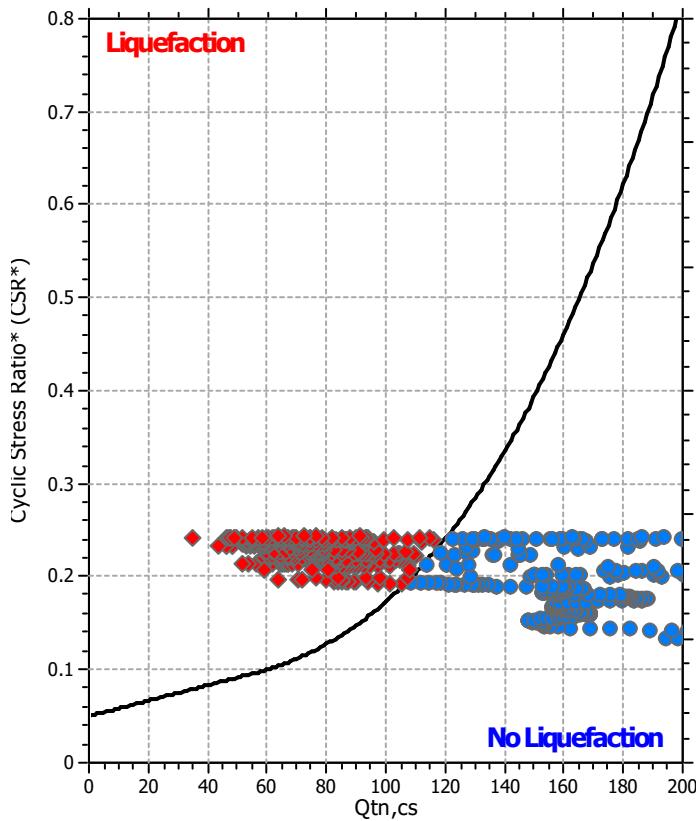
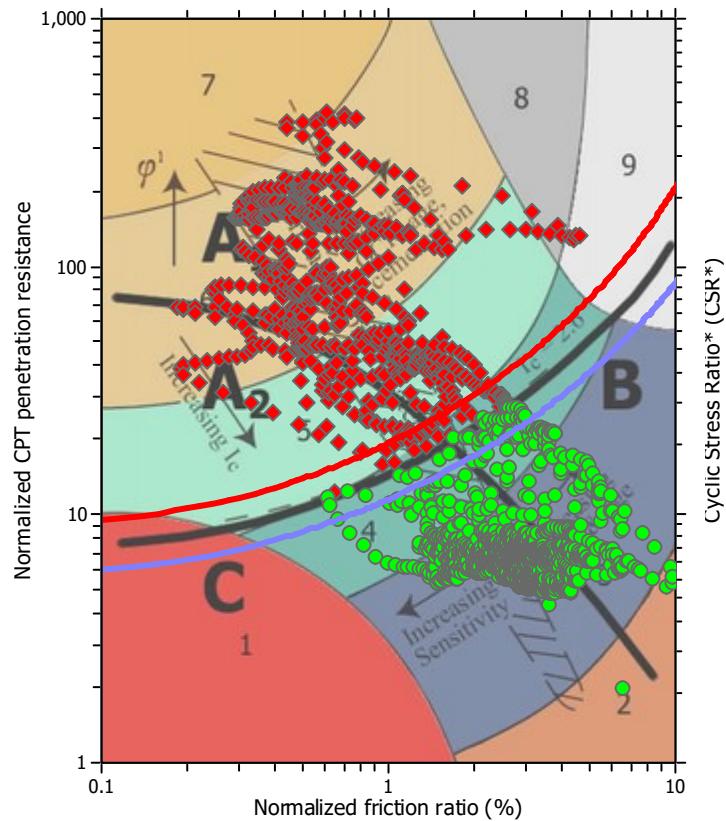
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



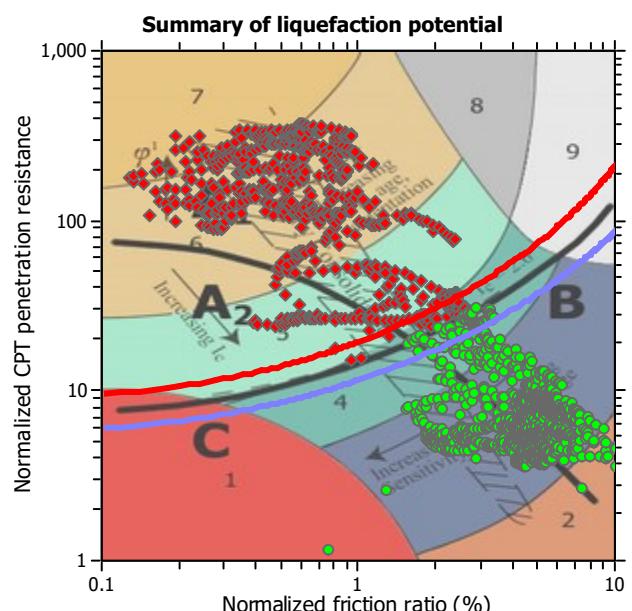
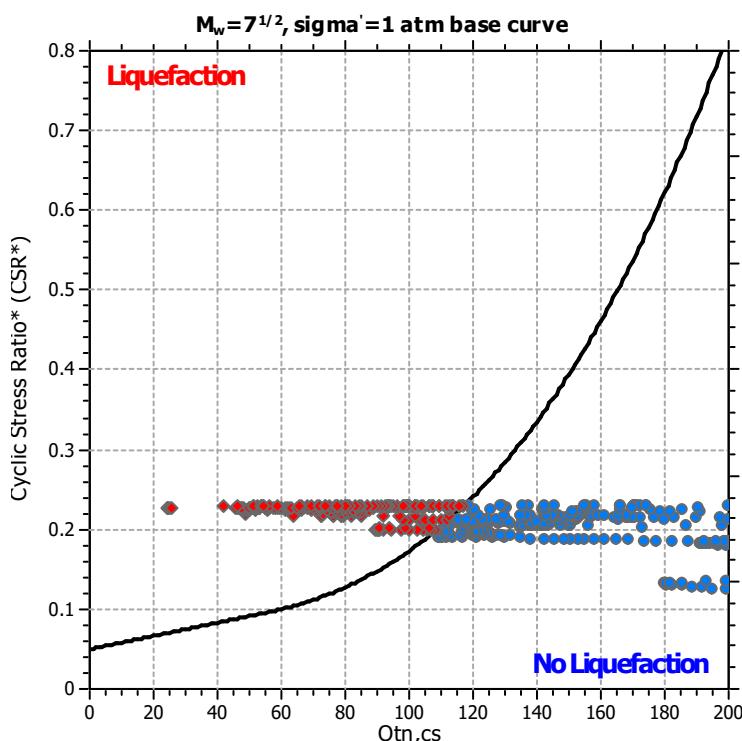
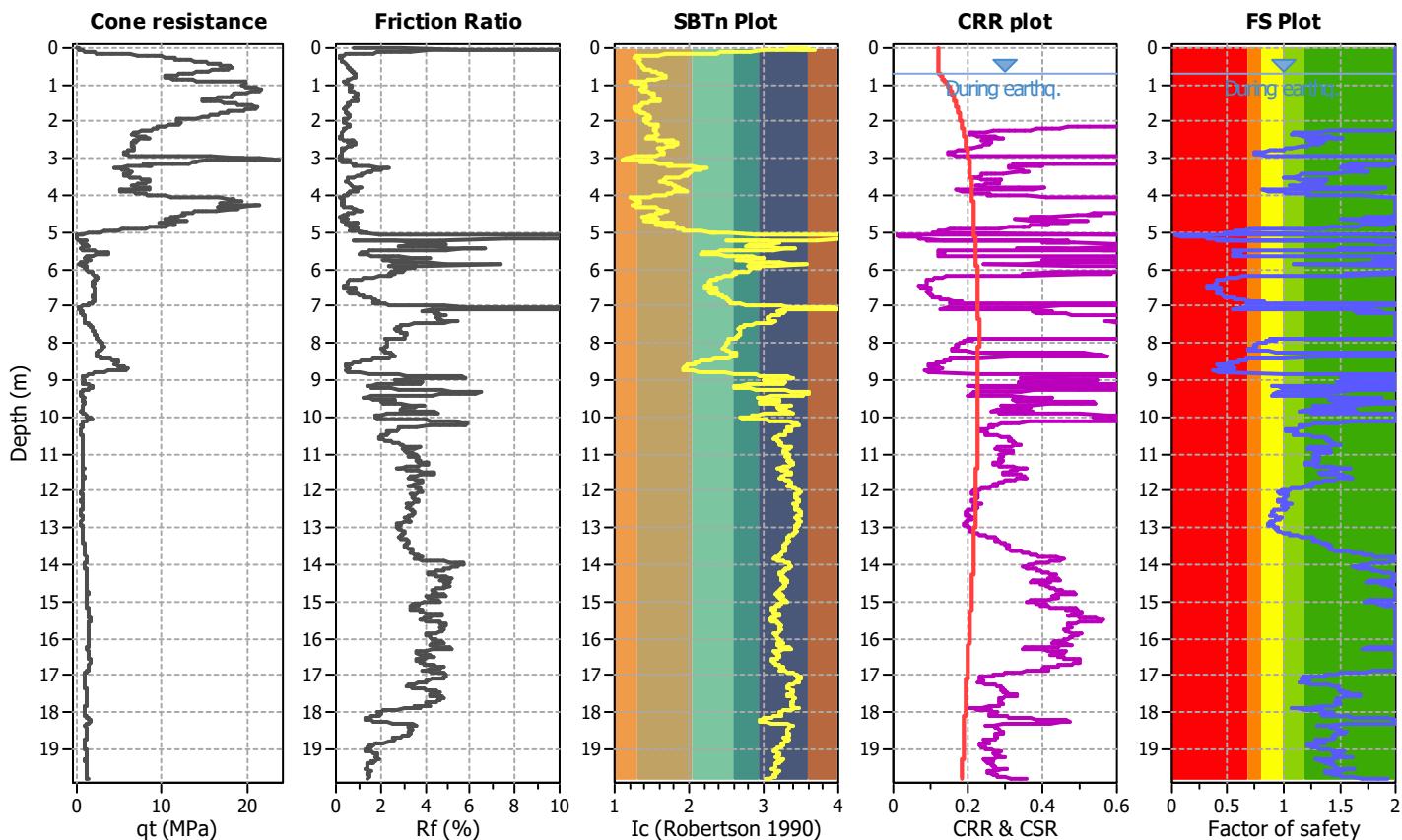
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.28 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

REPORT - ZONA RNC

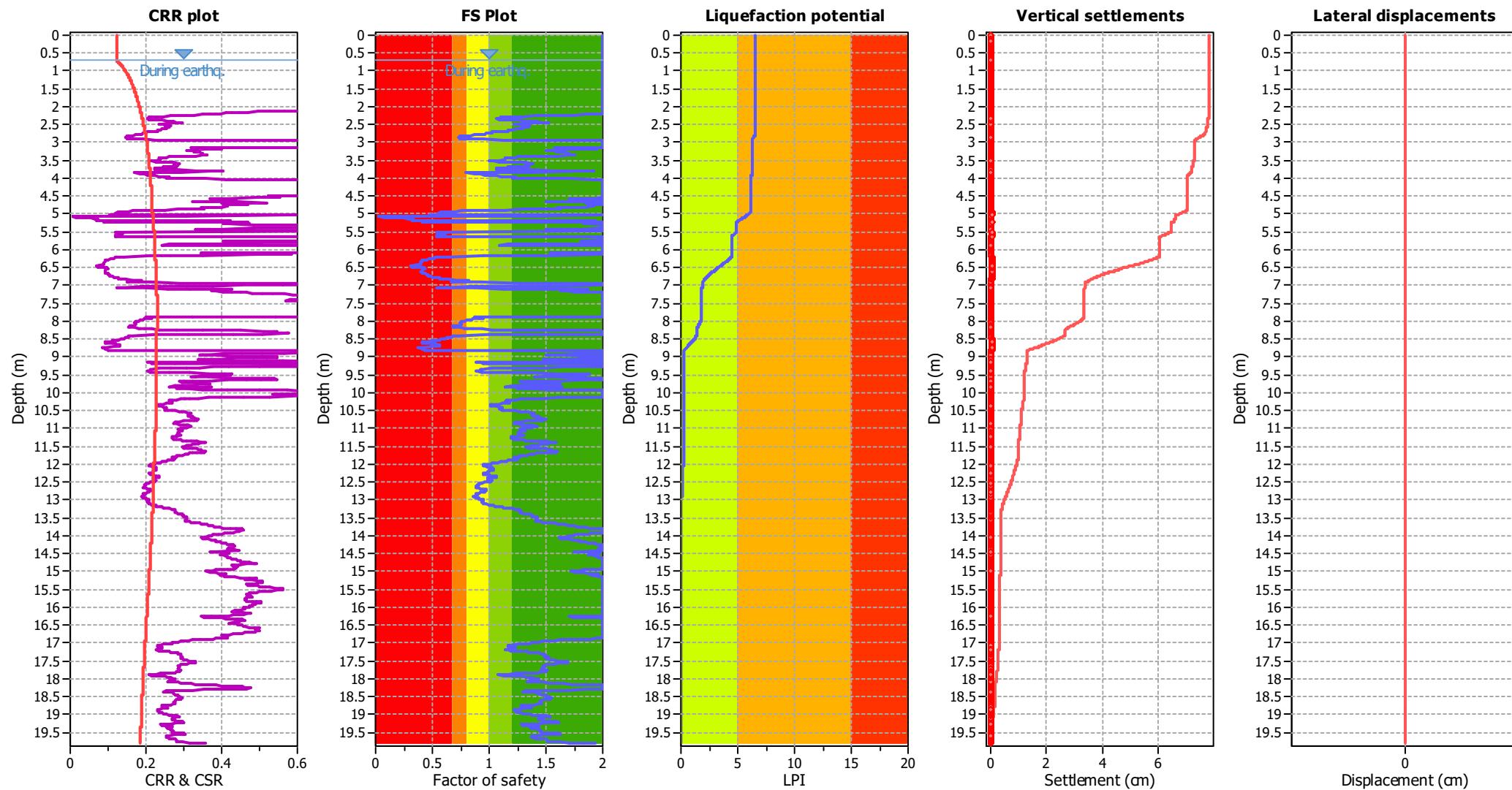
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_10
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

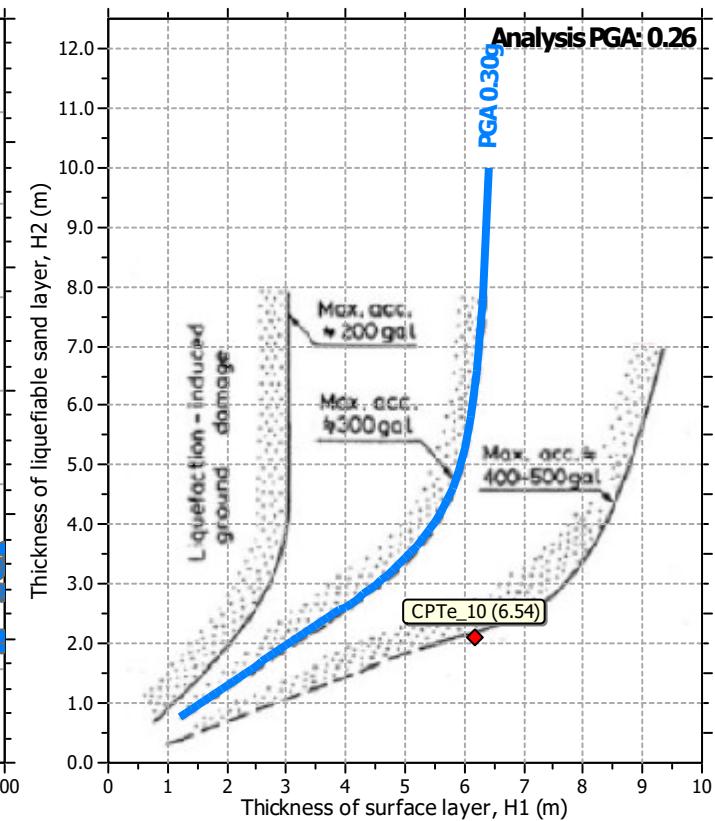
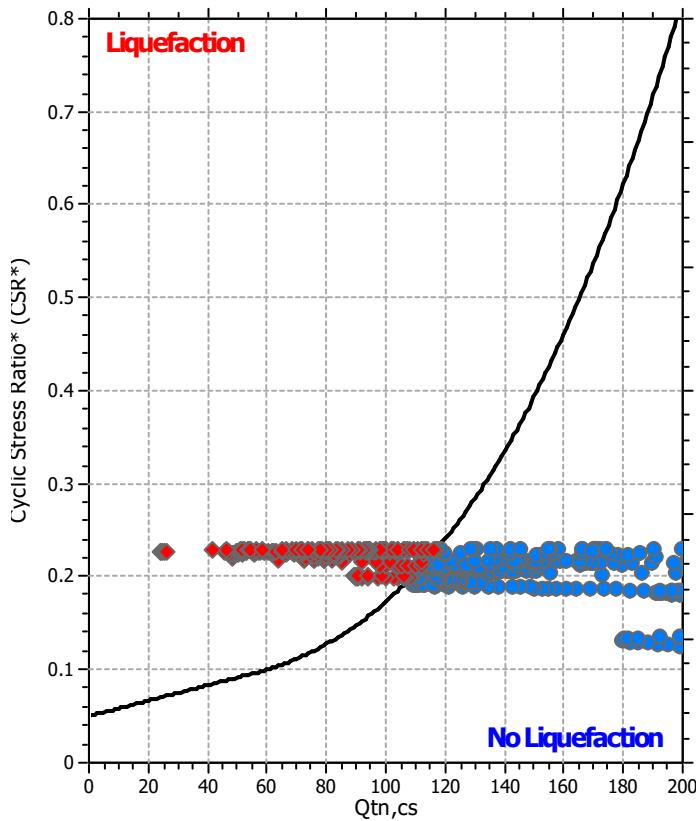
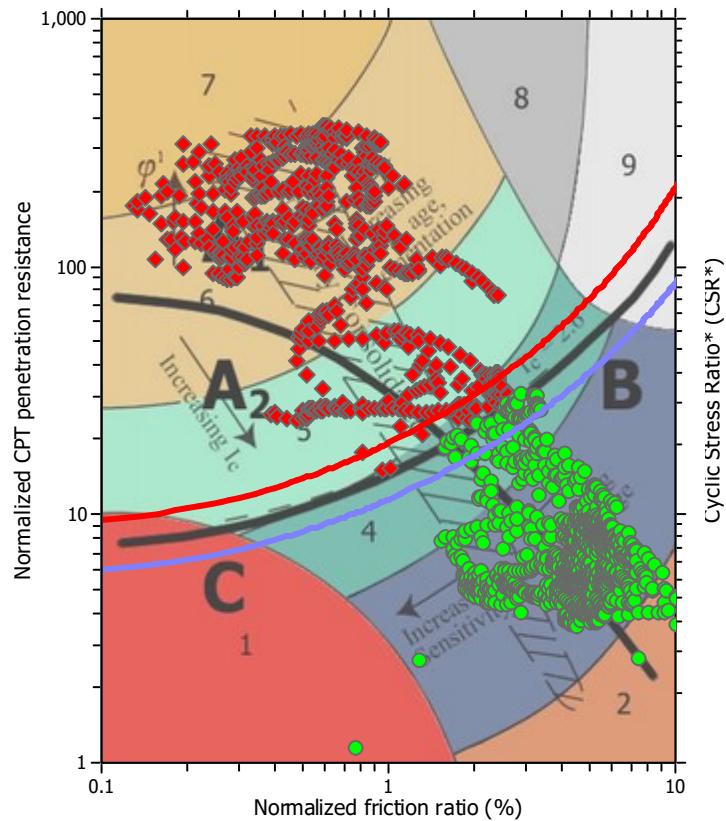
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

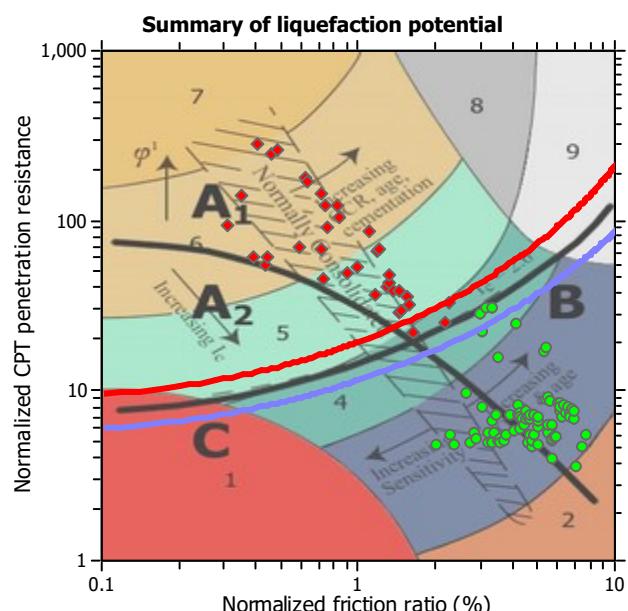
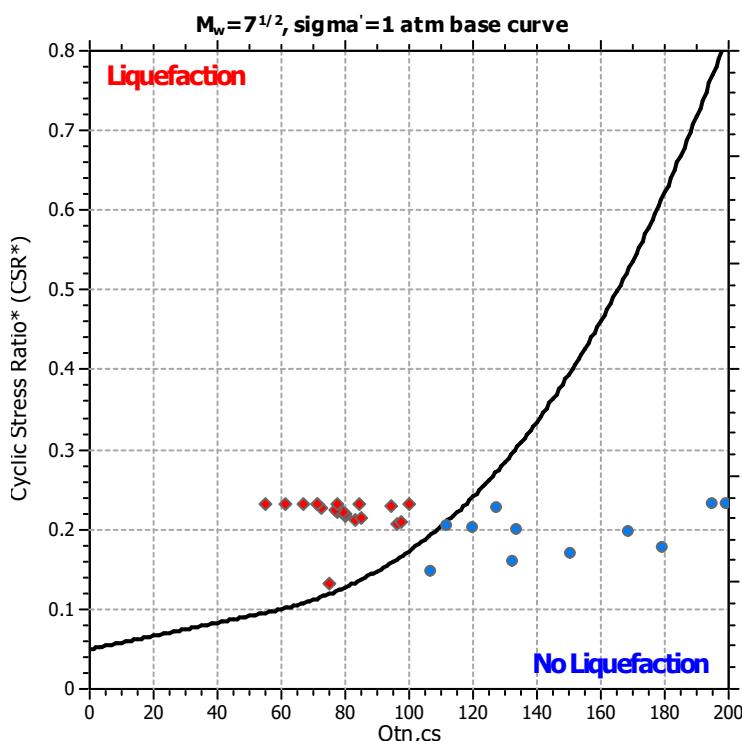
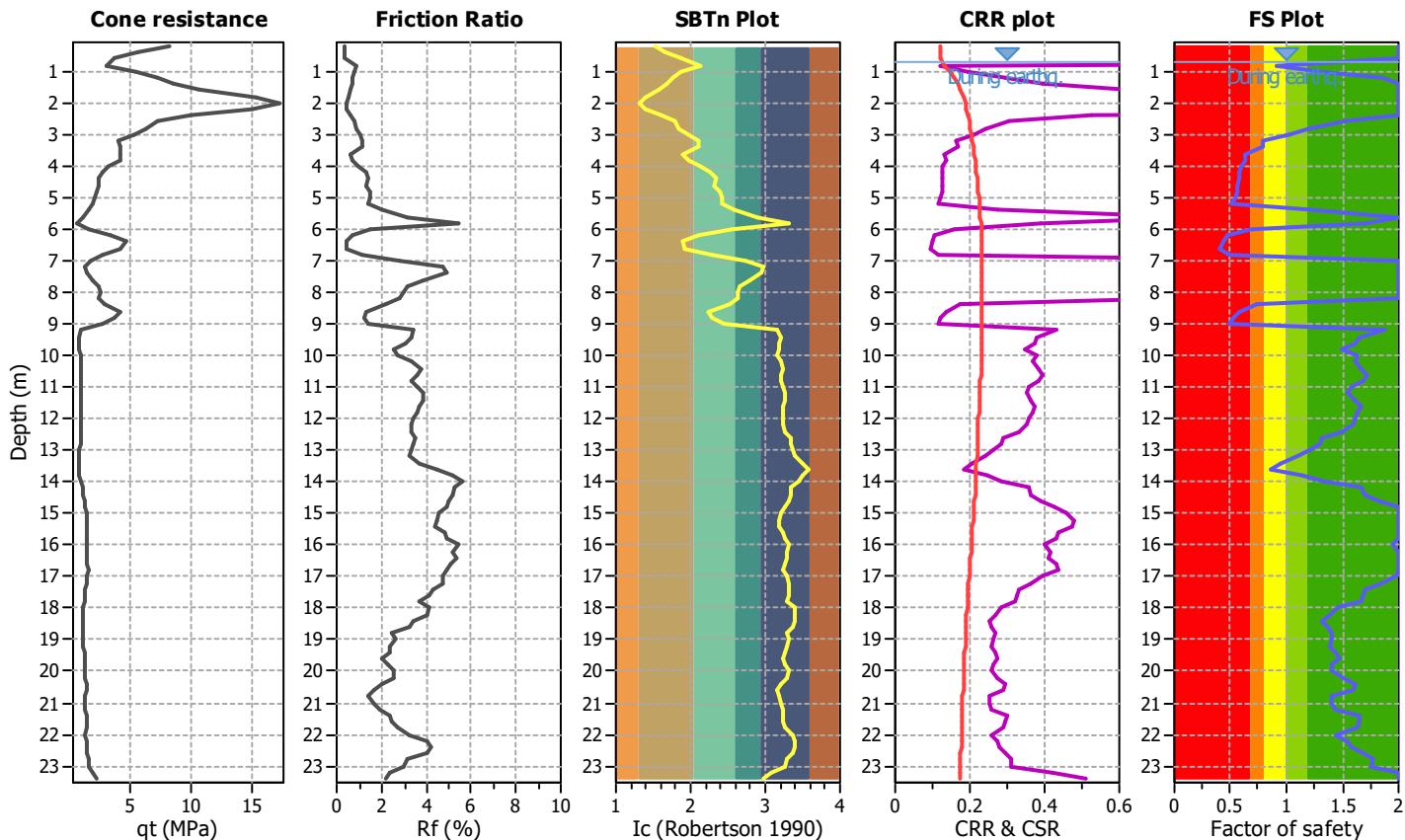
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P300

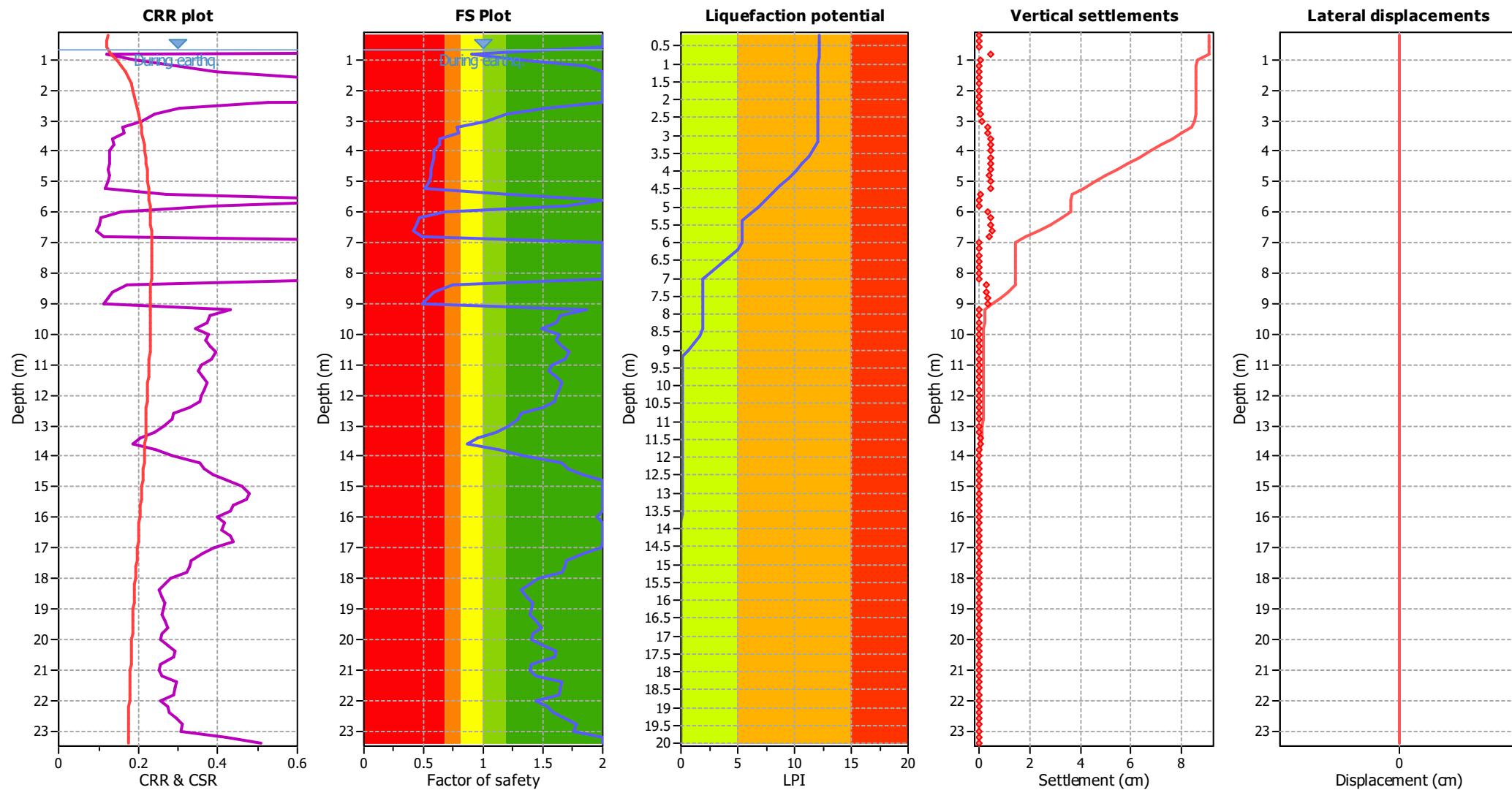
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_0 applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

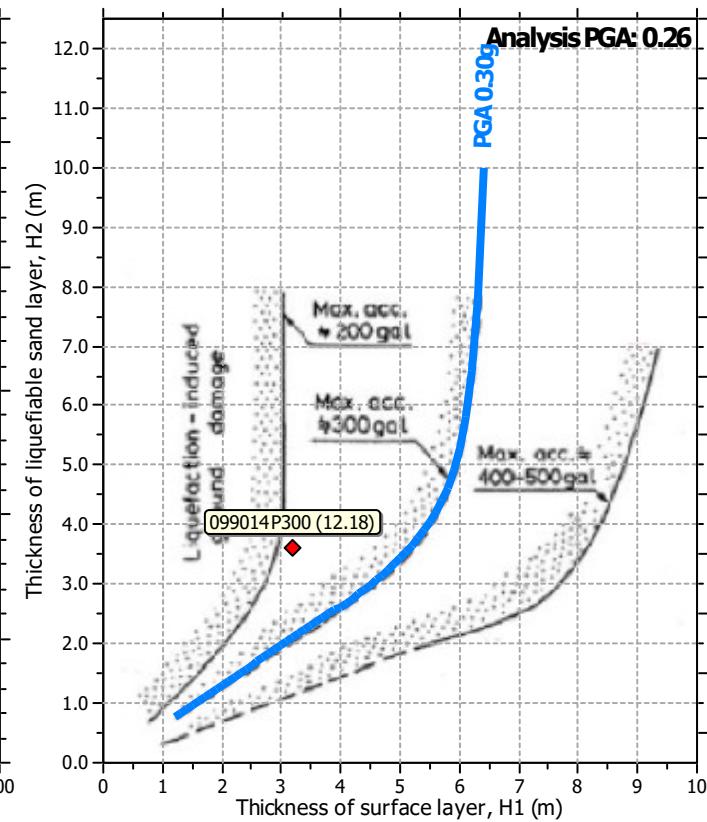
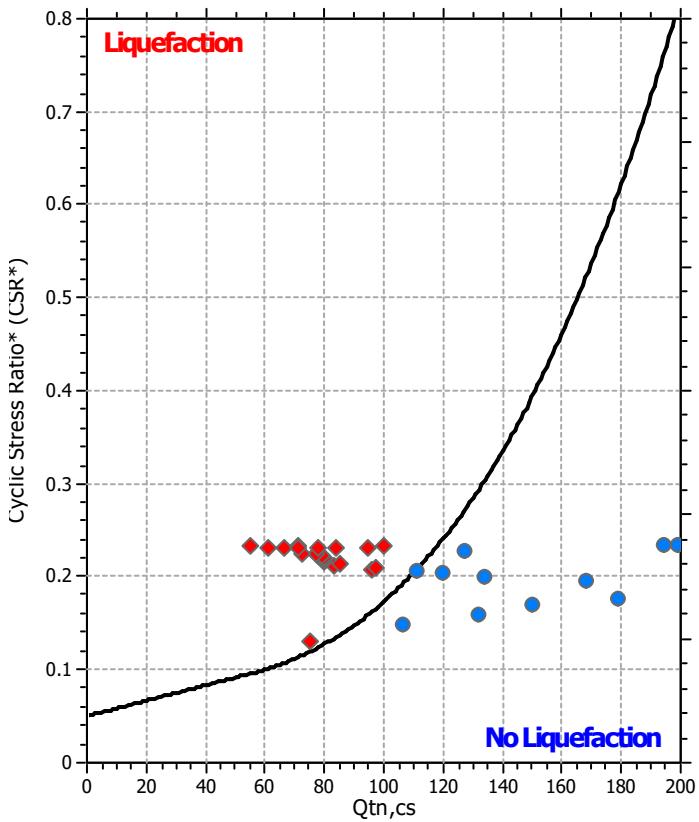
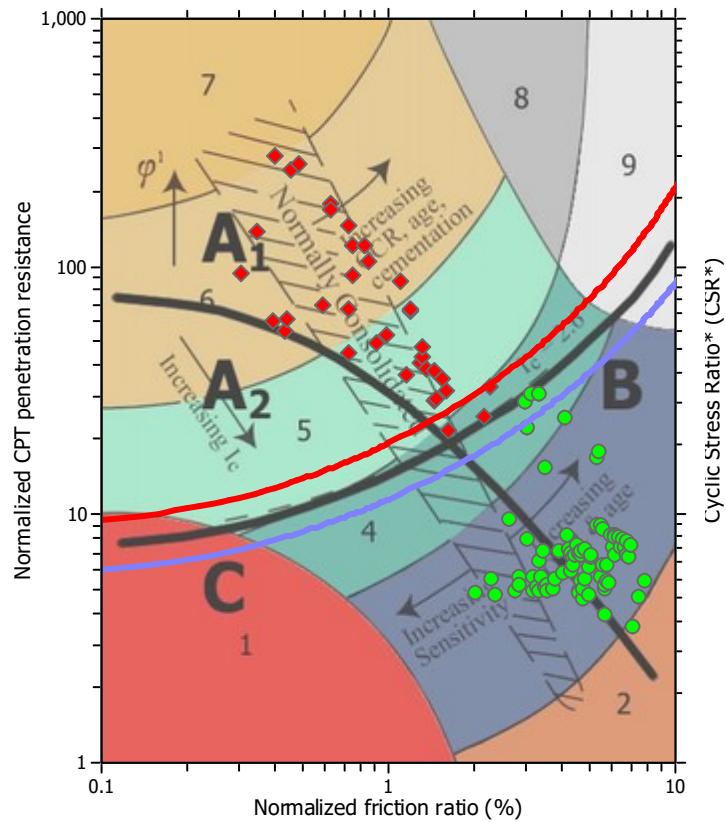
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

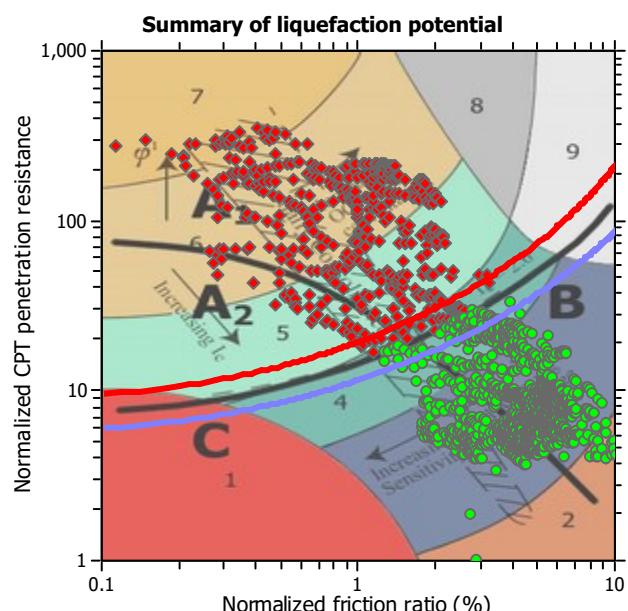
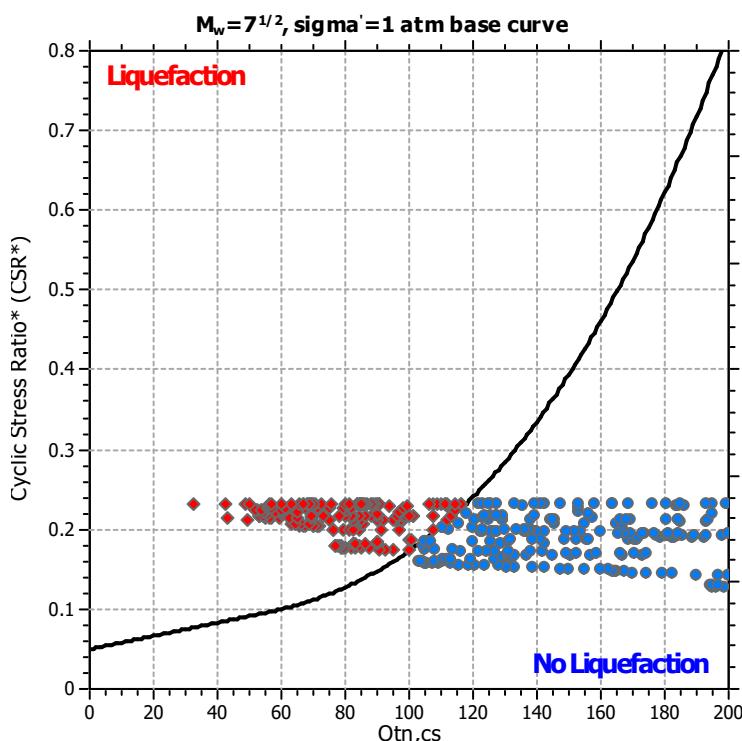
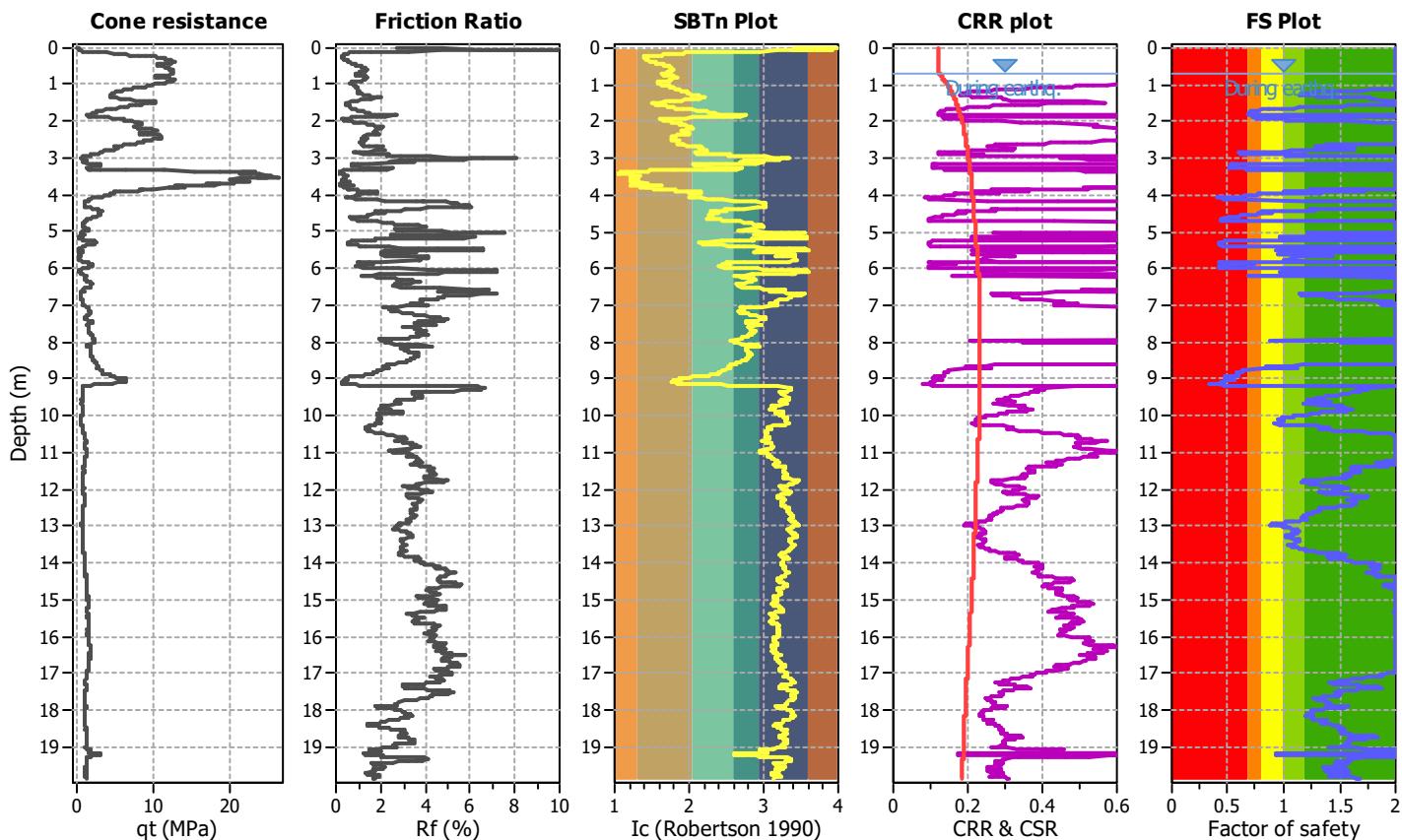
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_19

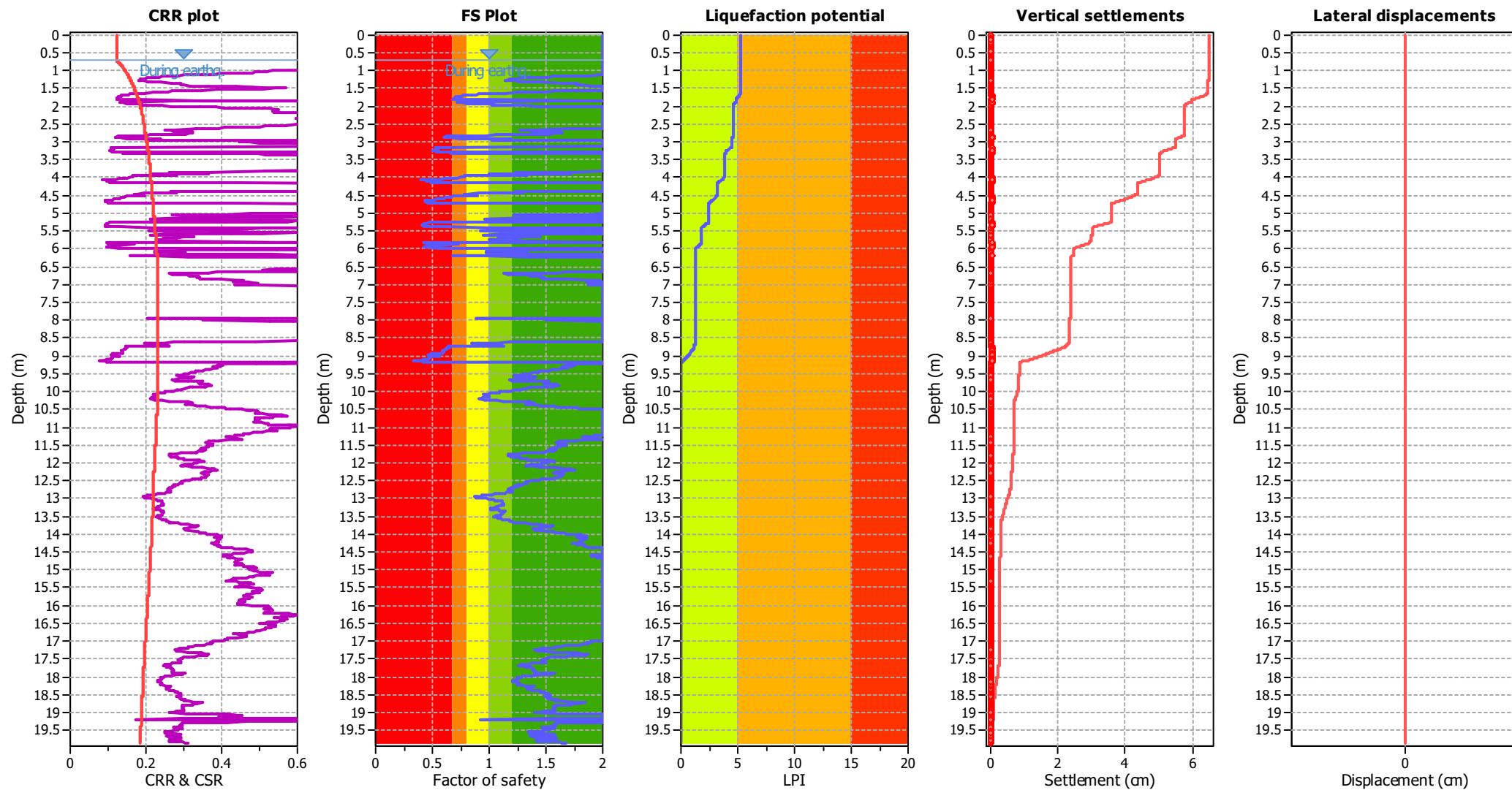
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.40 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 1 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.40 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

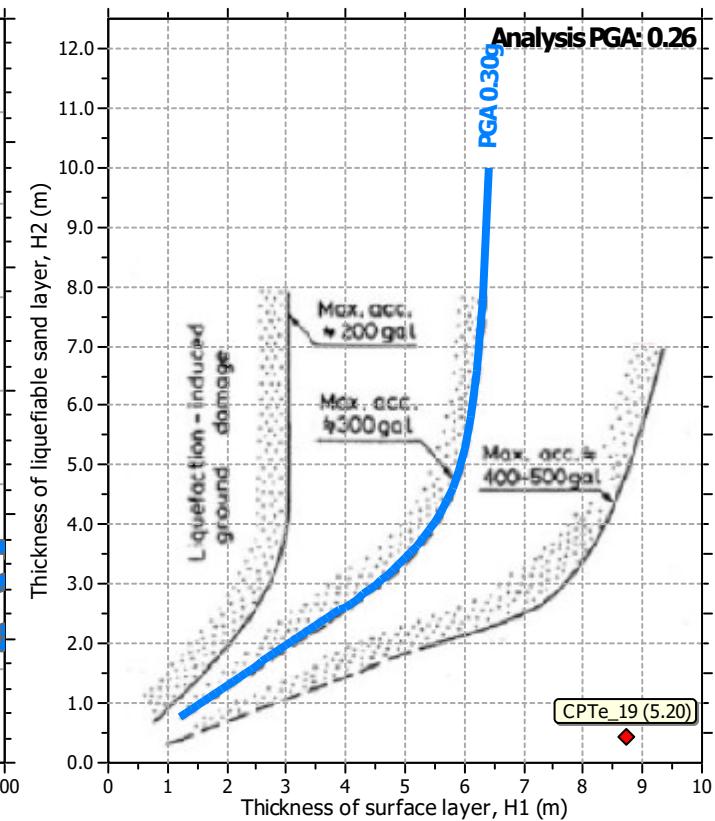
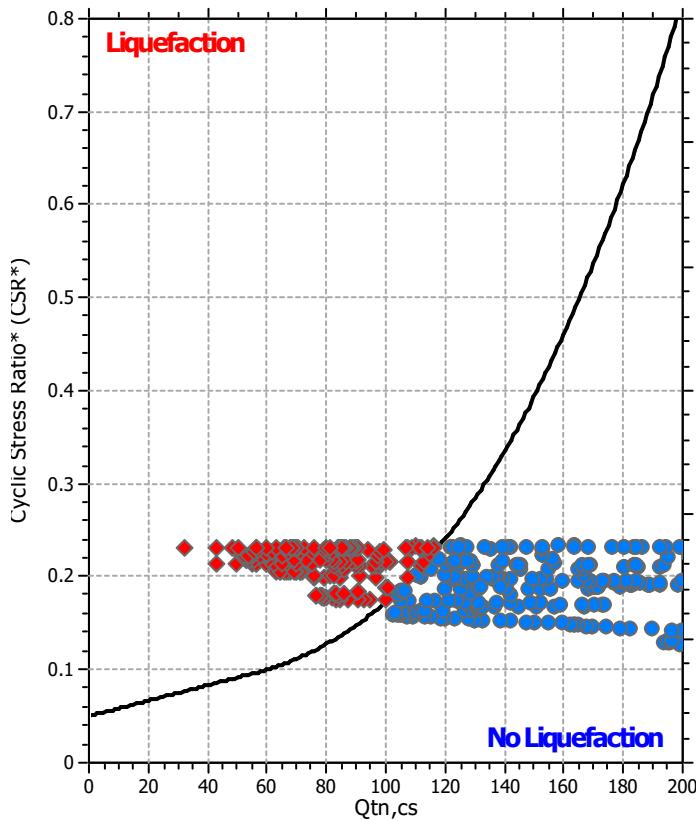
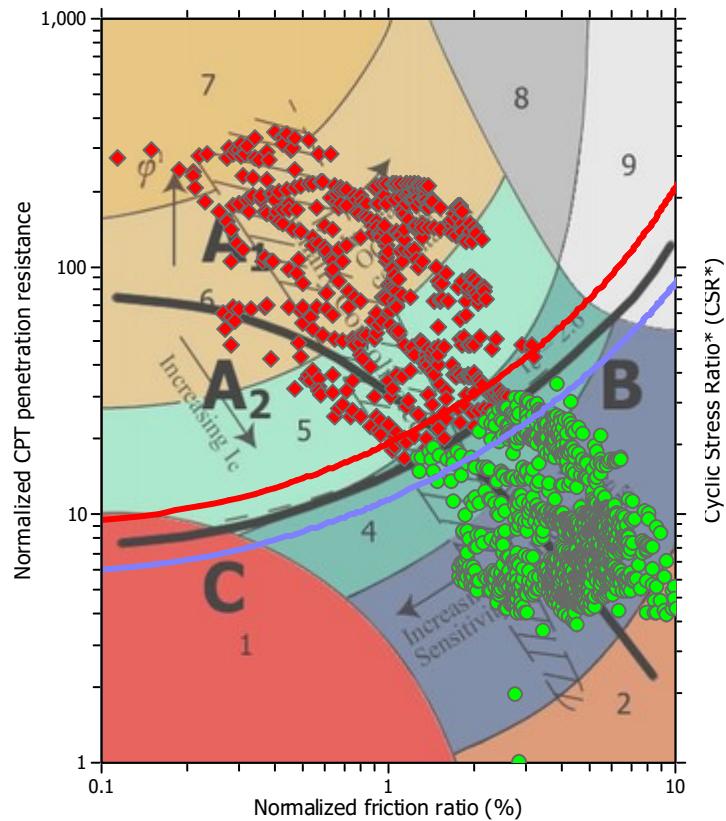
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 1 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.40 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

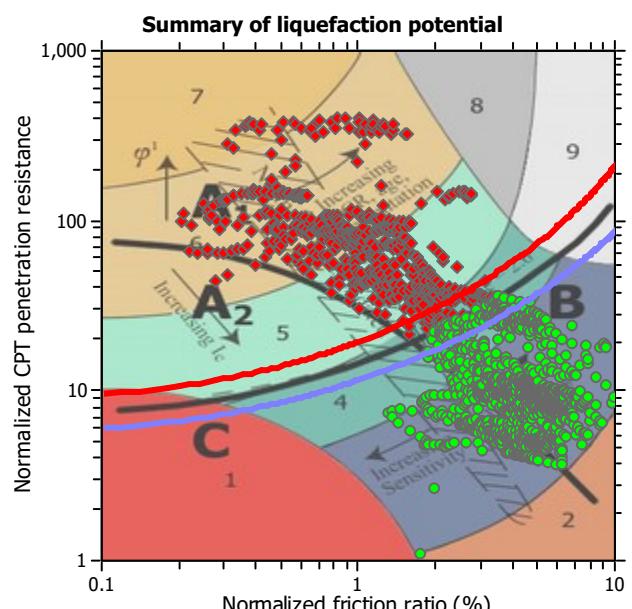
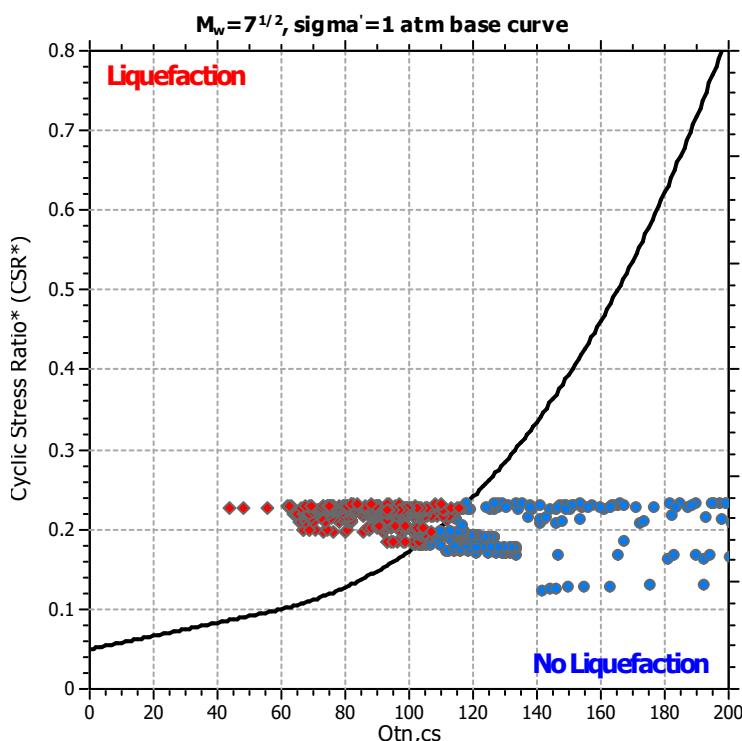
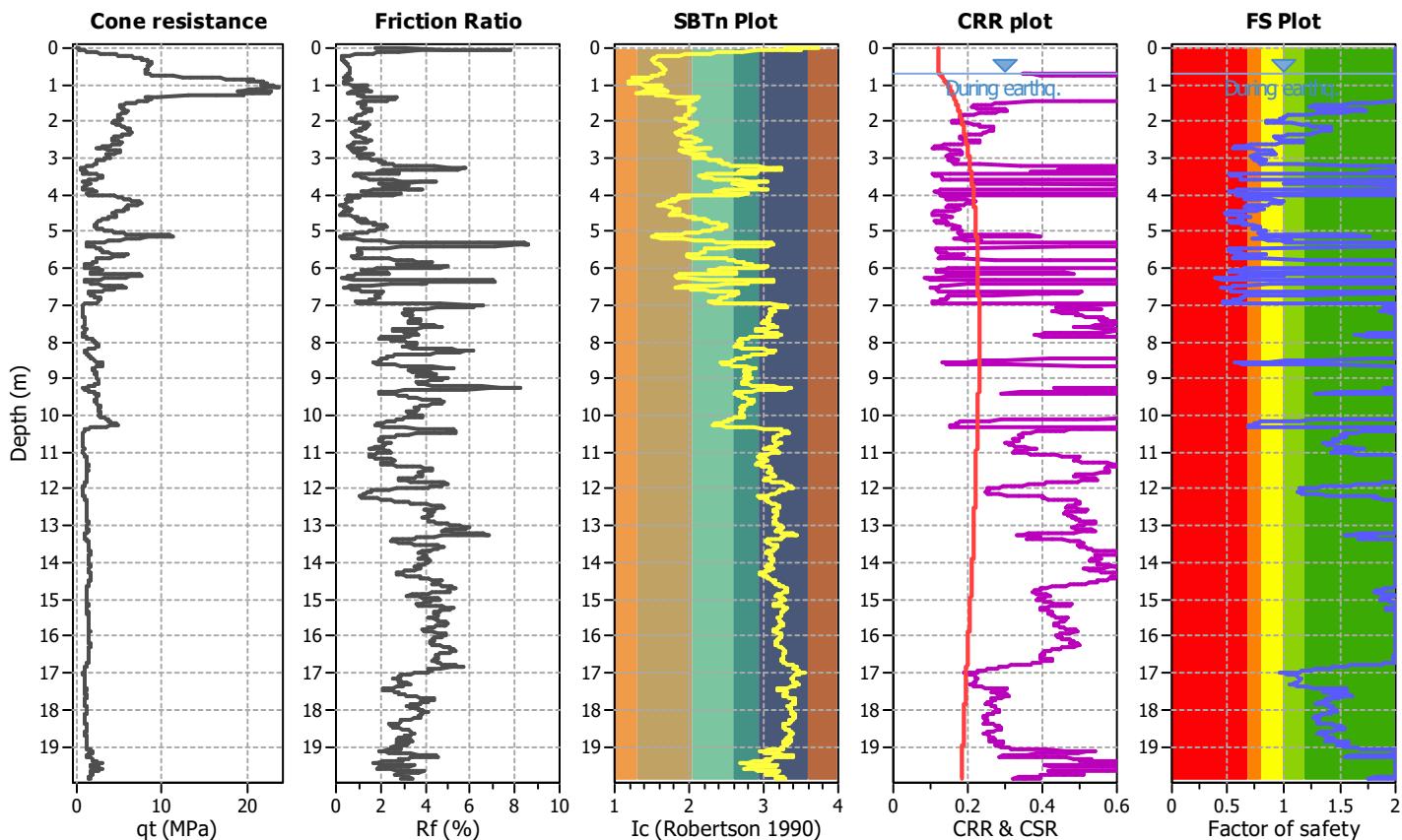
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_11

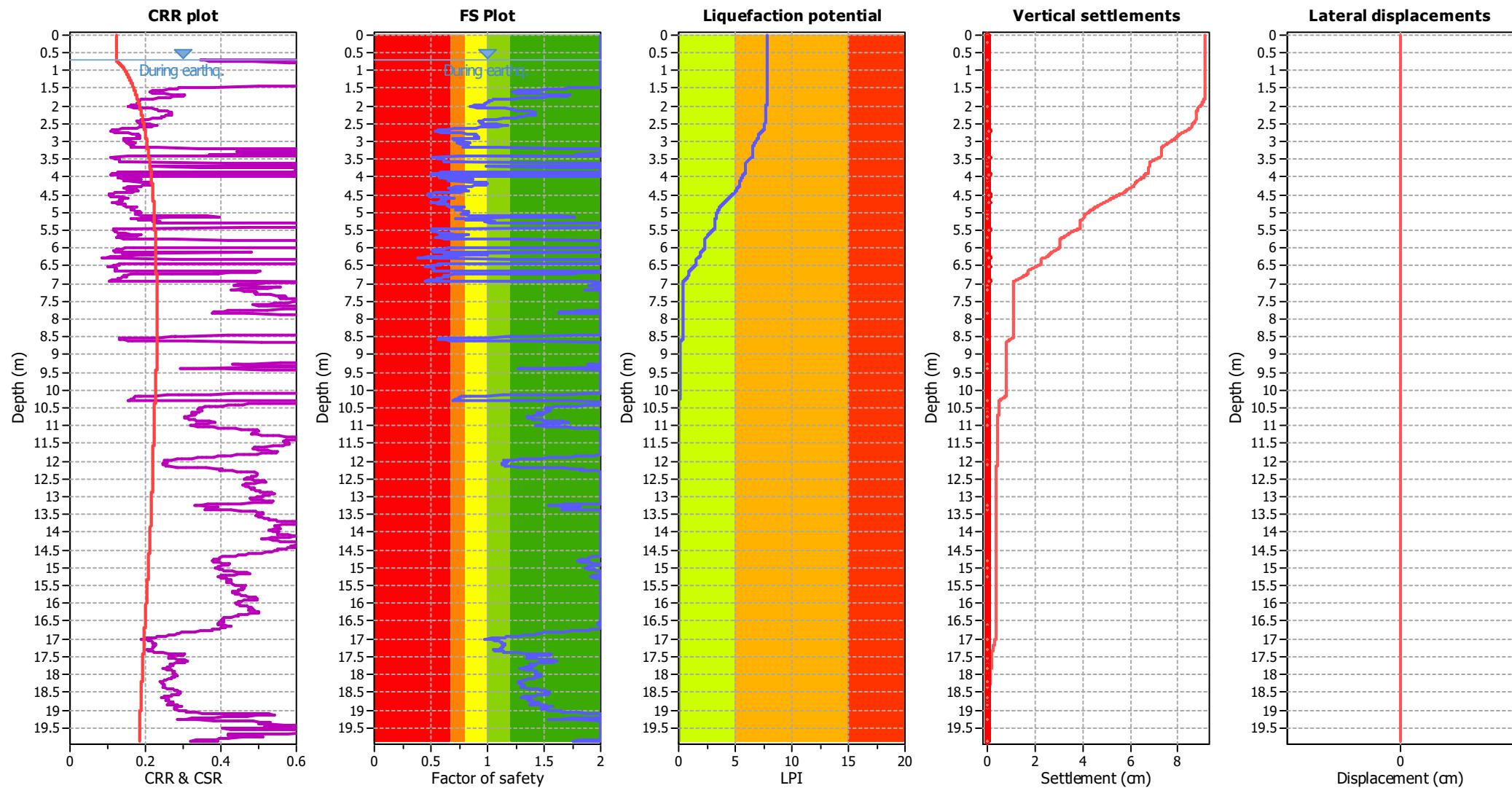
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.10 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

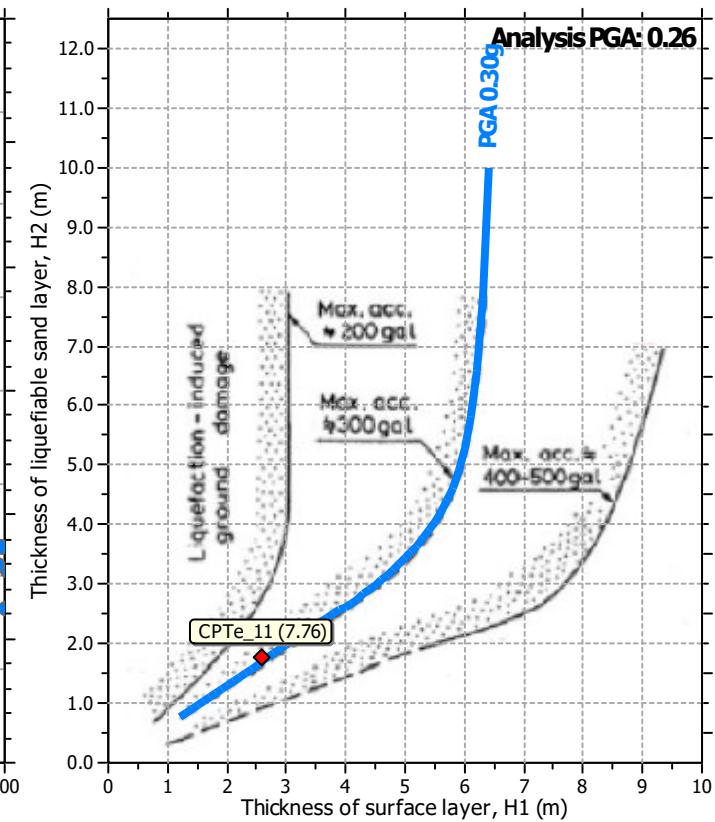
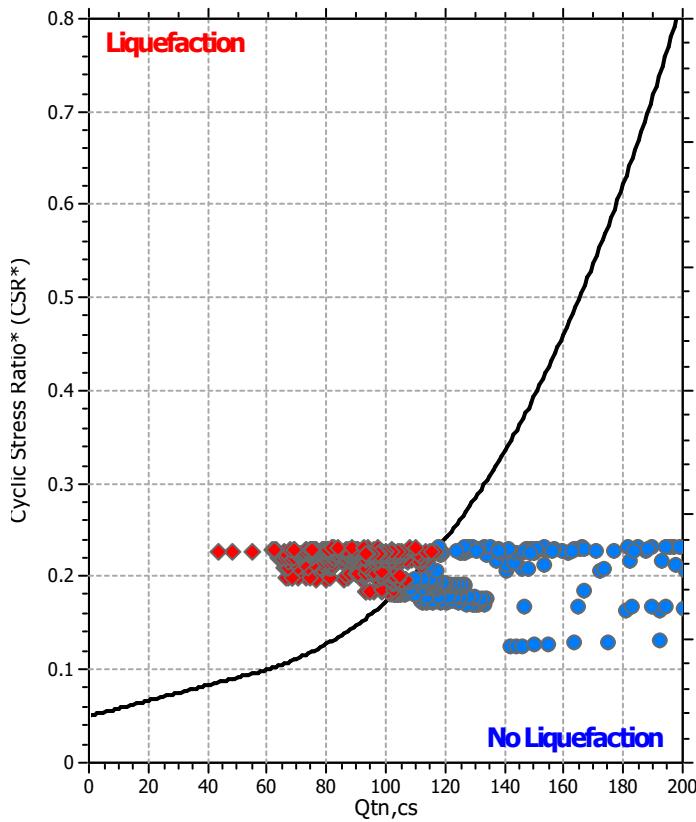
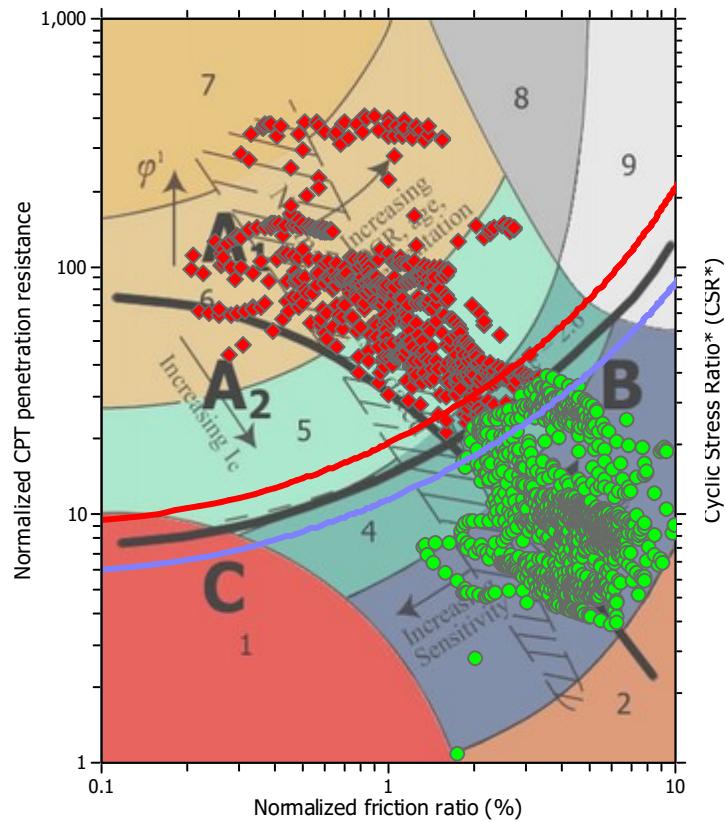
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I_c value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

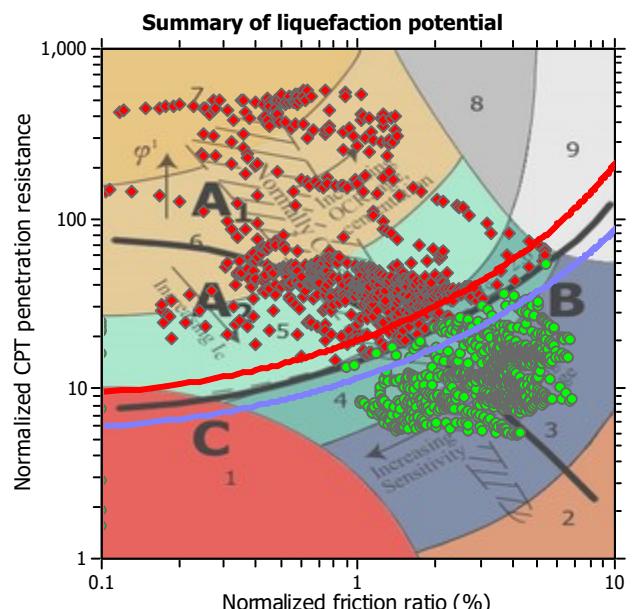
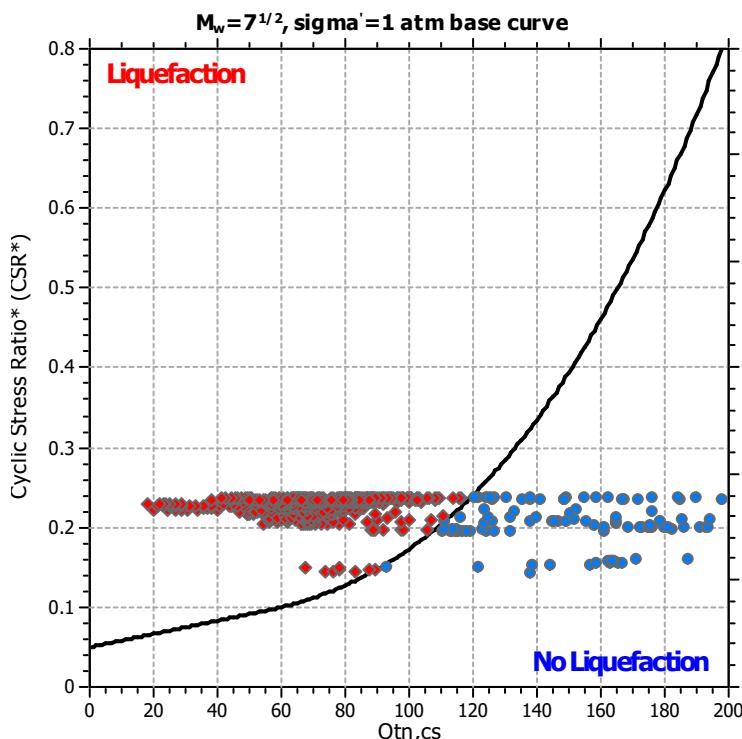
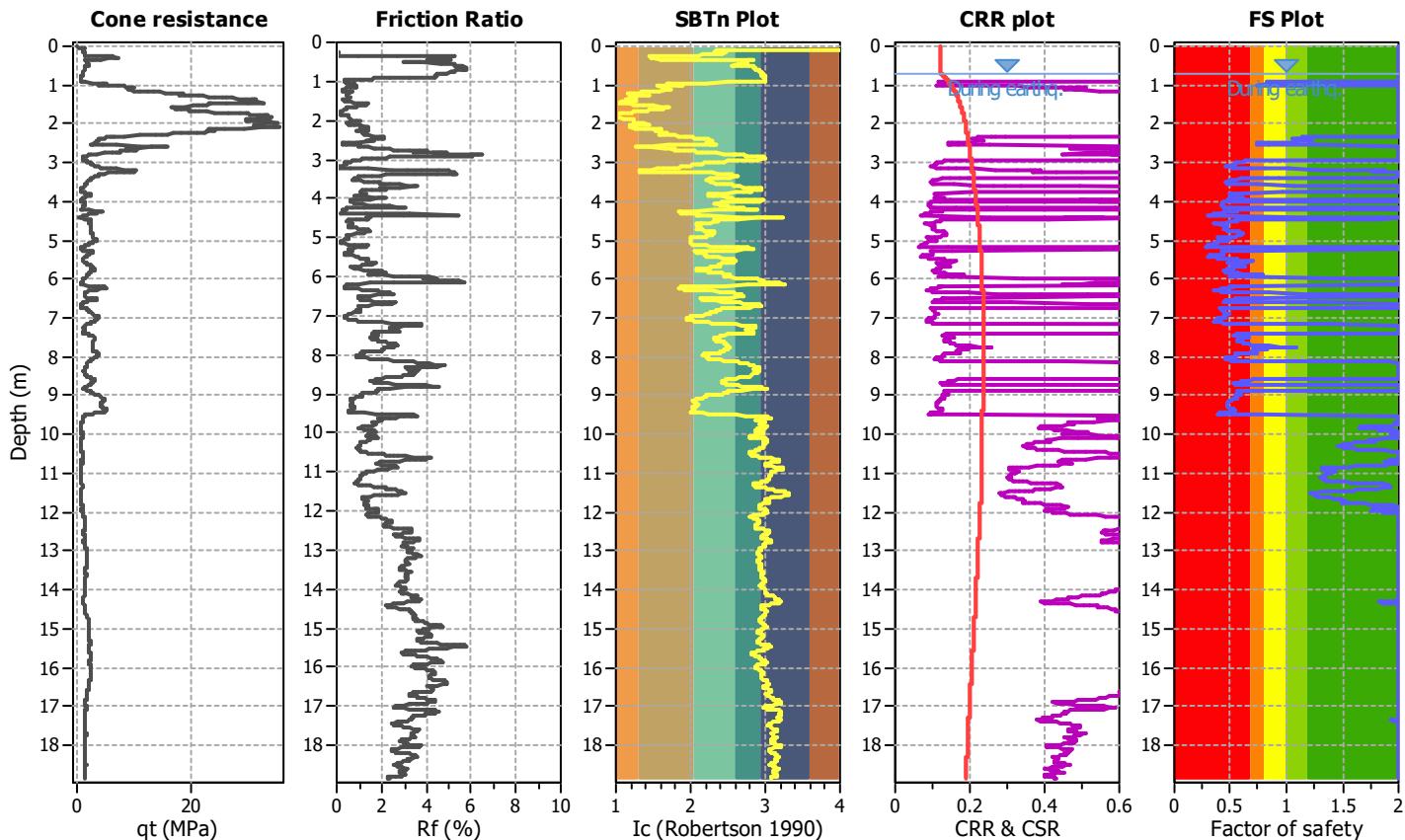
Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1417

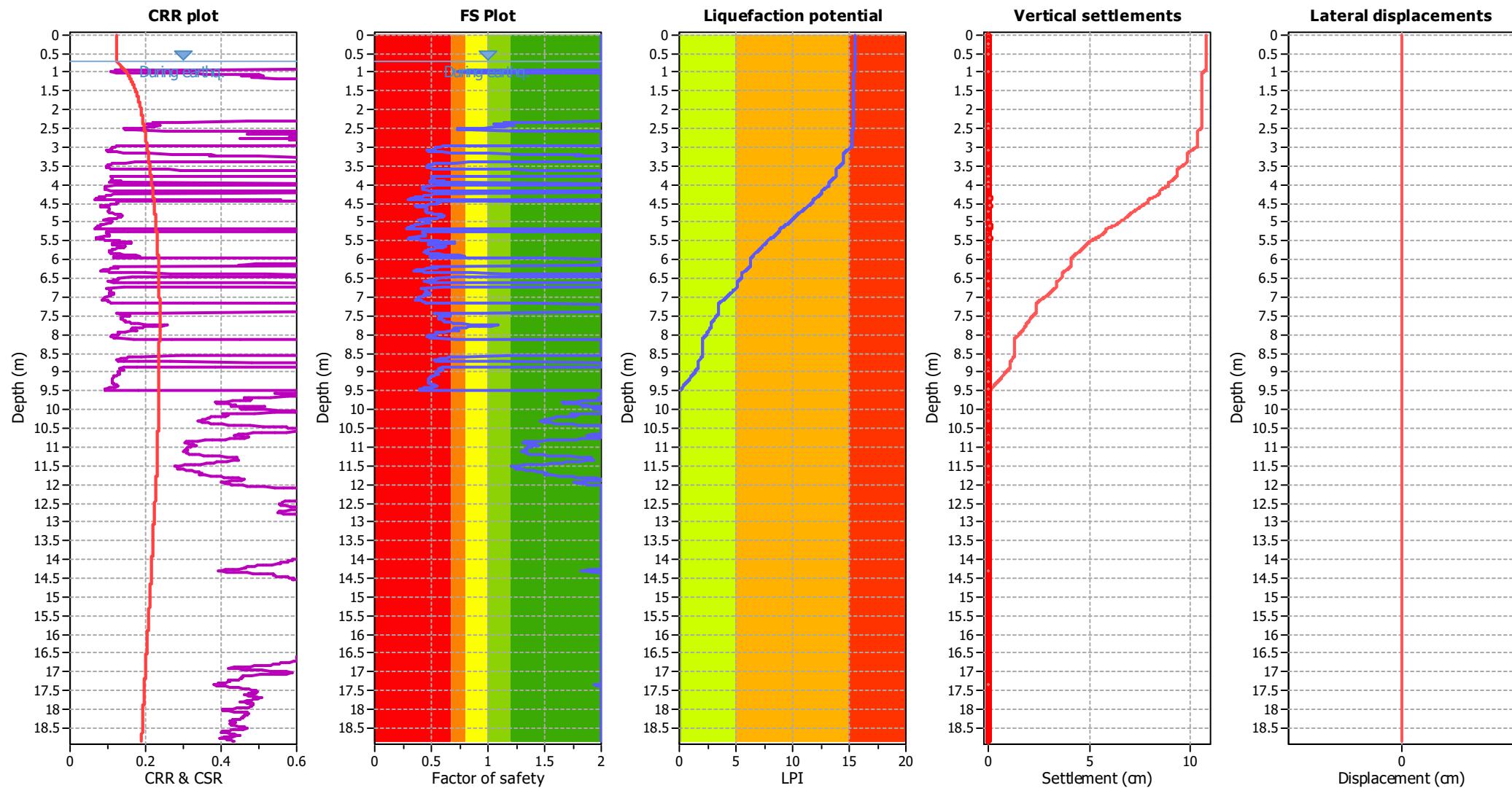
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_0 applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

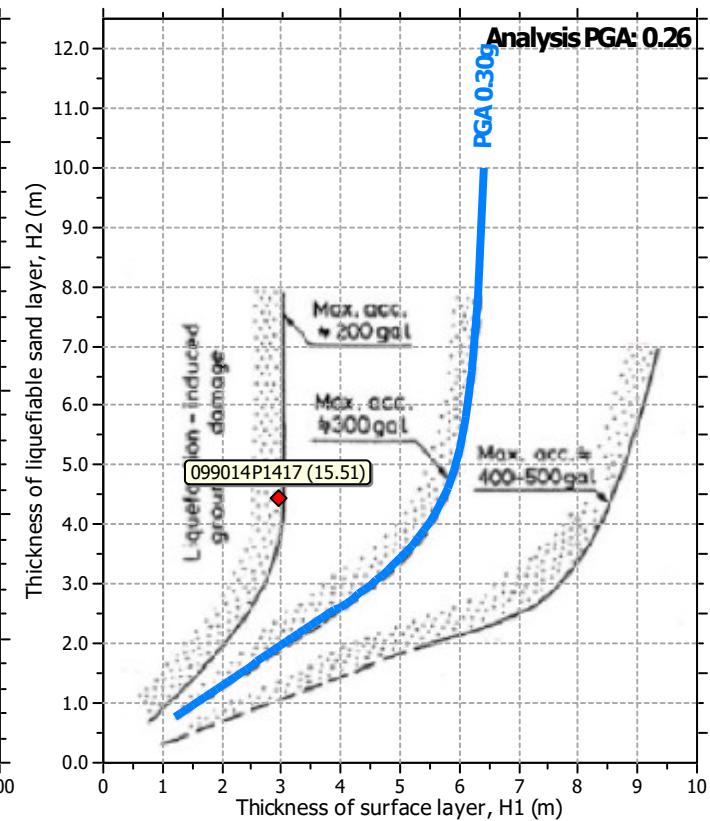
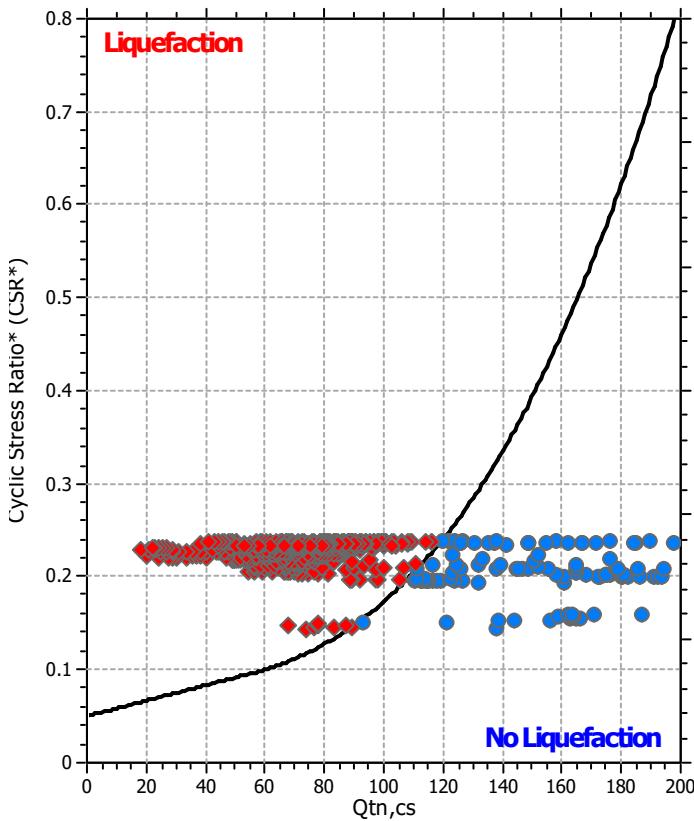
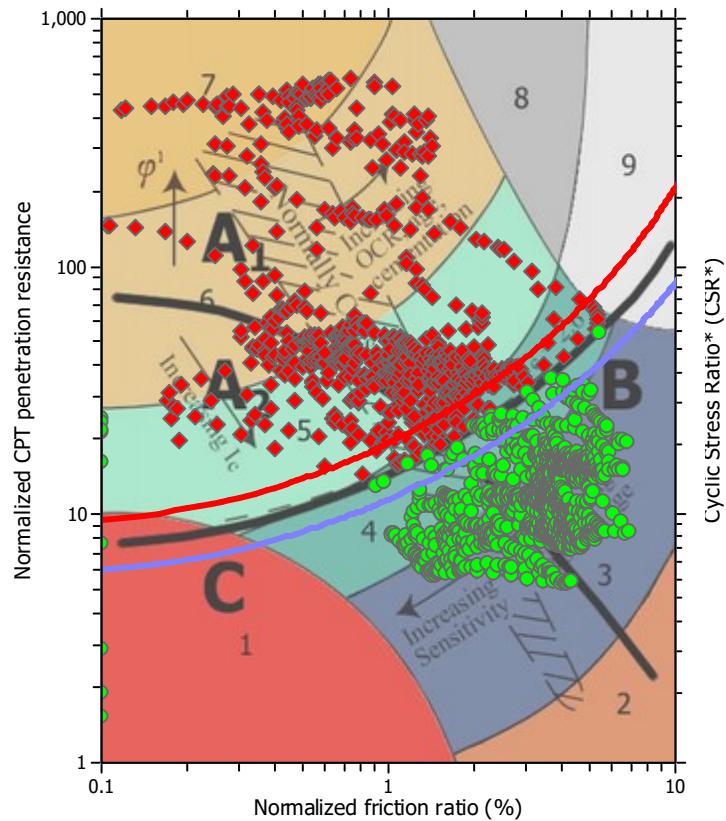
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

REPORT - ZONA RNS_01

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

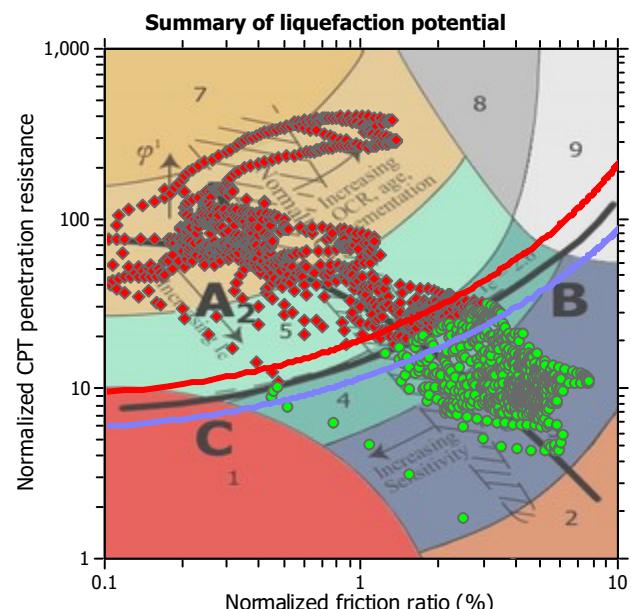
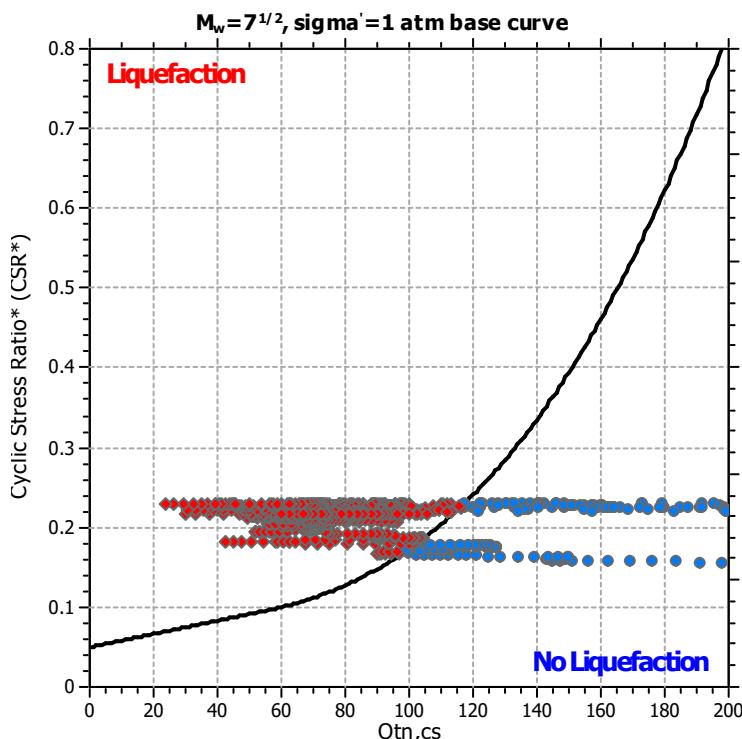
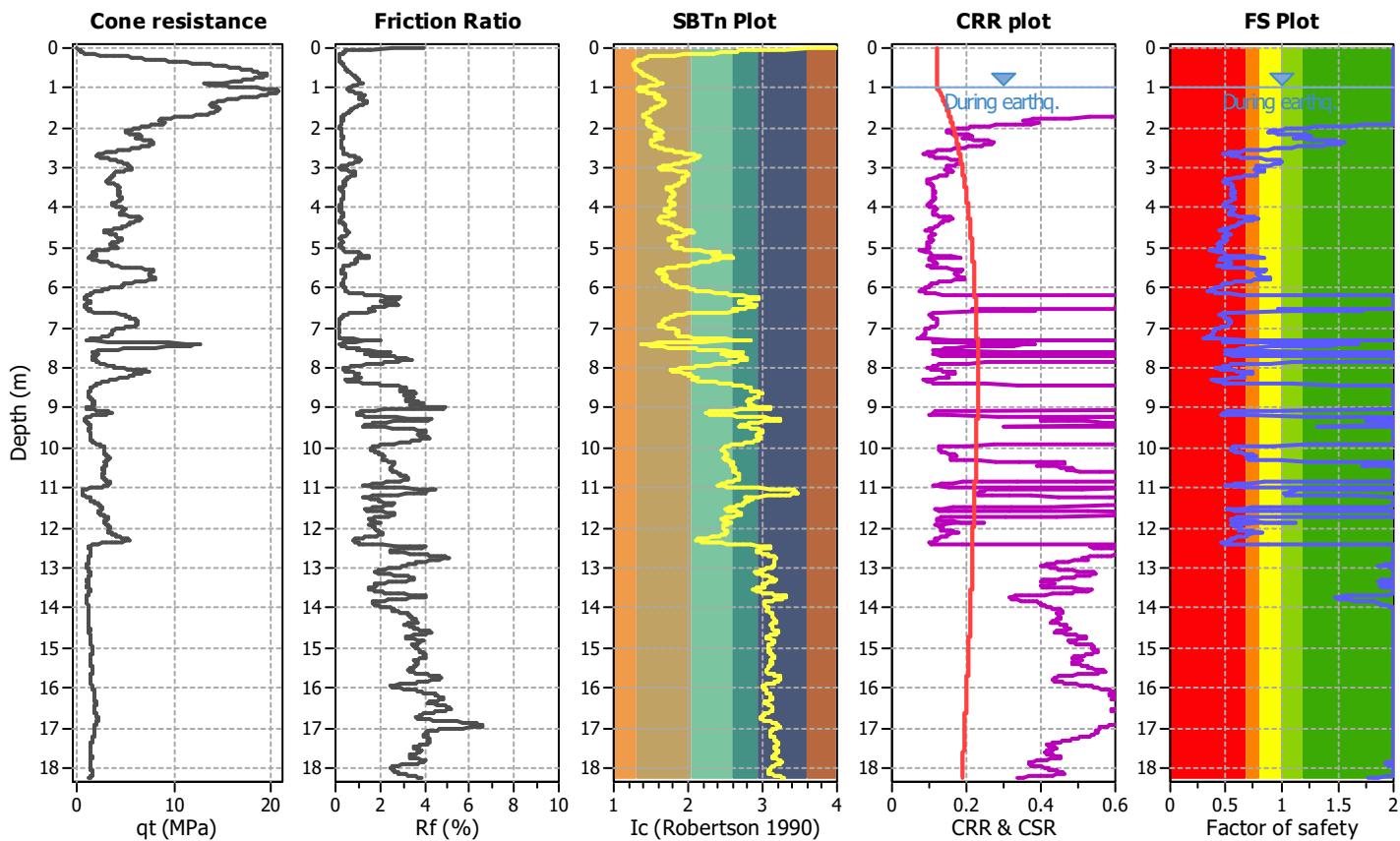
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1422

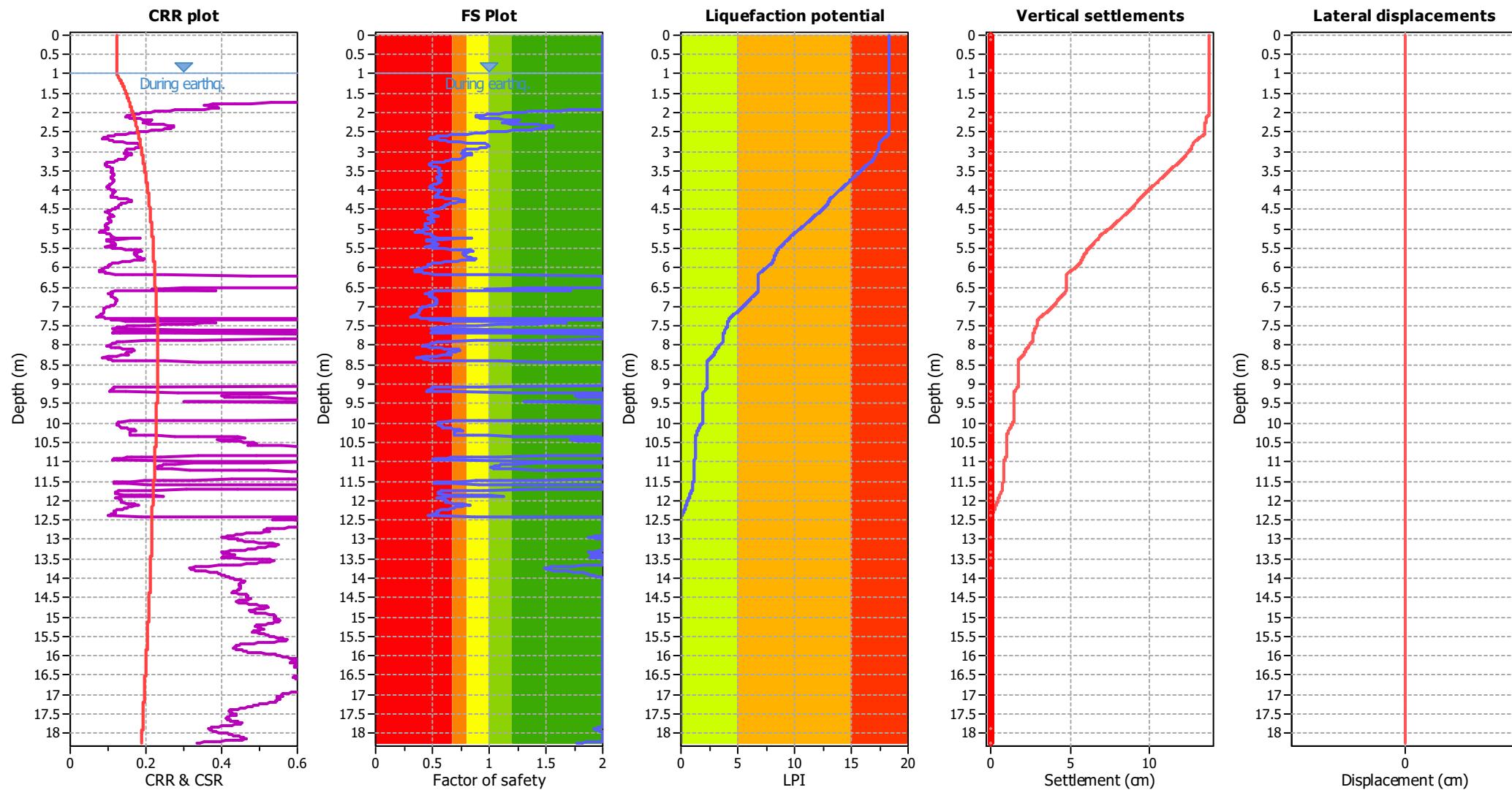
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

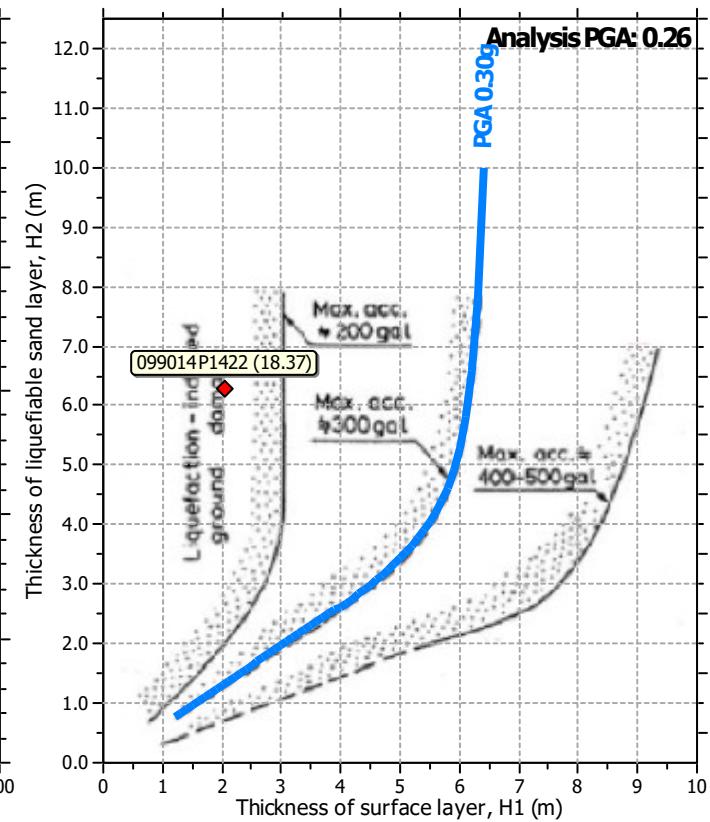
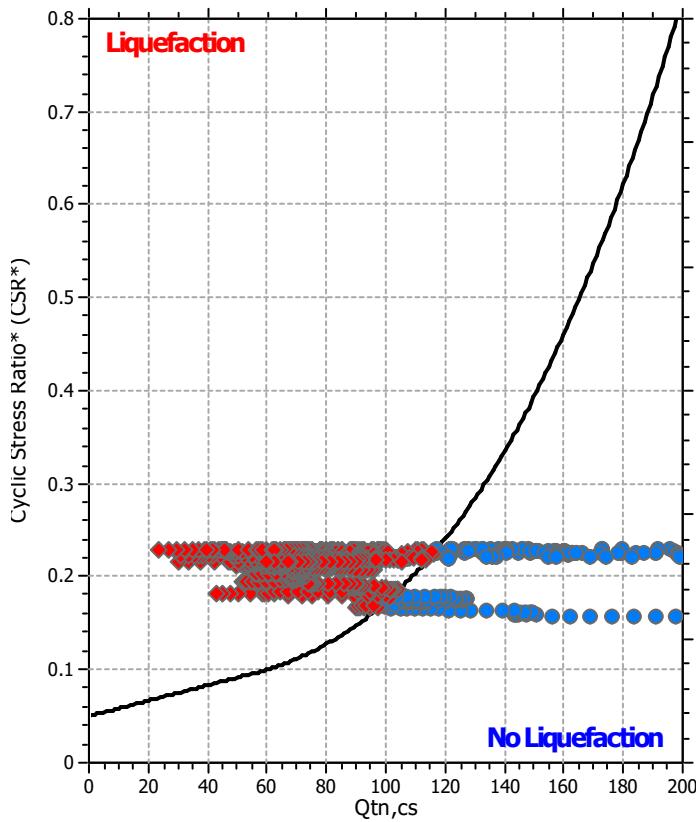
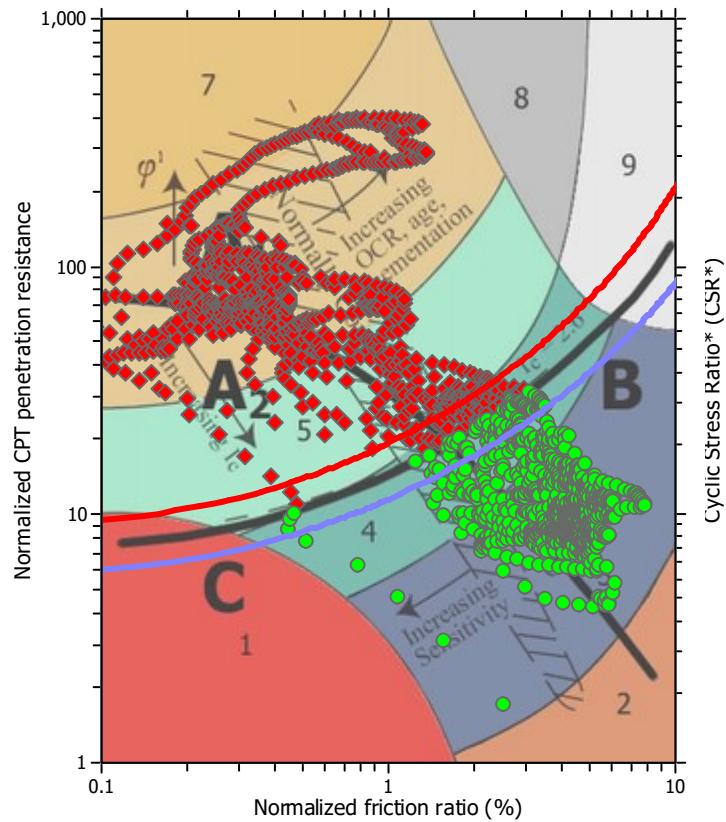
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

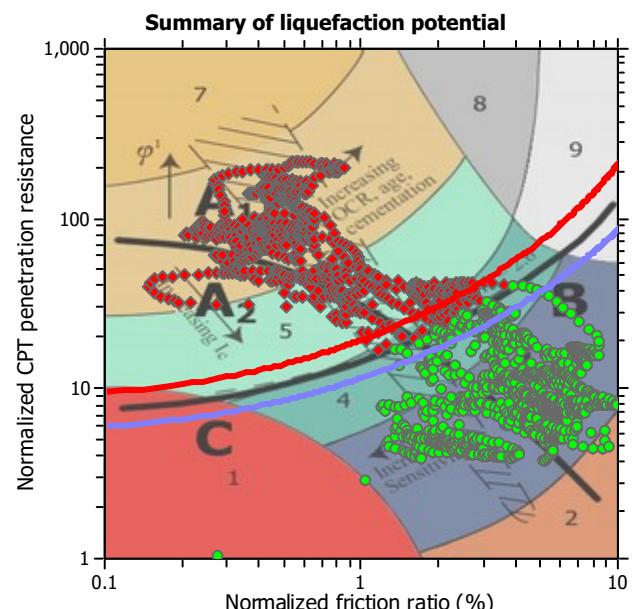
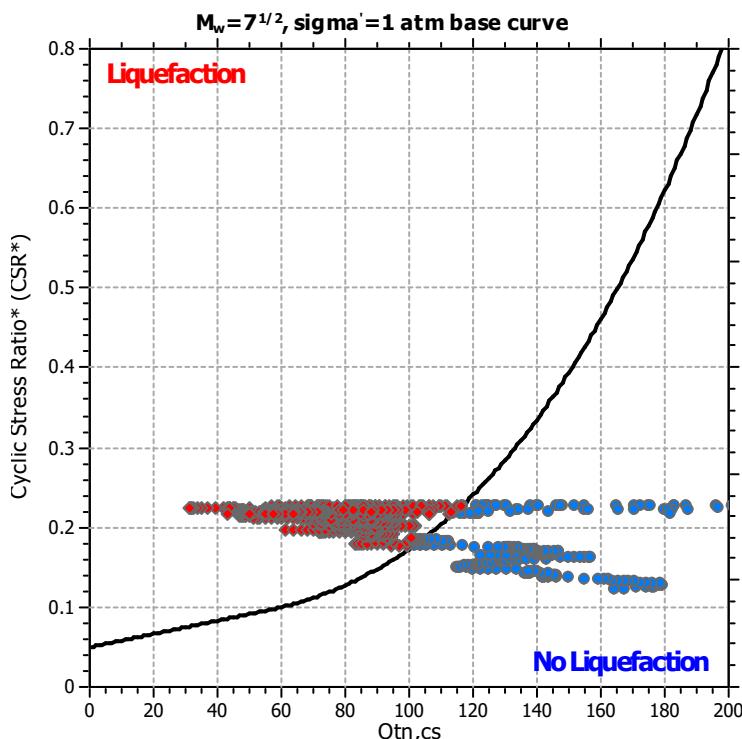
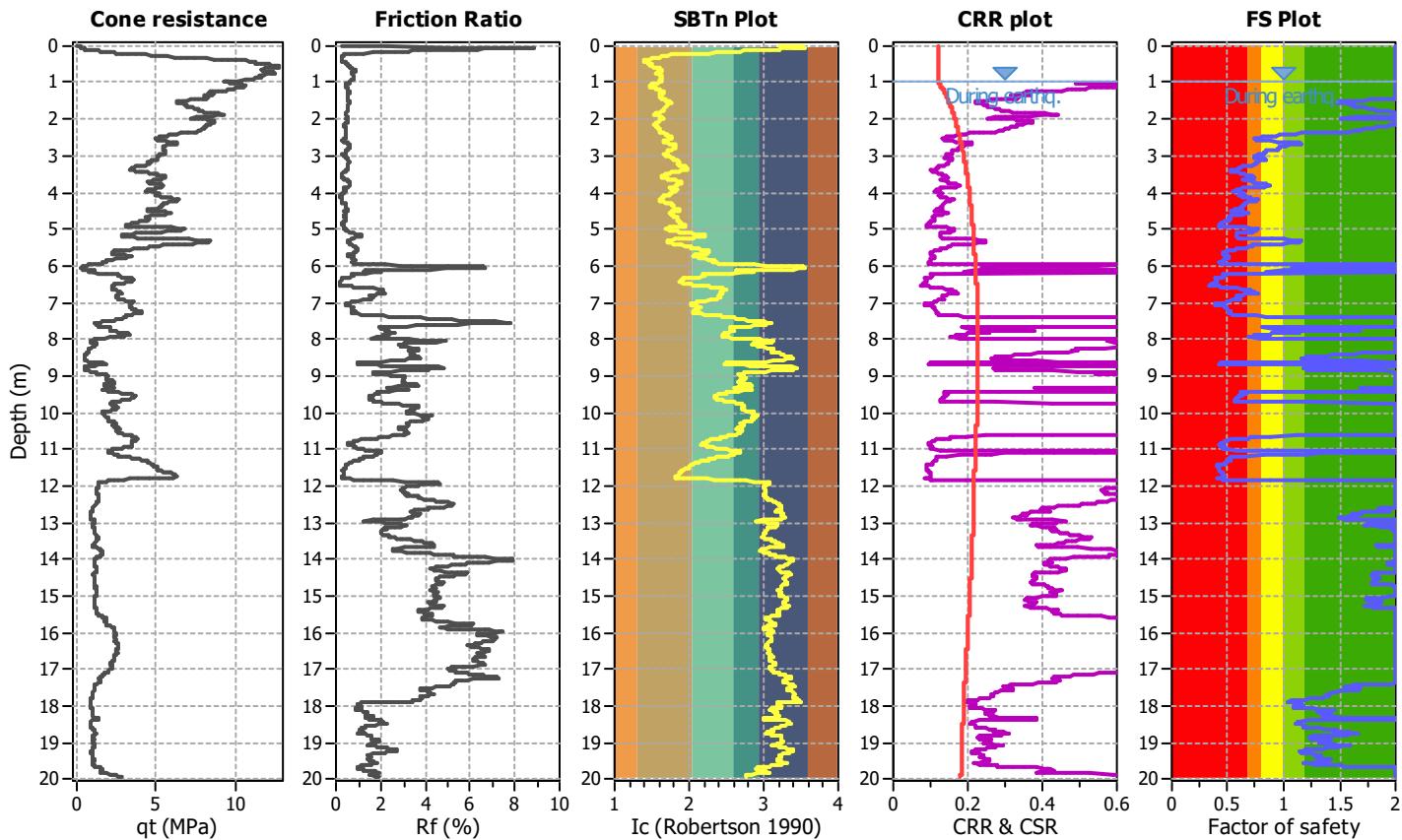
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_20

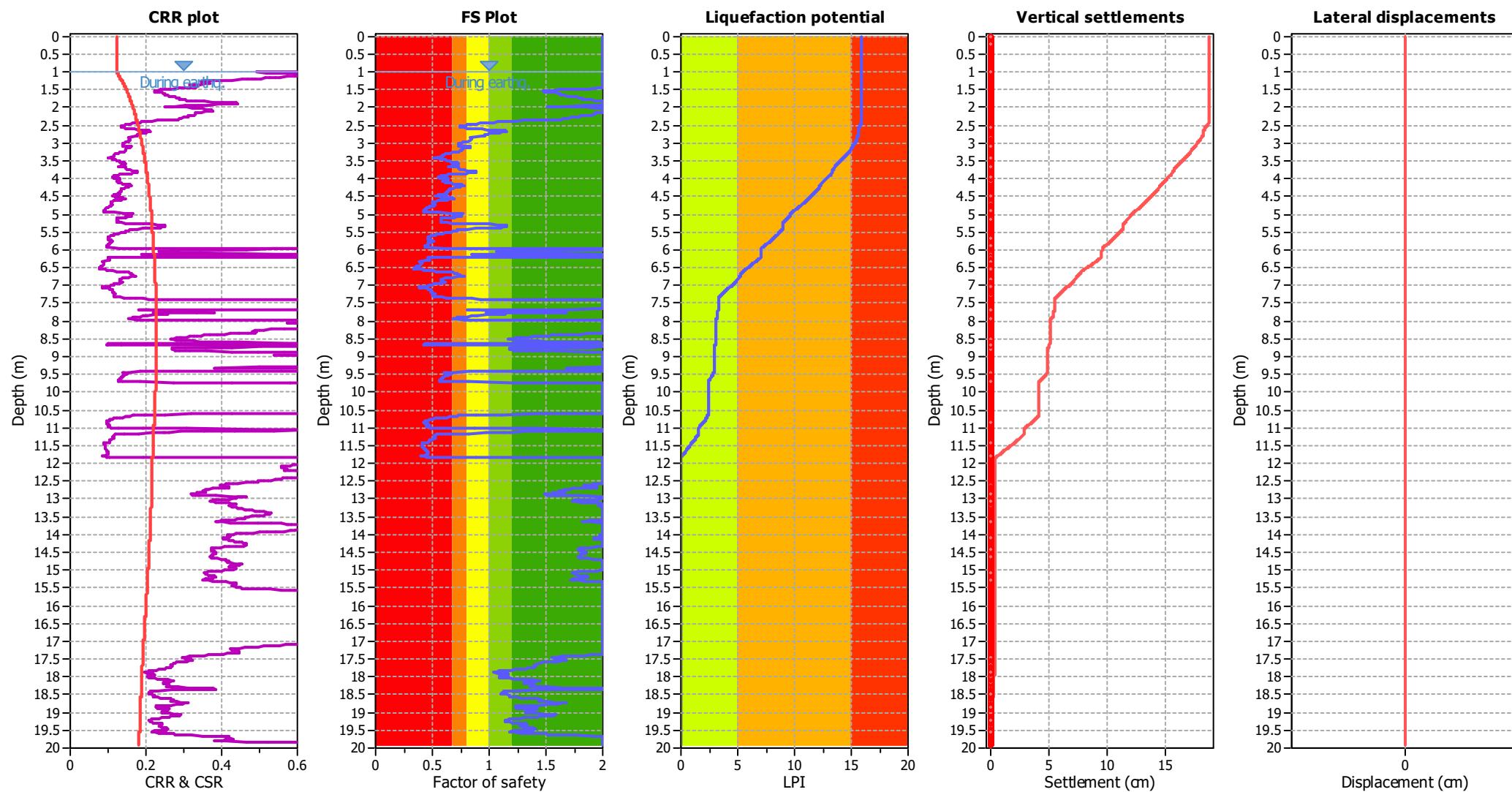
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.10 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

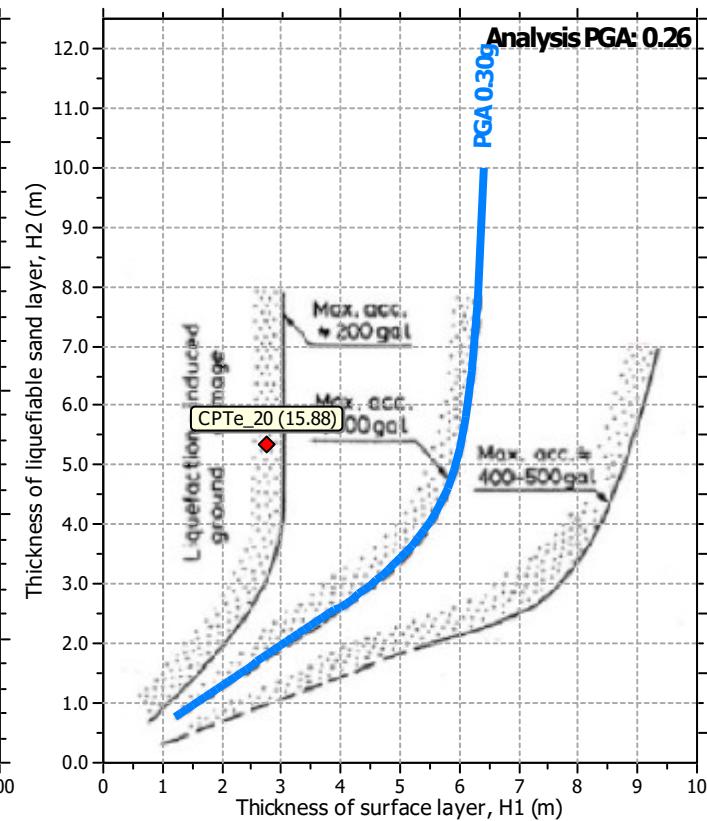
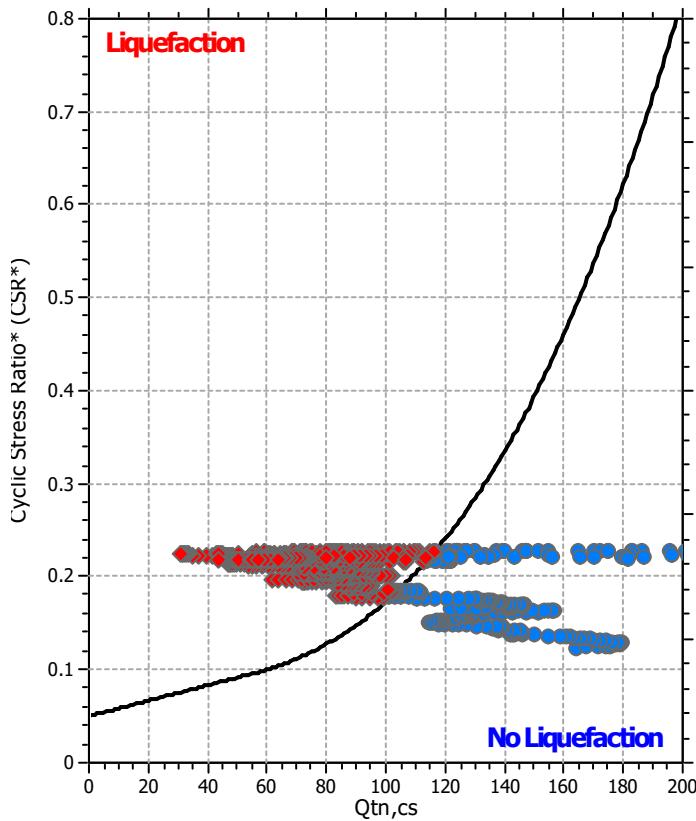
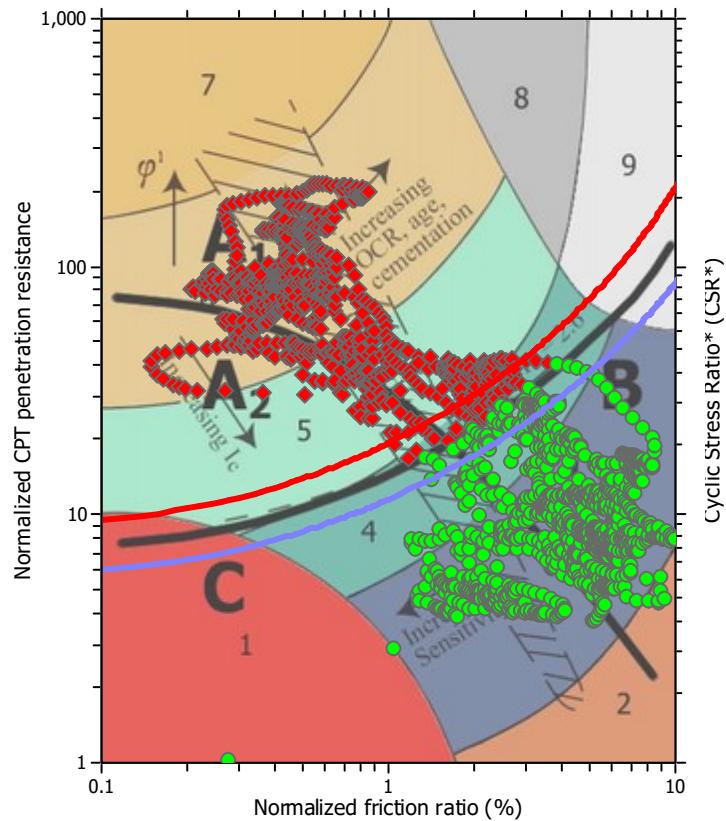
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |
| █ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.10 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

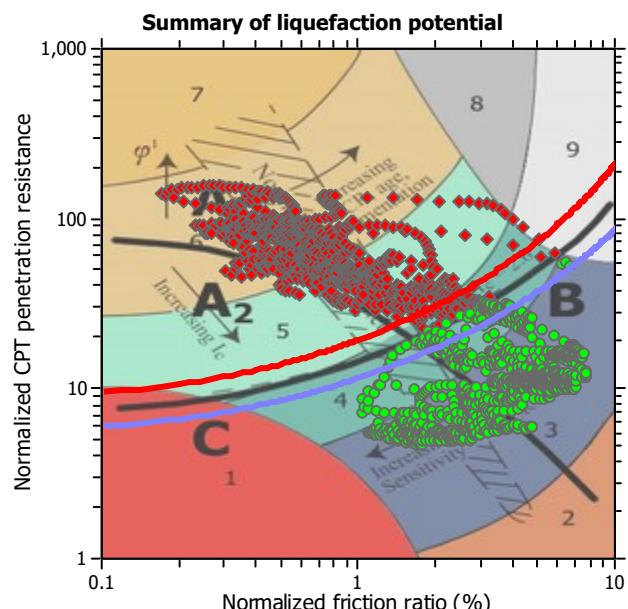
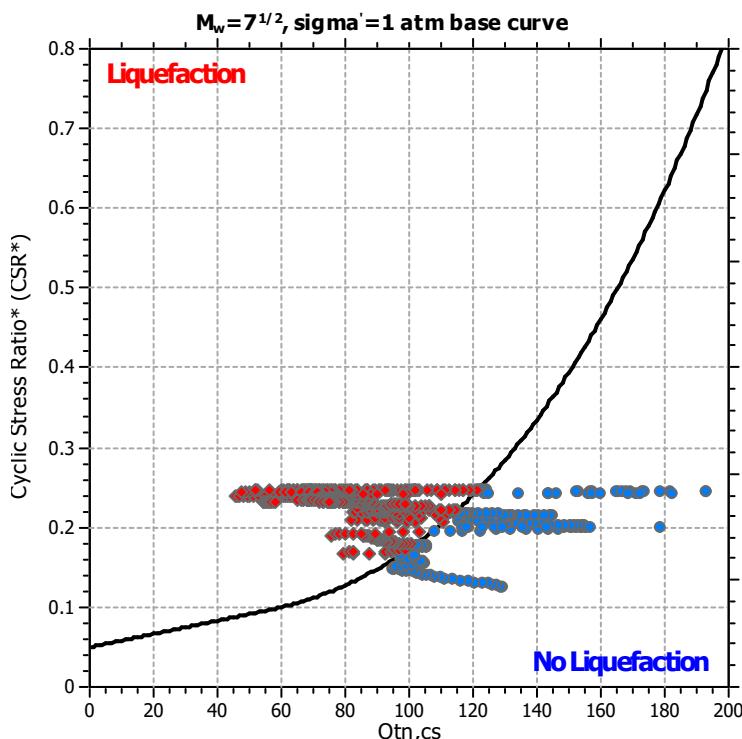
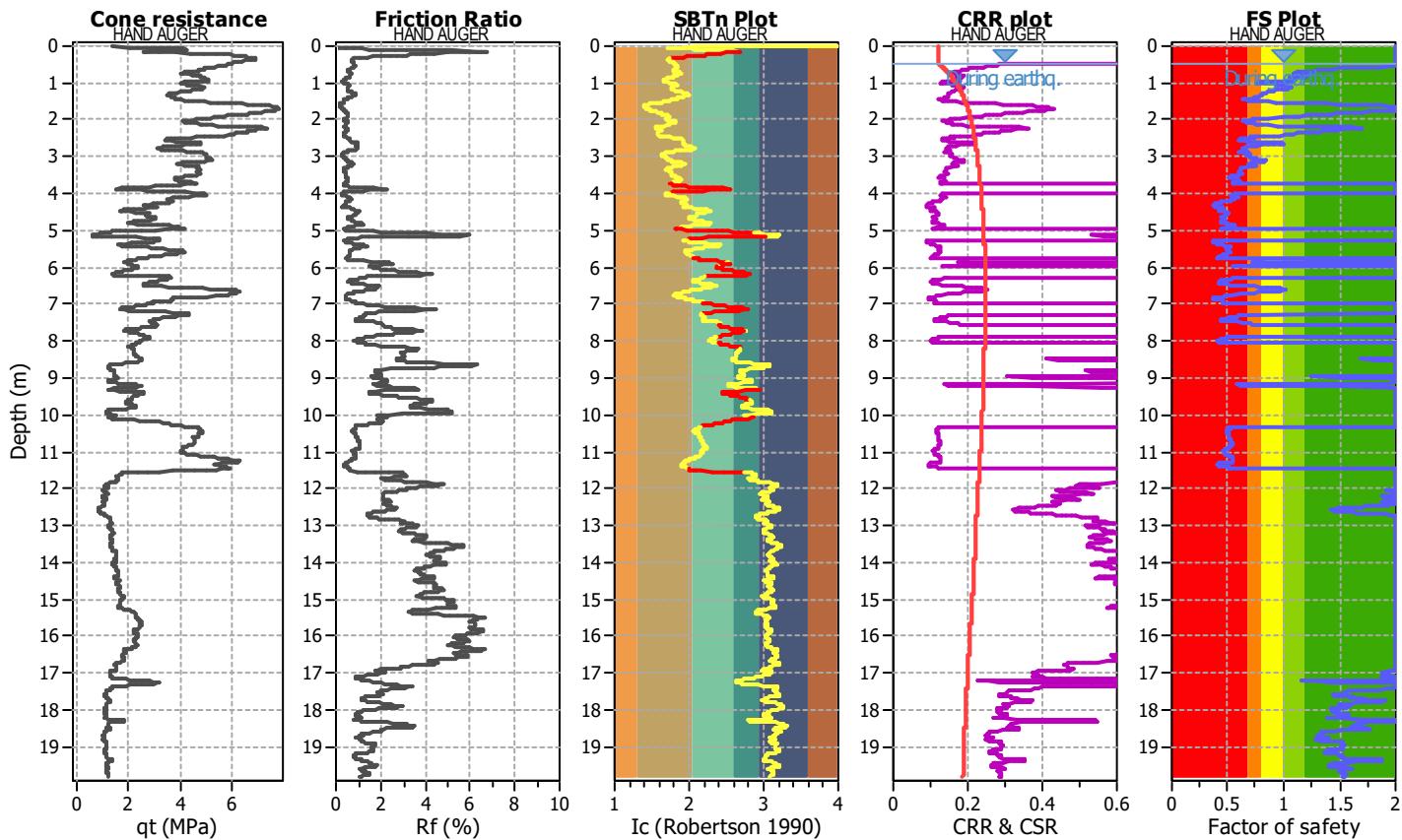
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1421

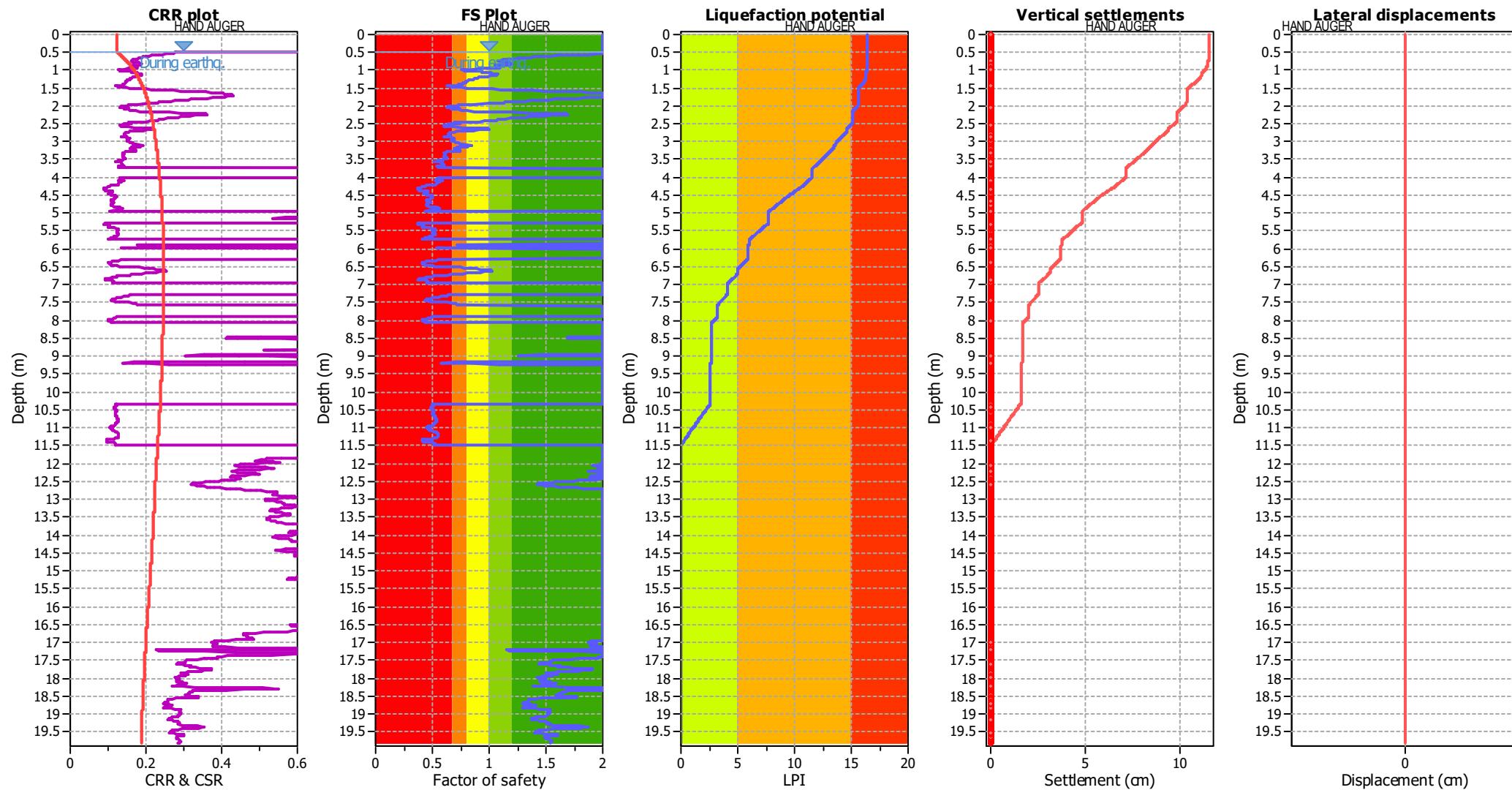
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

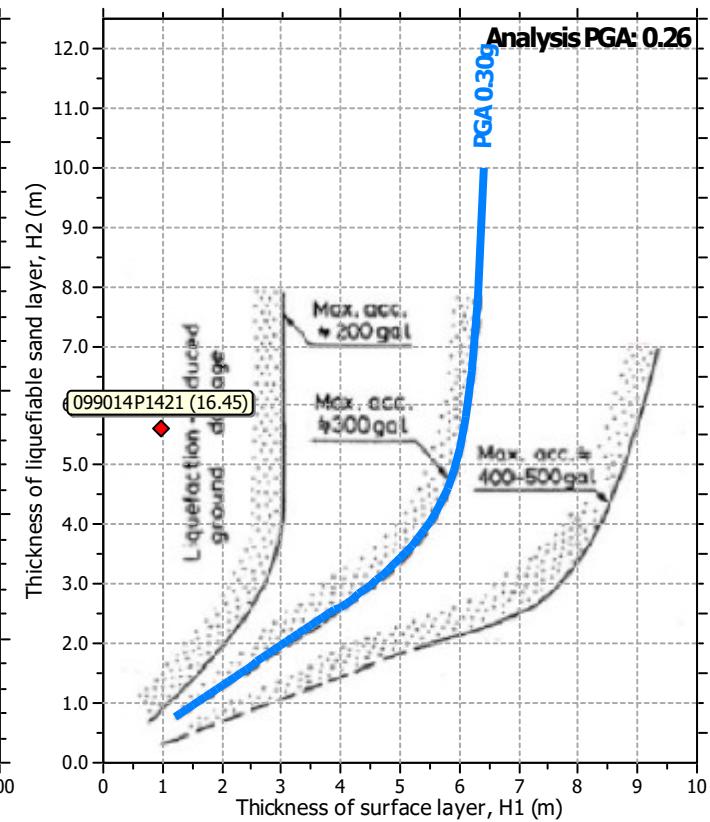
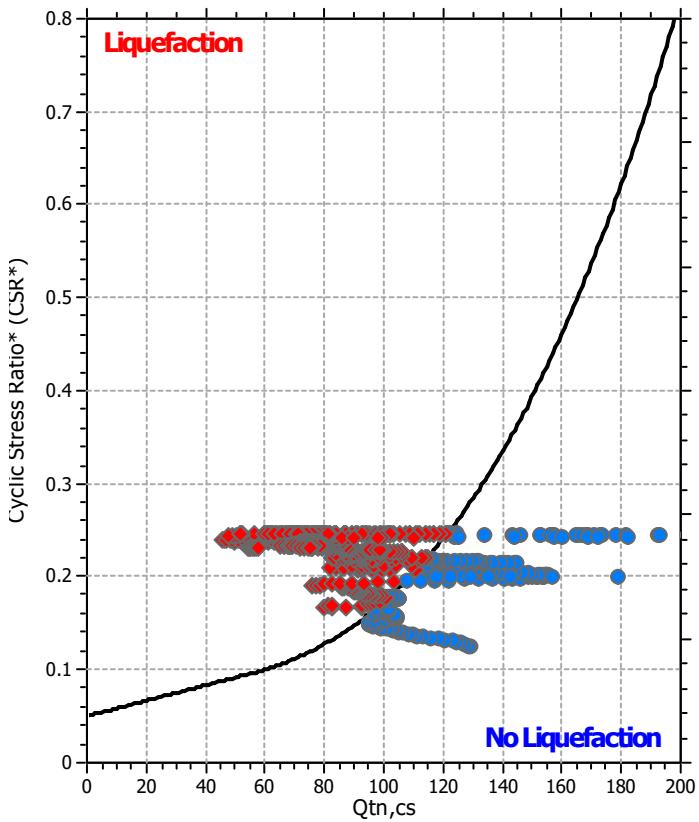
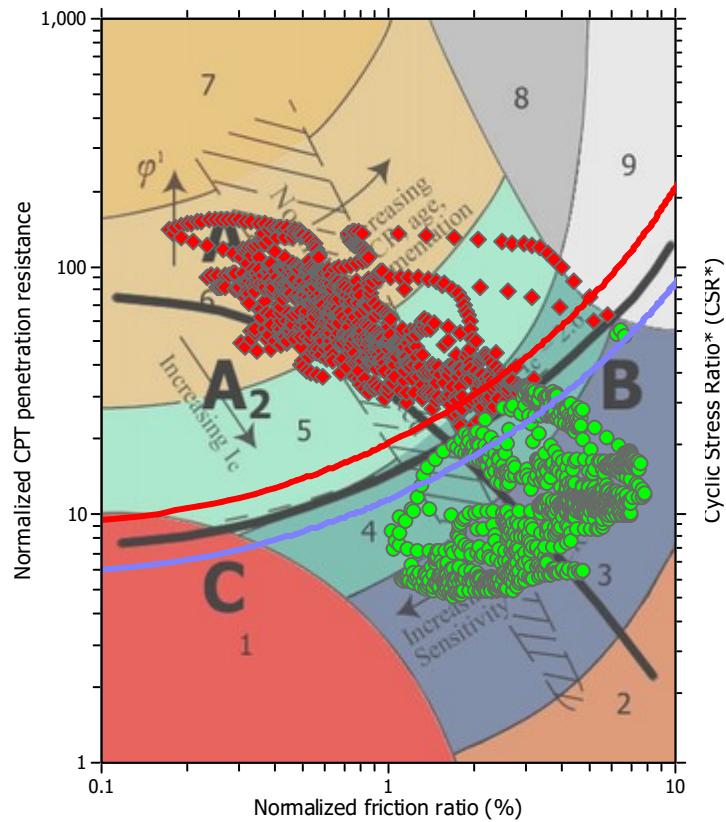
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 | K _d applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

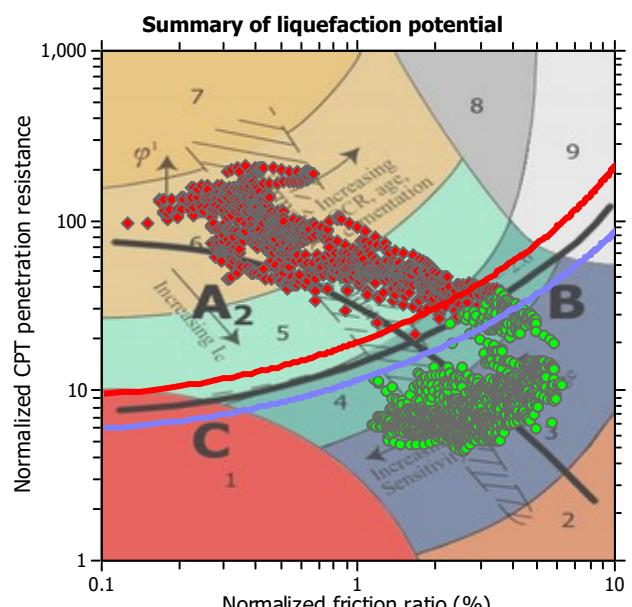
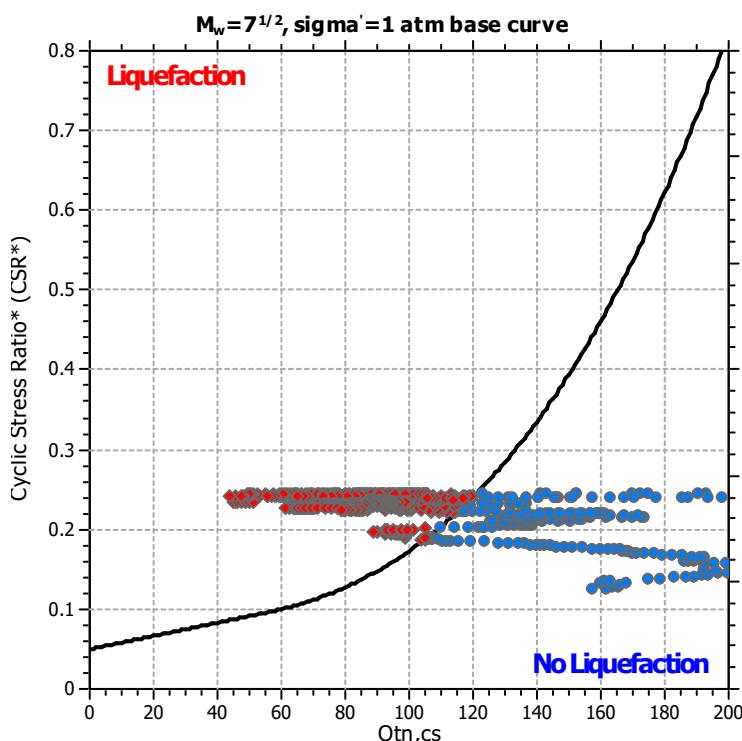
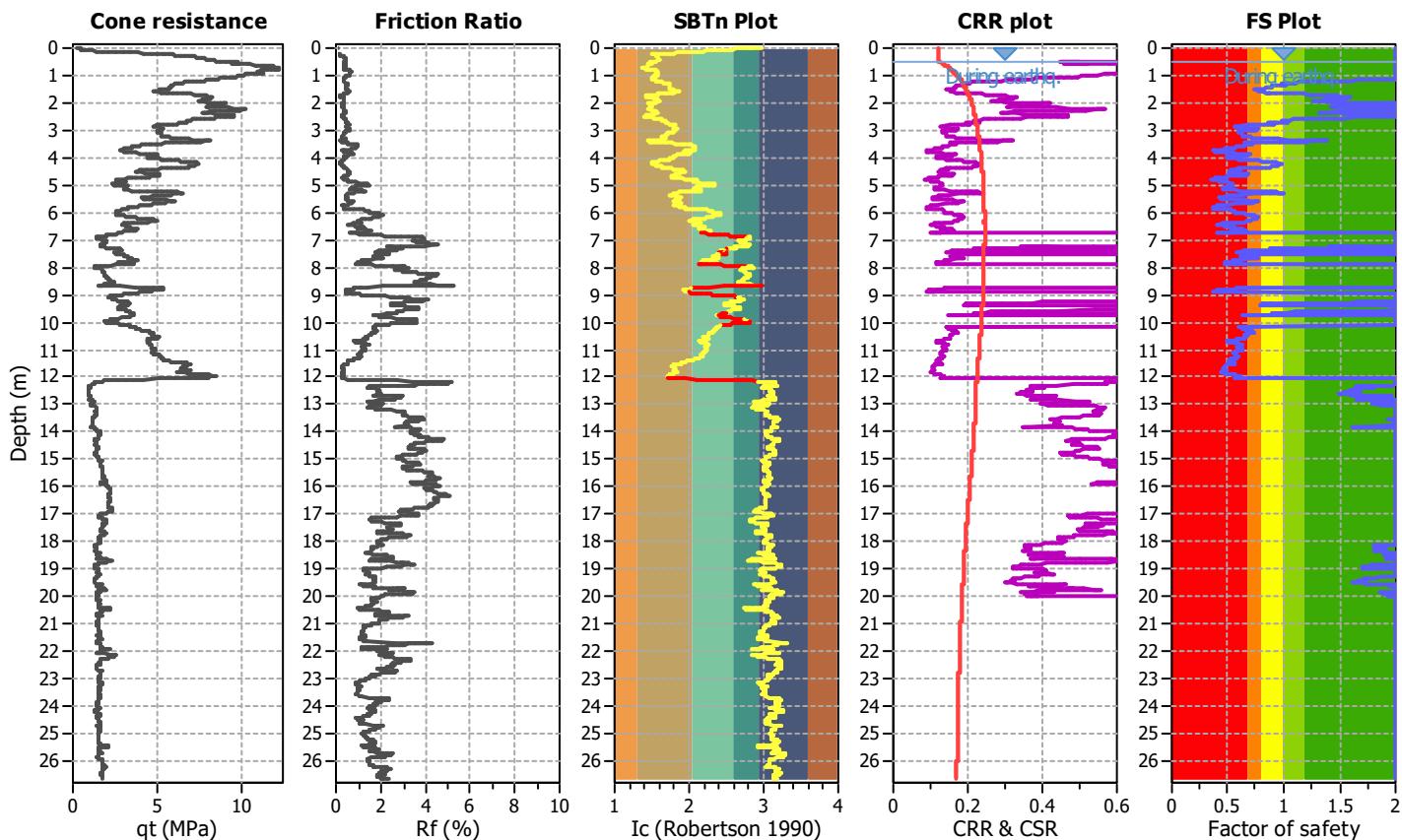
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1277

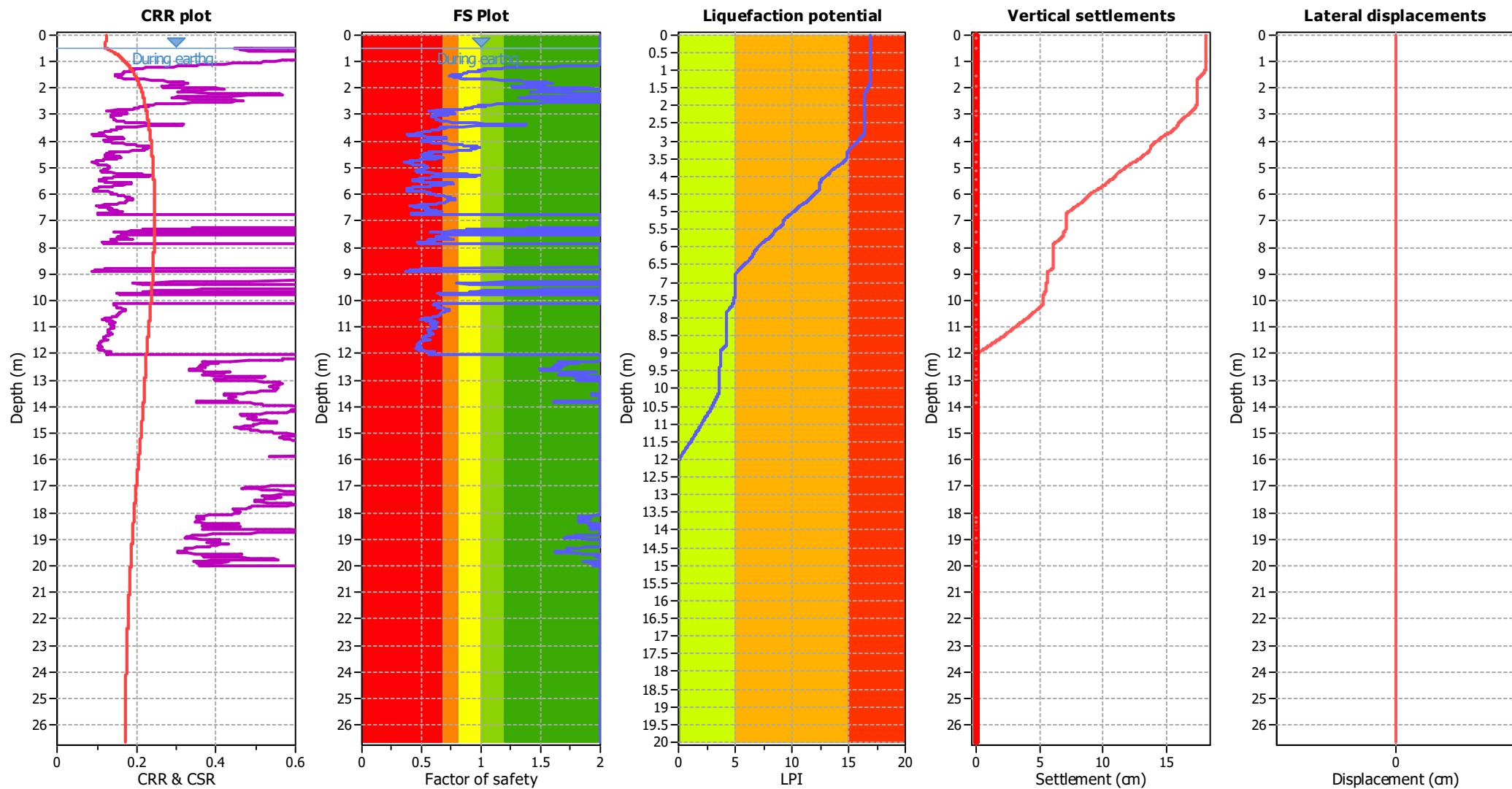
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

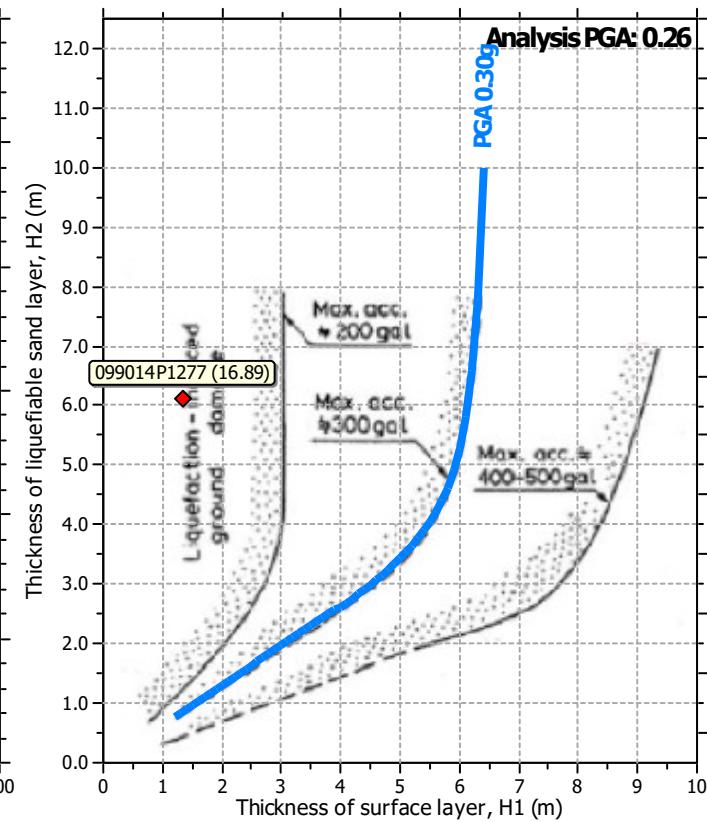
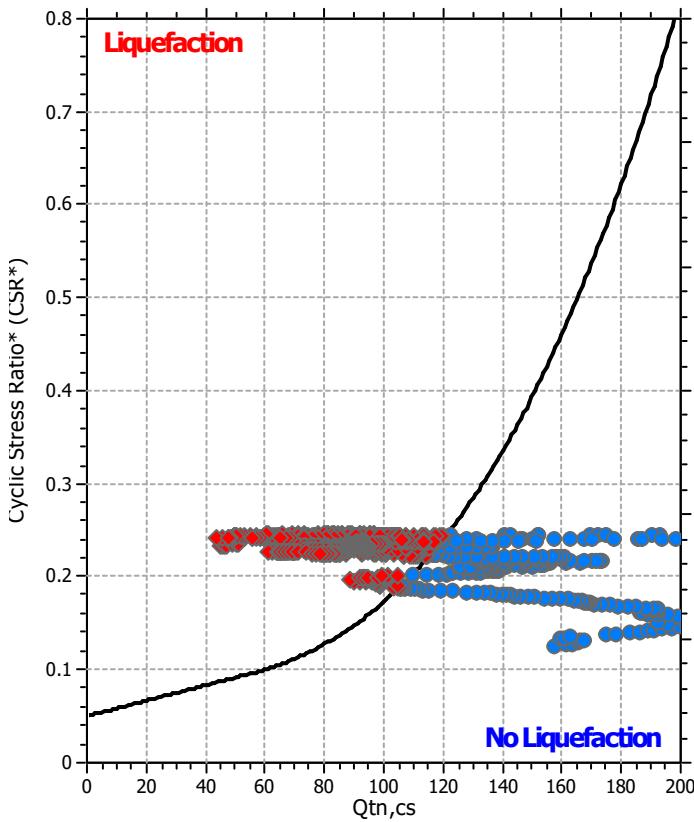
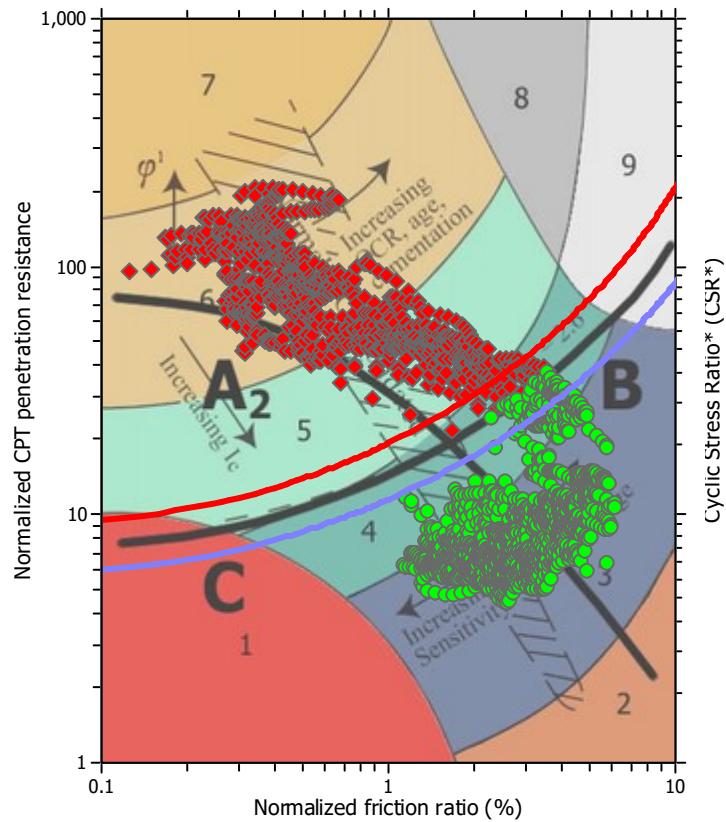
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

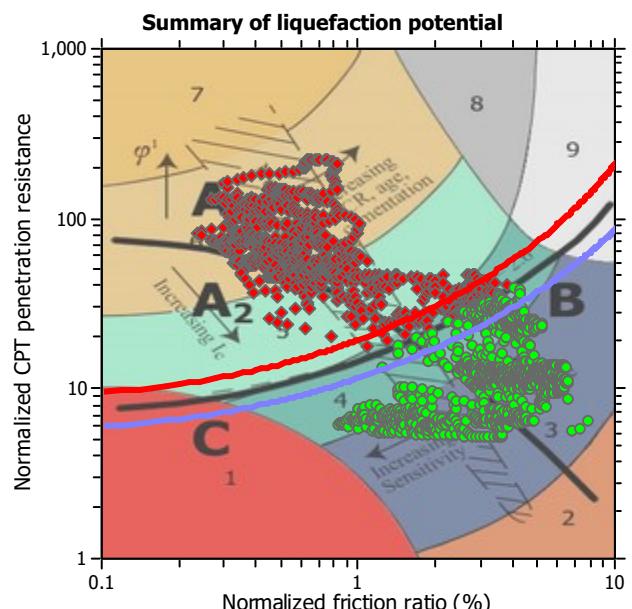
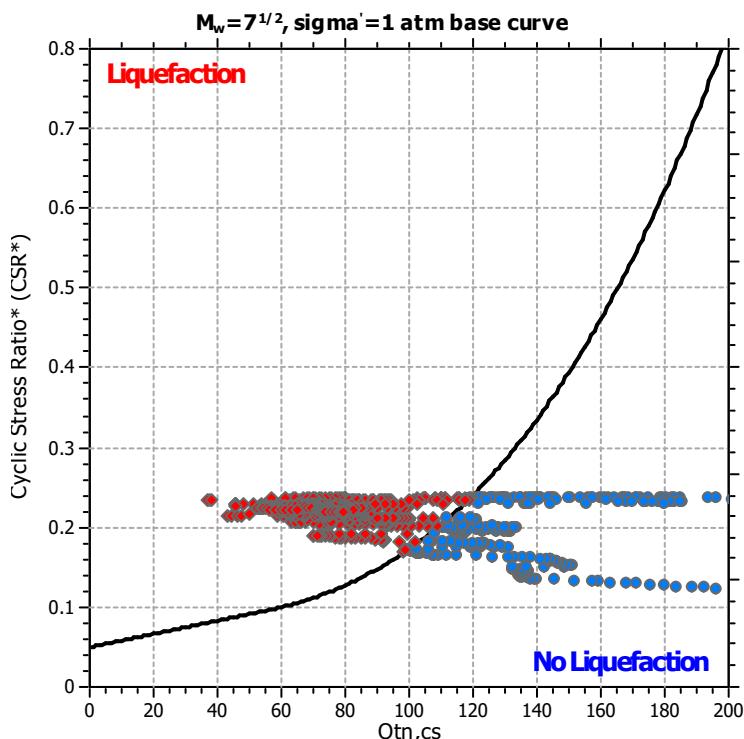
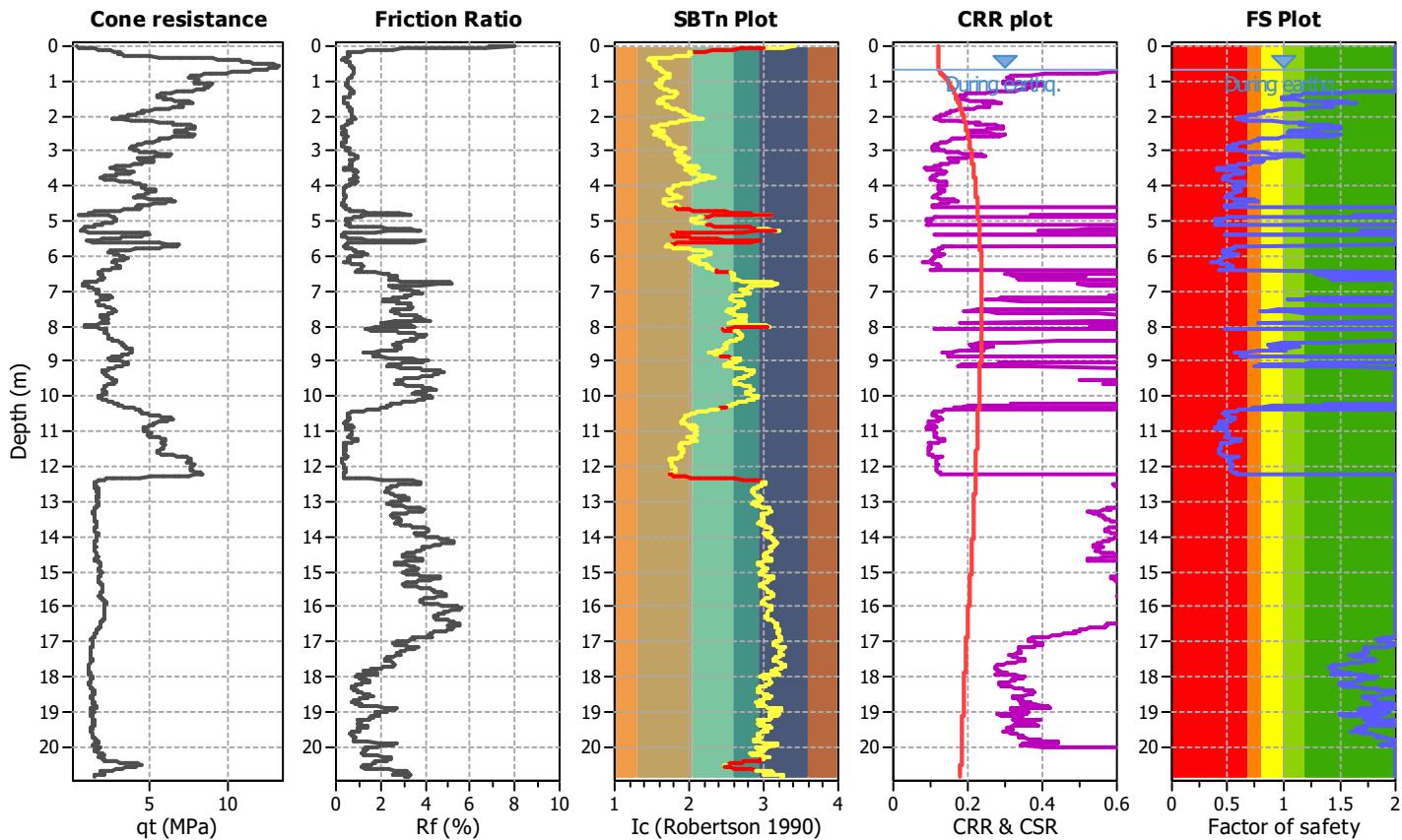


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

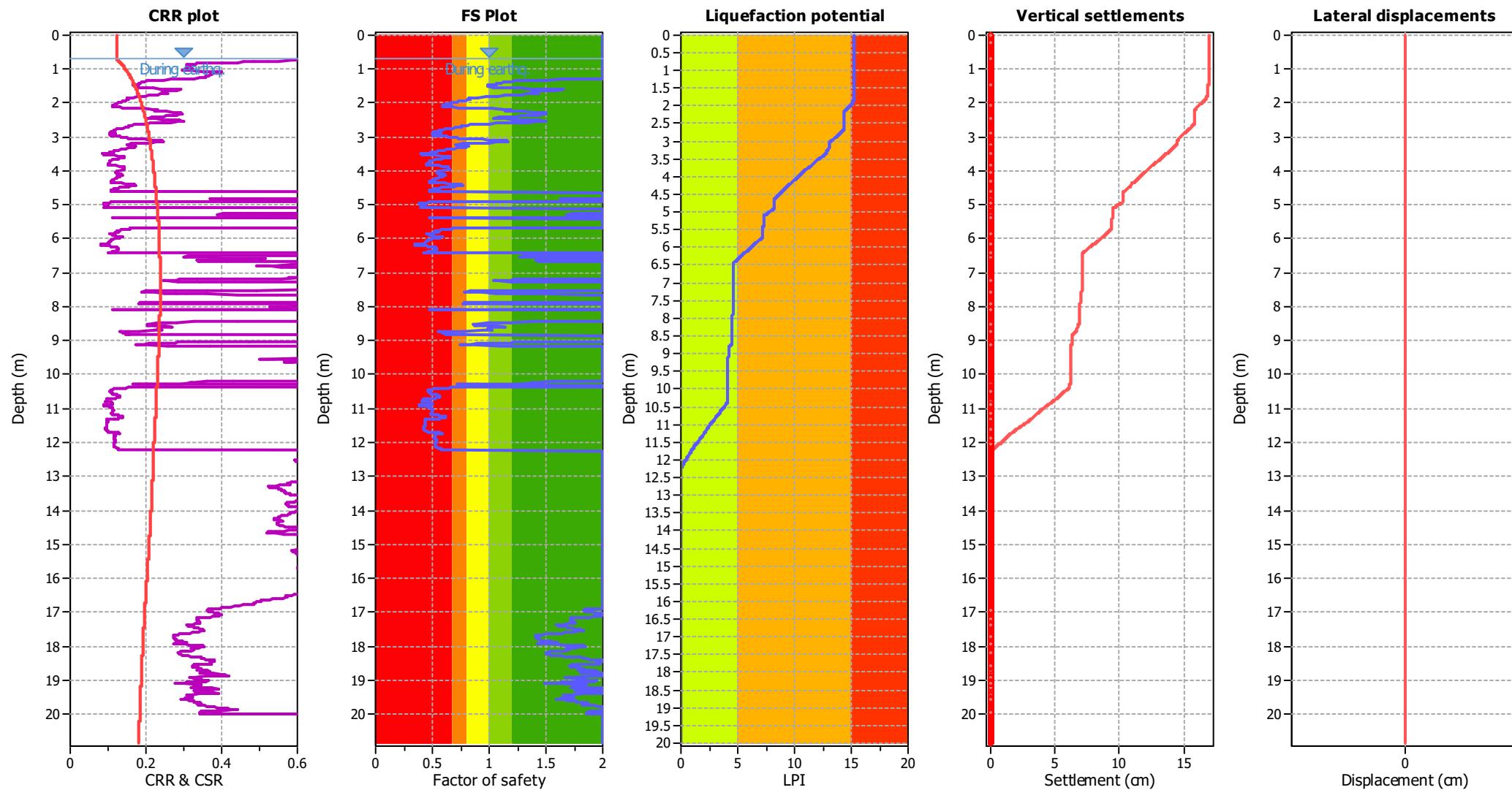
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1278
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

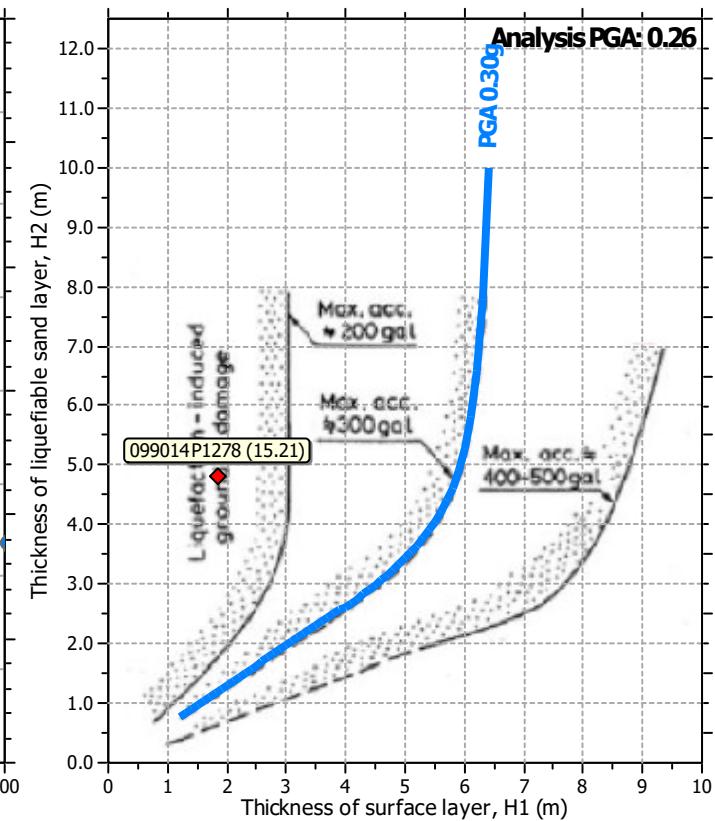
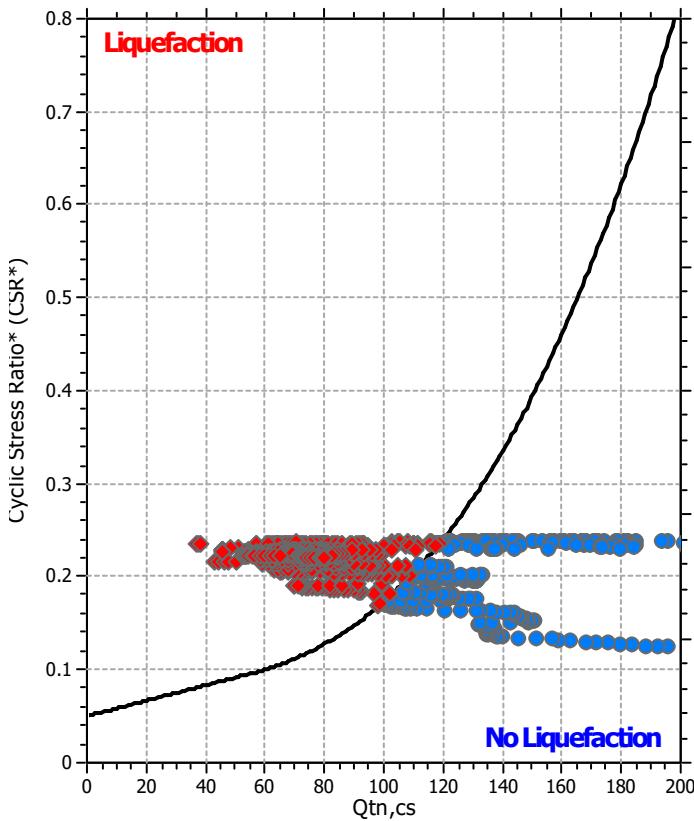
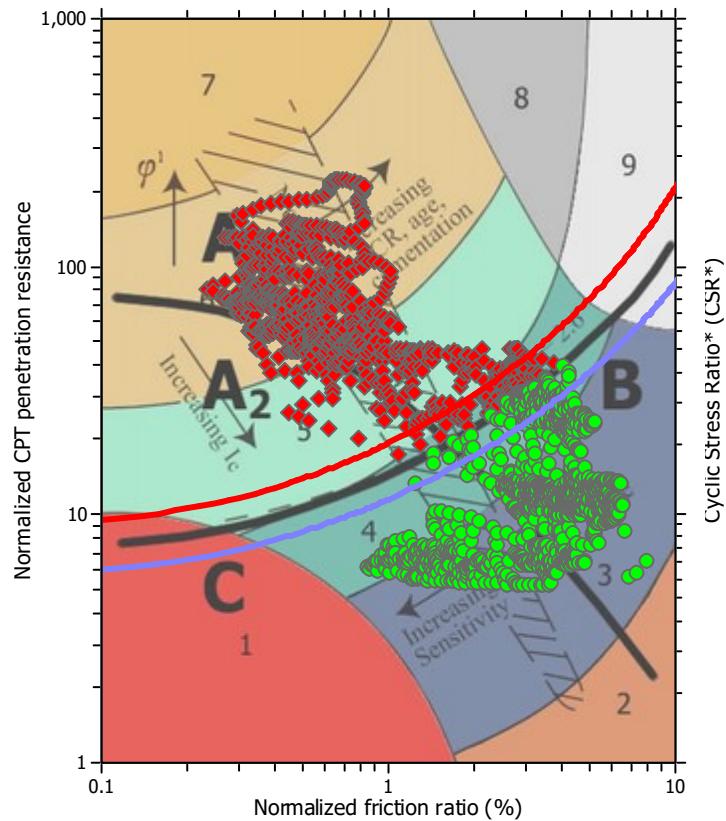
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

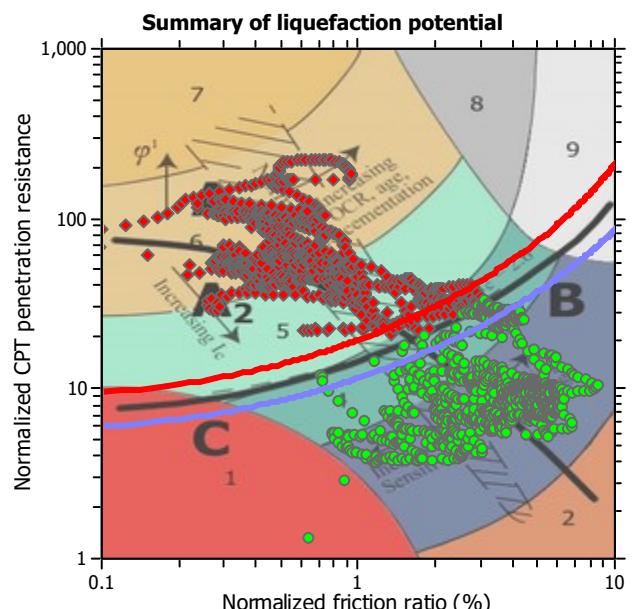
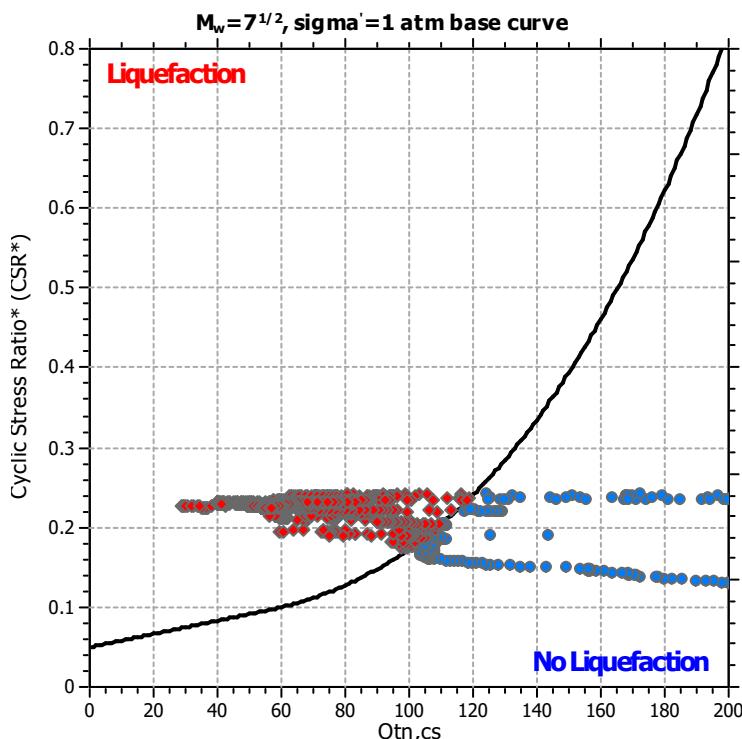
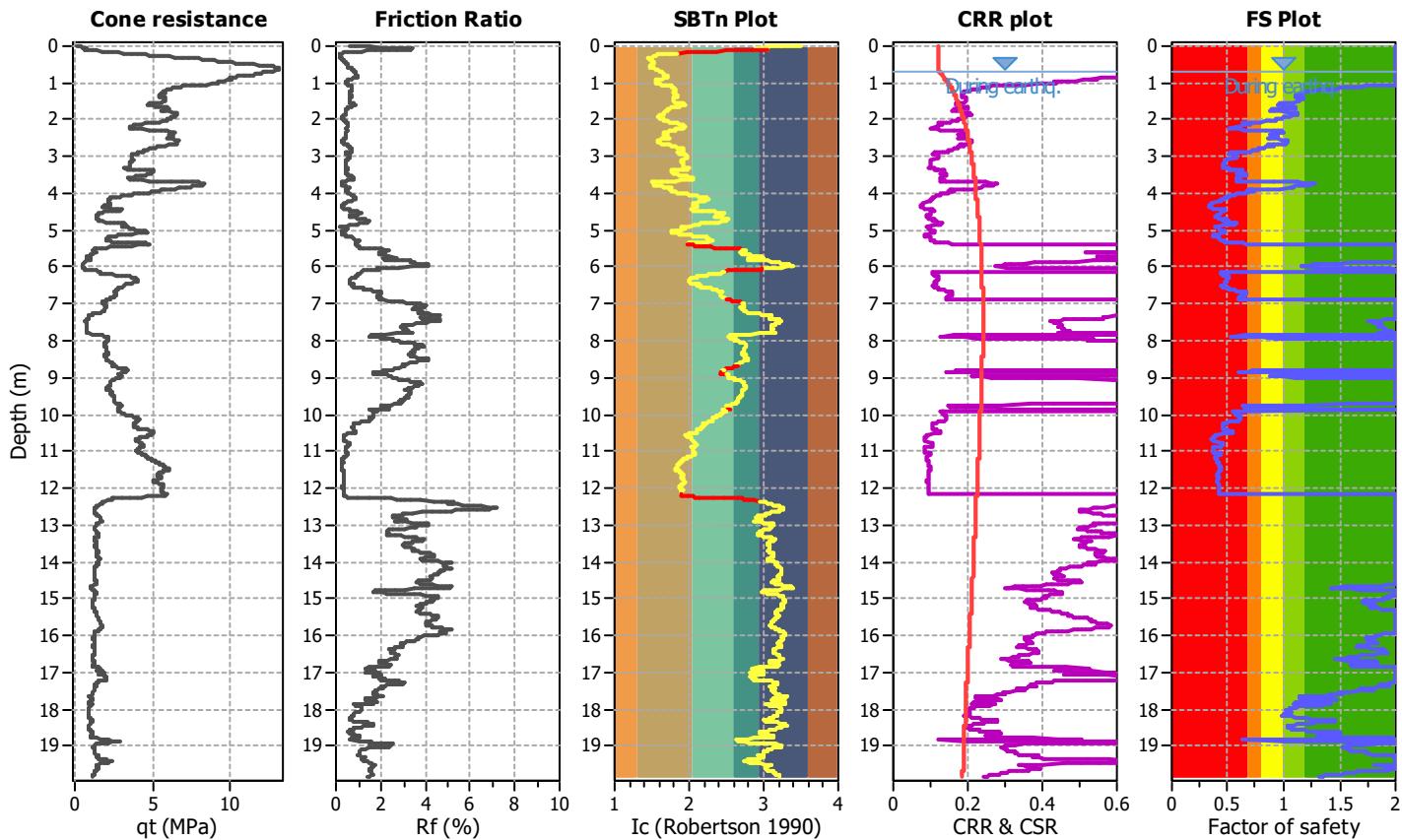
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_13

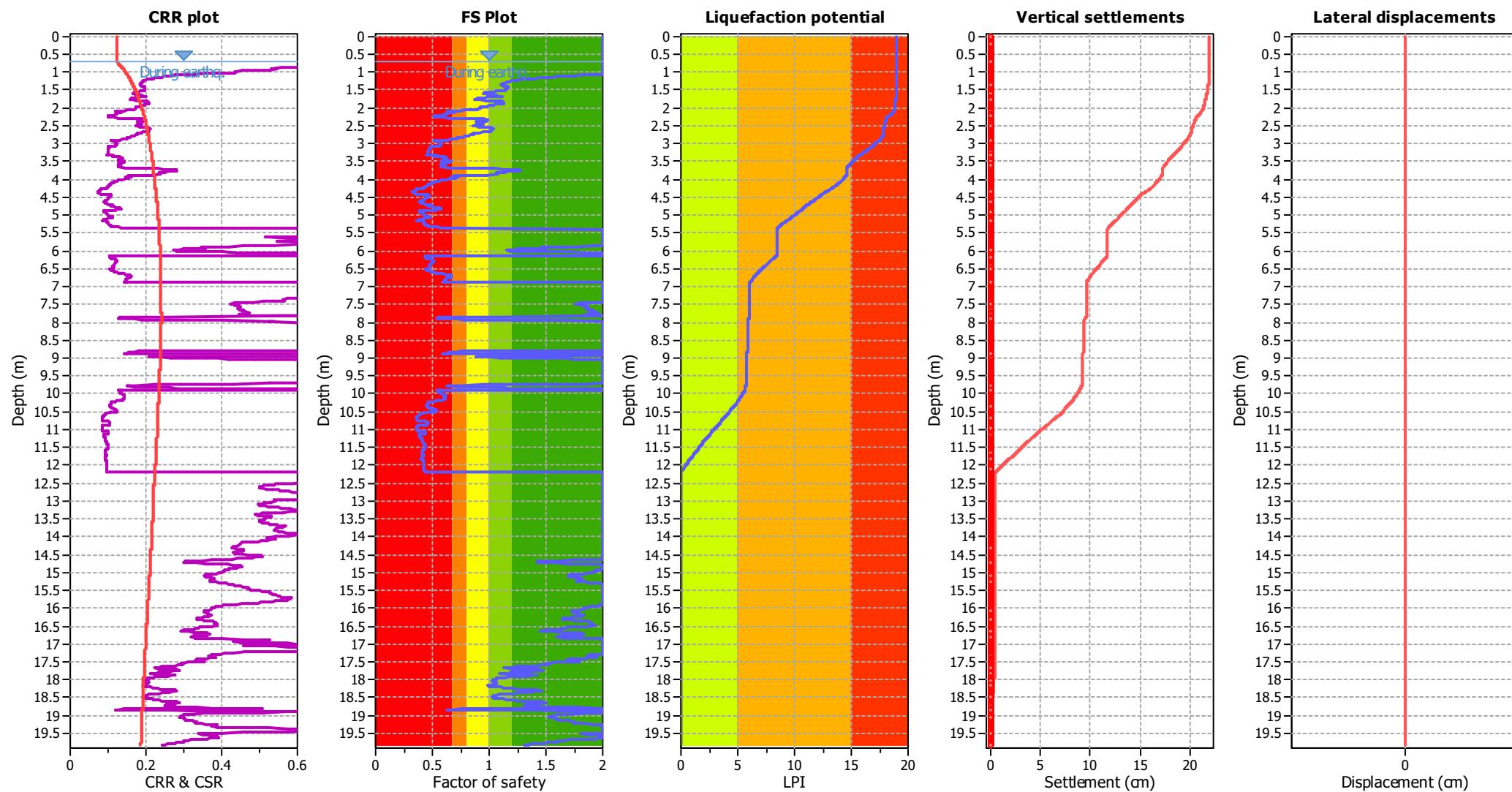
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.90 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

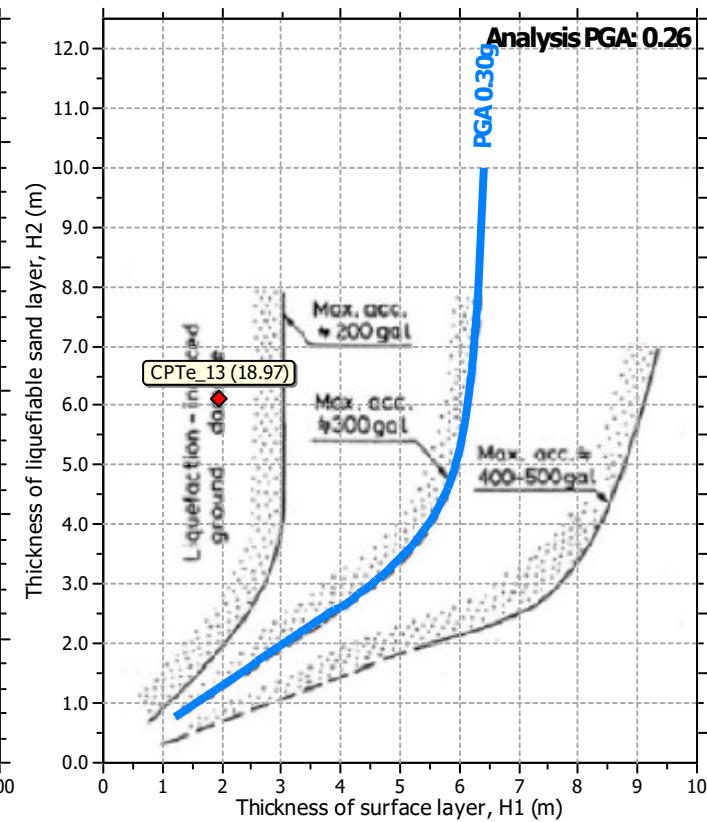
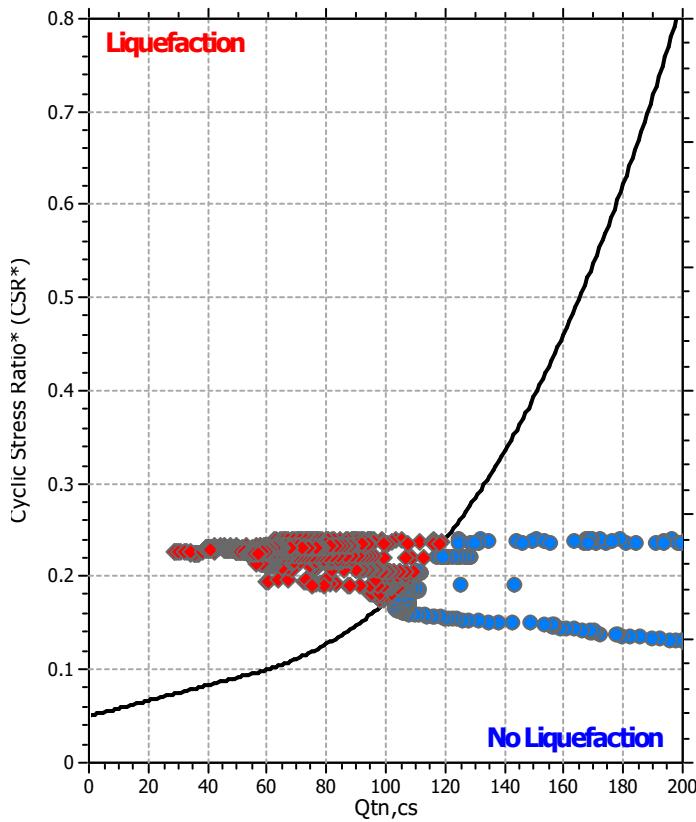
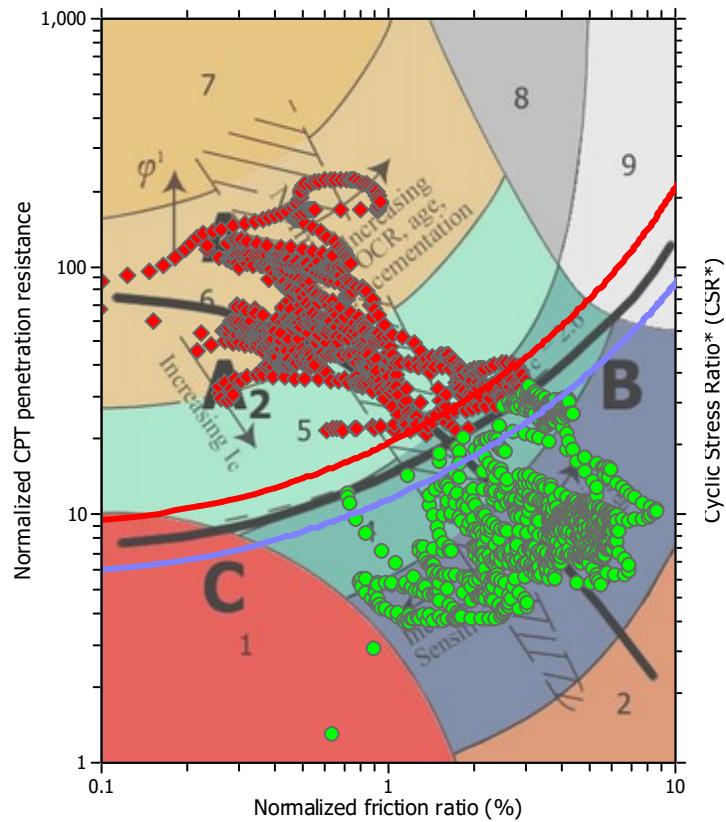
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

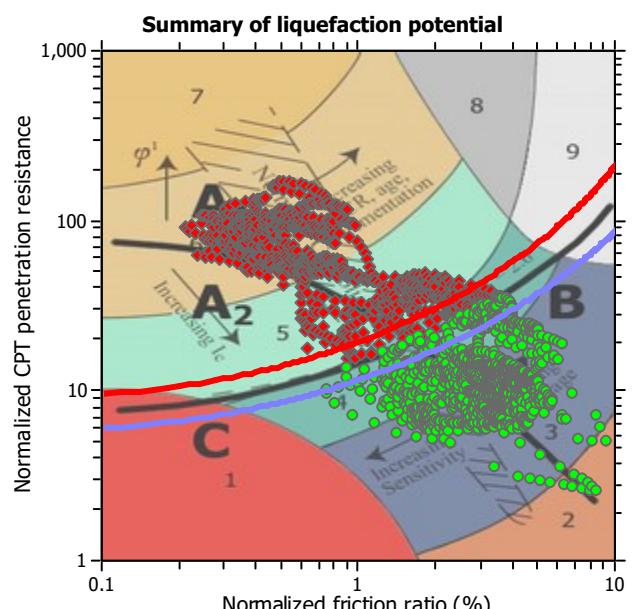
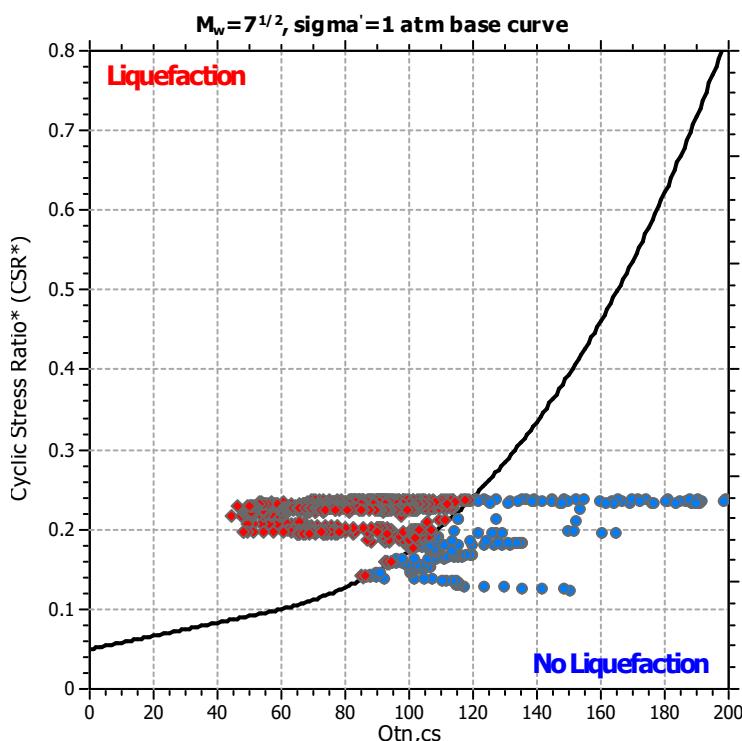
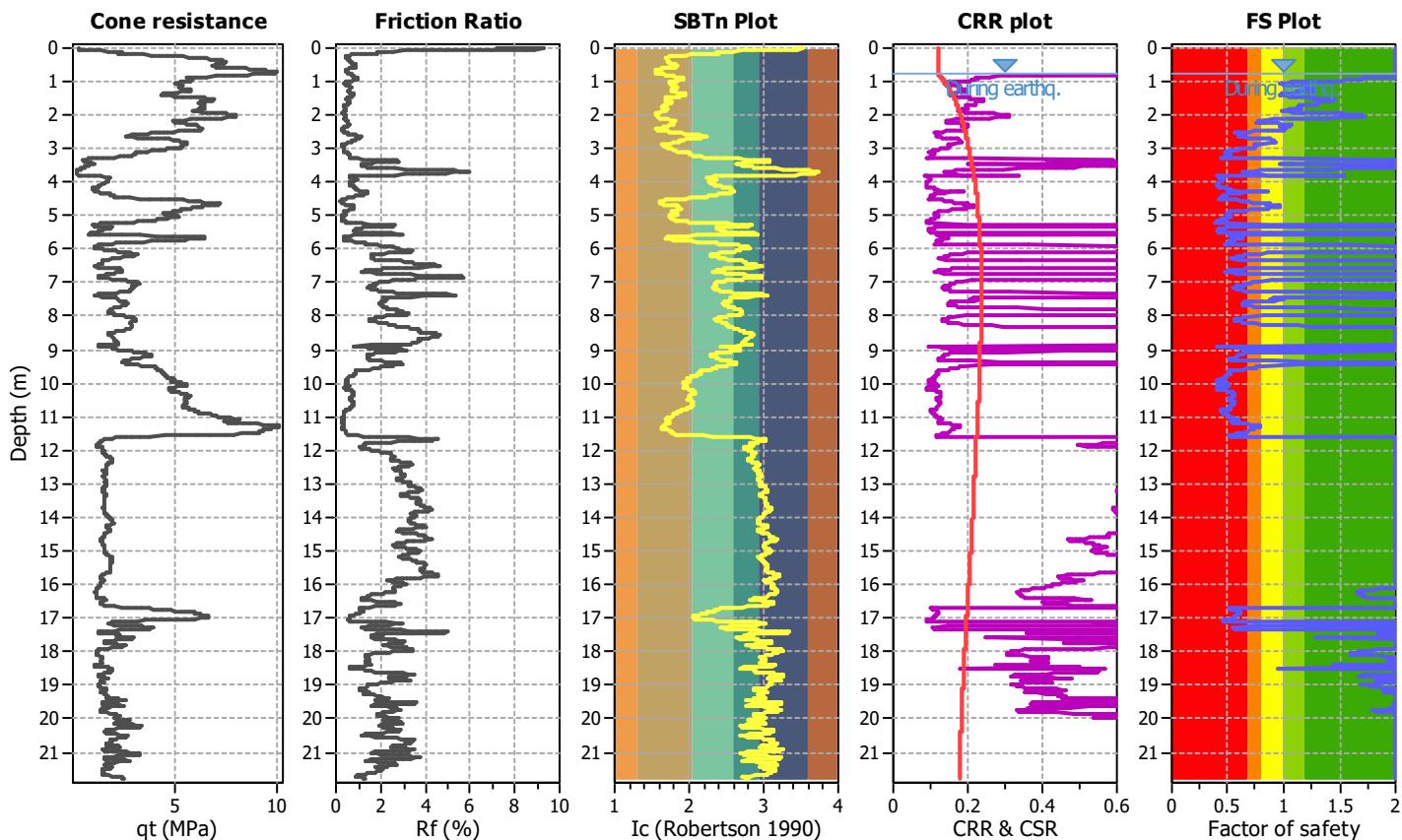


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.90 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

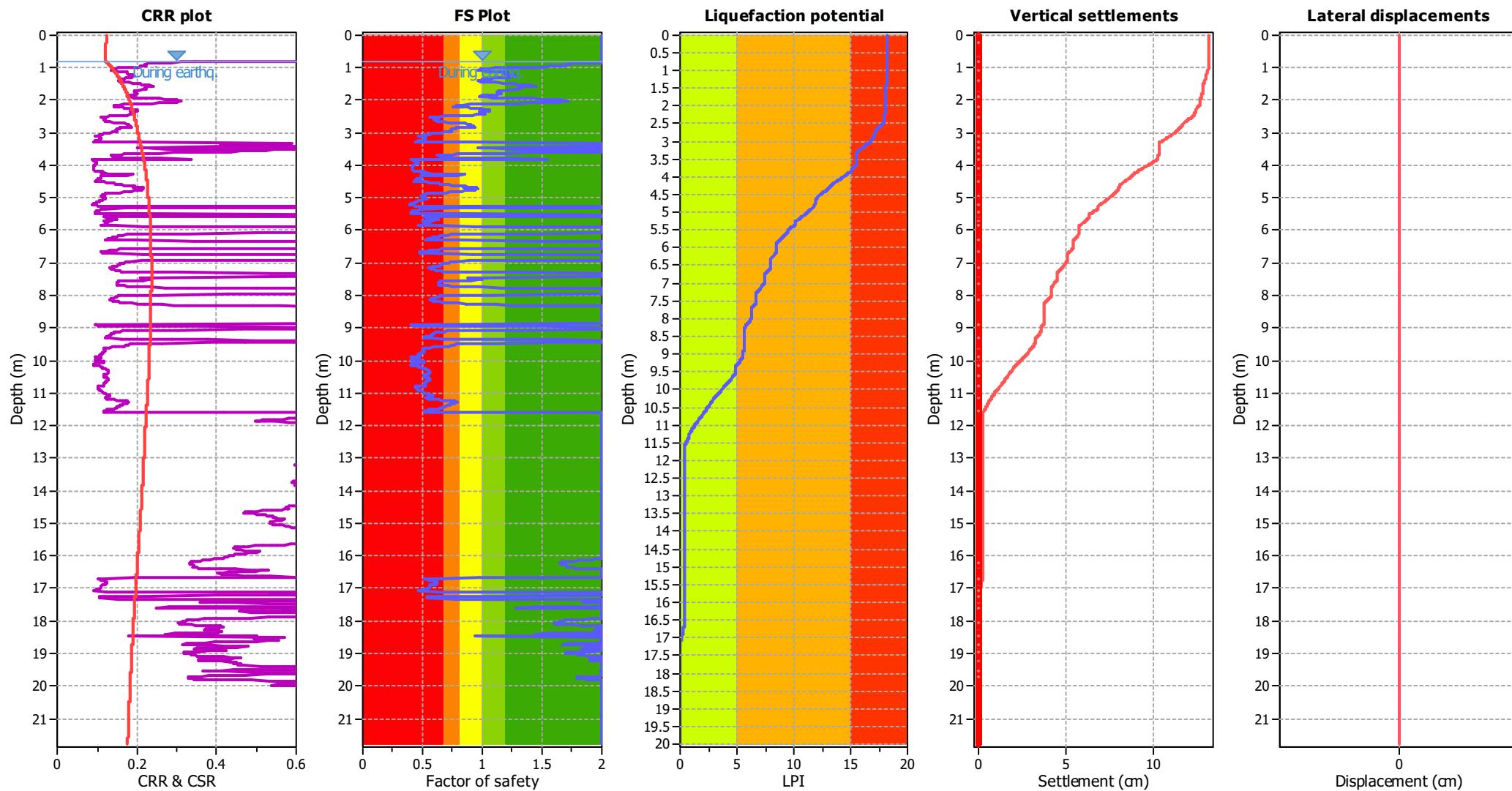
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1280
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

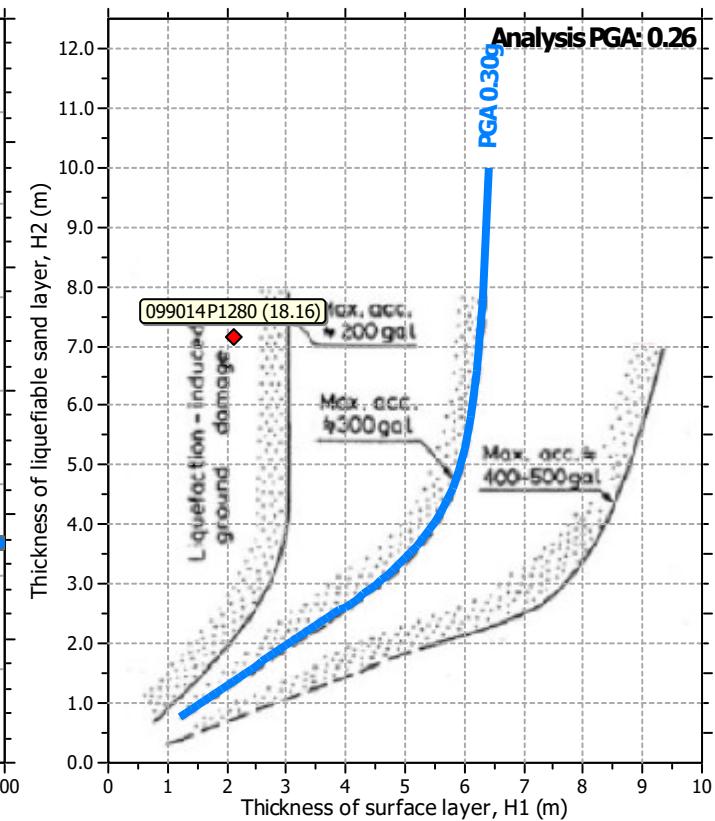
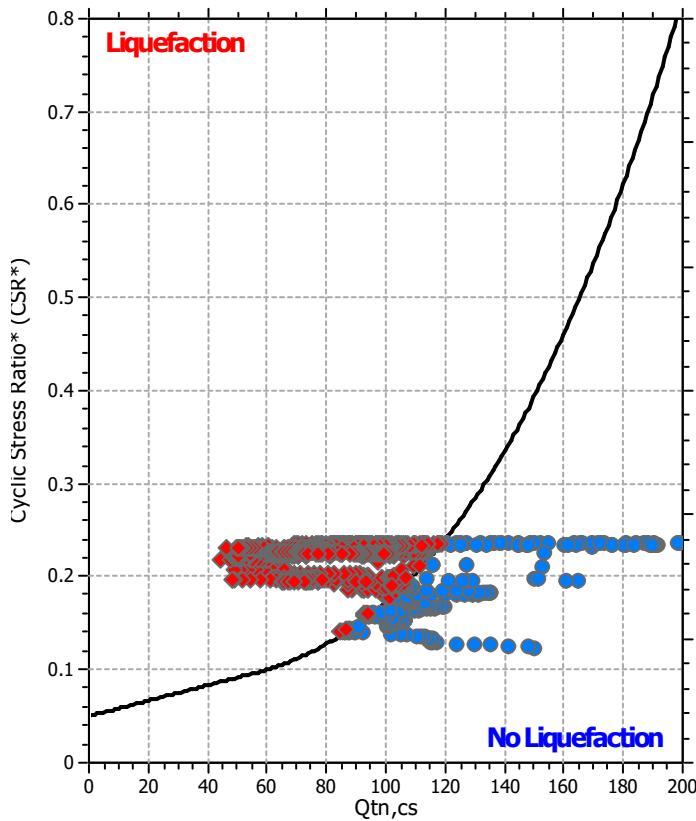
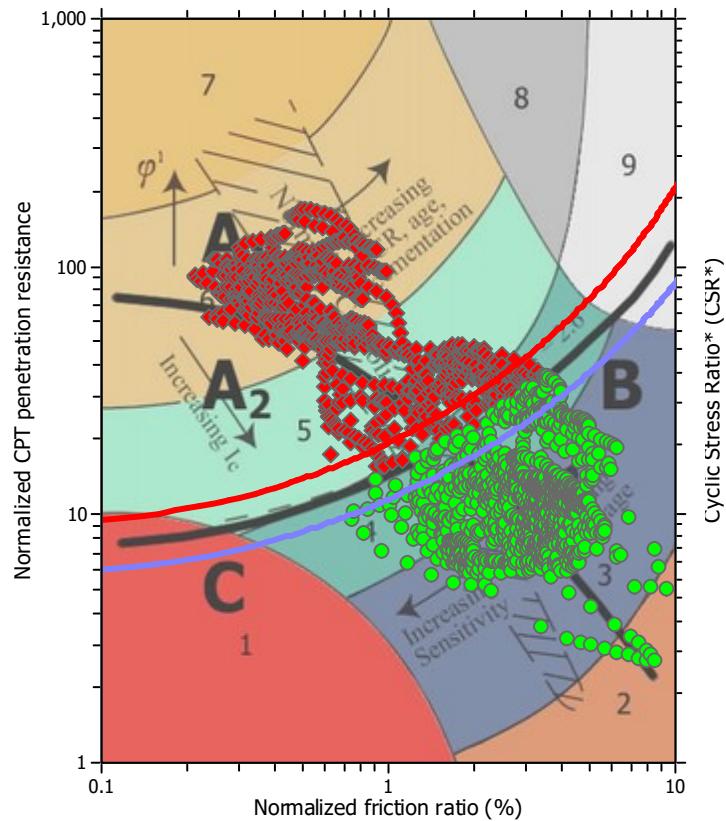
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

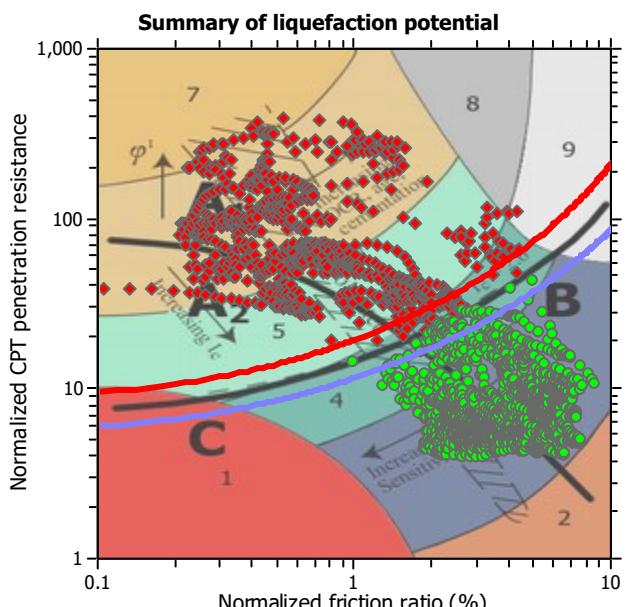
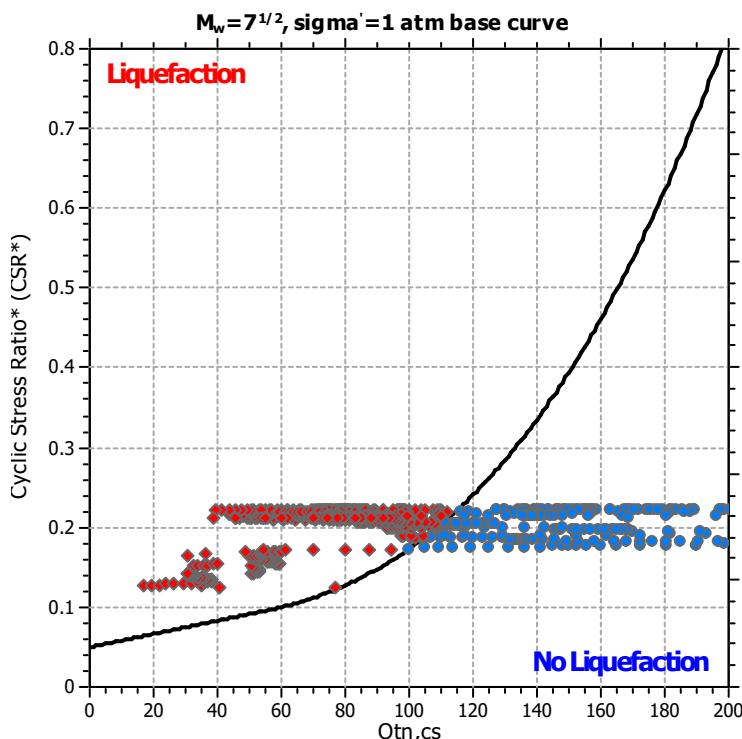
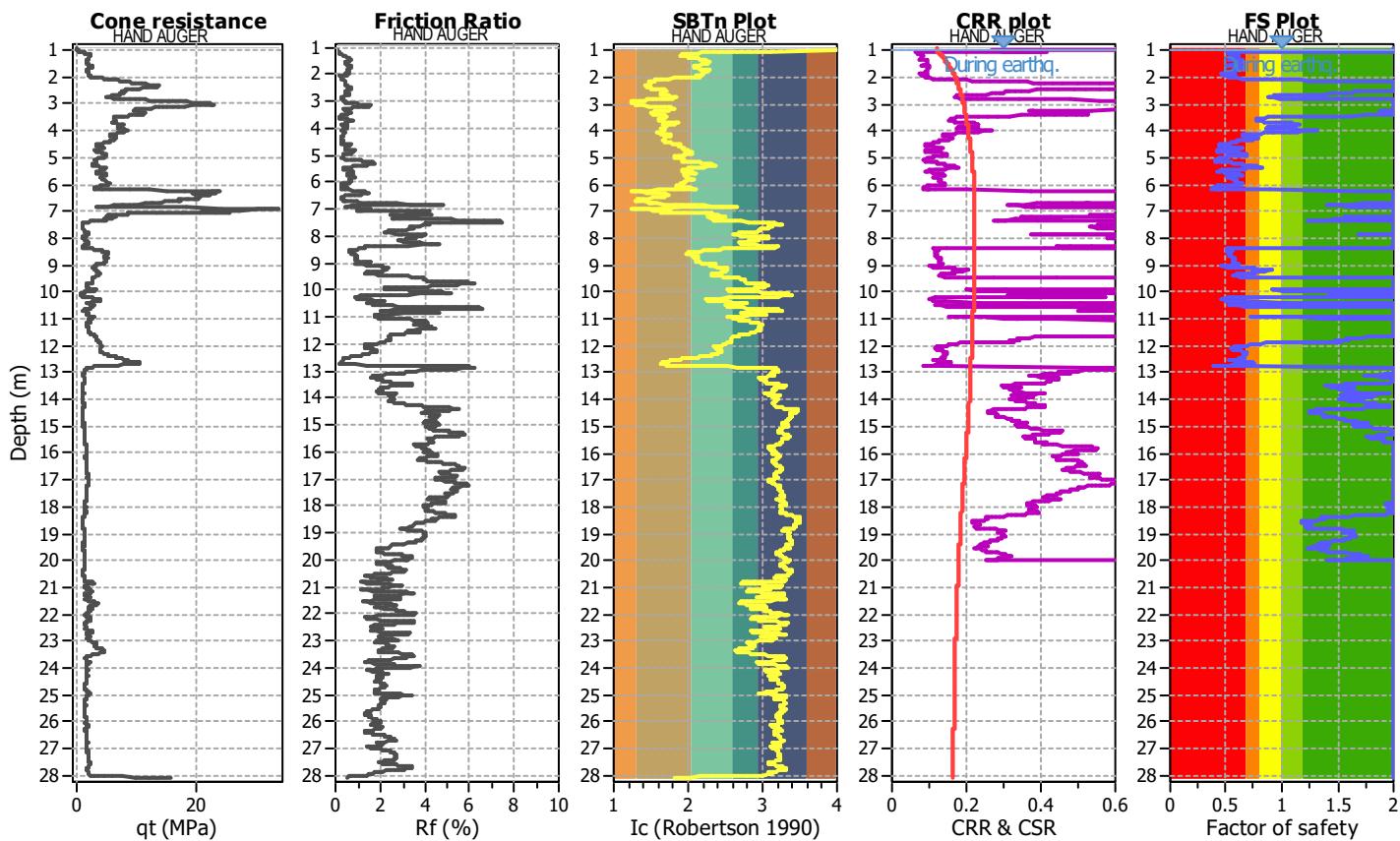
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : SCpte_1

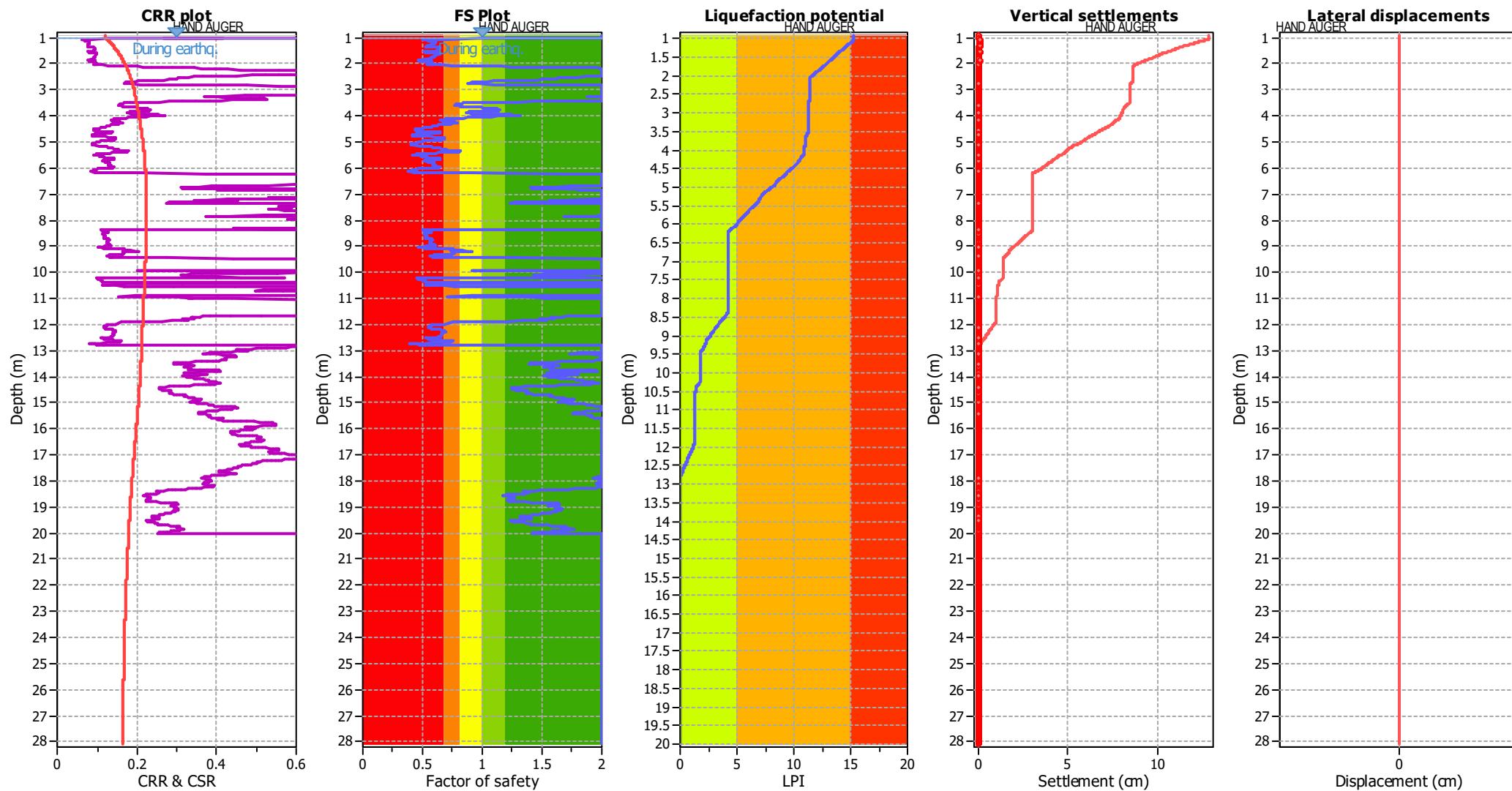
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

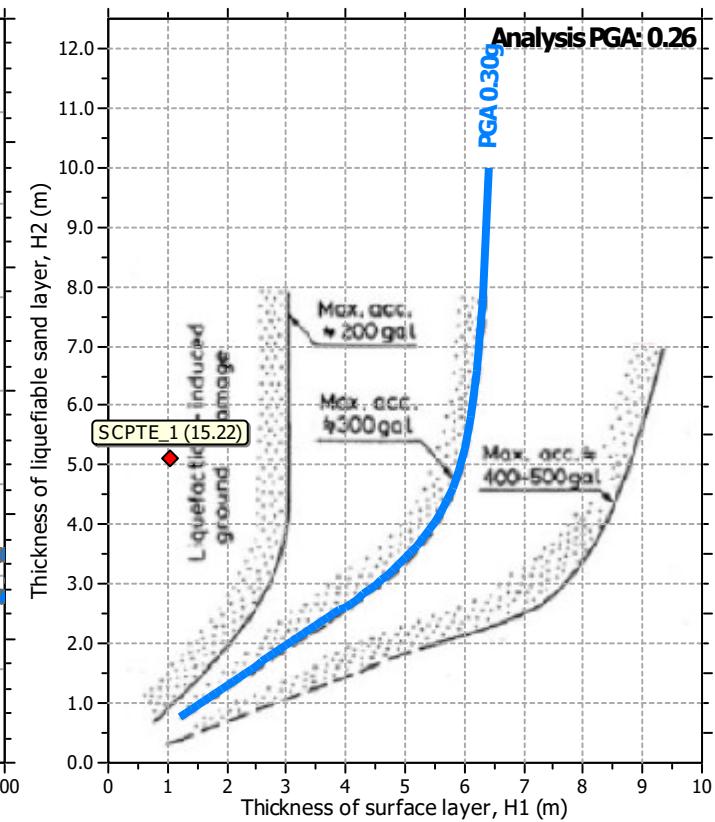
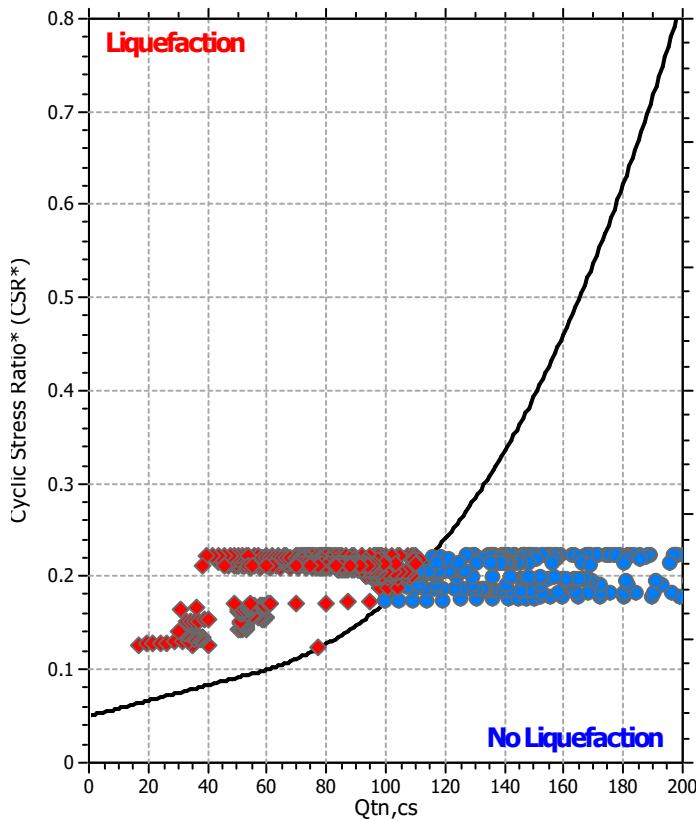
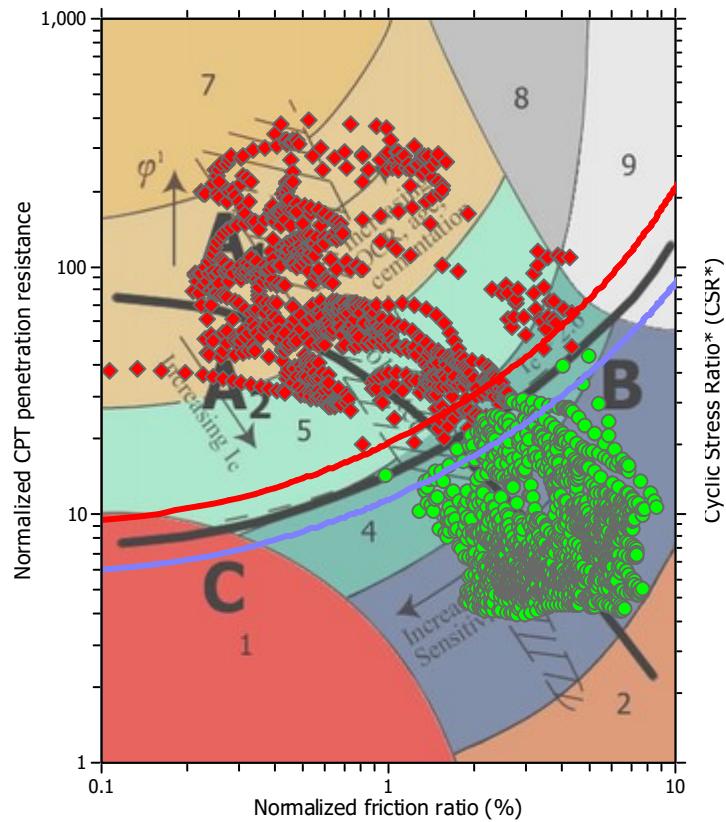
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

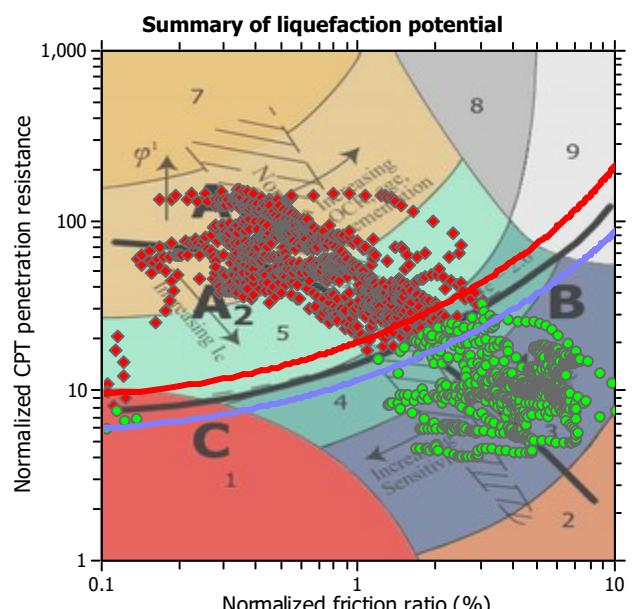
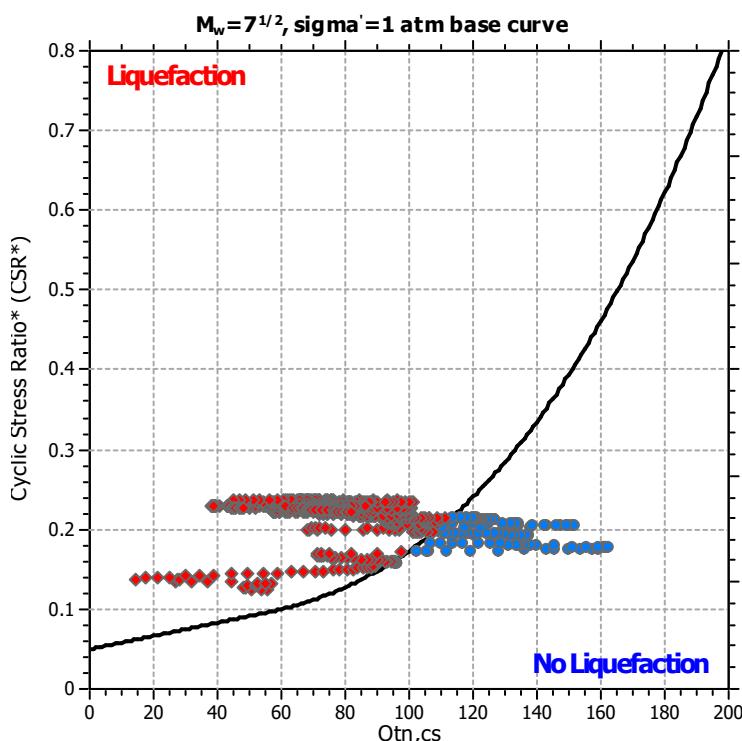
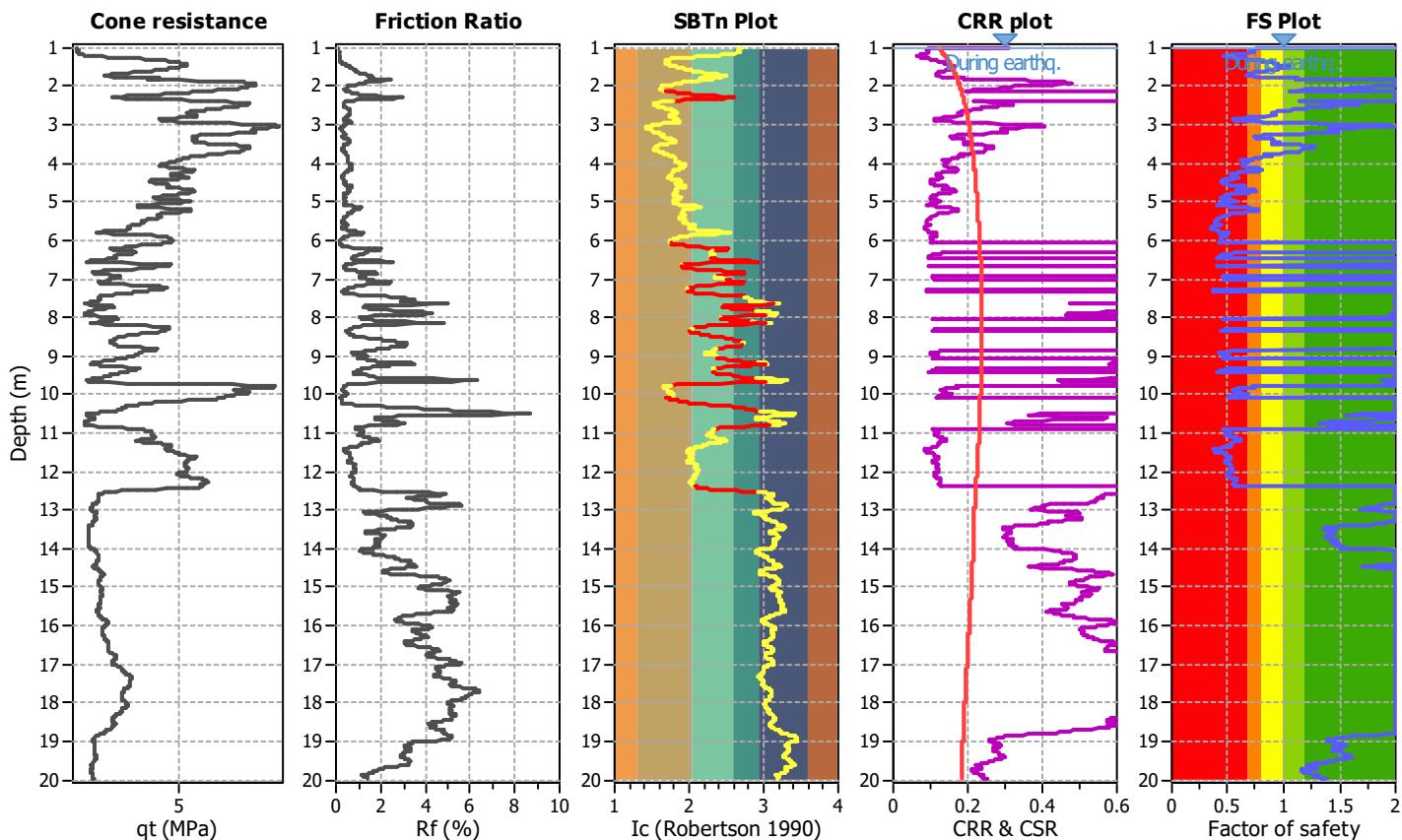


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

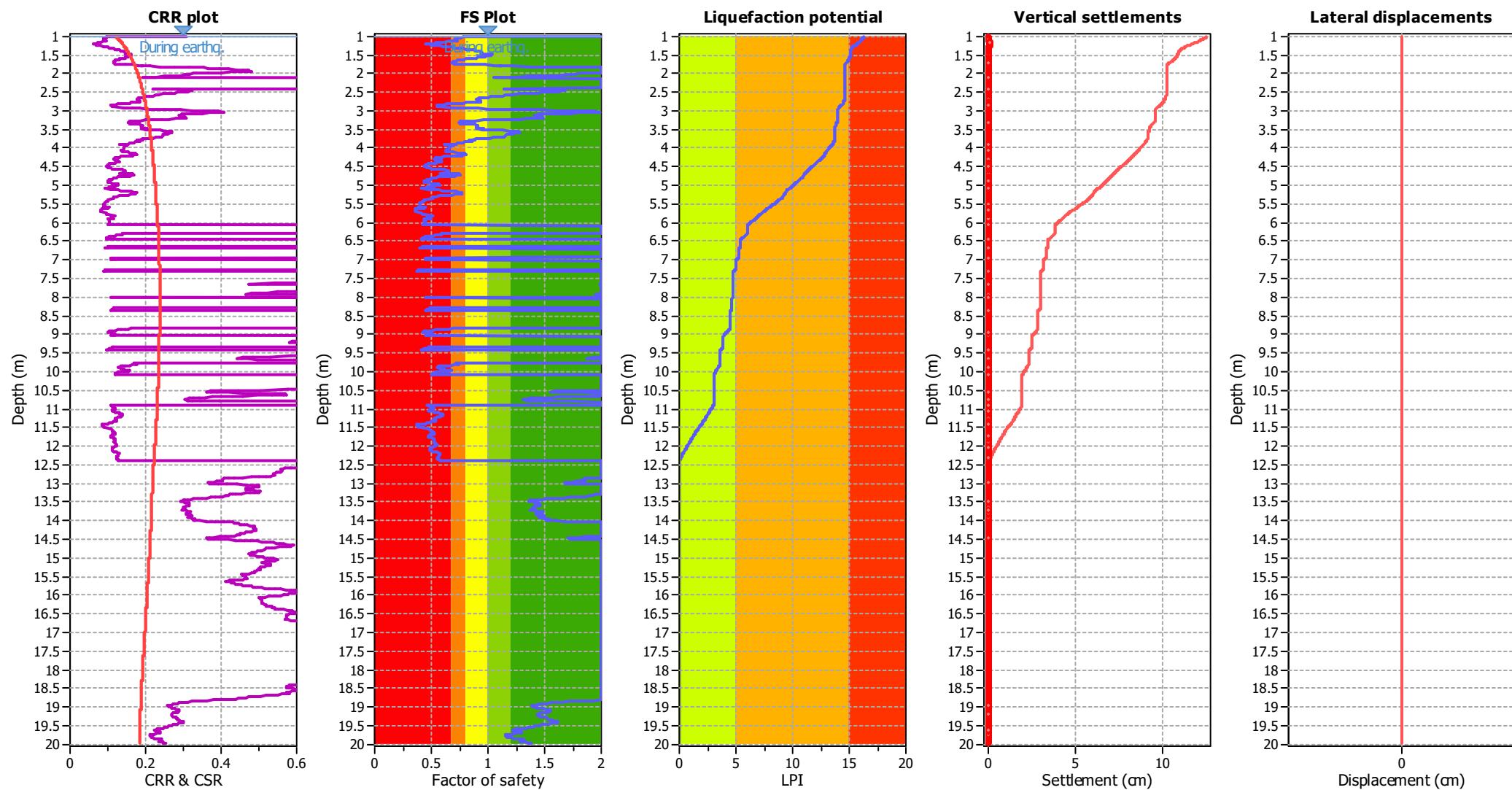
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTE_21
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

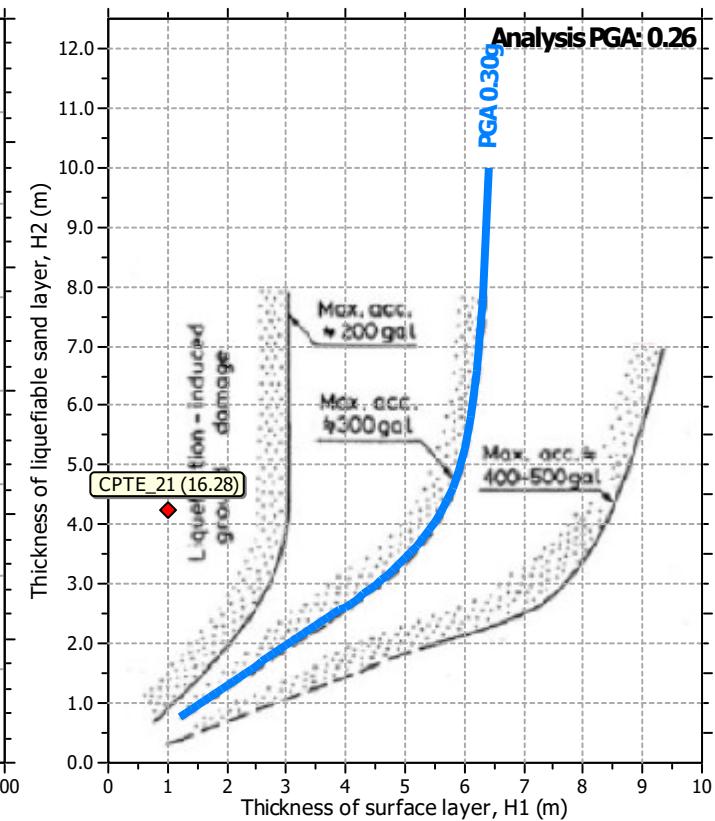
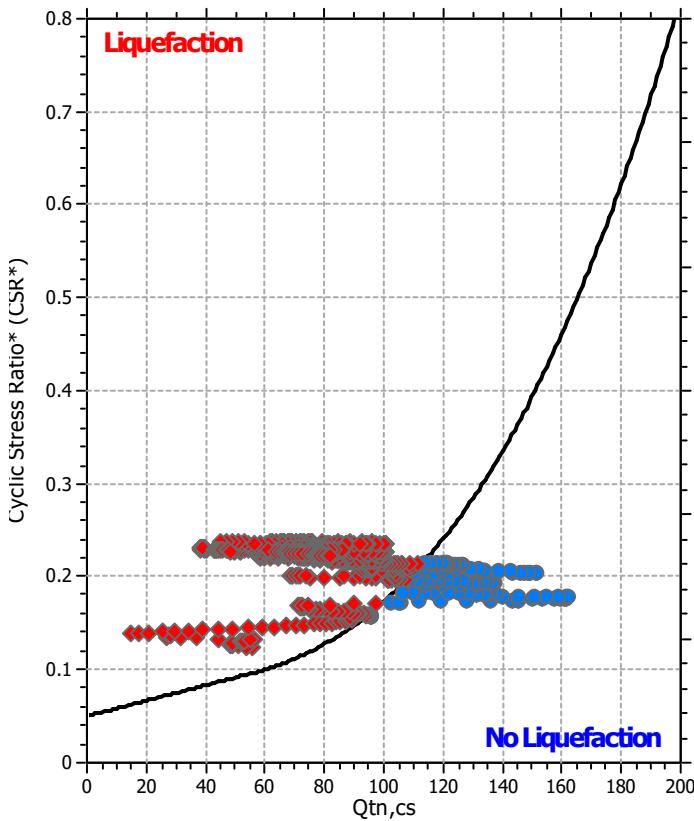
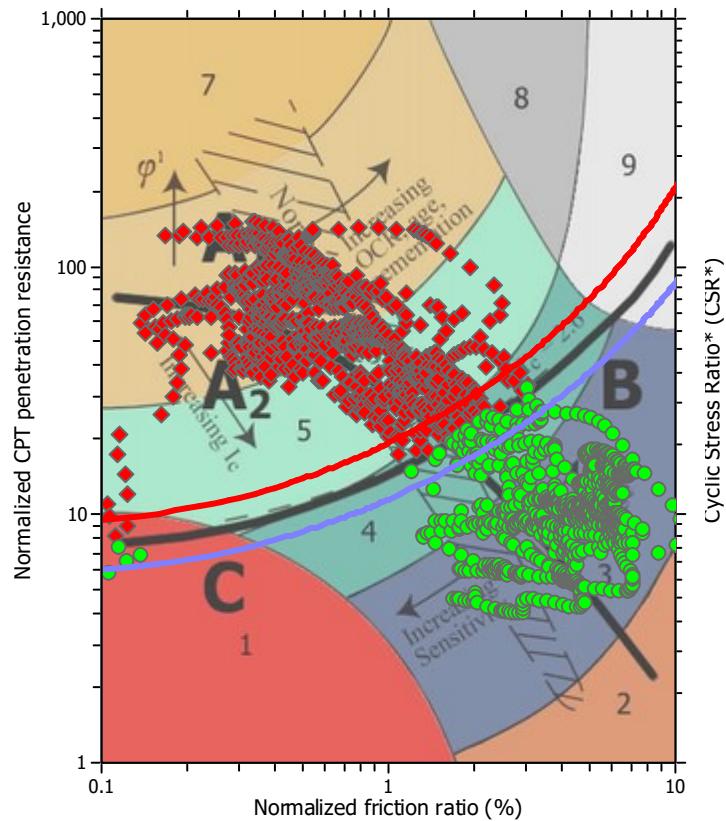
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

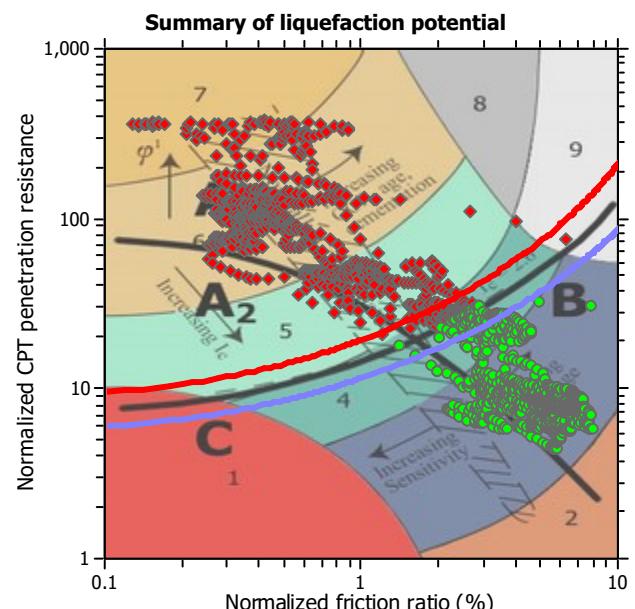
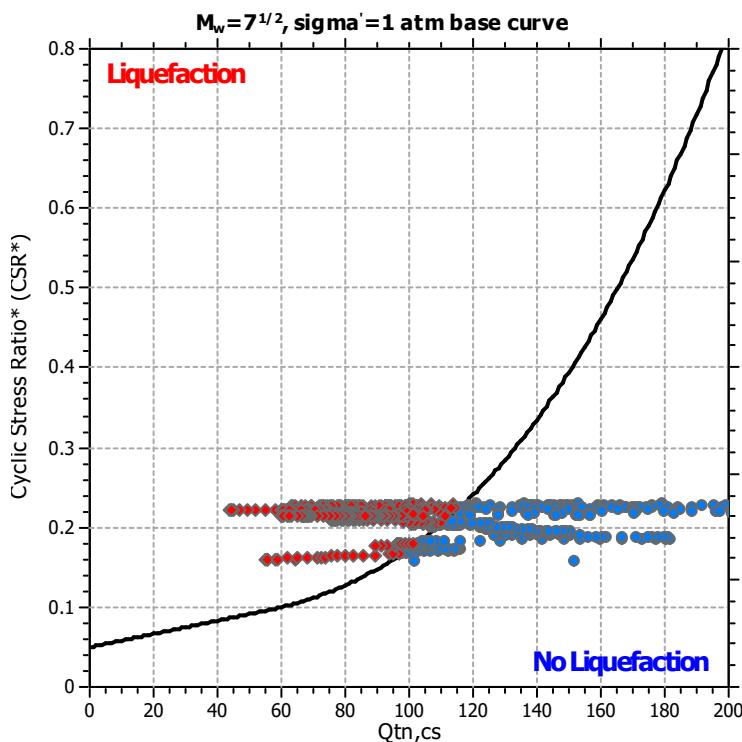
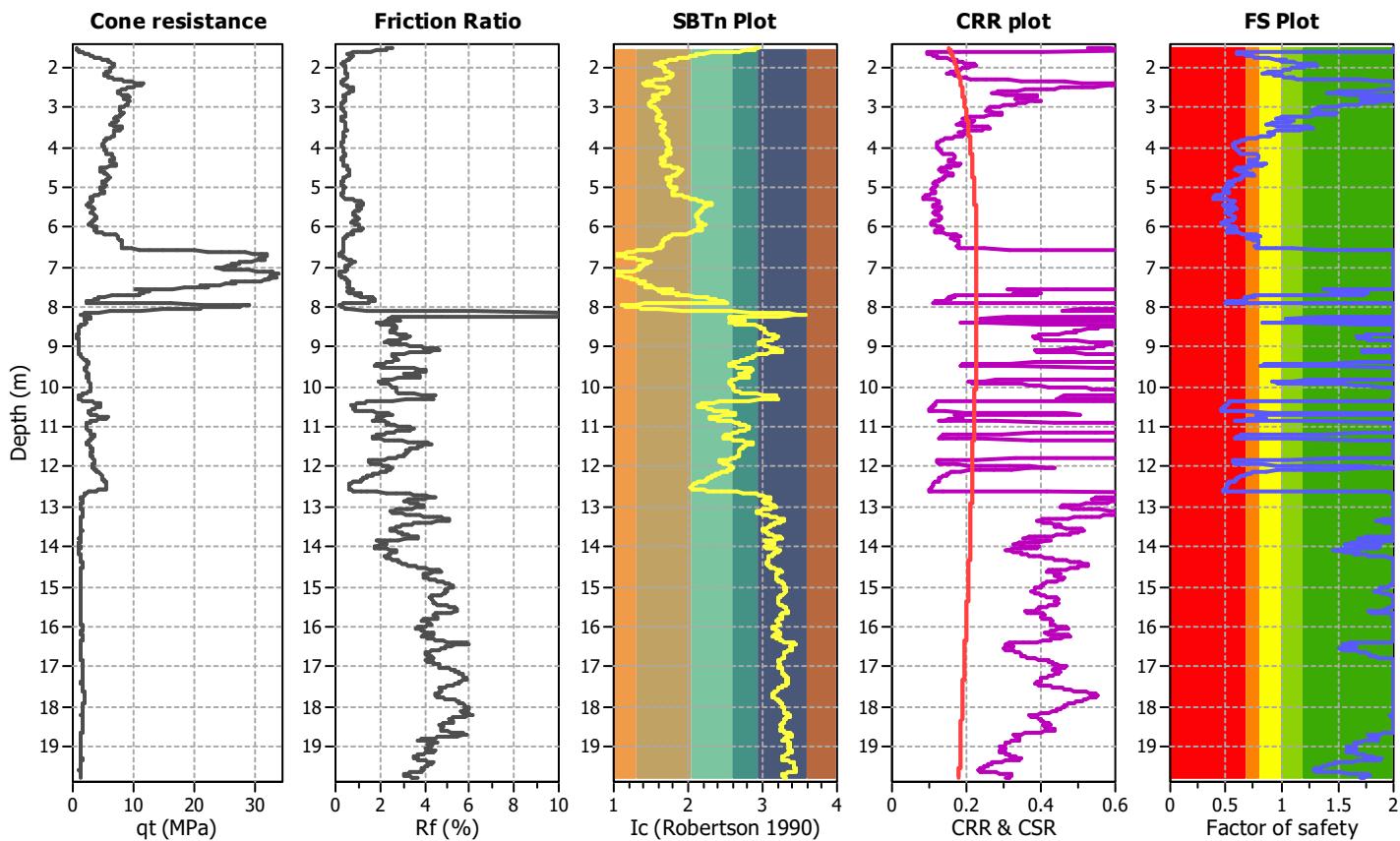
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTE_22

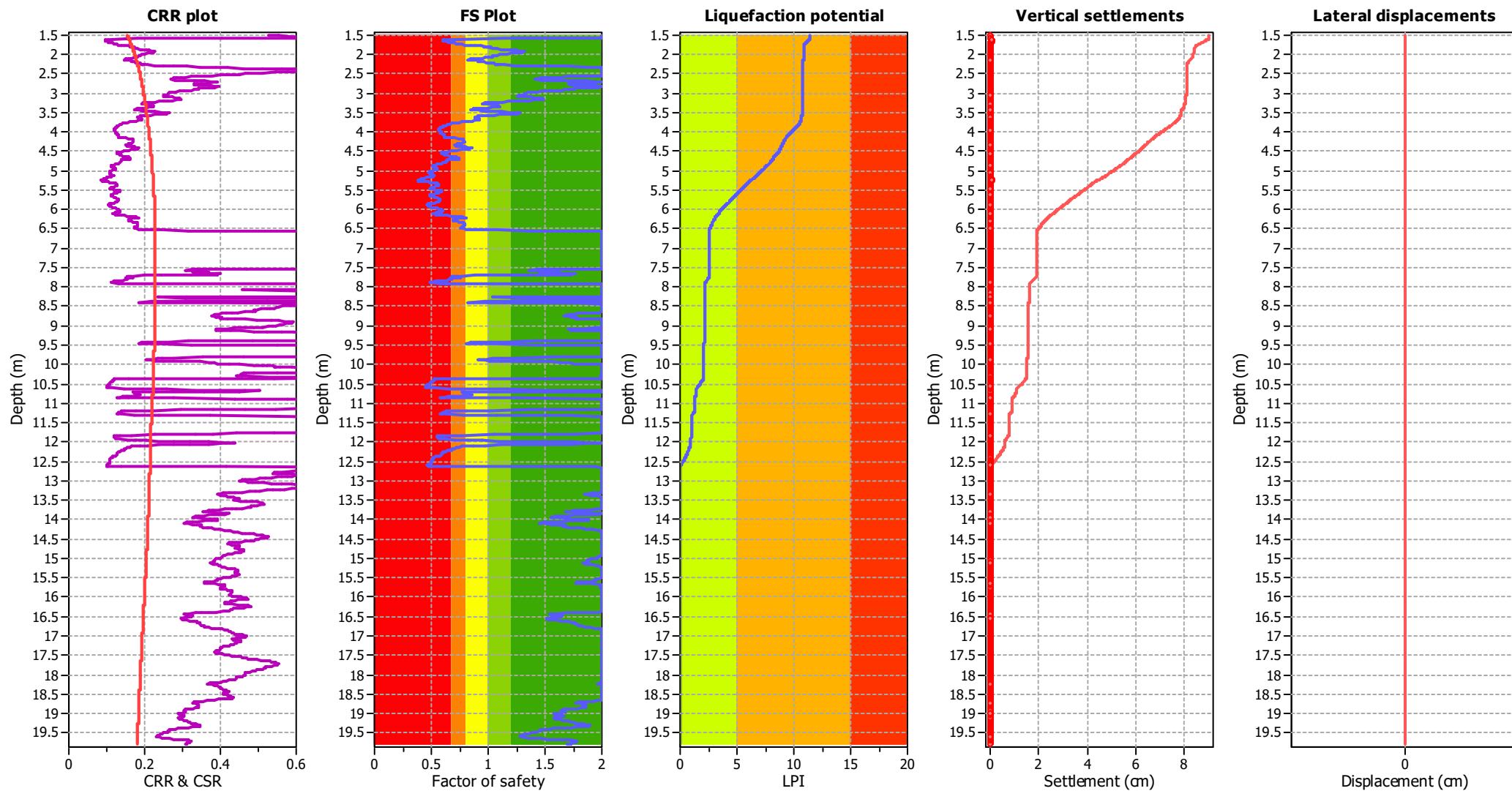
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

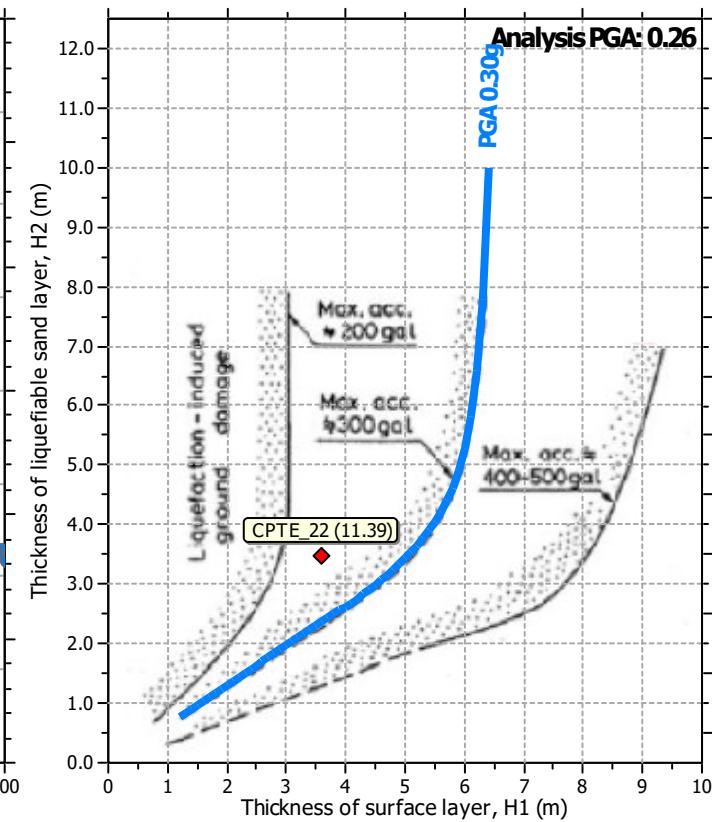
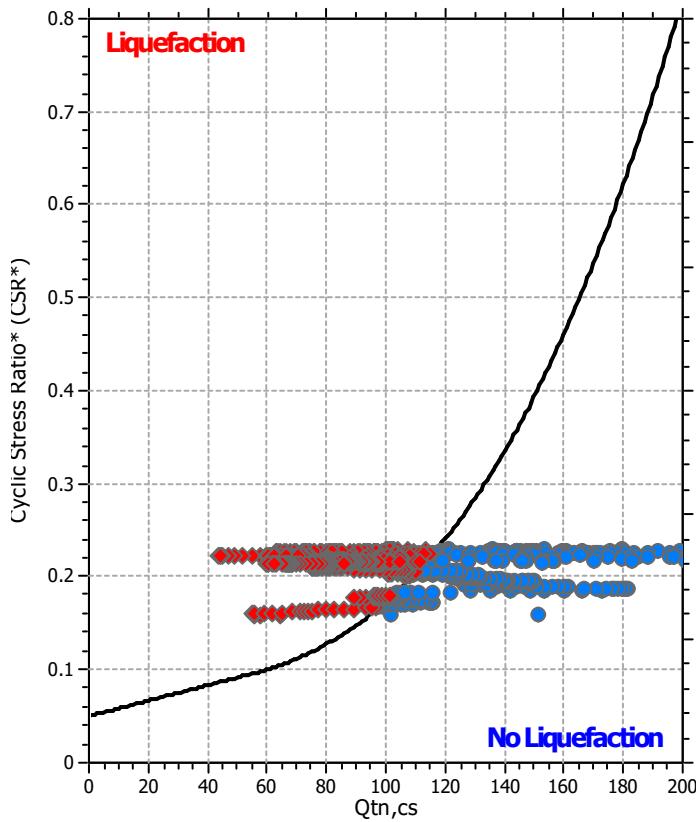
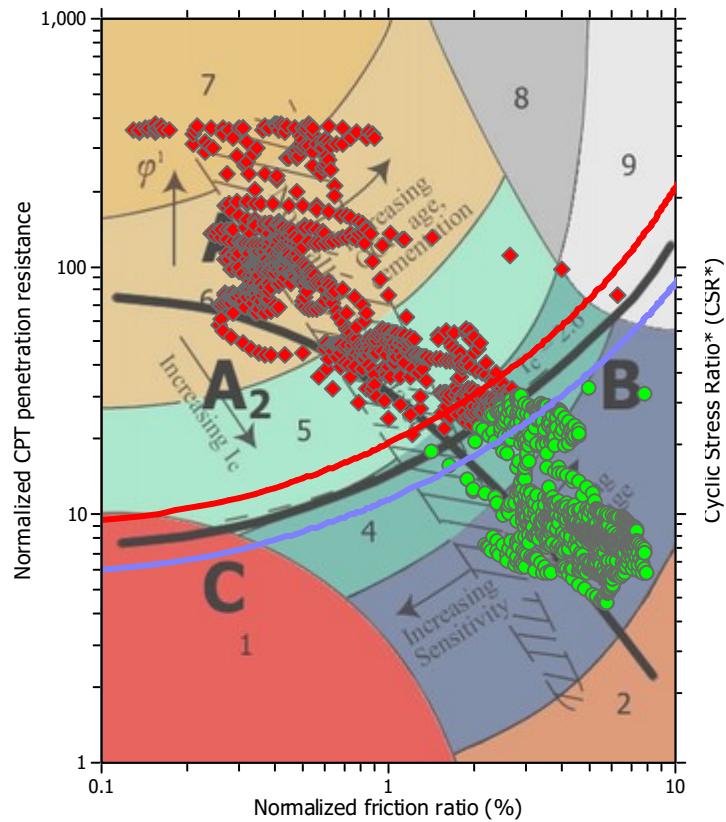
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

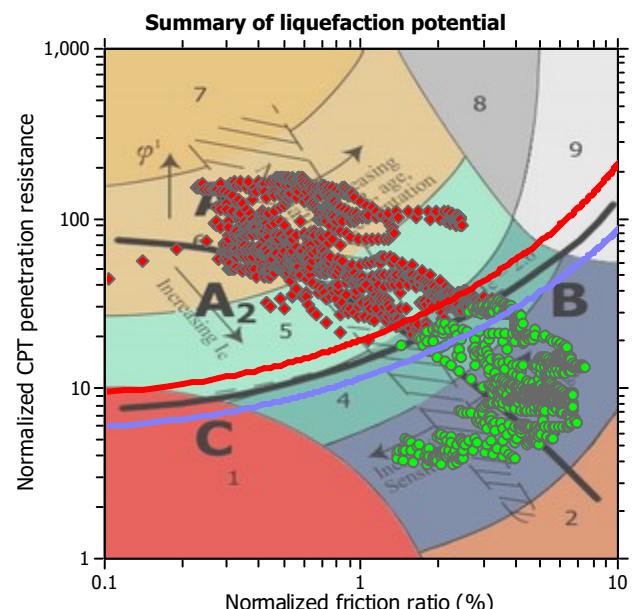
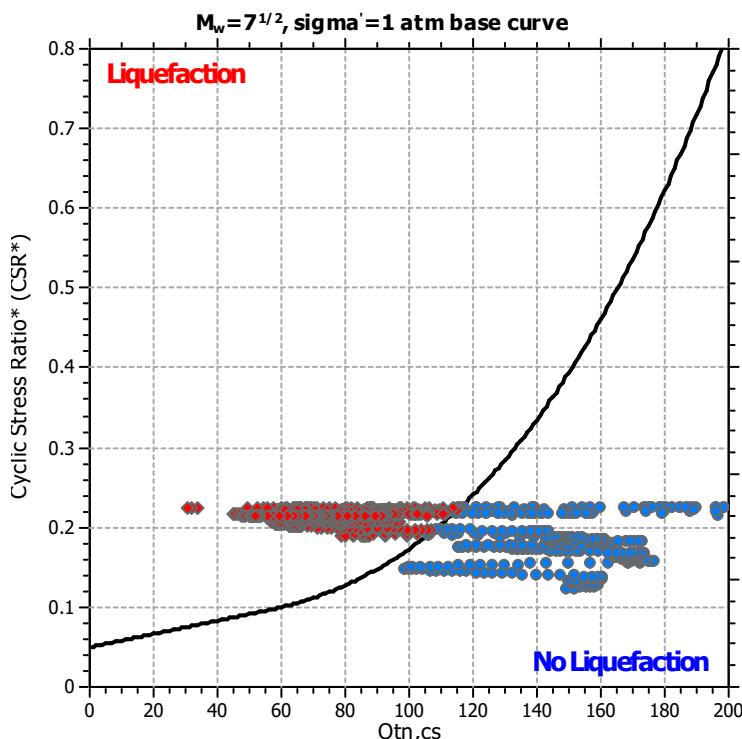
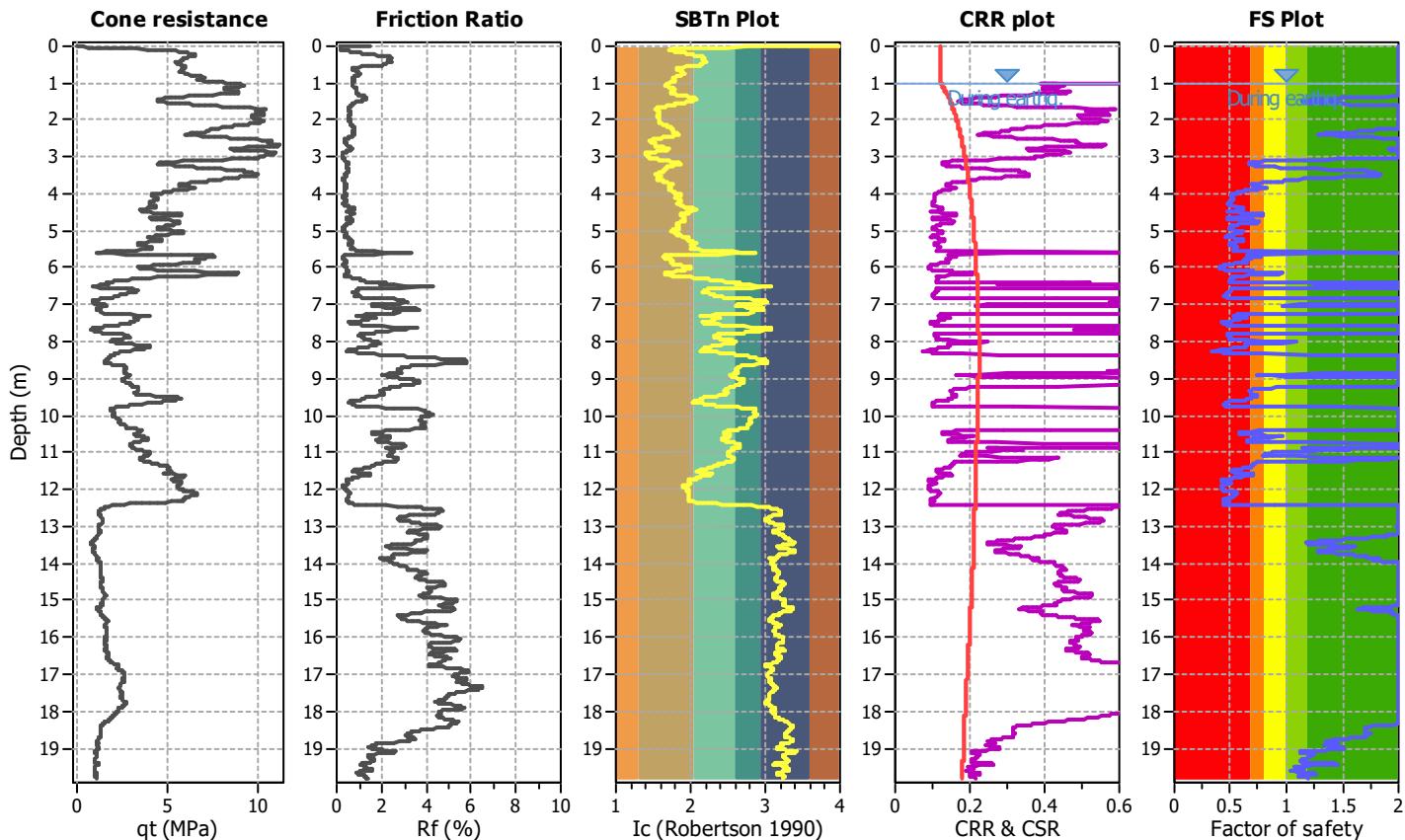
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTE_23

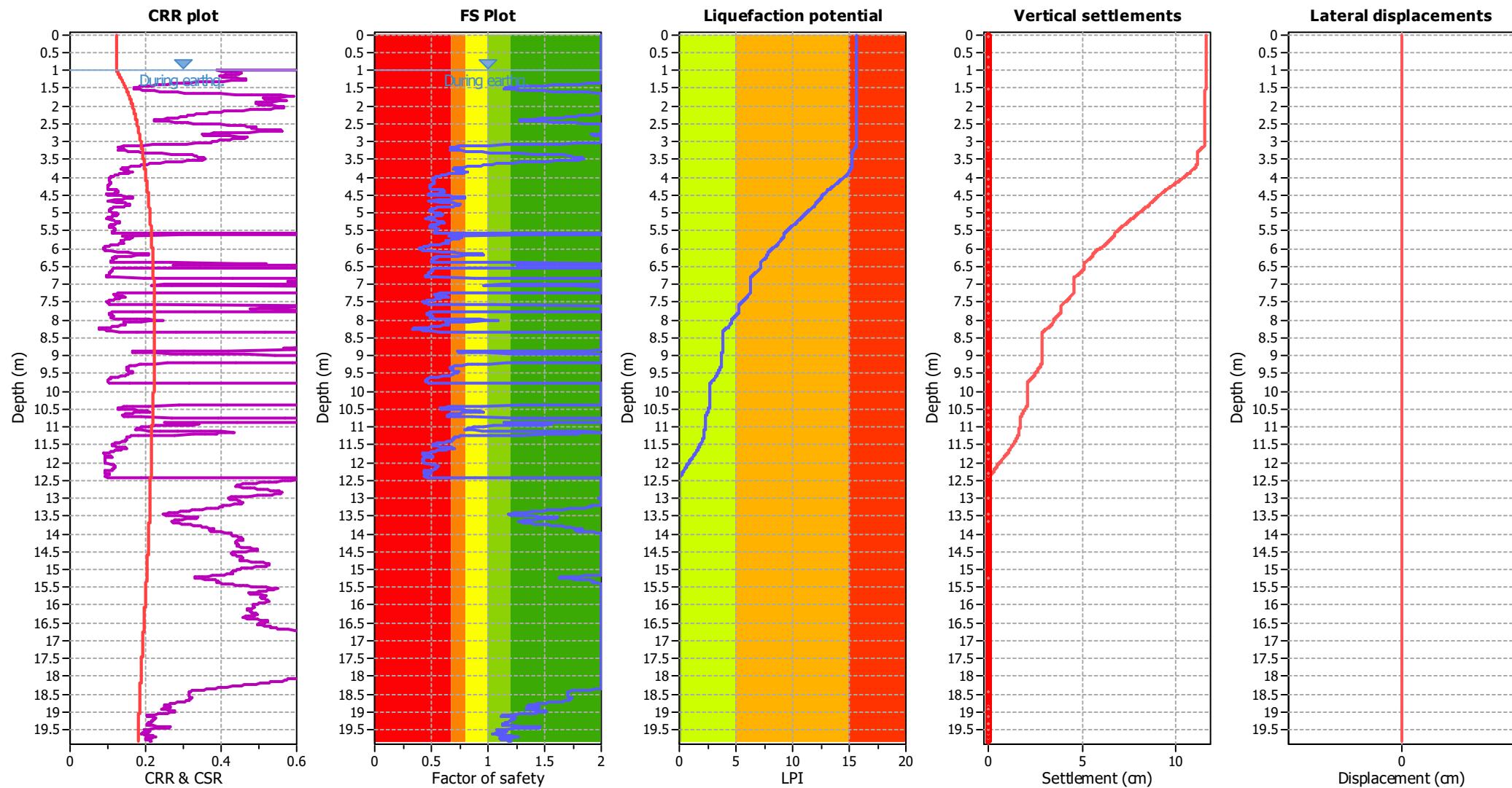
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

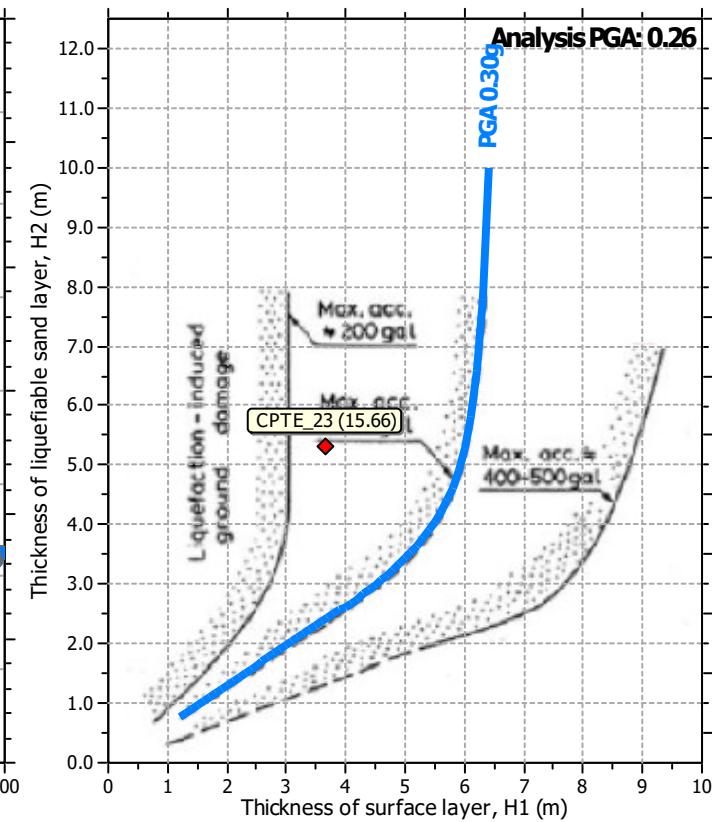
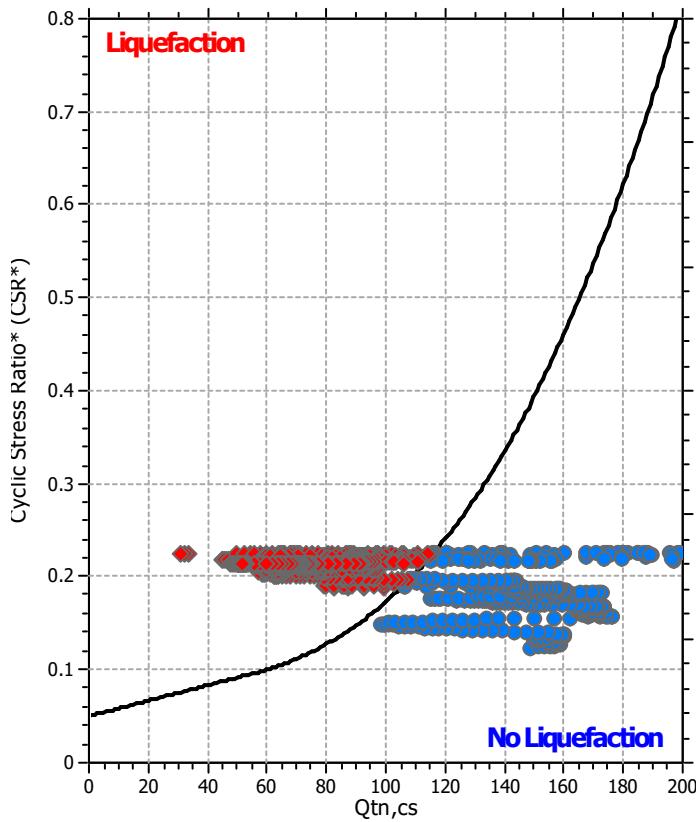
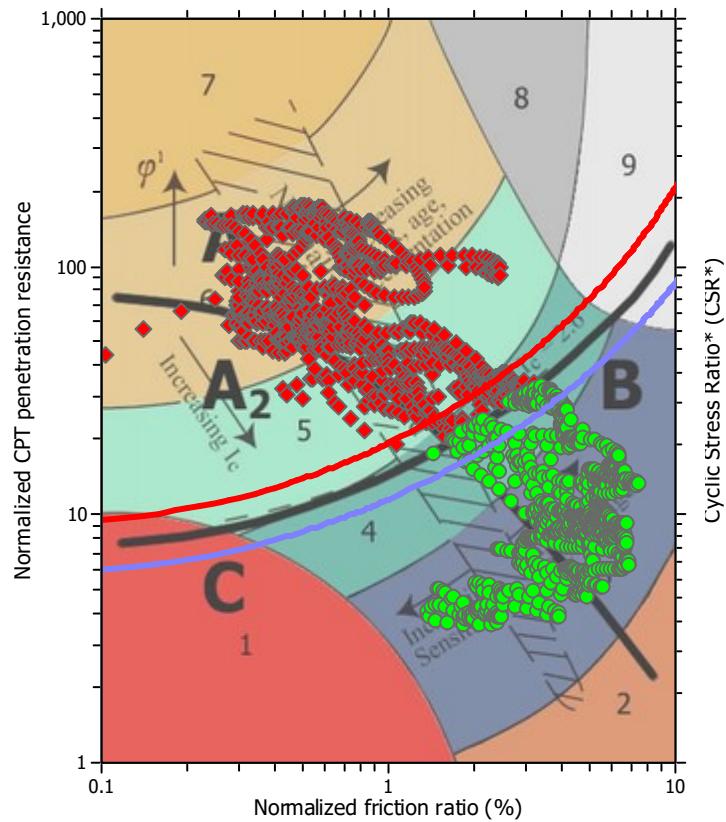
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

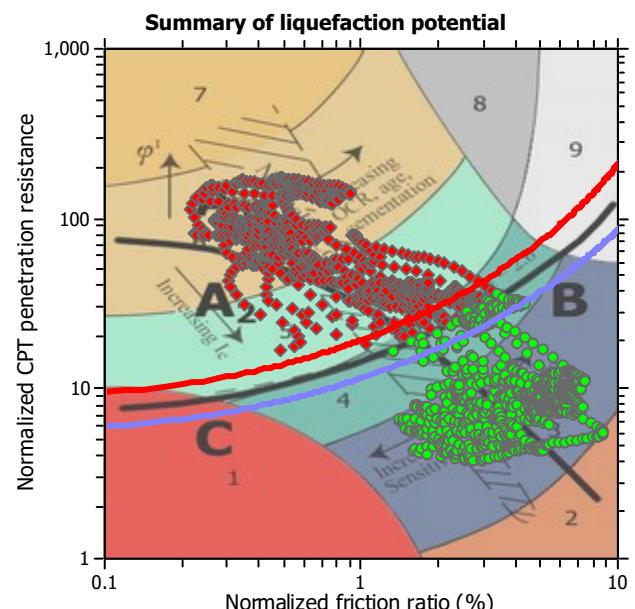
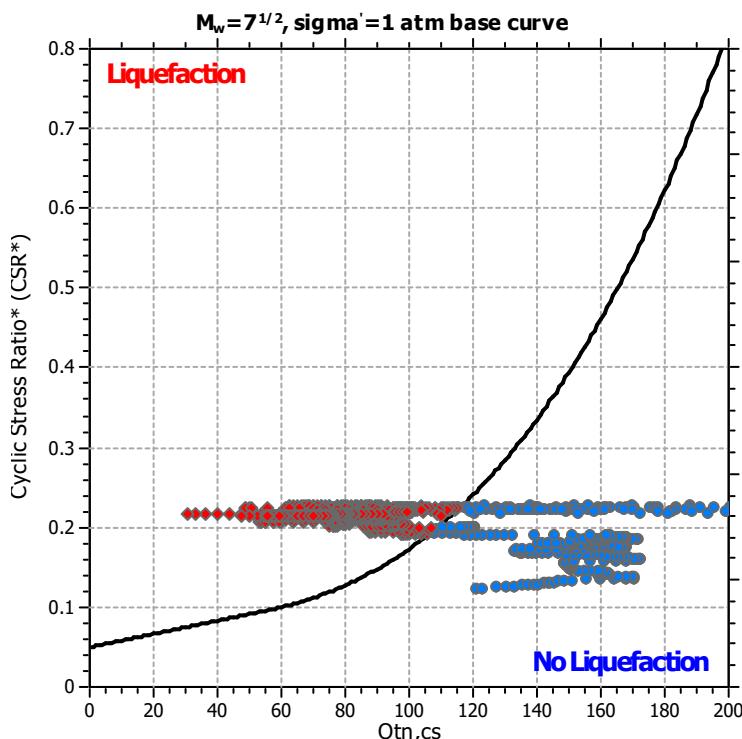
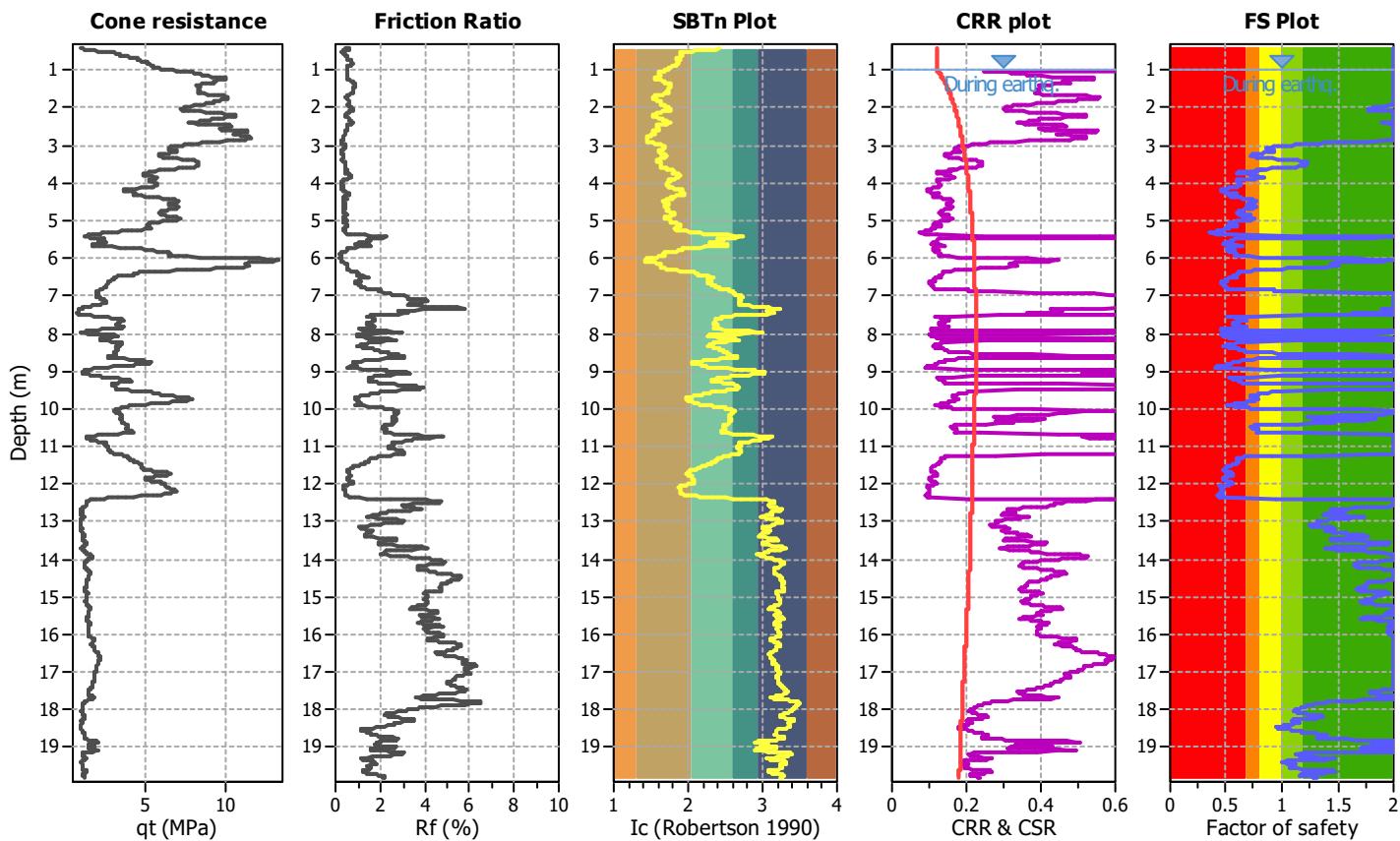
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTE_24

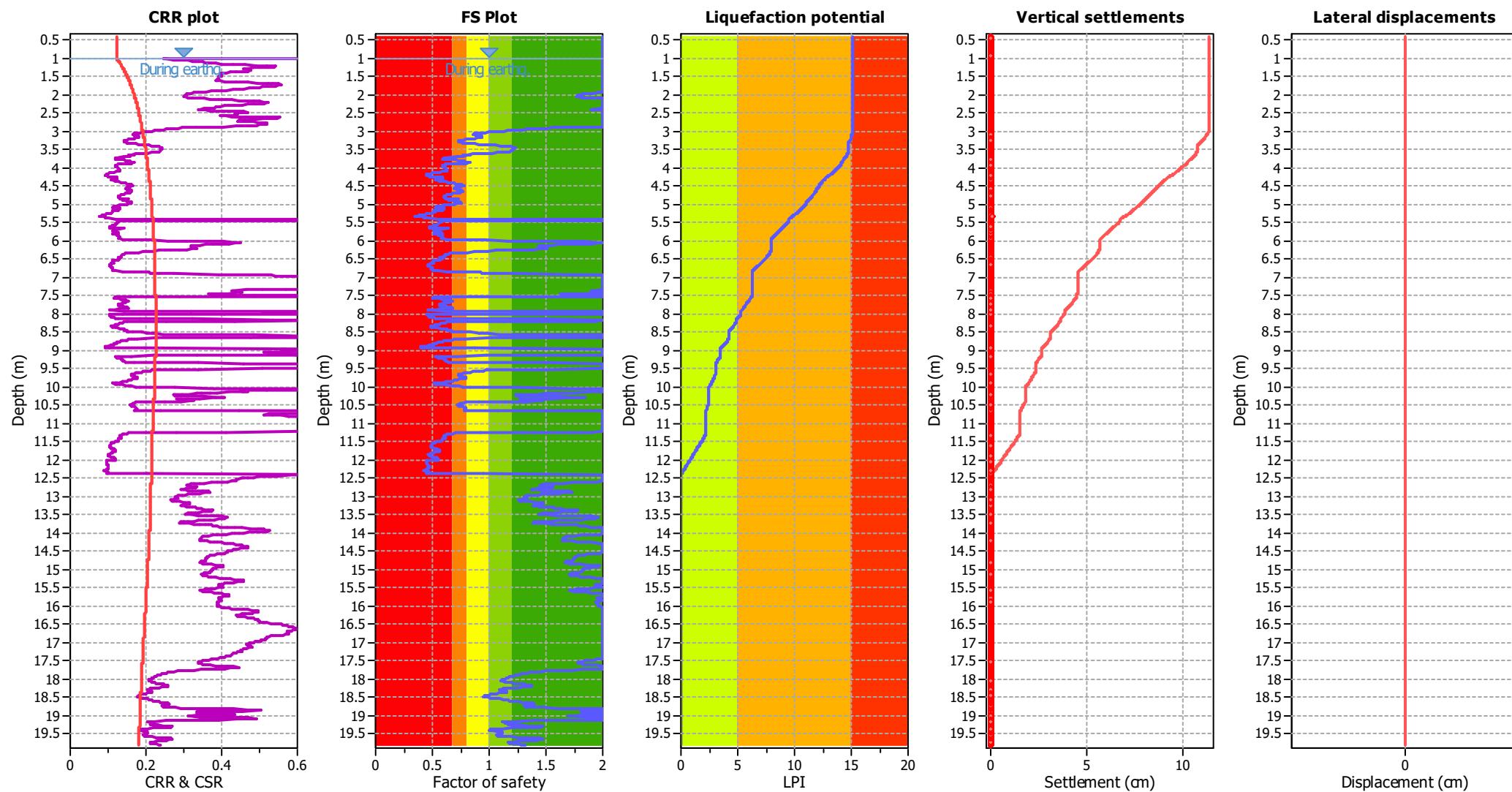
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

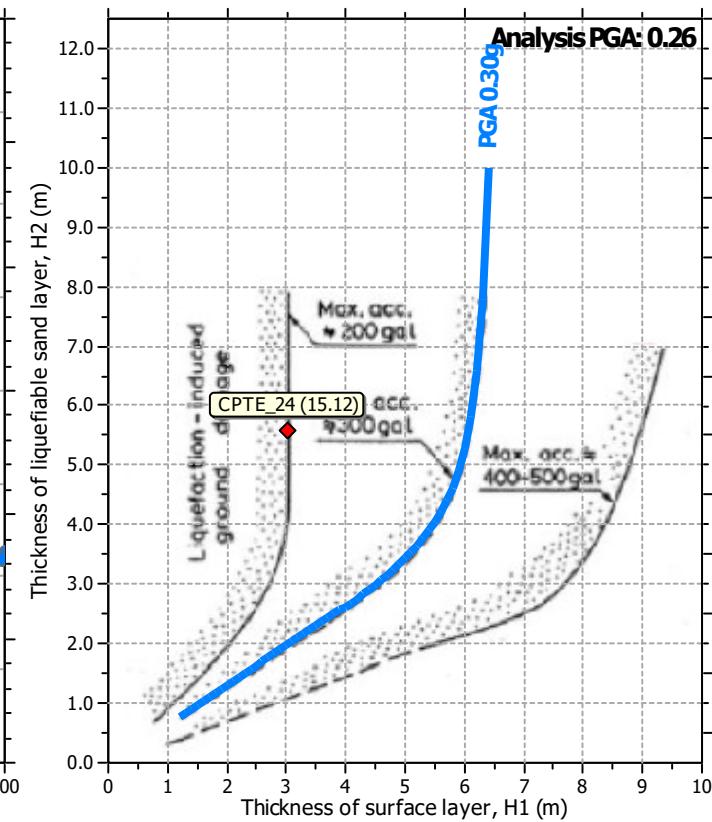
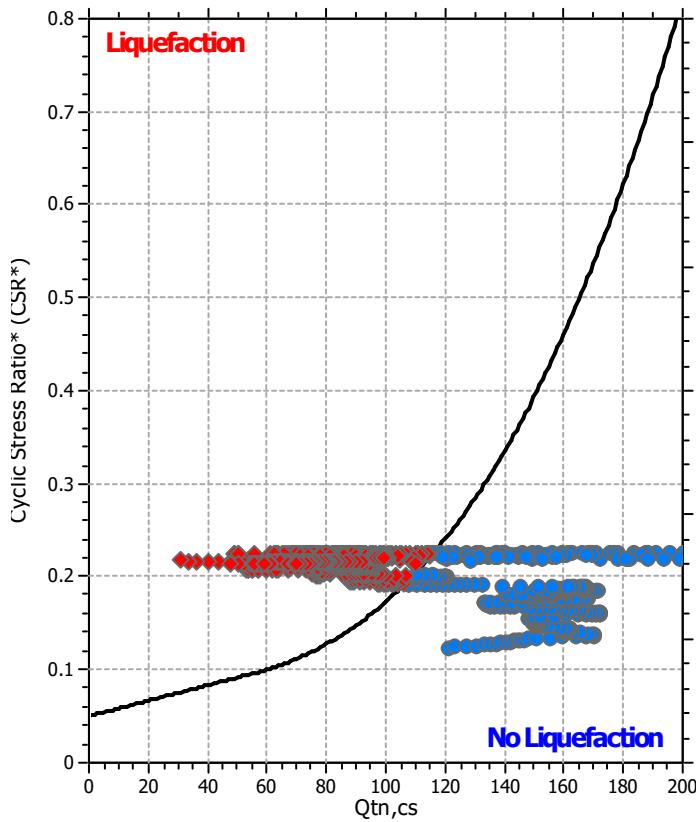
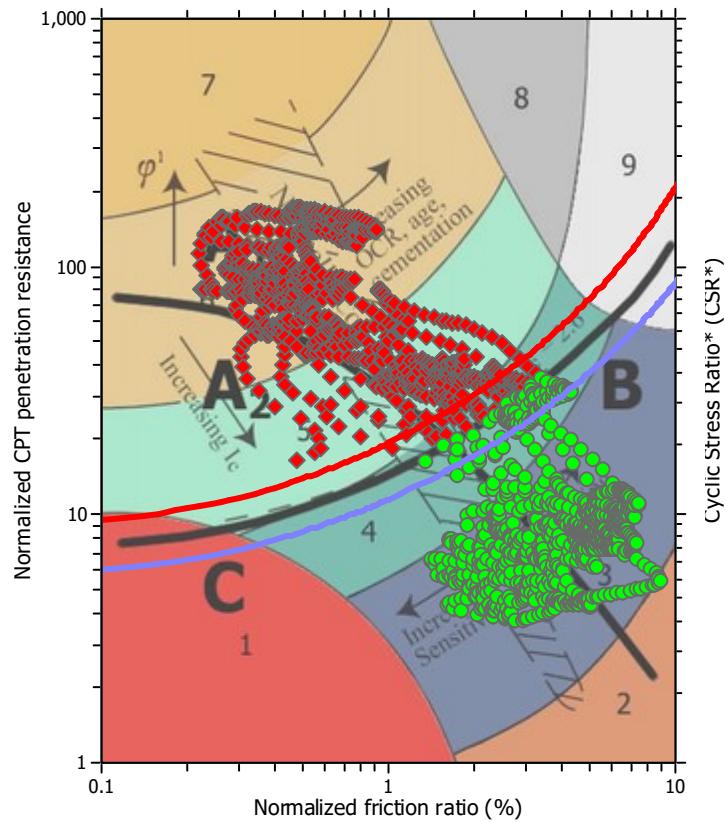
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

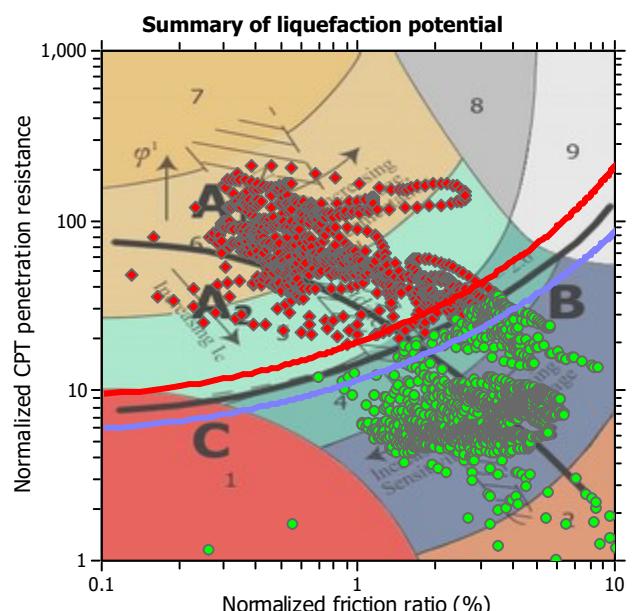
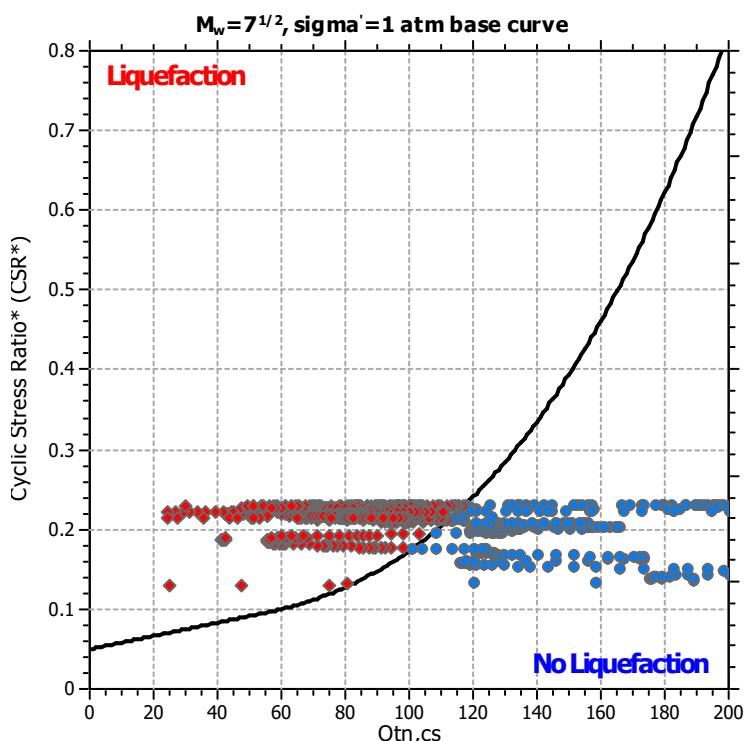
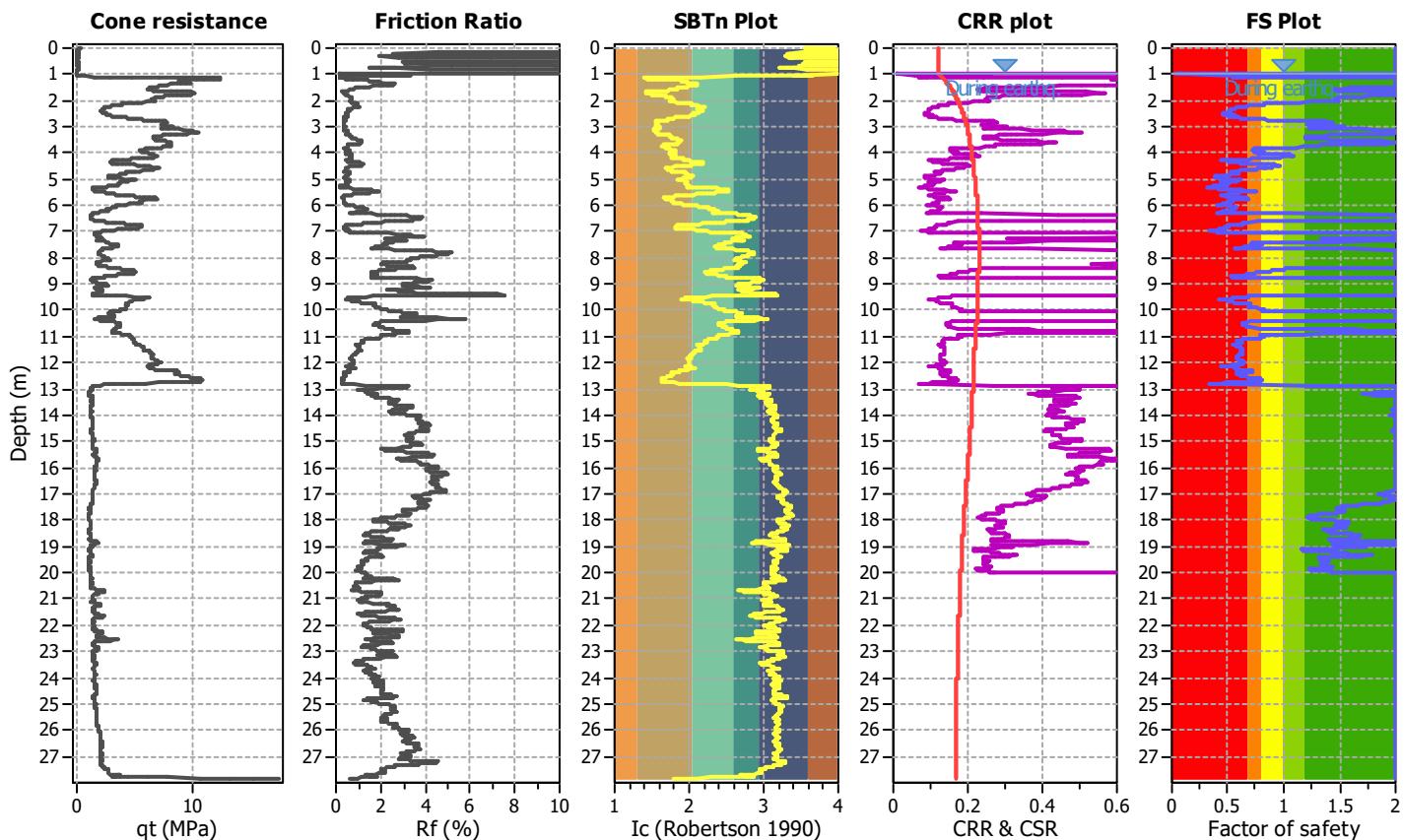
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1336

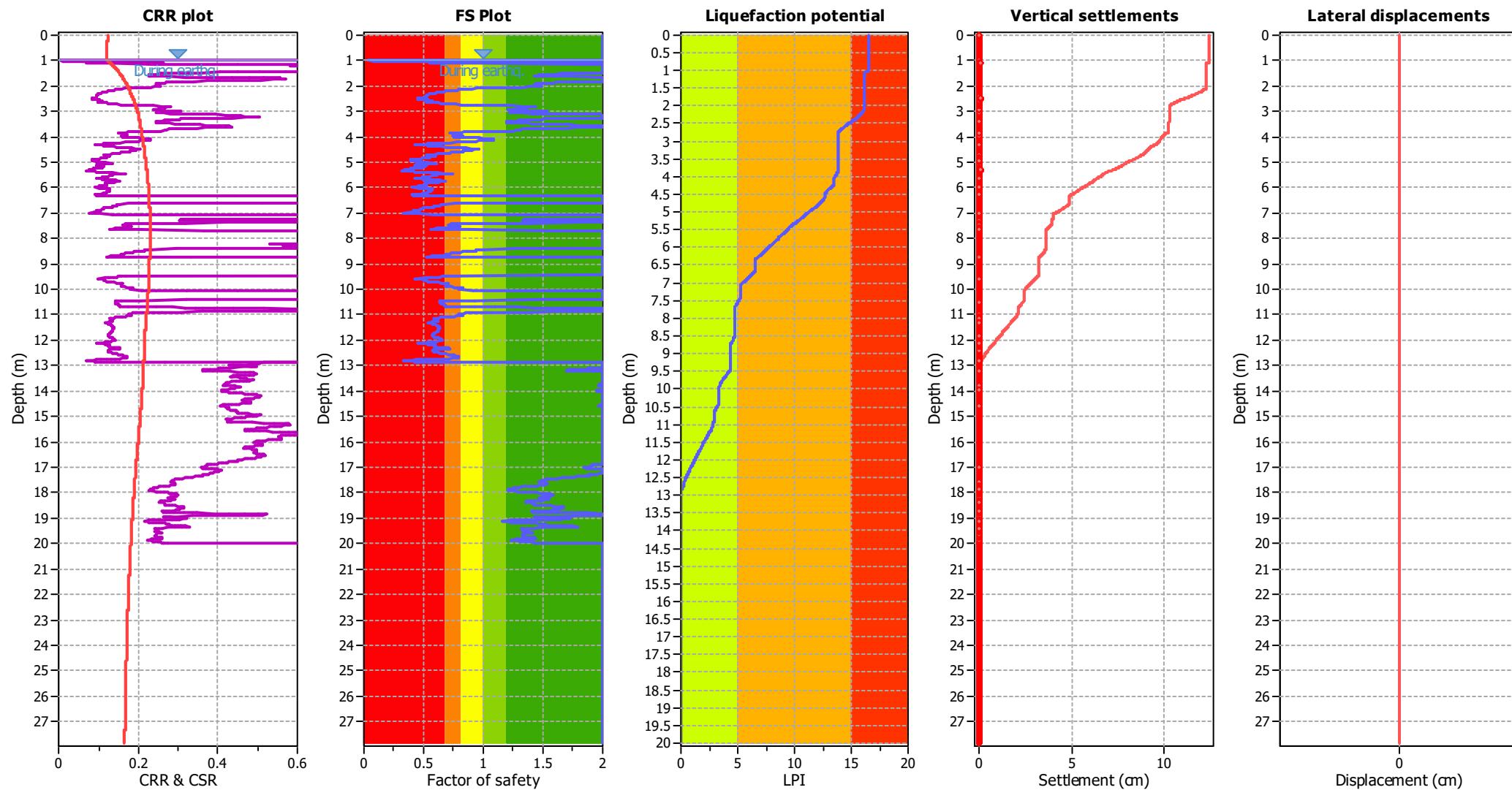
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

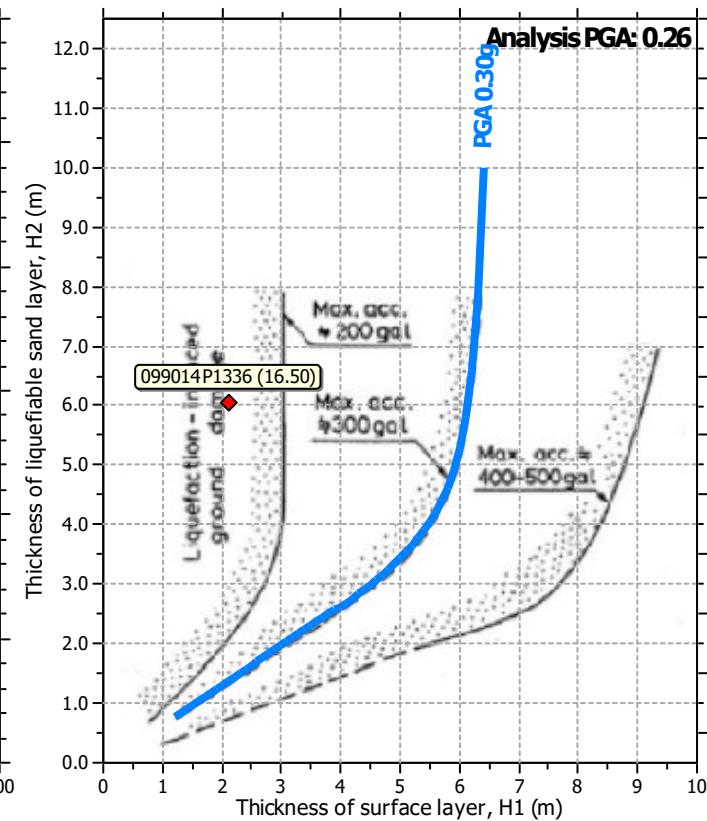
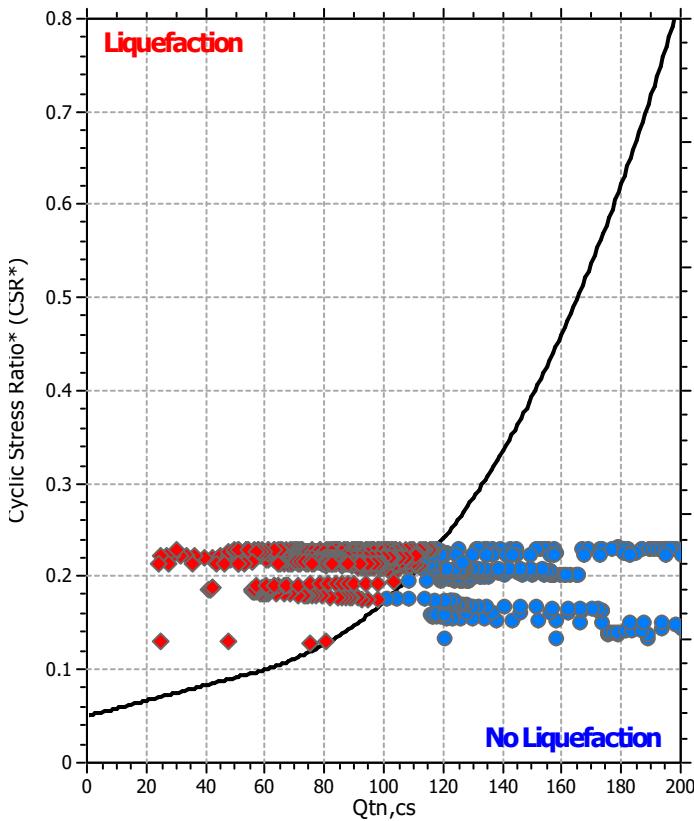
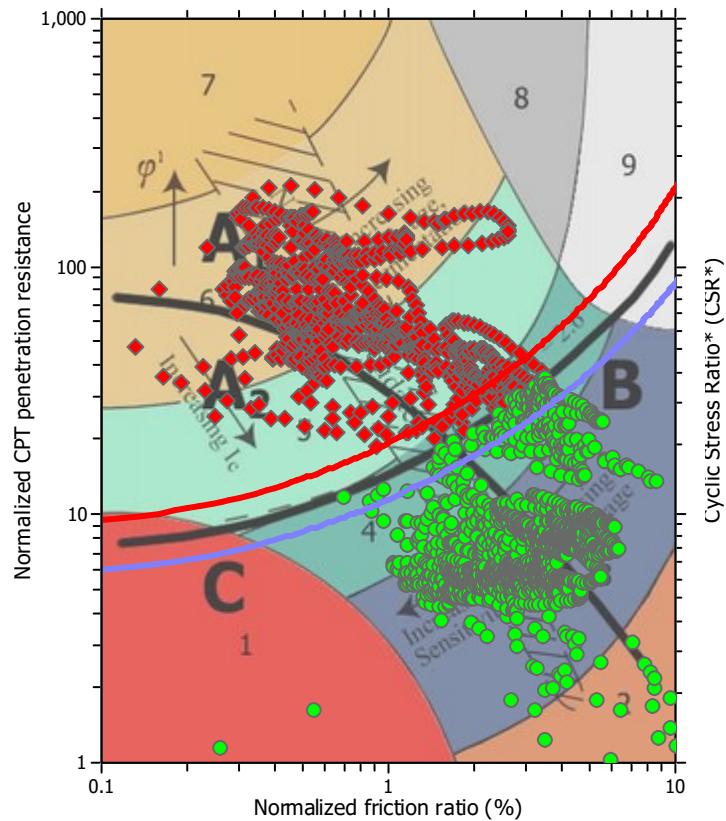
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

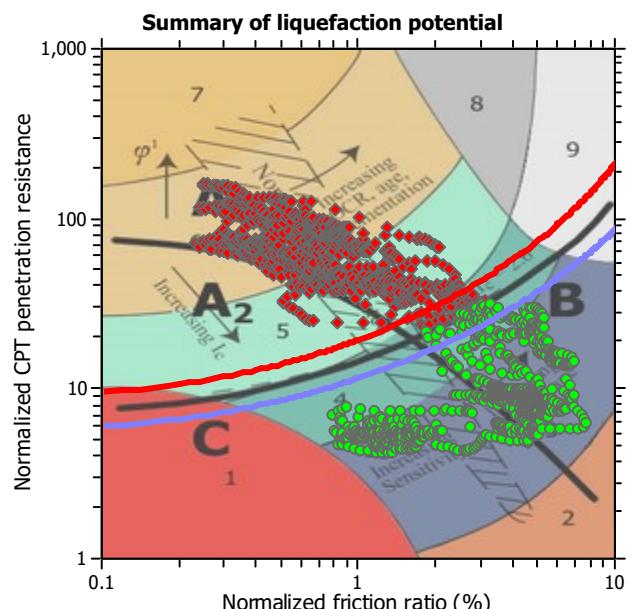
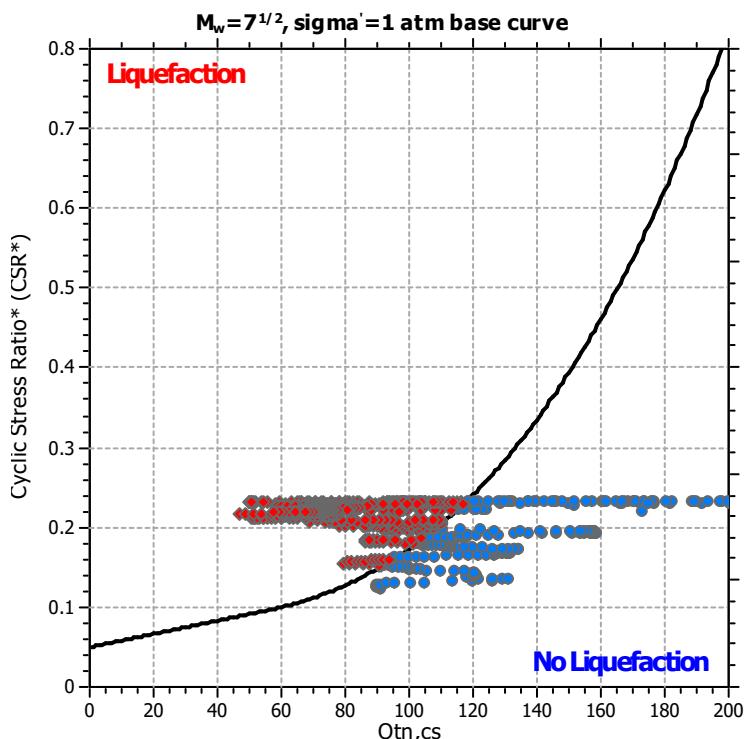
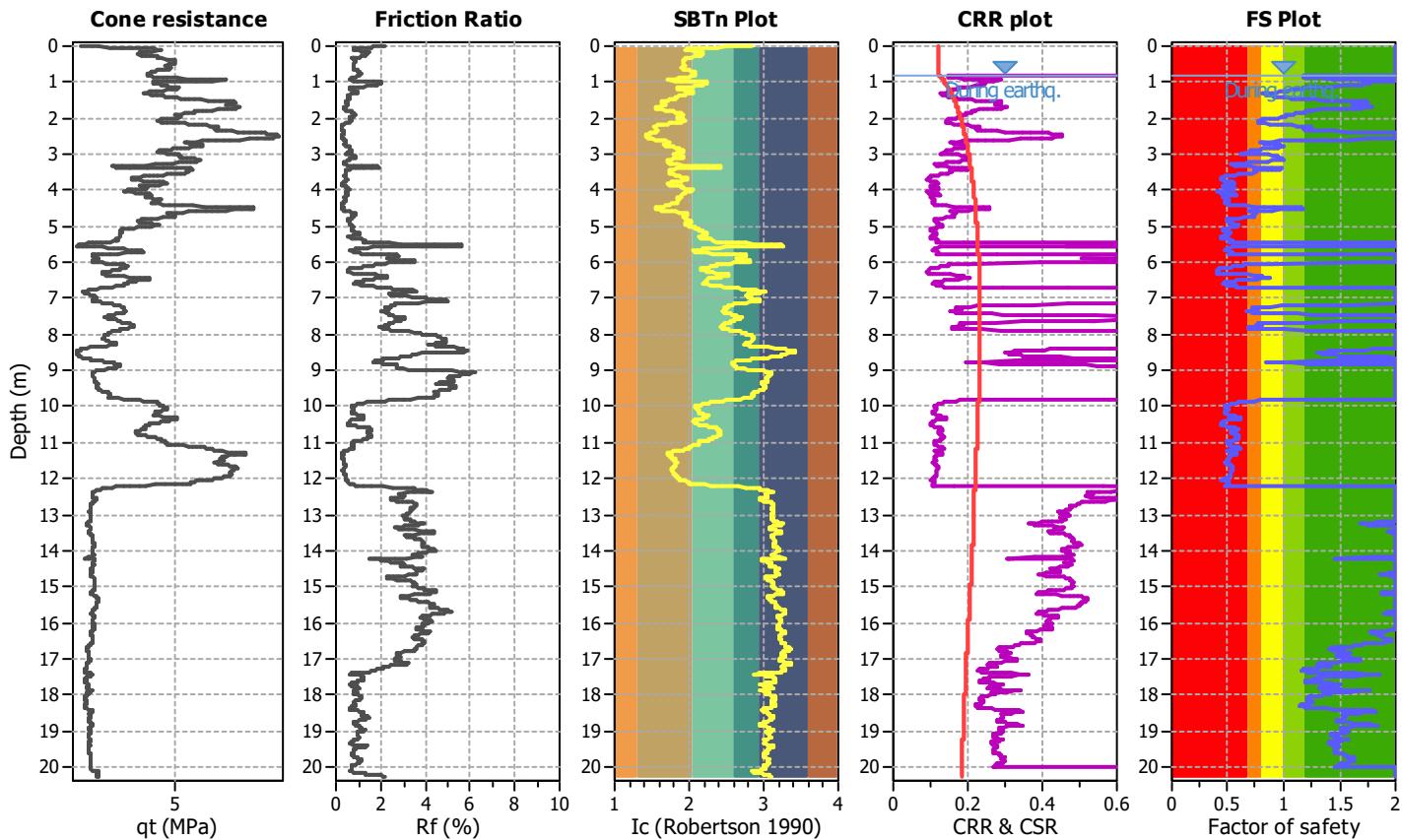
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1279

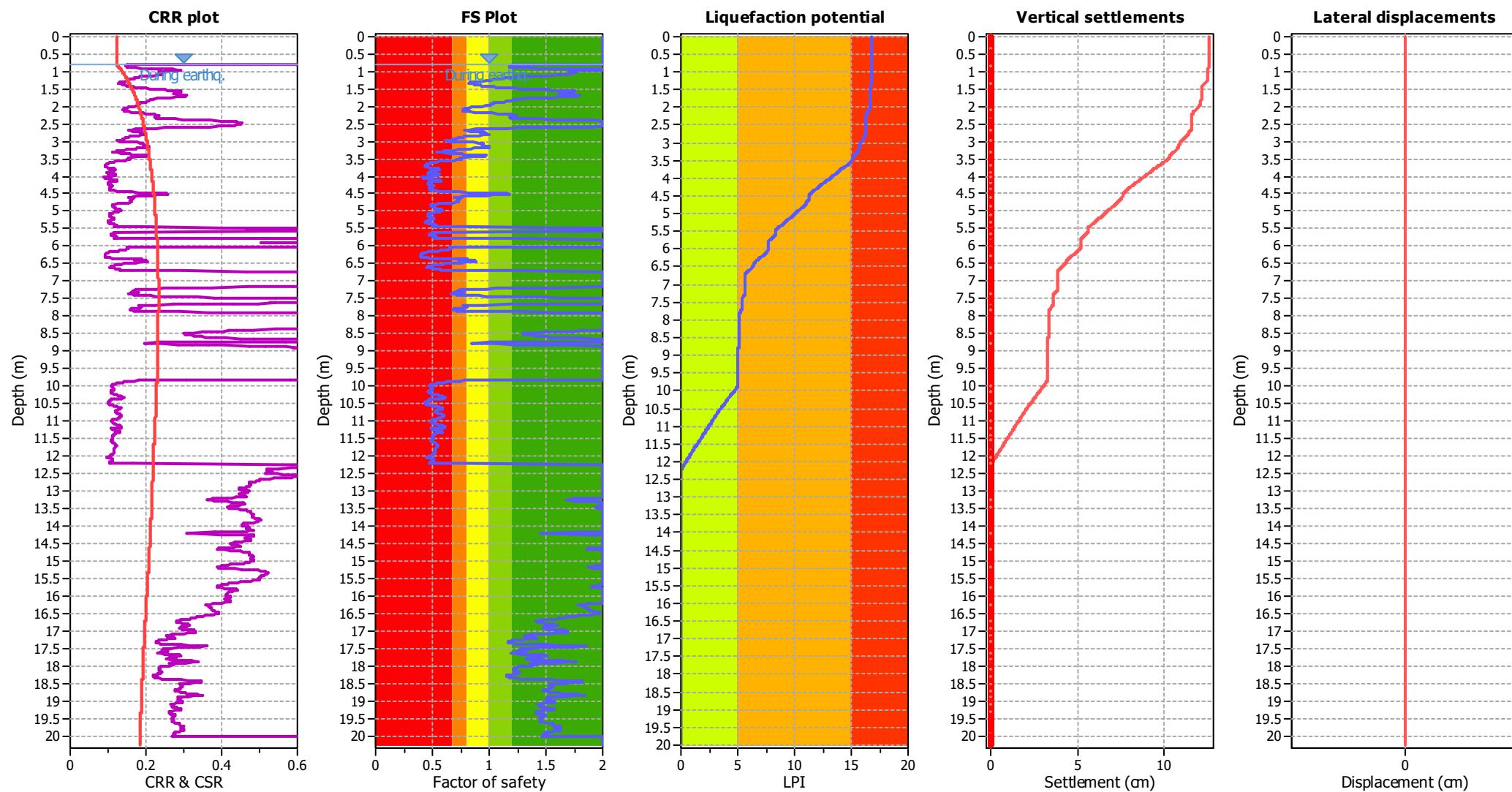
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

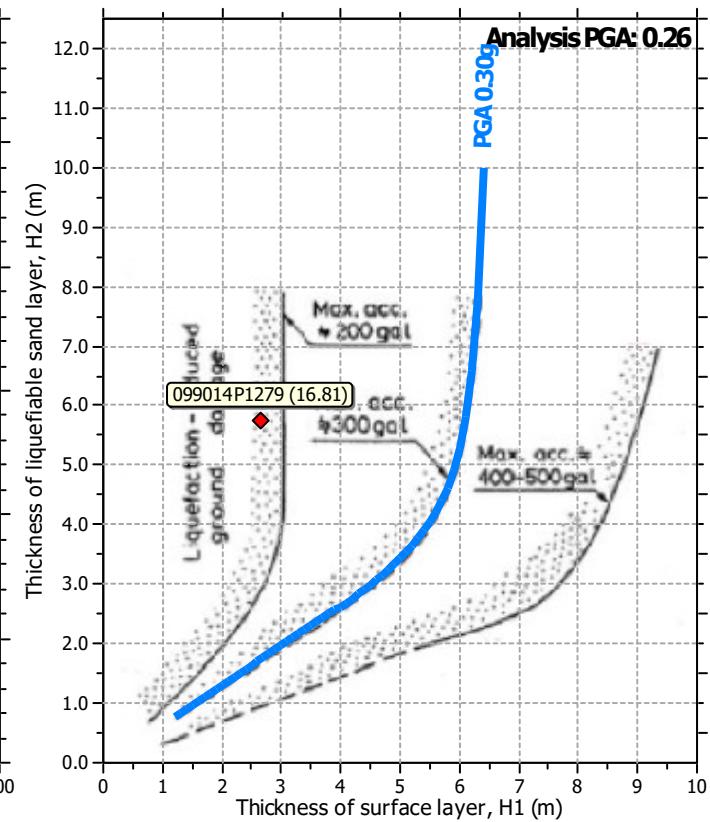
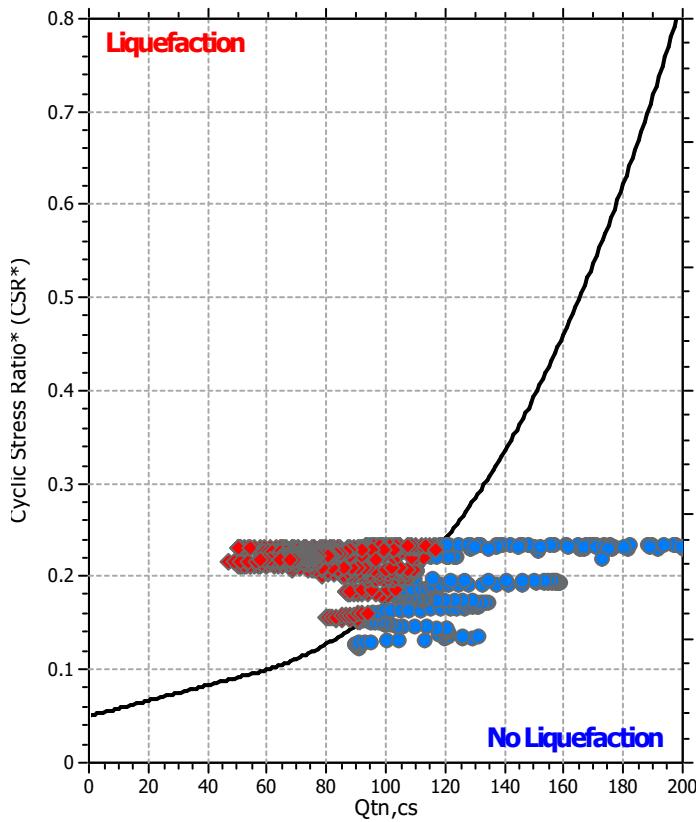
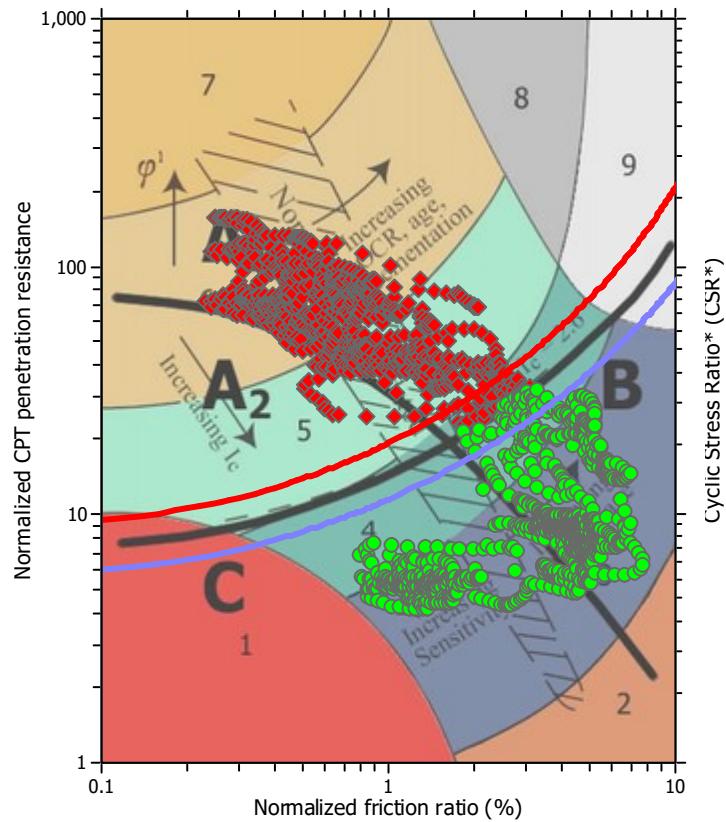
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.26 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

REPORT - ZONA RNS_02

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

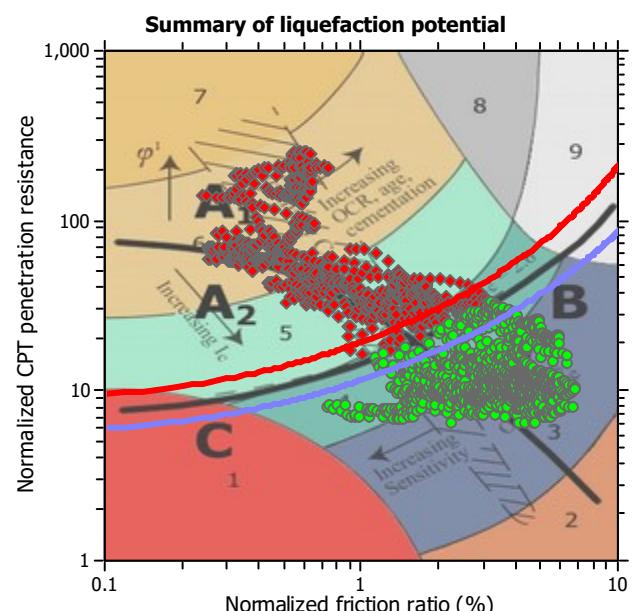
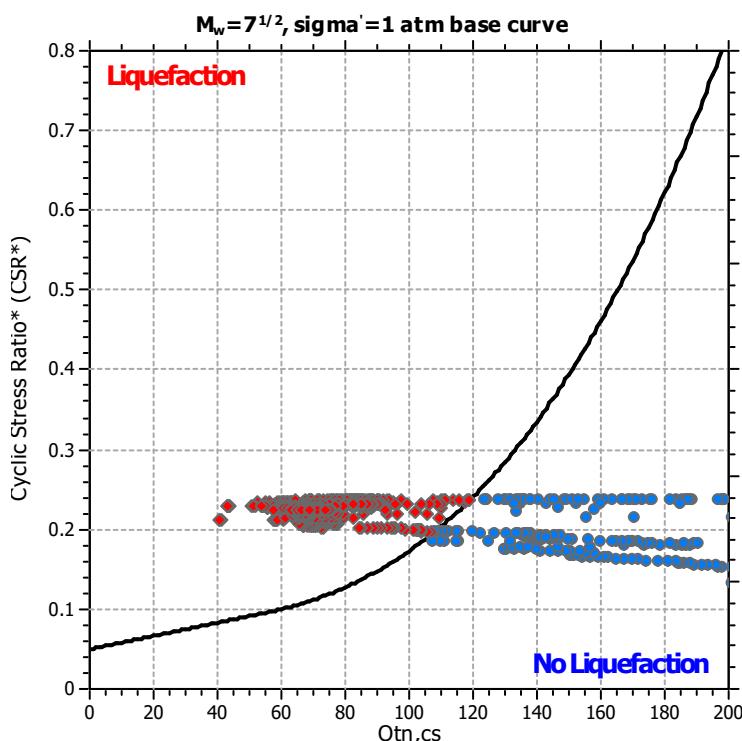
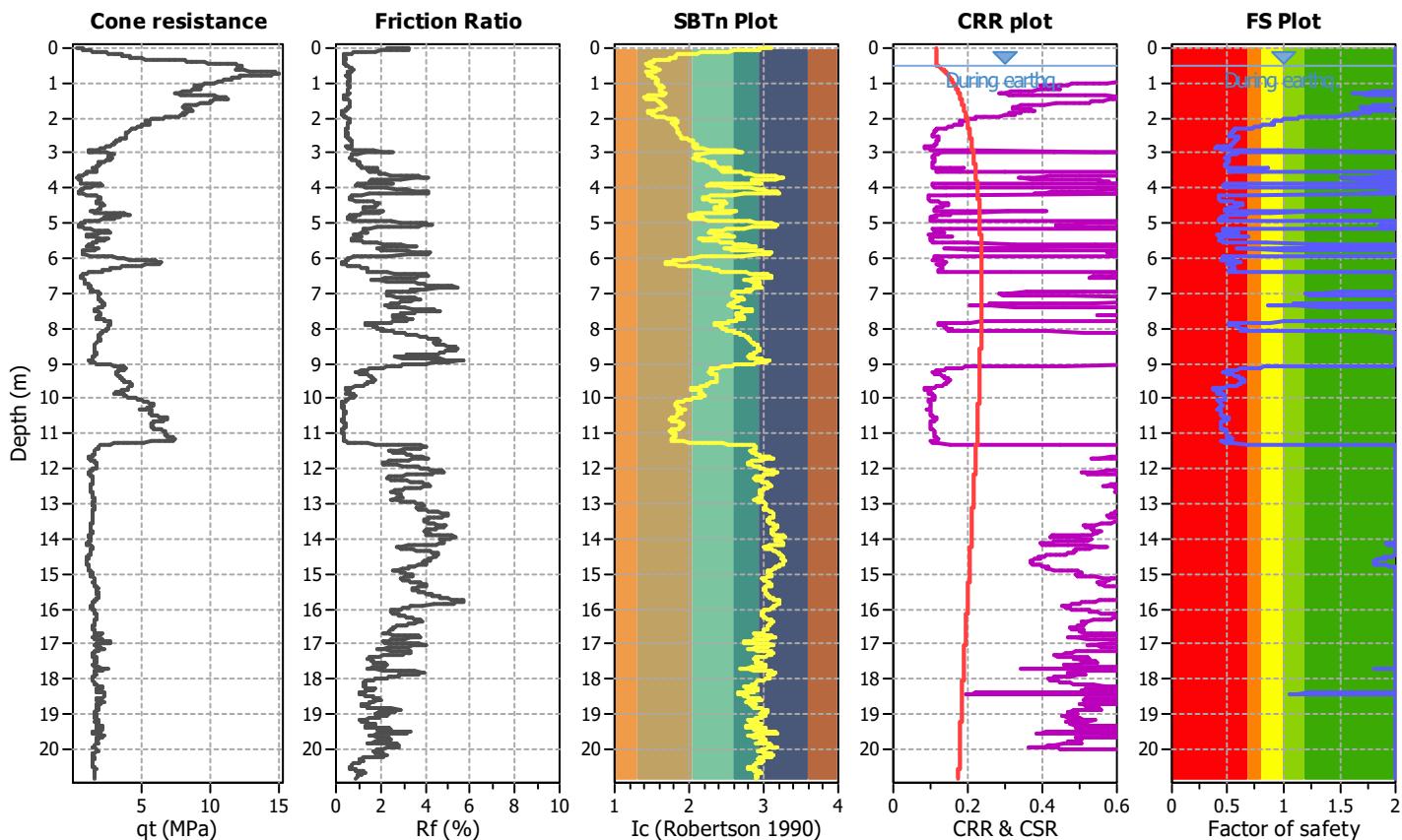
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1282

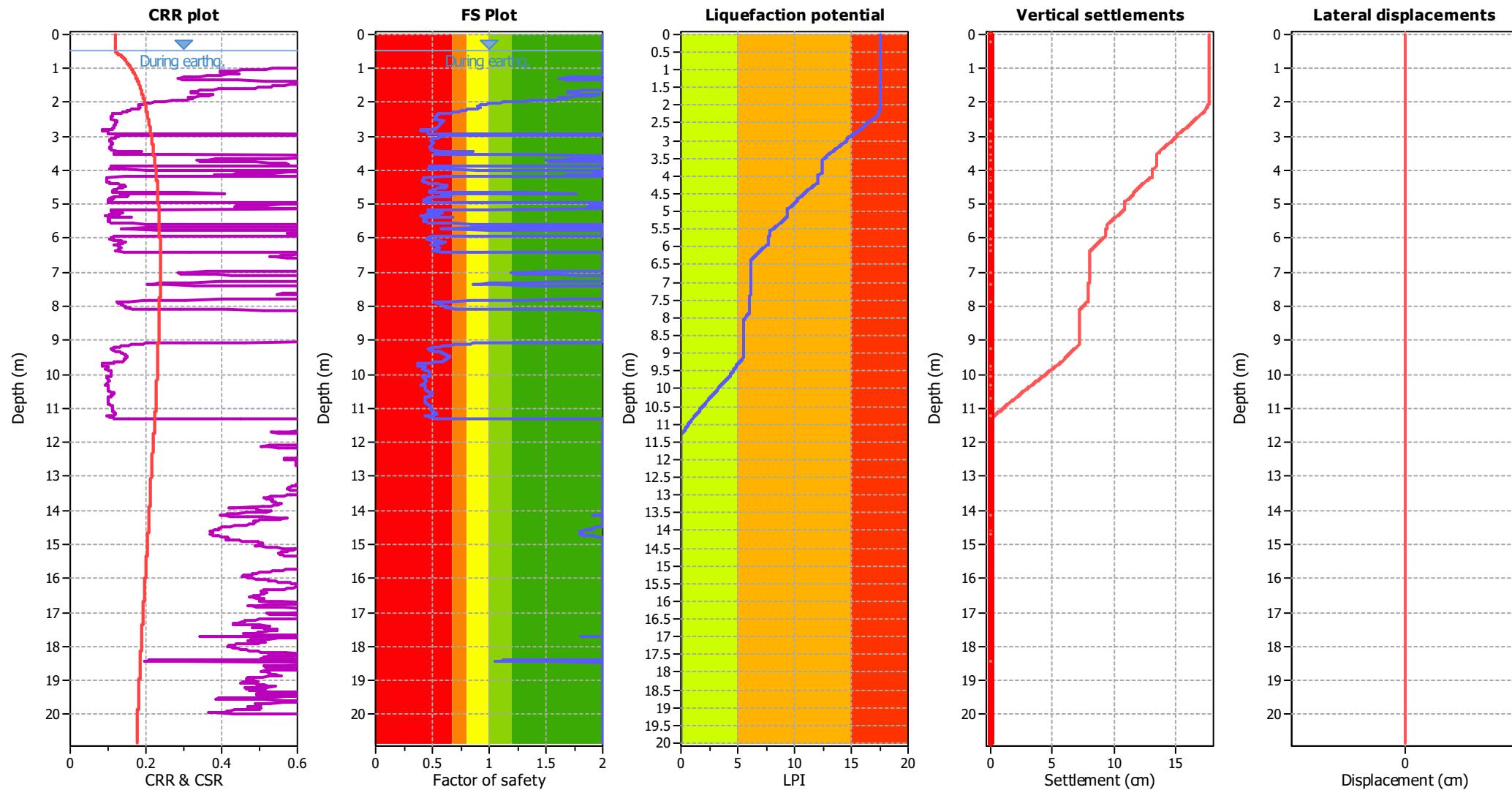
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

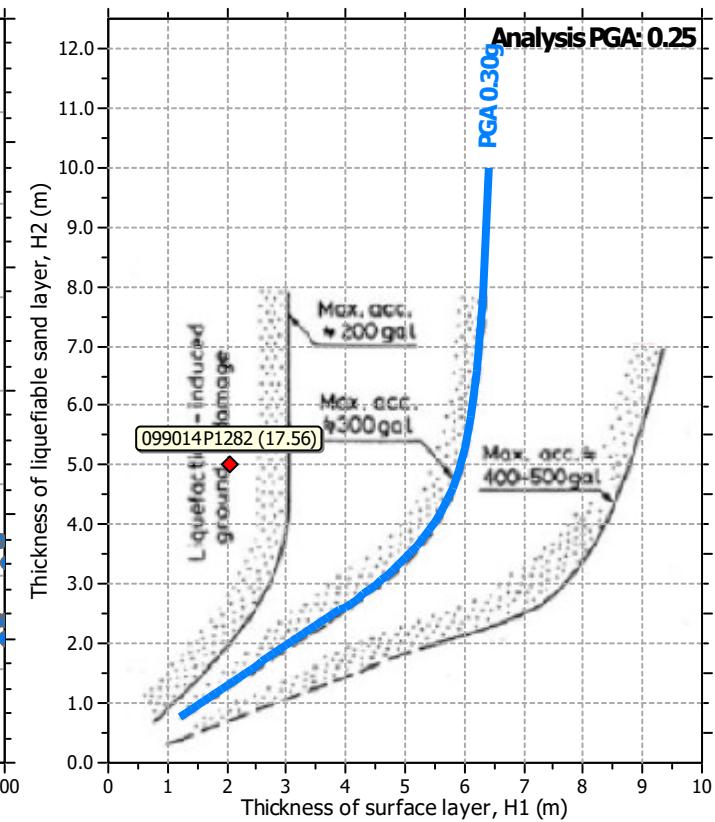
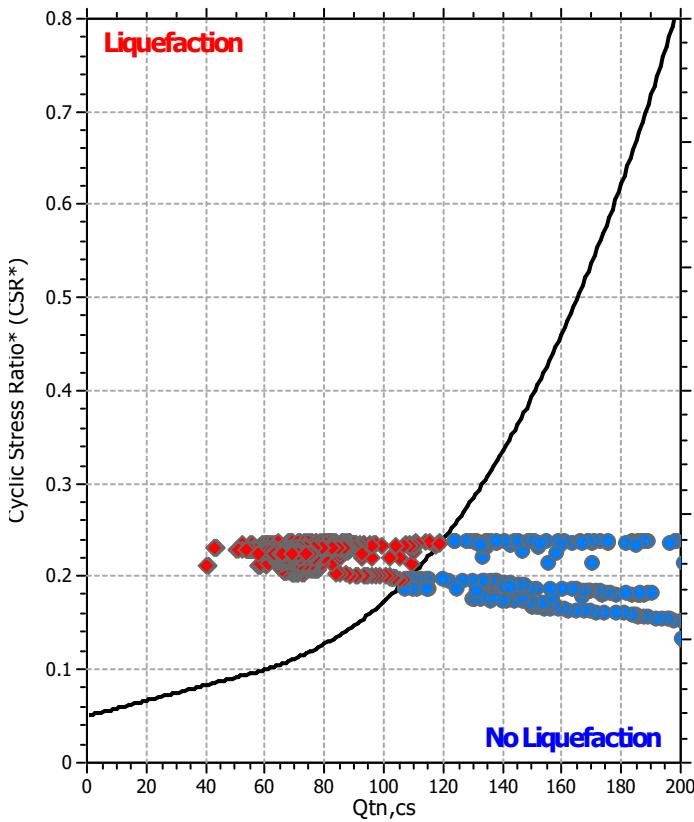
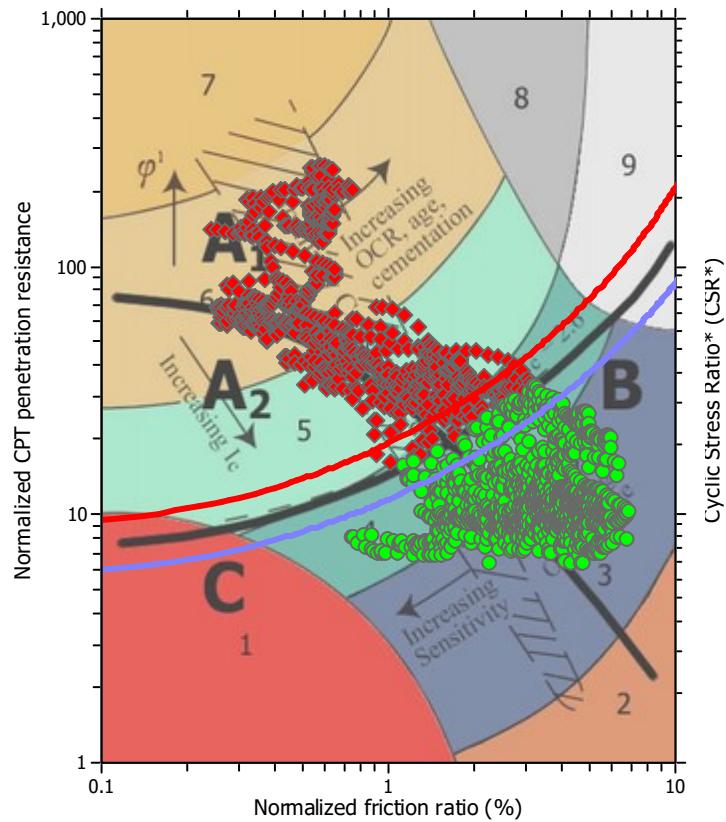
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

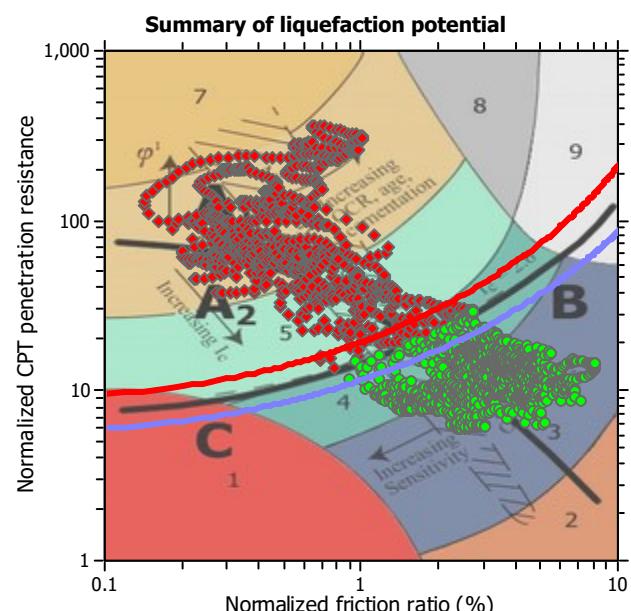
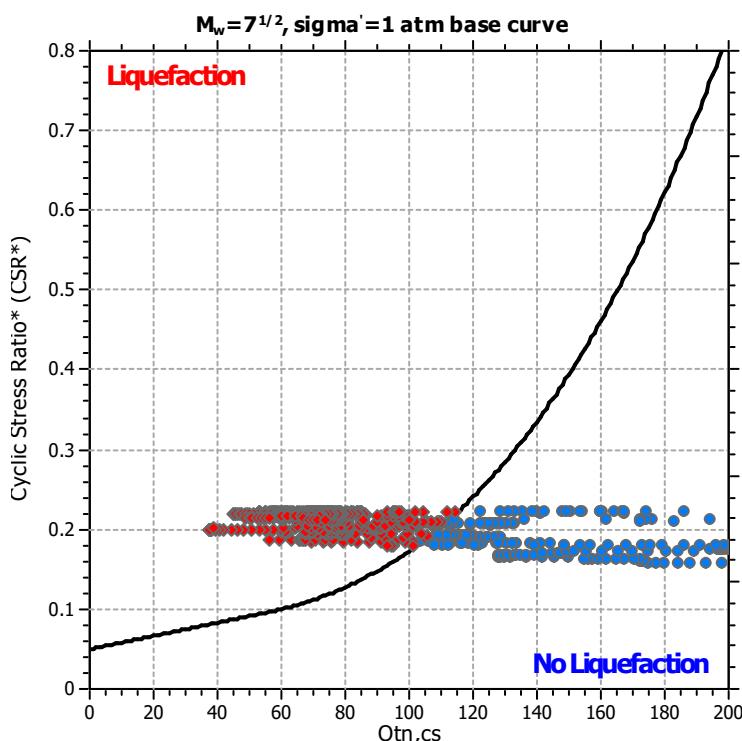
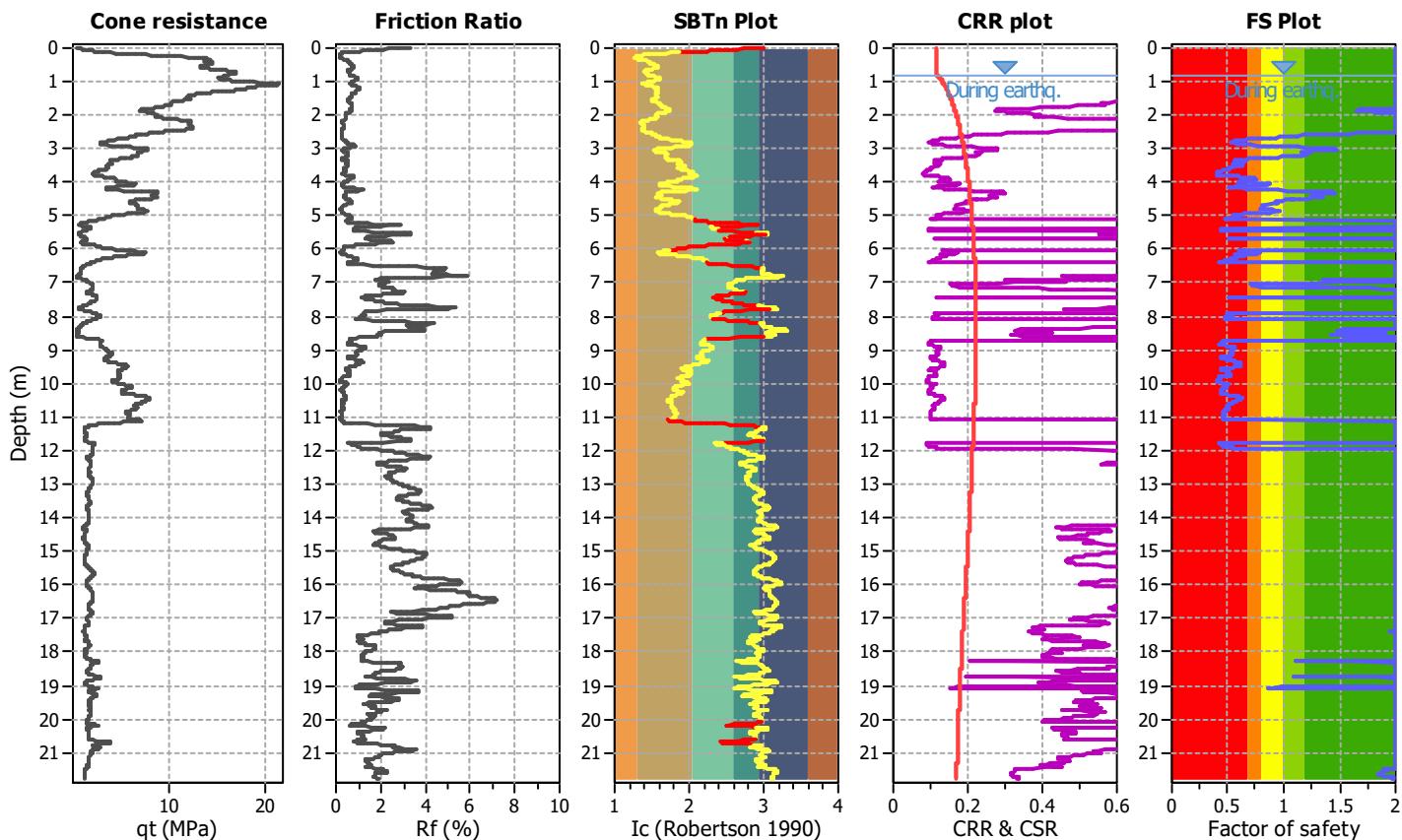
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Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1283

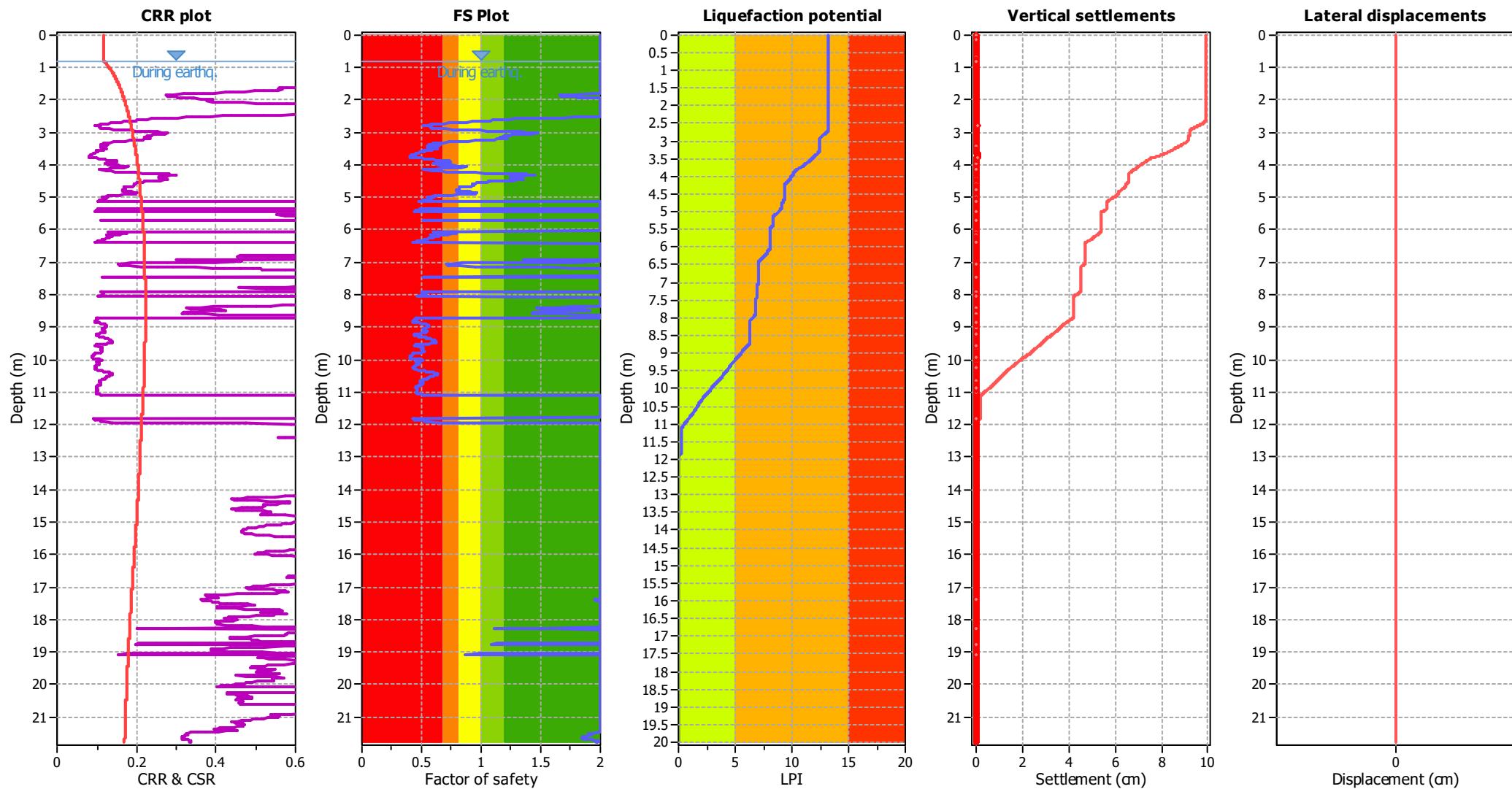
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

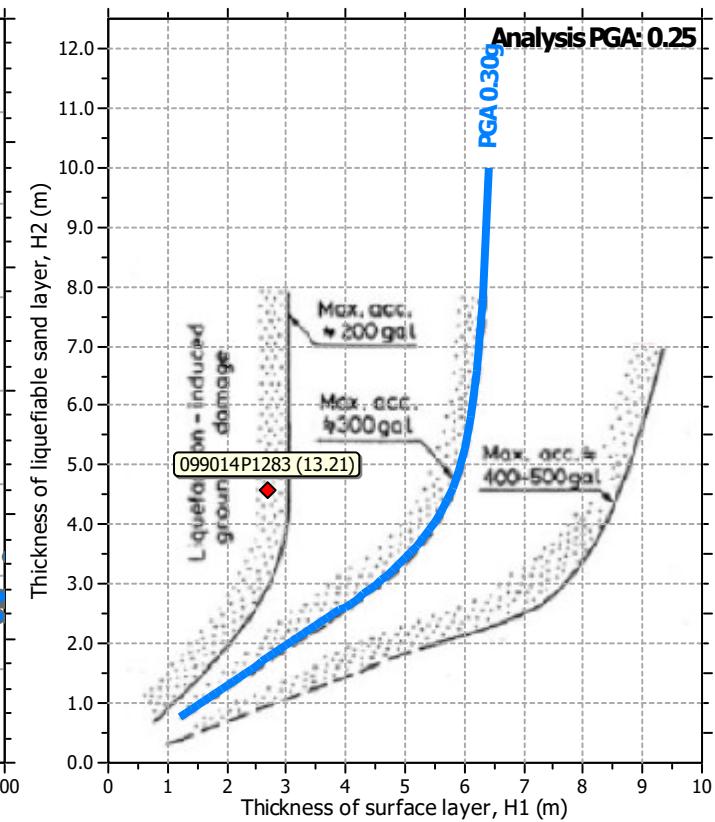
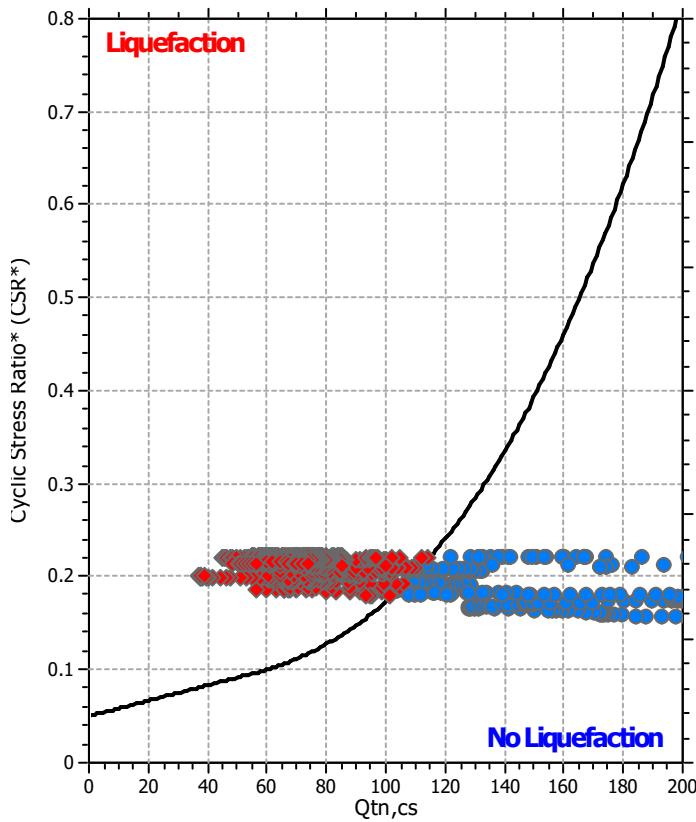
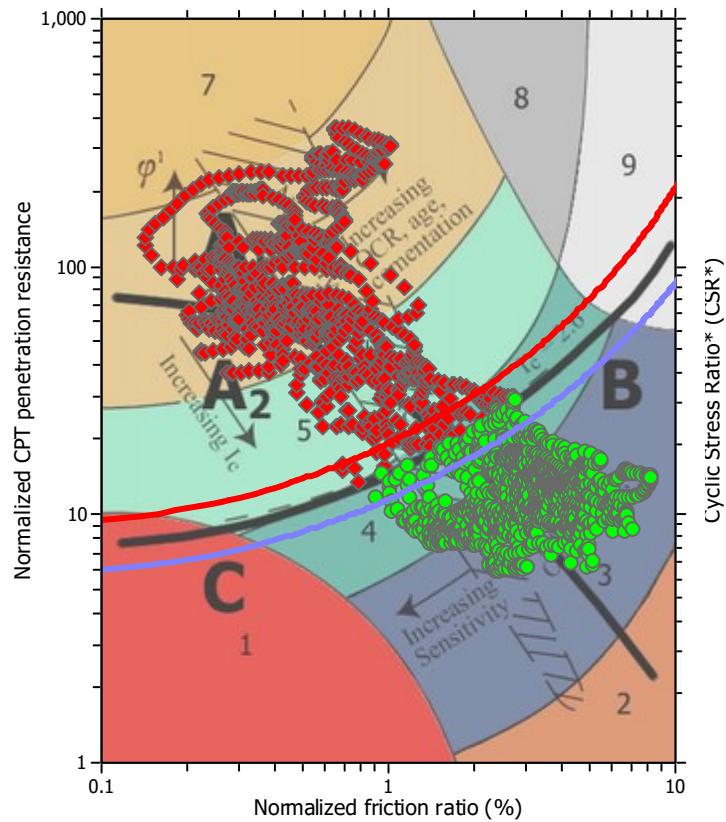
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

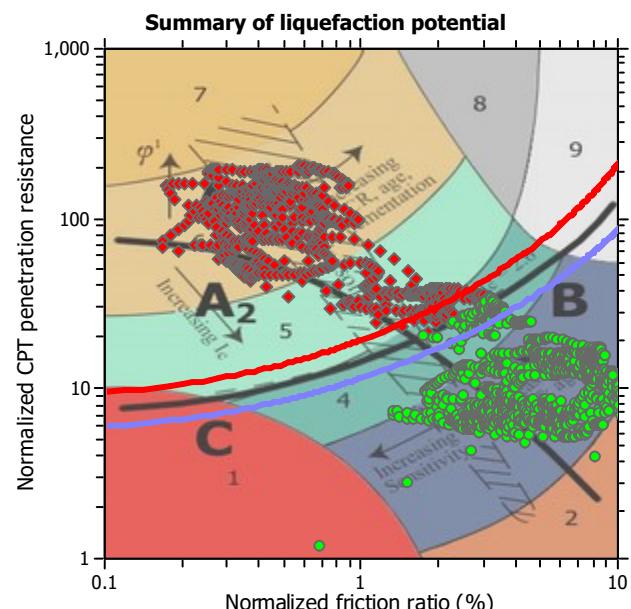
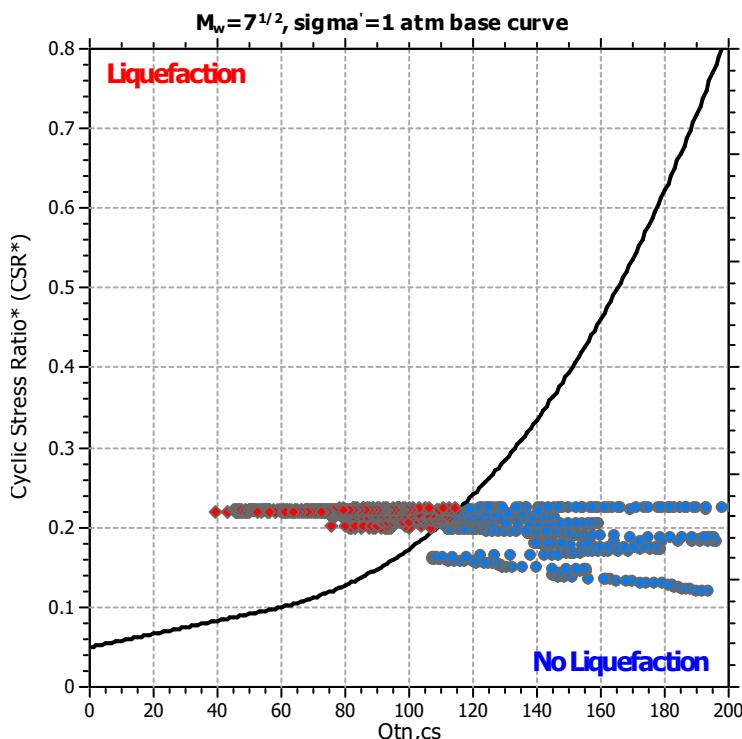
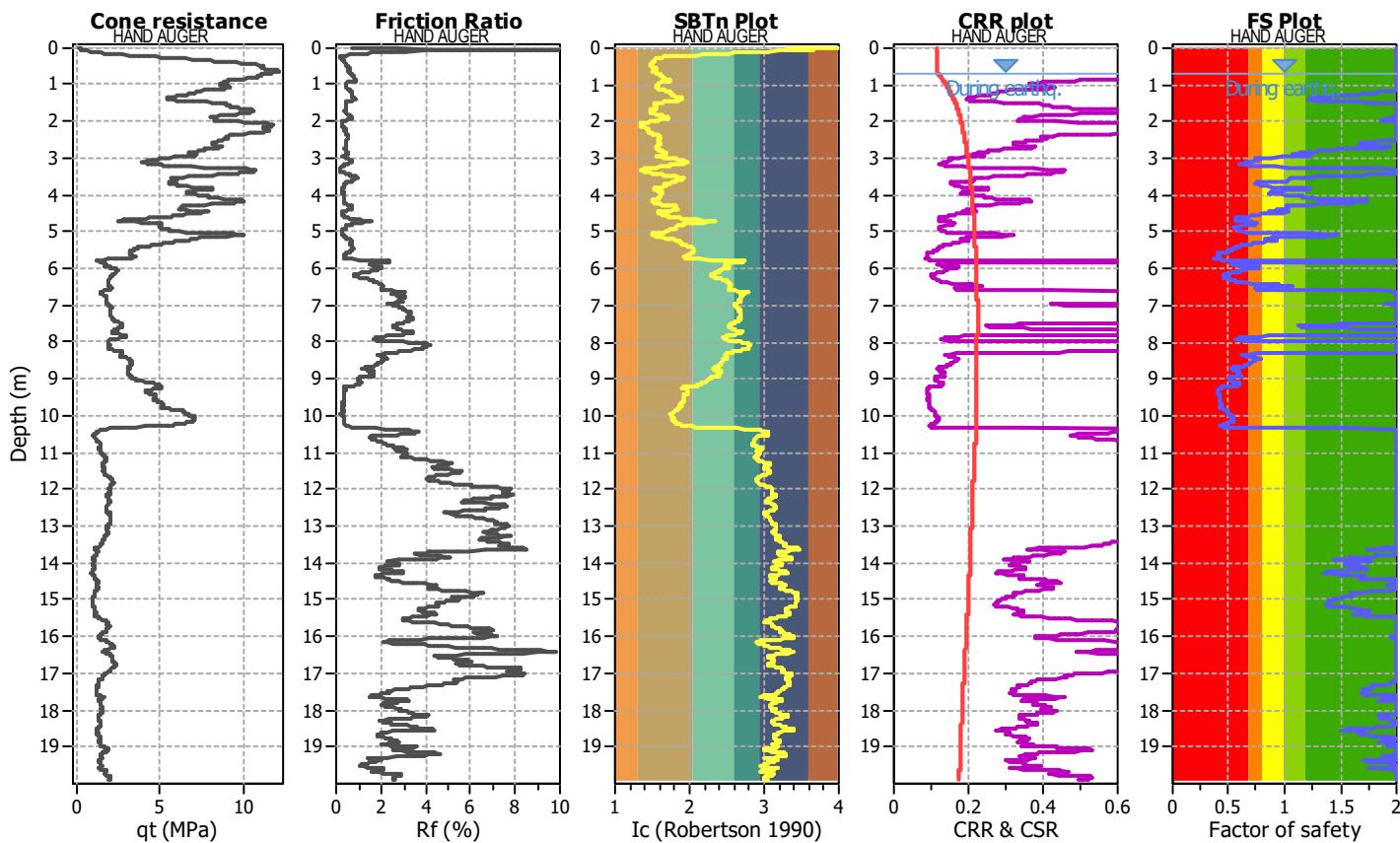


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |

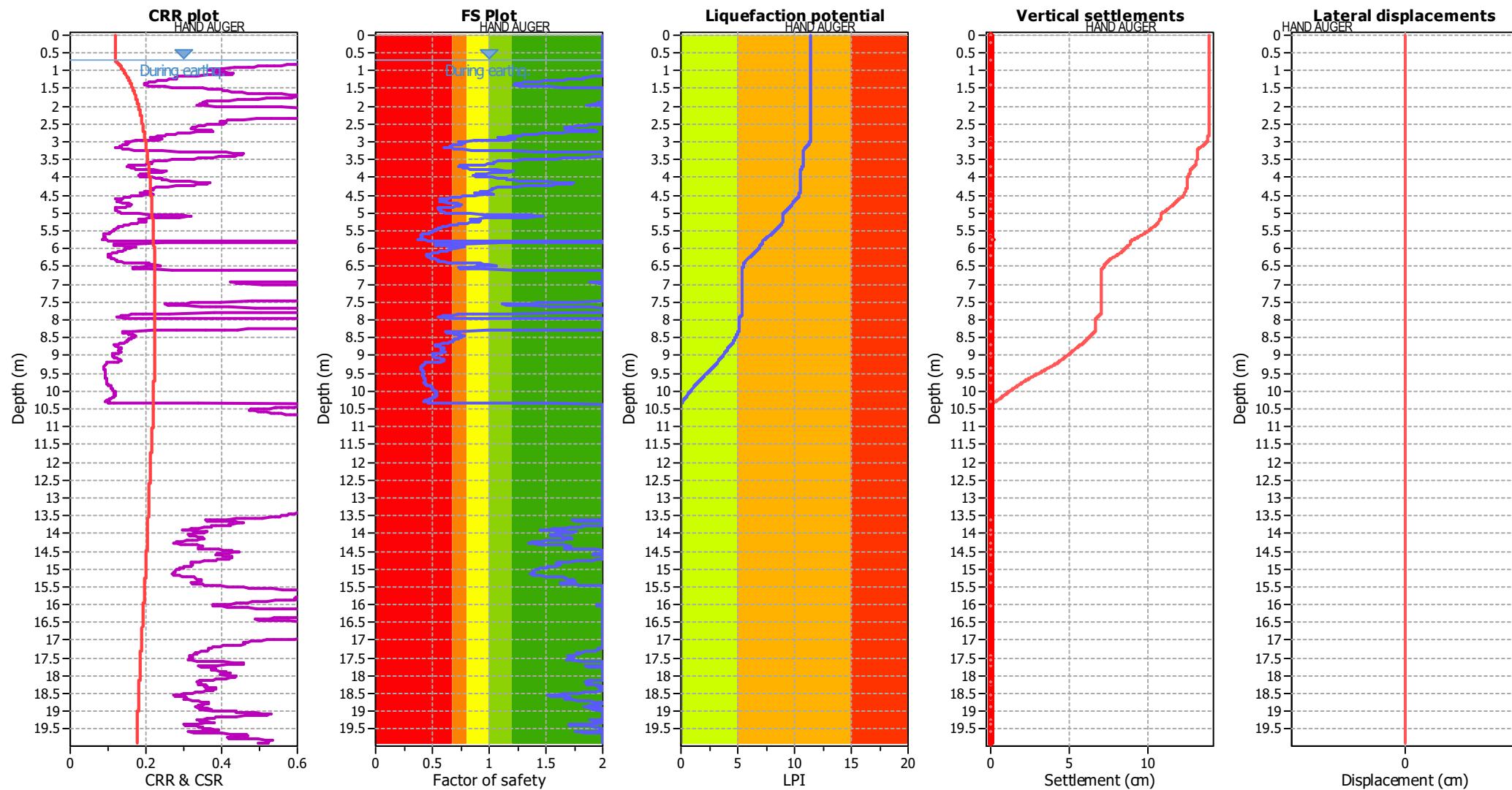
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_14
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 0.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

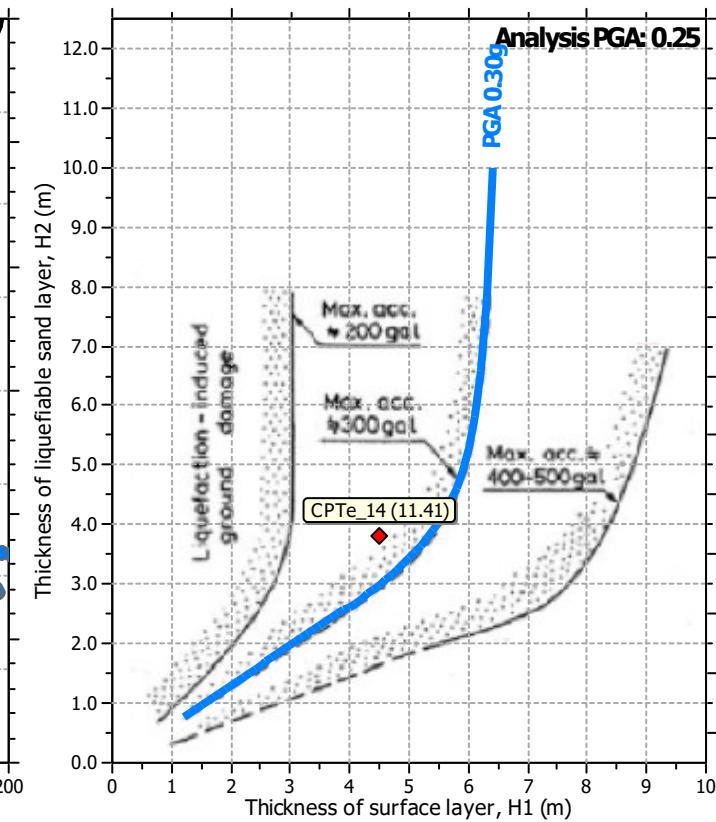
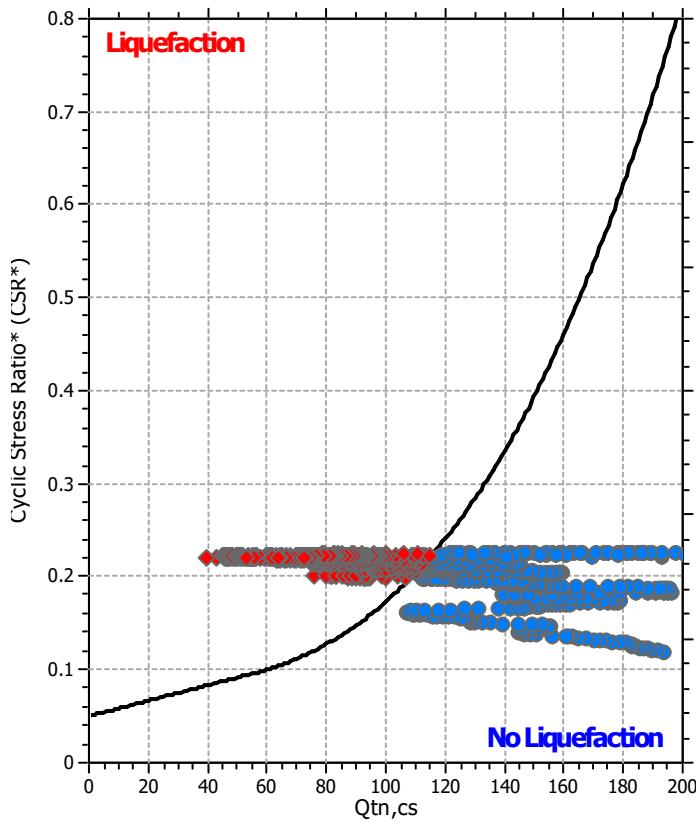
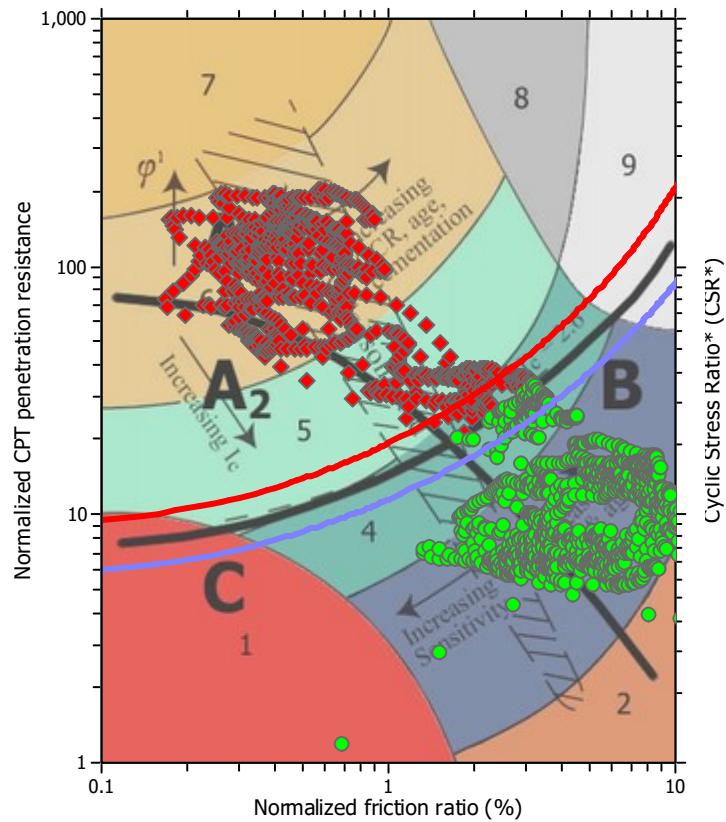
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

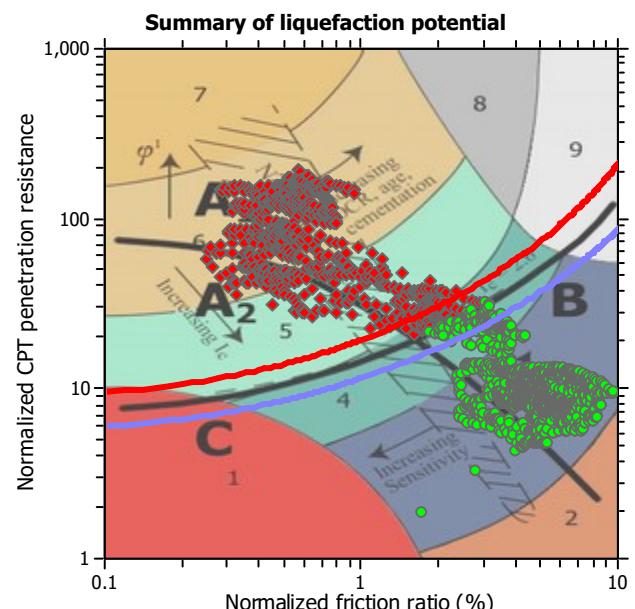
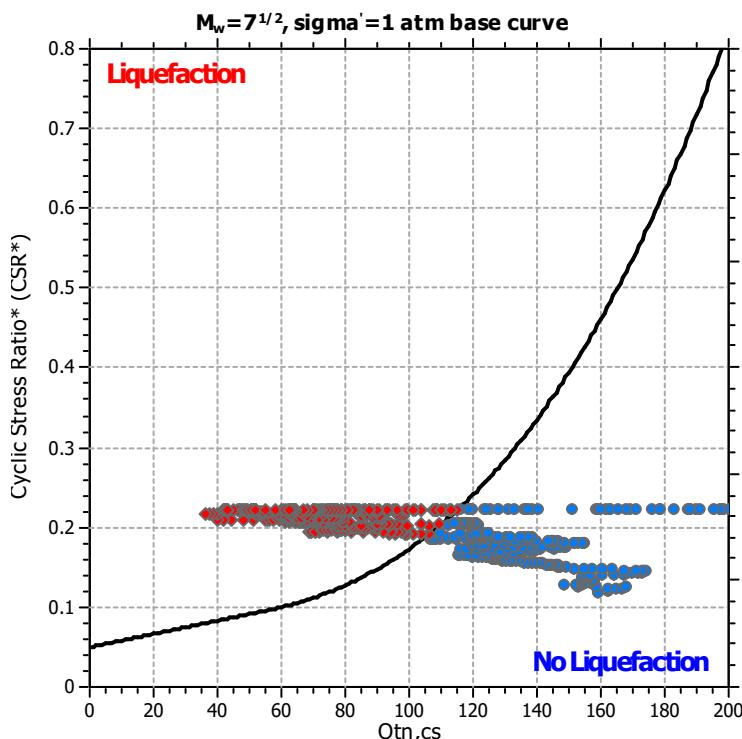
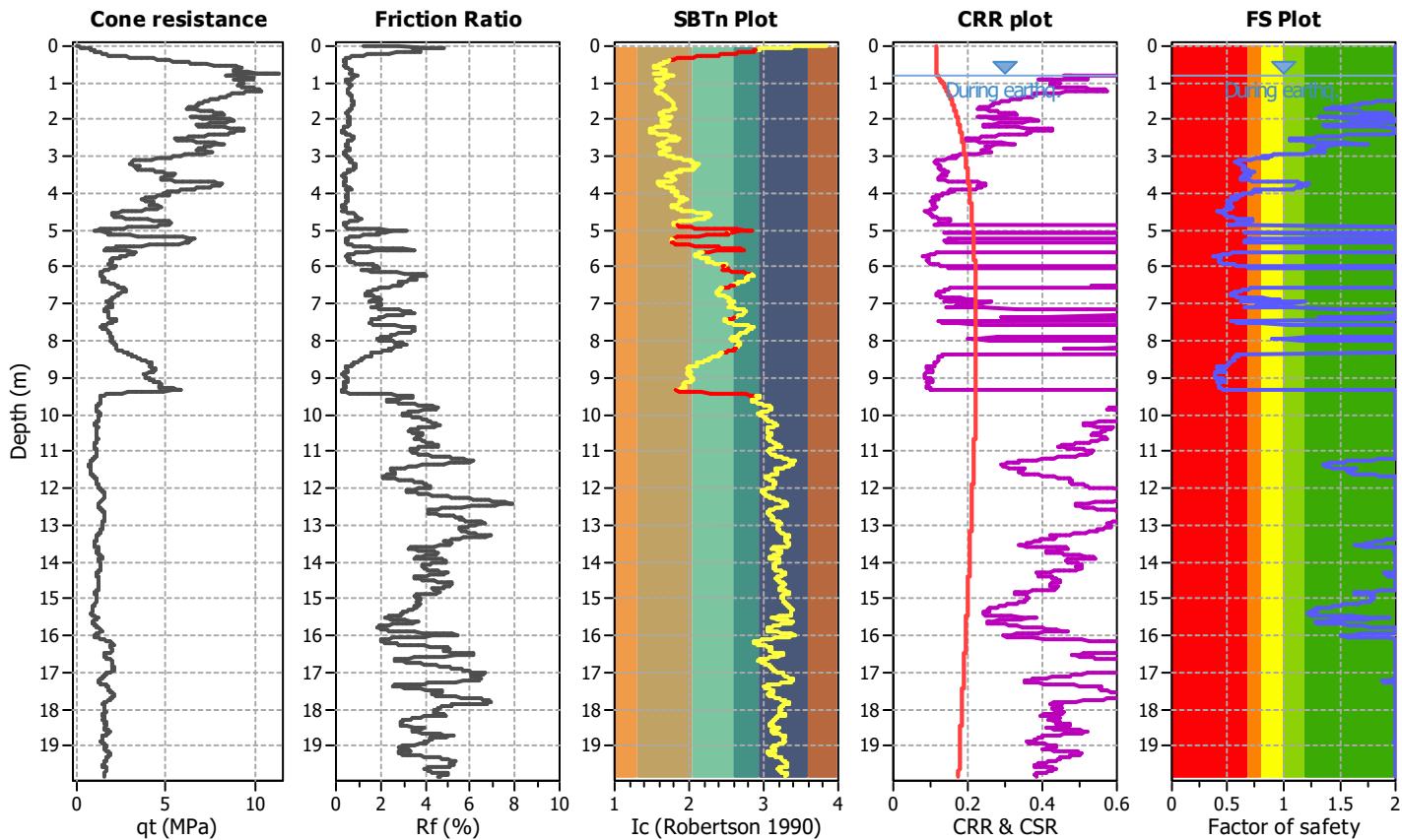
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_15

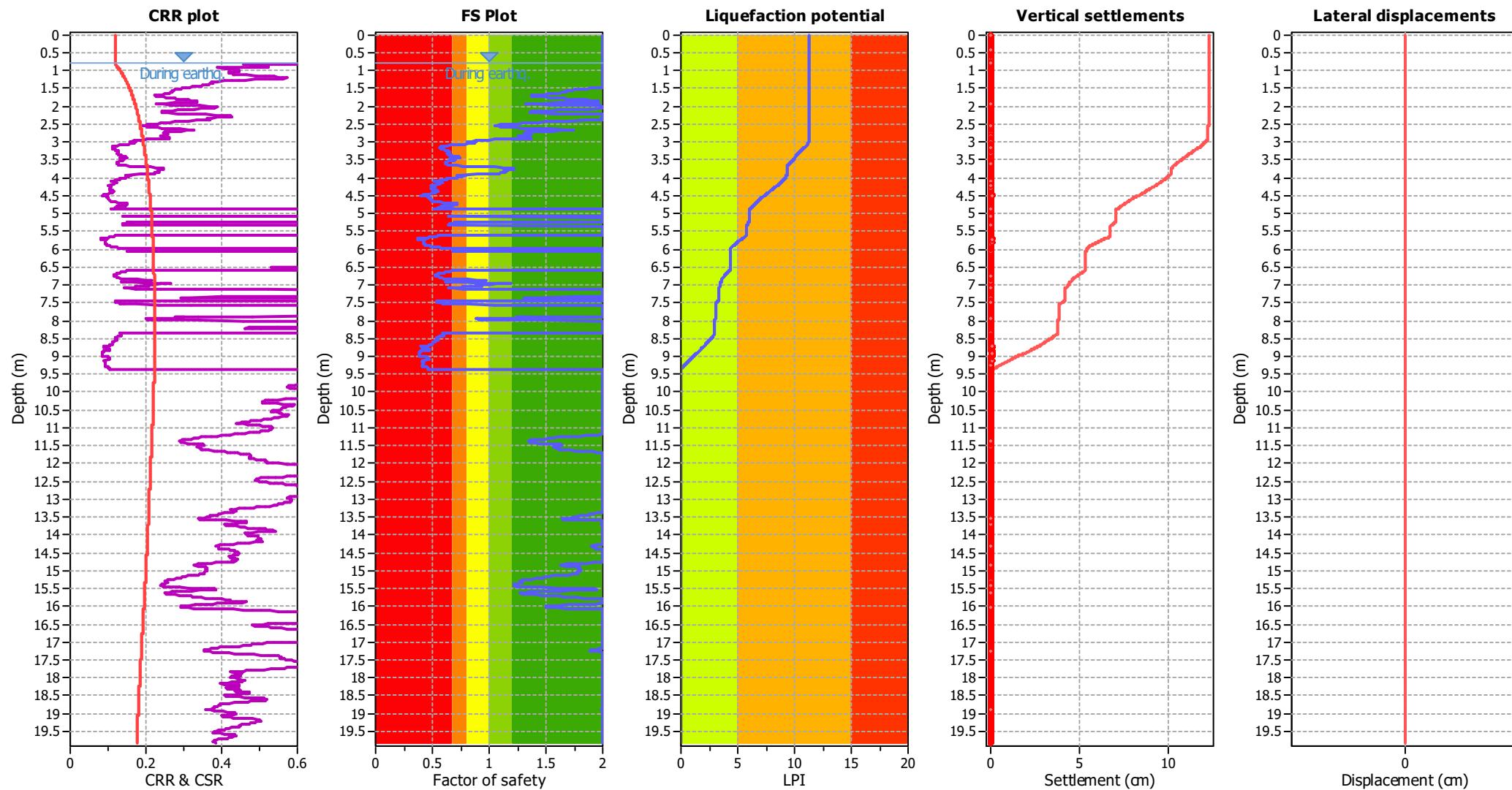
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

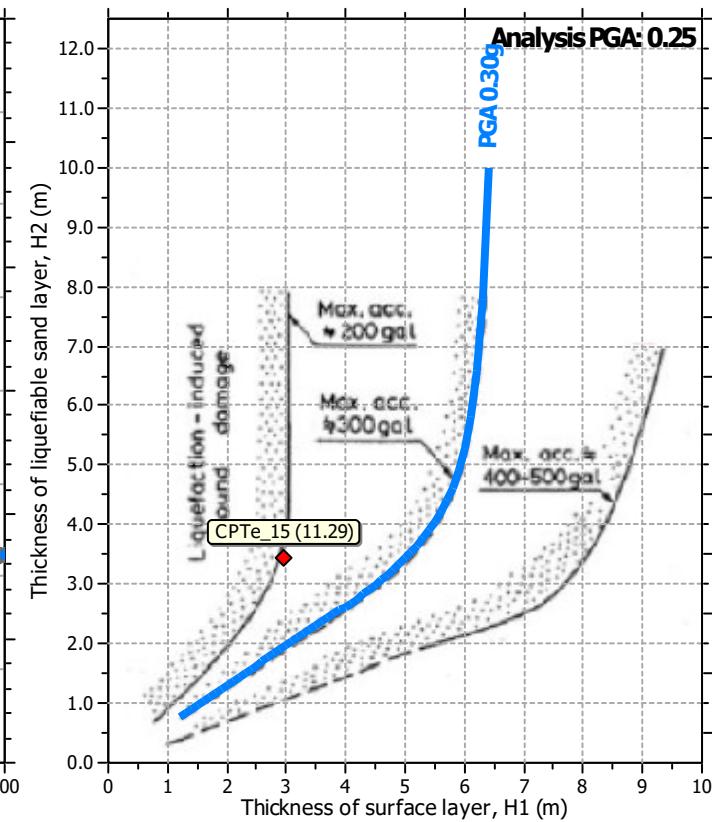
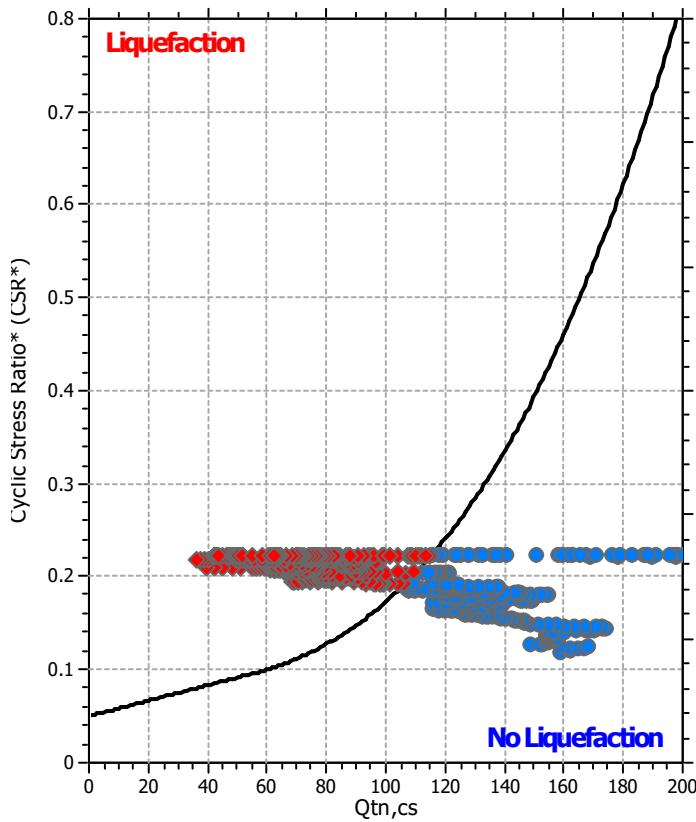
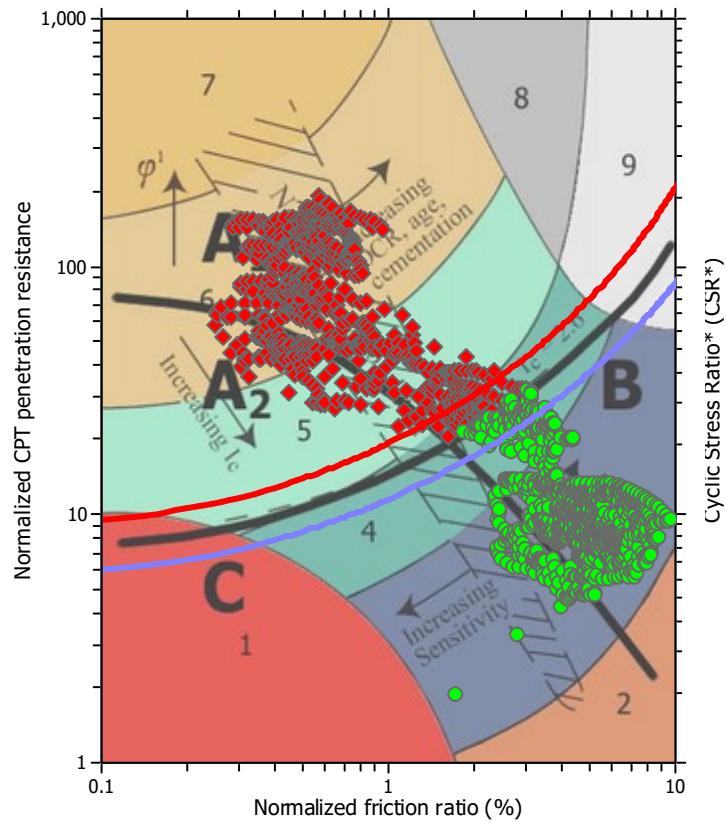
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

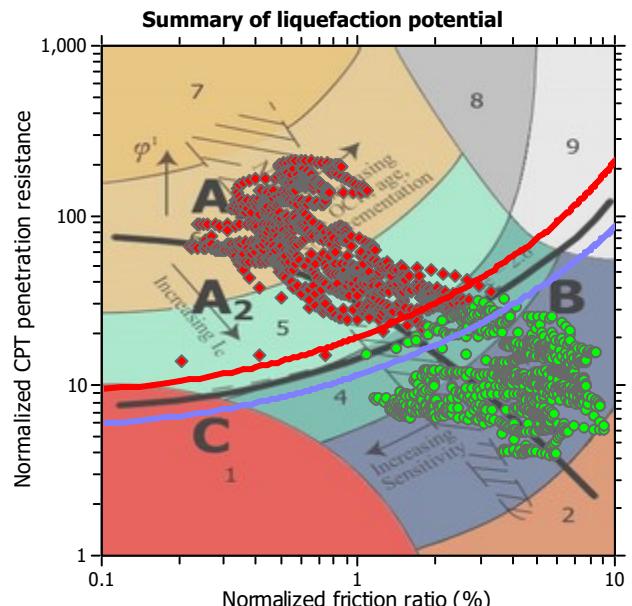
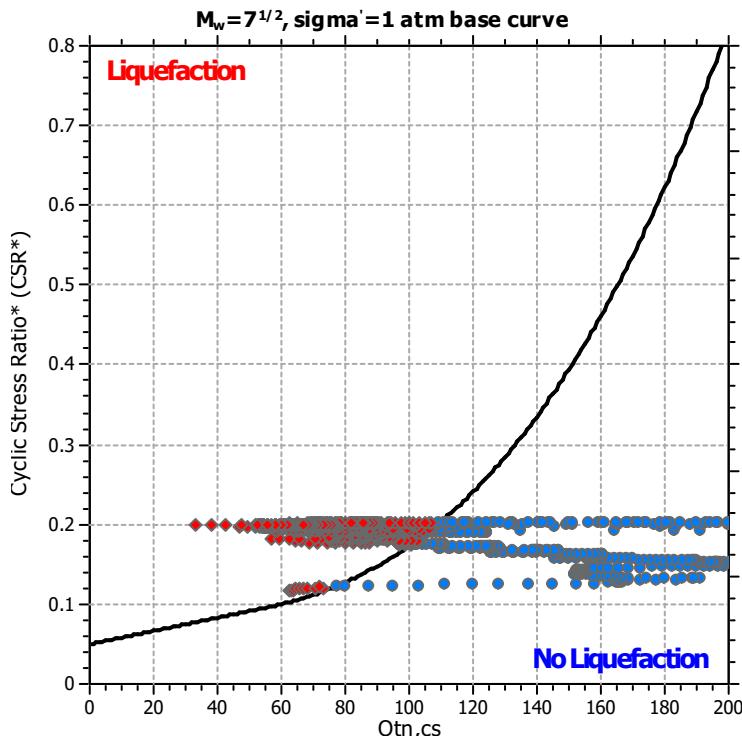
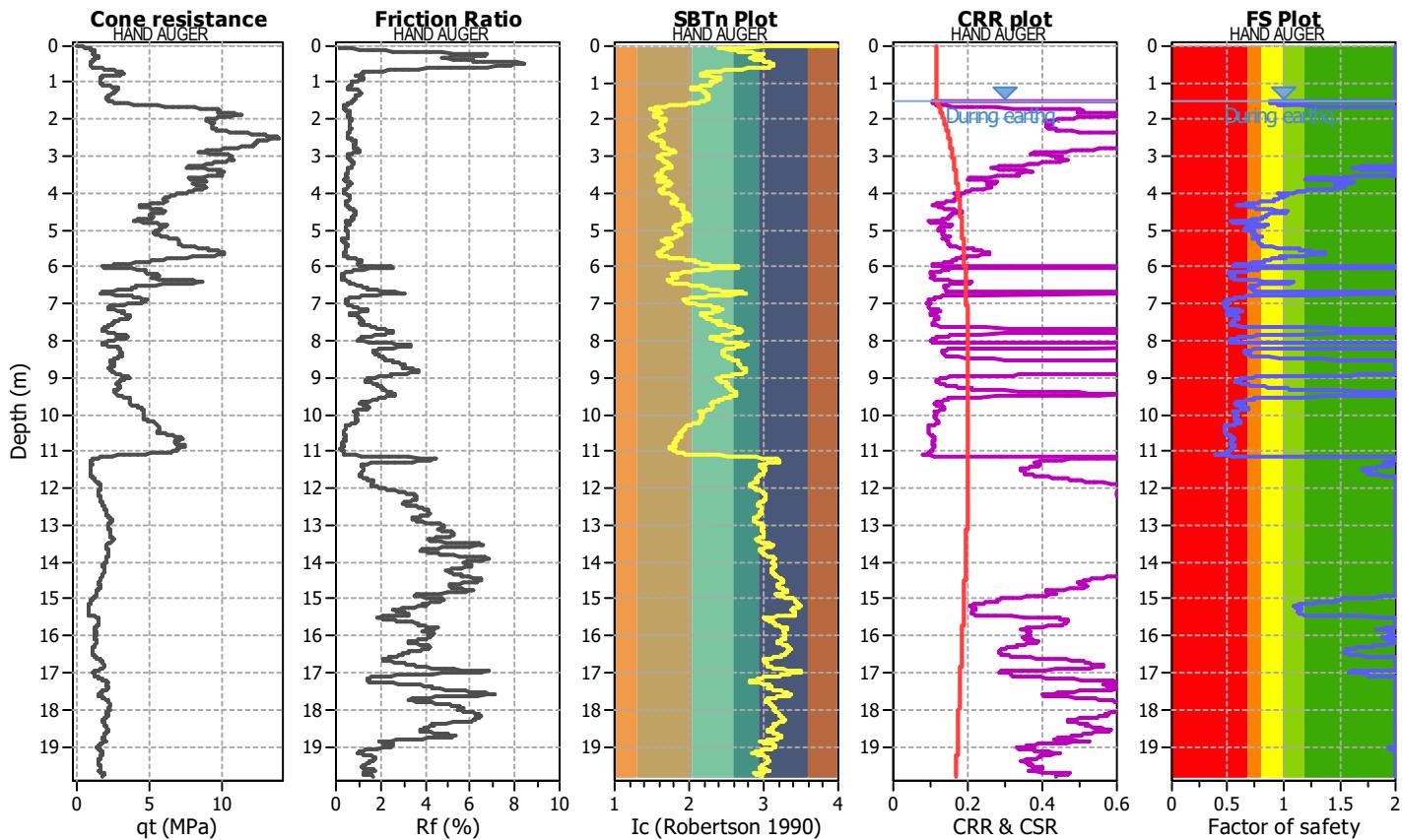
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTU_2_PMarv

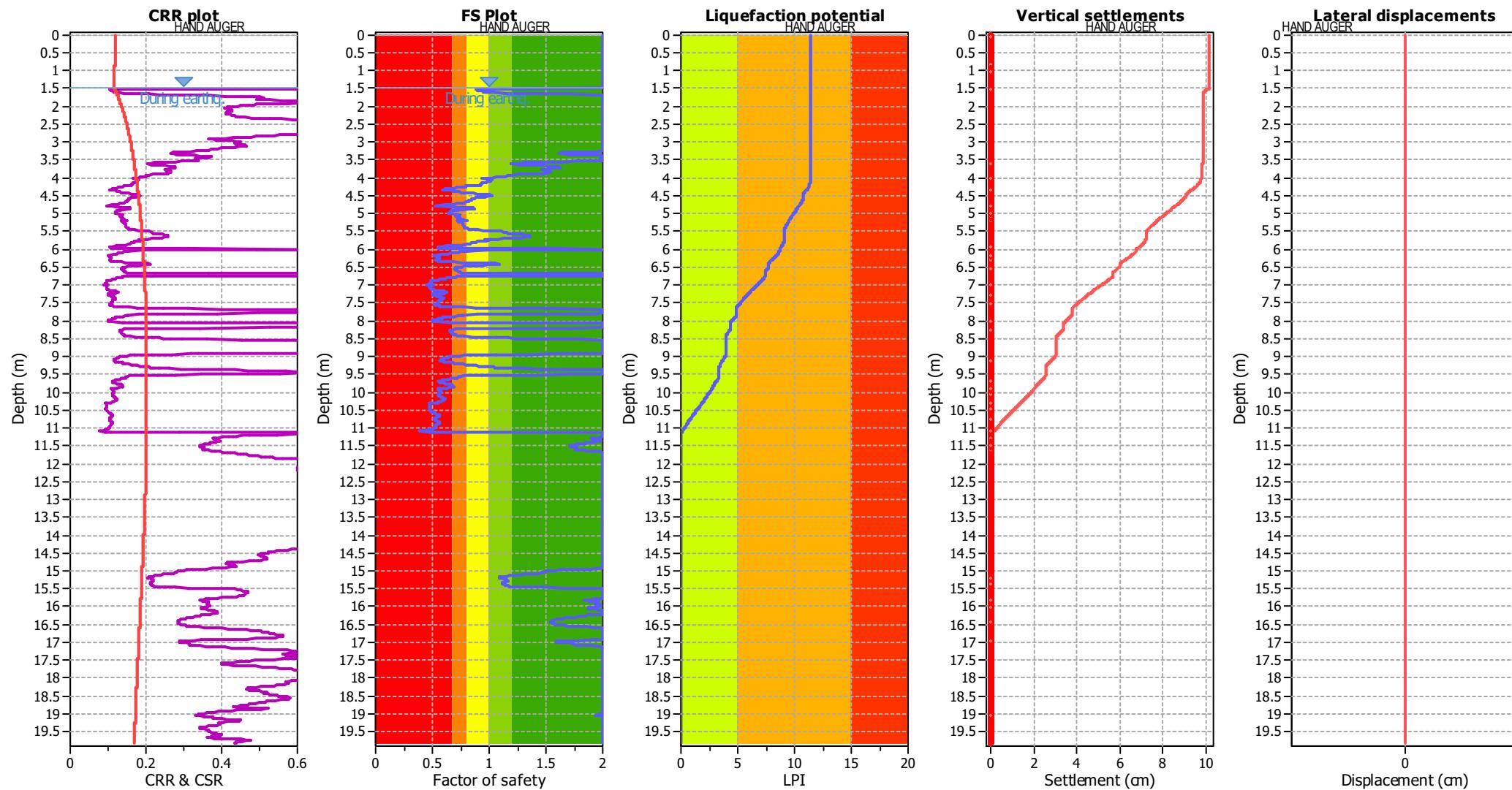
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

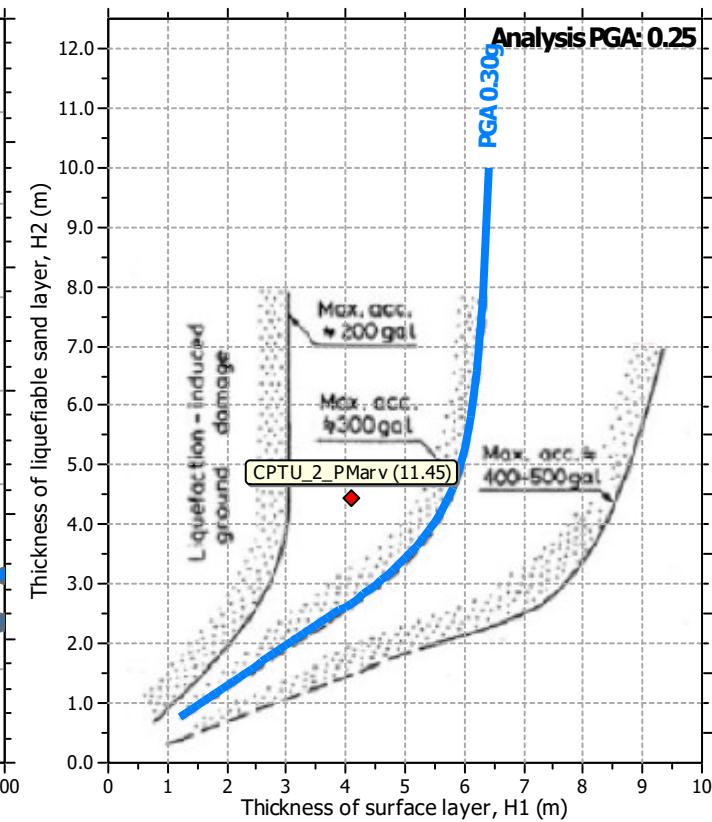
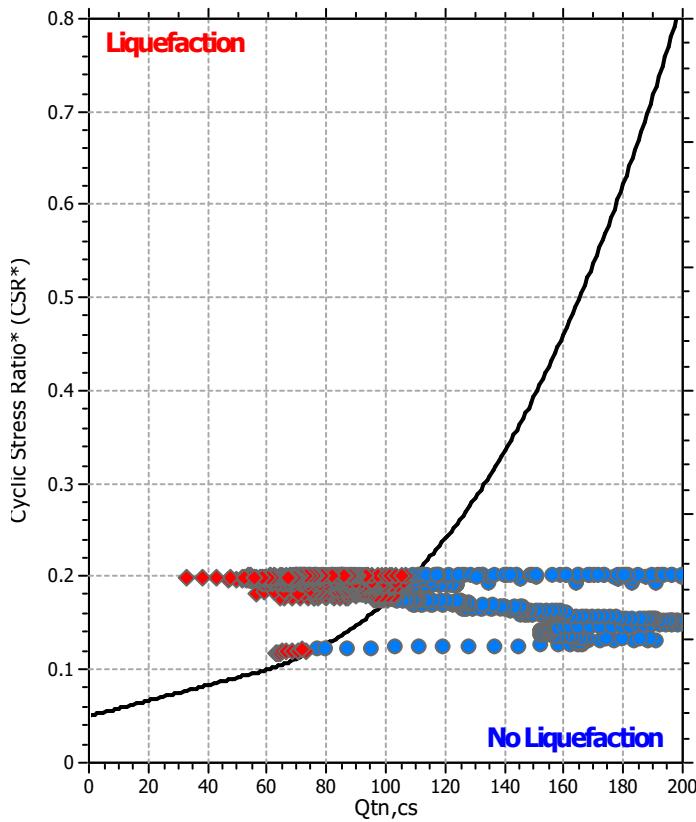
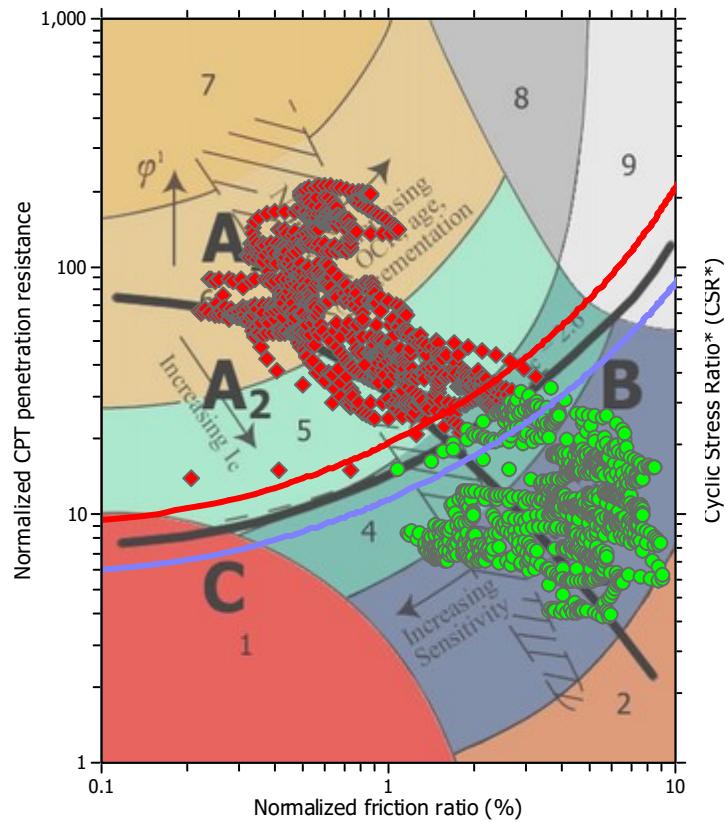
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

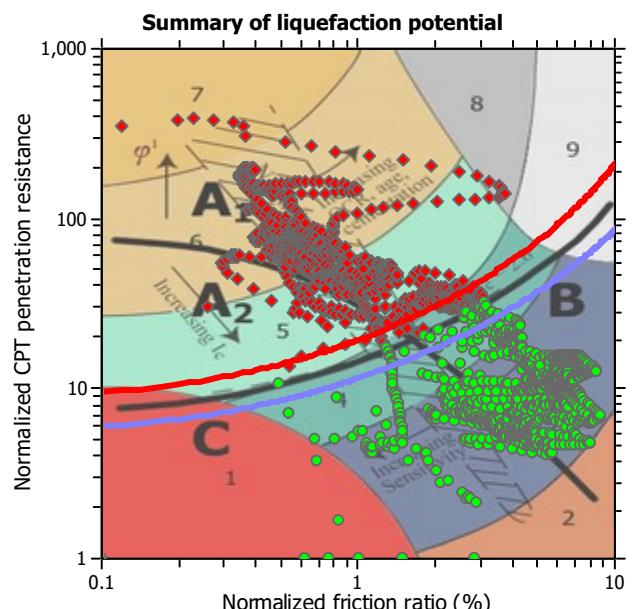
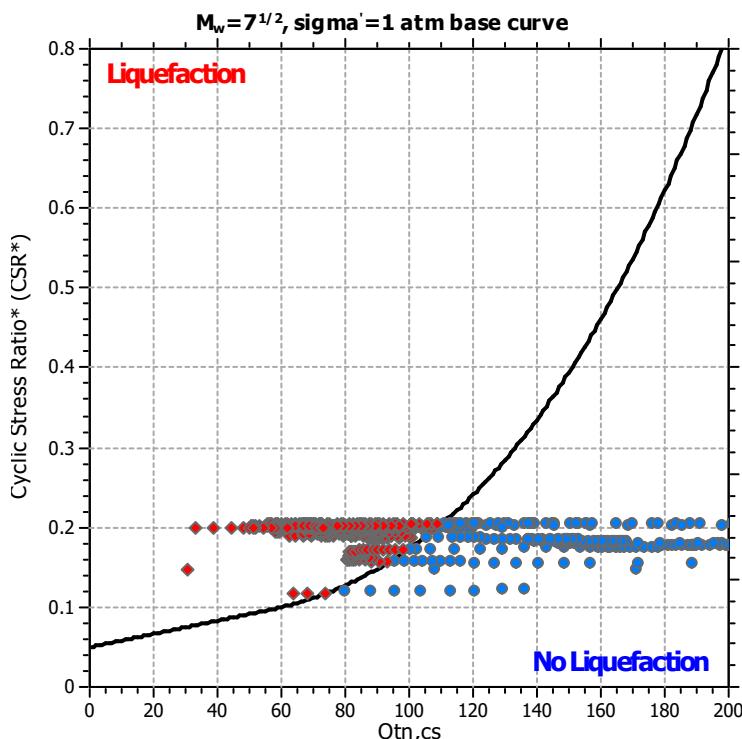
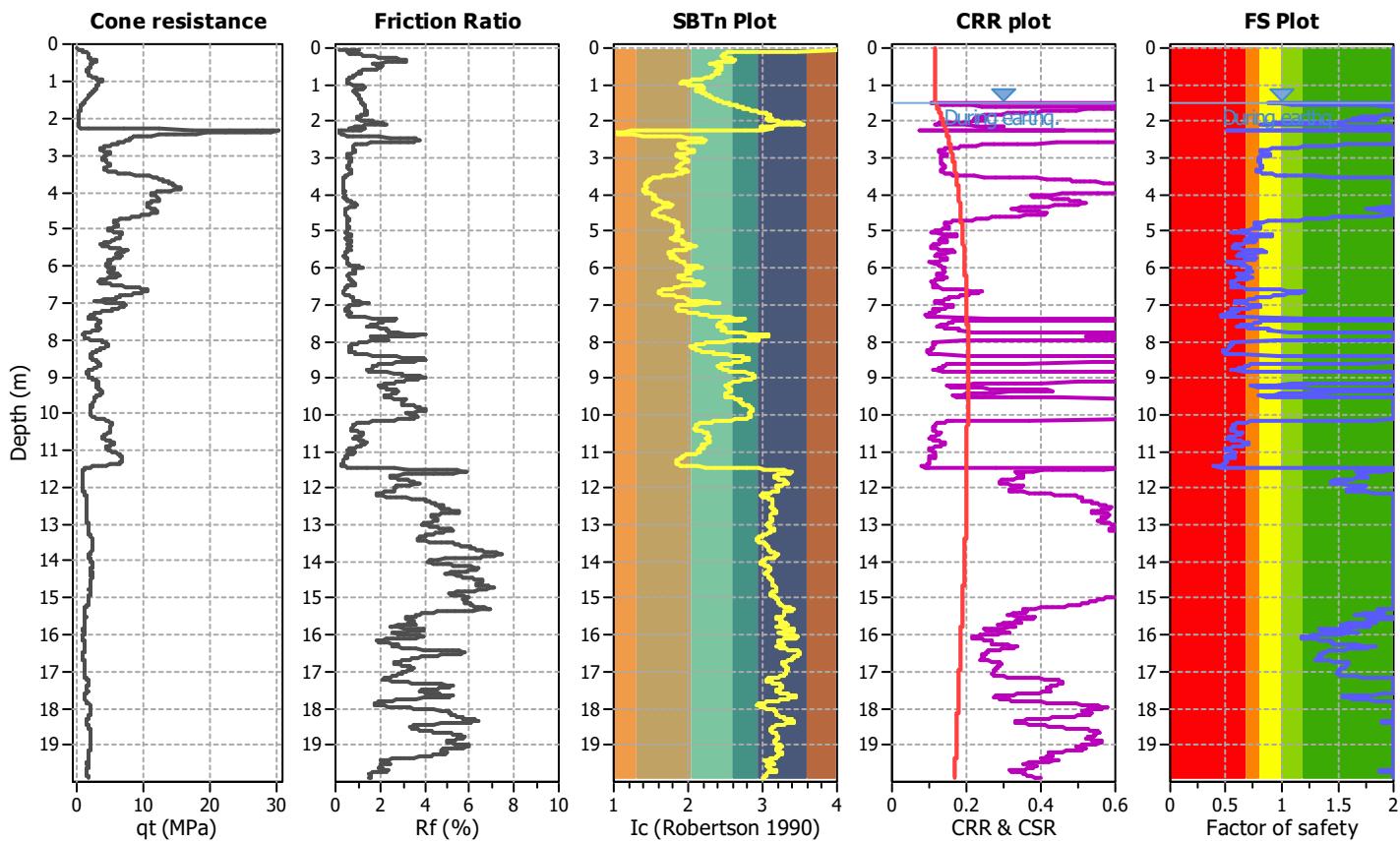


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

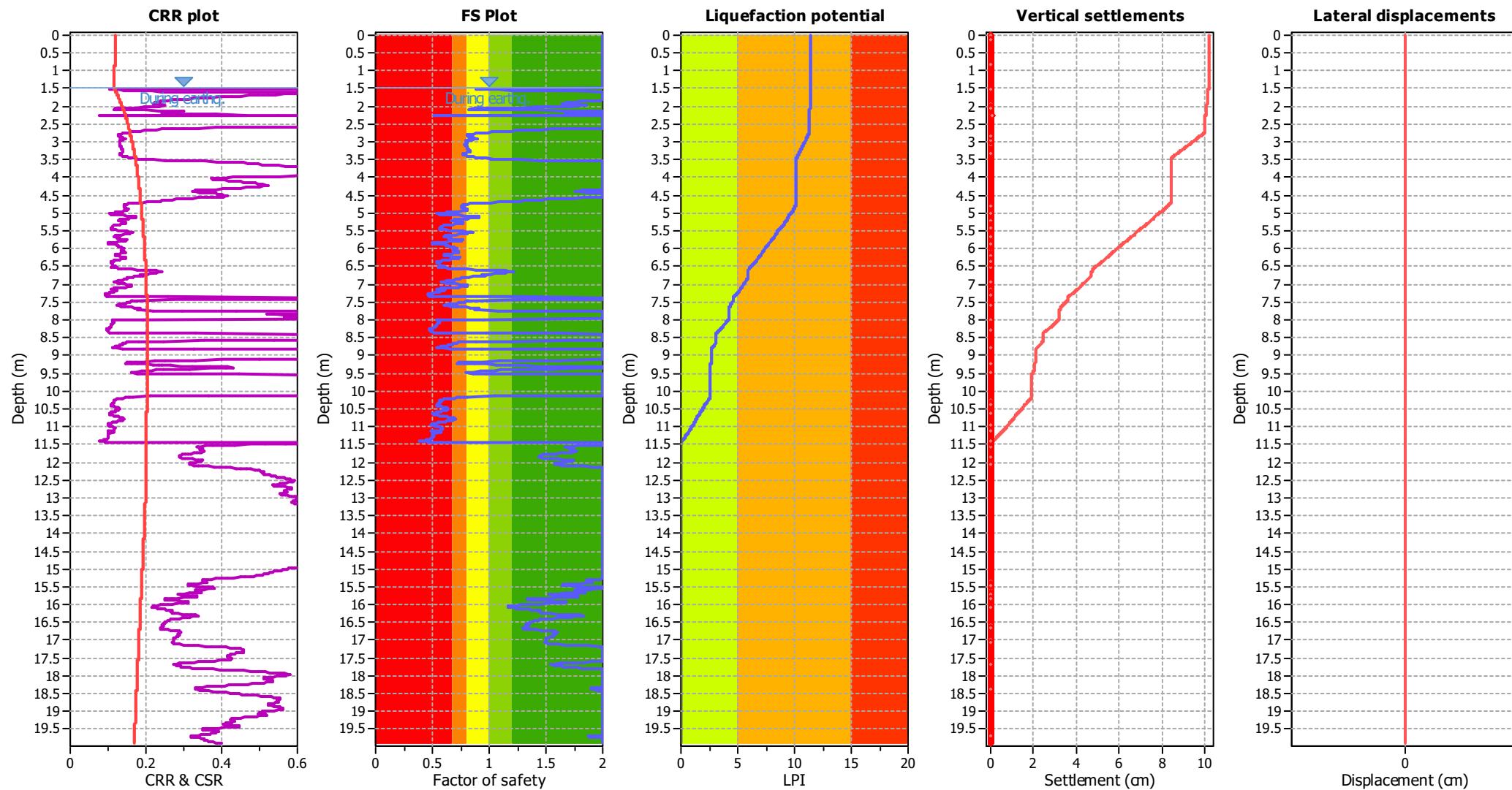
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTU_3_MArv
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.50 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

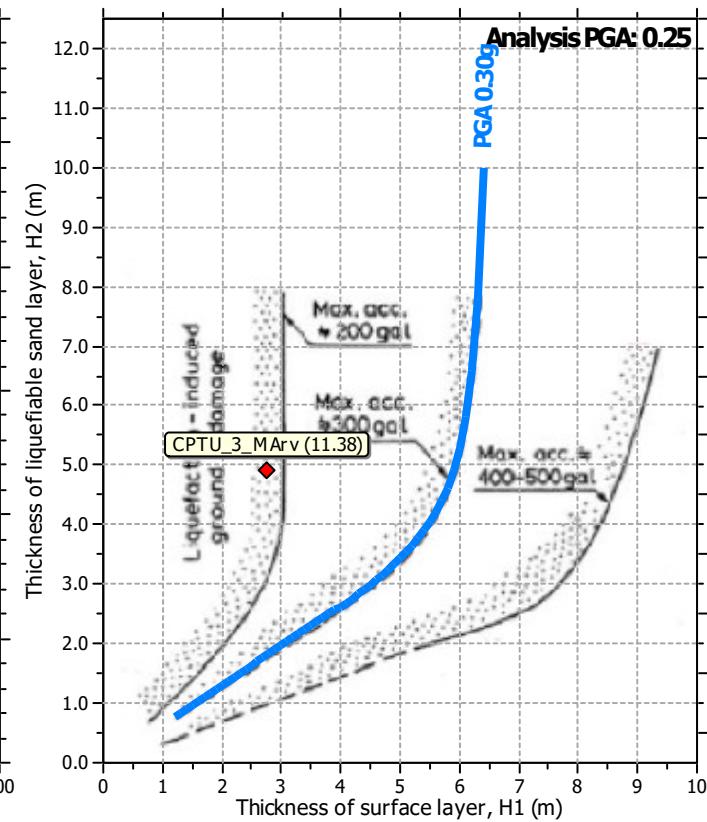
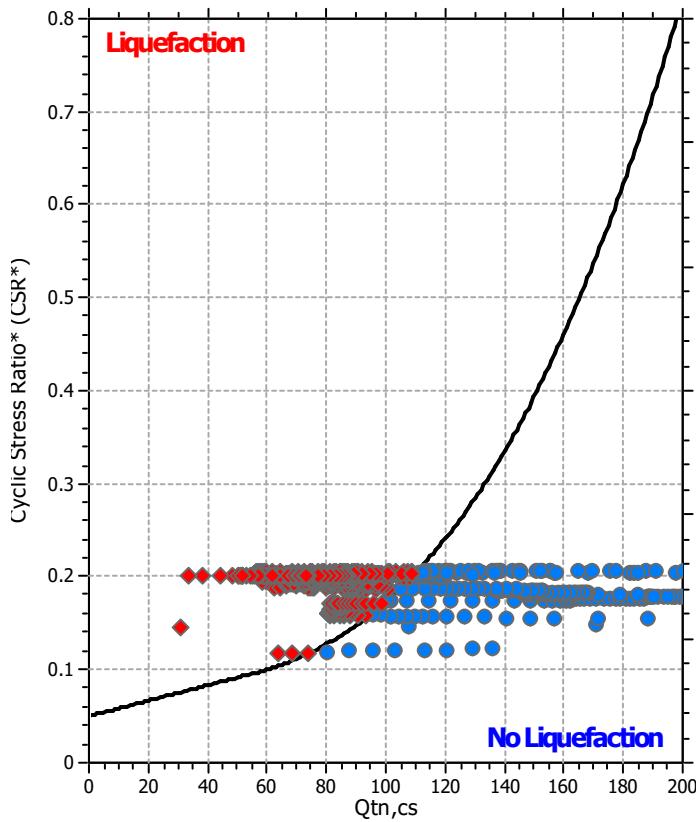
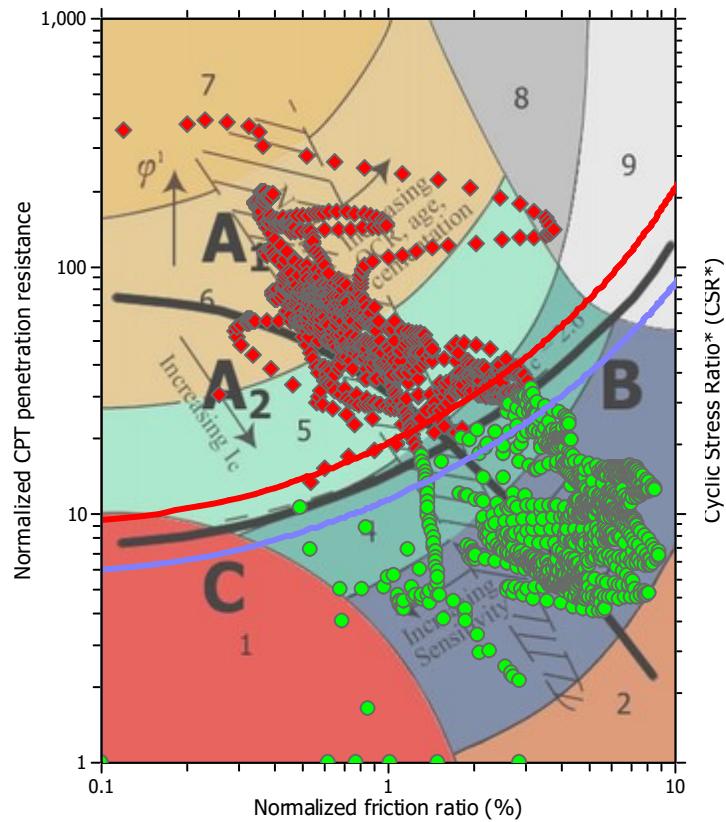
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.50 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.25 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

REPORT - ZONA RNS_03

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

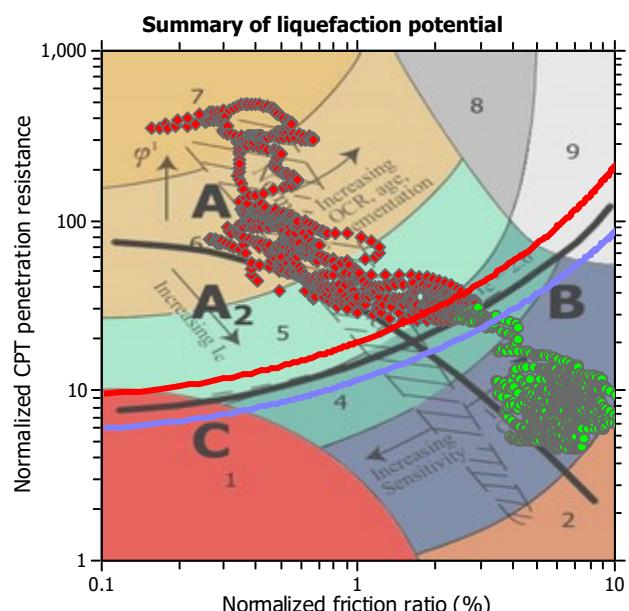
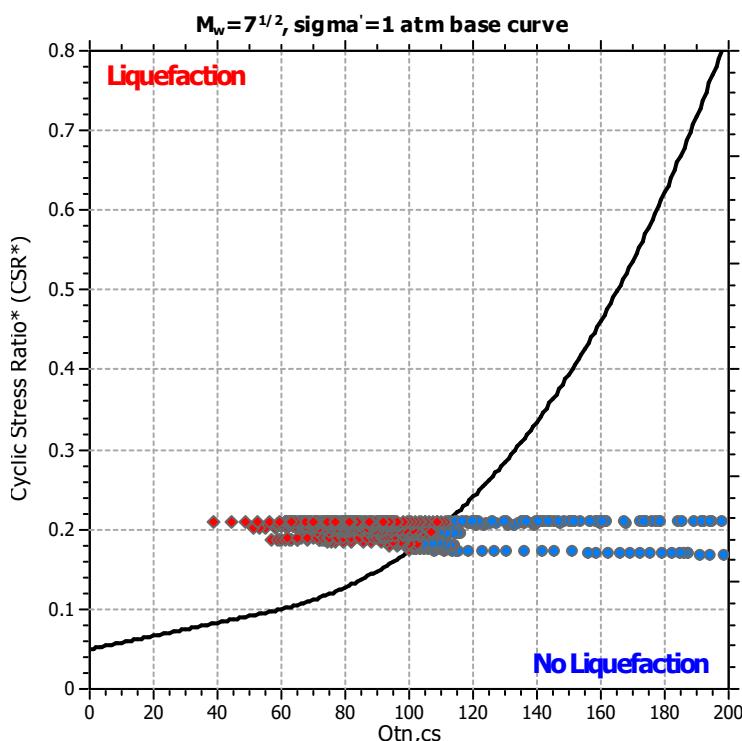
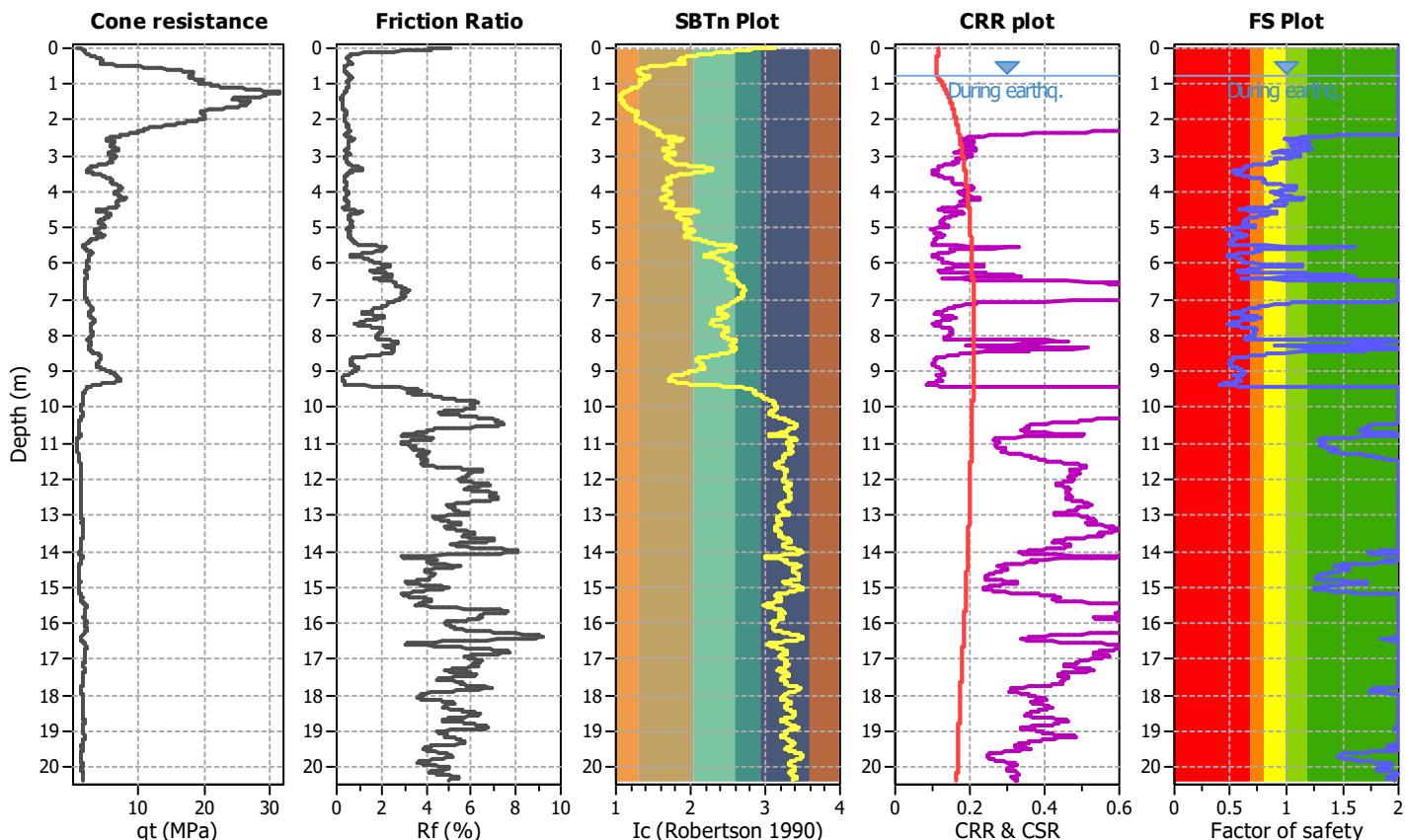
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1288

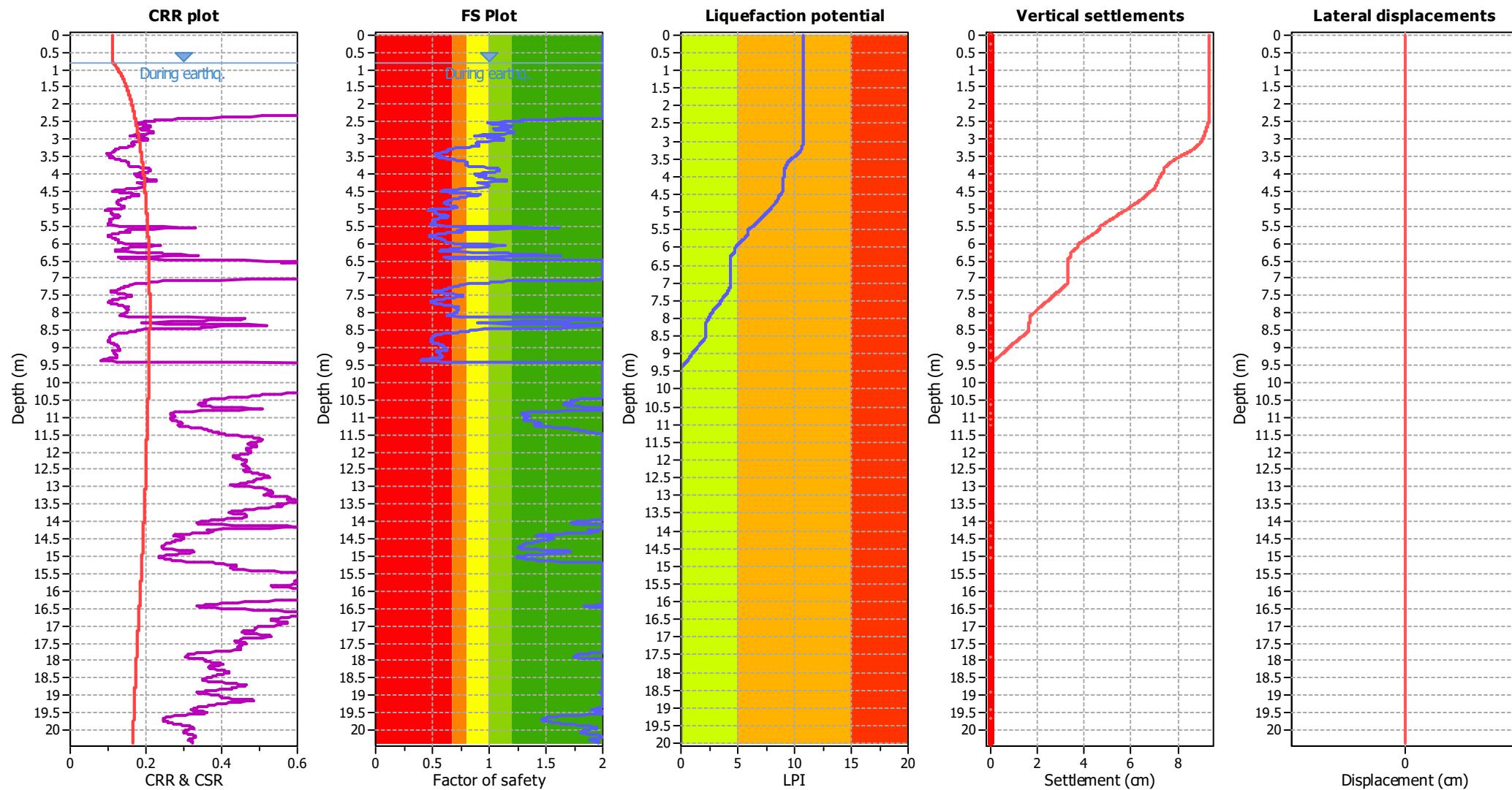
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A2: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

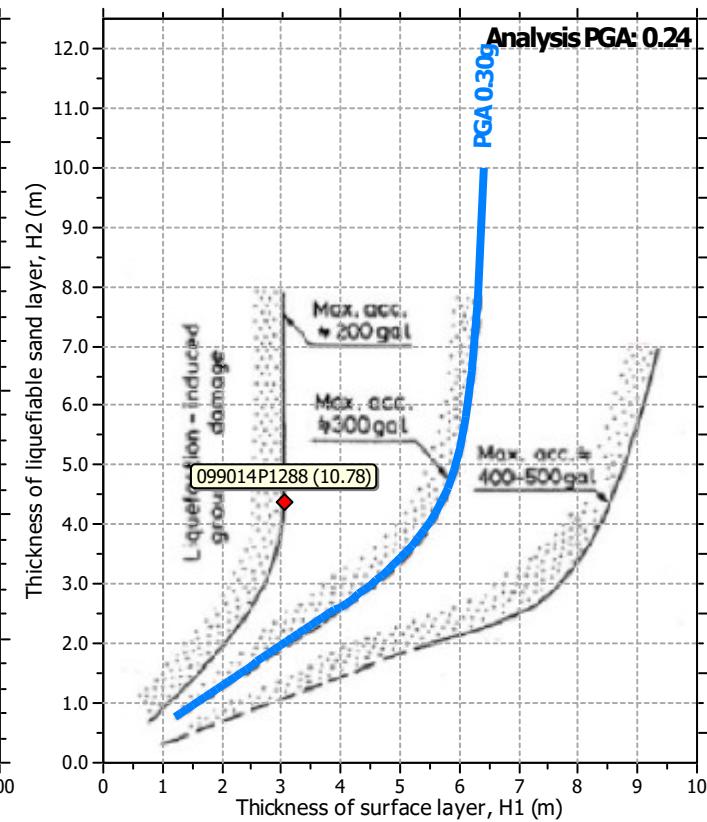
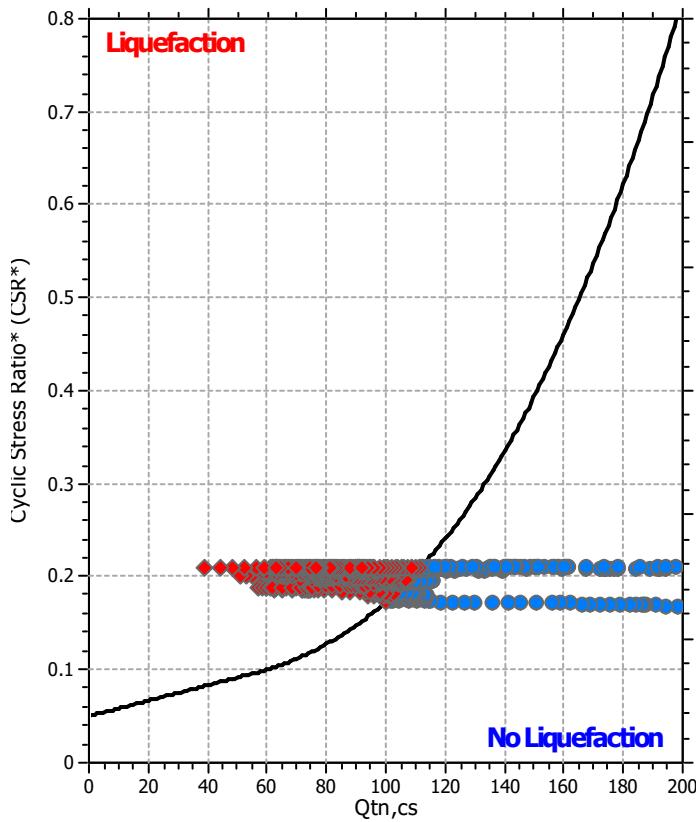
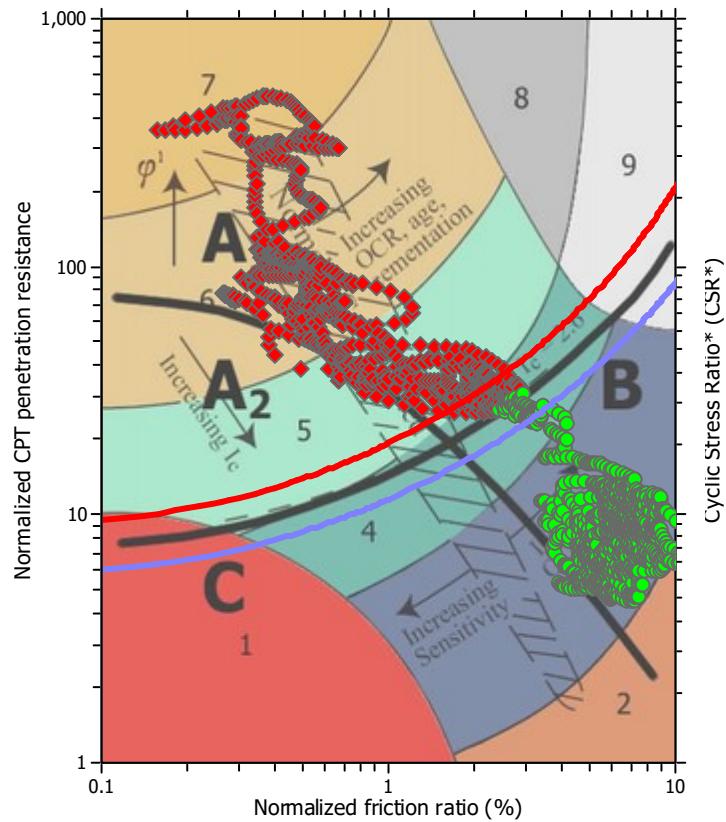
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

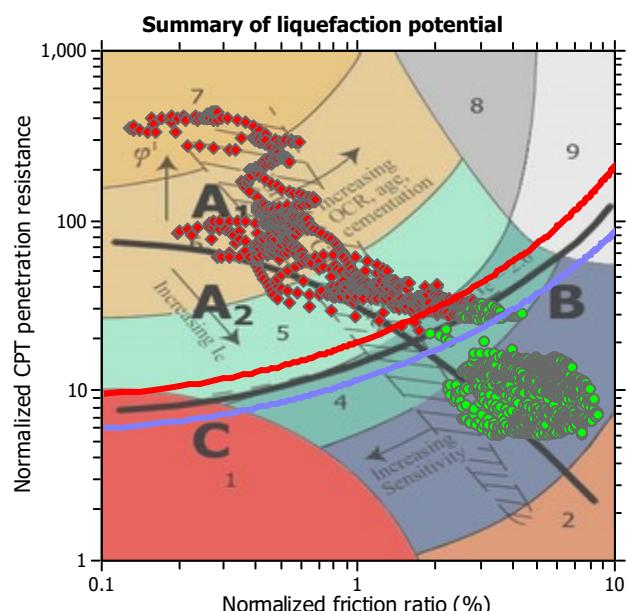
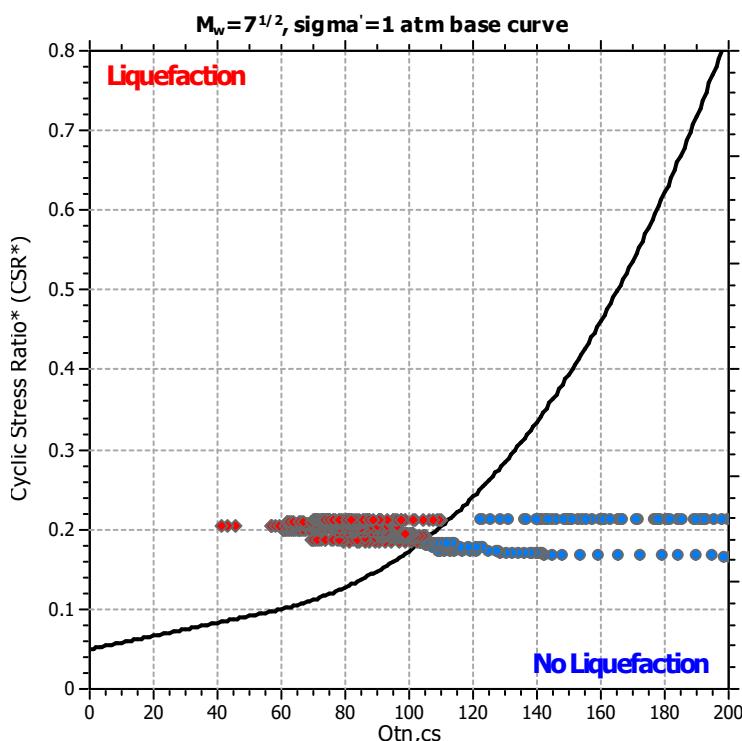
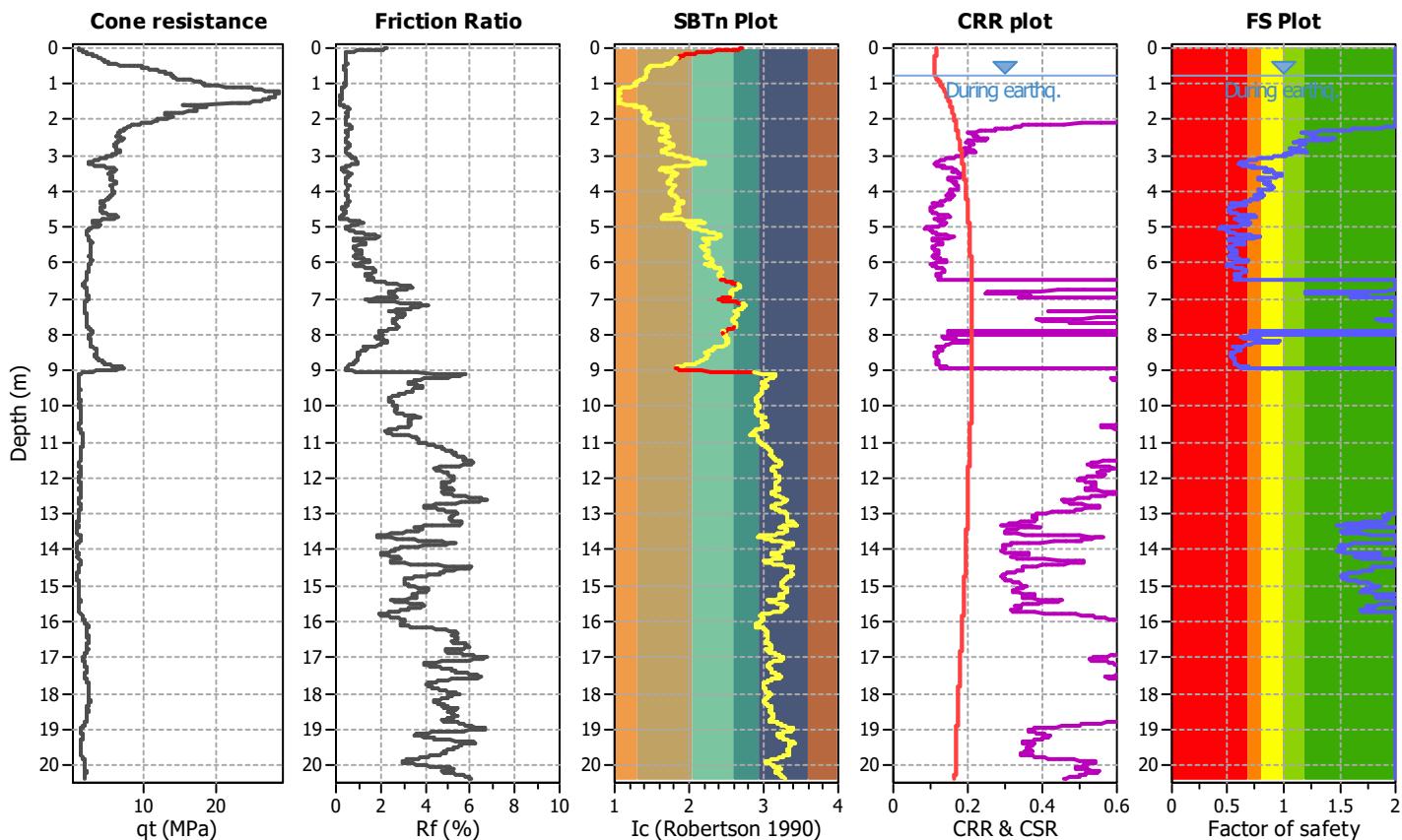
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1290

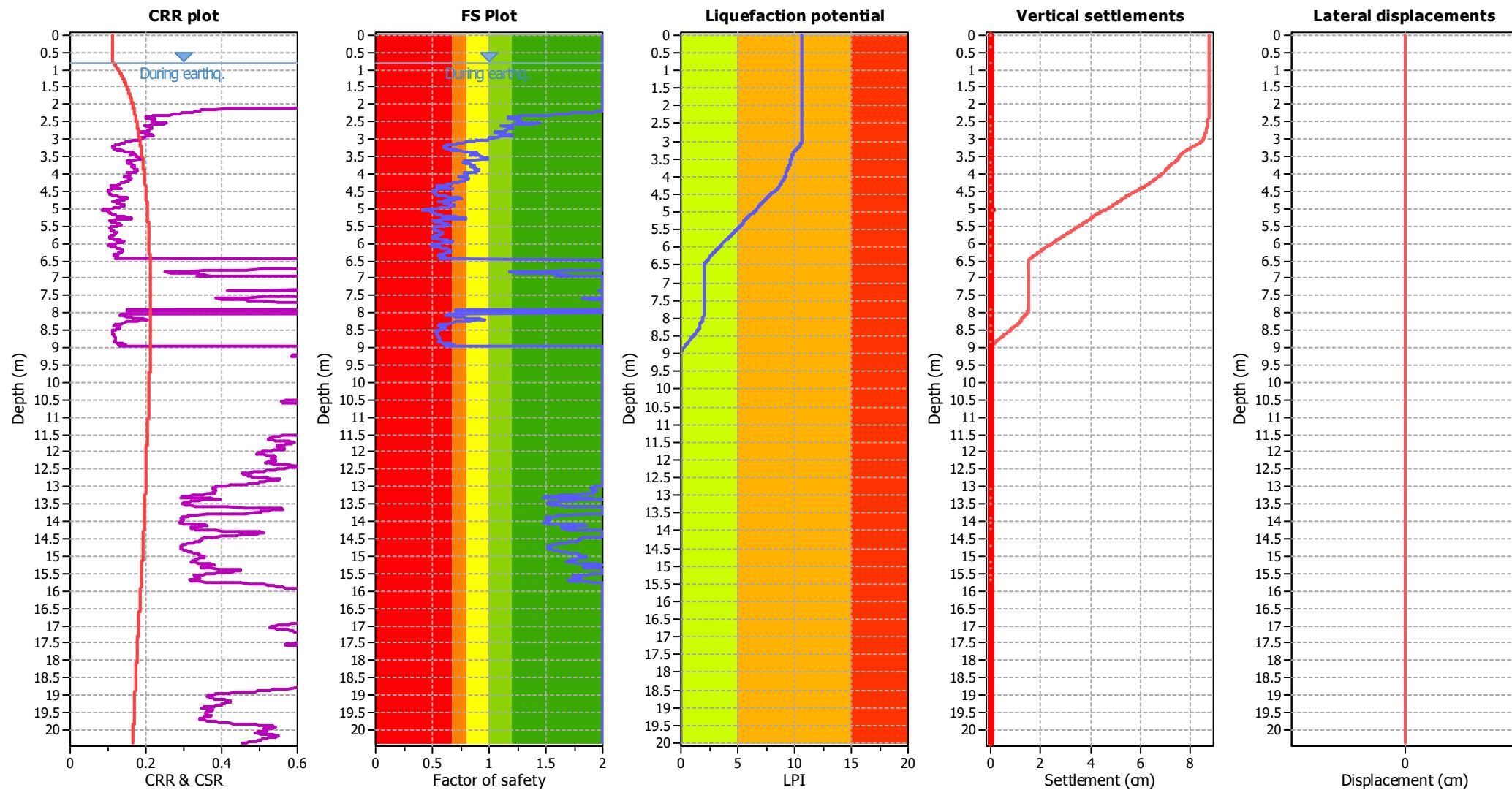
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

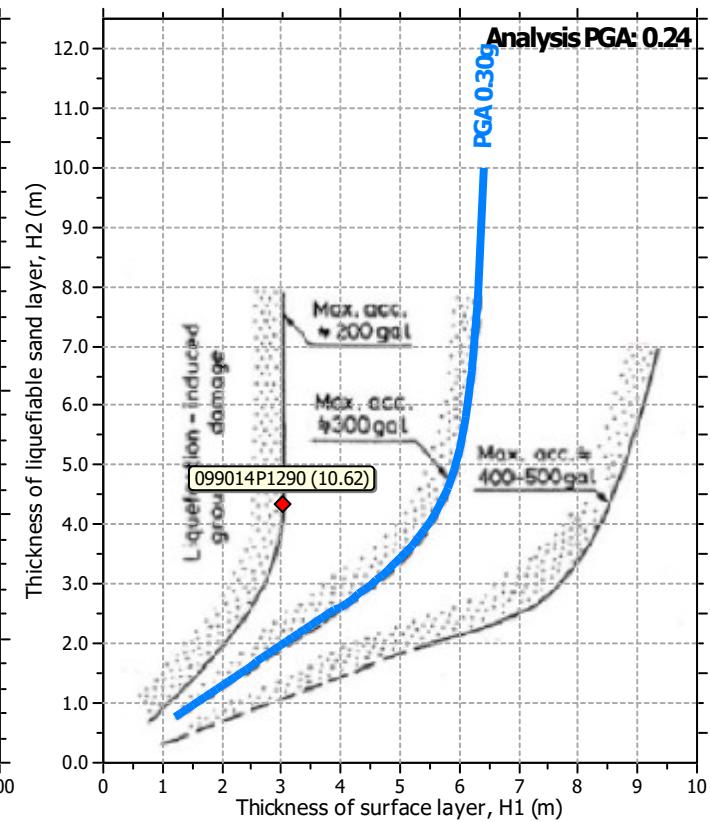
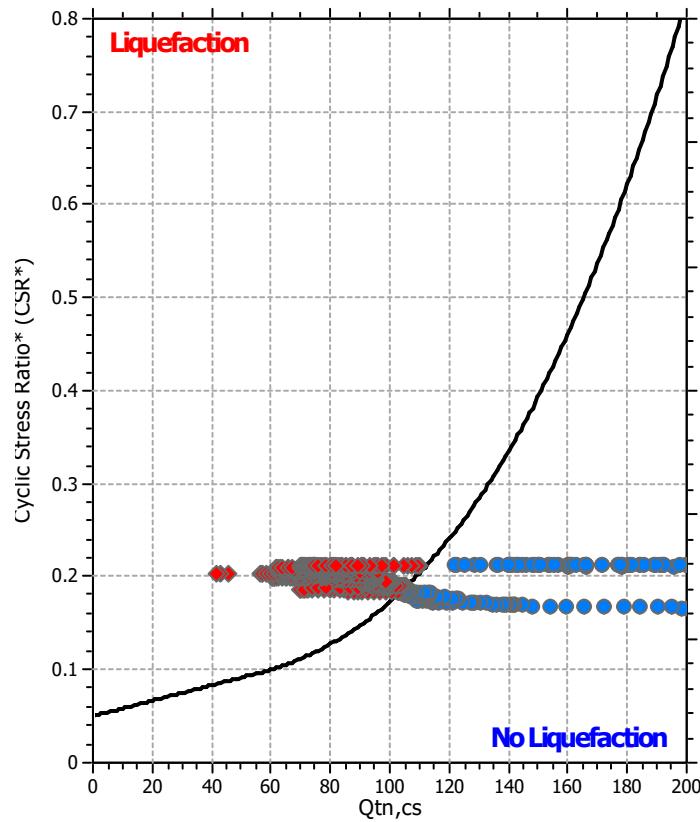
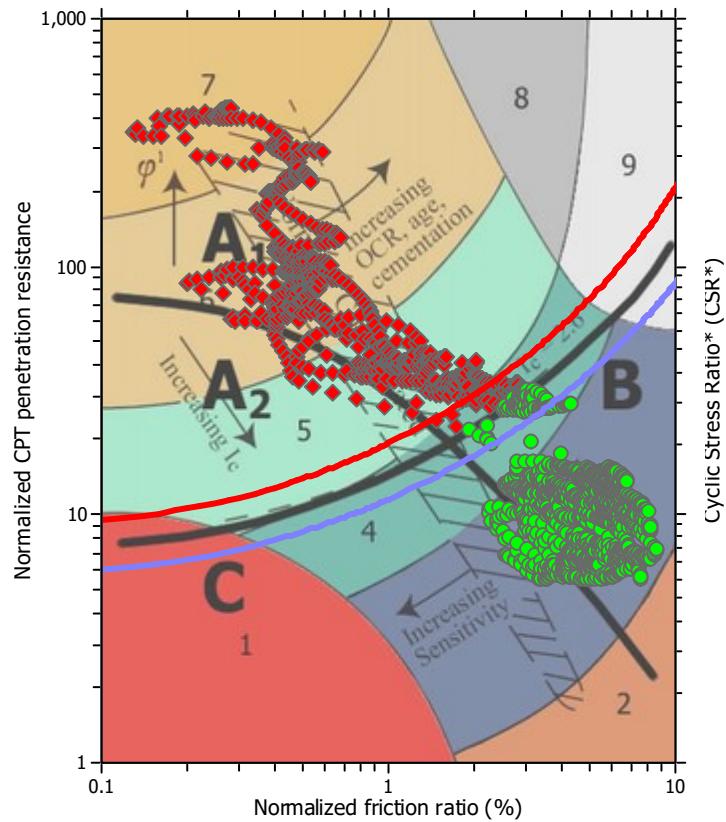
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 | K _d applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

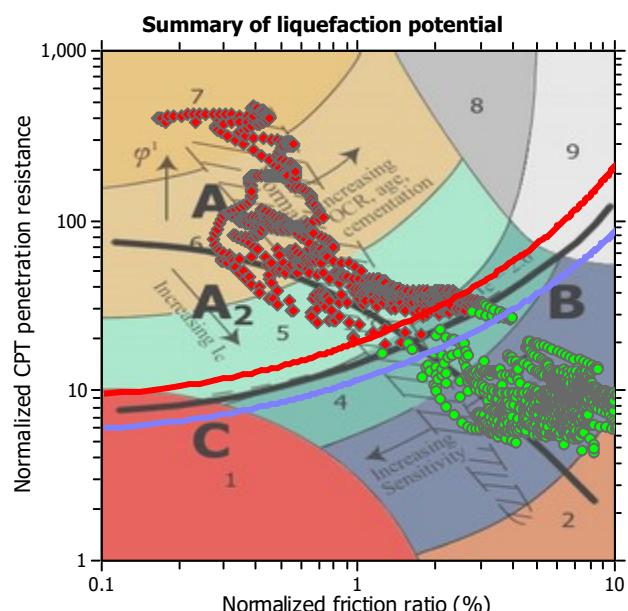
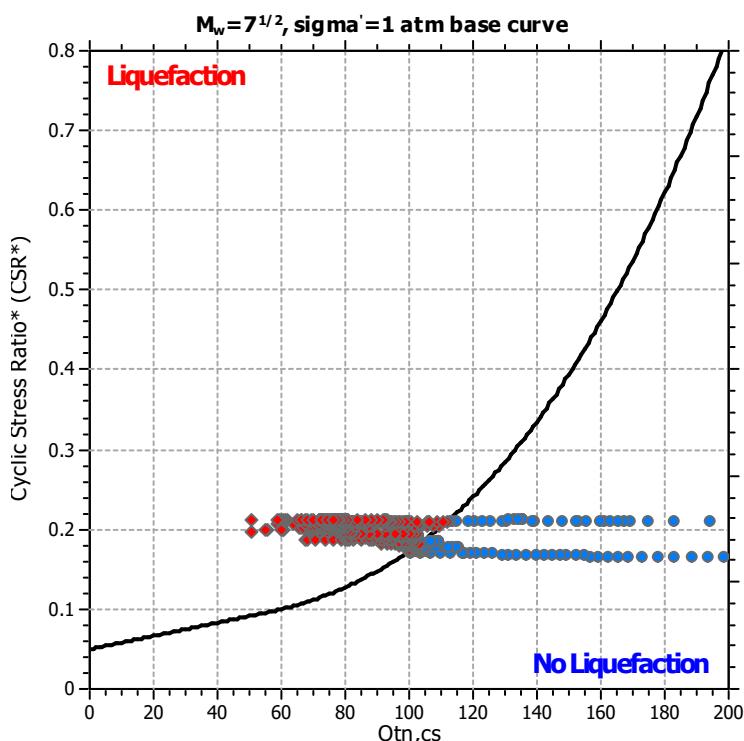
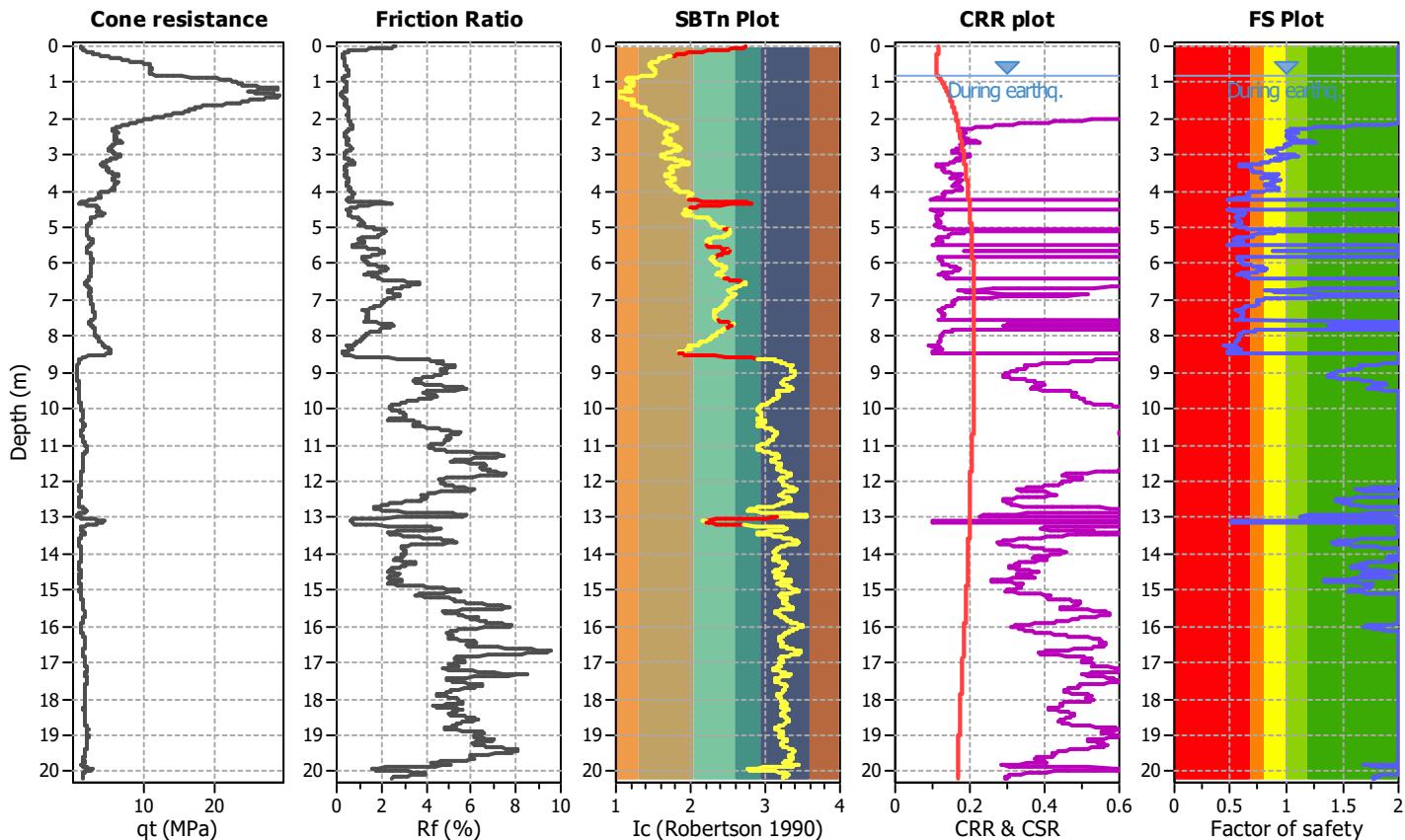
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1292

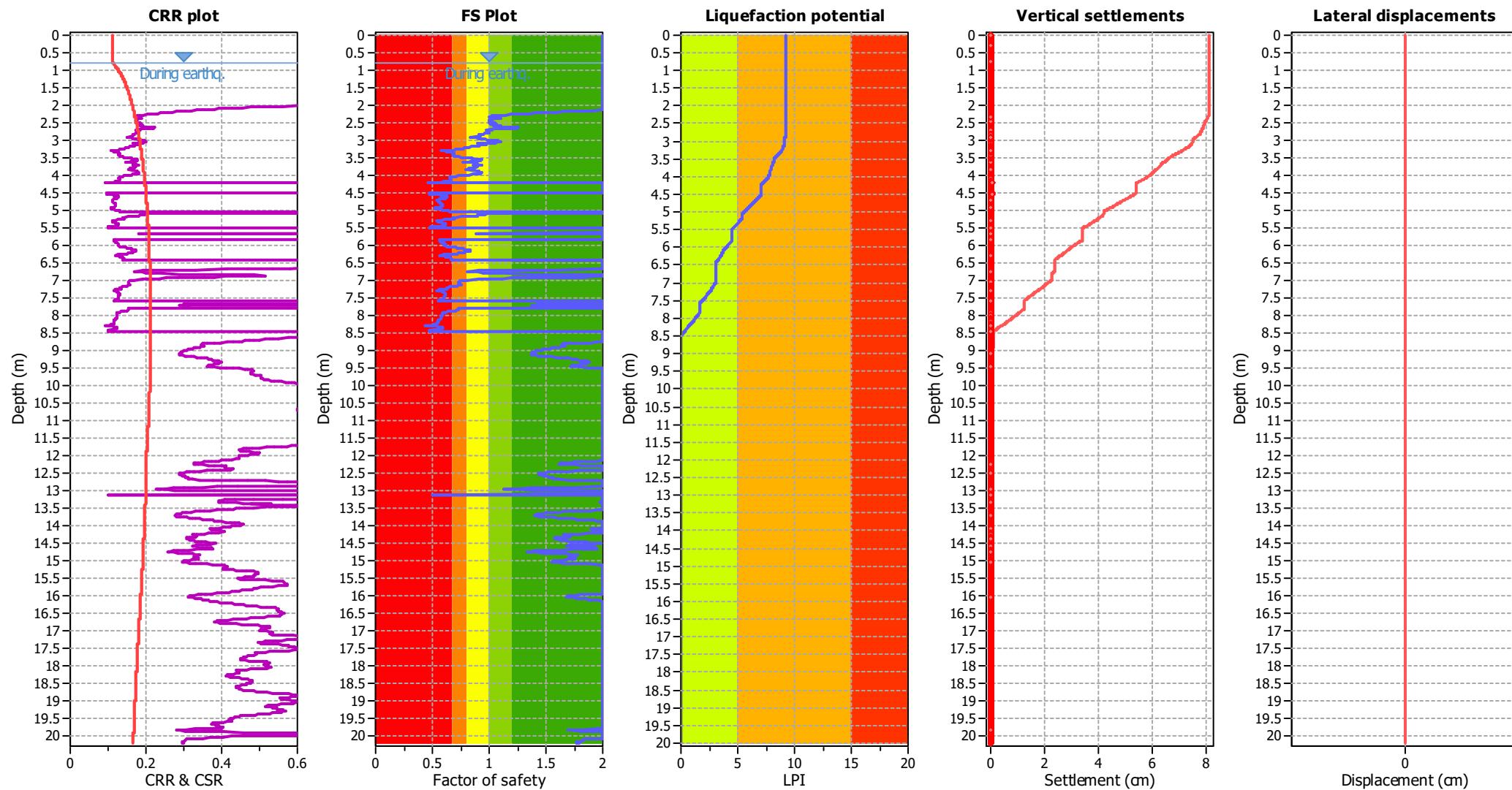
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

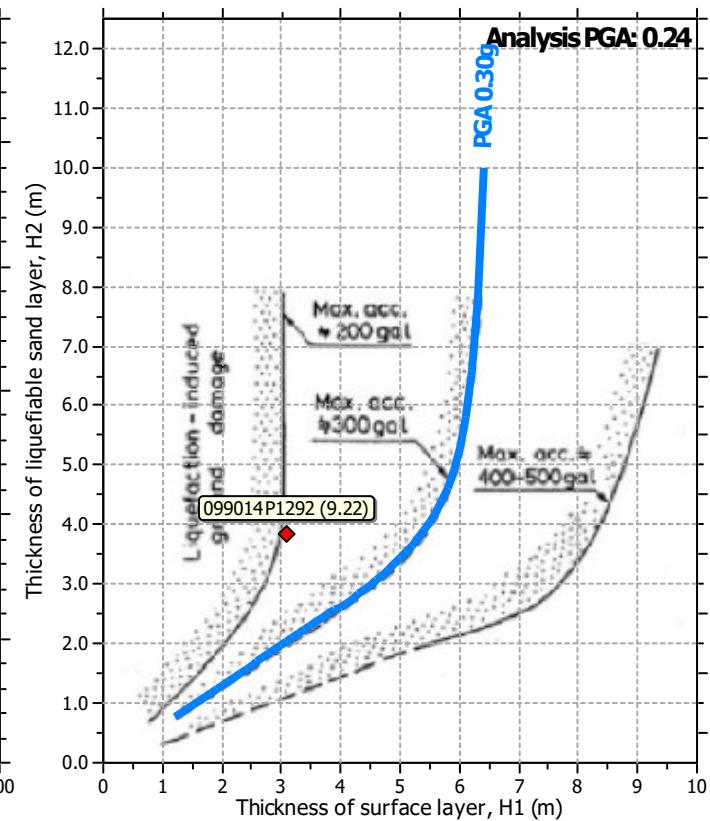
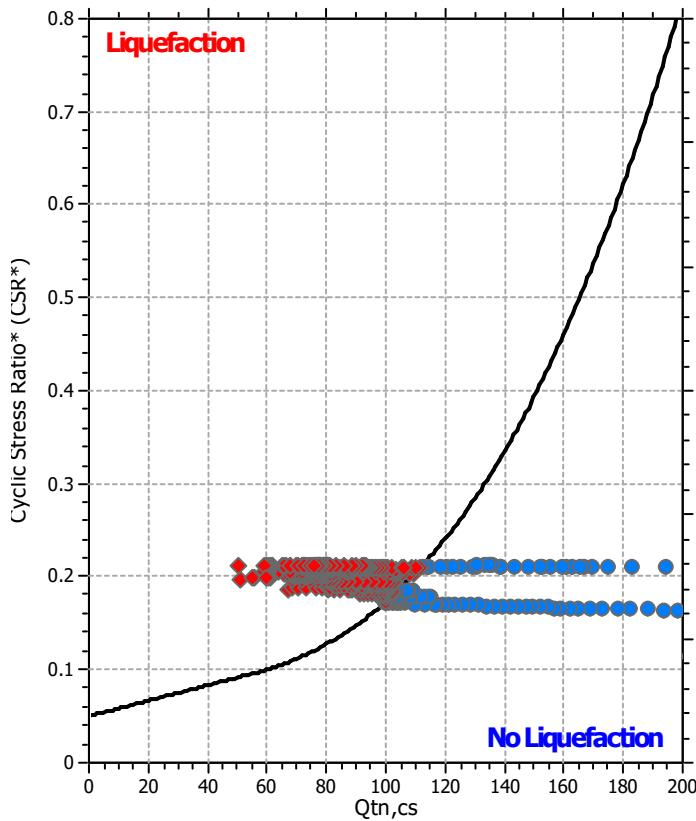
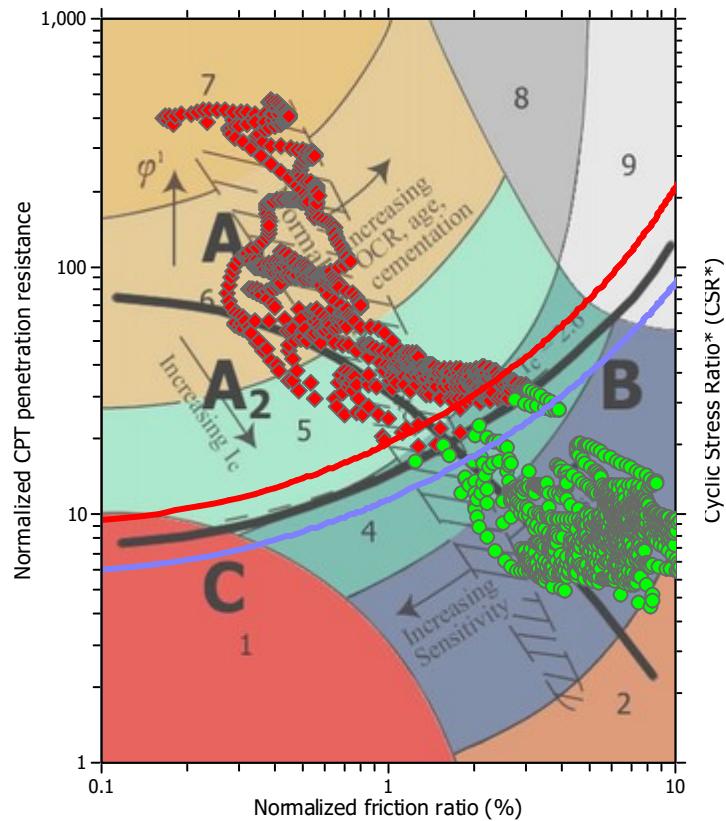
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

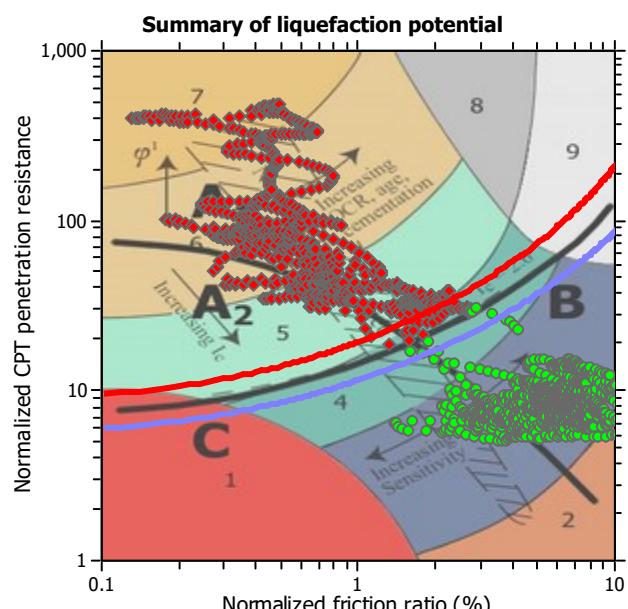
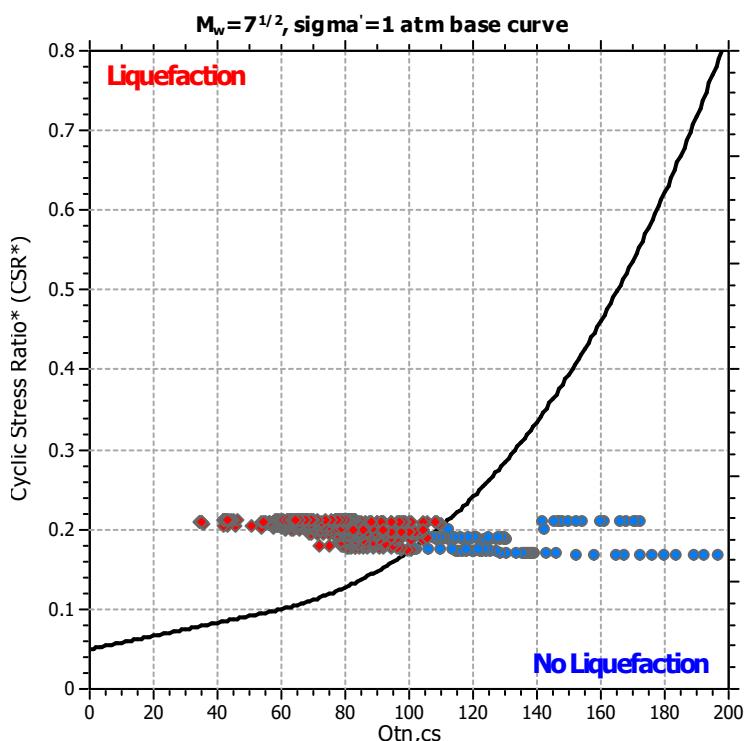
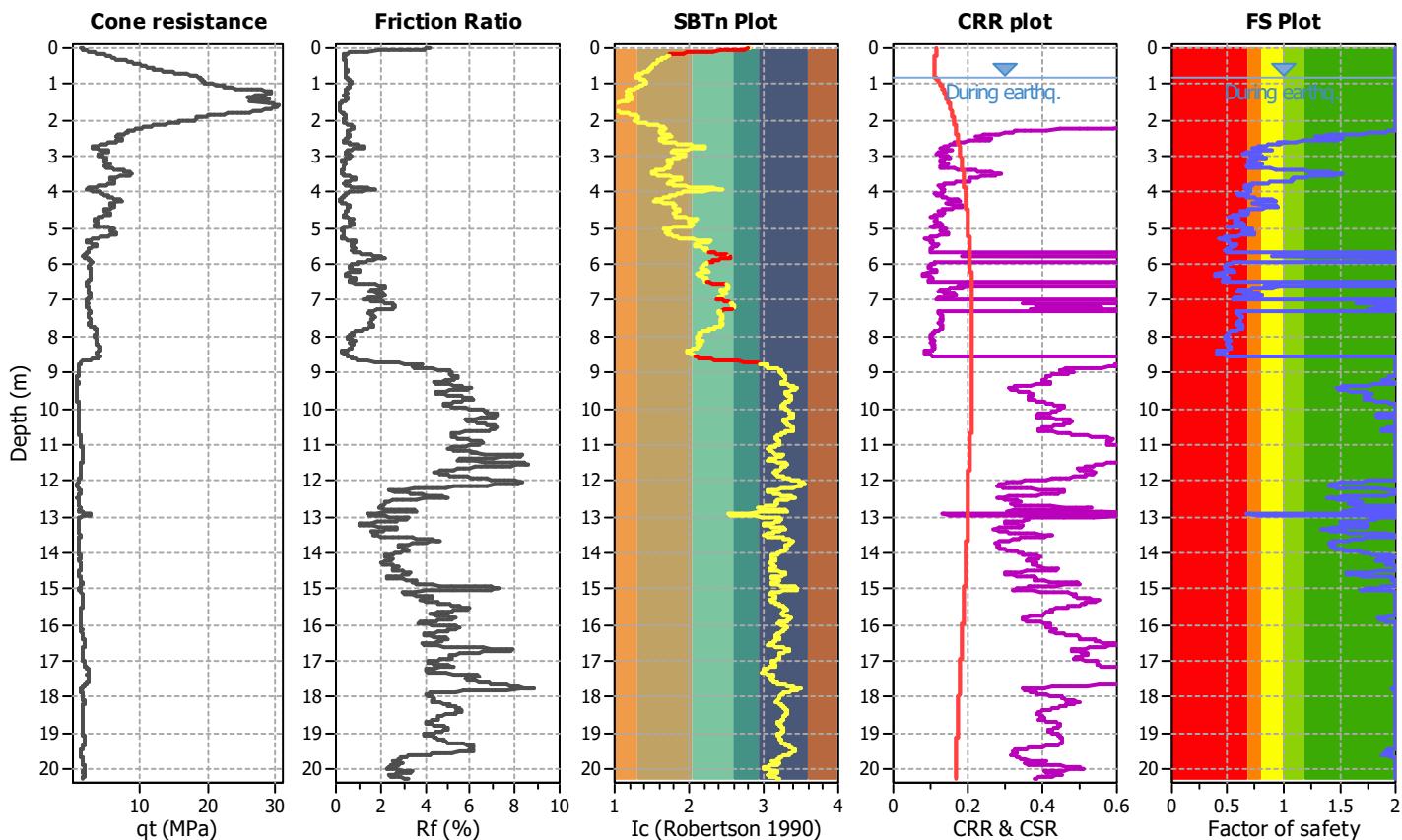
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1293

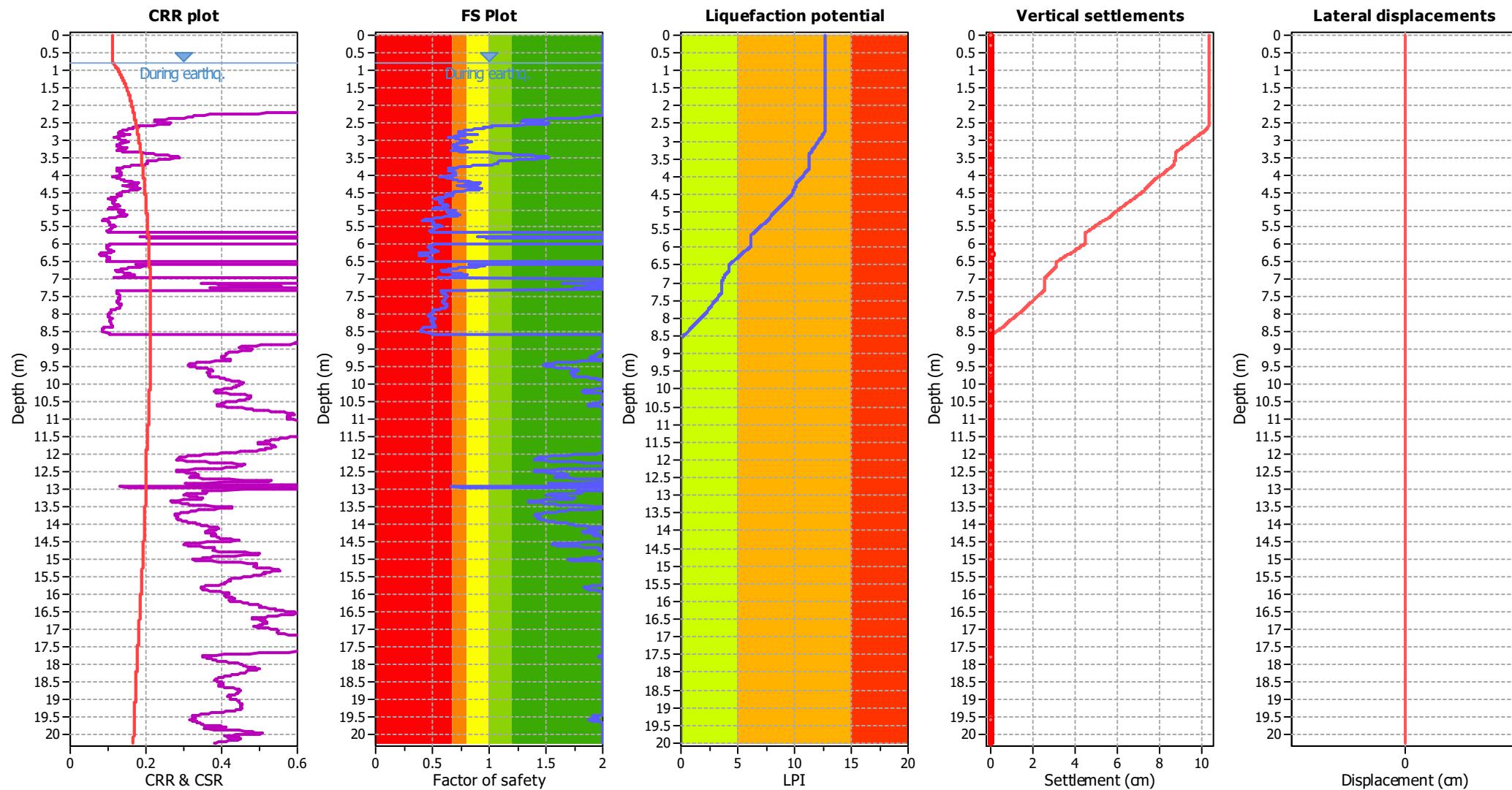
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

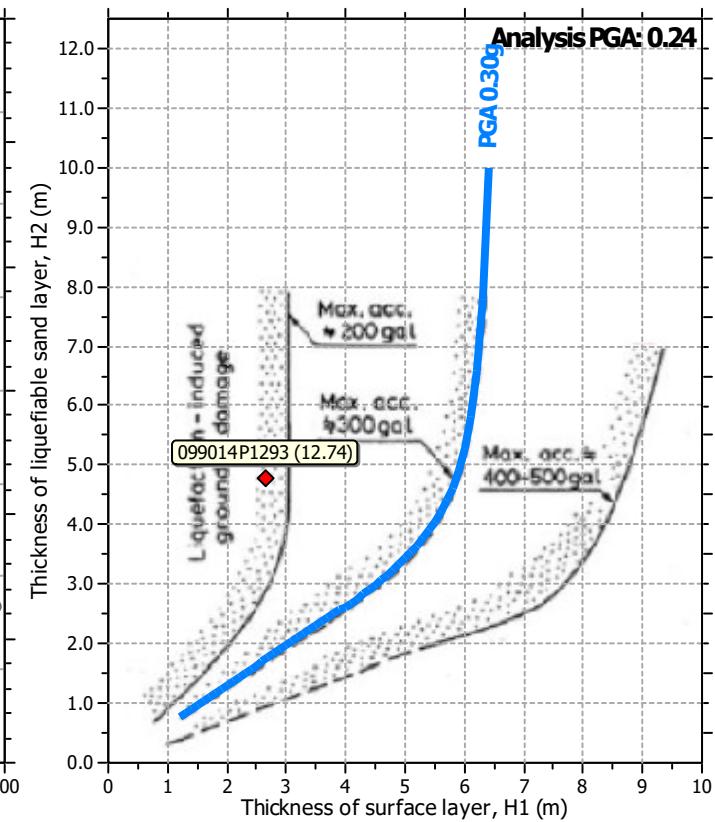
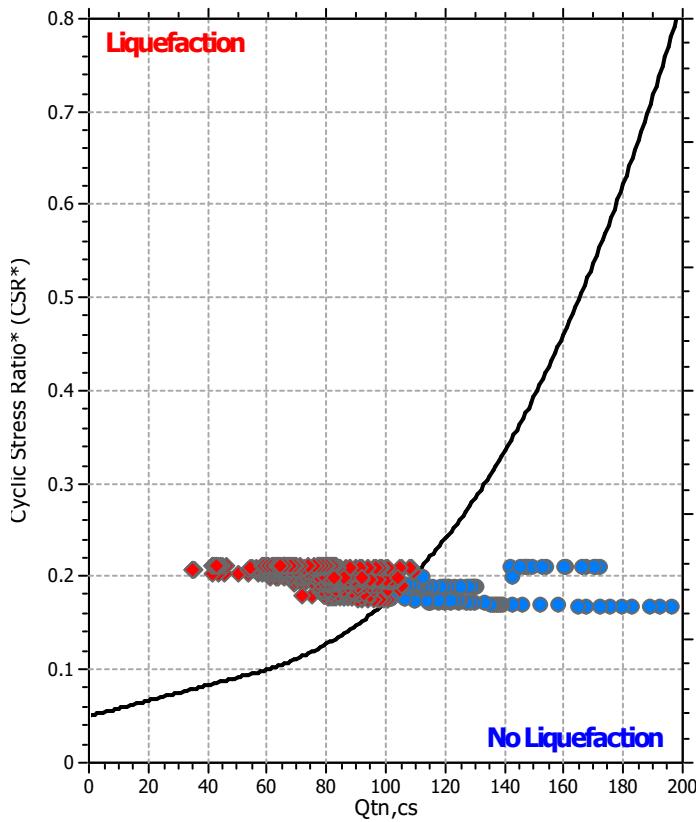
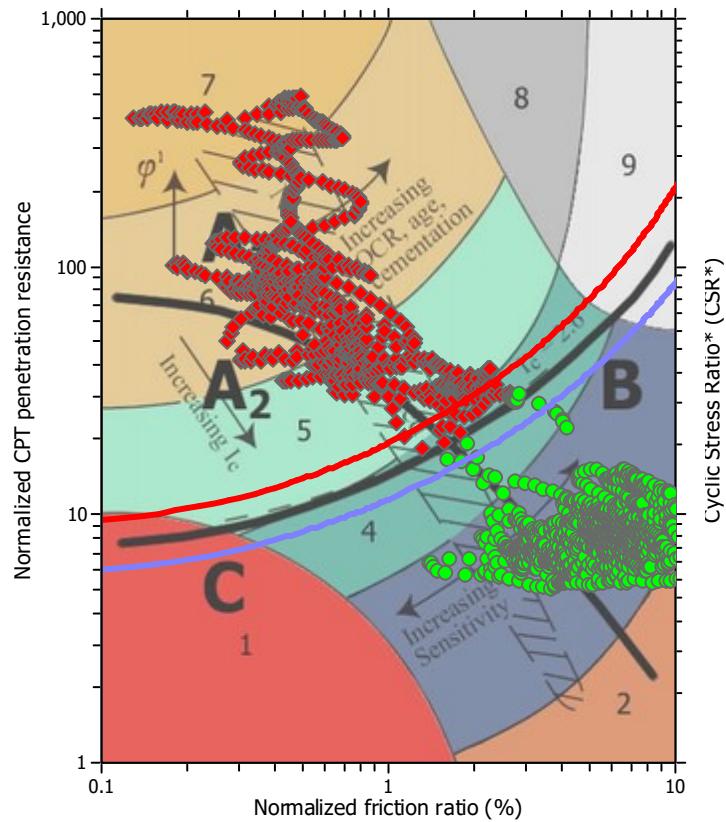
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

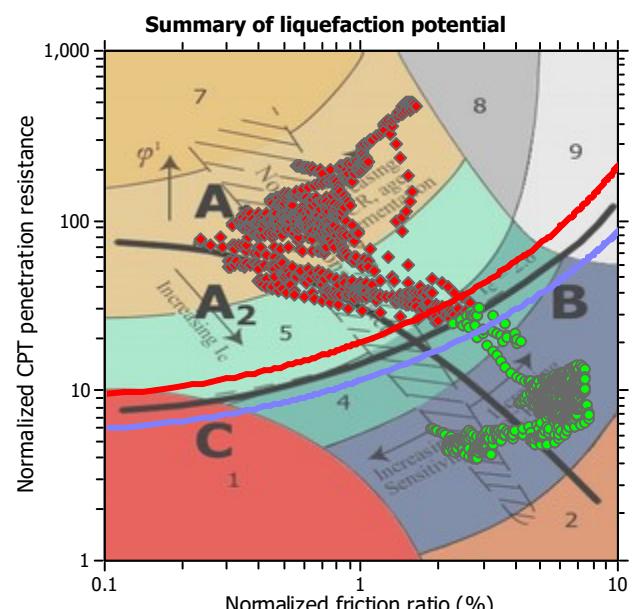
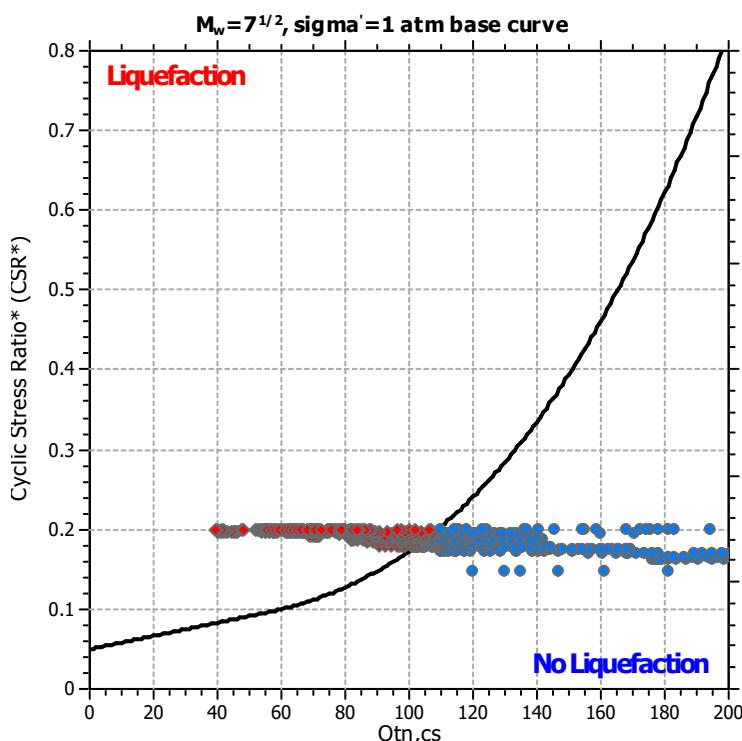
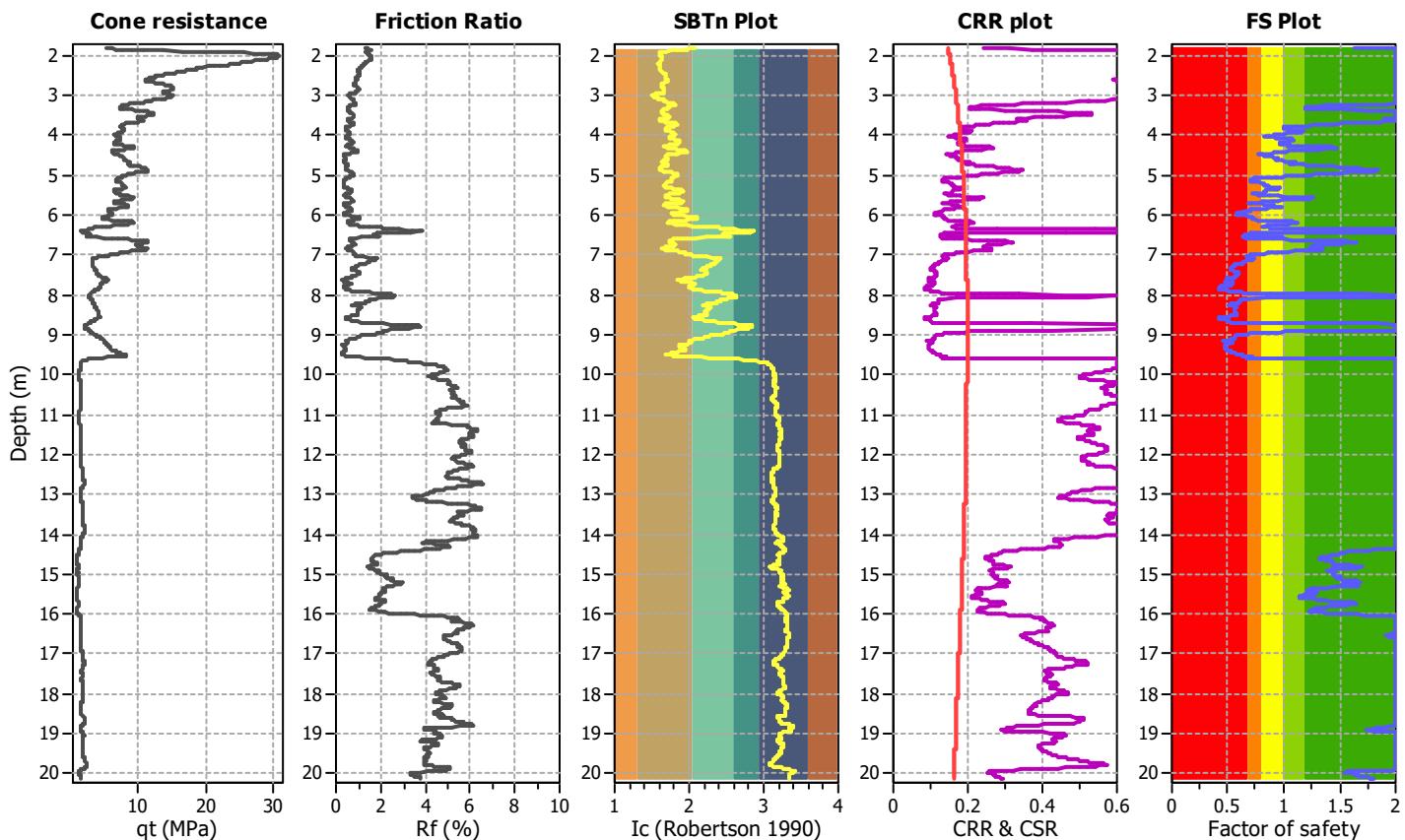


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

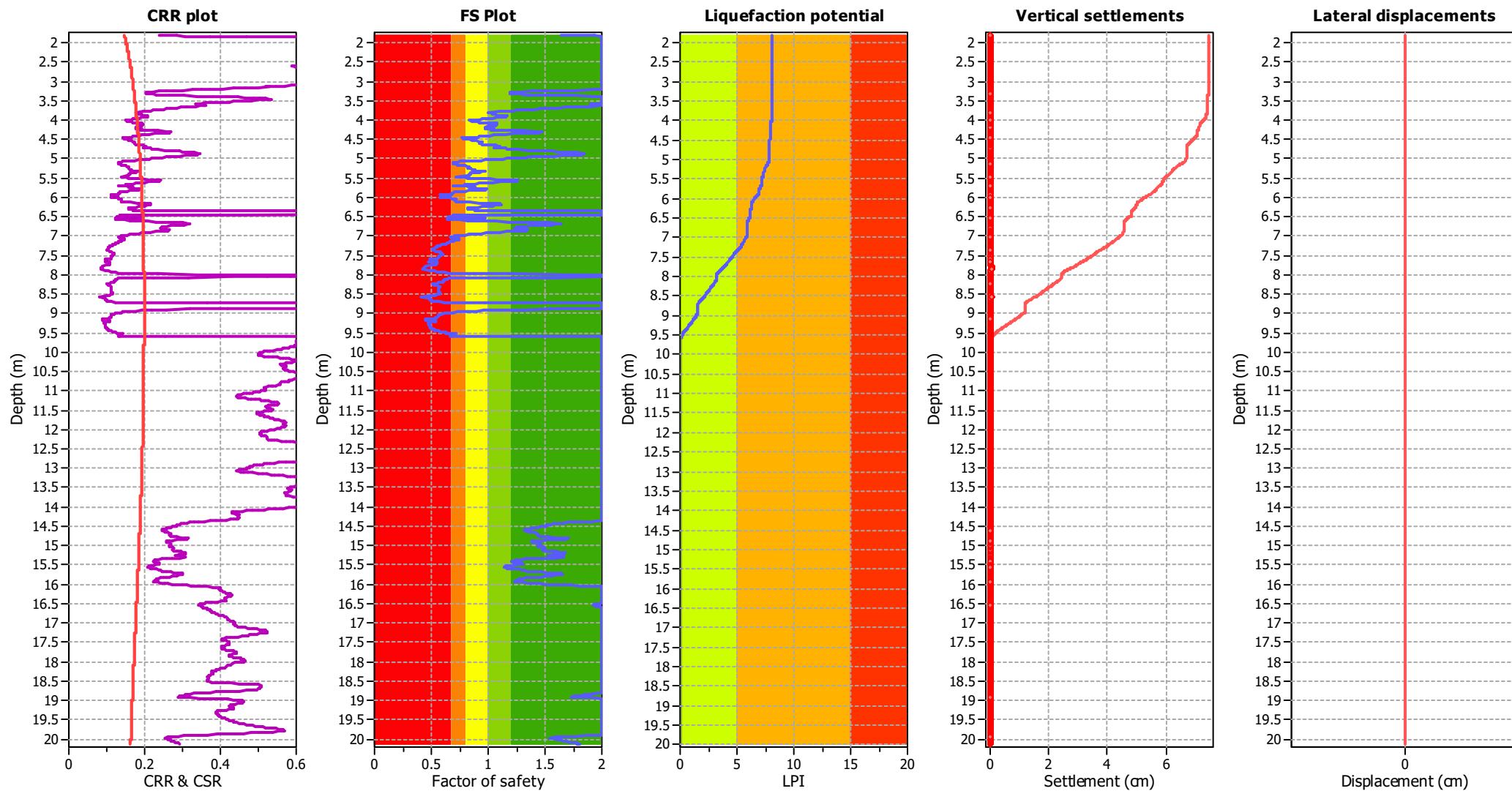
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1295
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K _o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

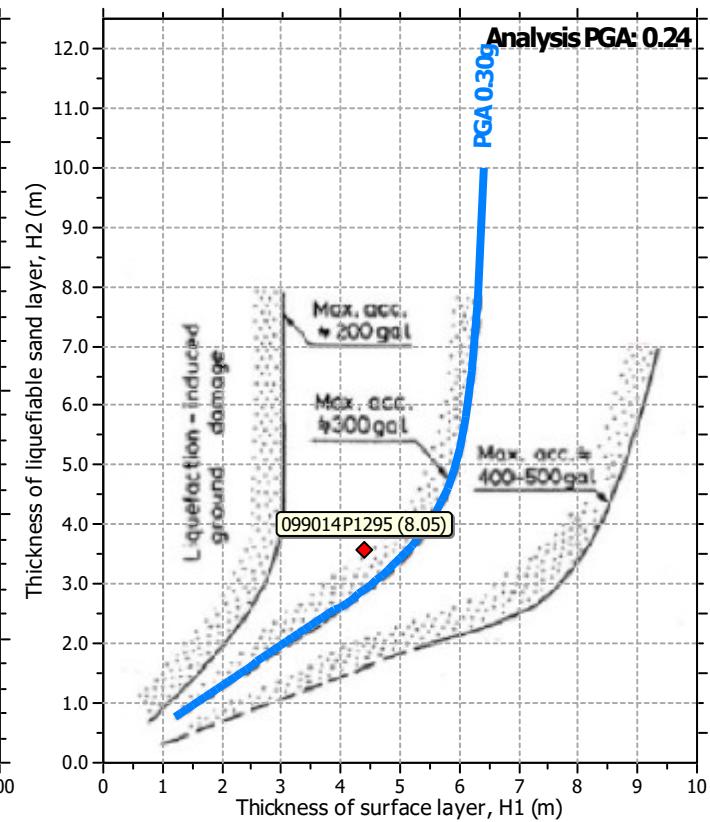
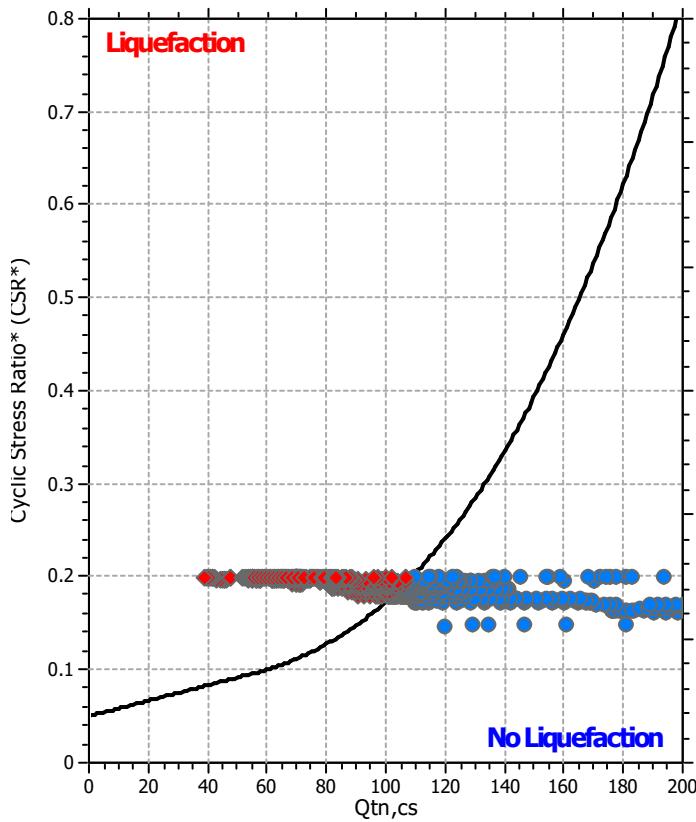
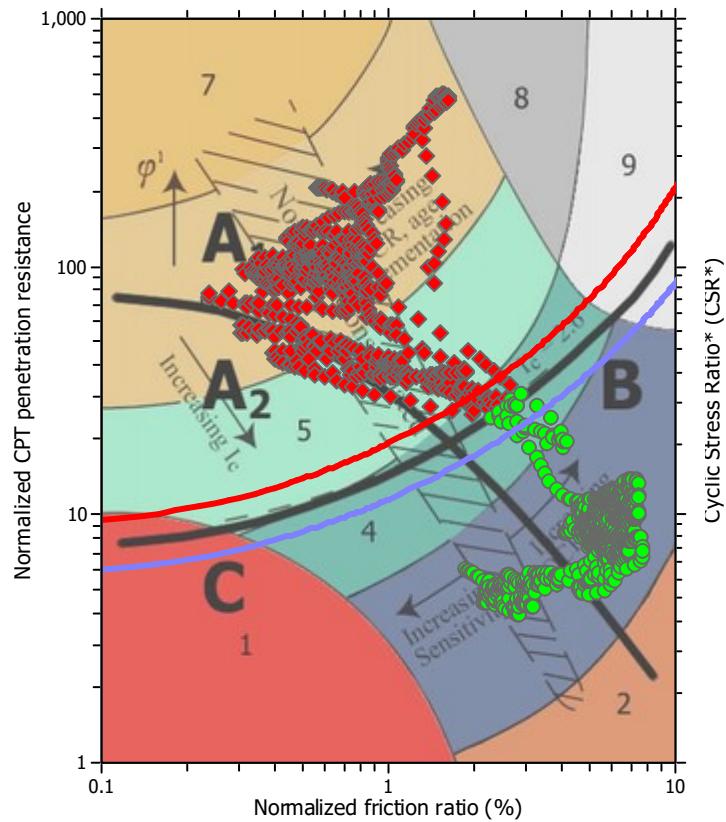
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

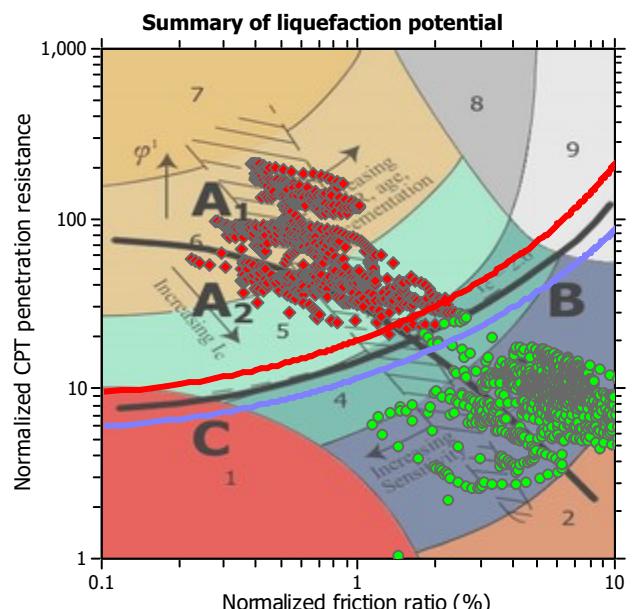
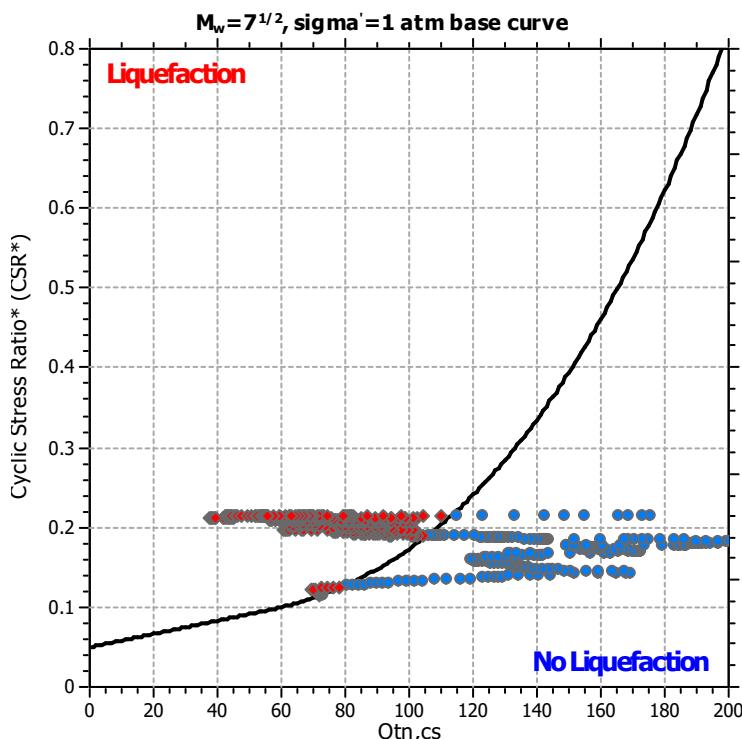
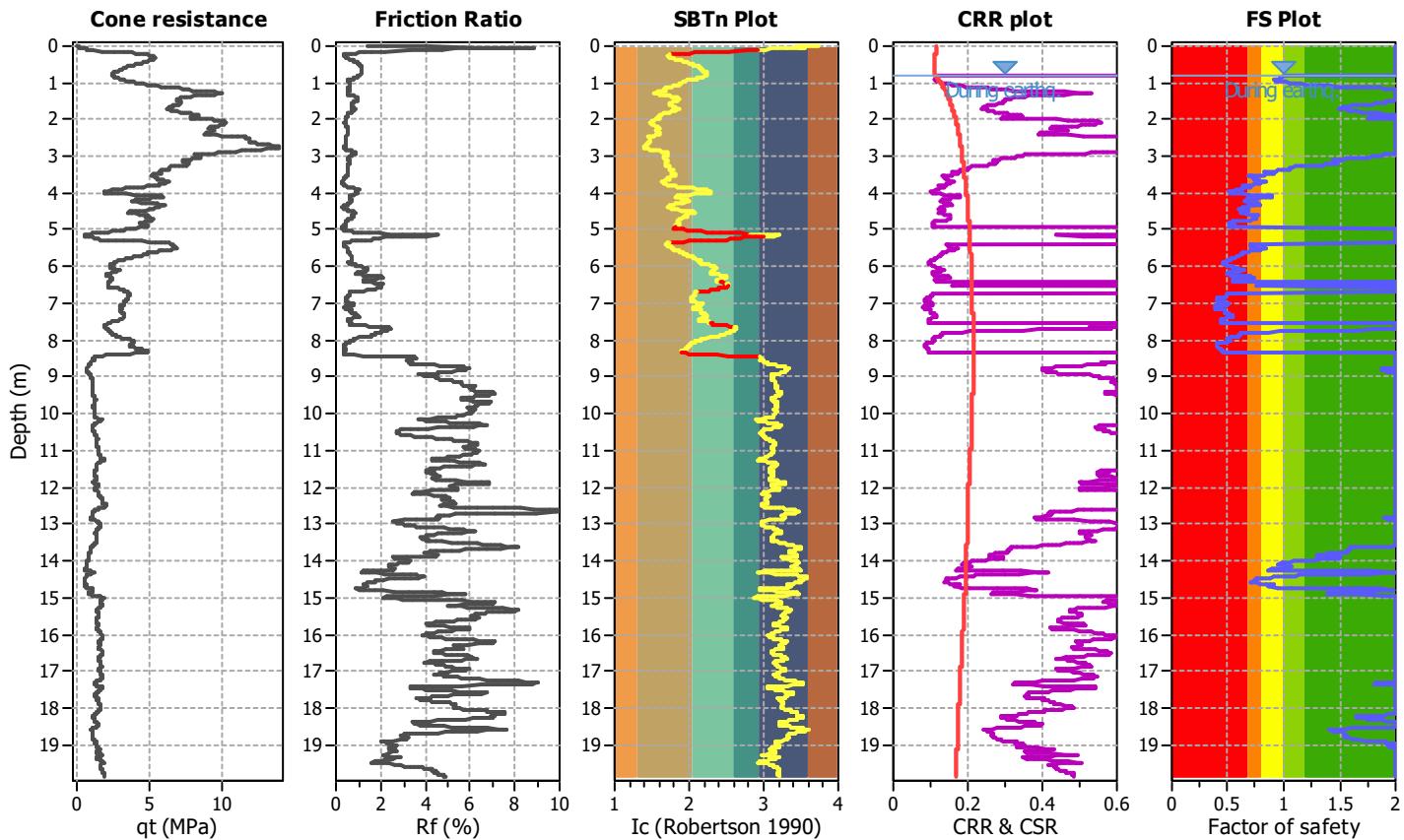
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : CPTe_16

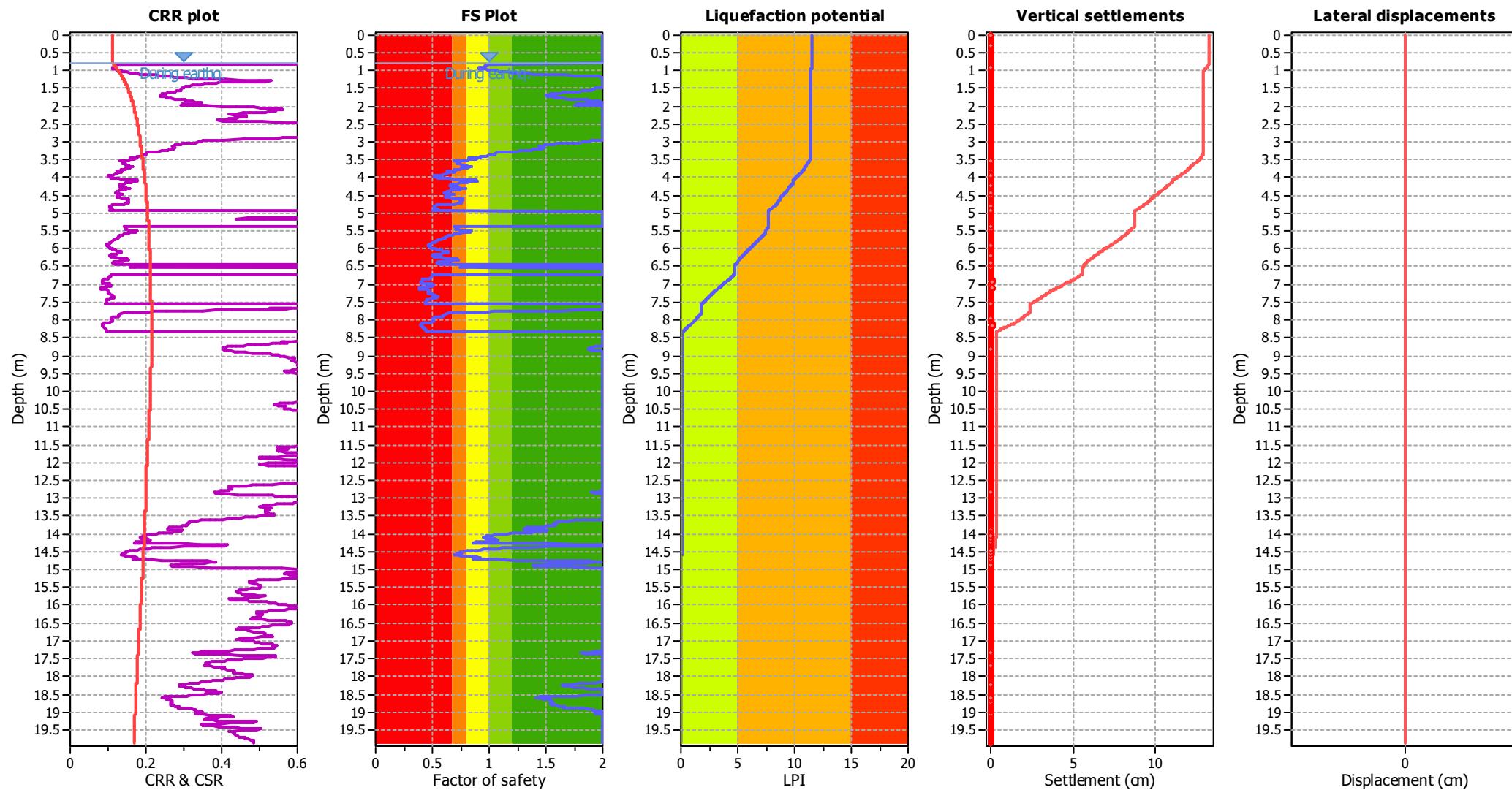
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.30 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

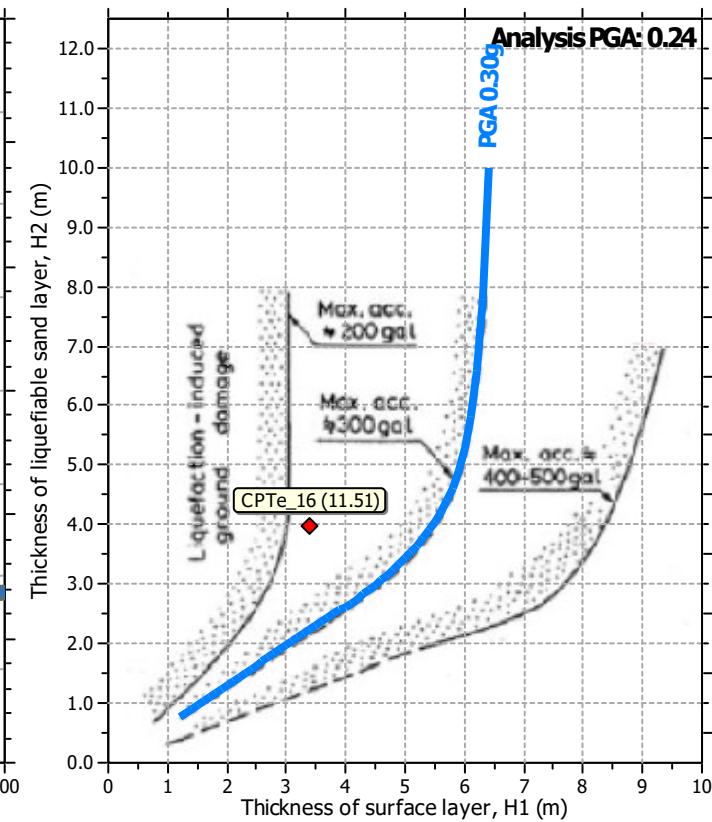
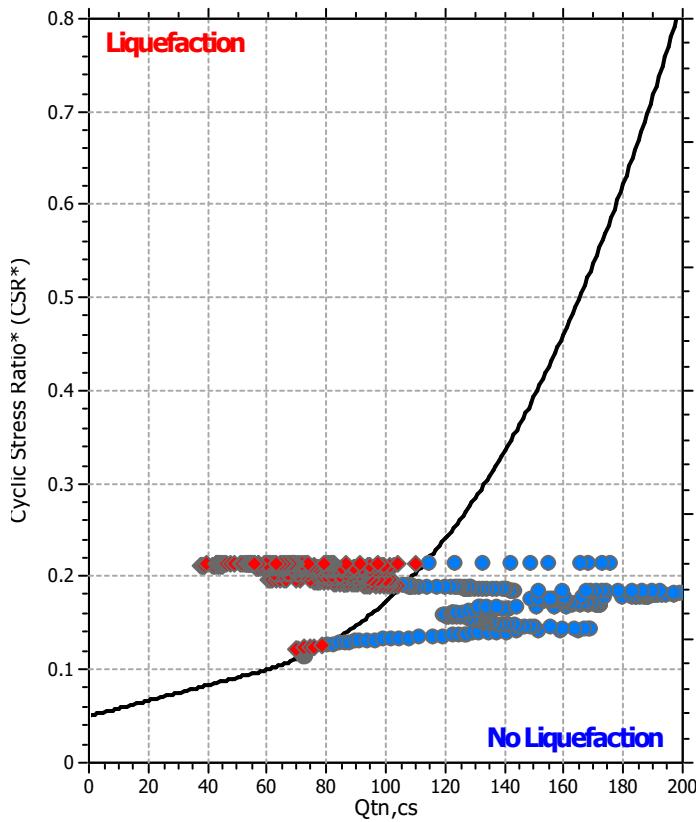
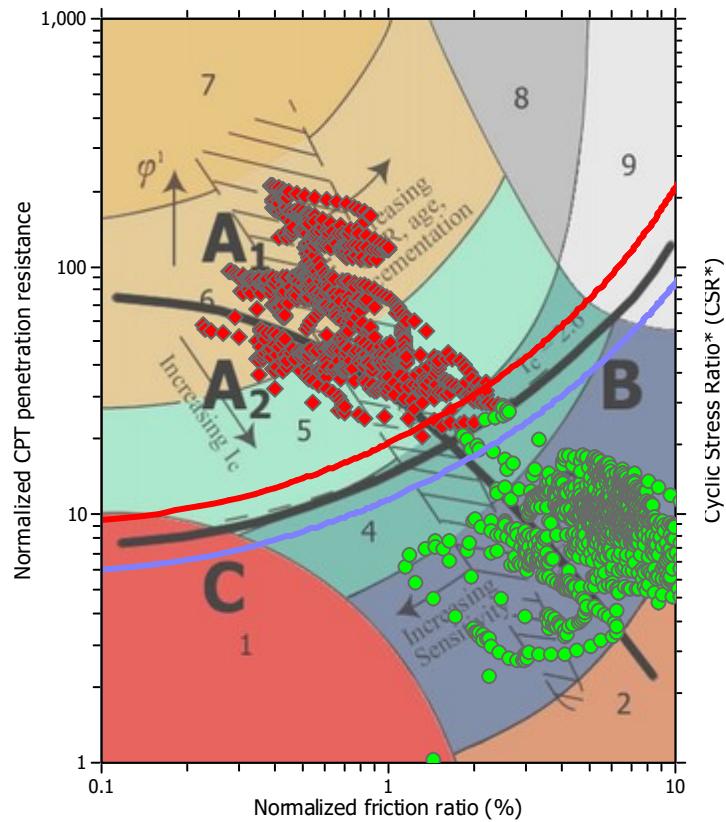
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.30 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

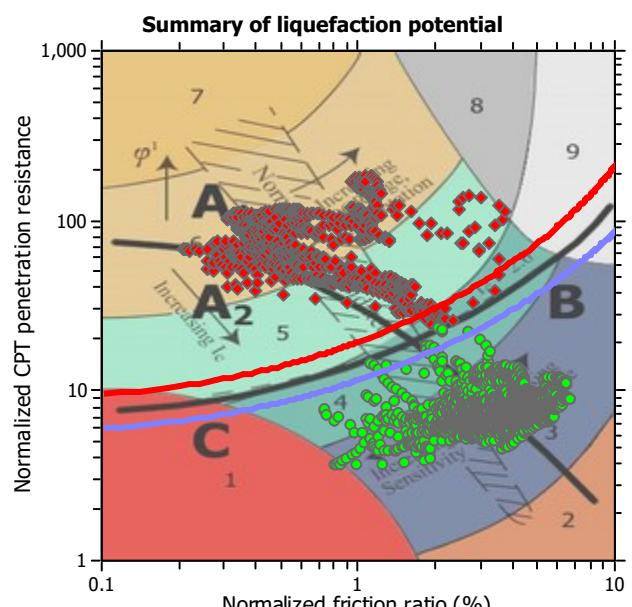
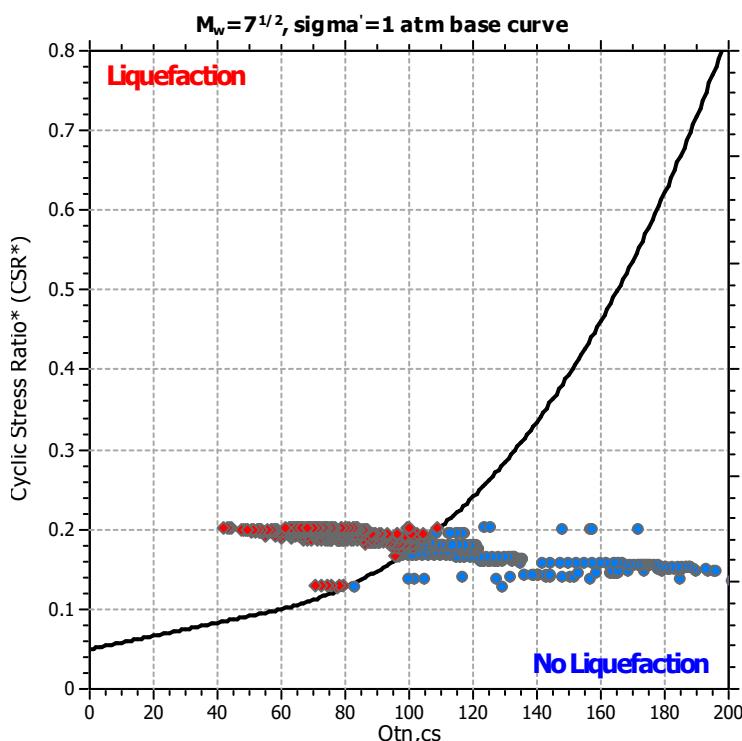
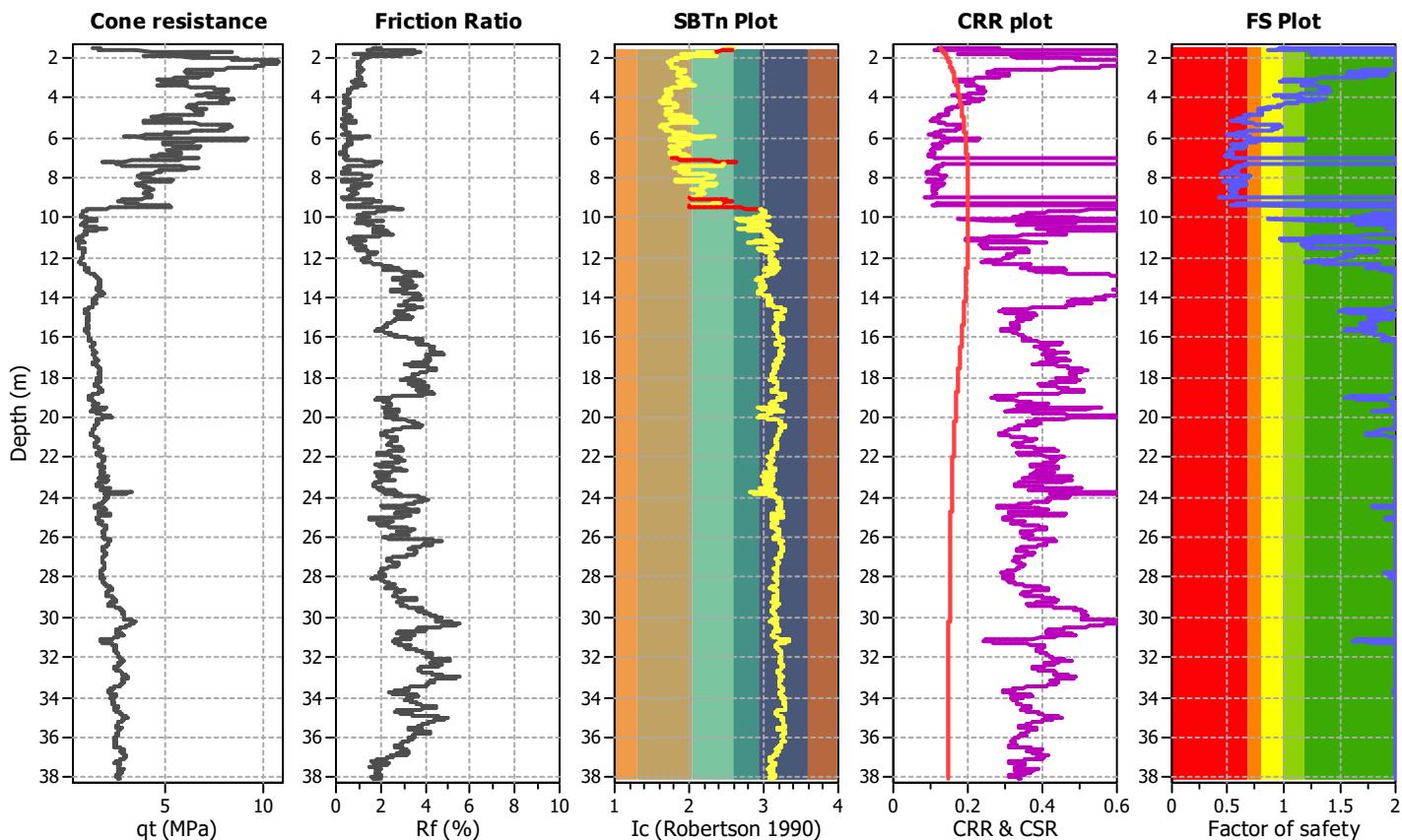
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1297

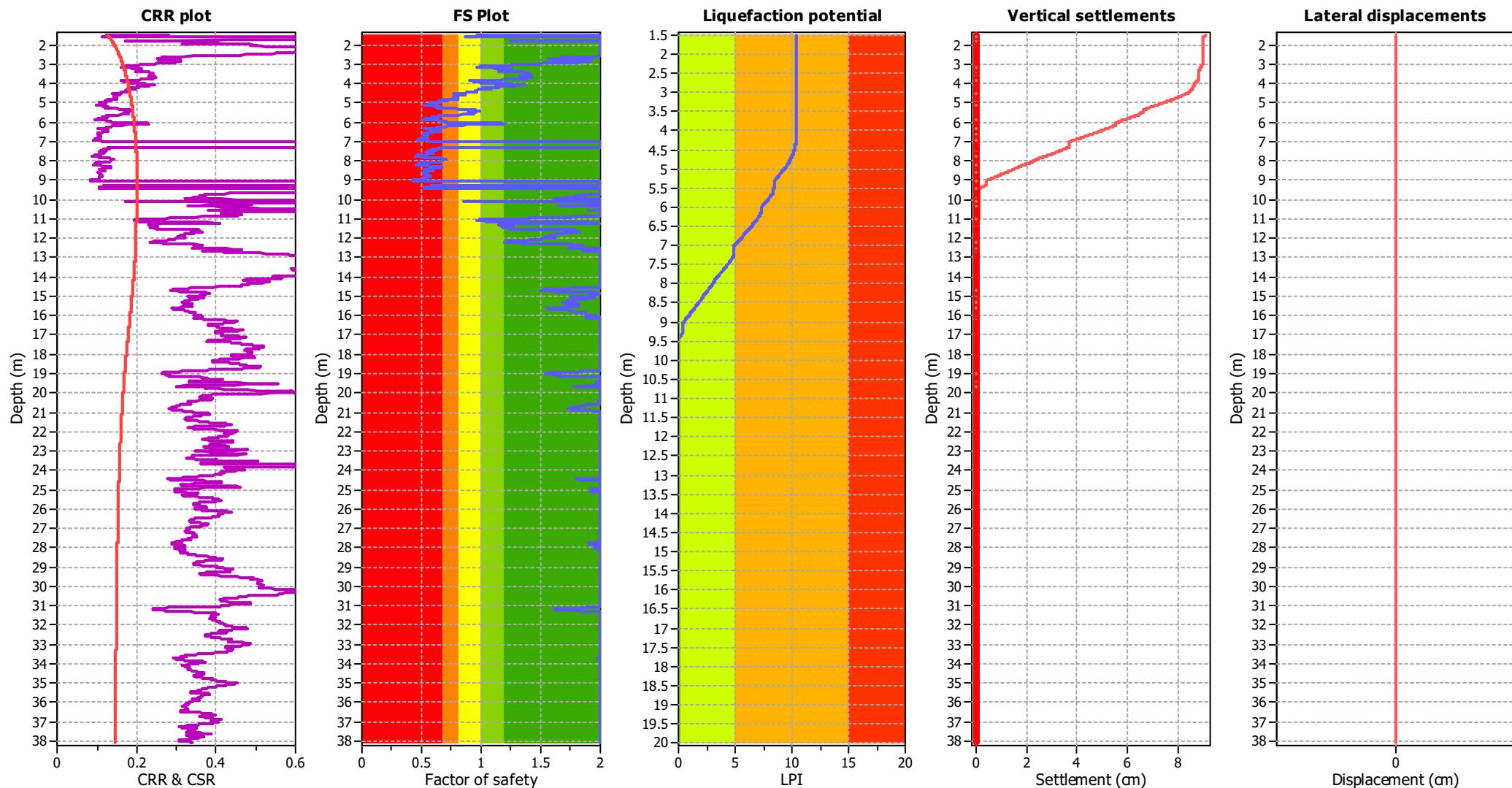
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

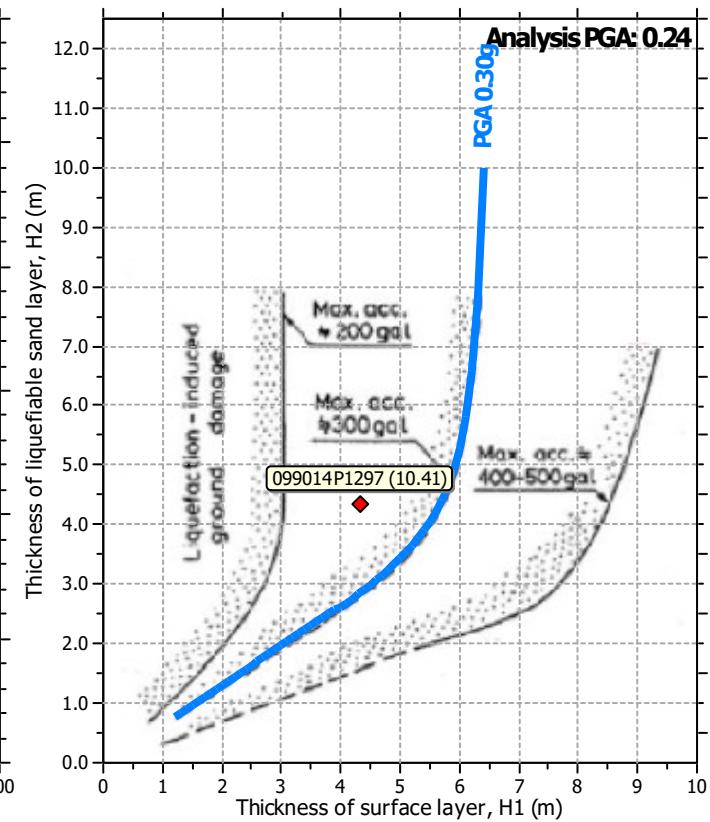
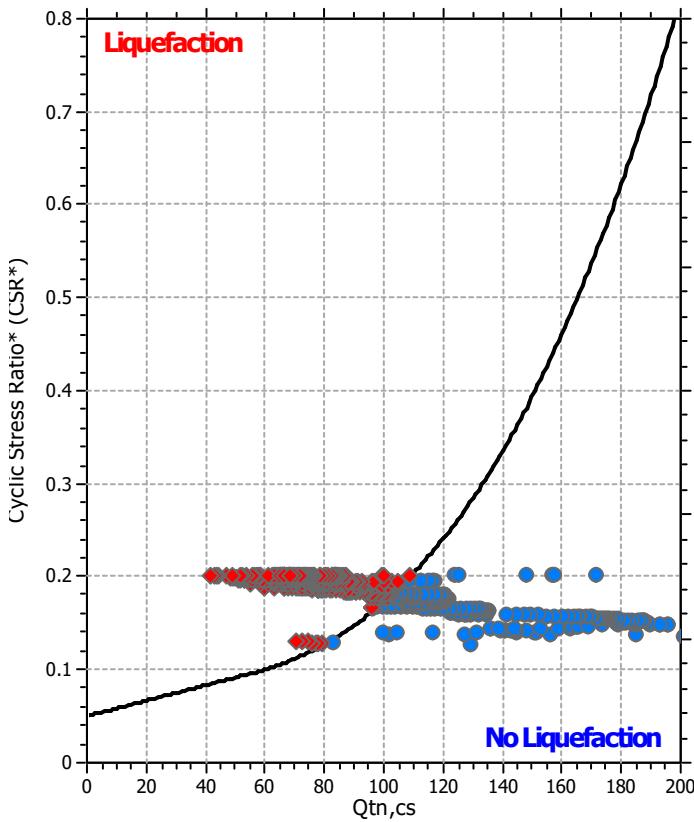
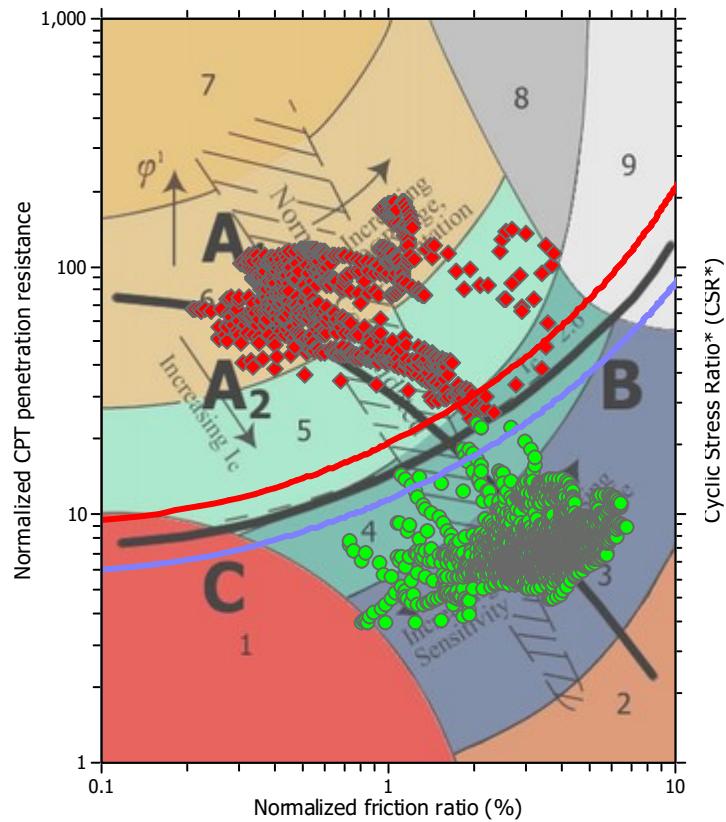
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

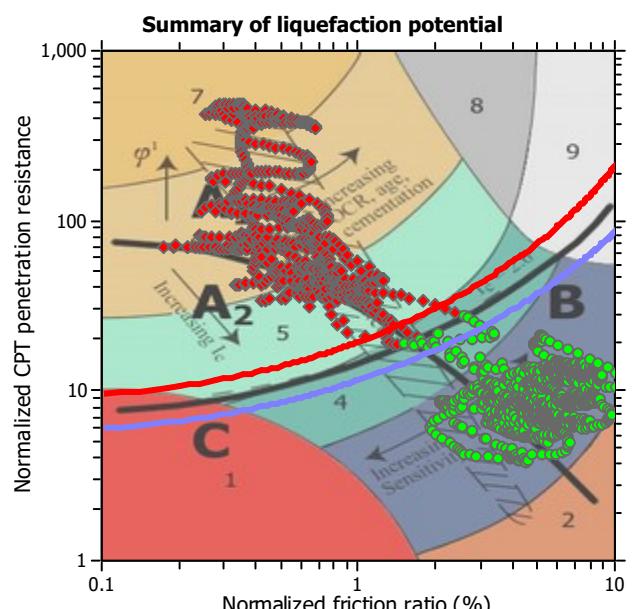
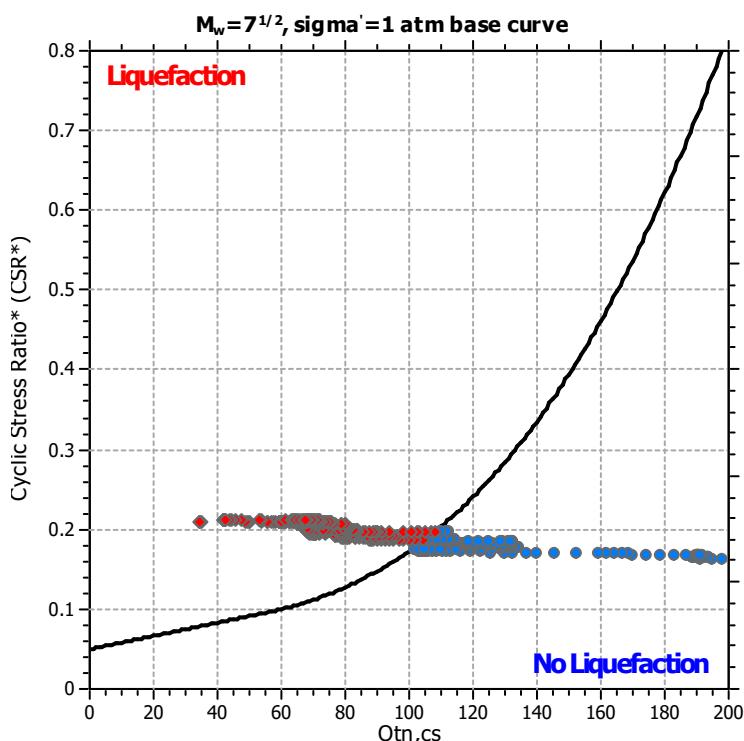
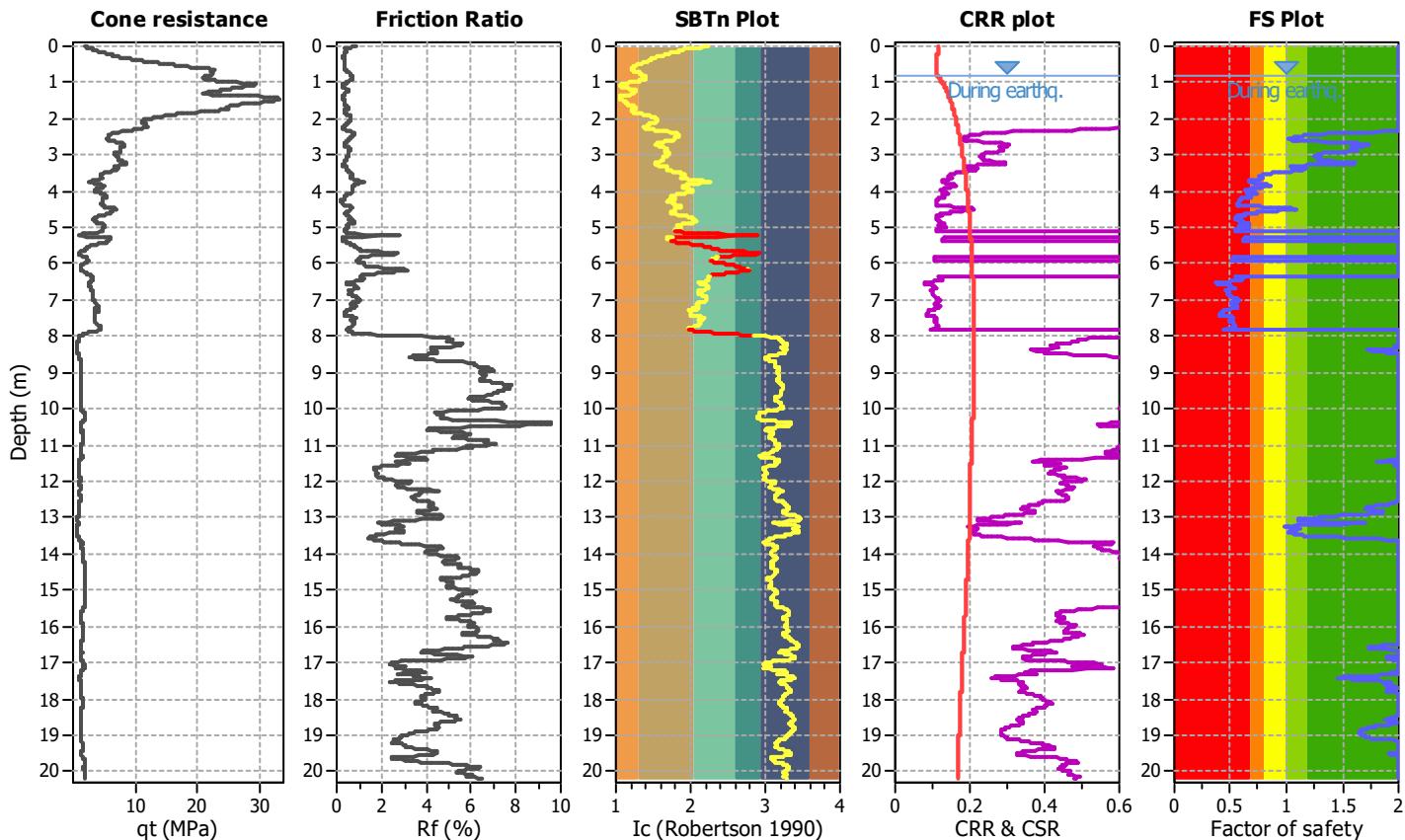
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1301

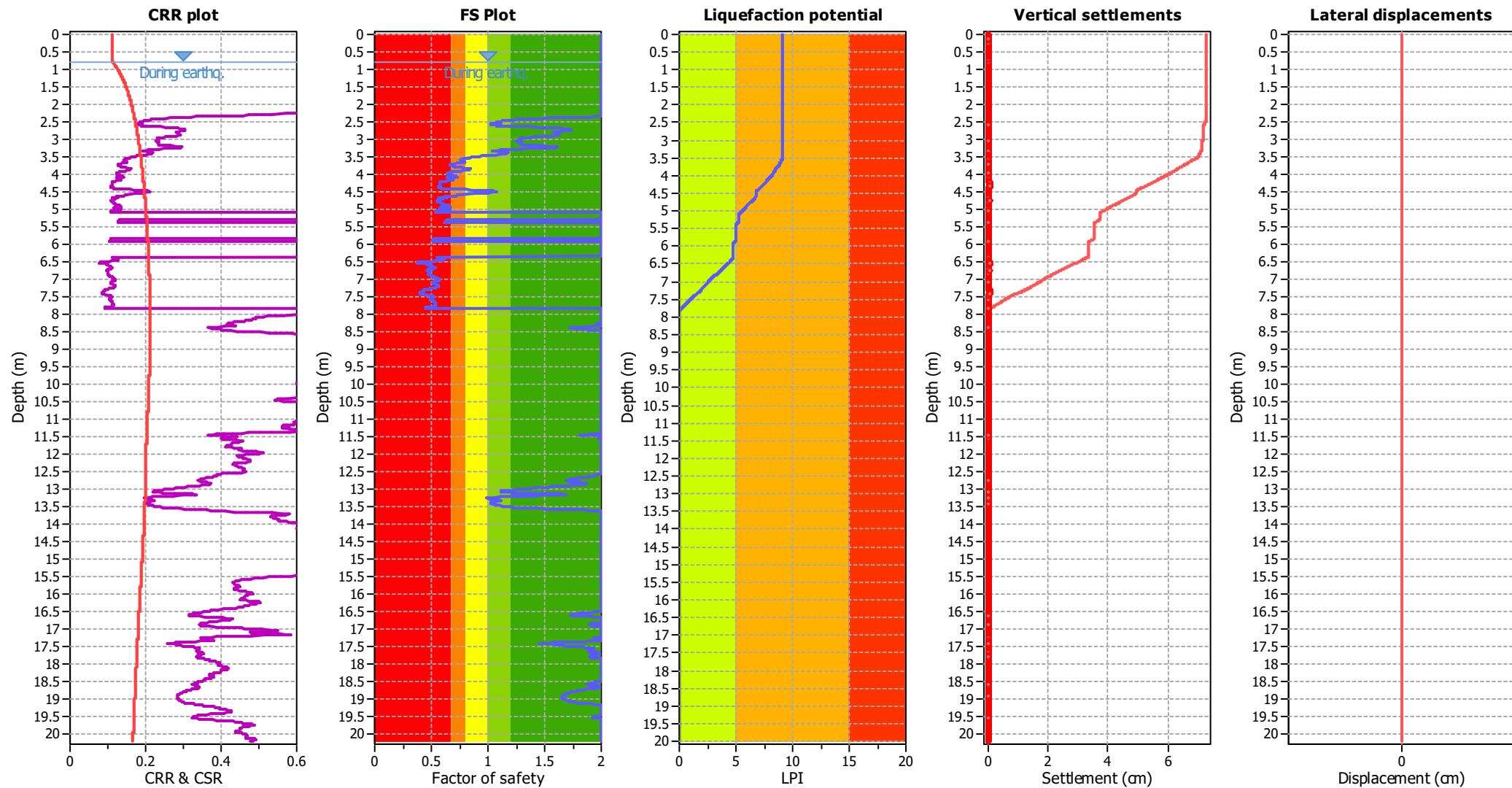
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

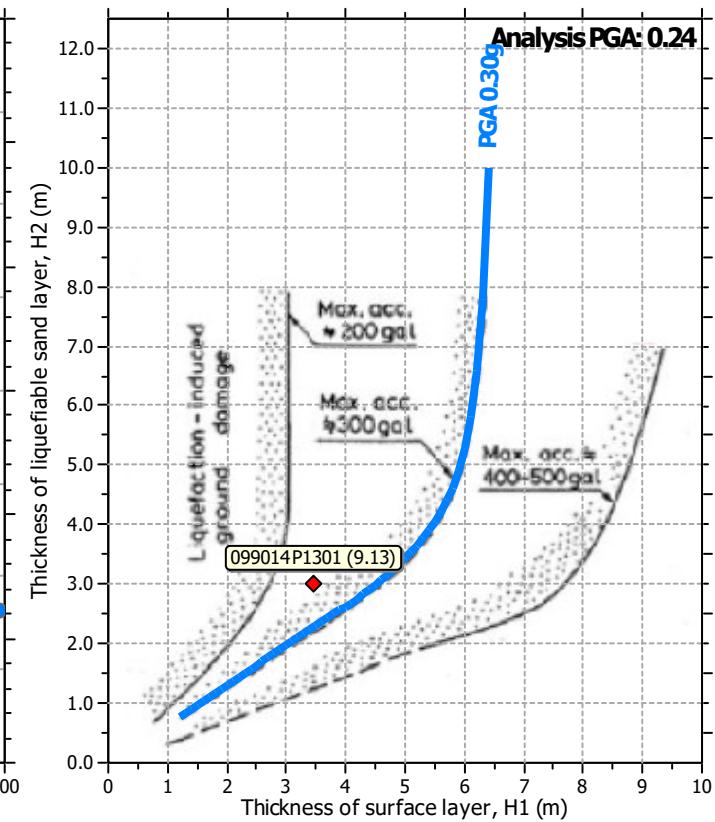
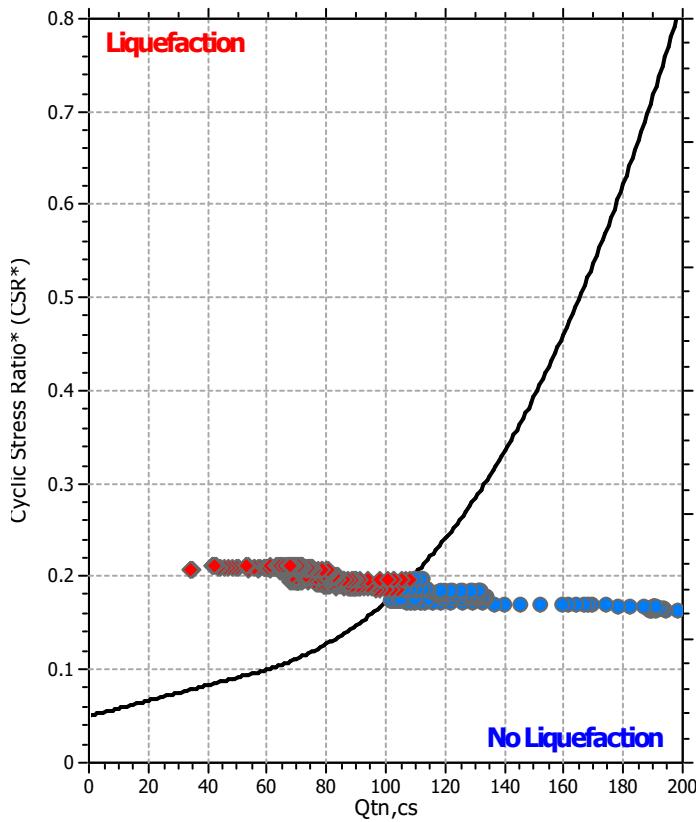
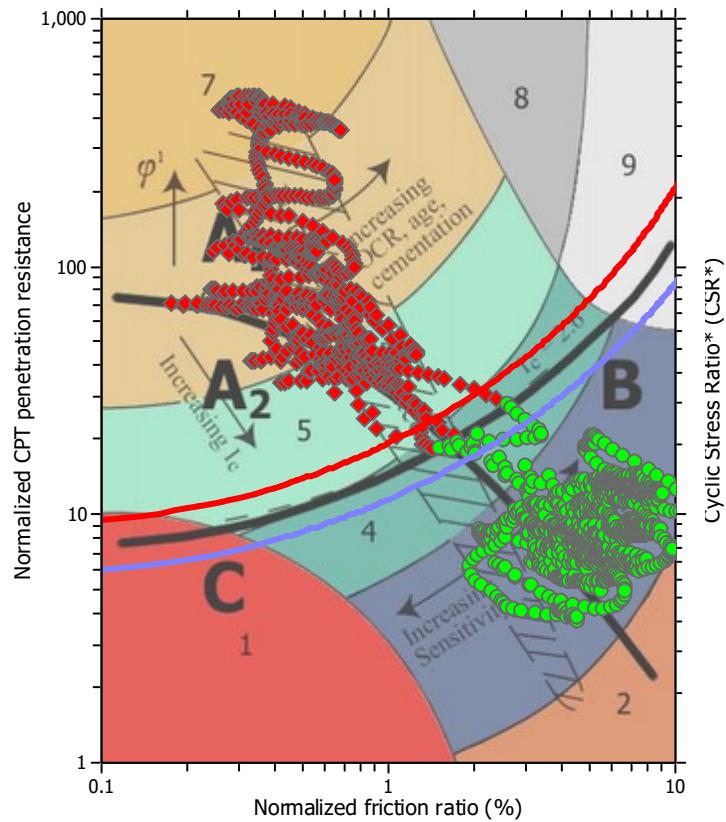
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



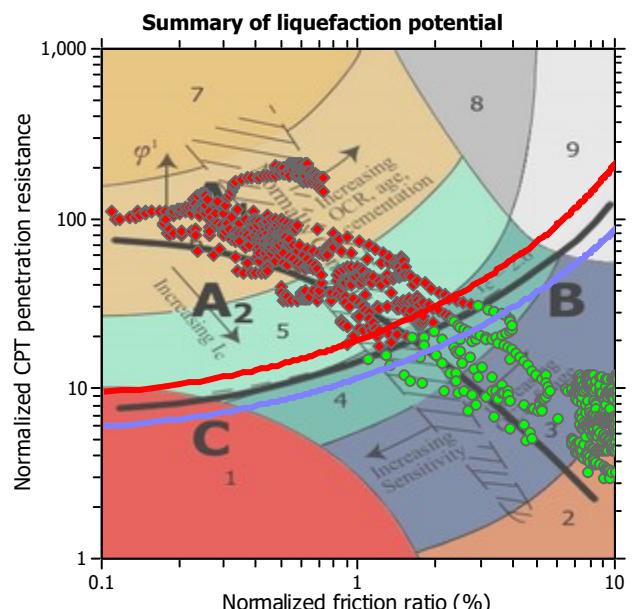
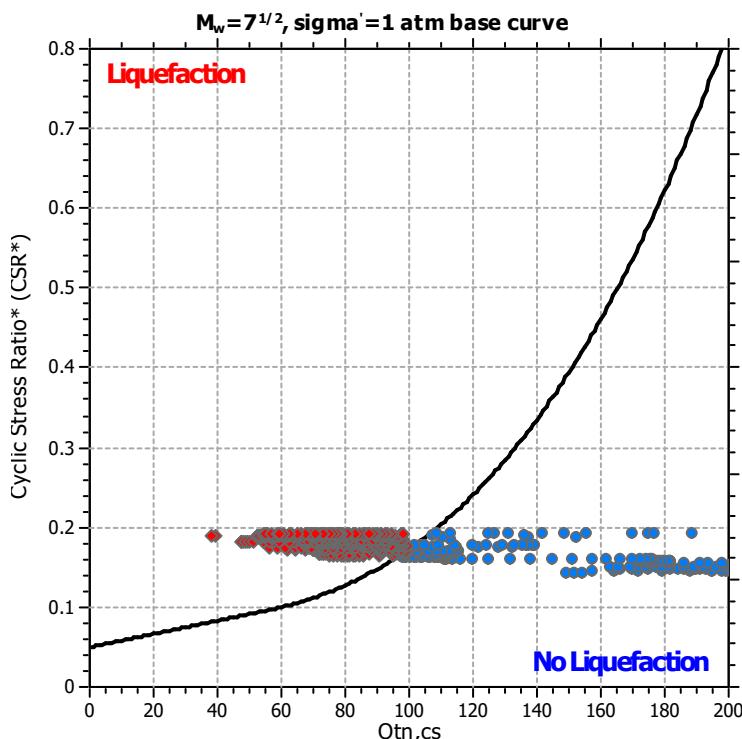
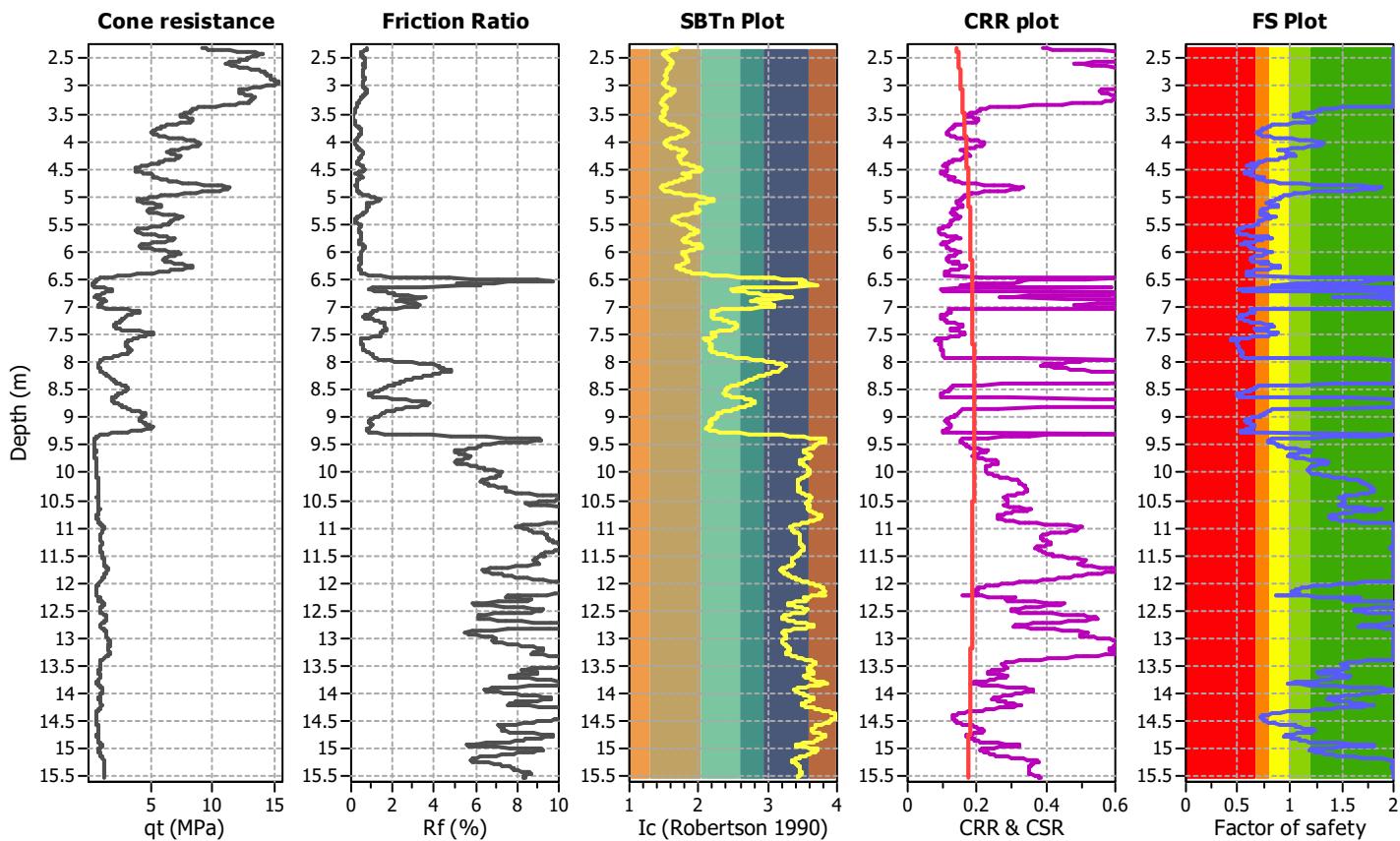
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.24 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

REPORT - ZONA RNS_04

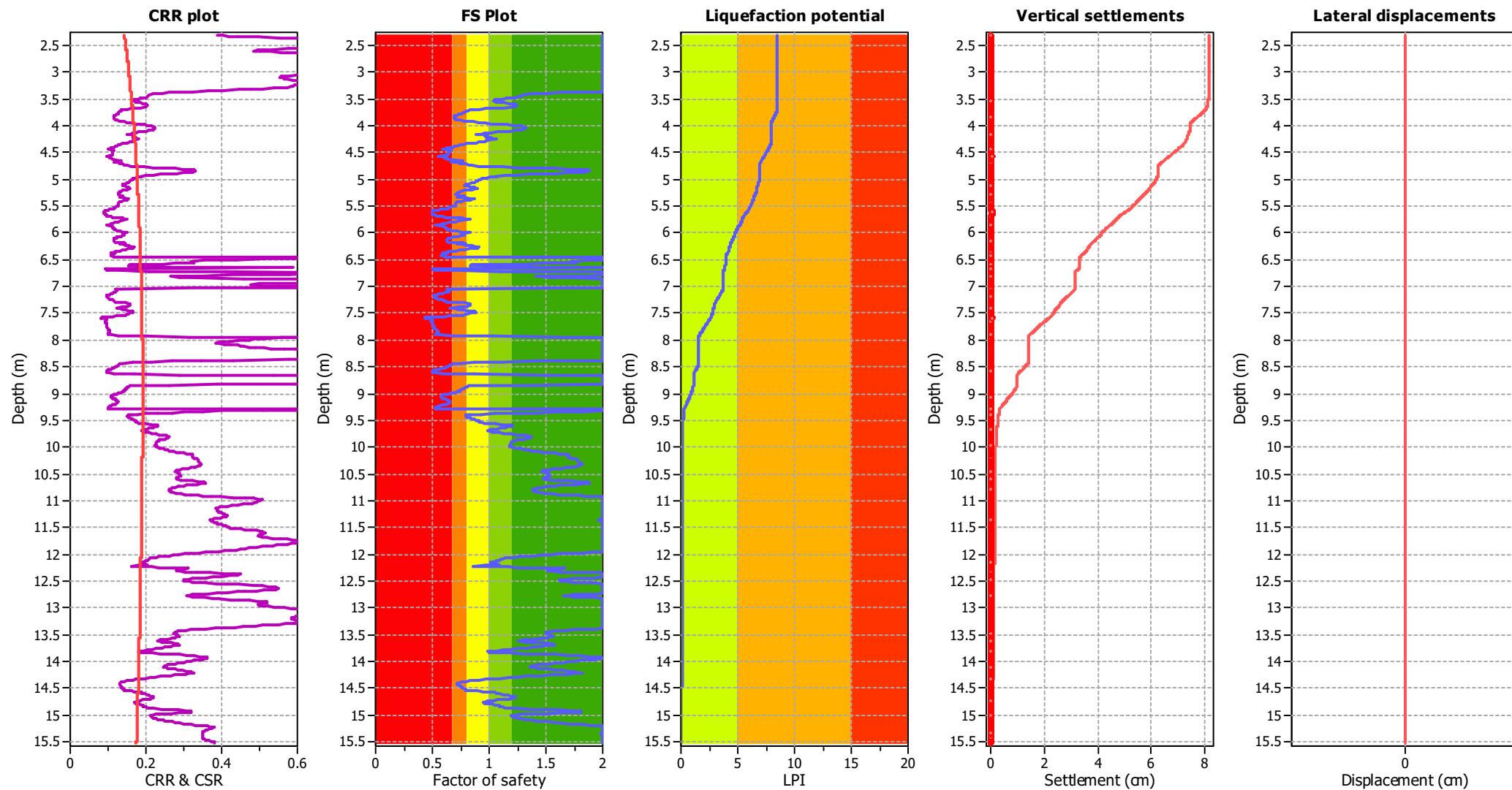
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1225
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.16 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K _o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.16 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

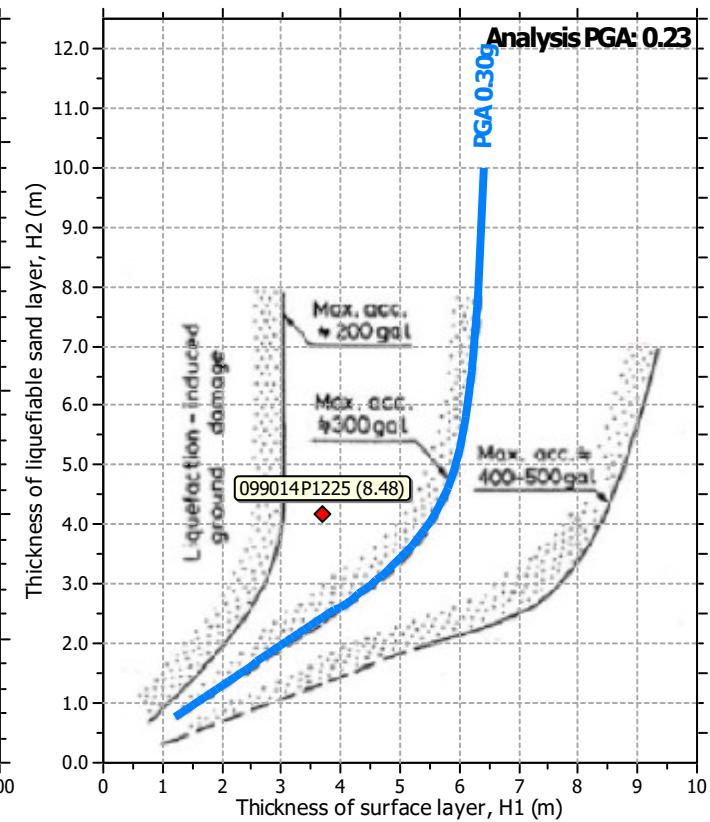
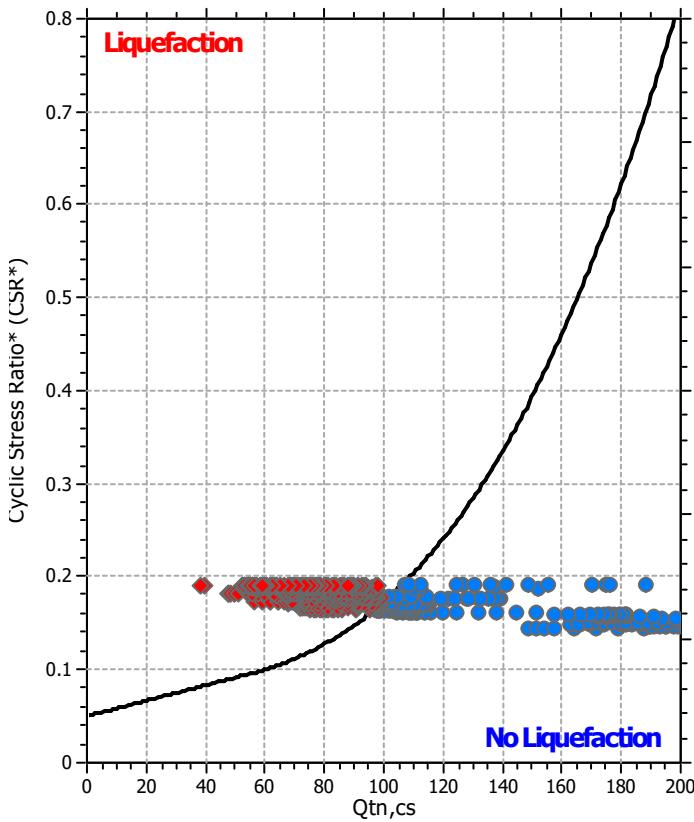
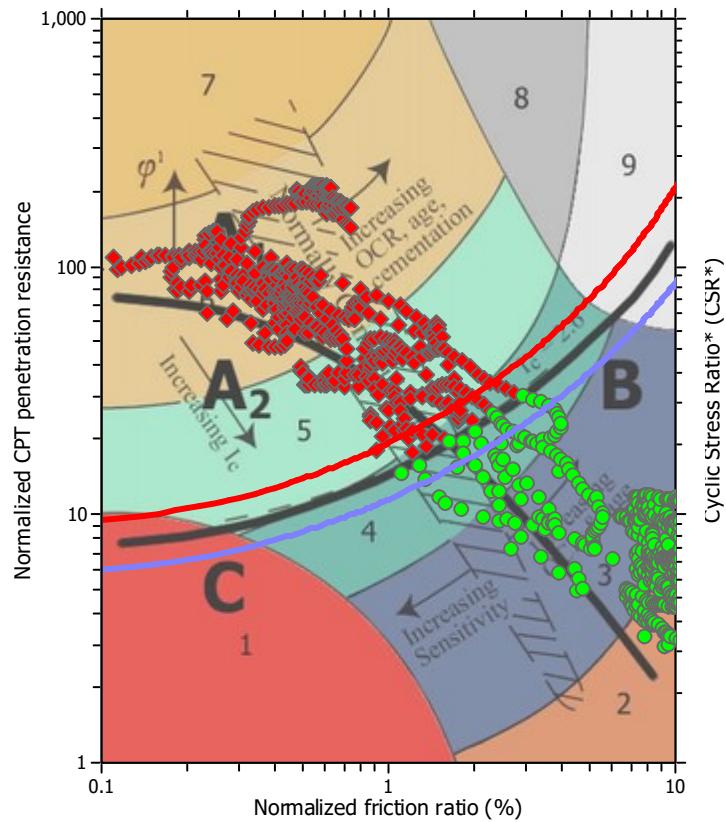
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.16 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

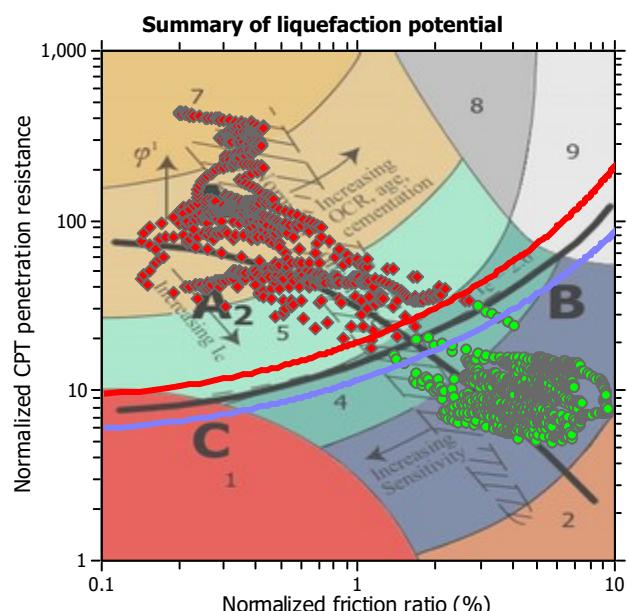
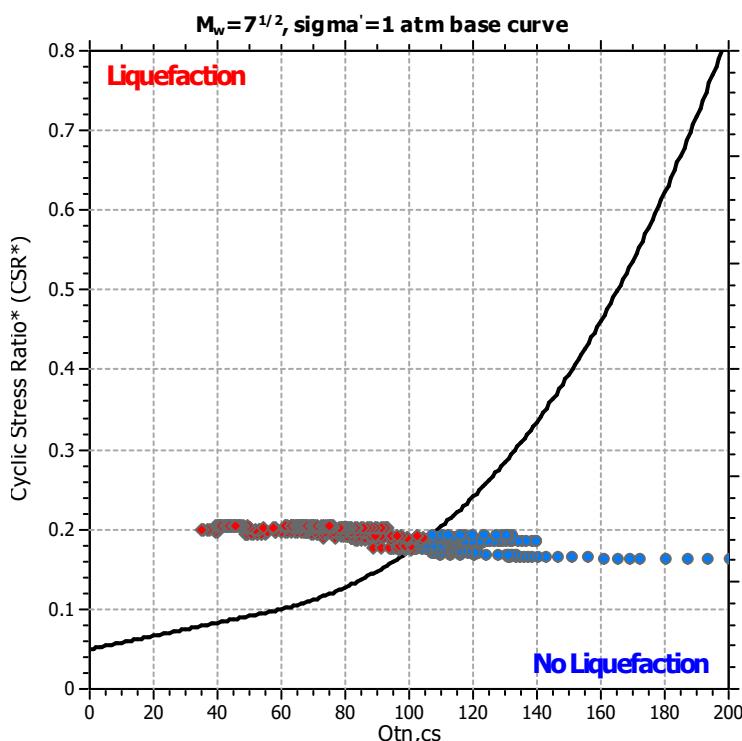
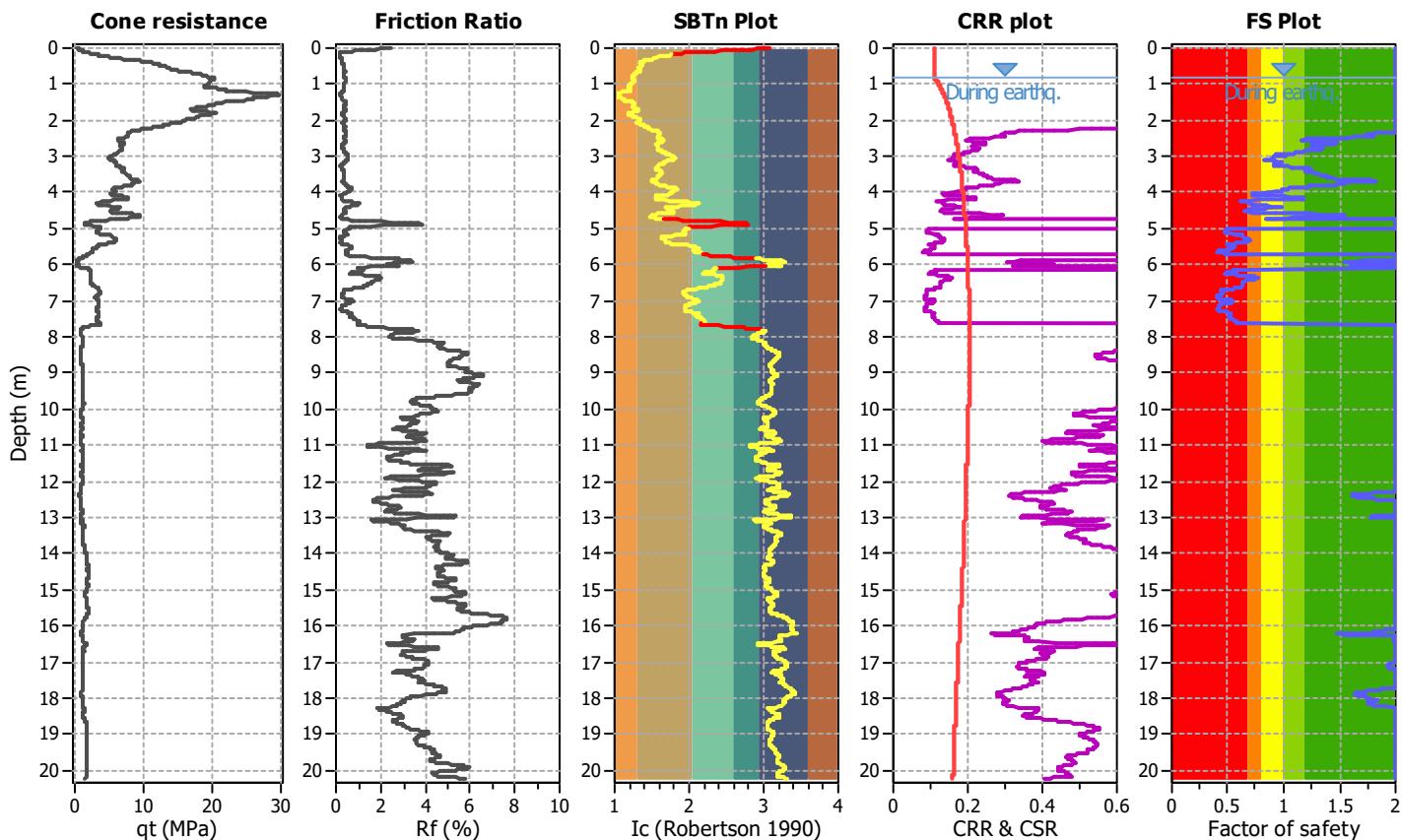
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1302

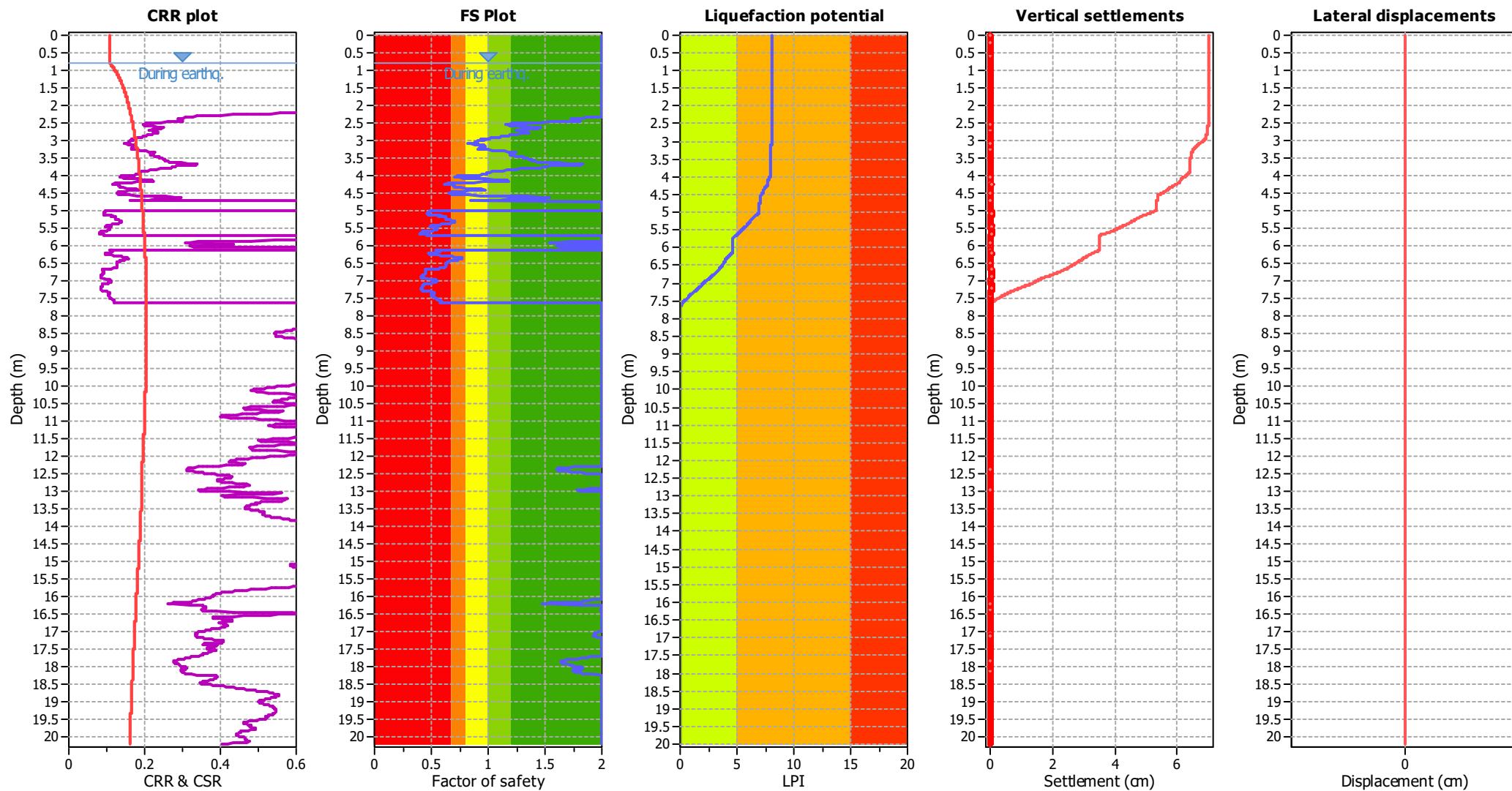
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

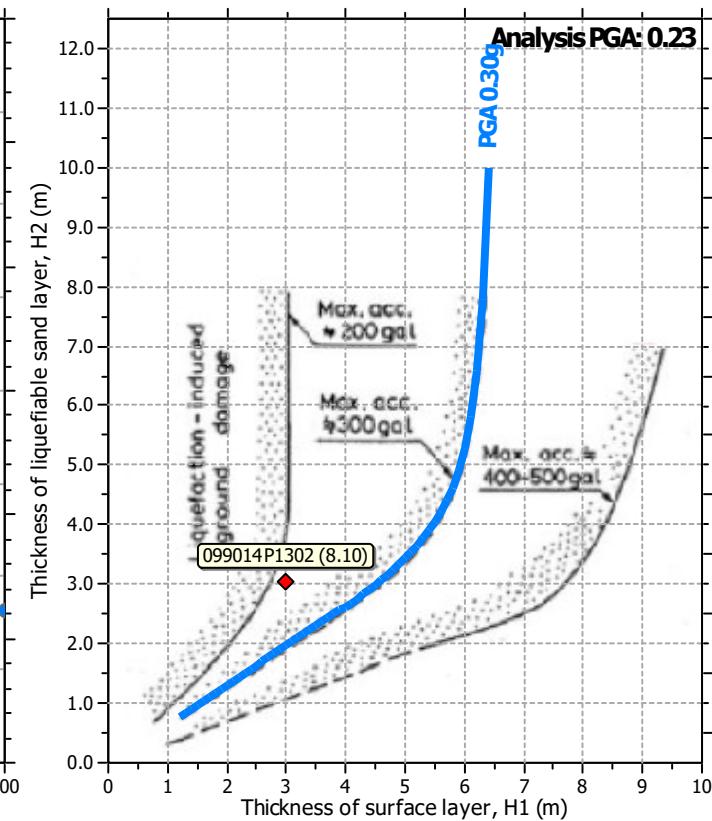
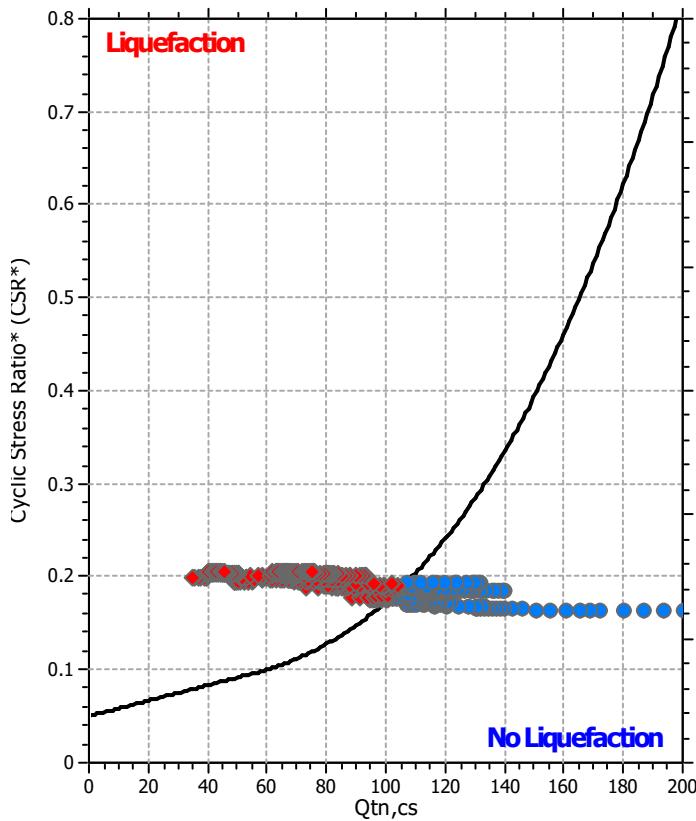
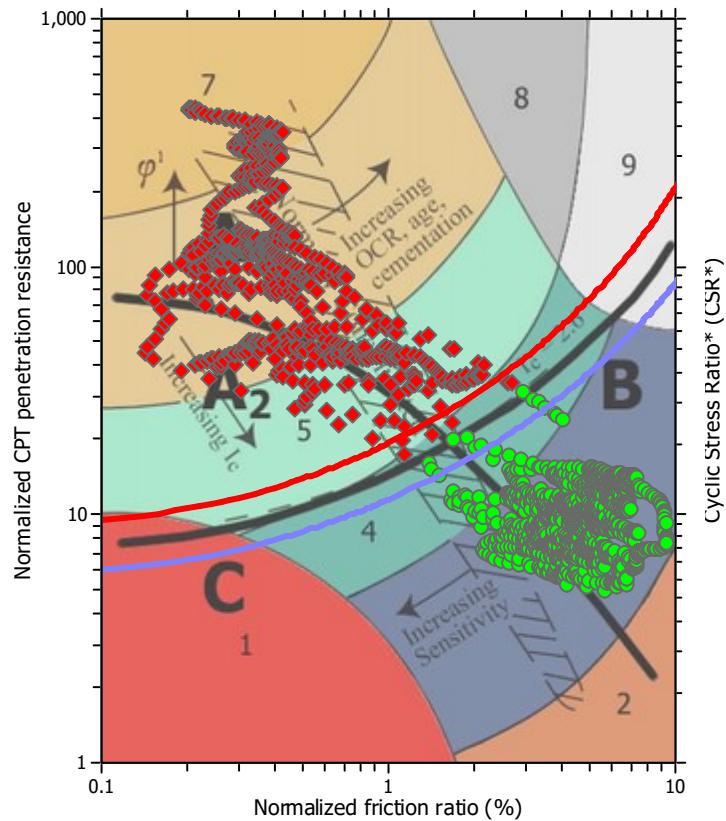
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

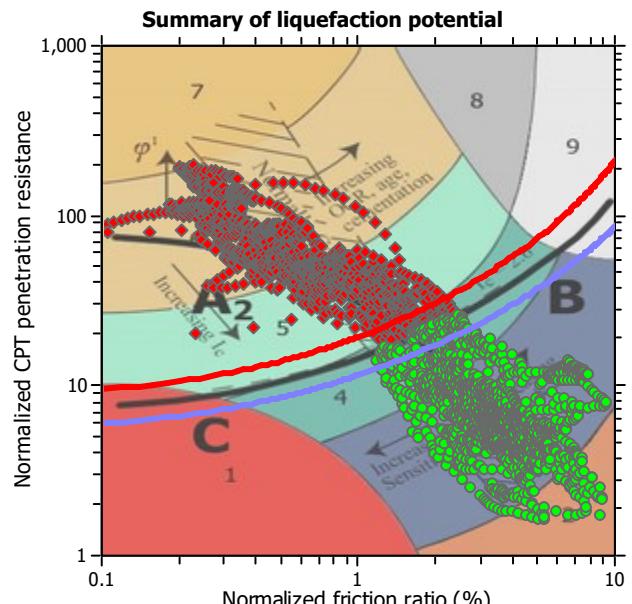
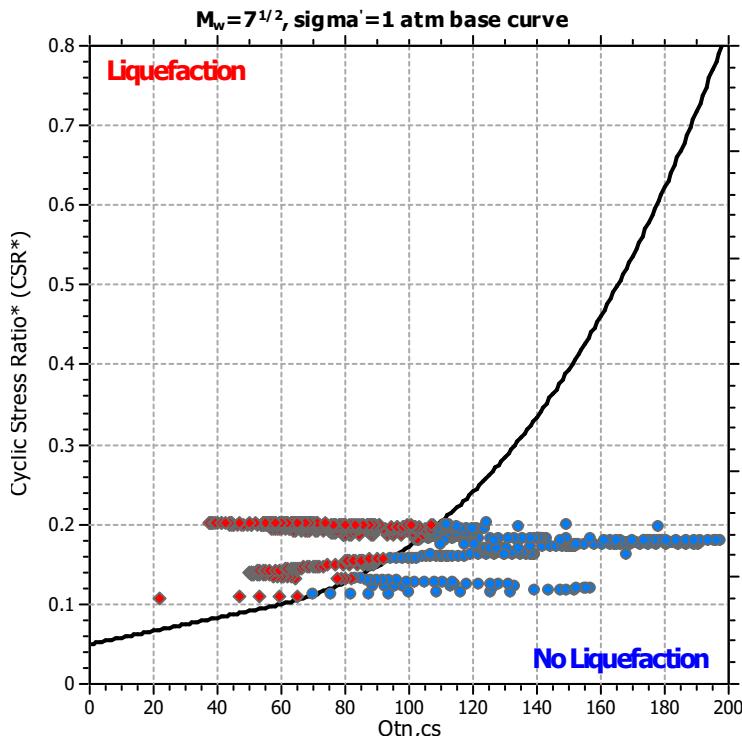
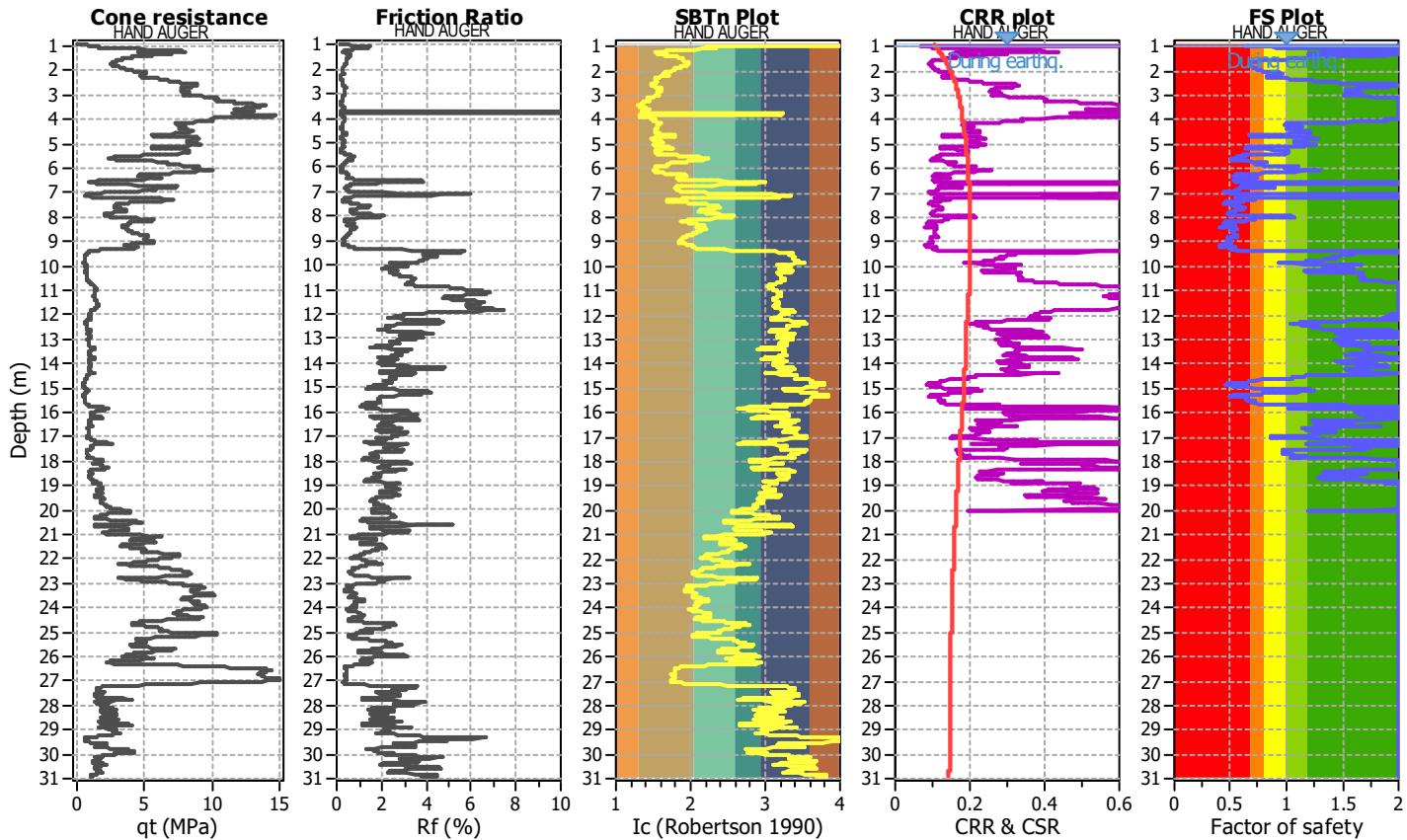


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

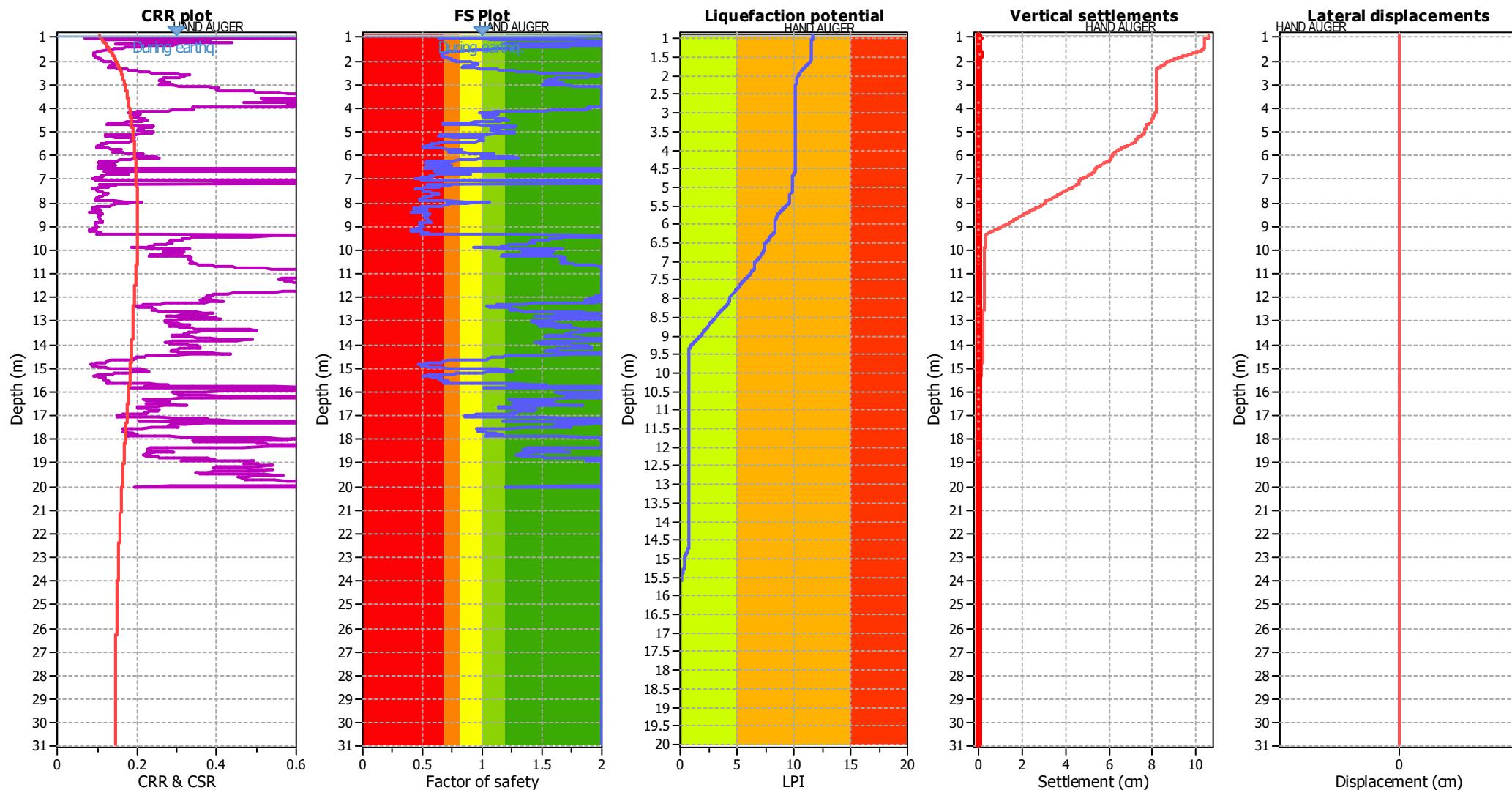
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1226
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.50 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

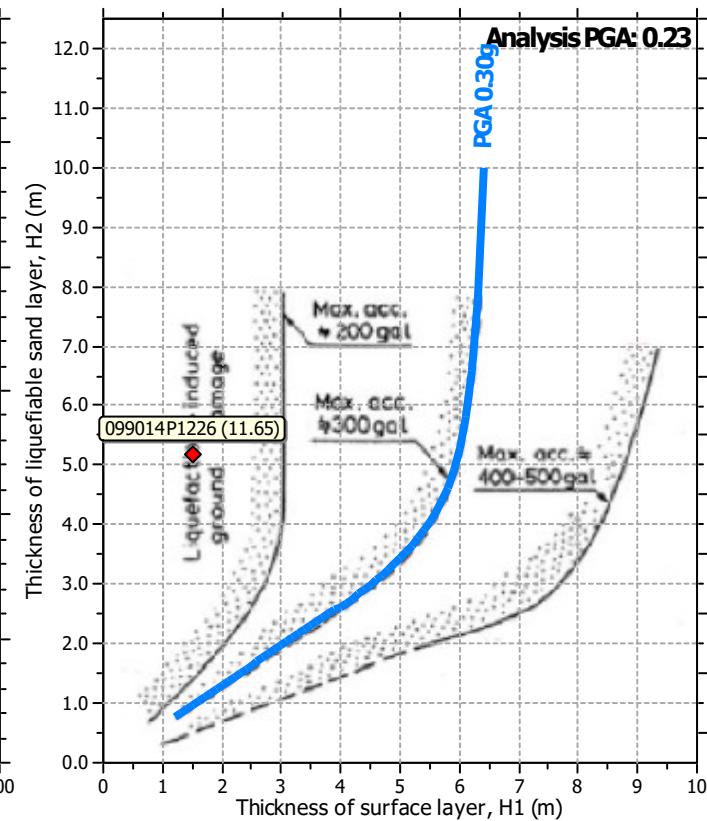
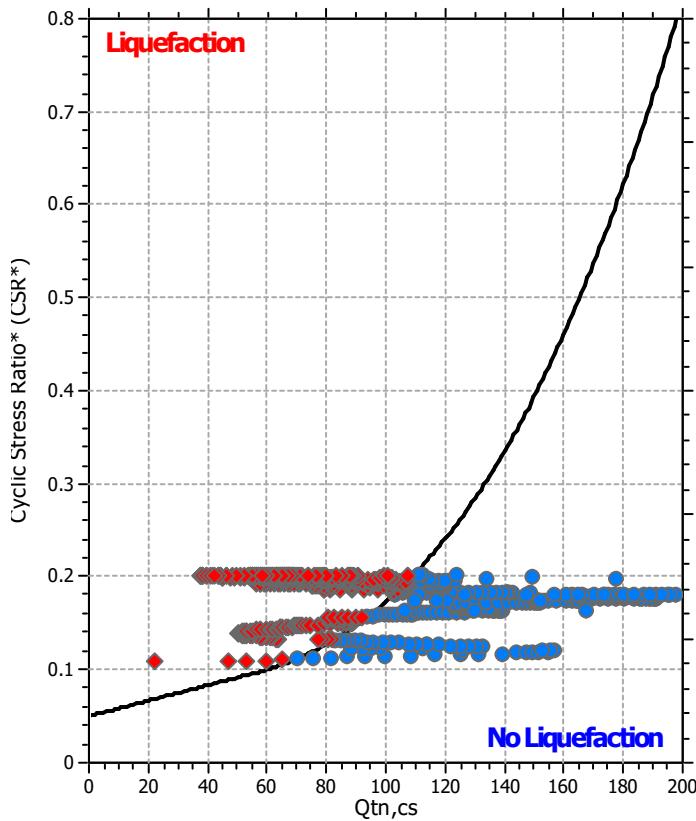
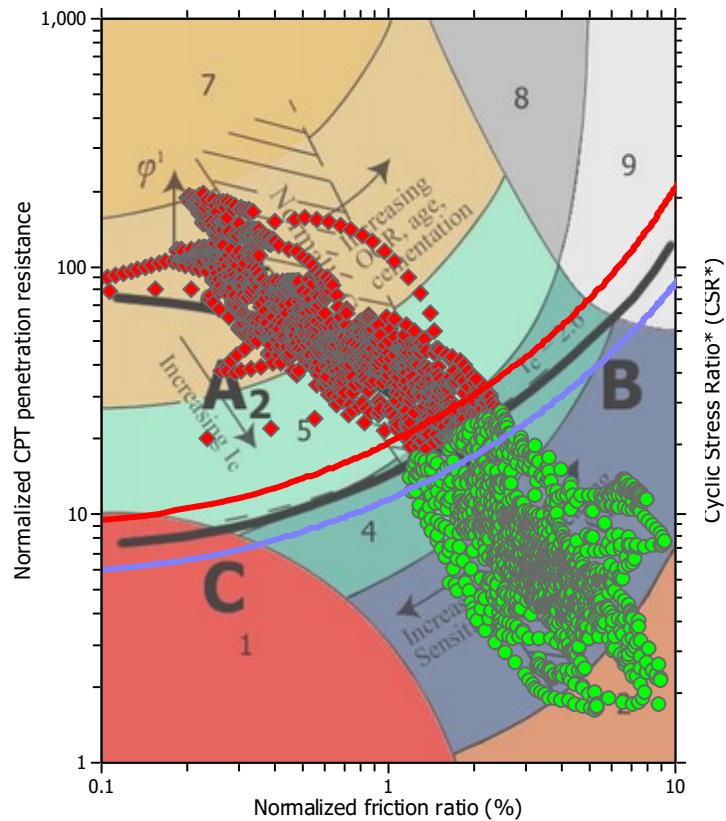
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill weight: | N/A |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | Clay like behav. vior applied: | All soils |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.50 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

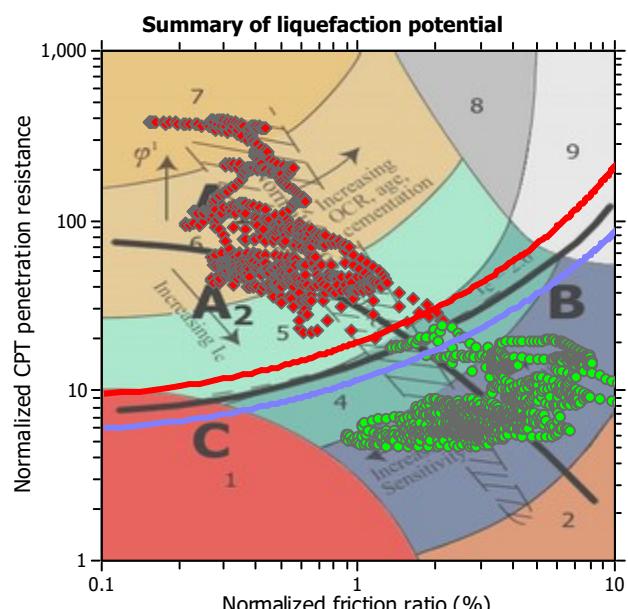
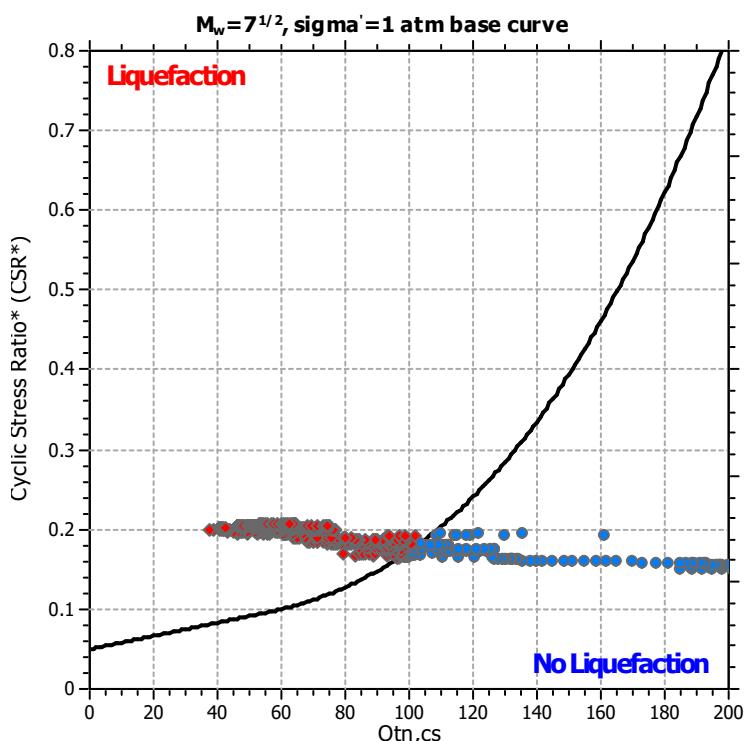
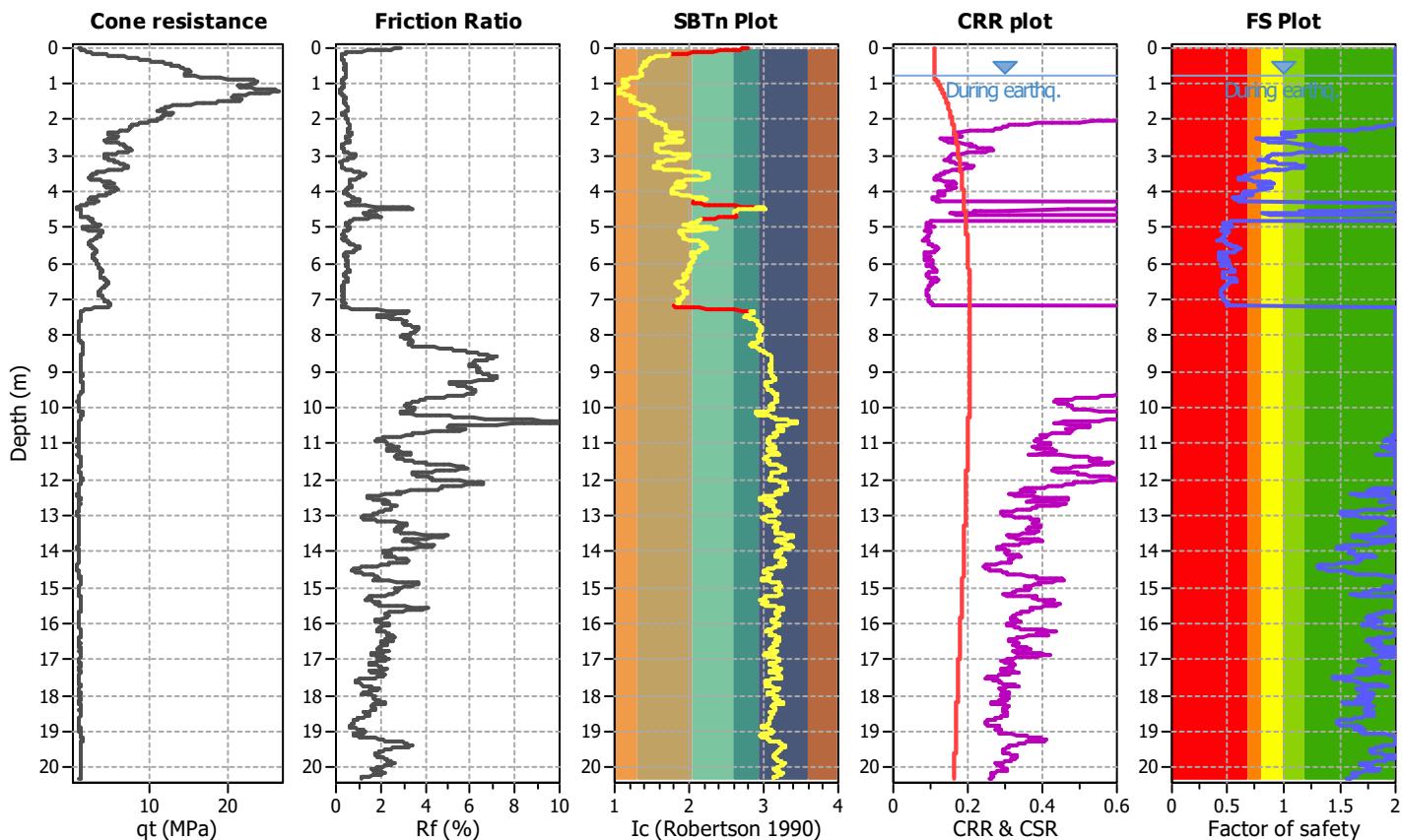
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1303

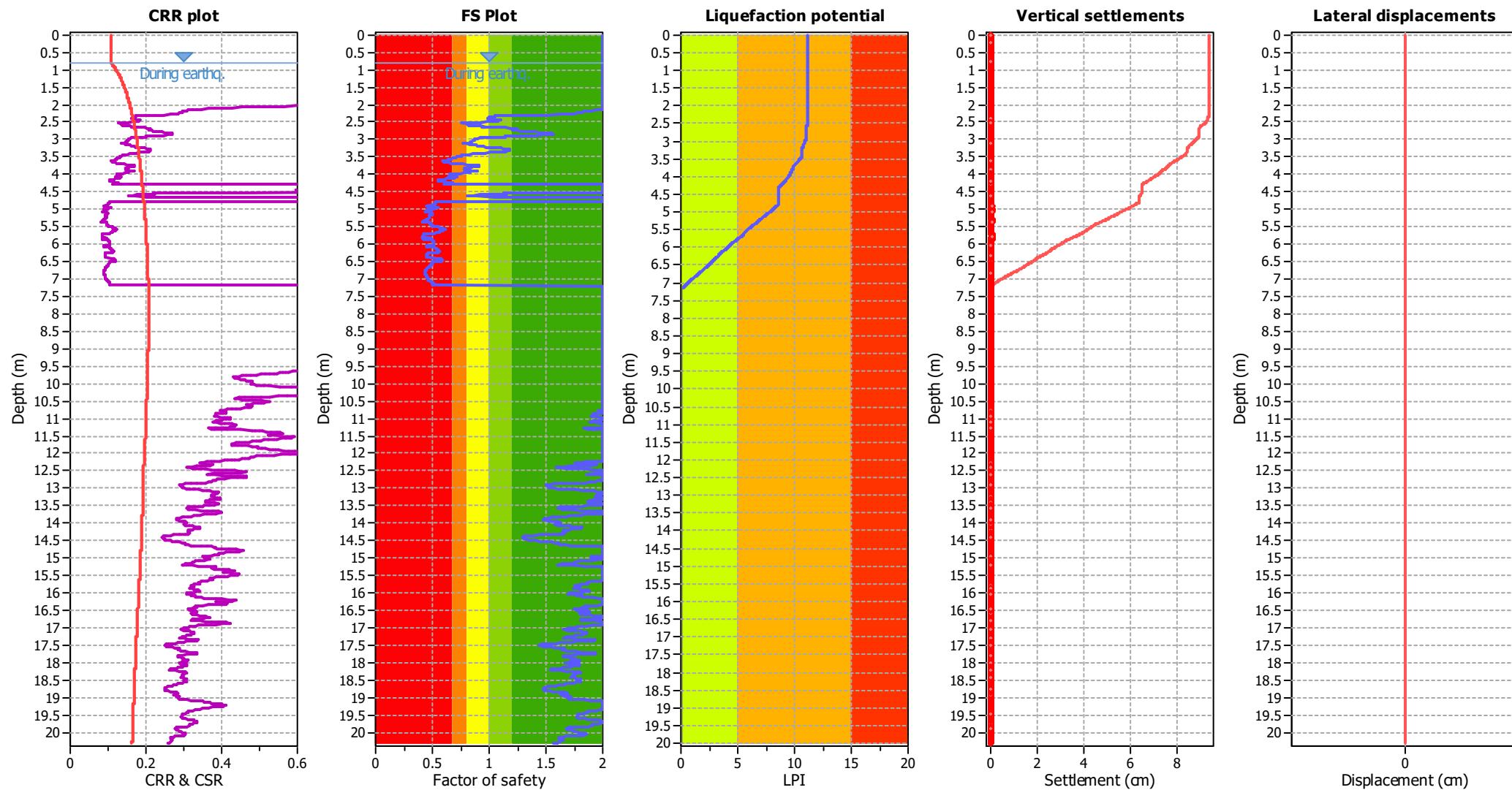
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

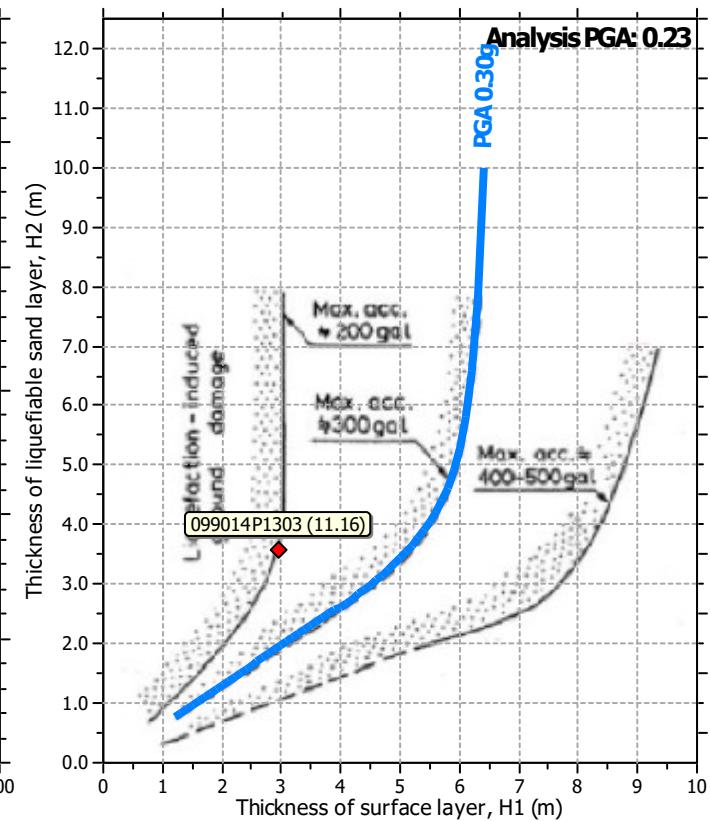
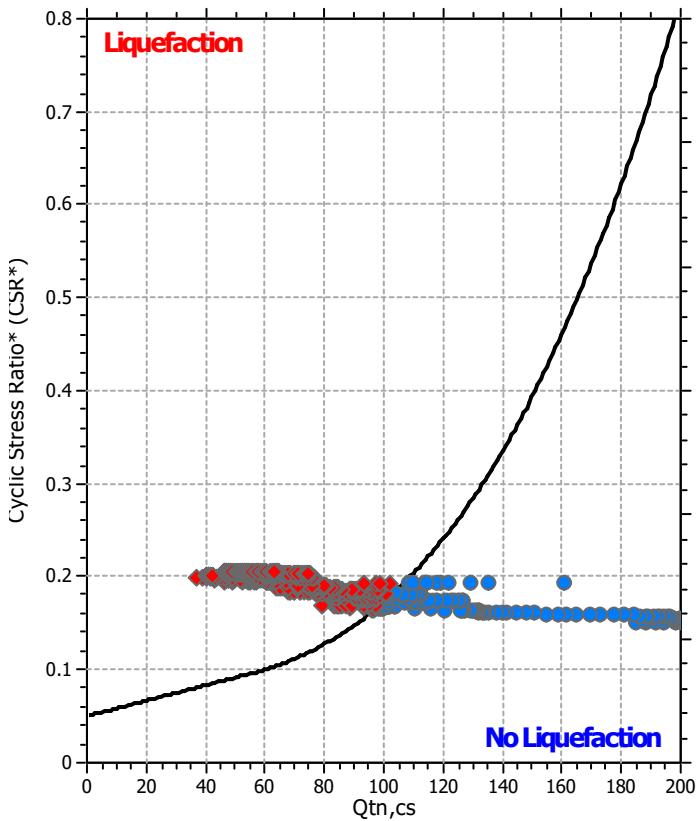
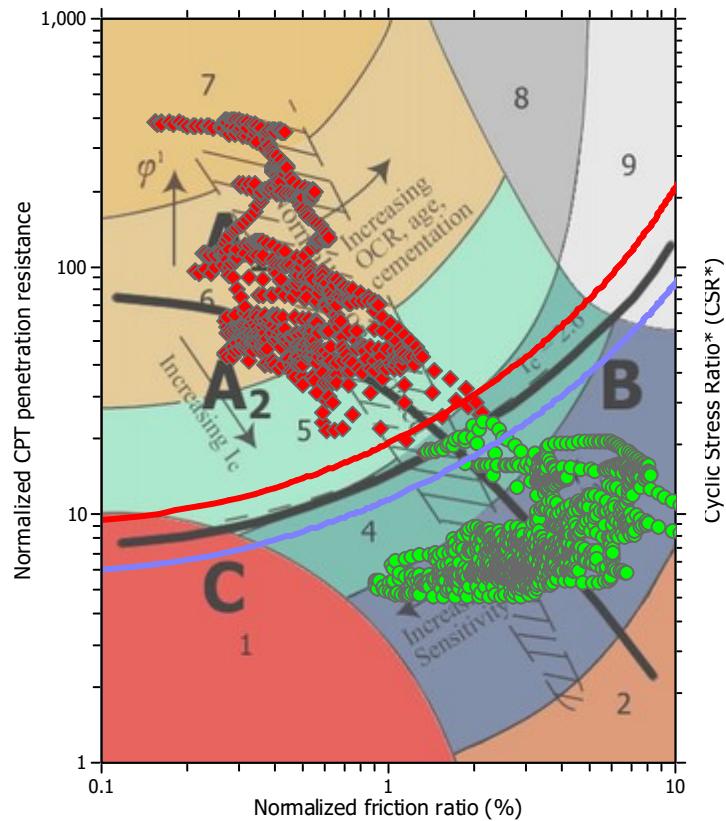
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

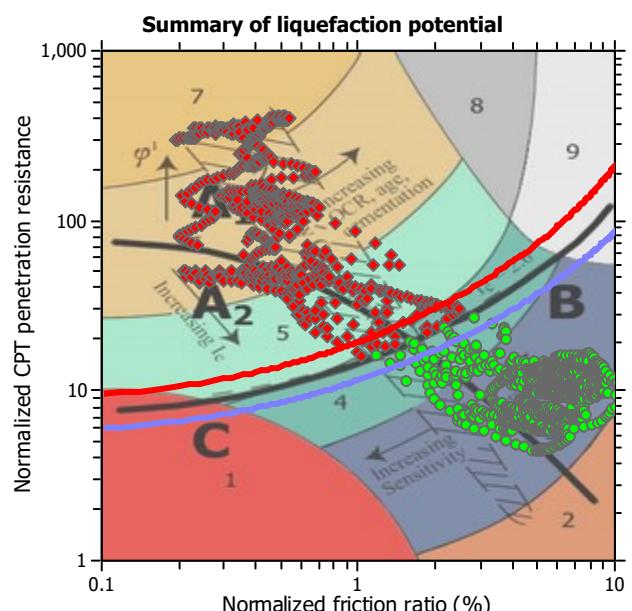
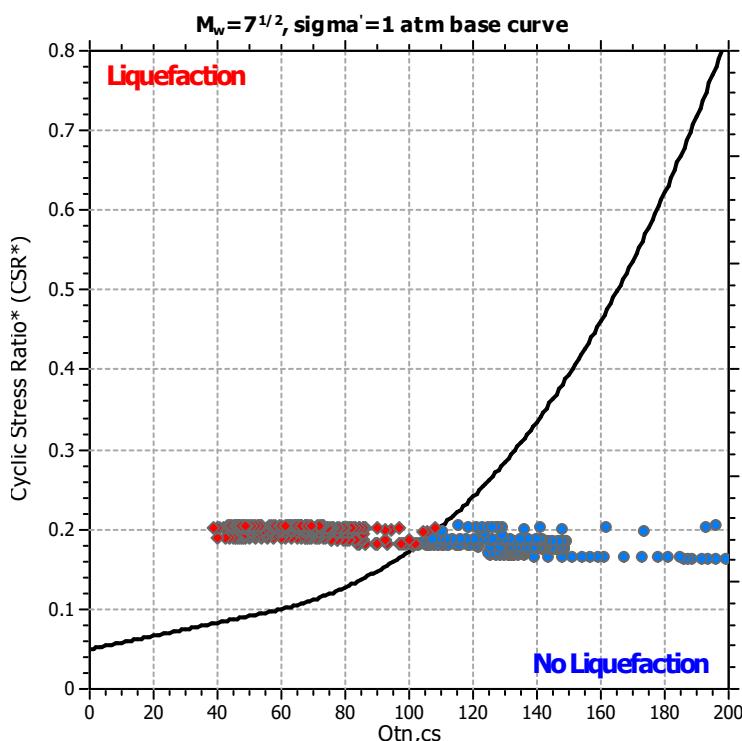
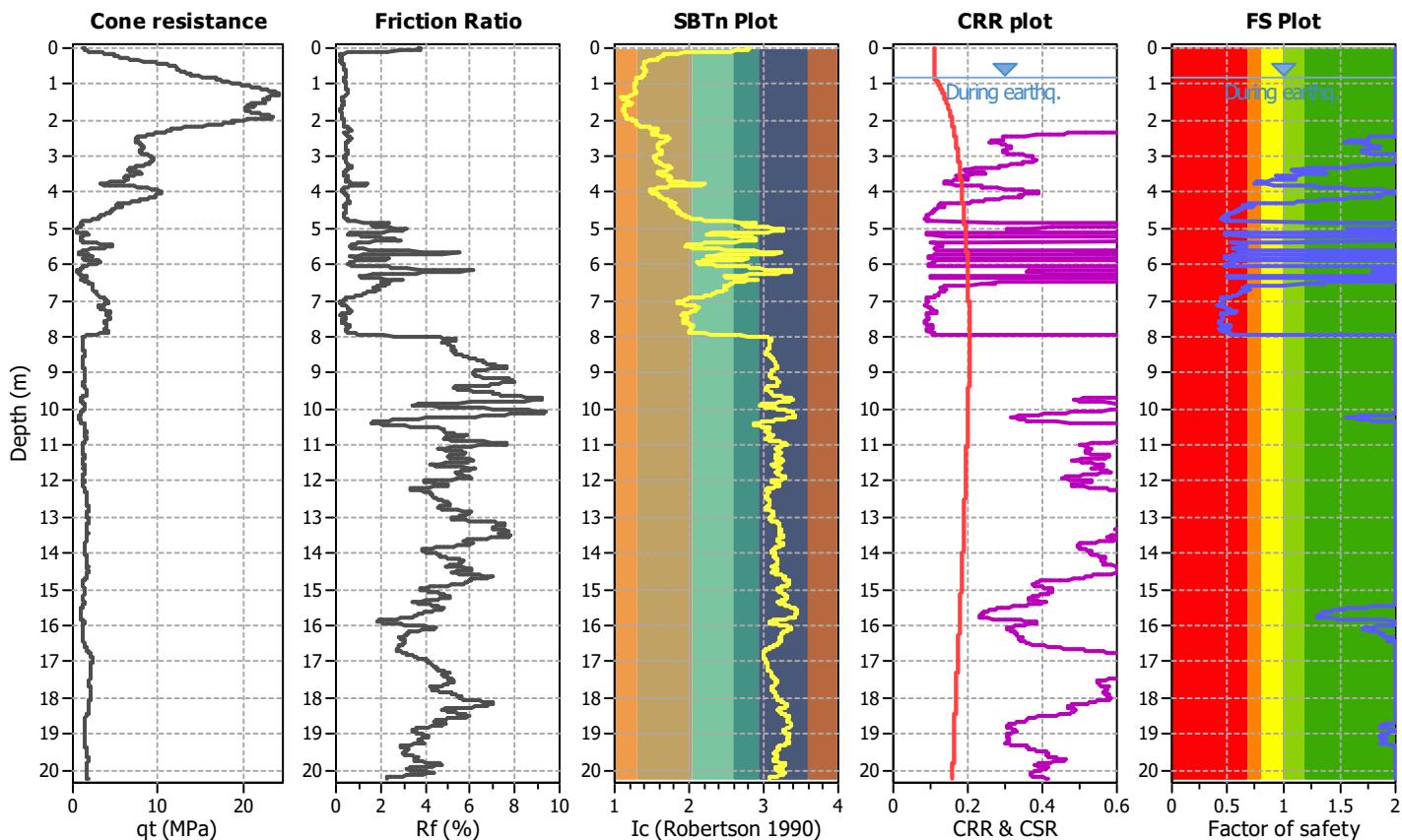
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1306

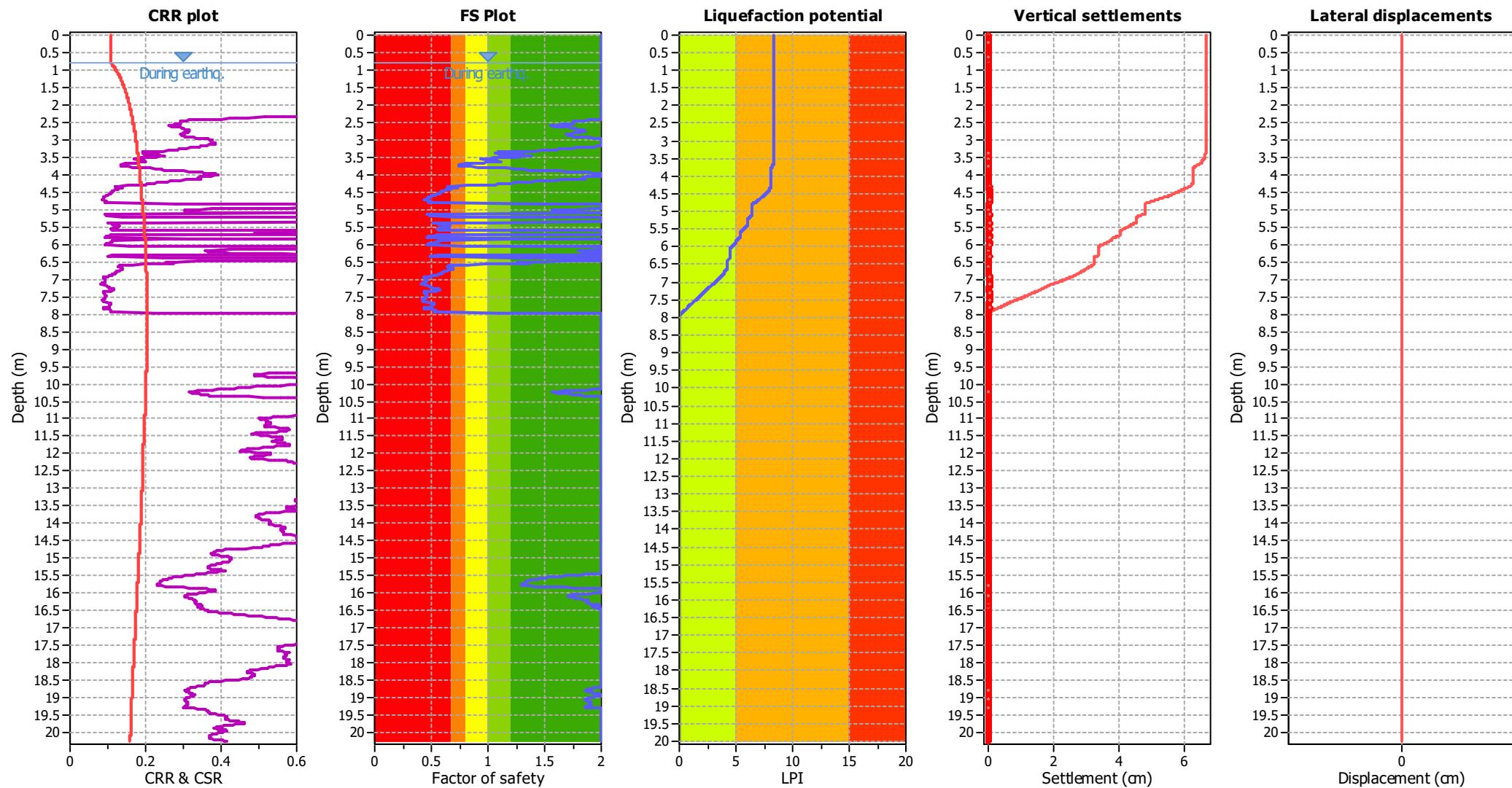
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

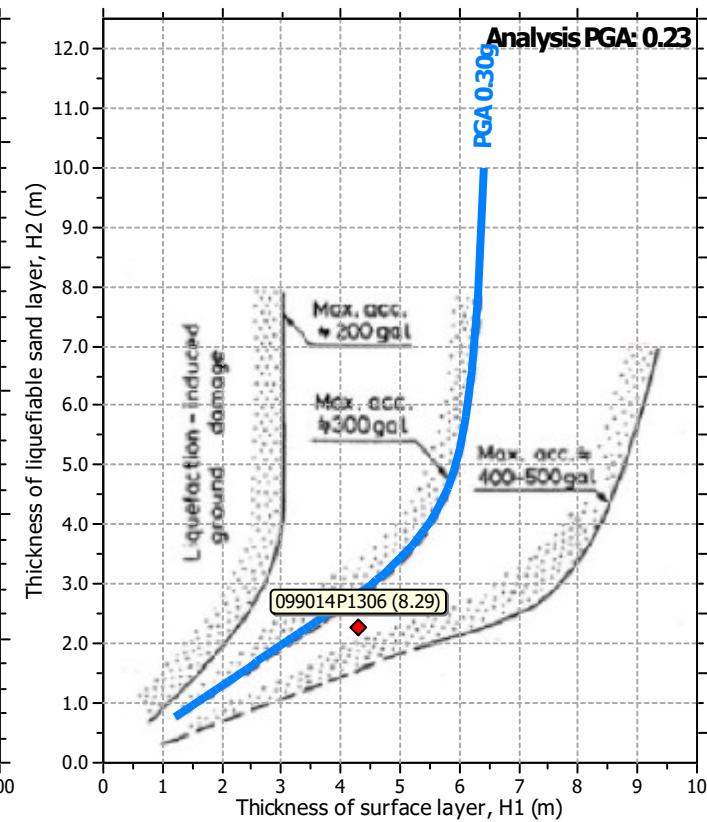
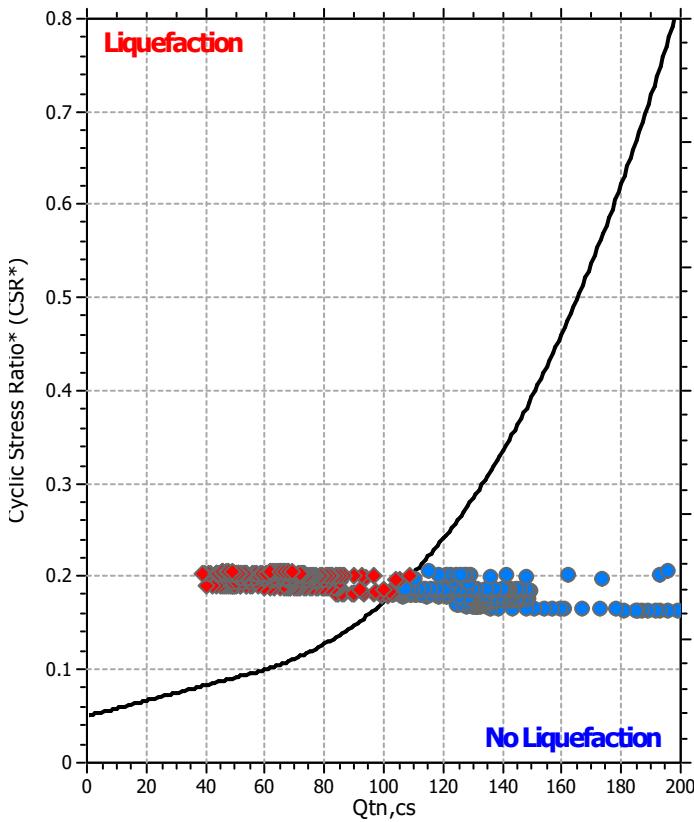
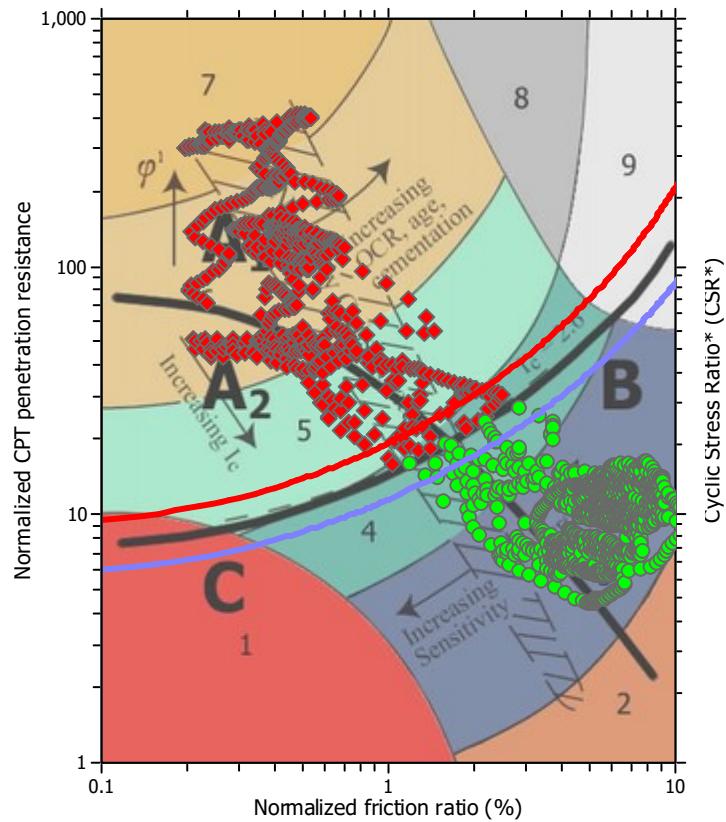
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Unlikely to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

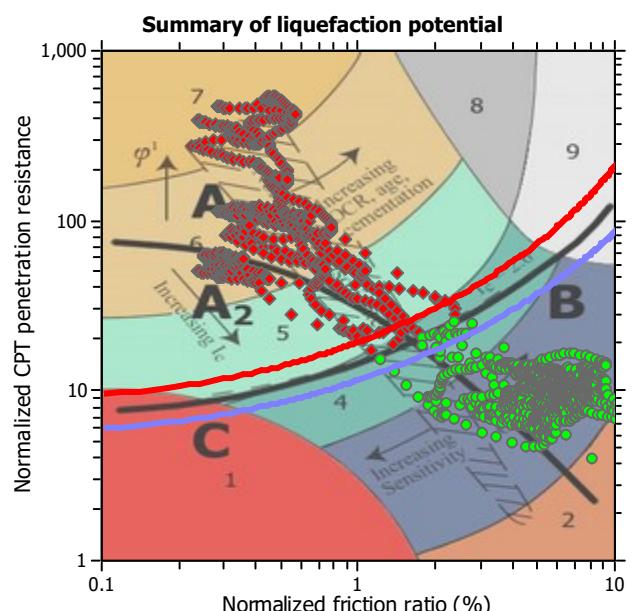
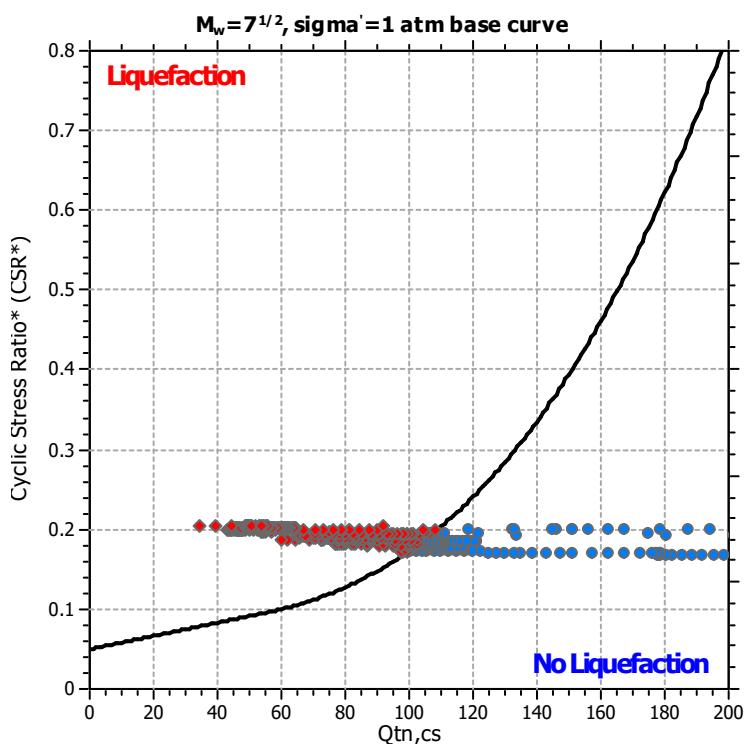
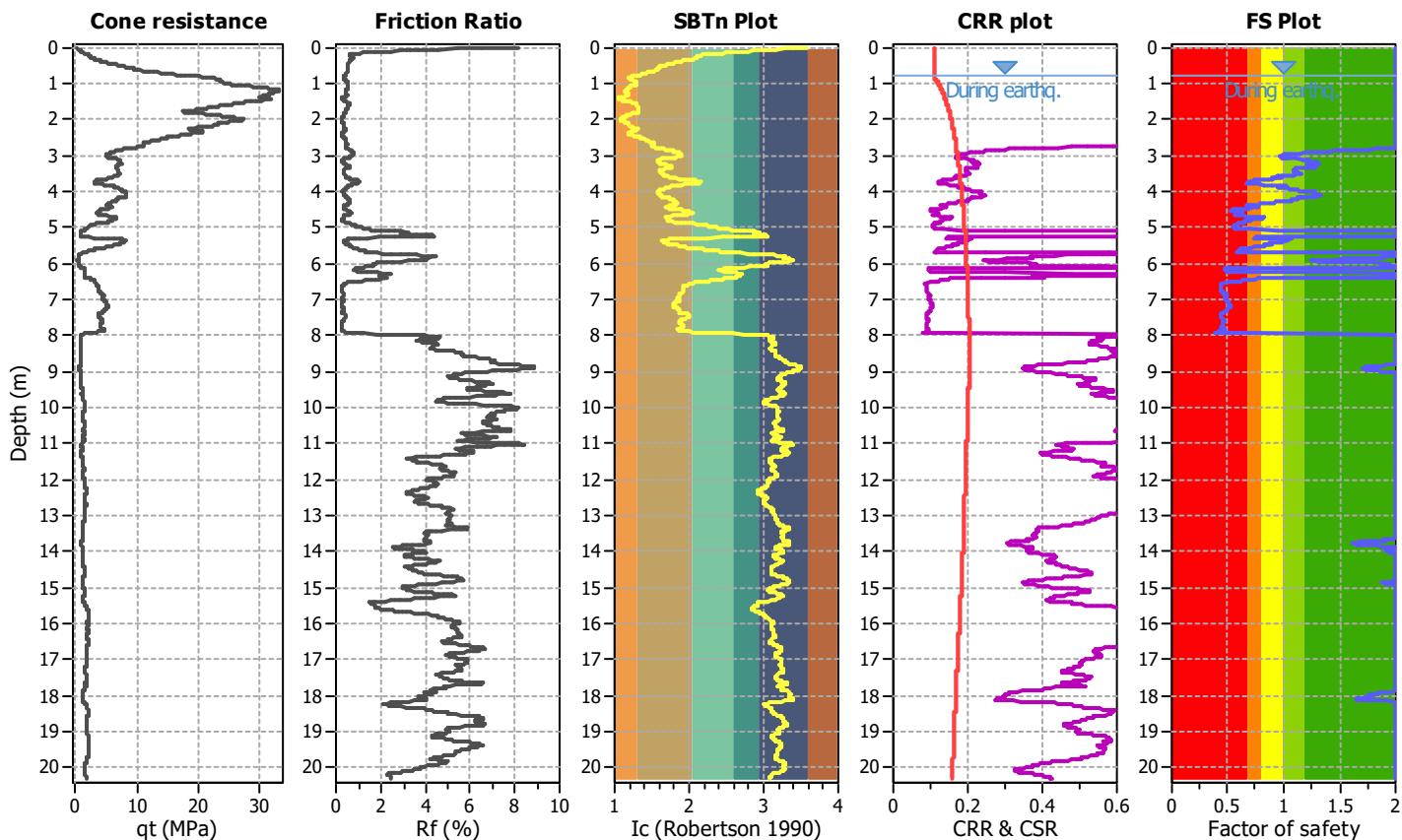
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1307

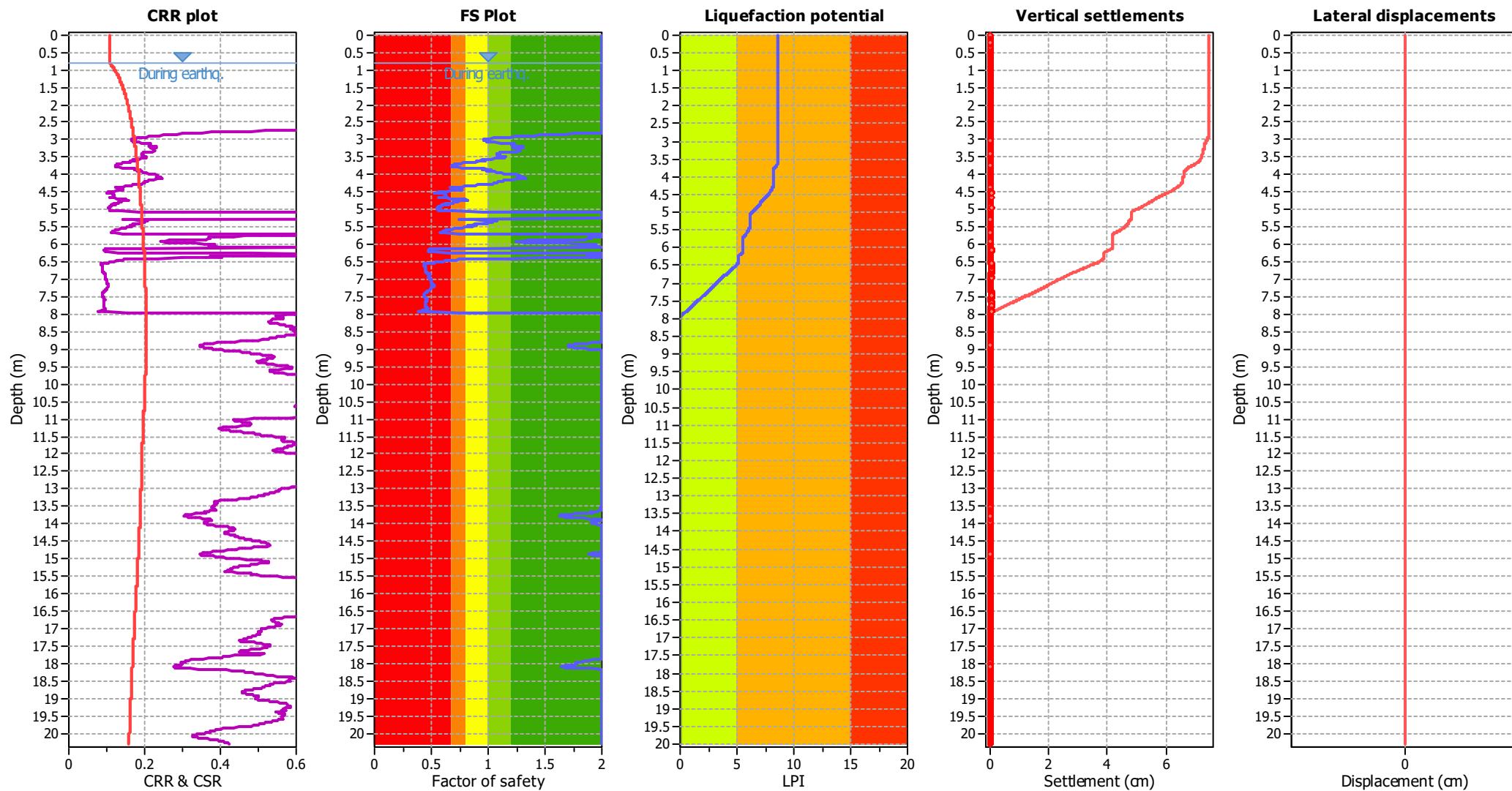
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

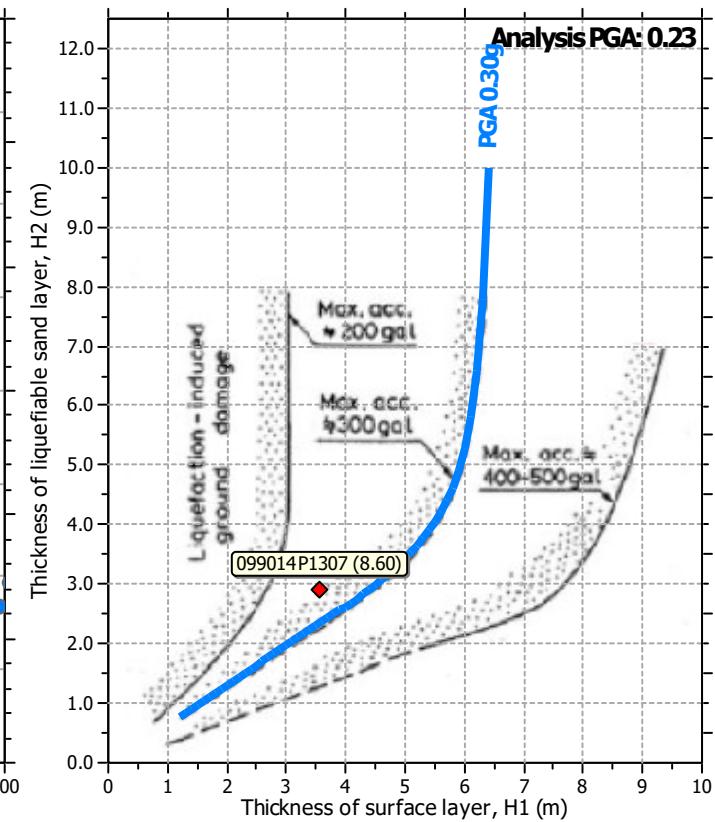
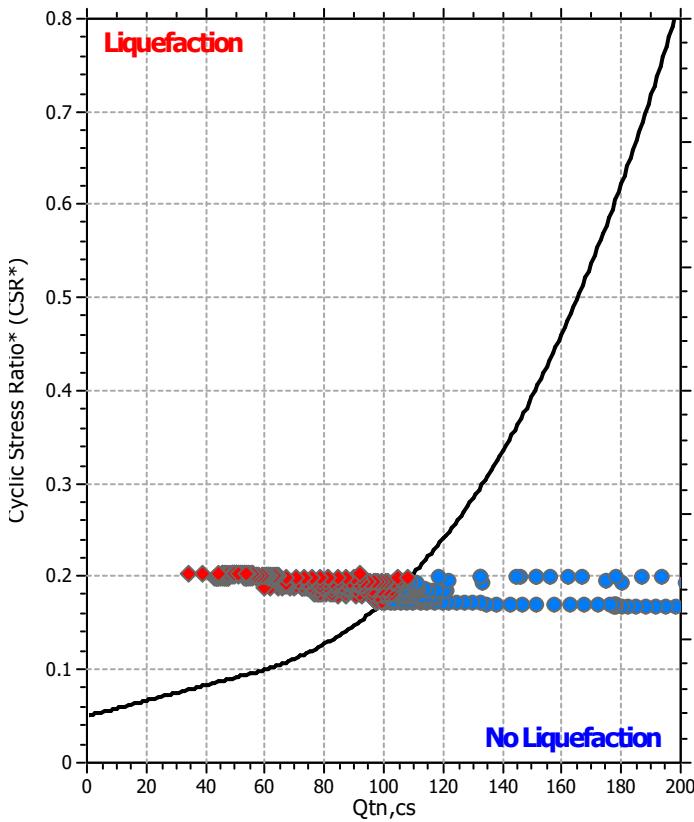
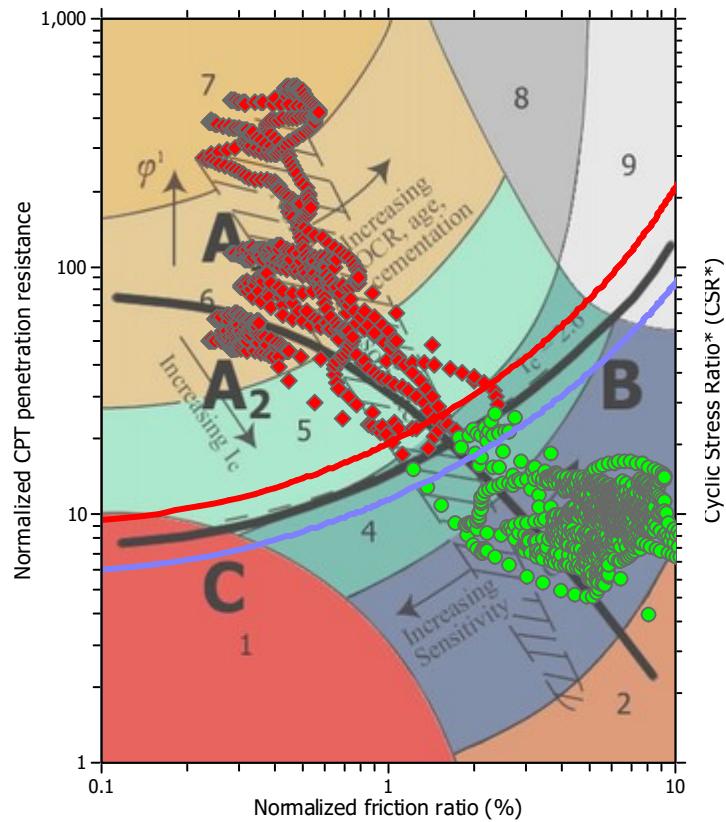
F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

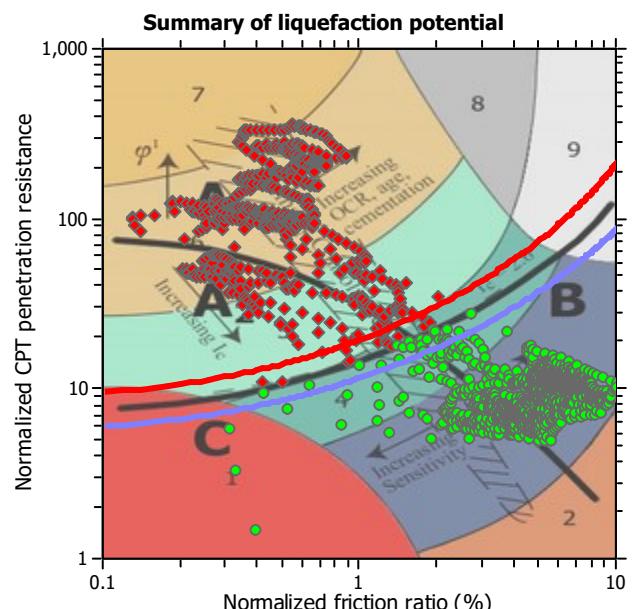
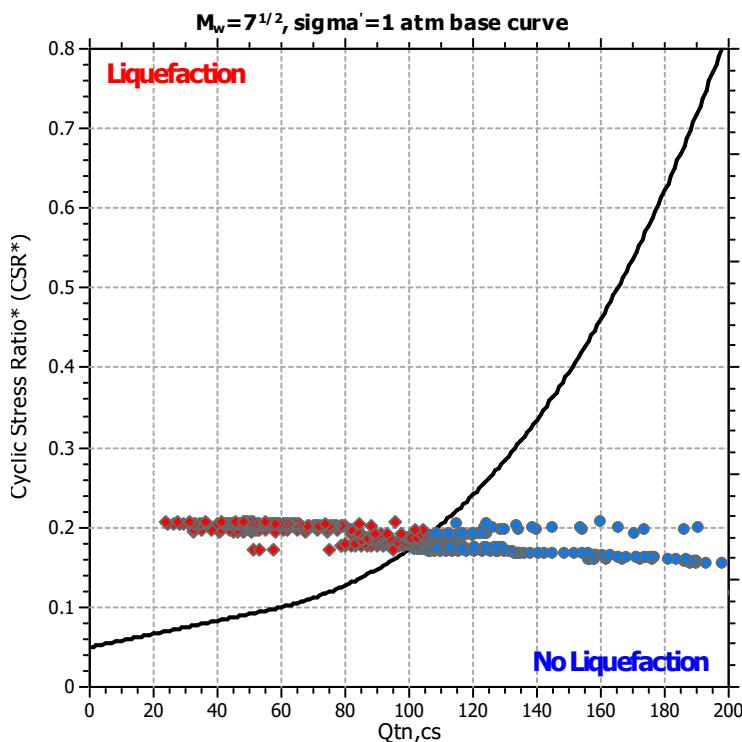
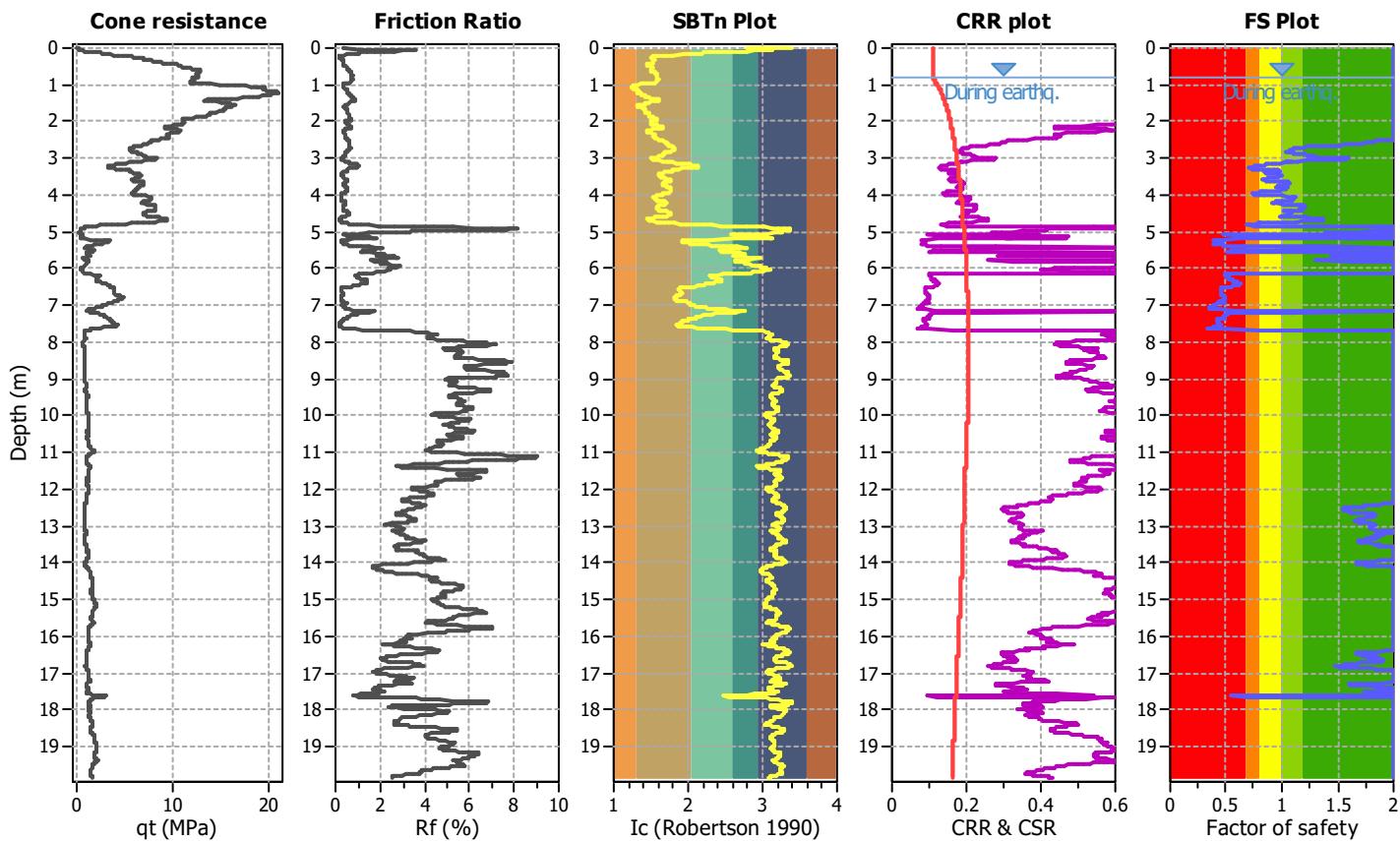


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

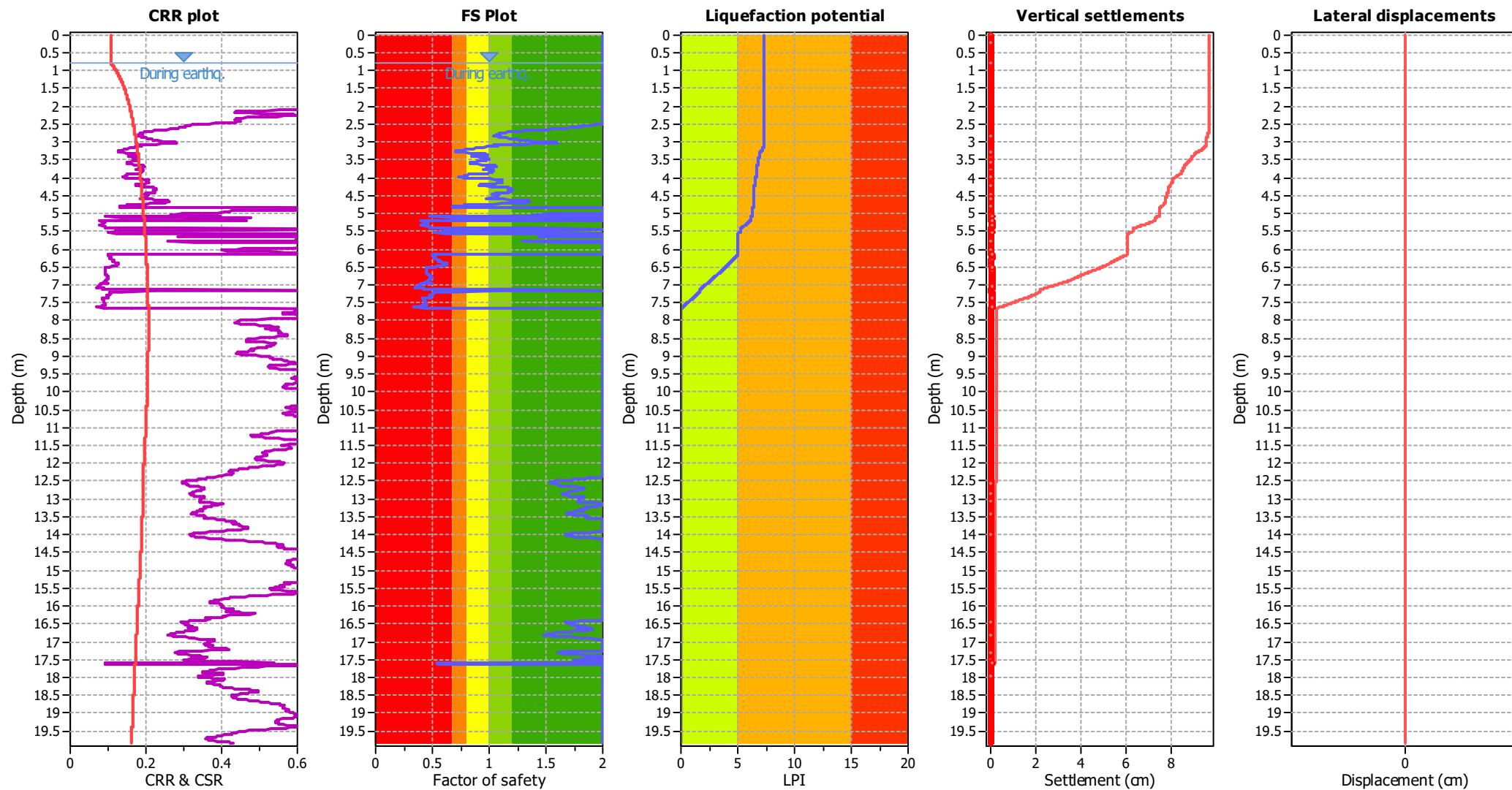
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_17
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

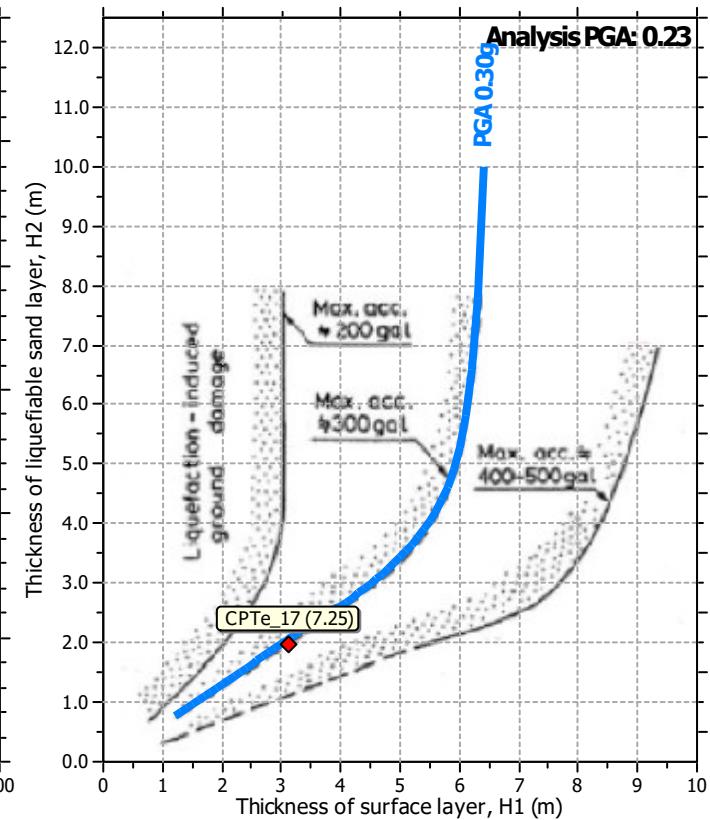
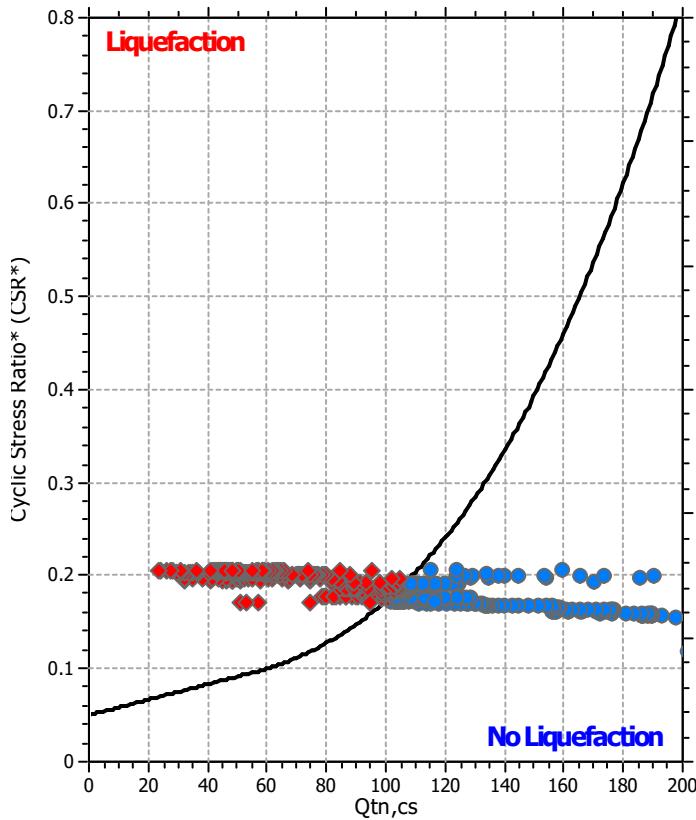
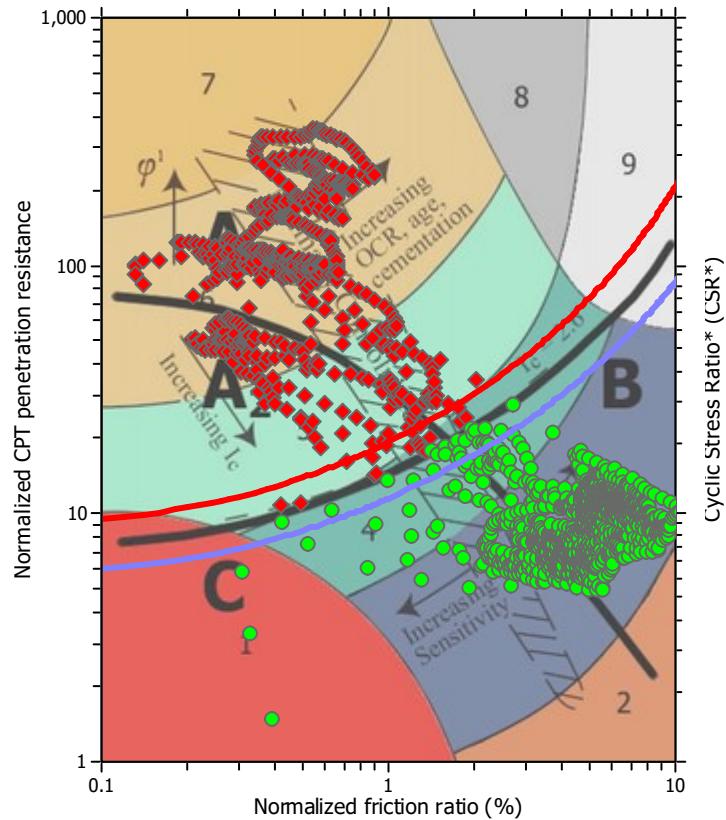
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

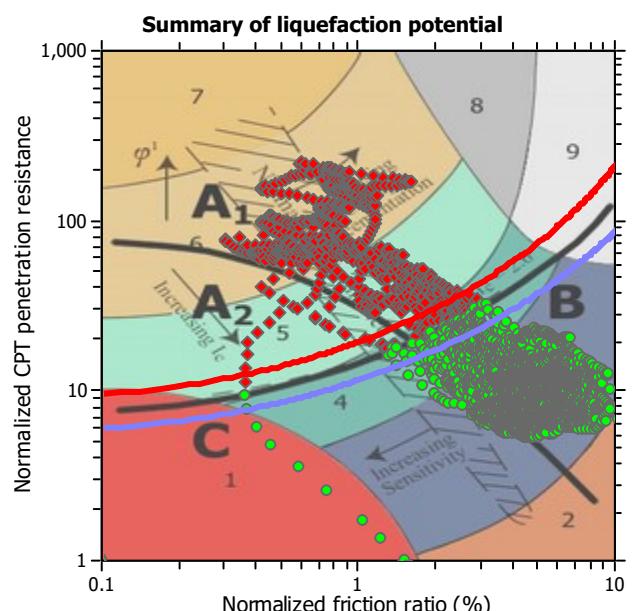
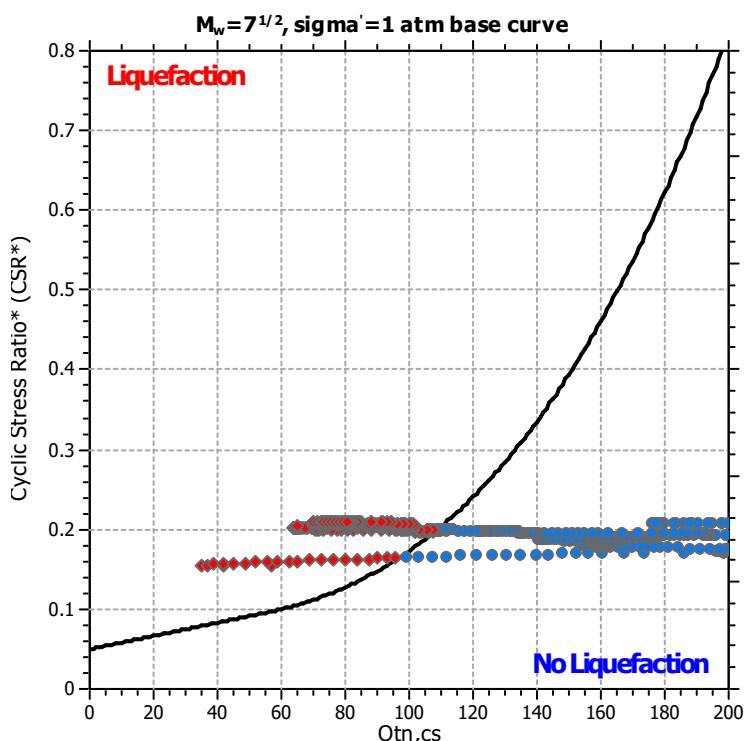
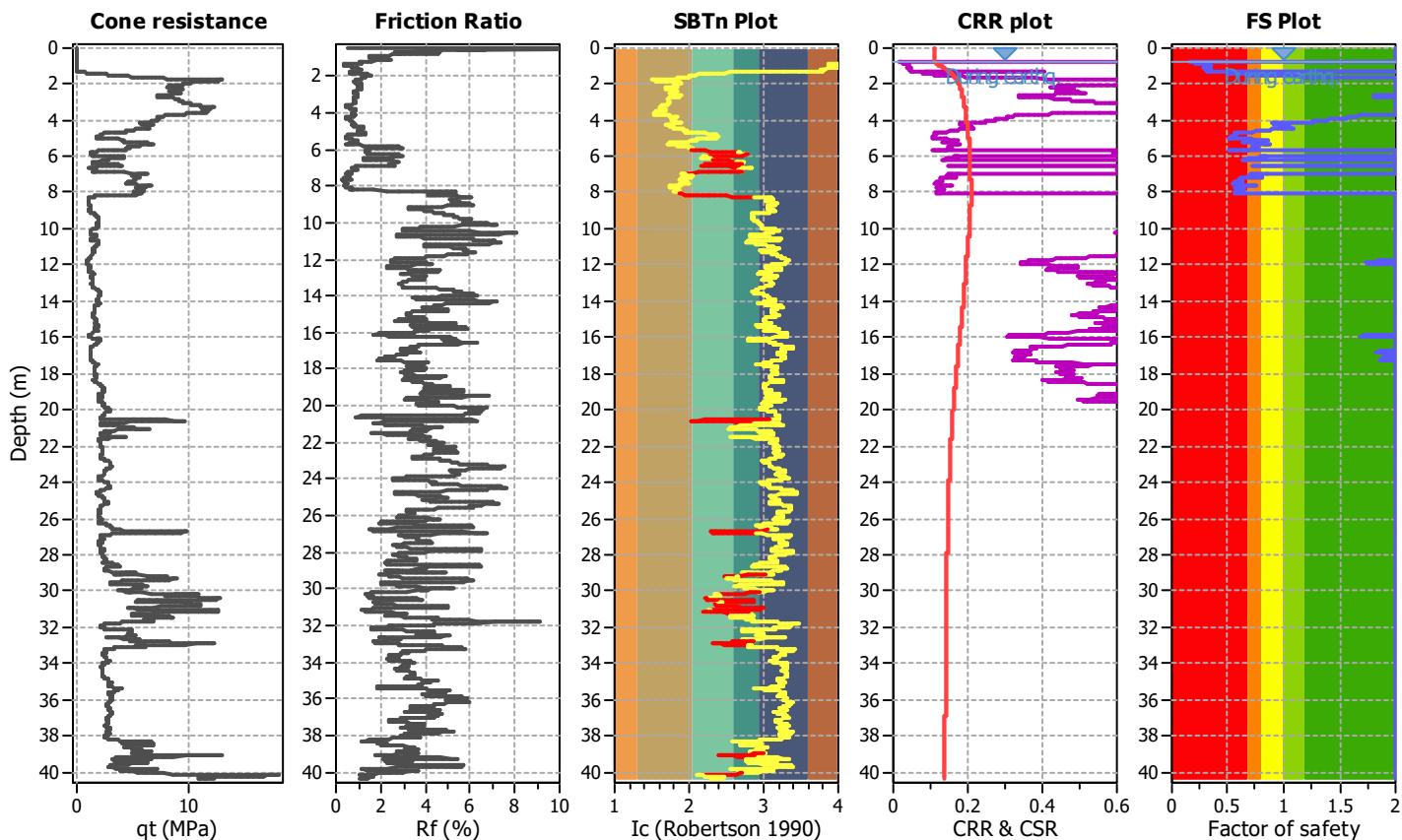
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1311

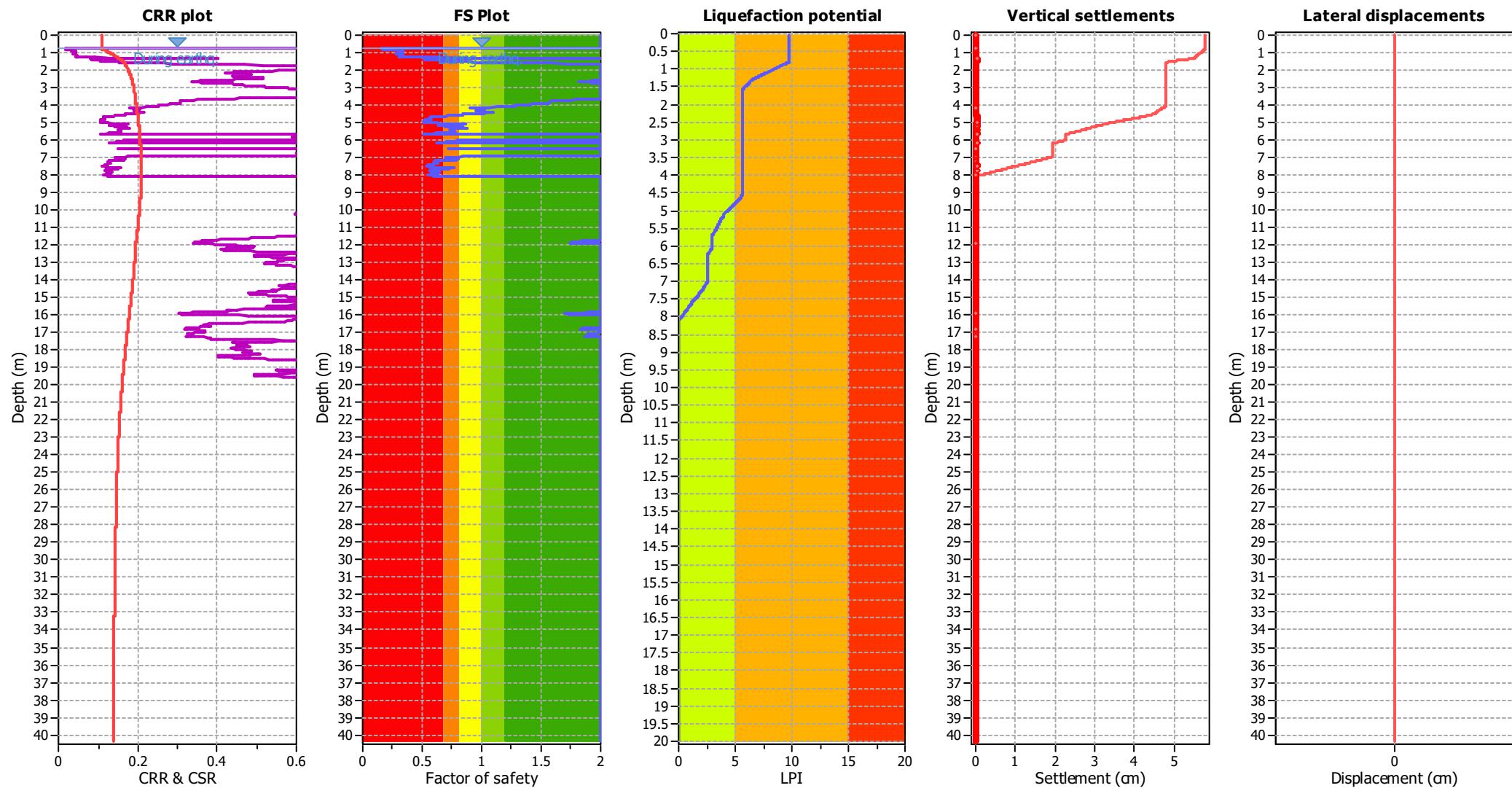
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

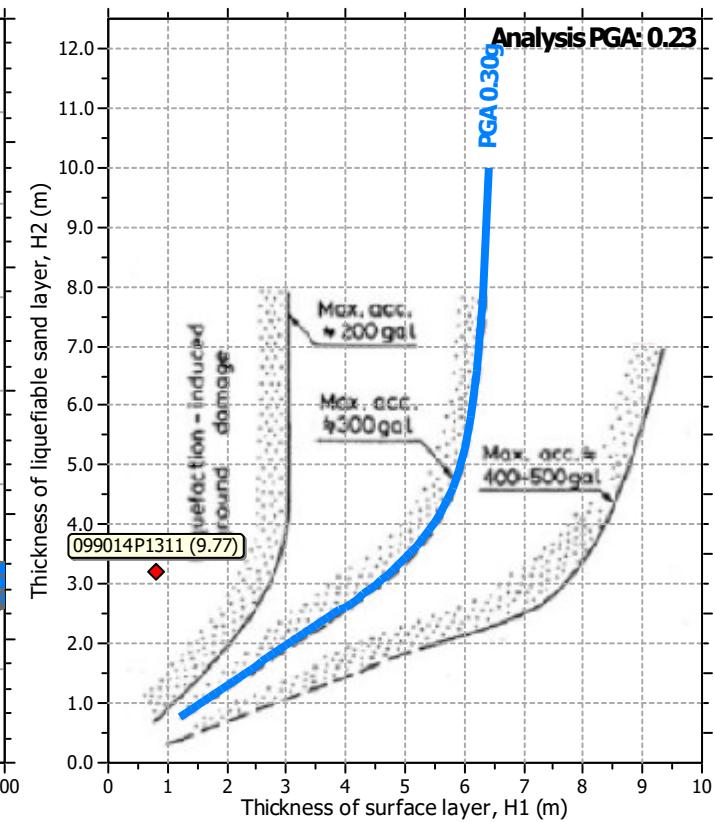
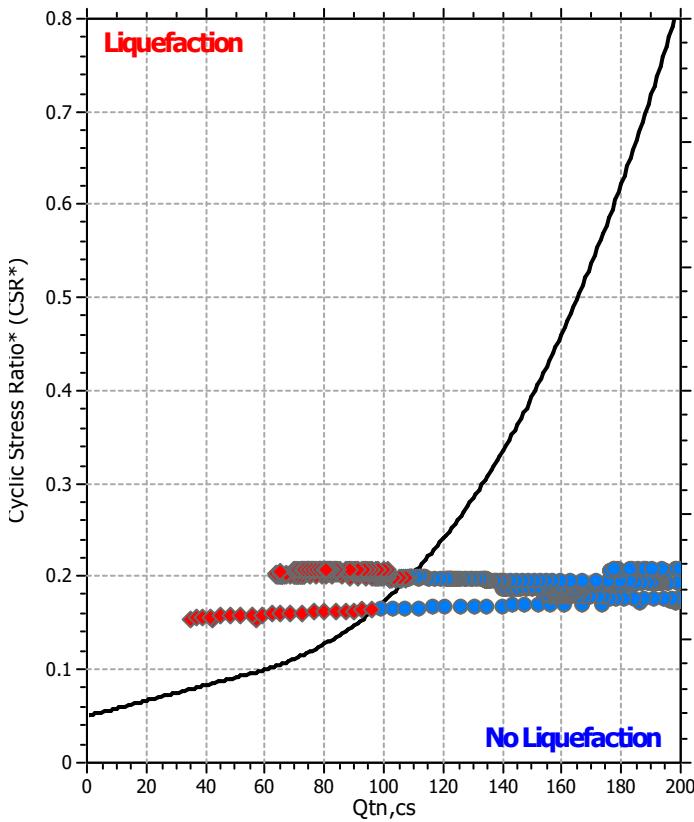
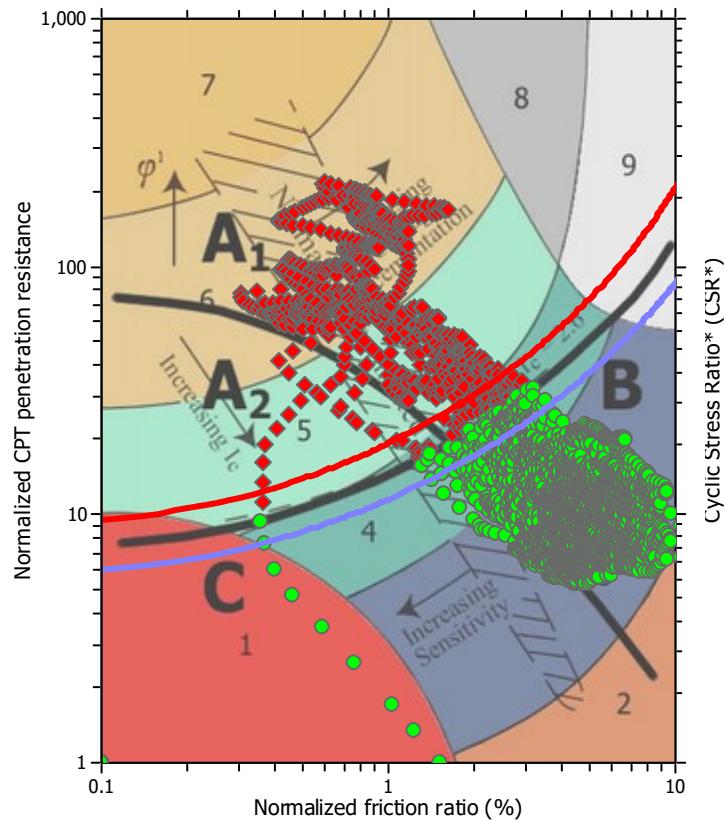
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

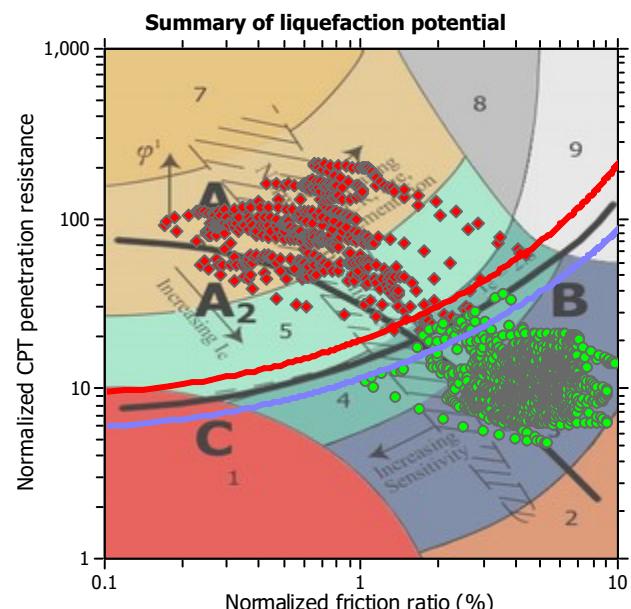
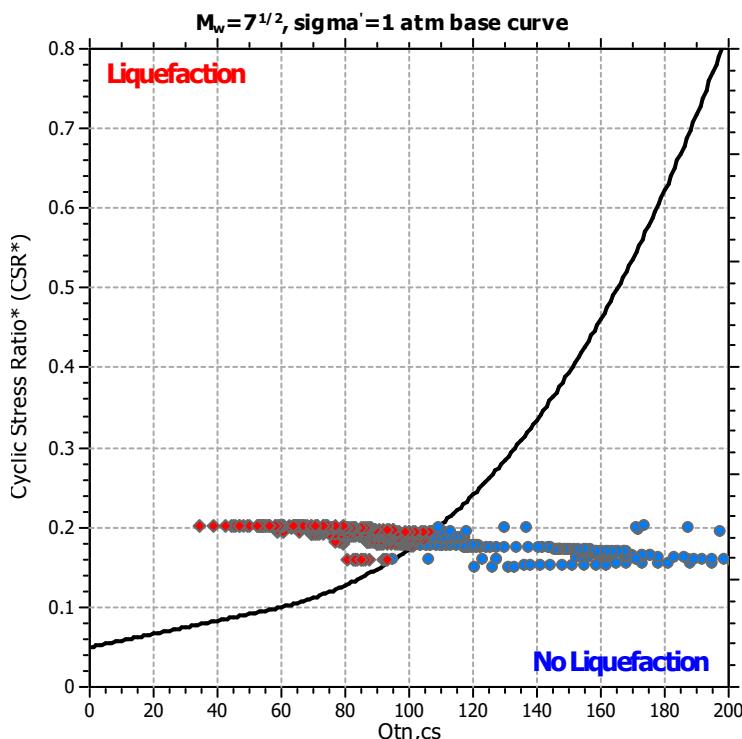
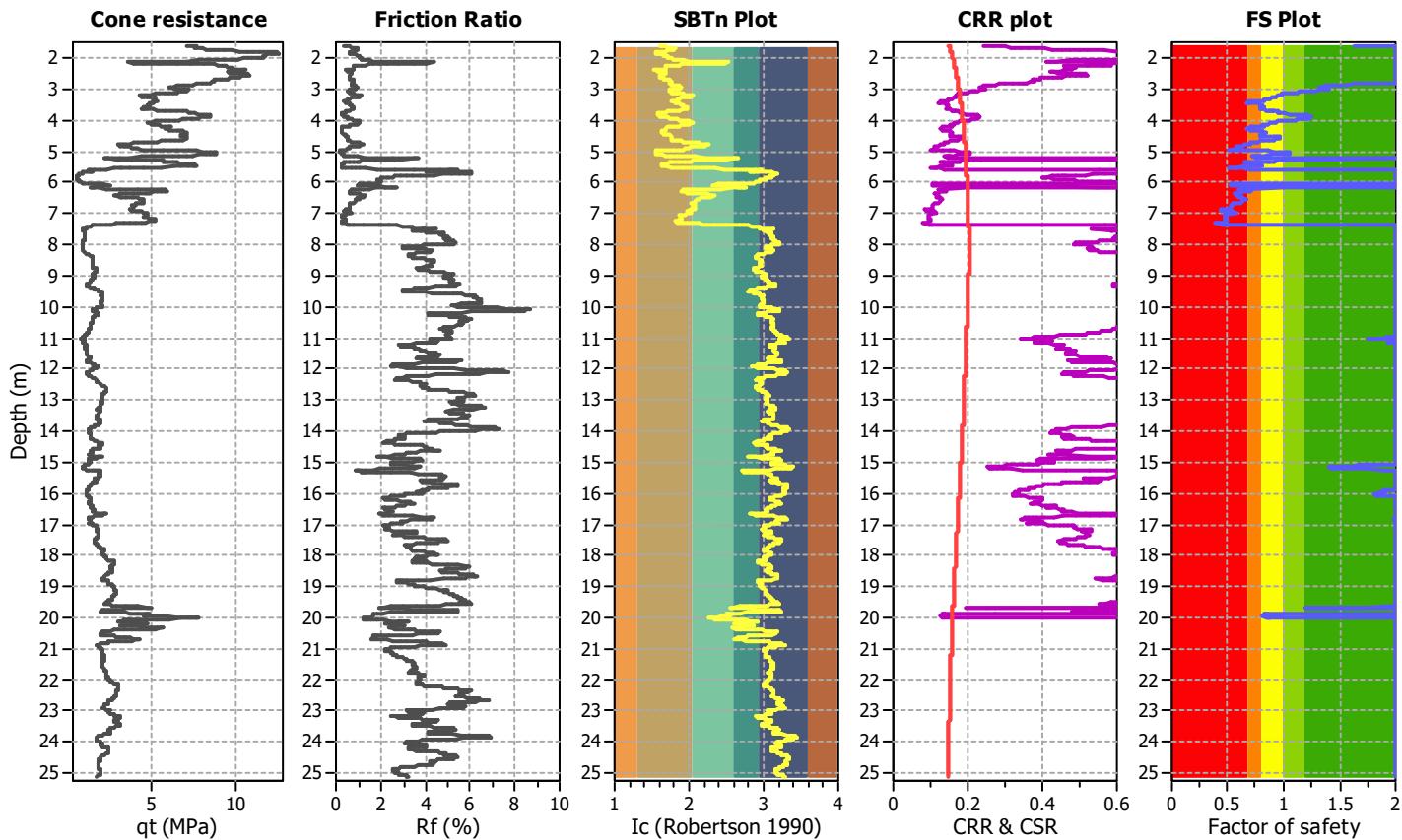


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

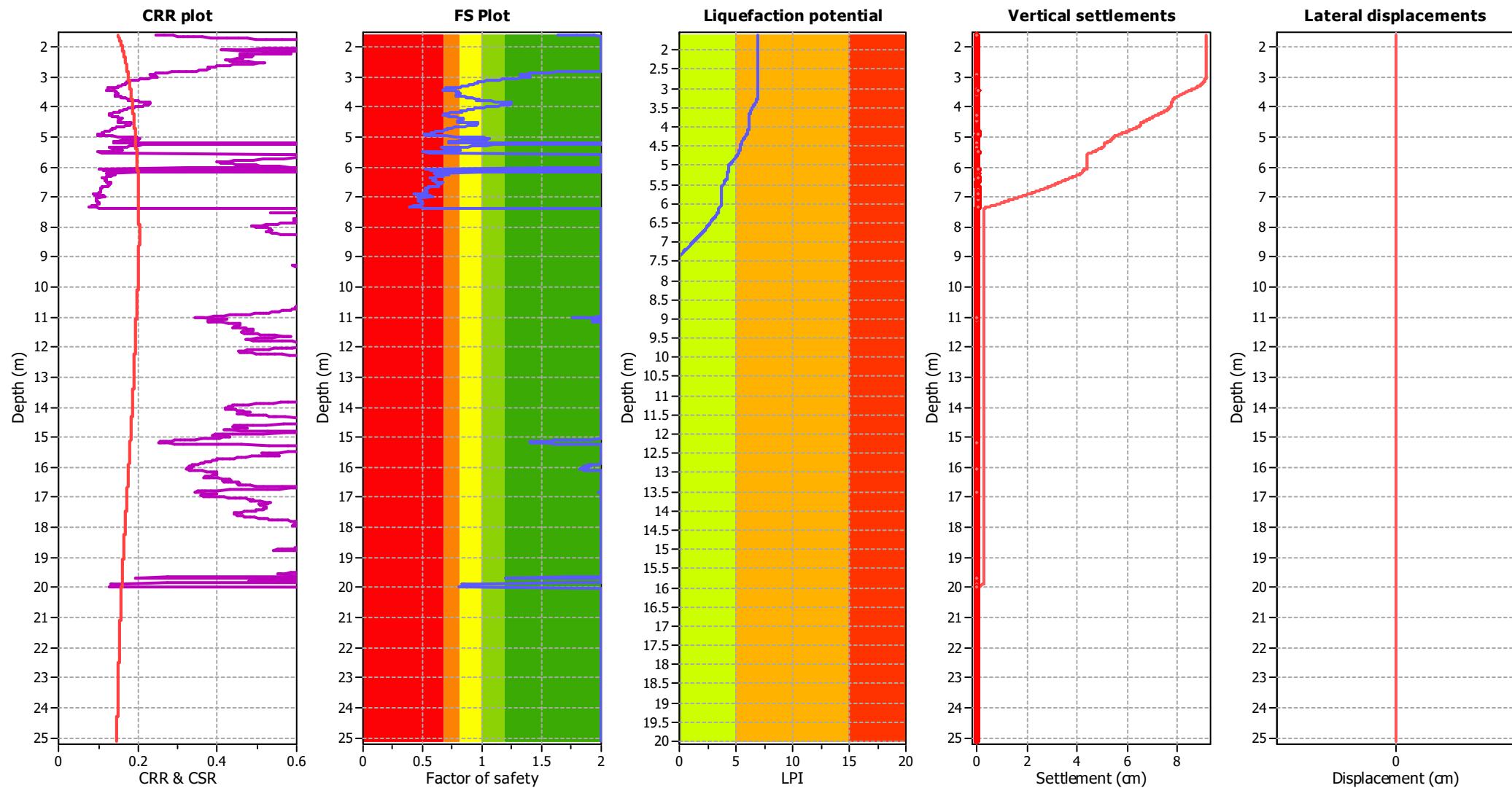
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1328
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

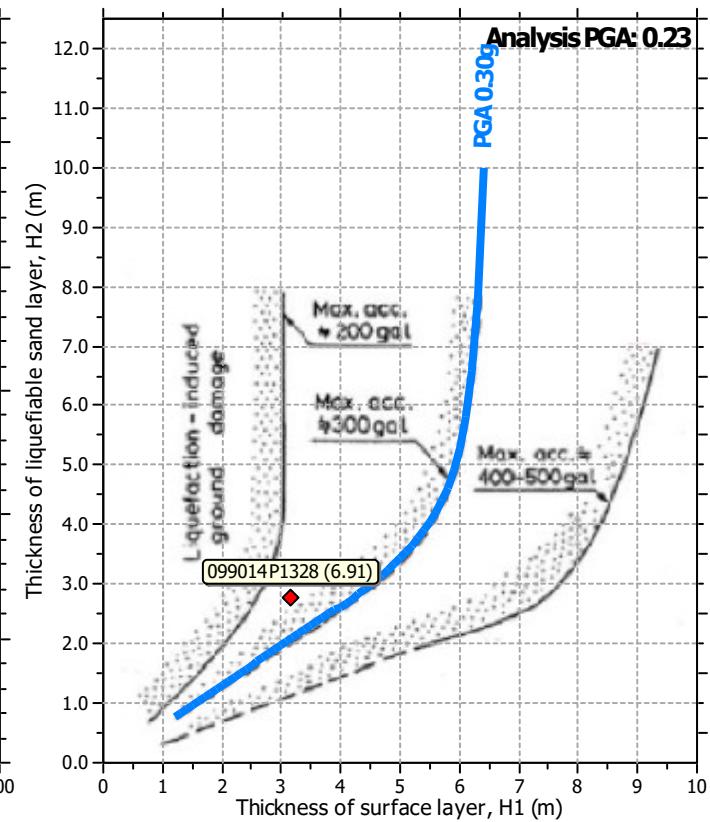
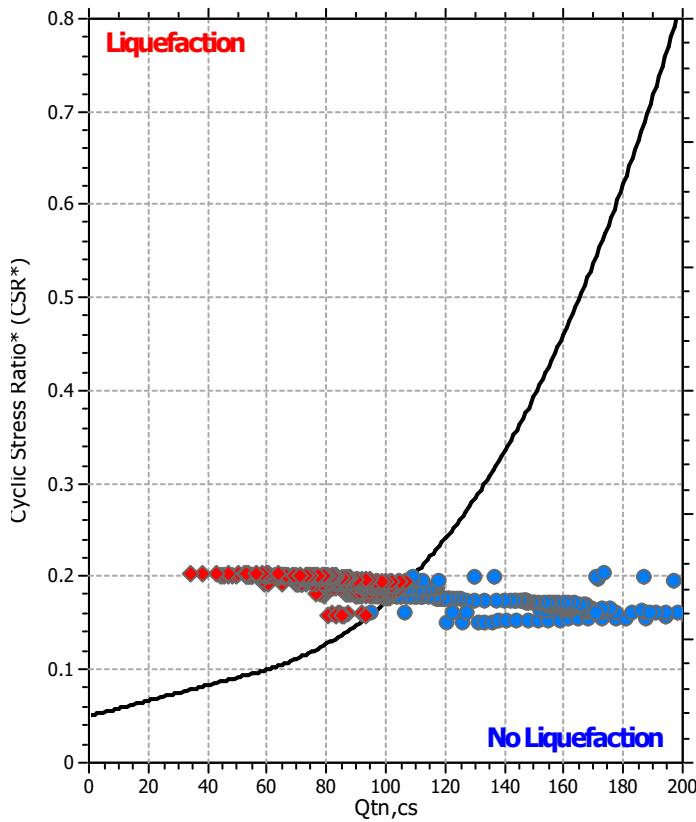
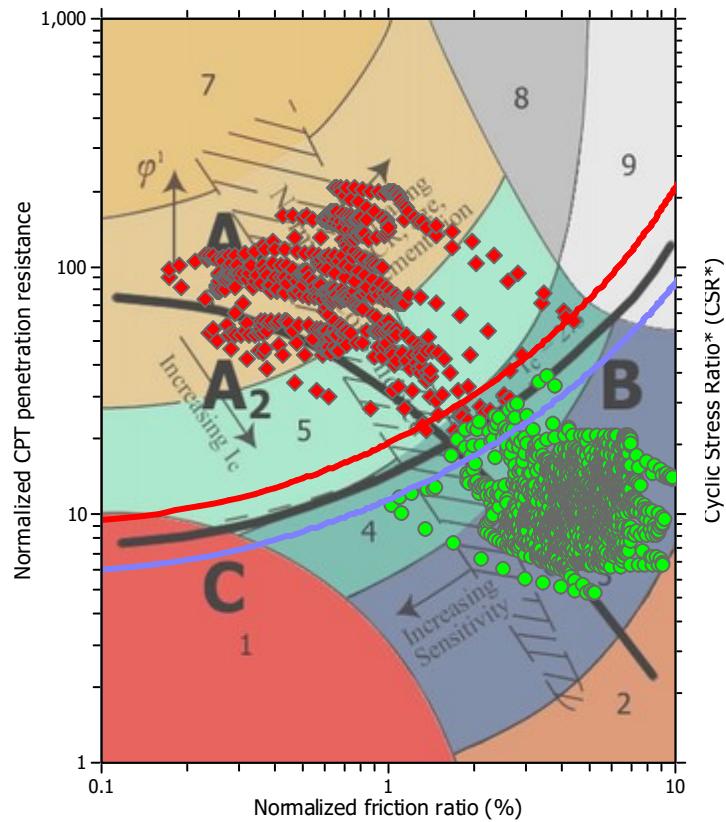
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|--|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

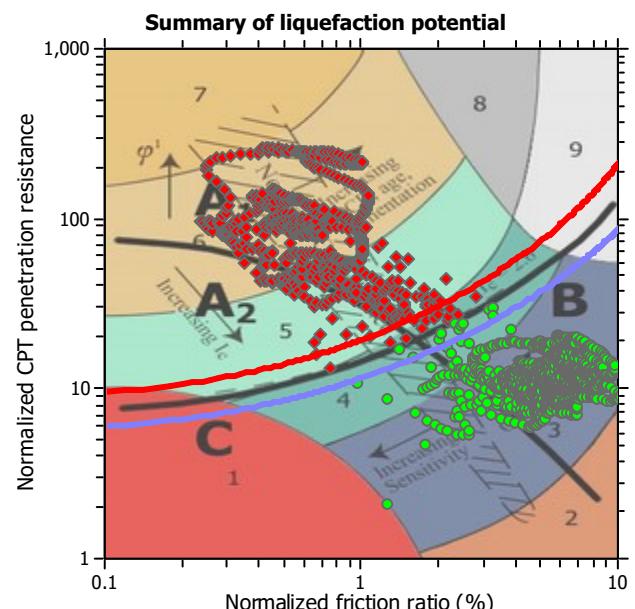
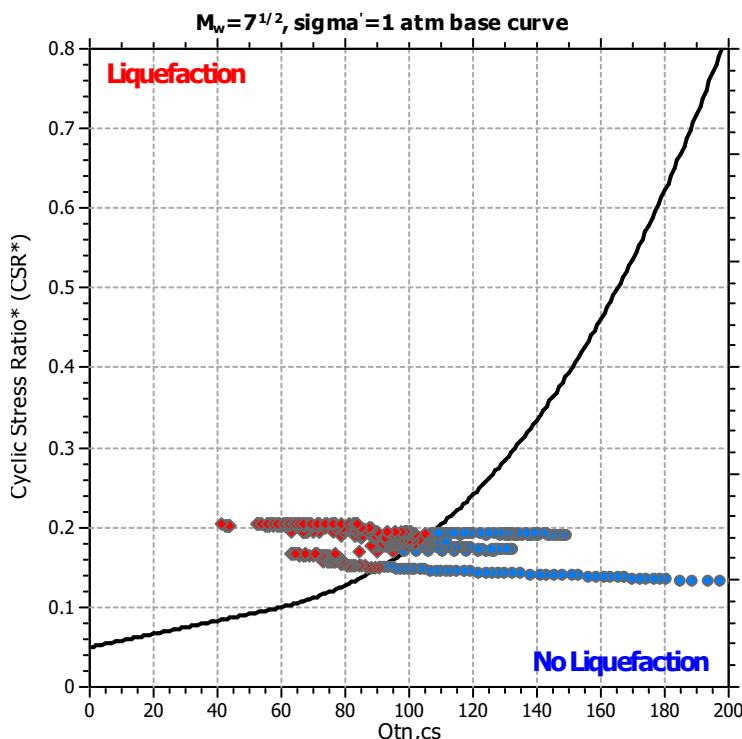
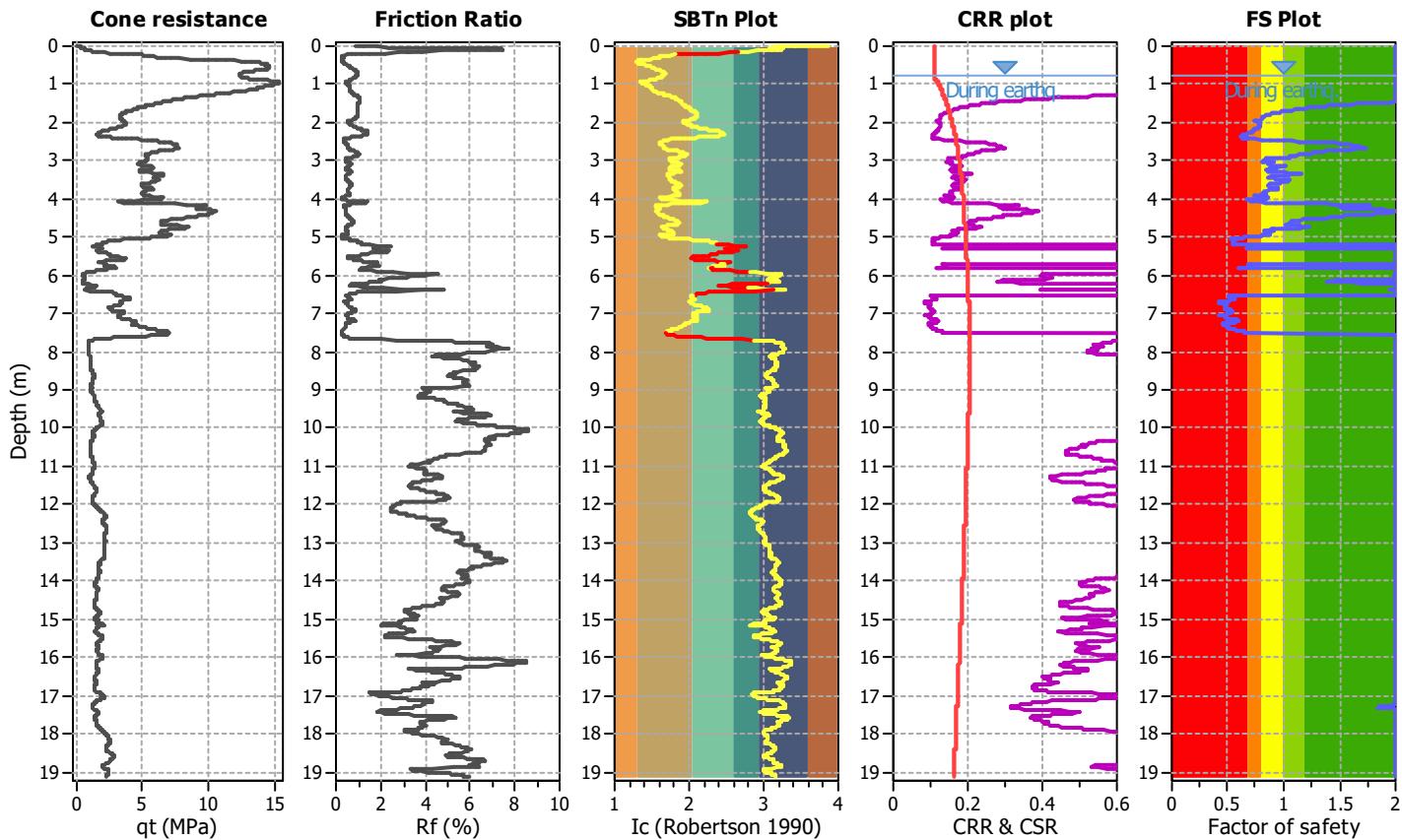


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

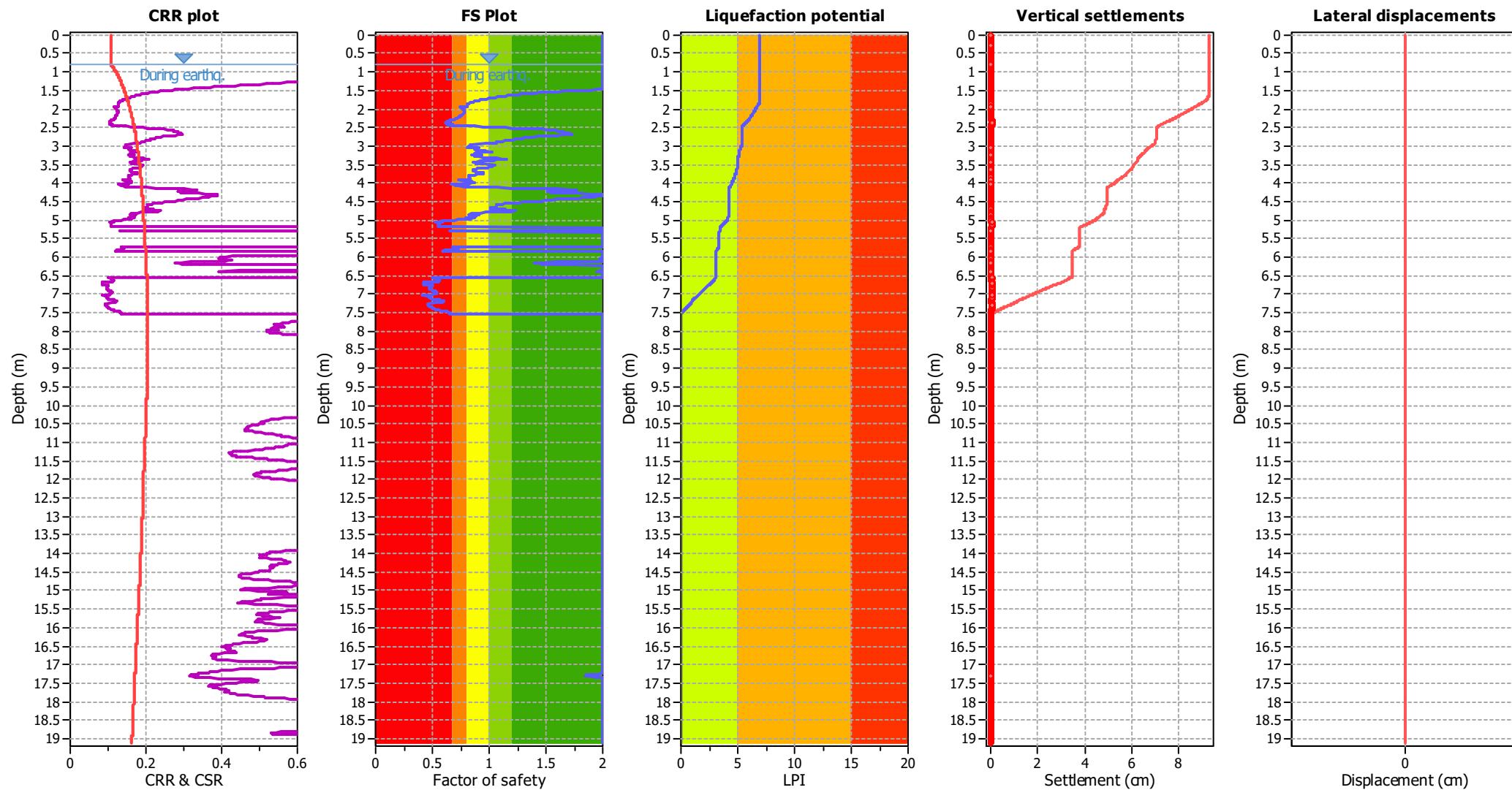
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTe_18
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.20 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

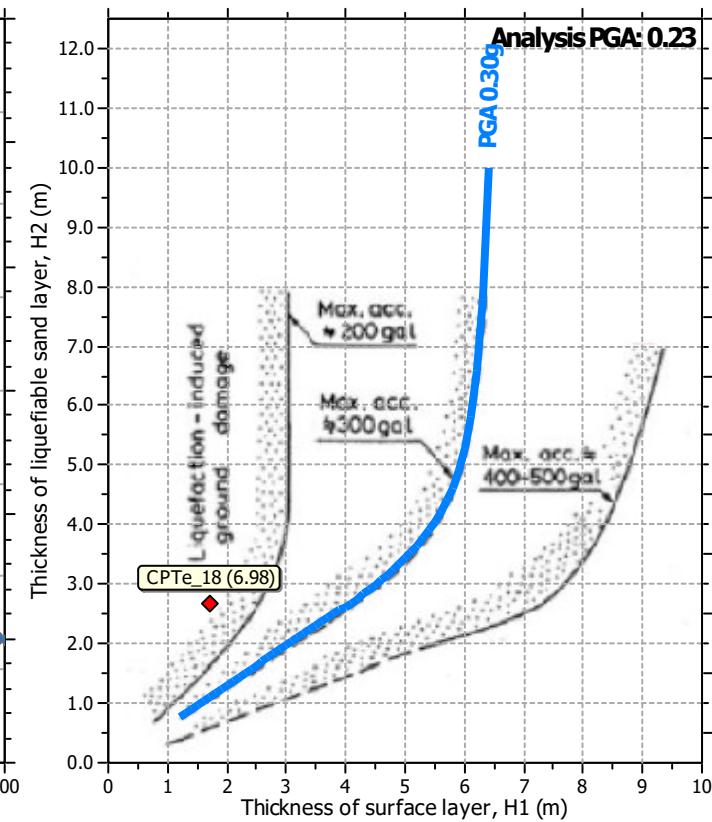
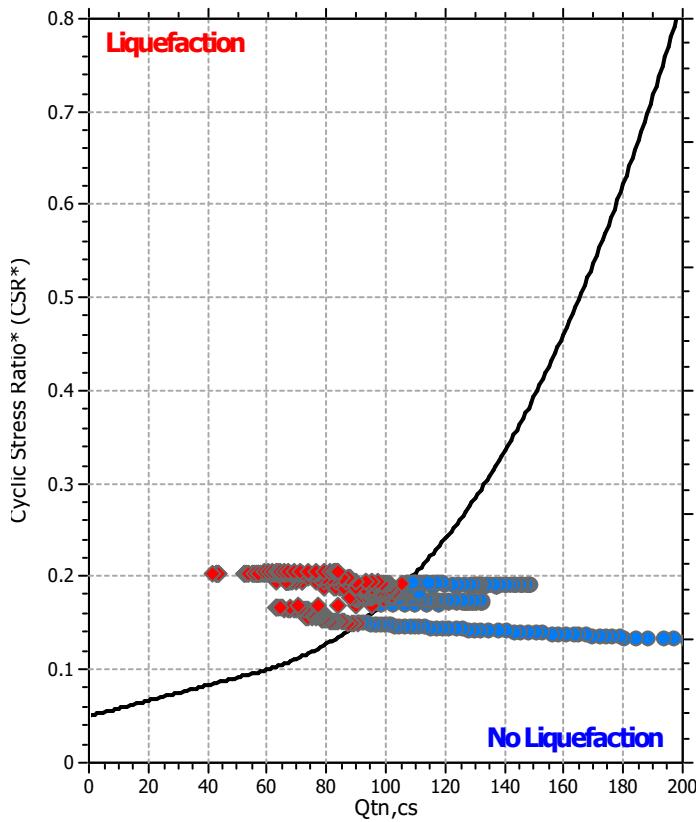
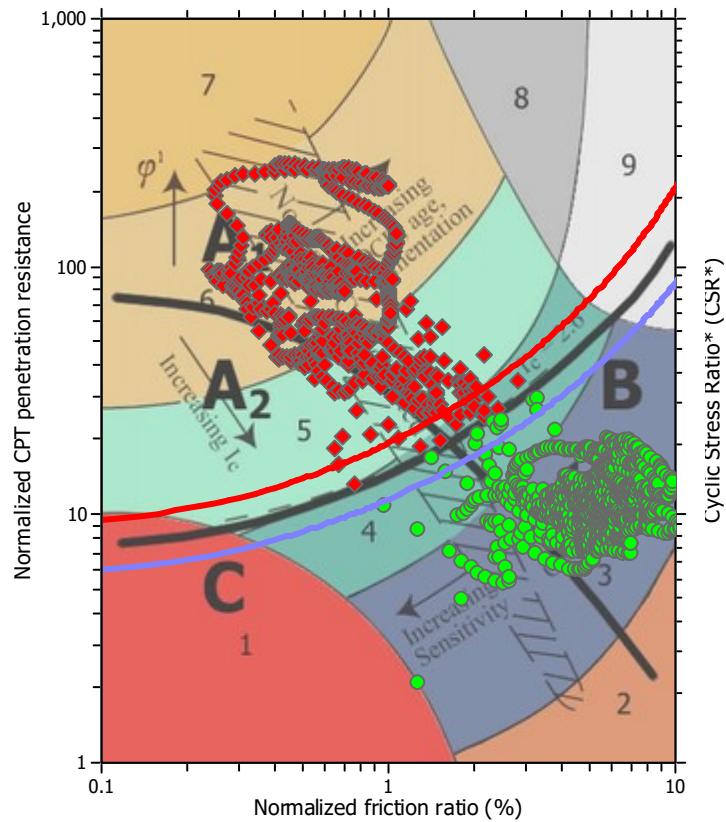
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| █ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| █ | Very likely to liquefy |
| █ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| █ | Unlike to liquefy |
| █ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| █ | Very high risk |
| █ | High risk |
| █ | Medium risk |
| █ | Low risk |
| █ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

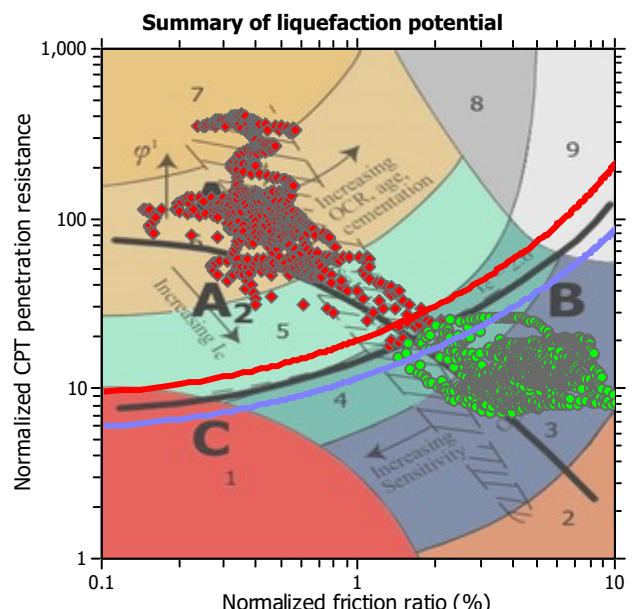
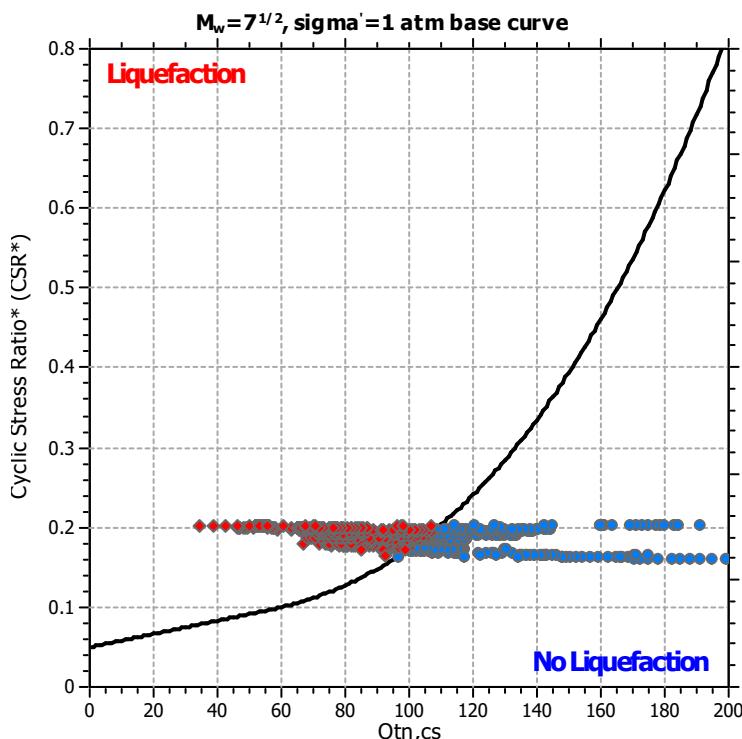
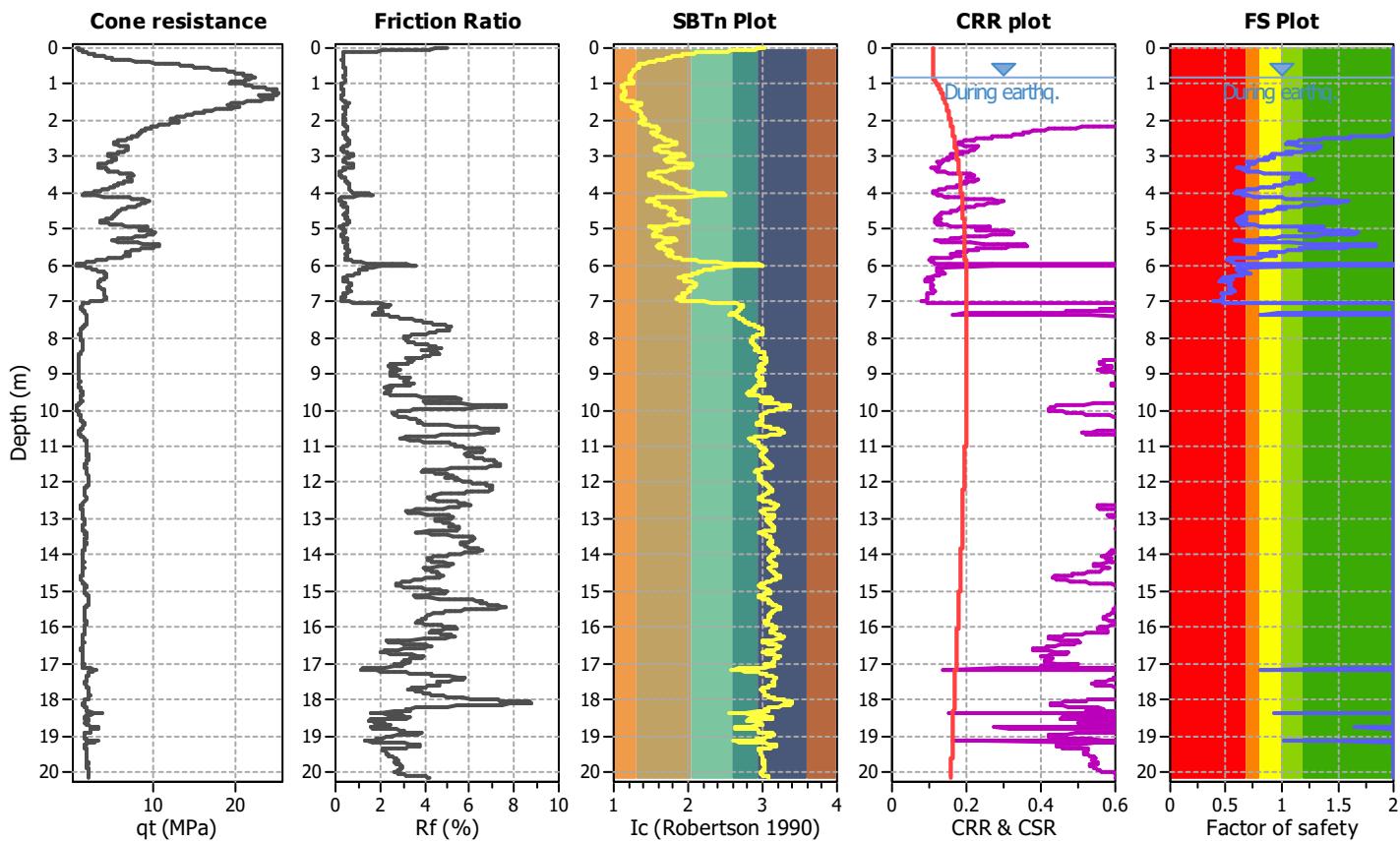


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

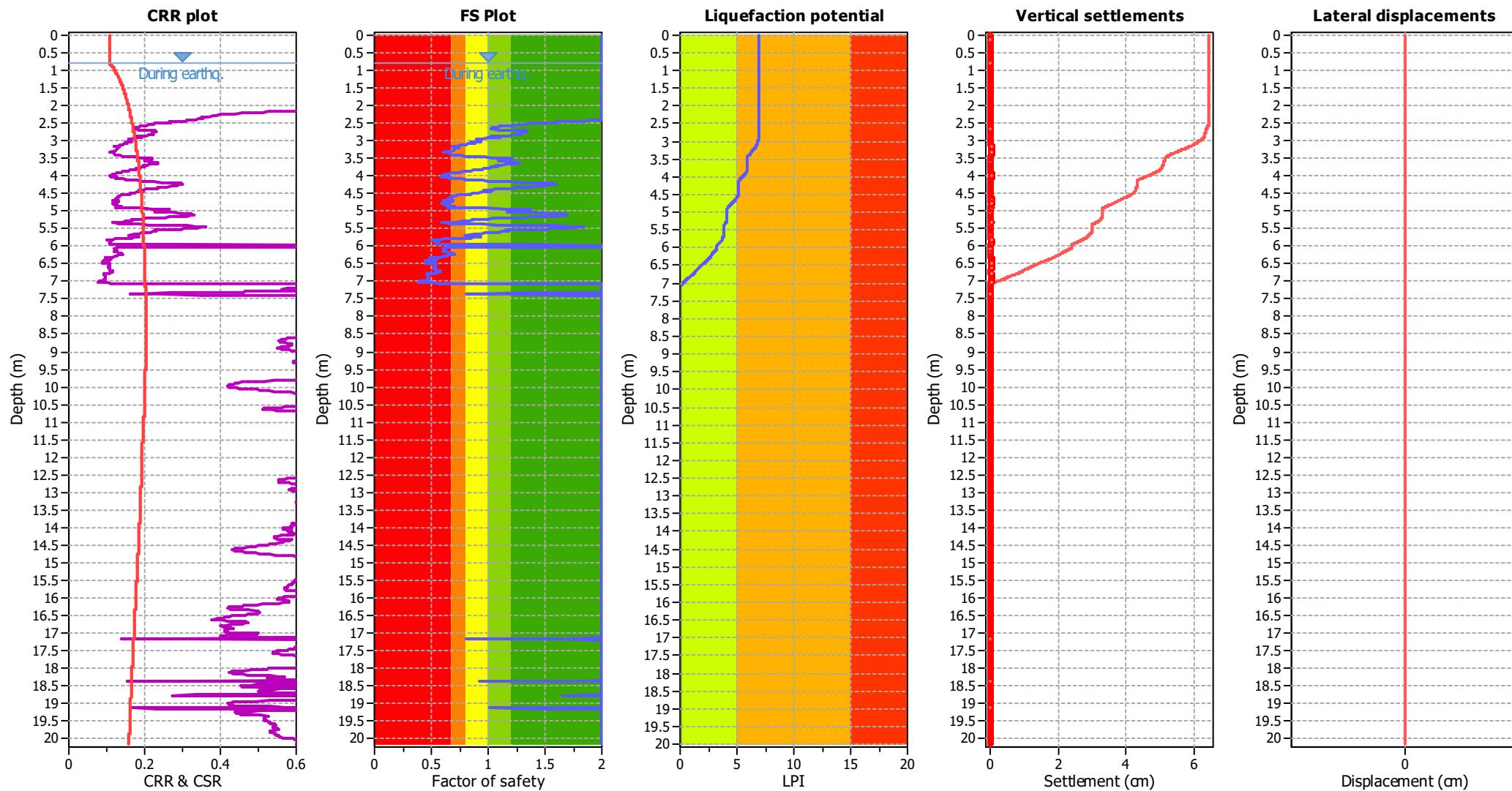
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1314
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 3 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

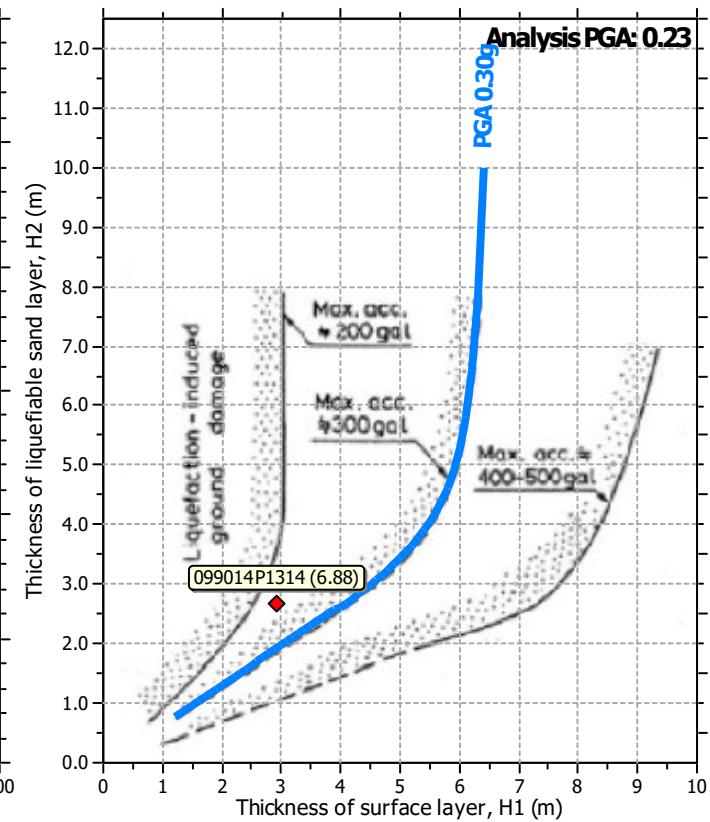
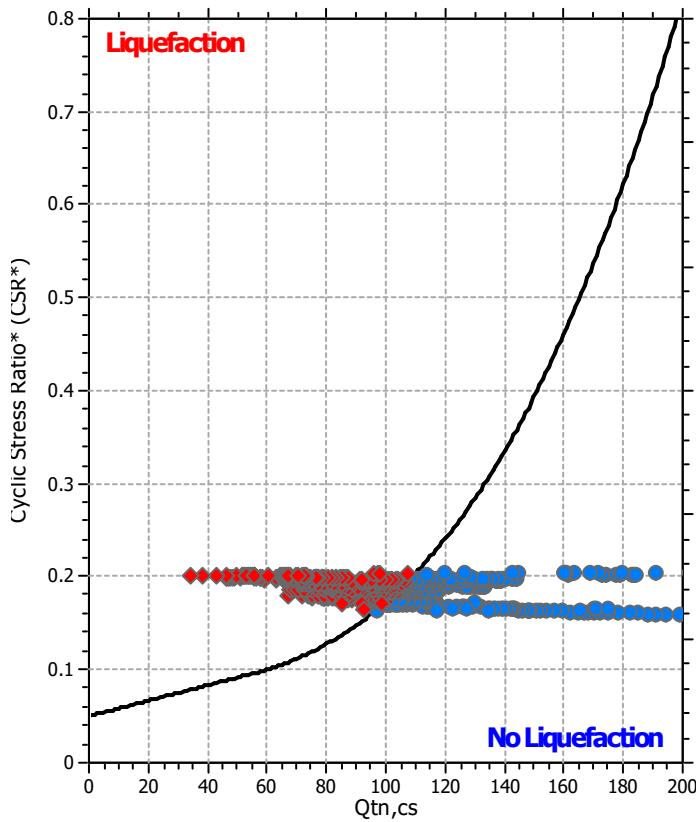
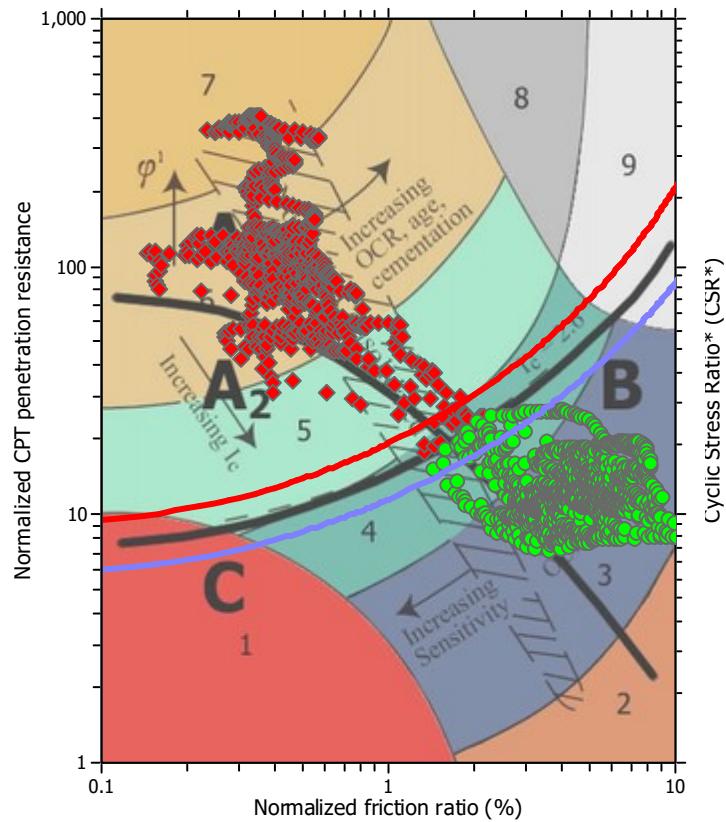
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 3 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

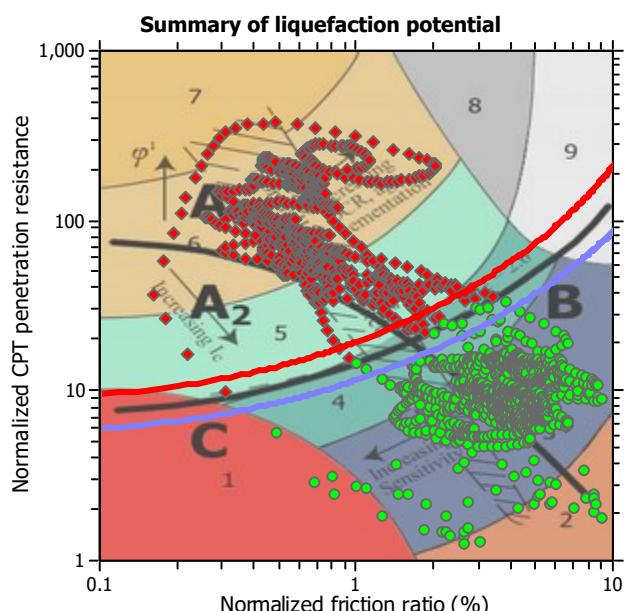
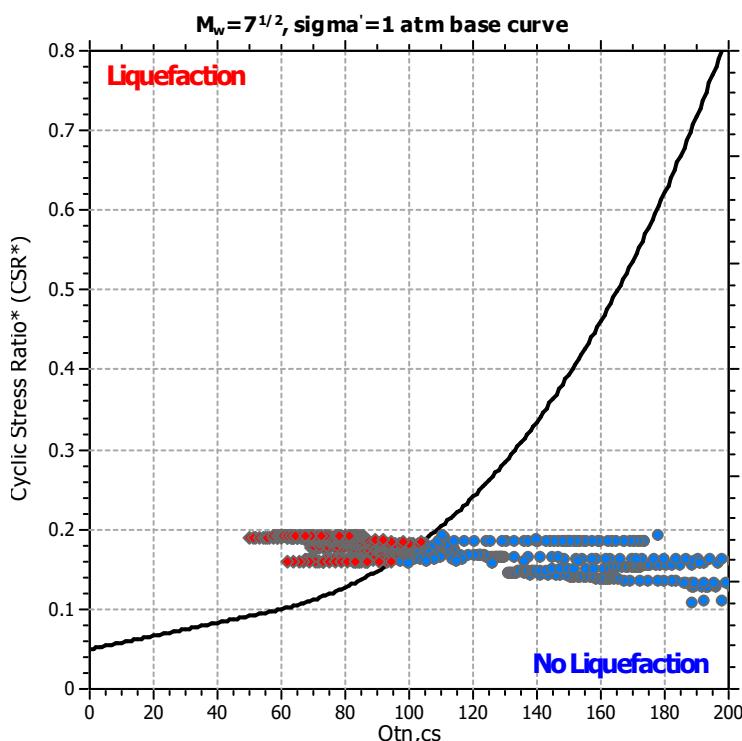
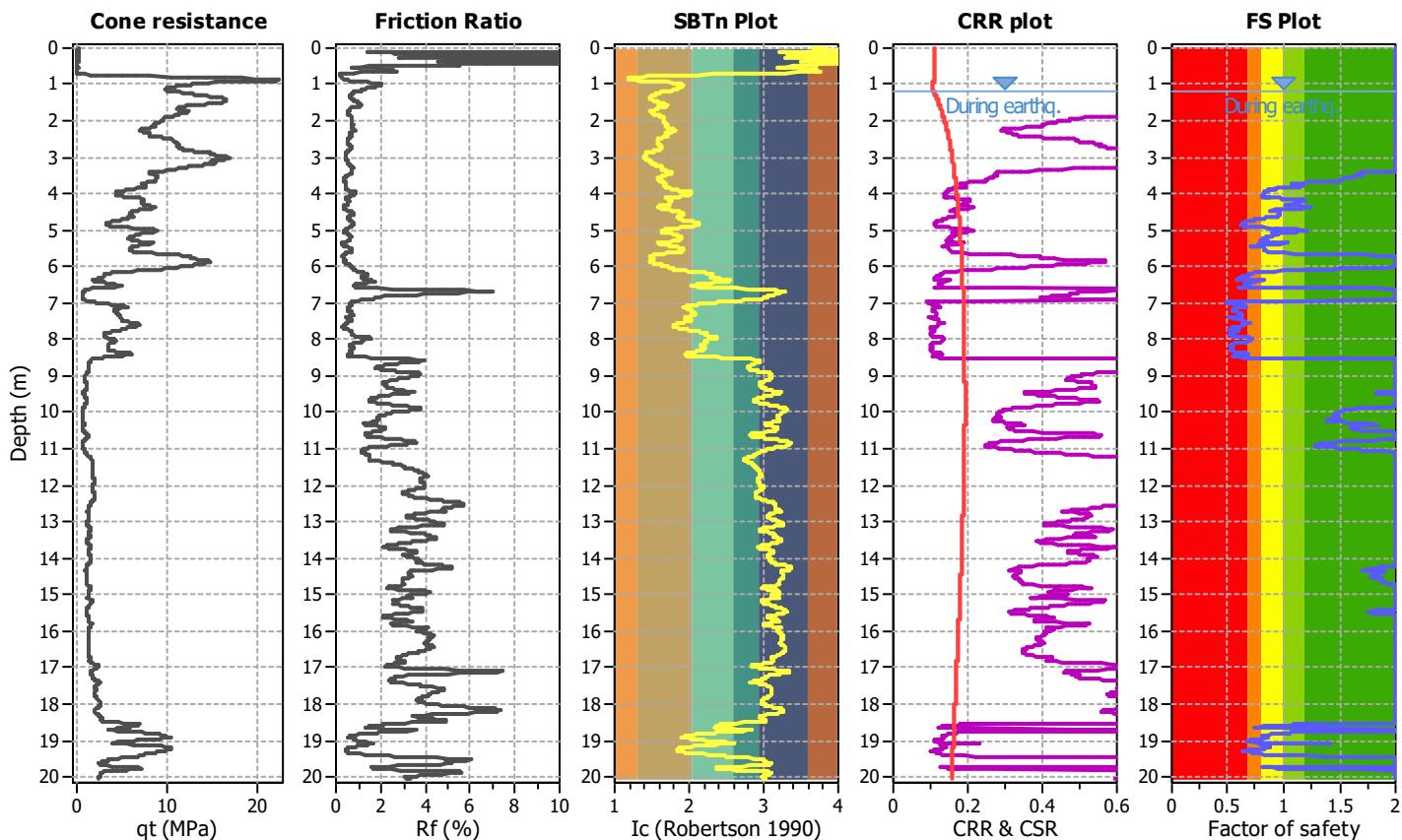
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1330

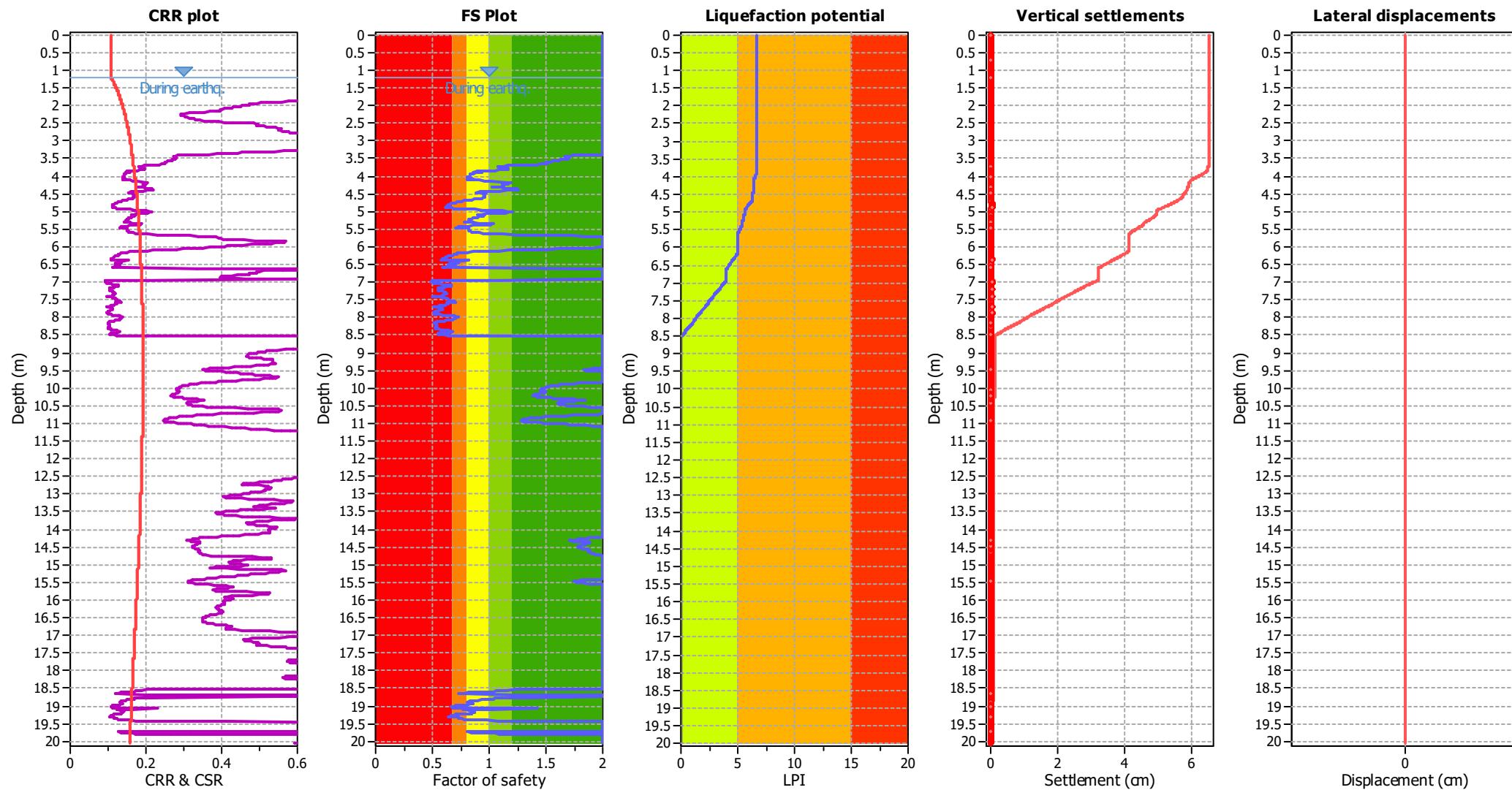
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.95 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.20 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.95 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

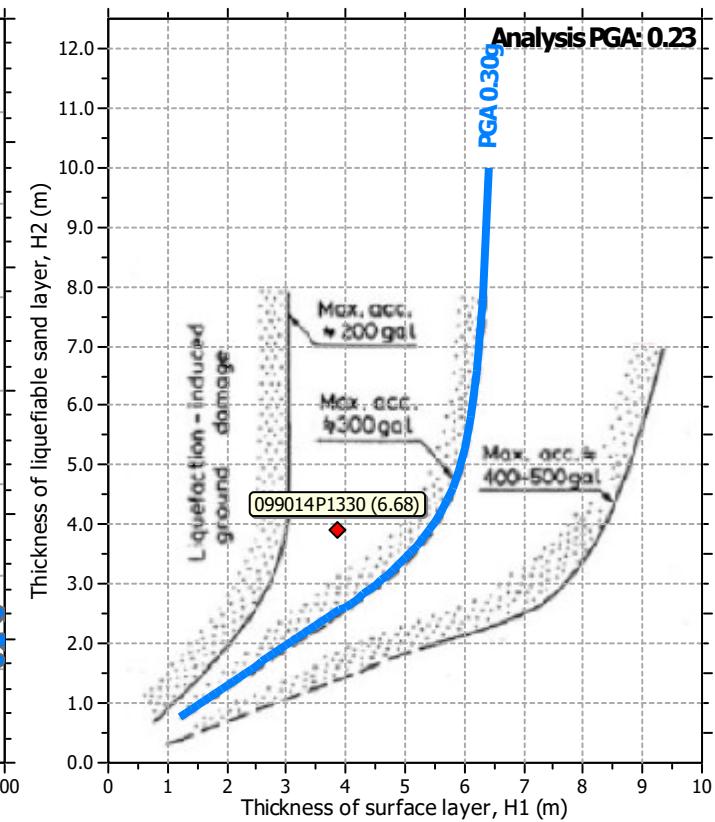
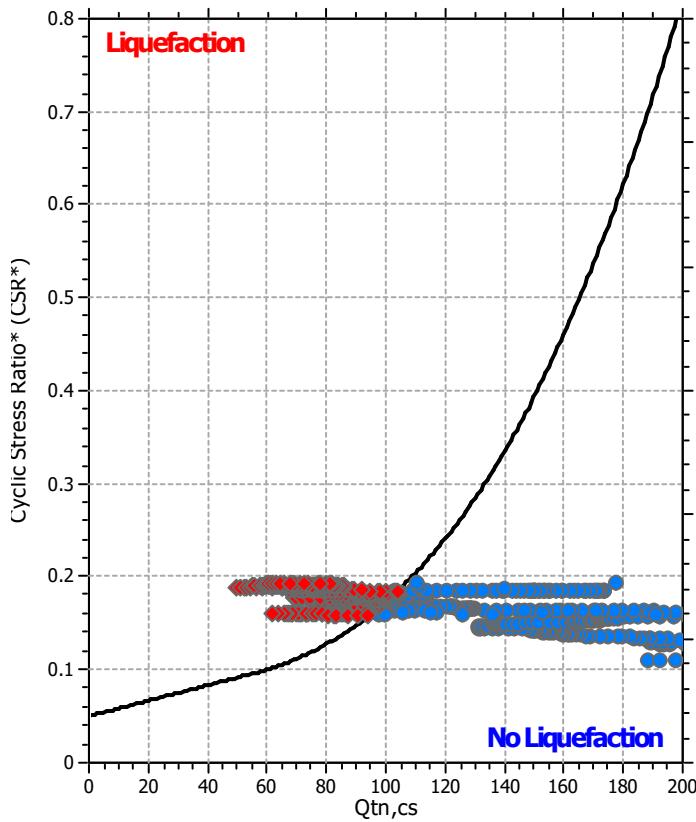
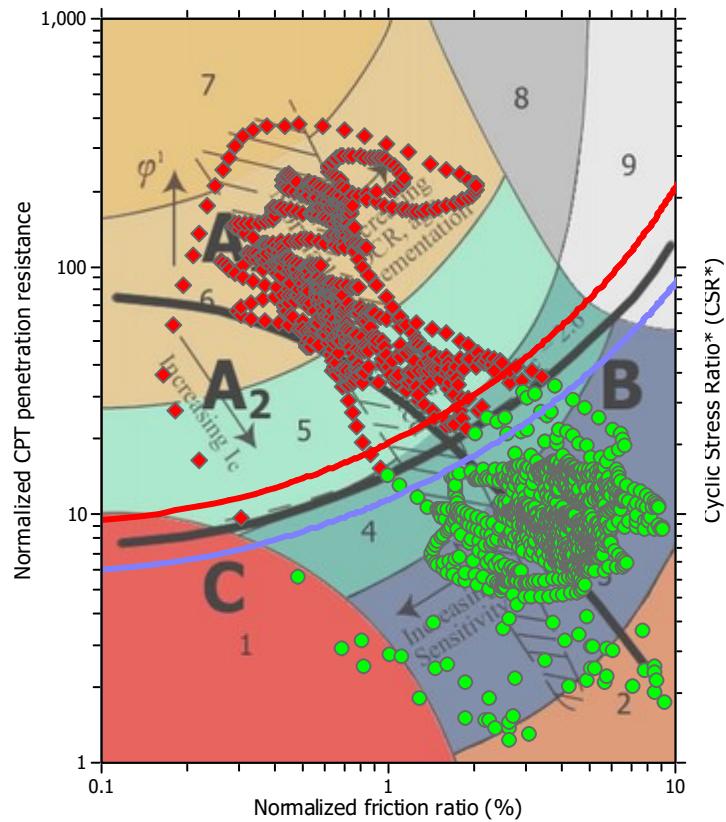
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

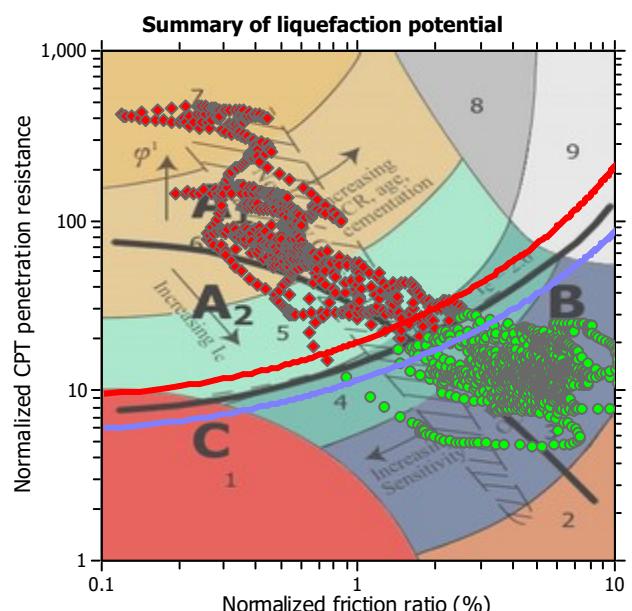
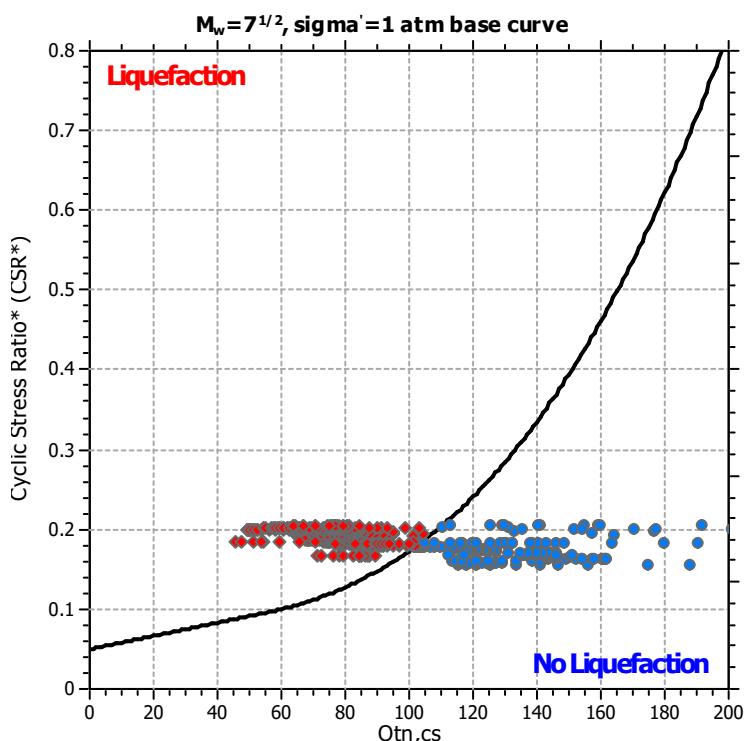
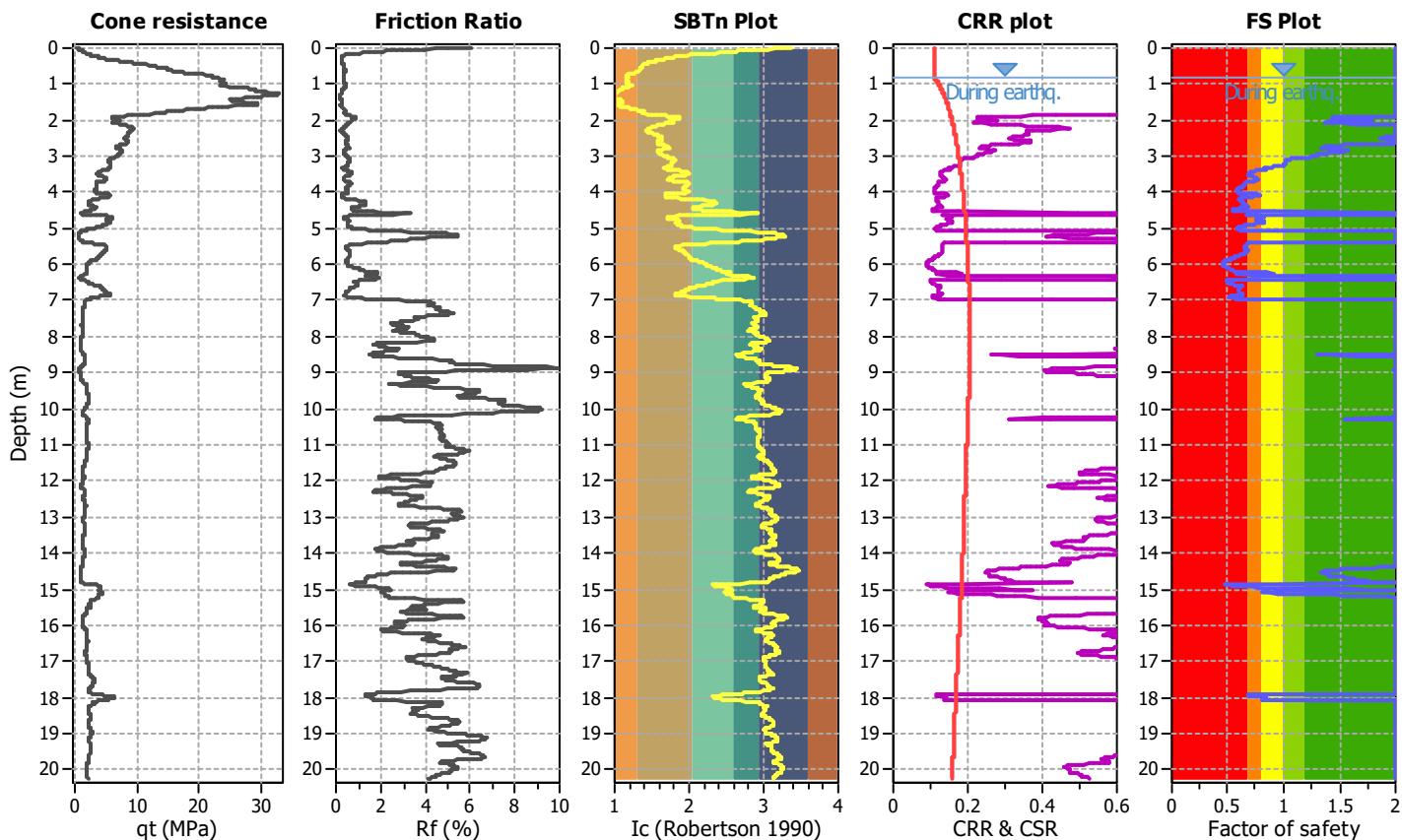


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.20 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.95 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

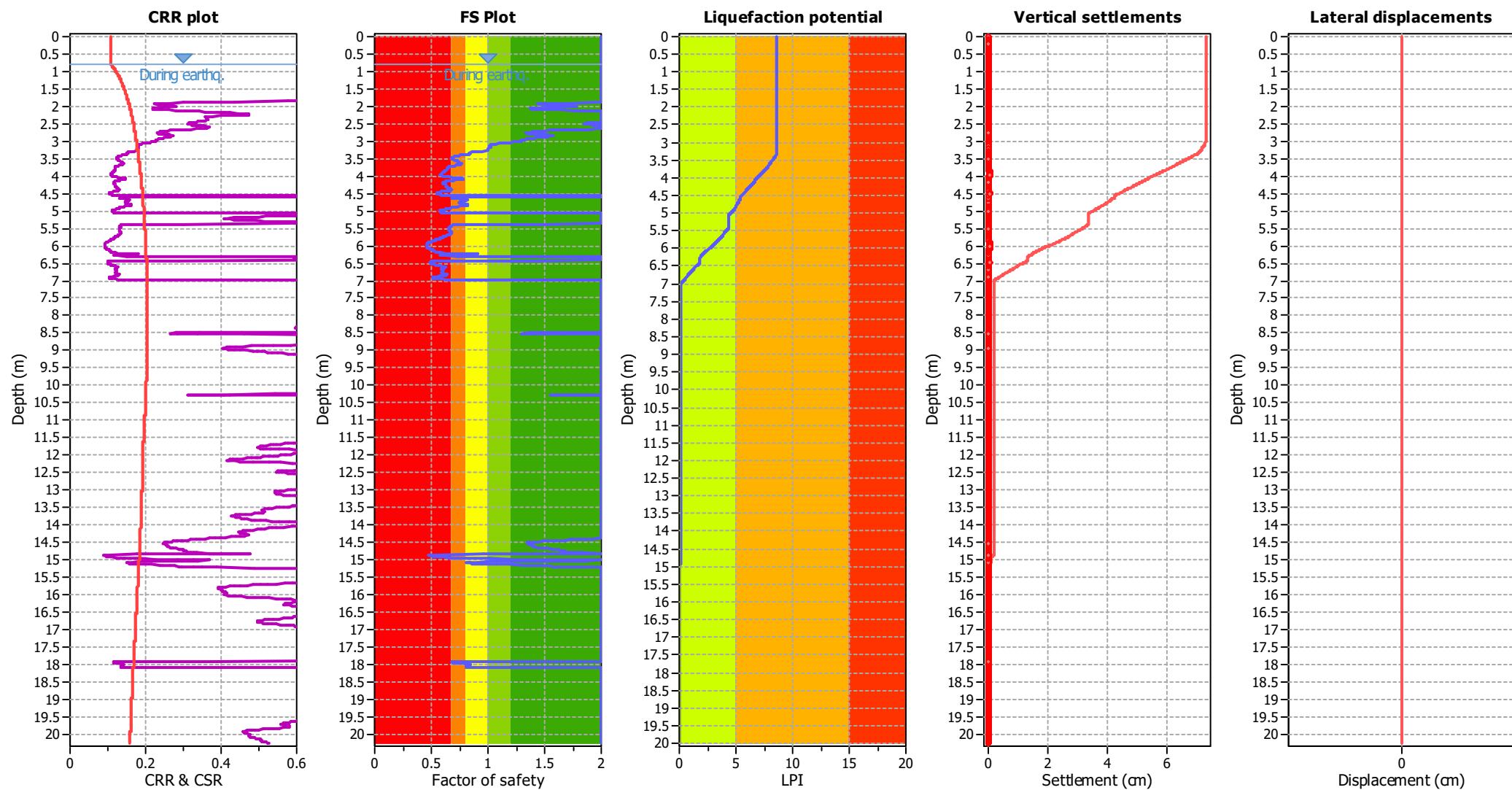
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1317
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

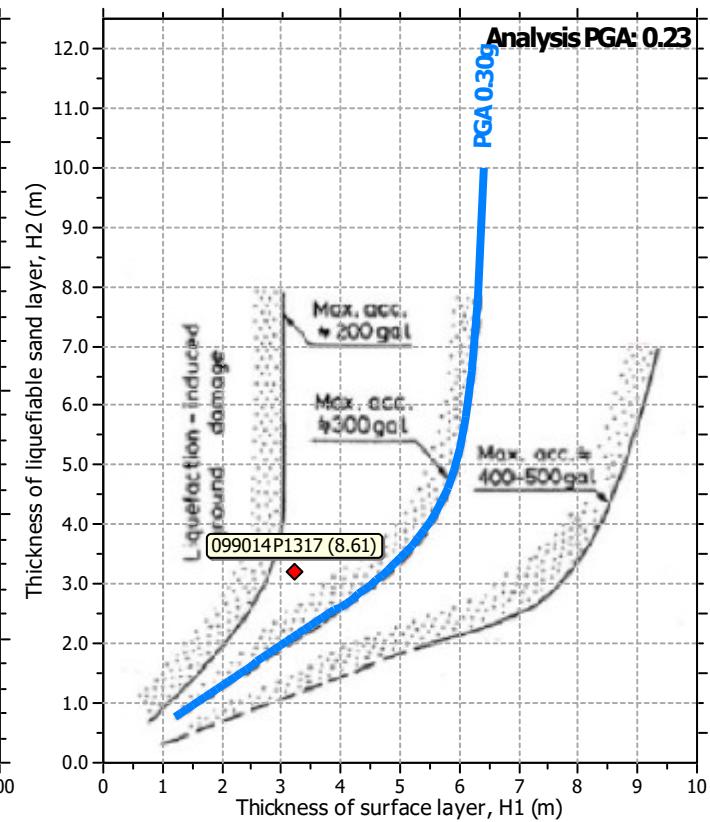
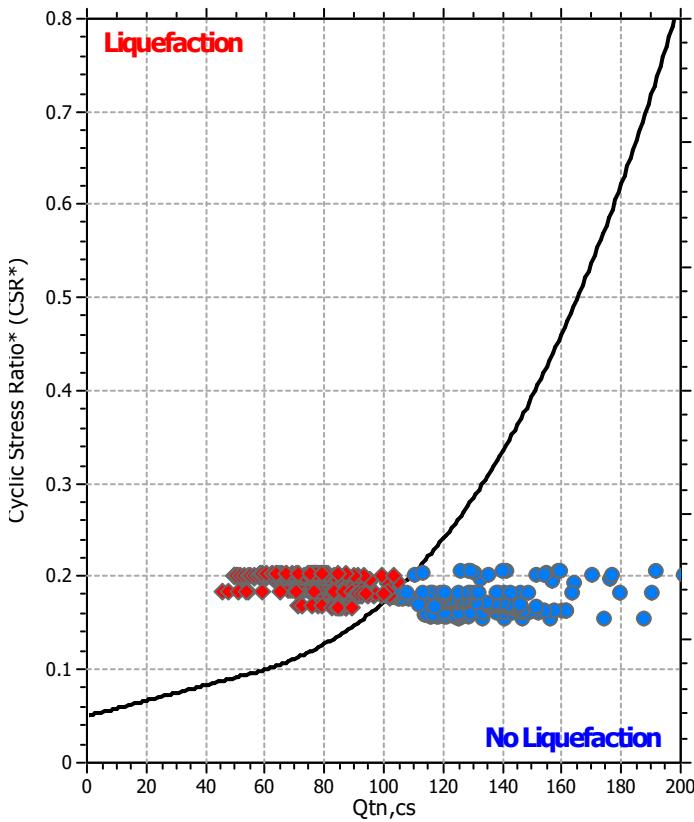
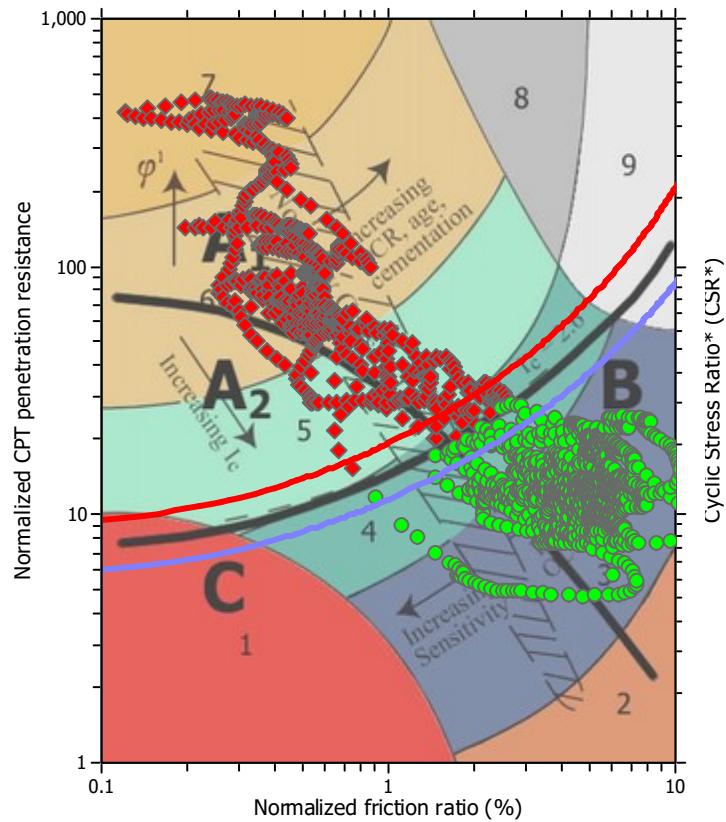
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

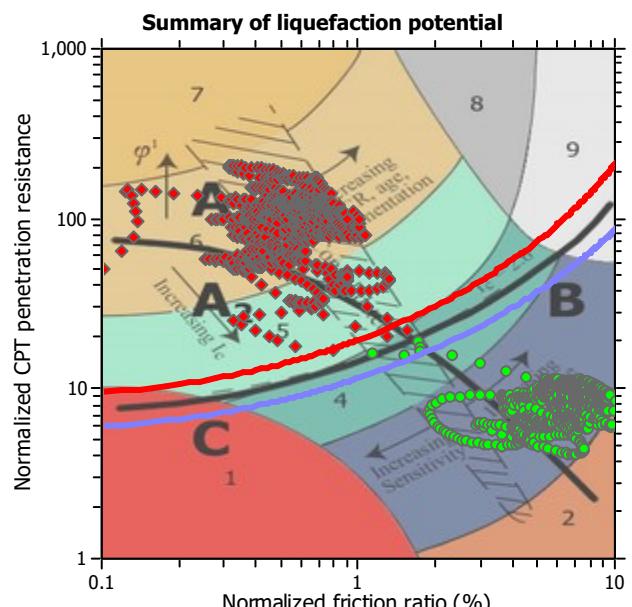
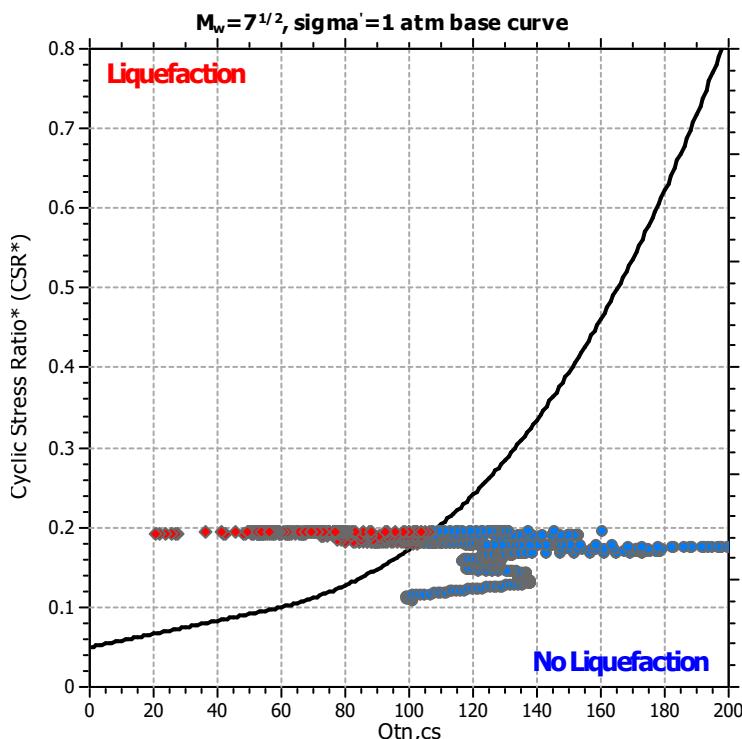
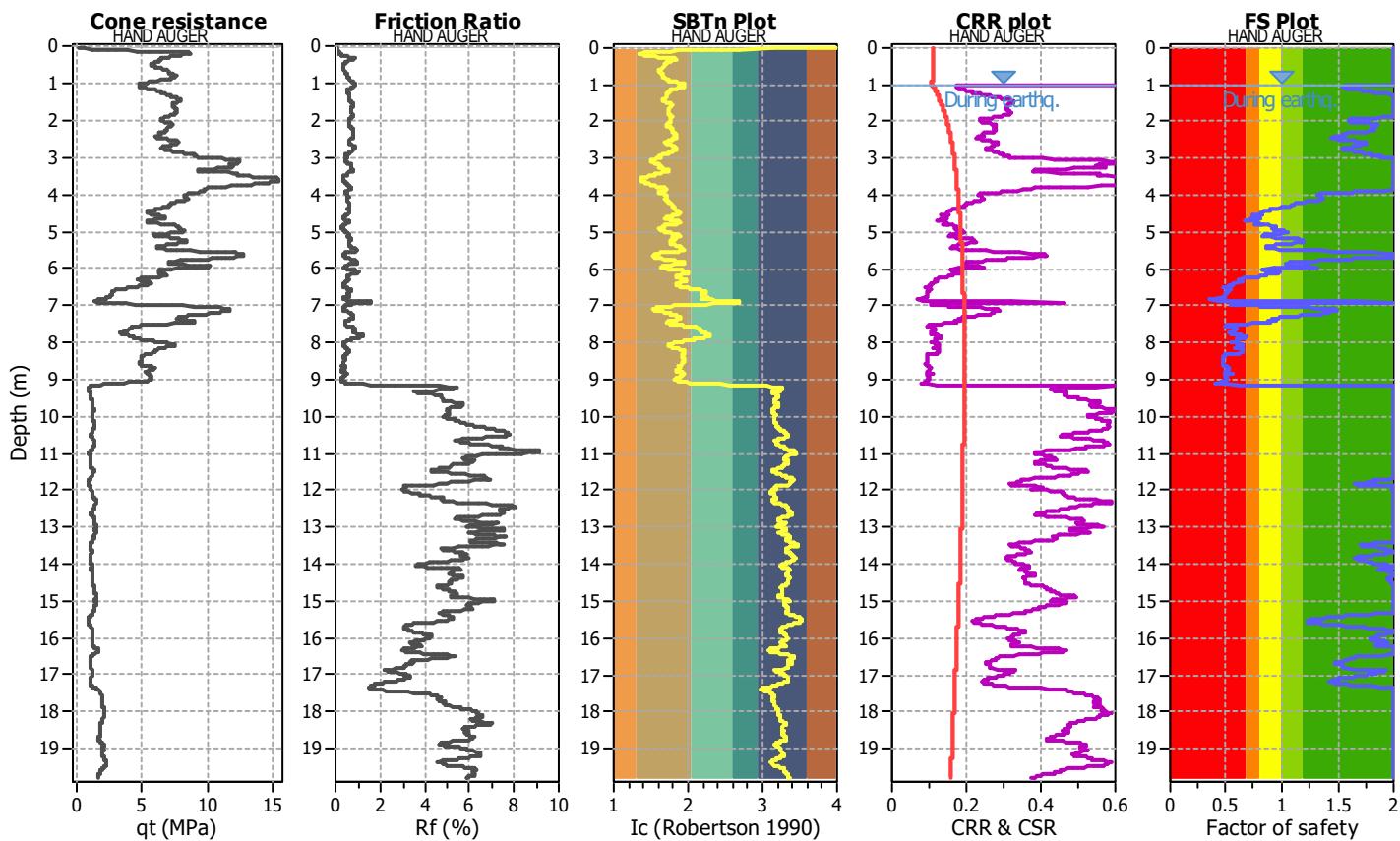


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

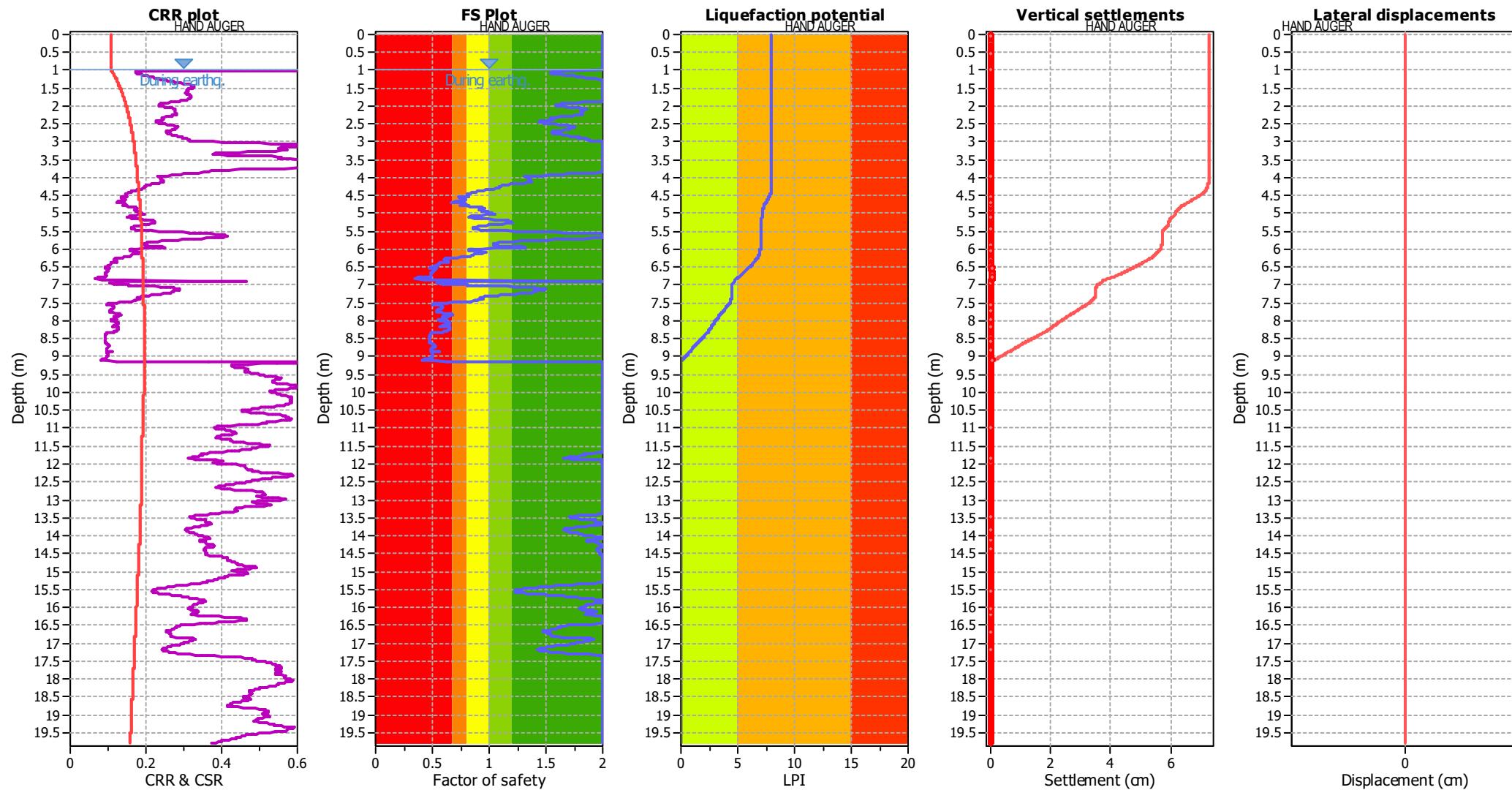
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04
Location : Rimini
CPT file : CPTE_25
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 2.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_d applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

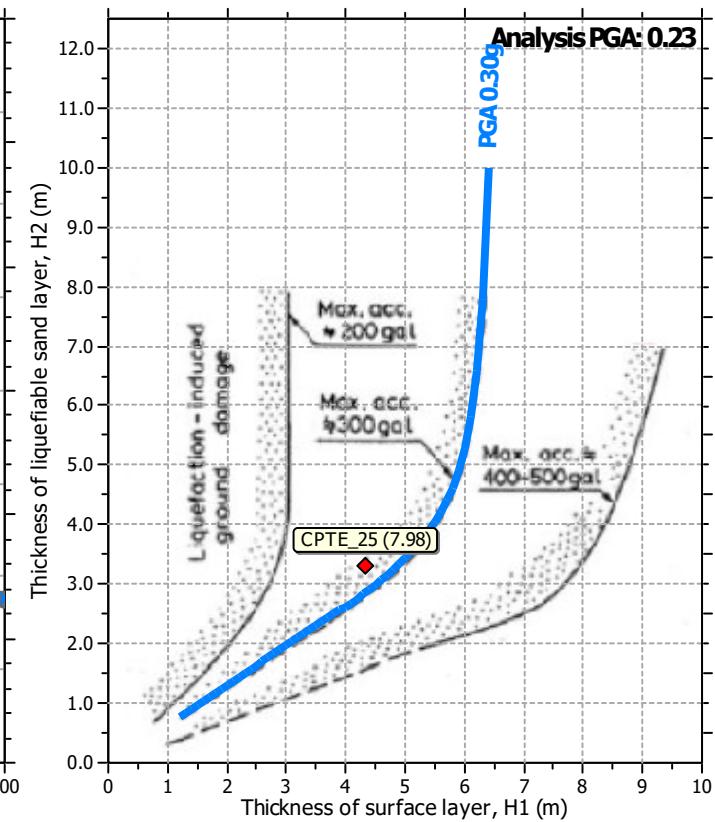
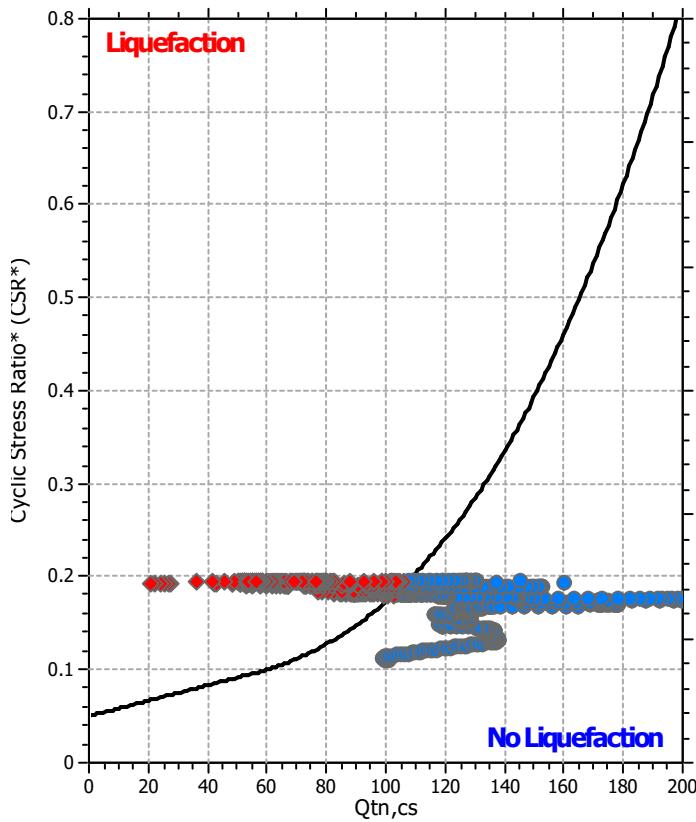
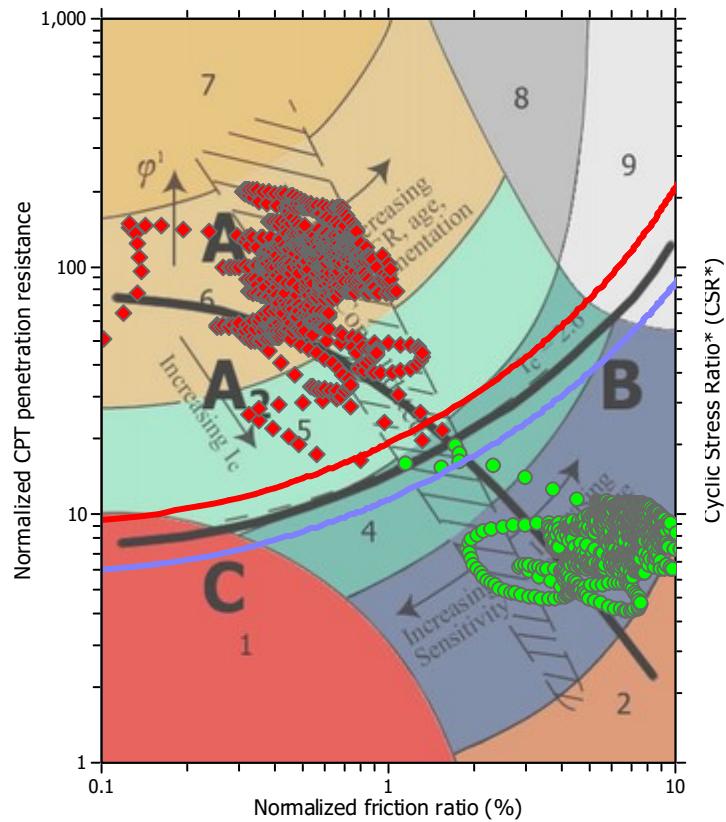
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



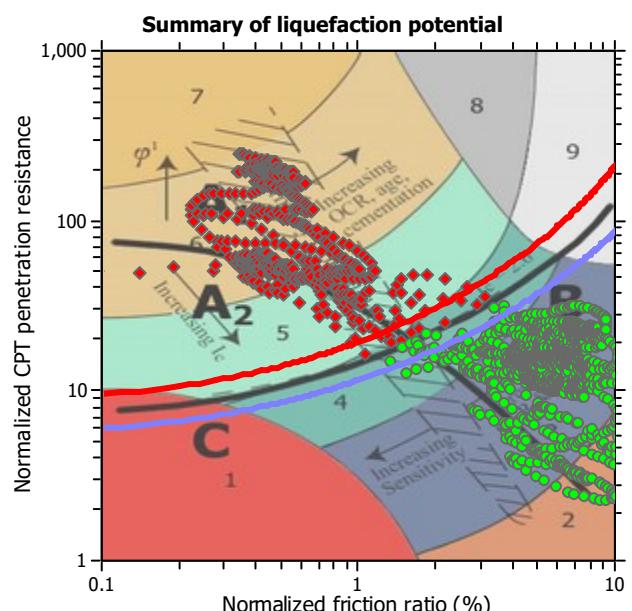
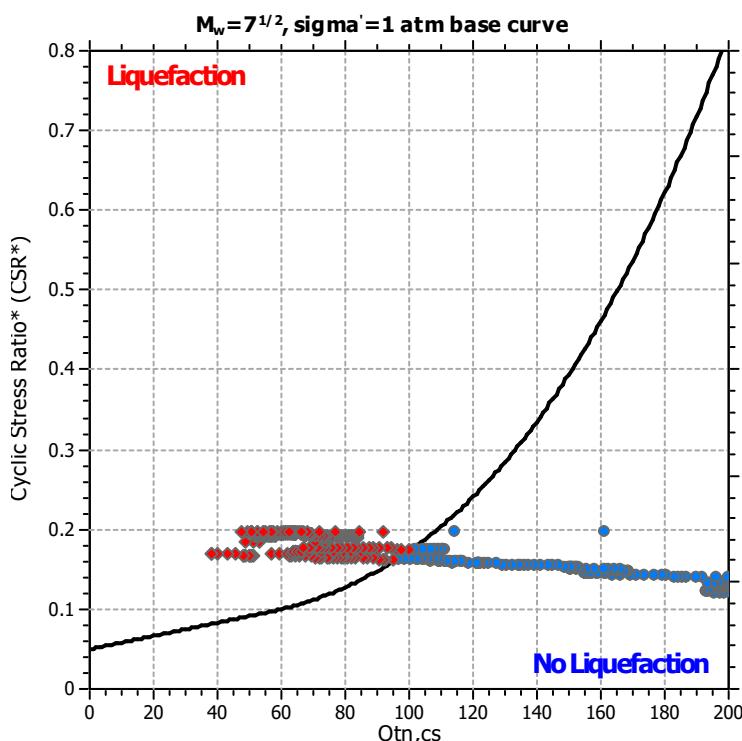
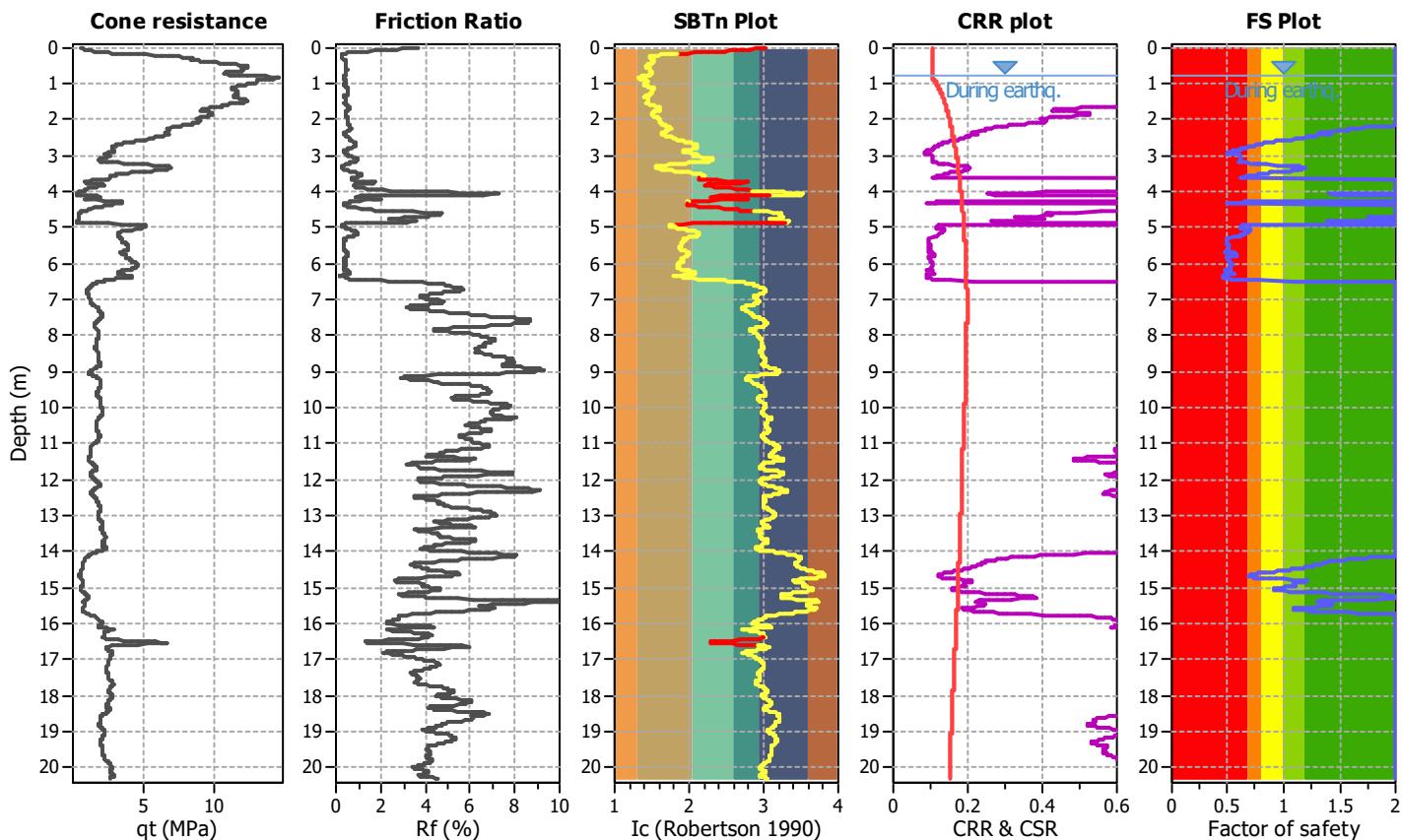
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.23 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 2.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | Yes |
| | | Limit depth: | 20.00 m |

REPORT - ZONA RNS_05

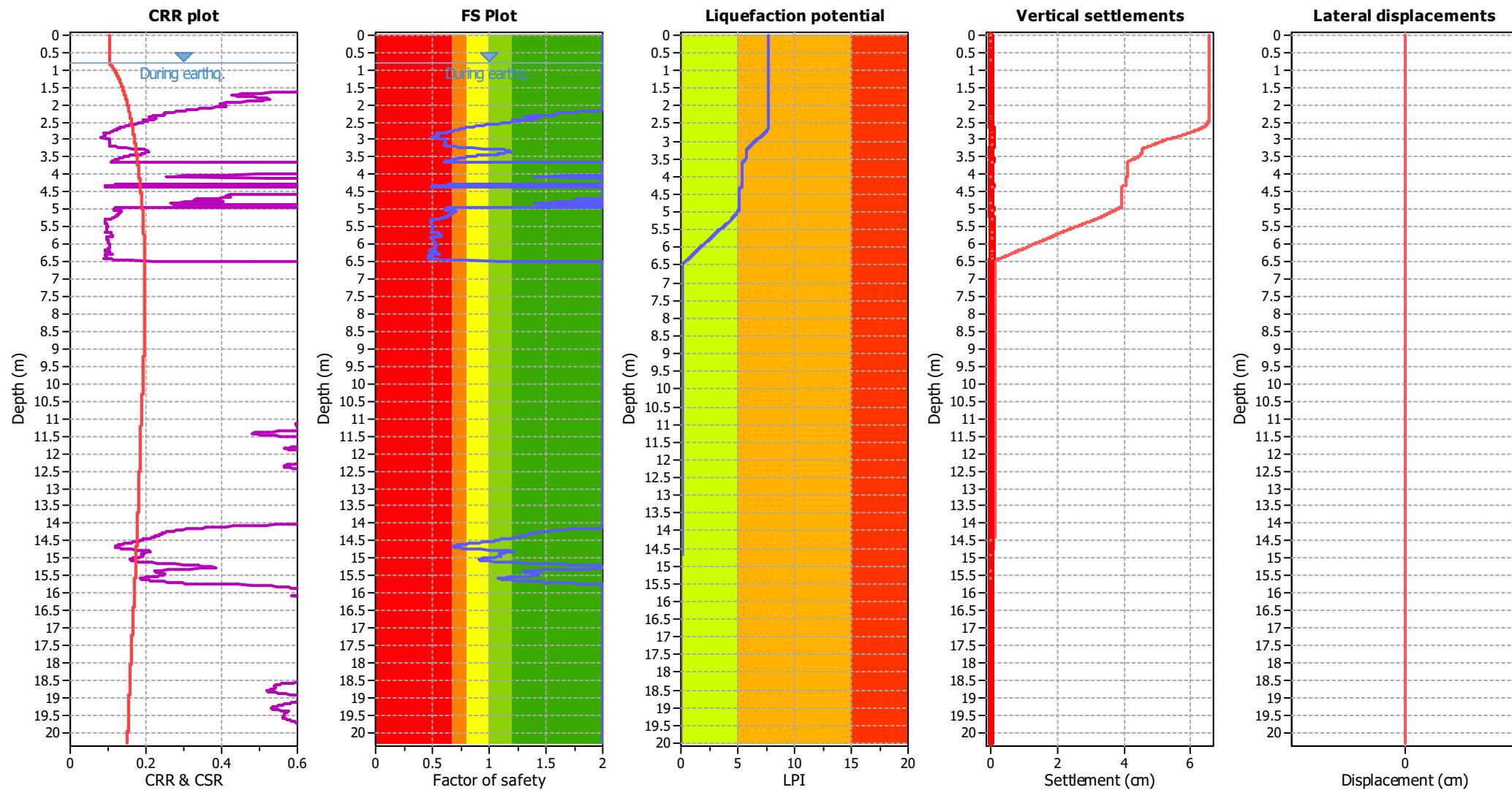
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1319
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | Yes | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K _o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

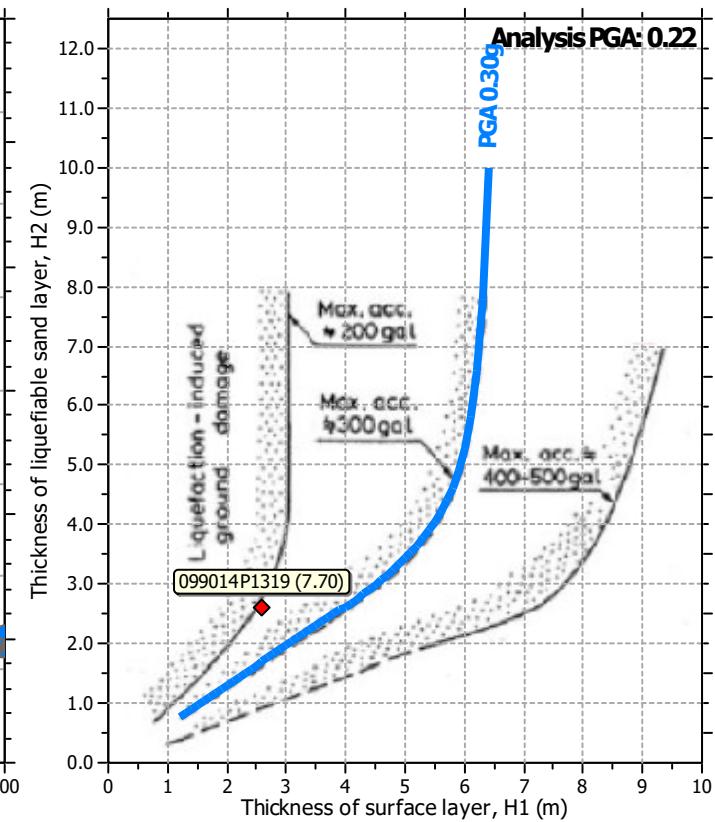
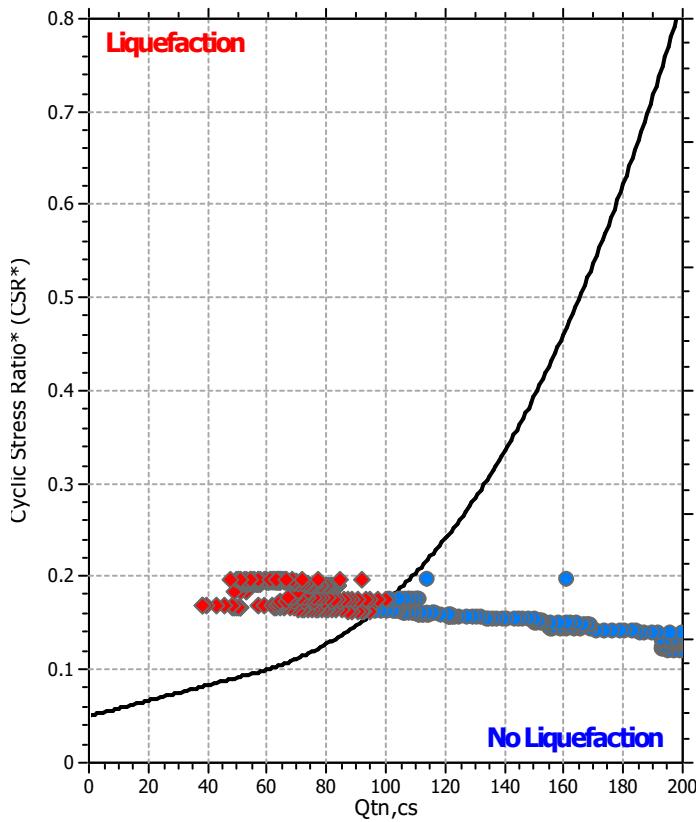
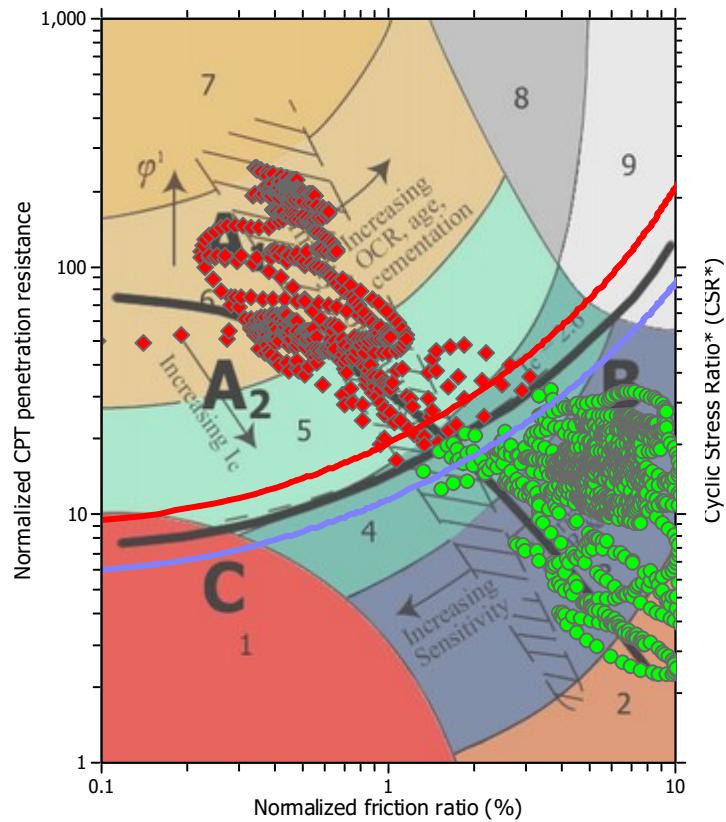
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots

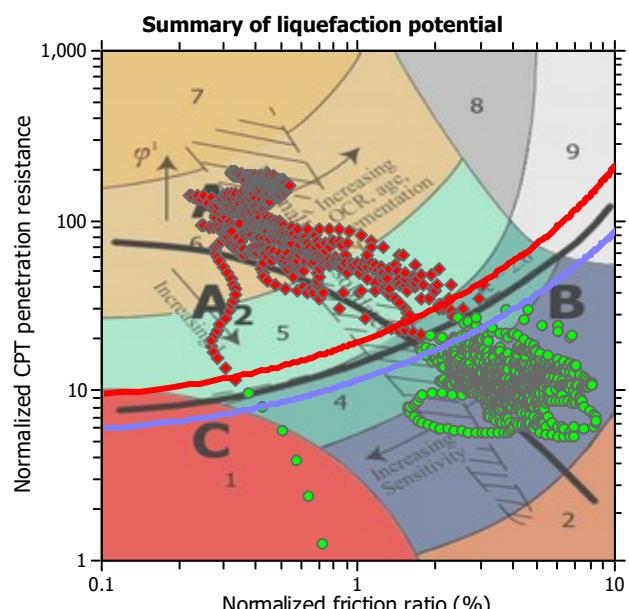
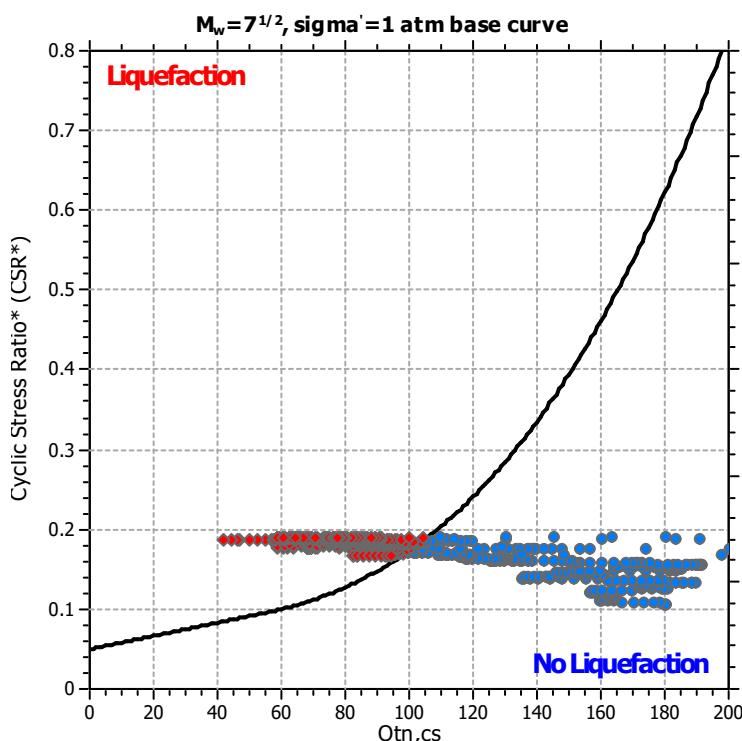
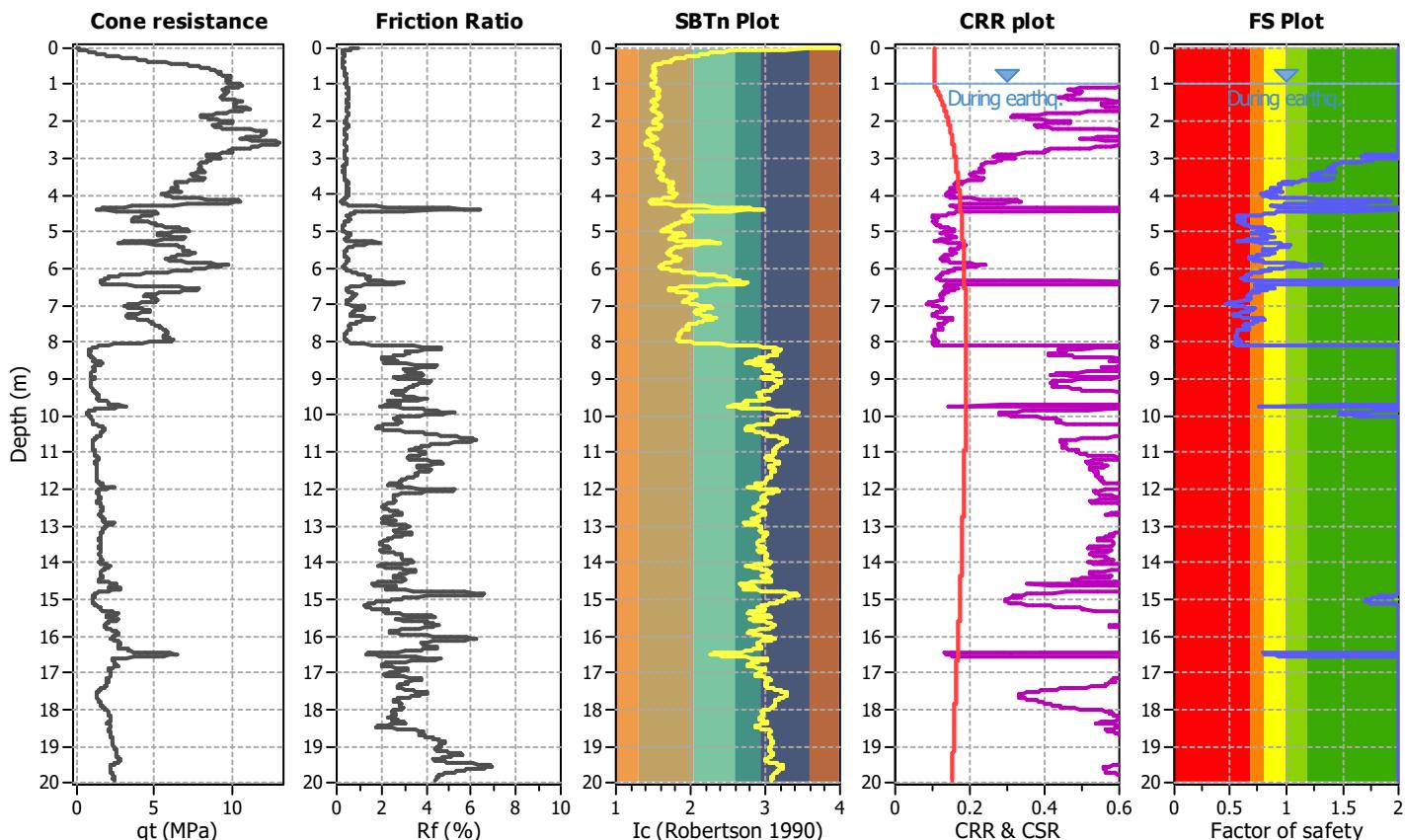


Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | Yes |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

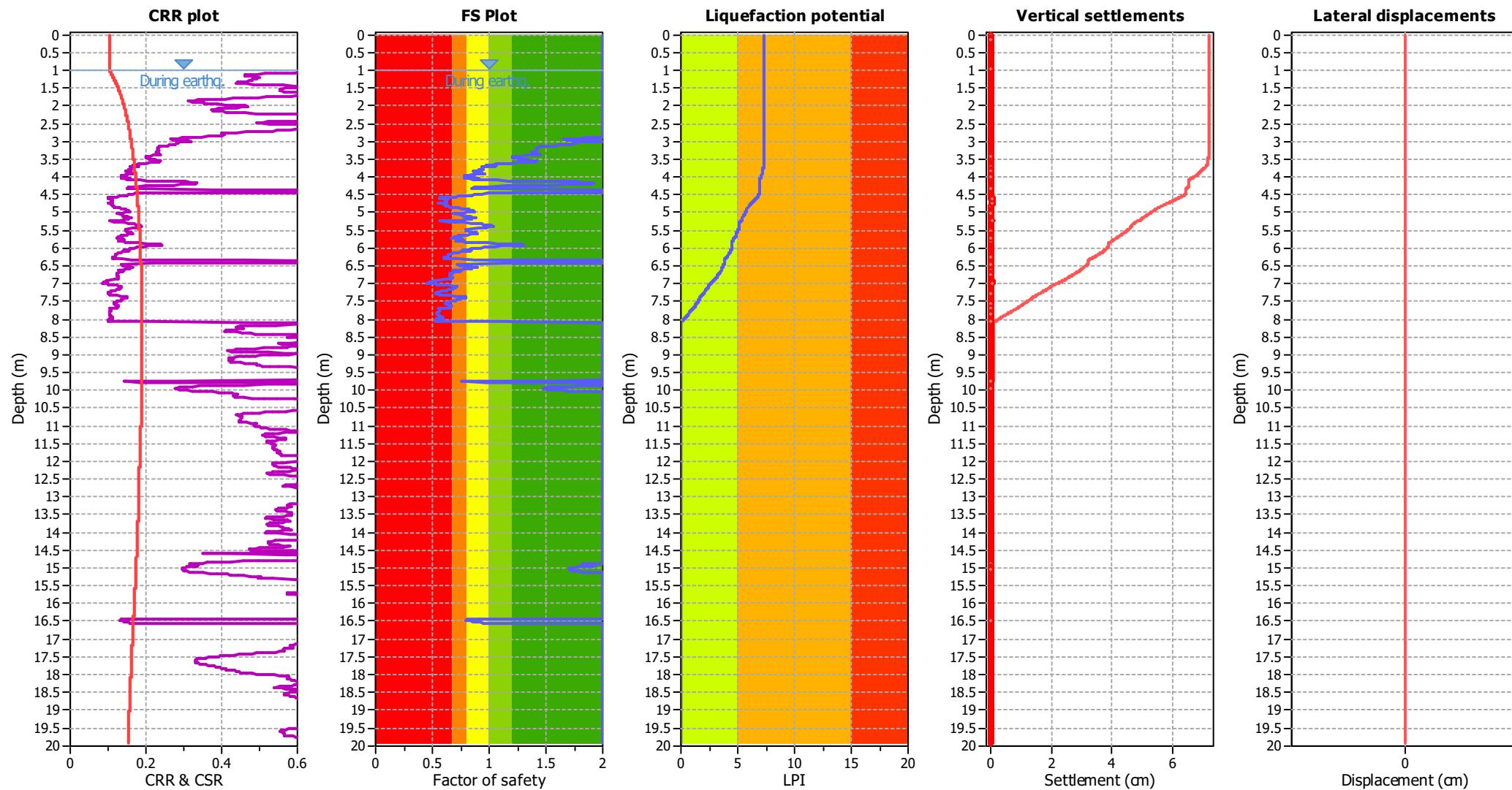
LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05
Location : Rimini
CPT file : 099014P1118
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.80 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K _o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

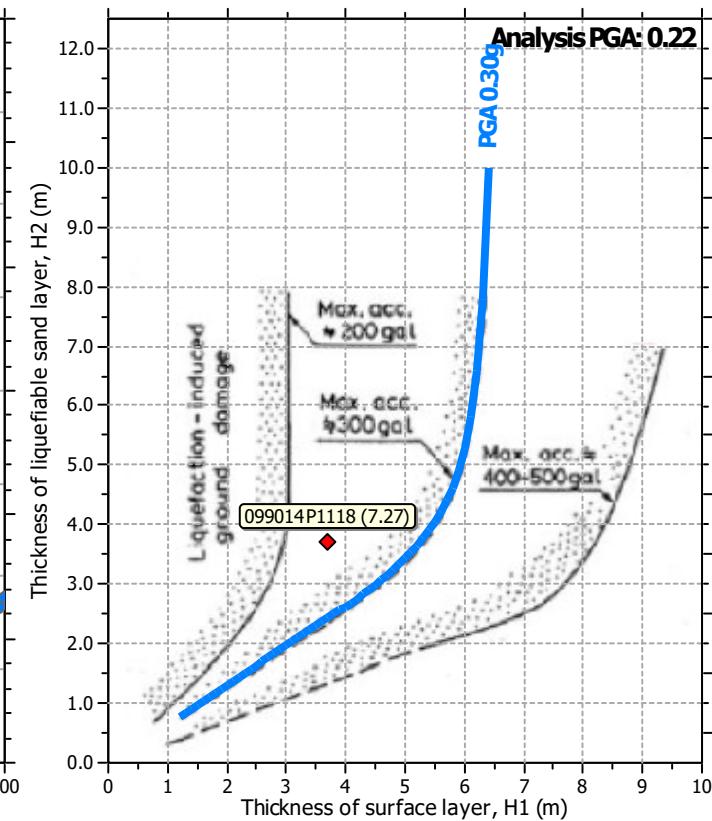
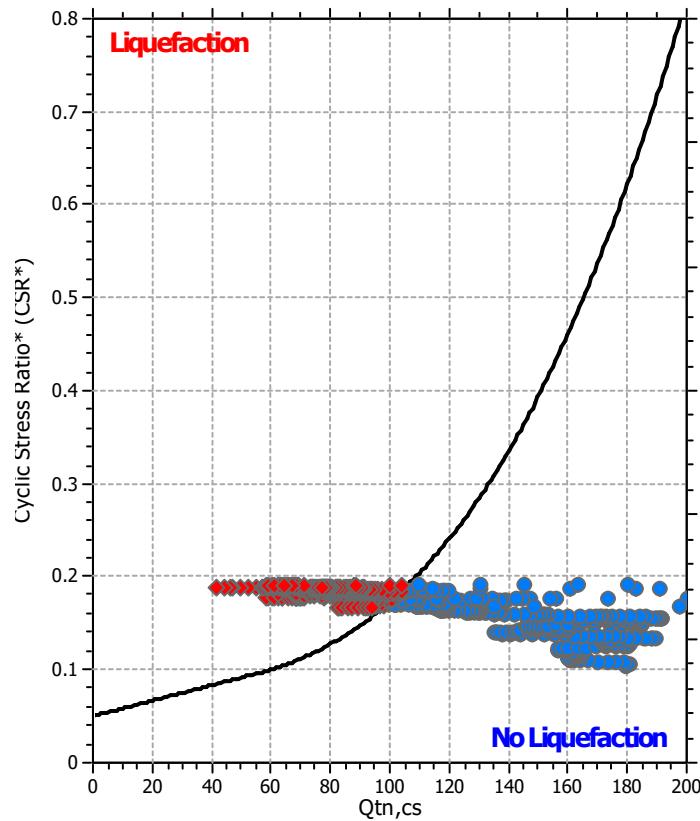
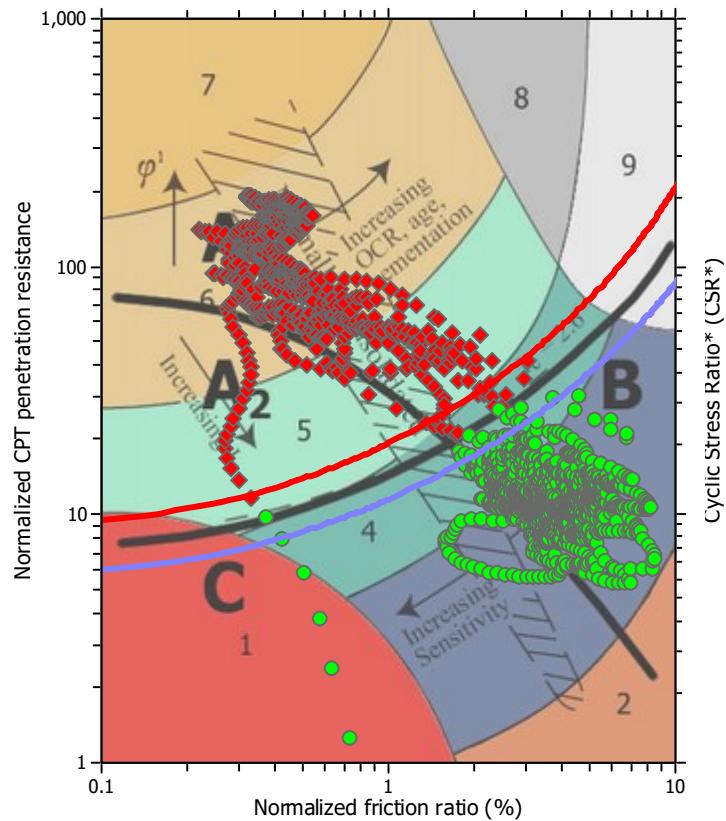
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 1.00 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.80 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K_0 applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

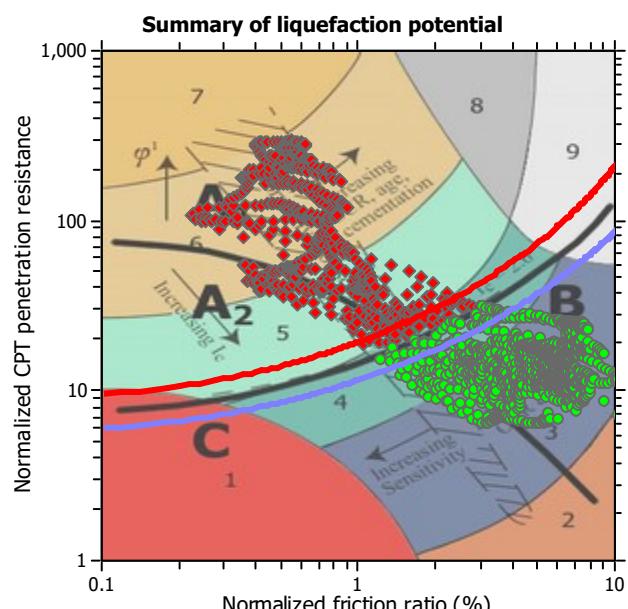
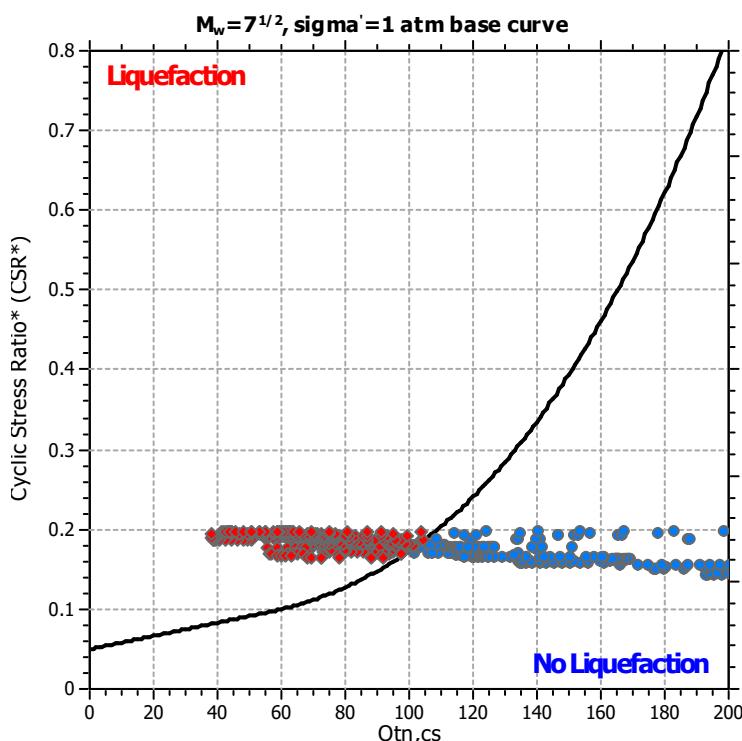
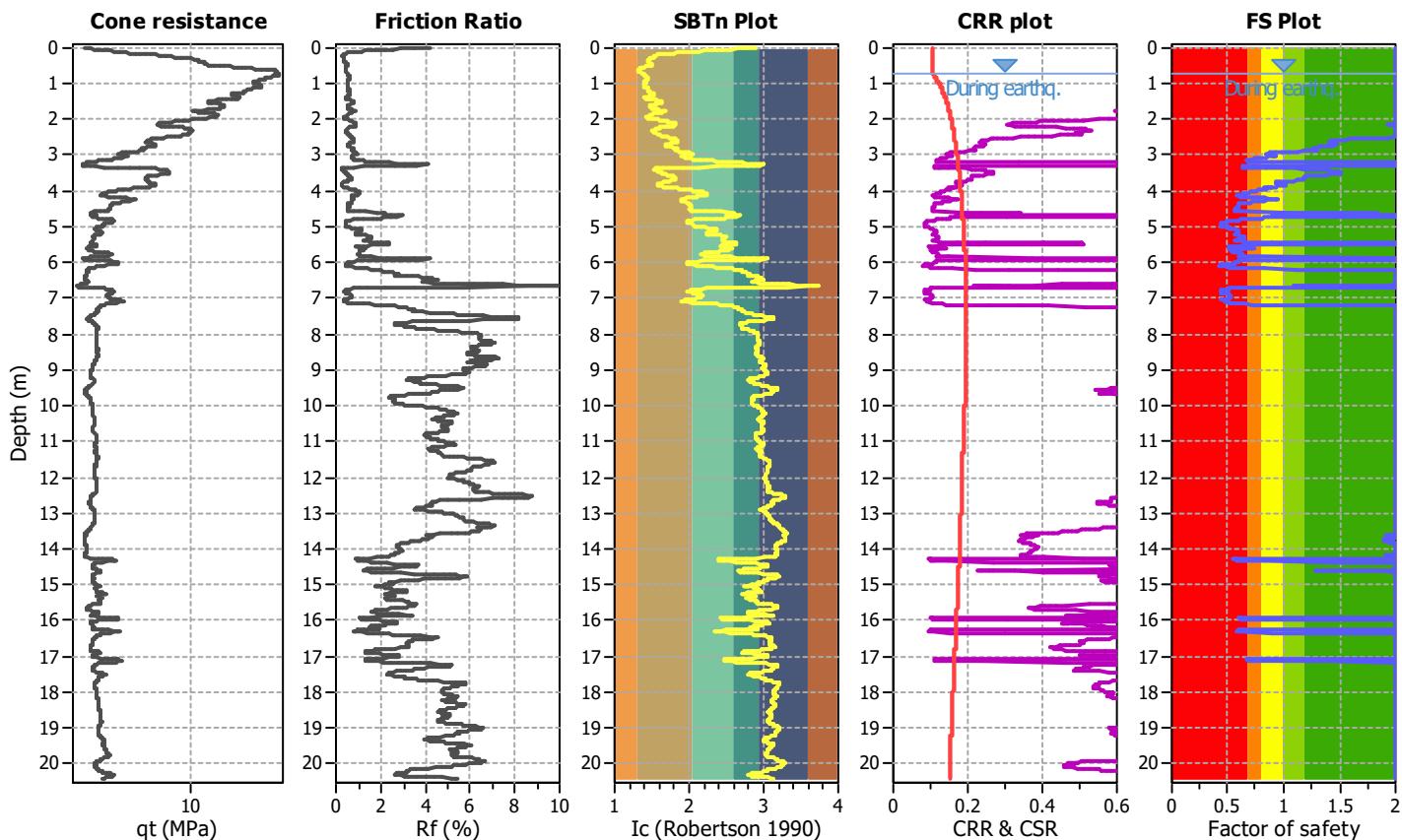
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1320

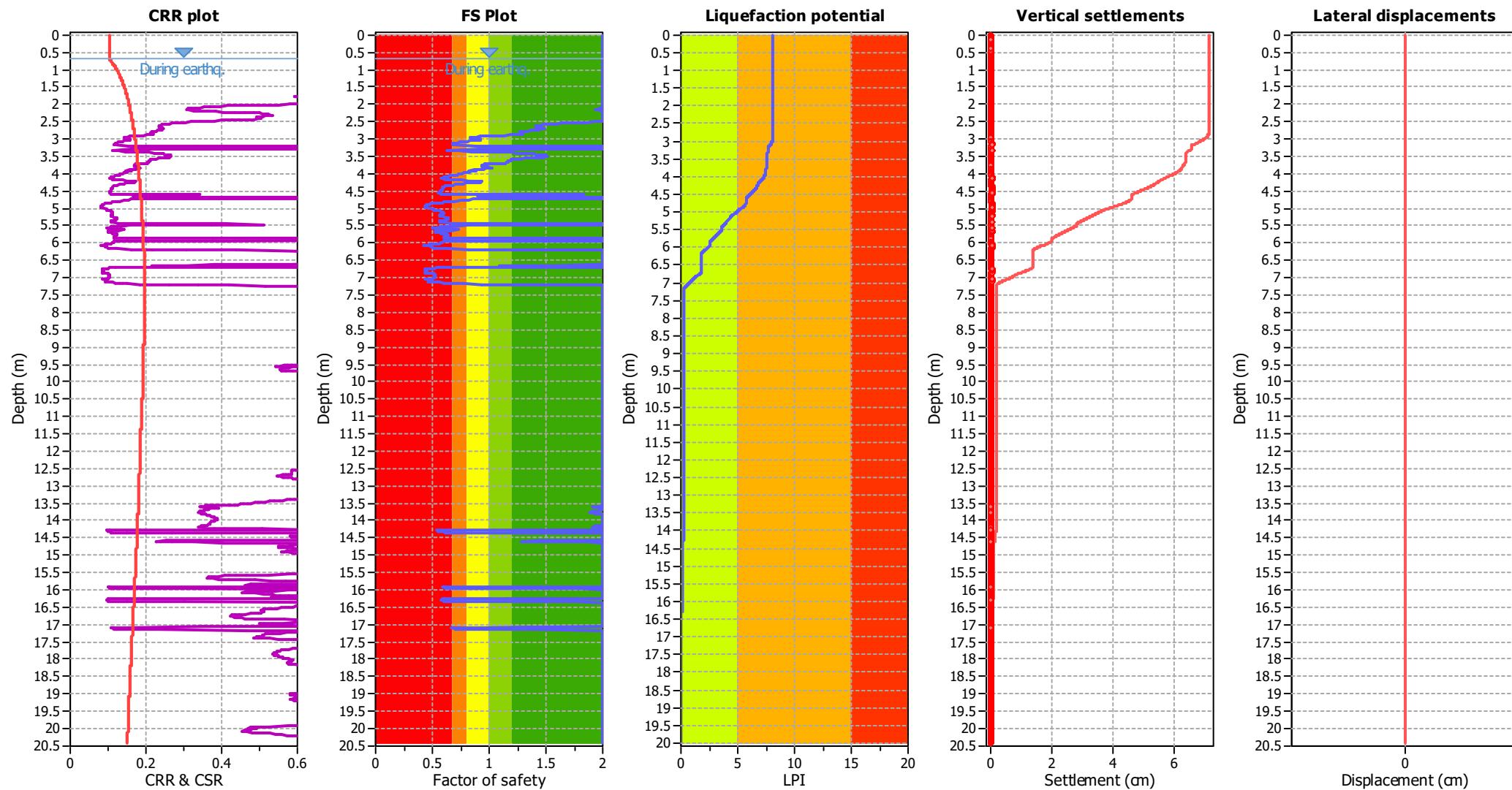
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.70 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
Zone C: Liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (insitu): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like beha vior applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

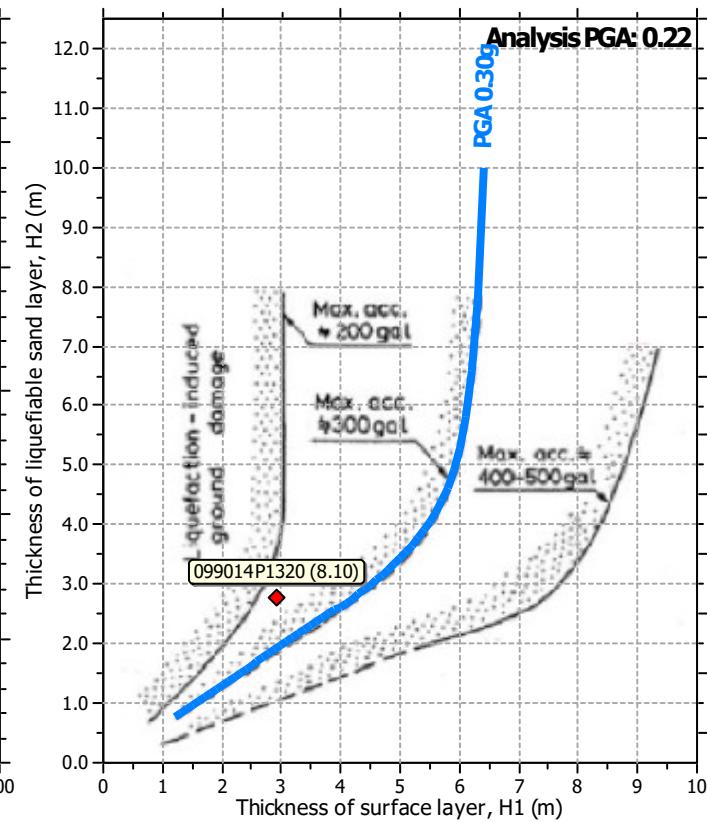
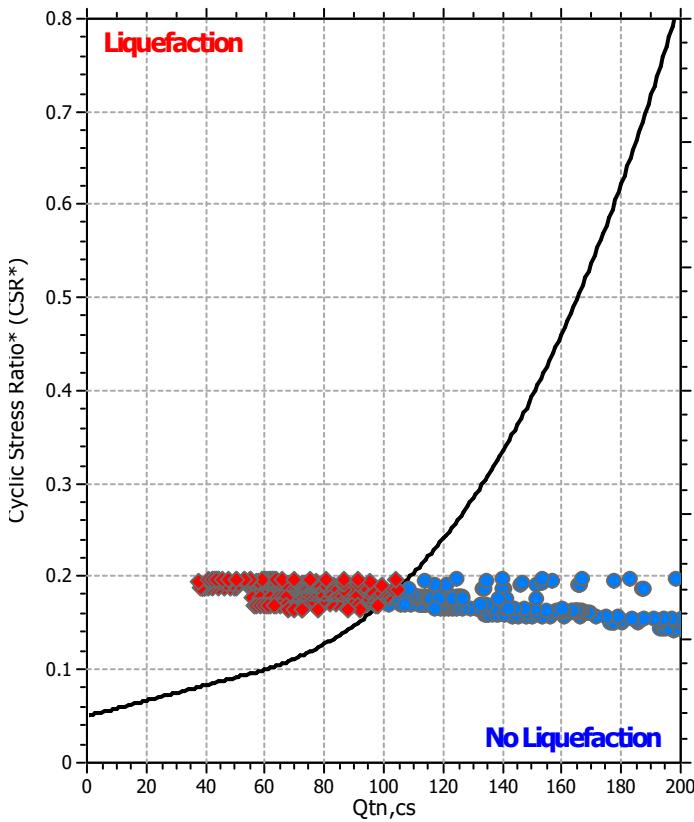
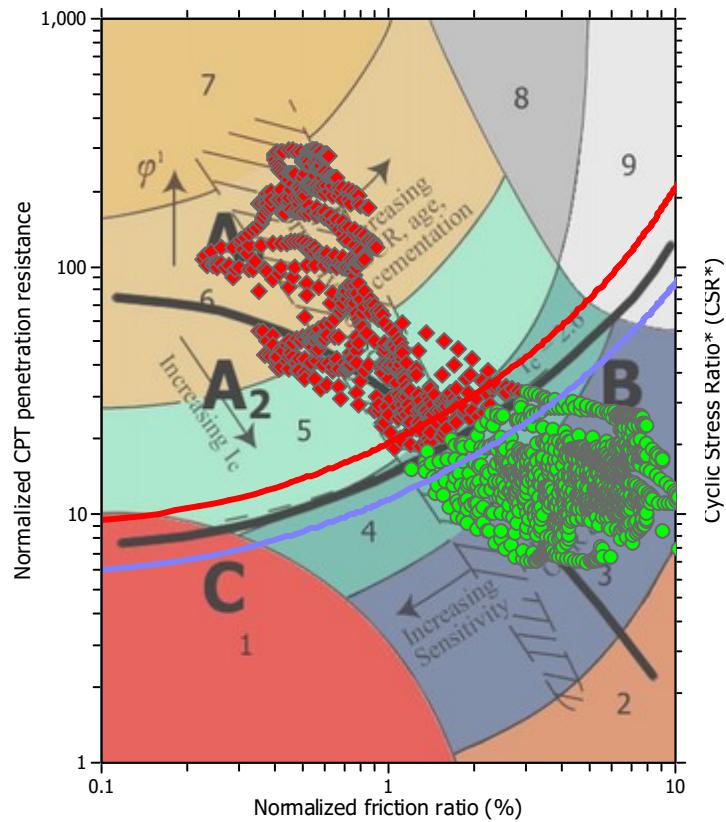
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Medium risk |
| ■ | Low risk |
| ■ | Very low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.70 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | I _c cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

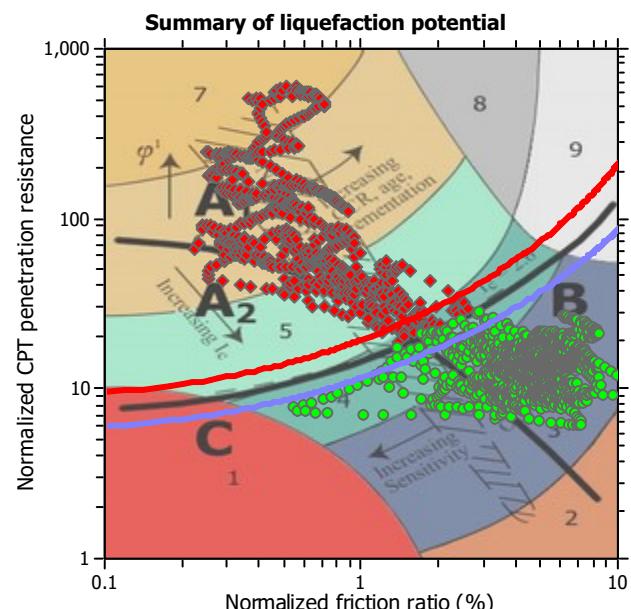
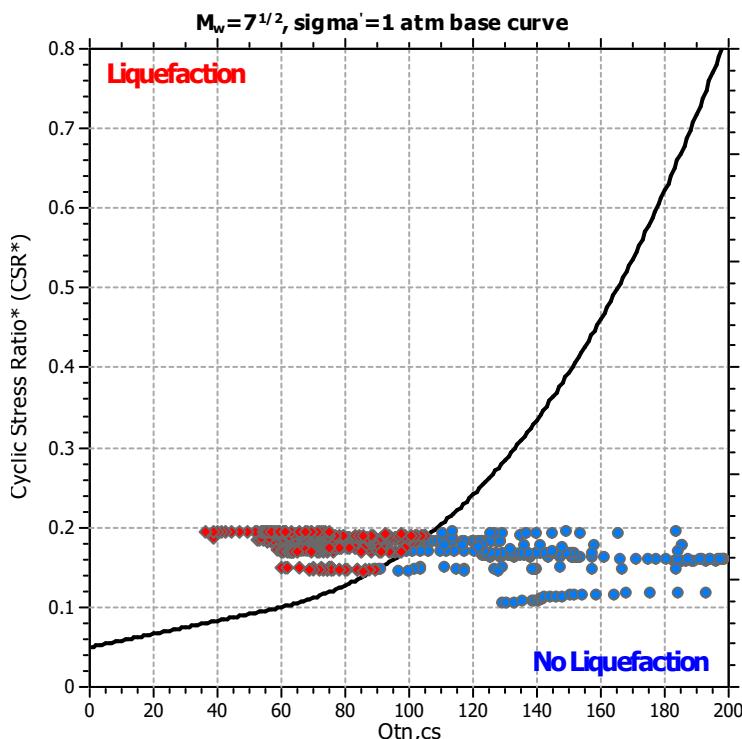
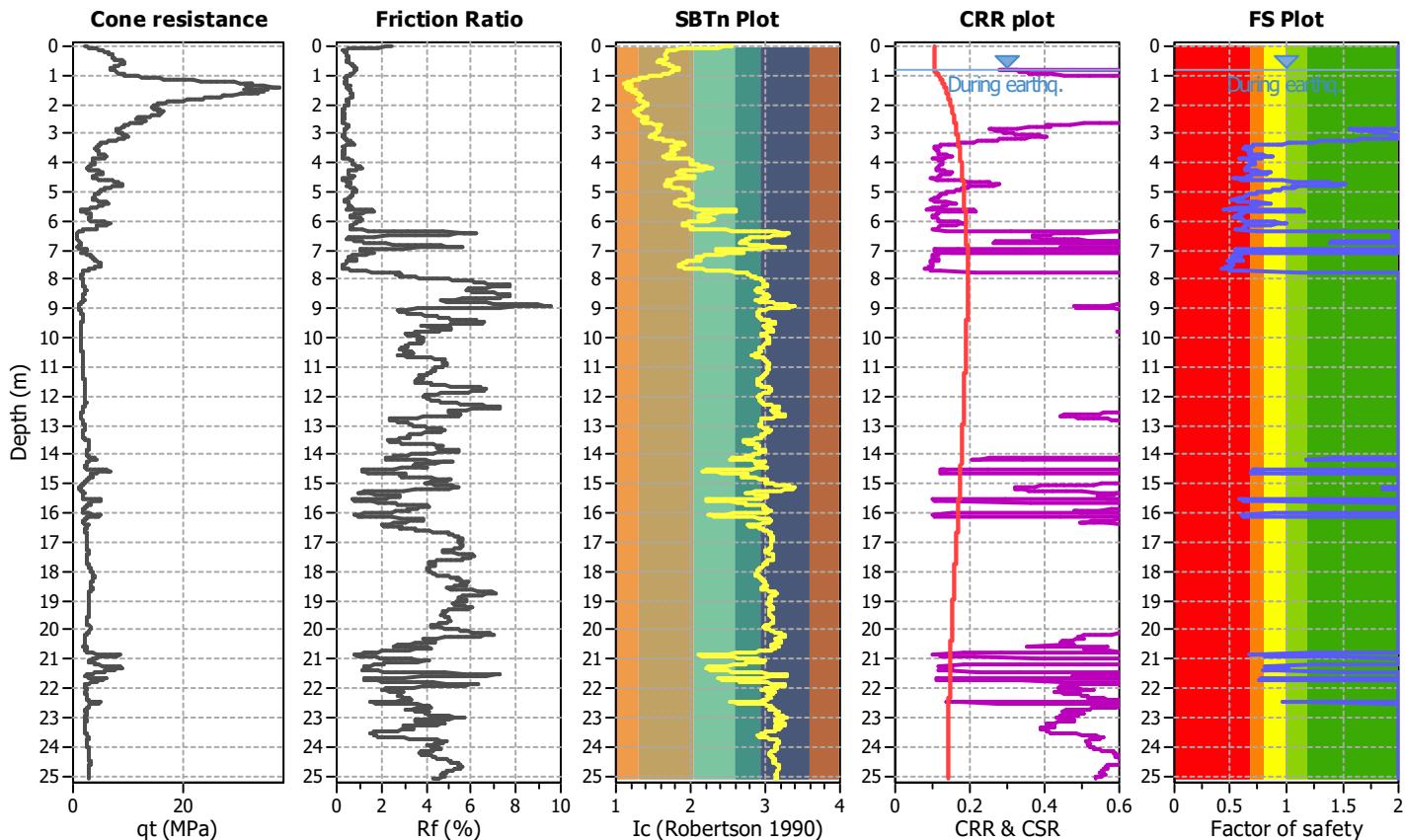
Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05

Location : Rimini

CPT file : 099014P1324

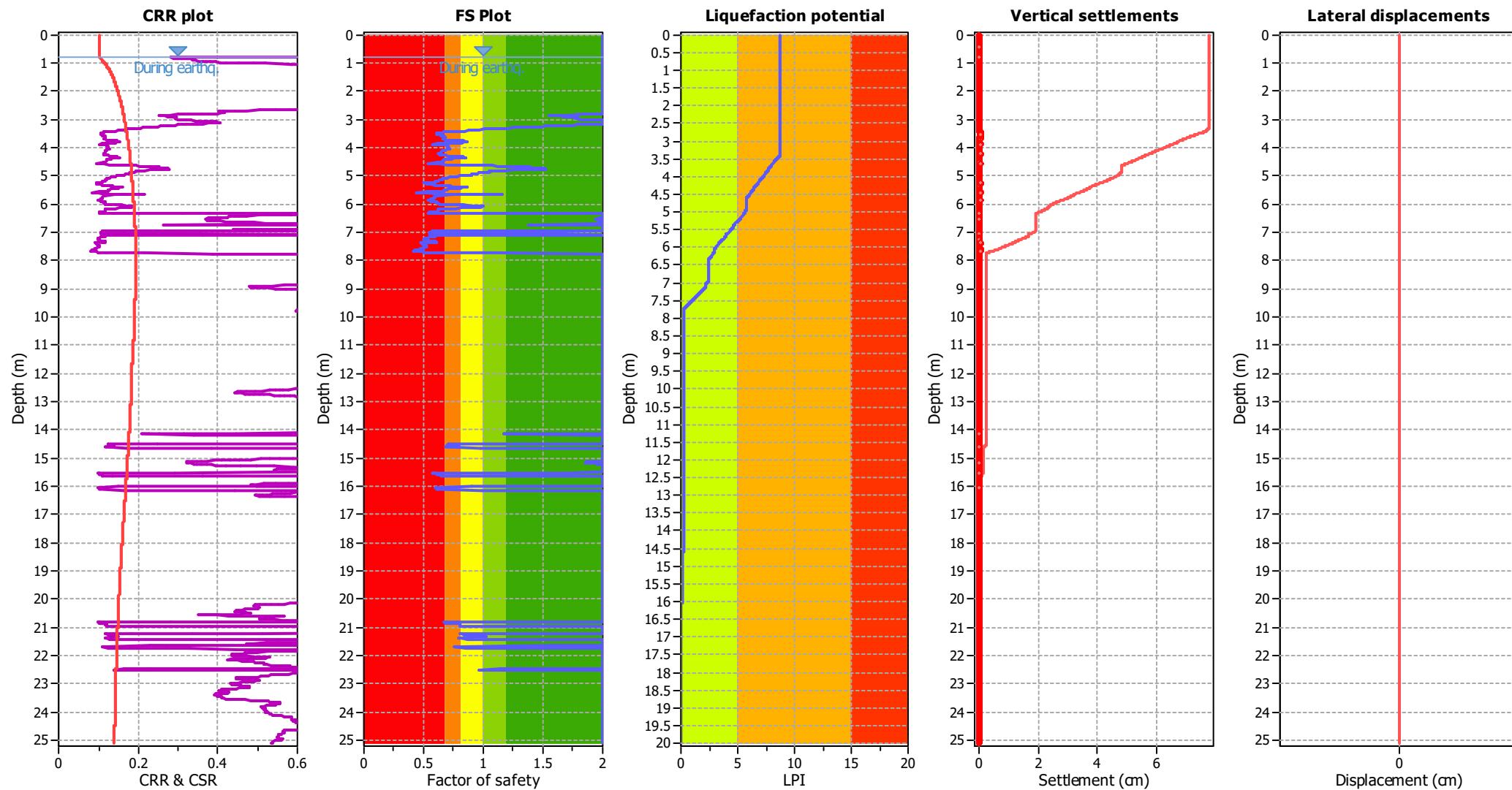
Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (in-situ): | 1.00 m | Use fill: | No | Clay like behavior applied: | All soils |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | G.W.T. (earthq.): | 0.80 m | Fill height: | N/A | Limit depth applied: | No |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Average results interval: | 5 | Fill weight: | N/A | Limit depth: | N/A |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 | Trans. detect. applied: | No | MSF method: | Method based |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT | K_o applied: | Yes | | |



Zone A₁: Cyclic liquefaction likely depending on size and duration of cyclic loading
 Zone A₂: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss likely depending on loading and ground geometry
 Zone B: Liquefaction and post-earthquake strength loss unlikely, check cyclic softening
 Zone C: Cyclic liquefaction and strength loss possible depending on soil plasticity, brittleness/sensitivity, strain to peak undrained strength and ground geometry

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on Ic value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M_w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fill weight: | N/A |
| Transition detect. applied: | No |
| K_0 applied: | Yes |
| Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| Limit depth applied: | No |
| Limit depth: | N/A |

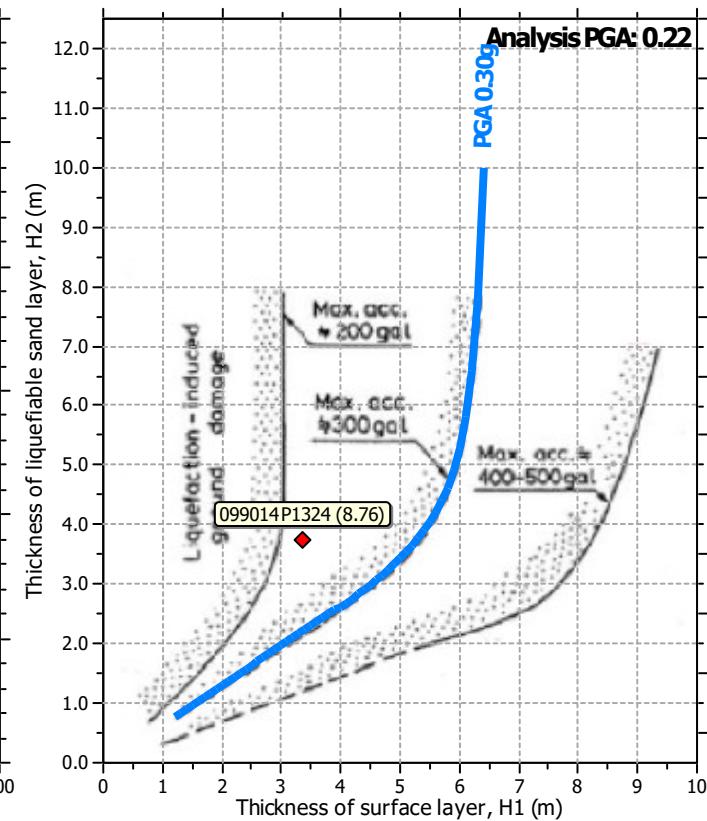
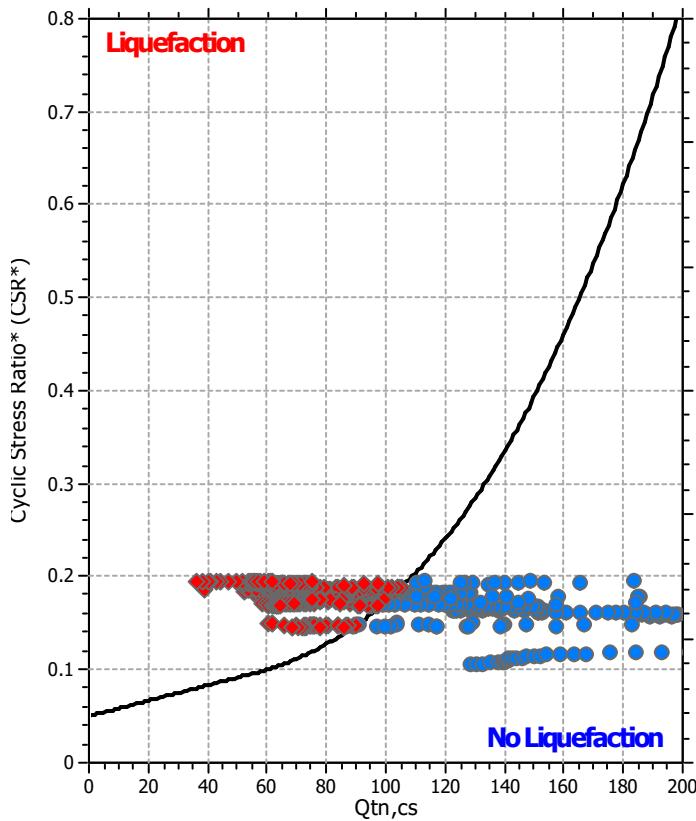
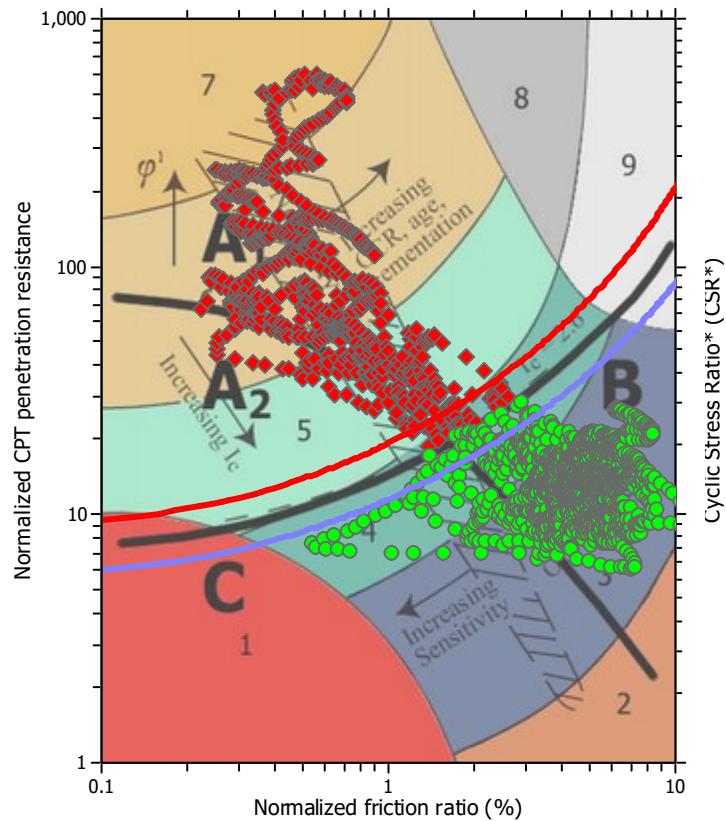
F.S. color scheme

| | |
|---|---|
| ■ | Almost certain it will liquefy |
| ■ | Very likely to liquefy |
| ■ | Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely |
| ■ | Unlike to liquefy |
| ■ | Almost certain it will not liquefy |

LPI color scheme

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ | Very high risk |
| ■ | High risk |
| ■ | Low risk |

Liquefaction analysis summary plots



Input parameters and analysis data

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Analysis method: | Robertson (2009) | Depth to water table (erthq.): | 0.80 m |
| Fines correction method: | Robertson (2009) | Average results interval: | 5 |
| Points to test: | Based on I _c value | Ic cut-off value: | 2.60 |
| Earthquake magnitude M _w : | 6.16 | Unit weight calculation: | Based on SBT |
| Peak ground acceleration: | 0.22 | Use fill: | No |
| Depth to water table (in situ): | 1.00 m | Fill height: | N/A |
| | | Fill weight: | N/A |
| | | Transition detect. applied: | No |
| | | K _d applied: | Yes |
| | | Clay like behav vor applied: | All soils |
| | | Limit depth applied: | No |
| | | Limit depth: | N/A |

ALLEGATO N. 3

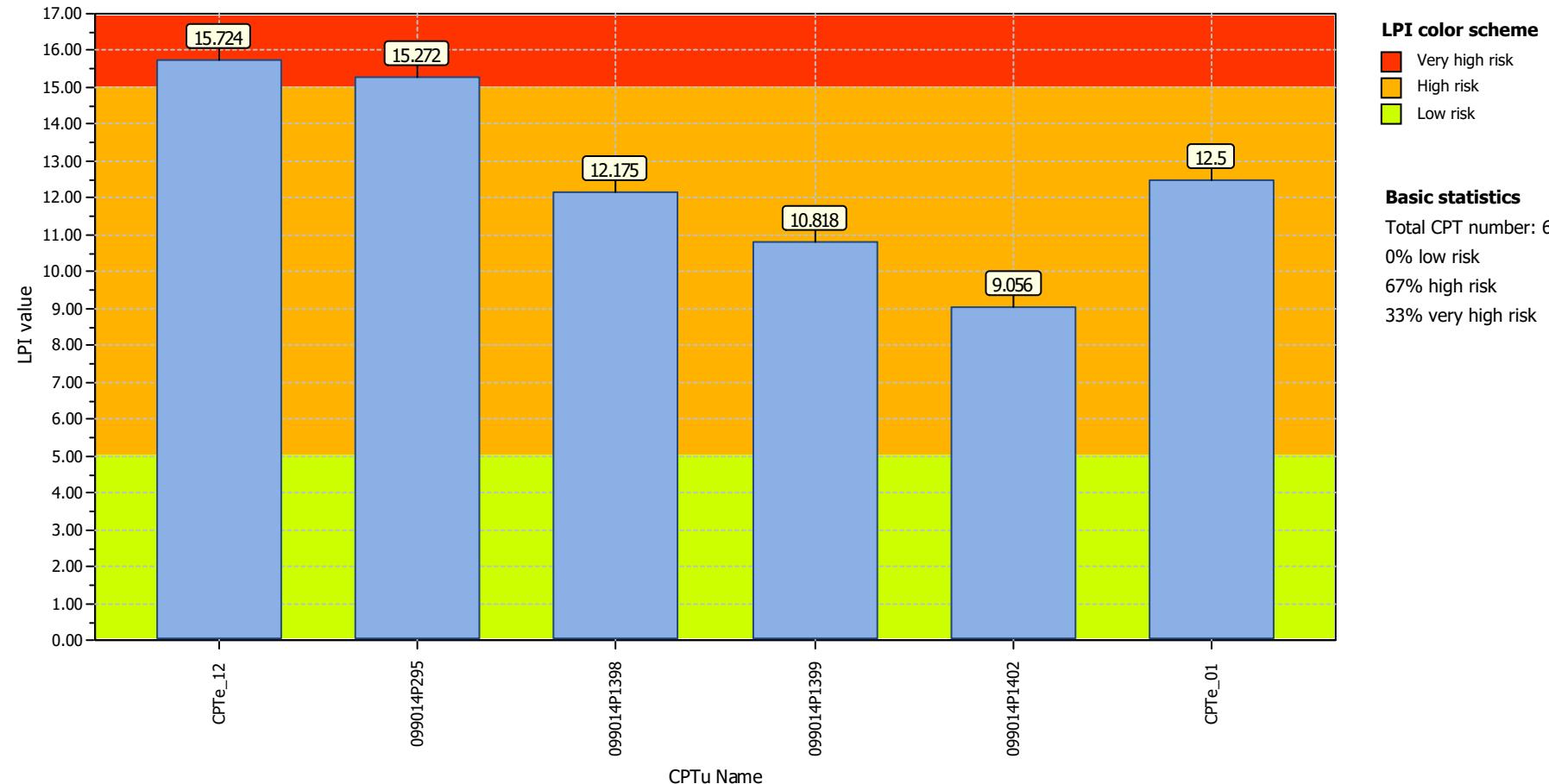
**TABELLE PARAMETRICHE DI SINTESI
VERIFICHE DI LIQUEFAZIONE**

TABELLE - ZONA RNN_04

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

Location : Rimini

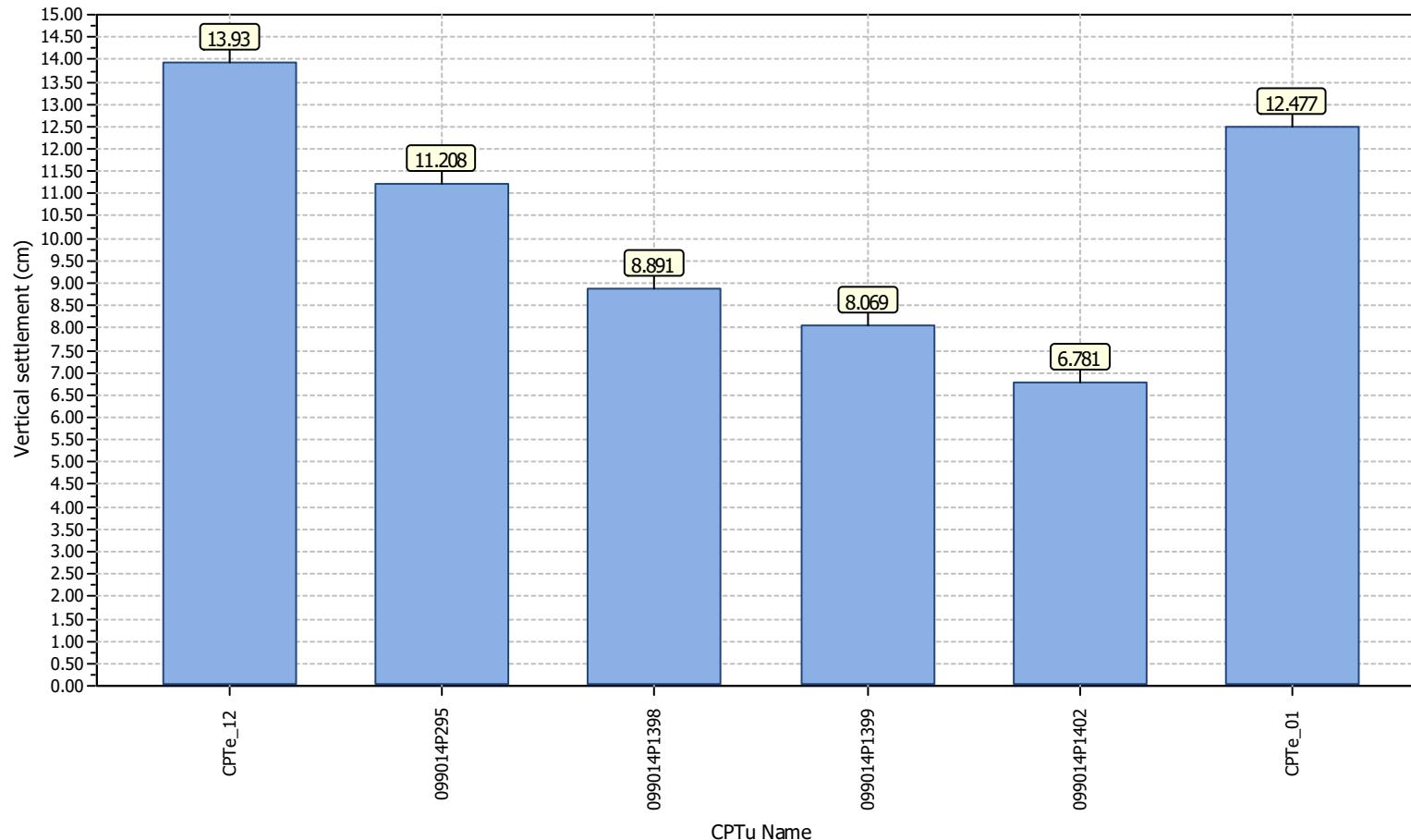
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04

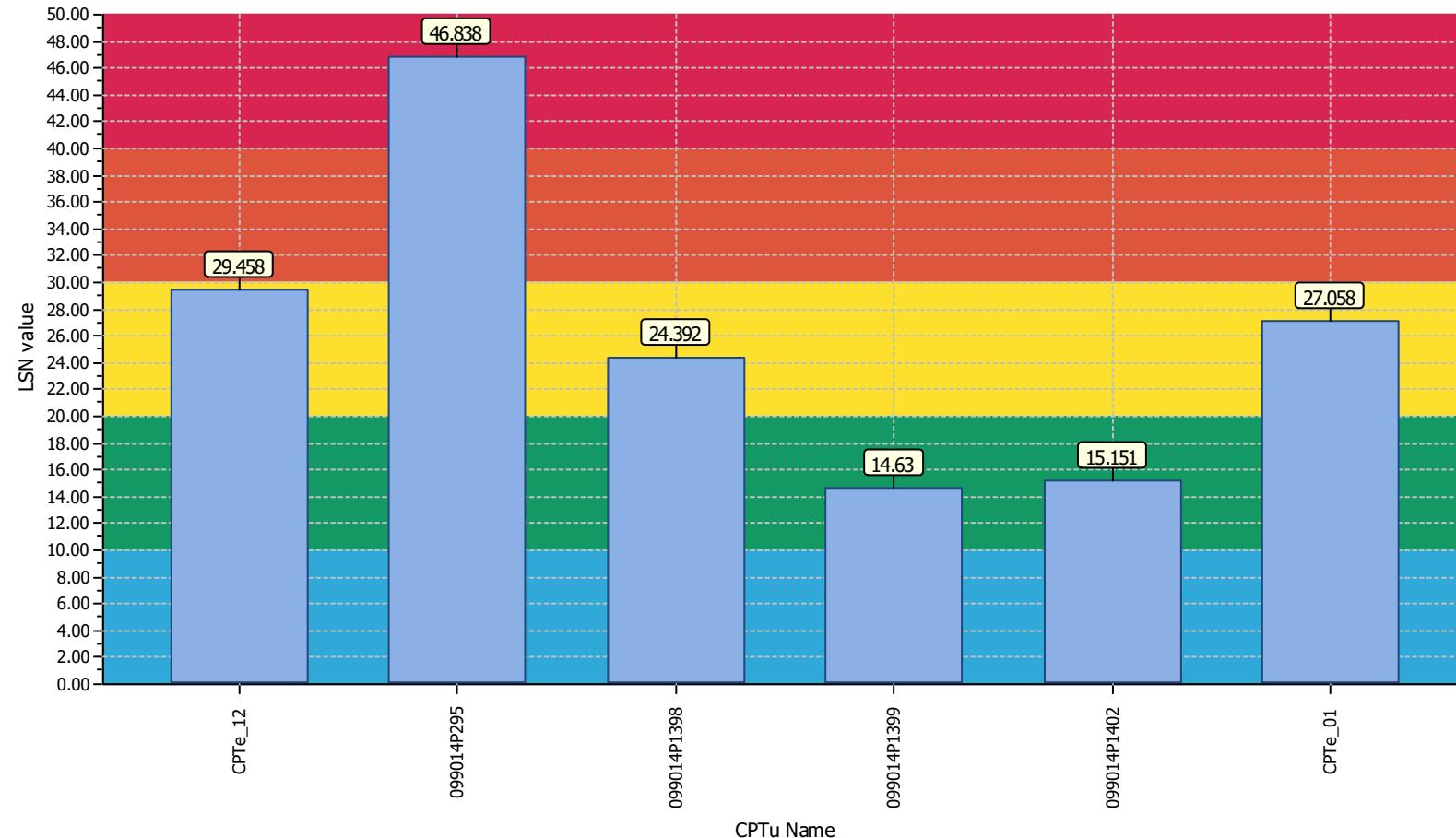
Location : Rimini

Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_04
Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report


LSN color scheme

- █ Severe damage
- █ Major expression of liquefaction
- █ Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- █ Moderate expression of liquefaction
- █ Minor expression of liquefaction
- █ Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

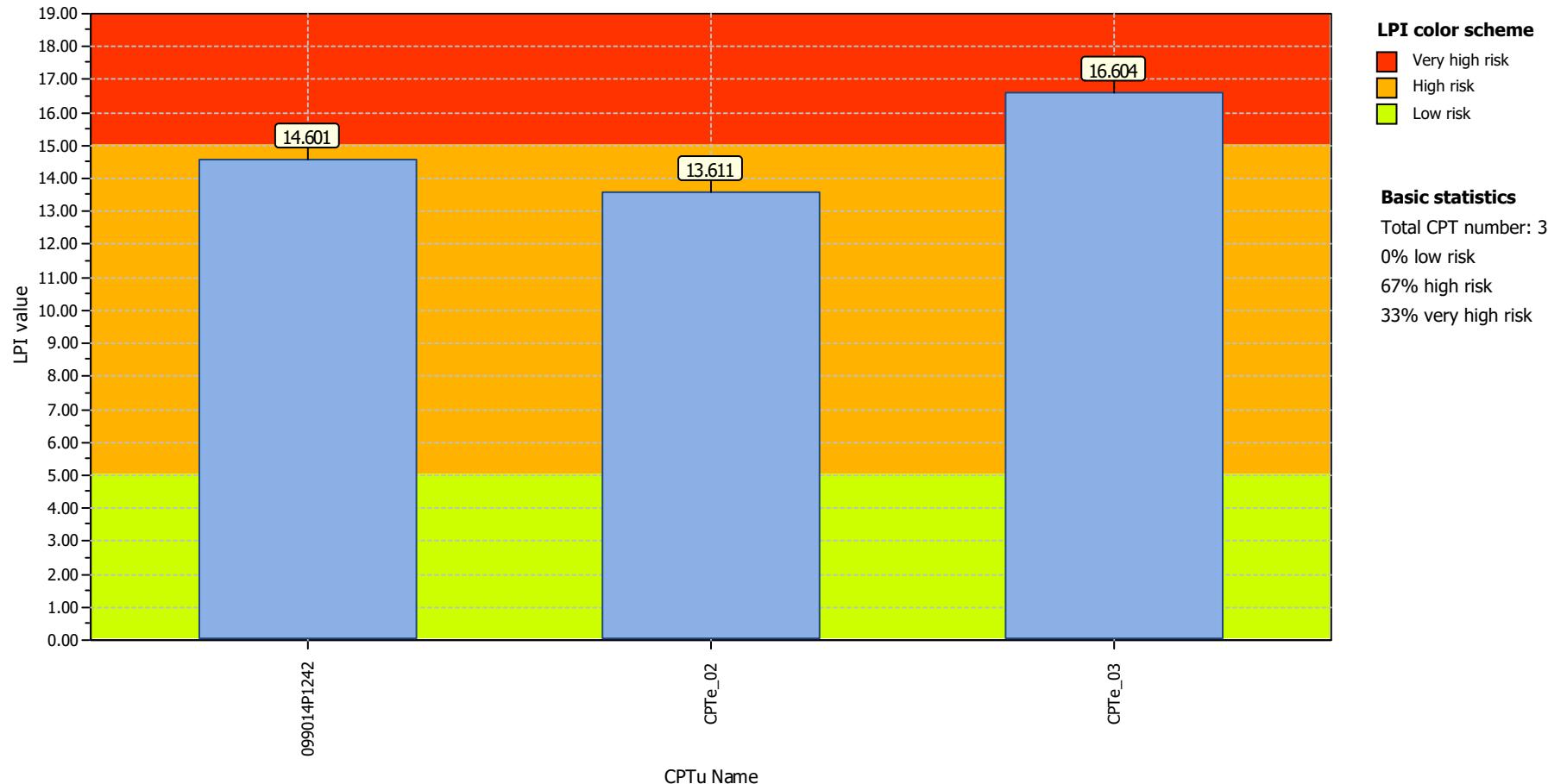
- Total CPT number: 6
- 0% little liquefaction
- 33% minor liquefaction
- 50% moderate liquefaction
- 0% moderate to major liquefaction
- 17% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNN_03

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

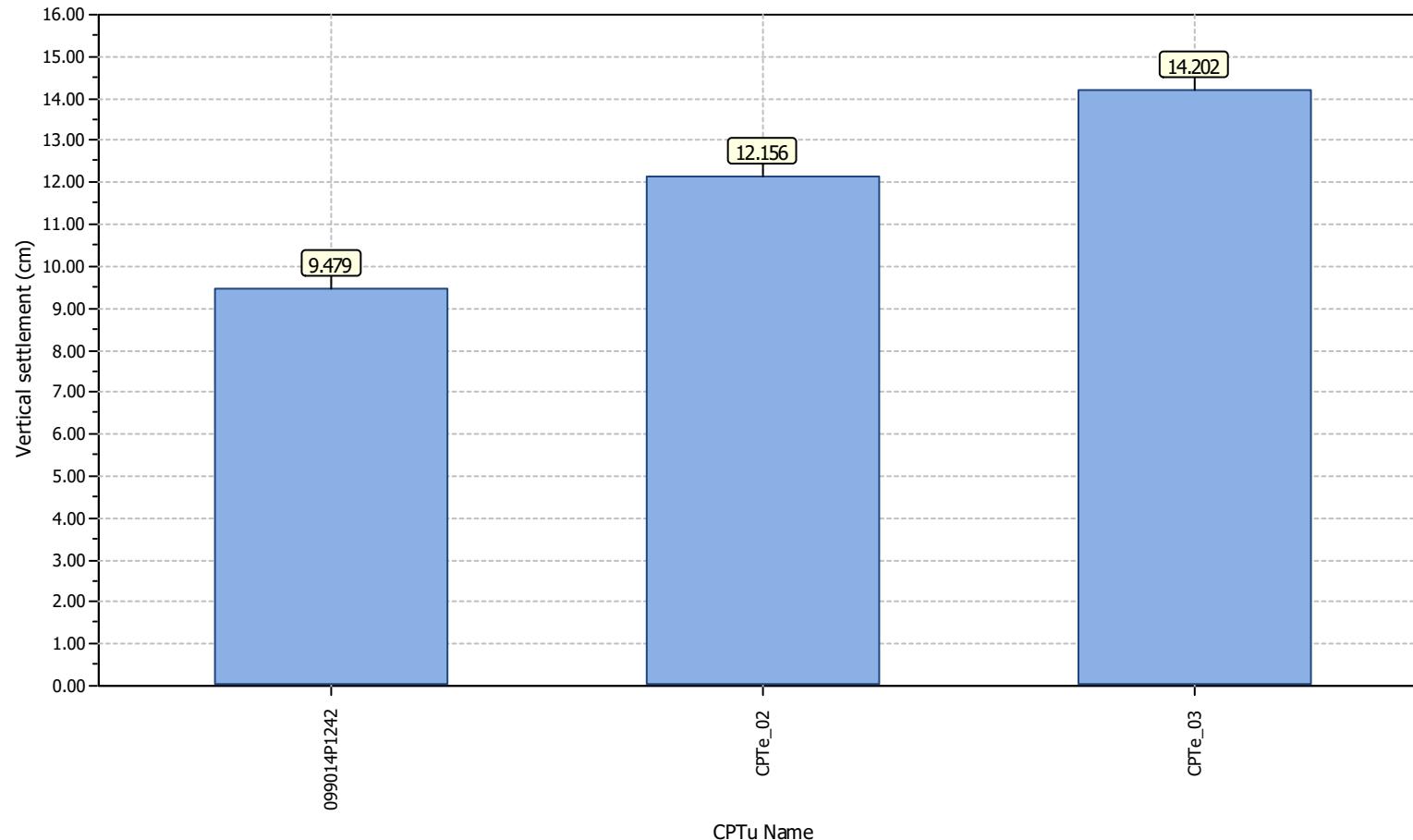
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_03

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report

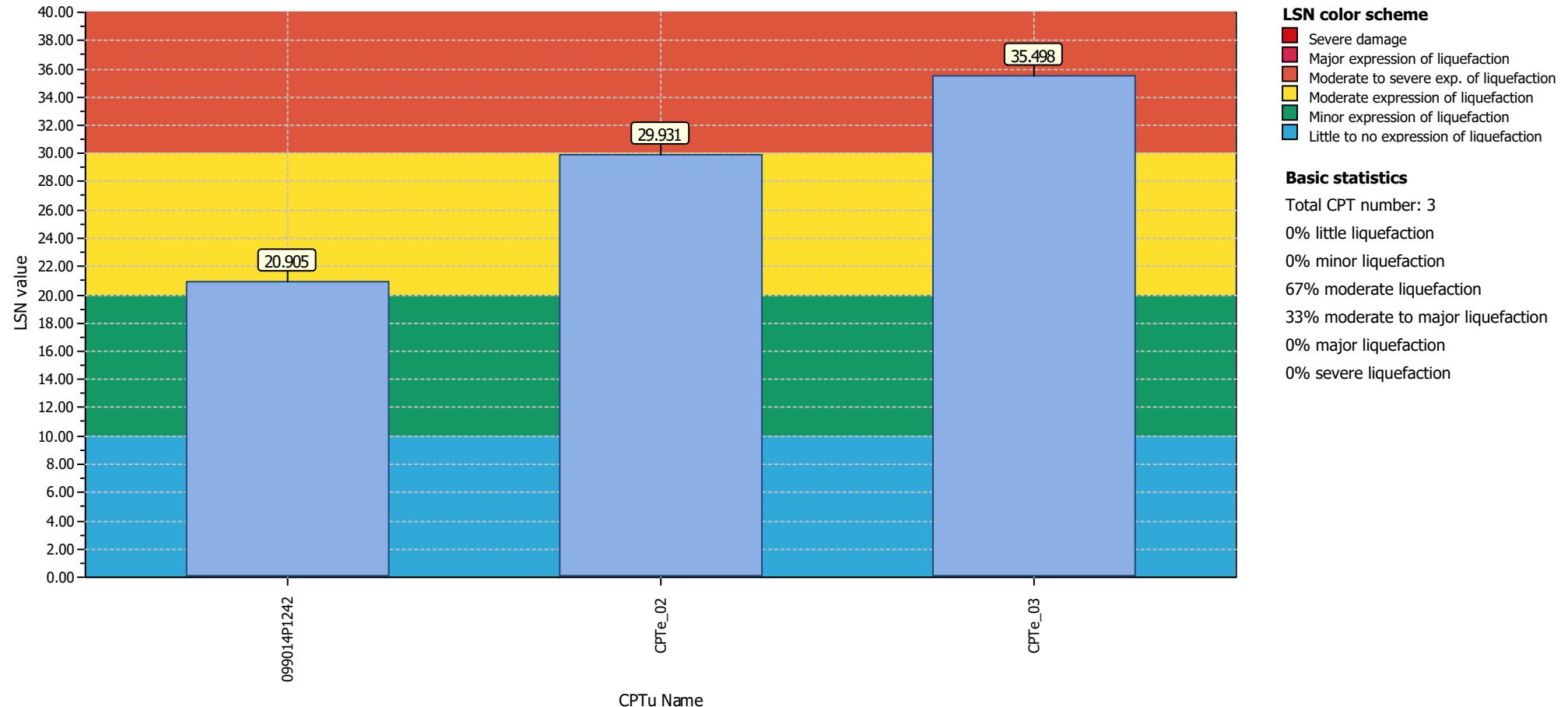
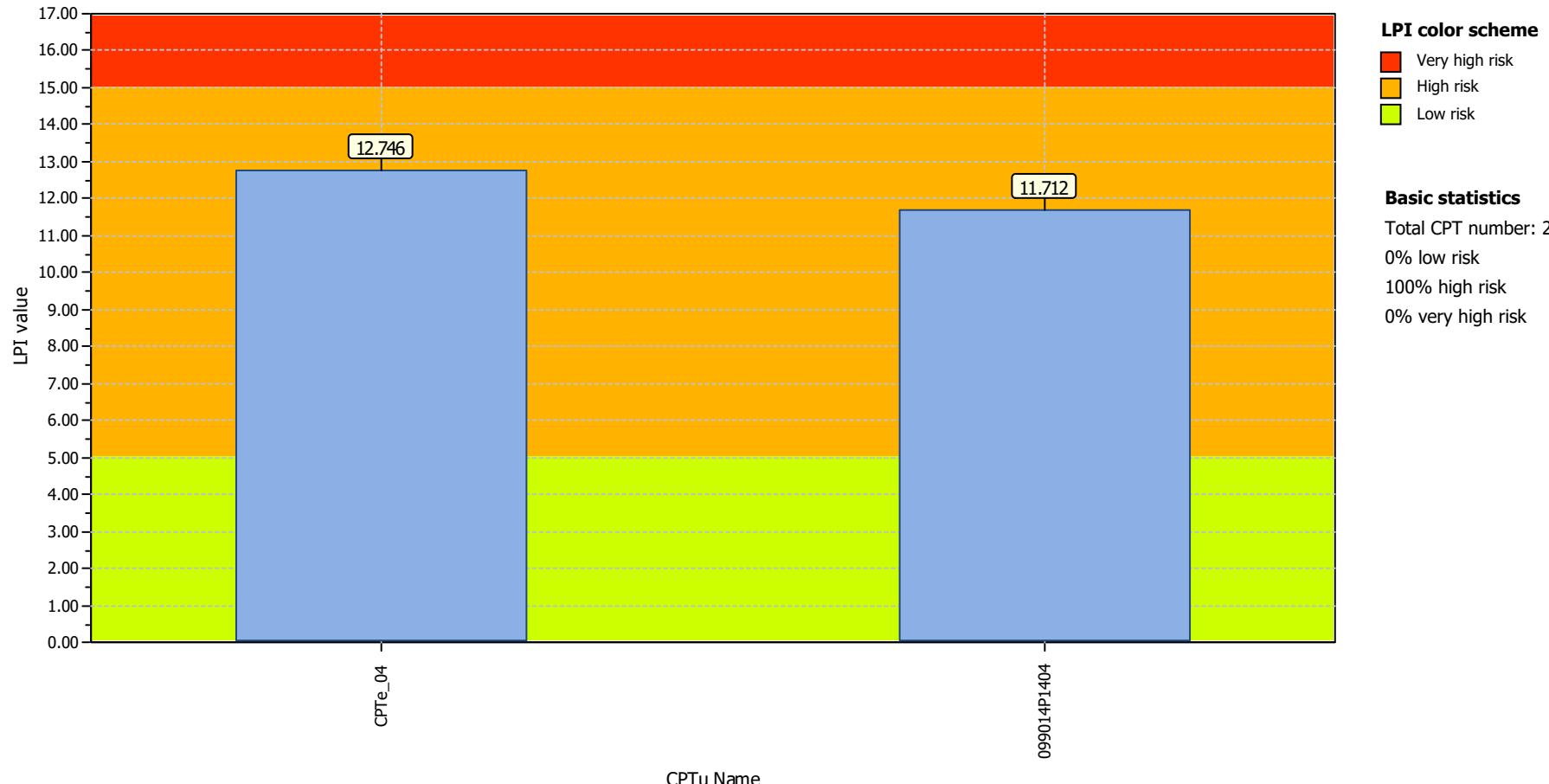


TABELLE - ZONA RNN_02

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_02

Location : Rimini

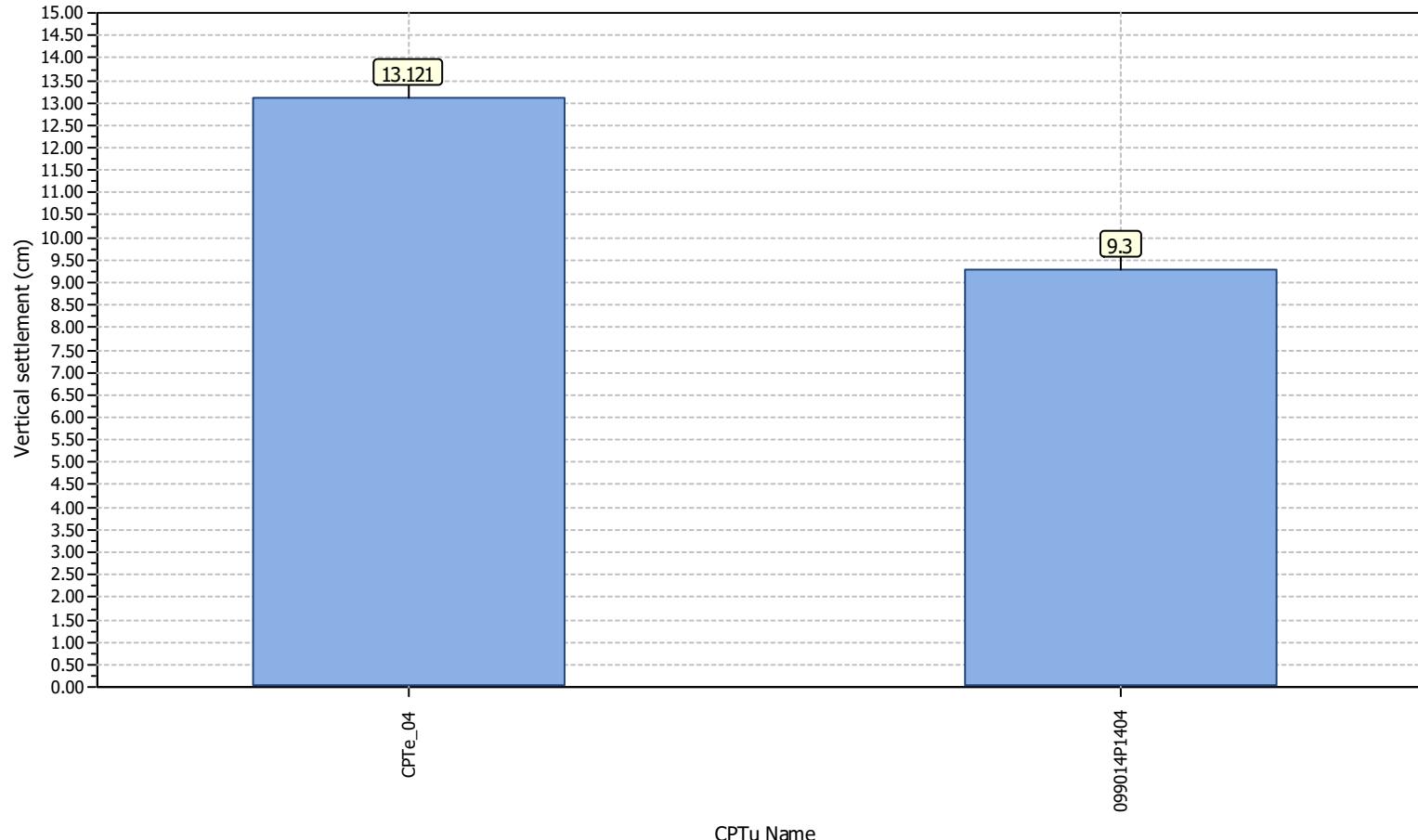
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_02

Location : Rimini

Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_02

Location : Rimini

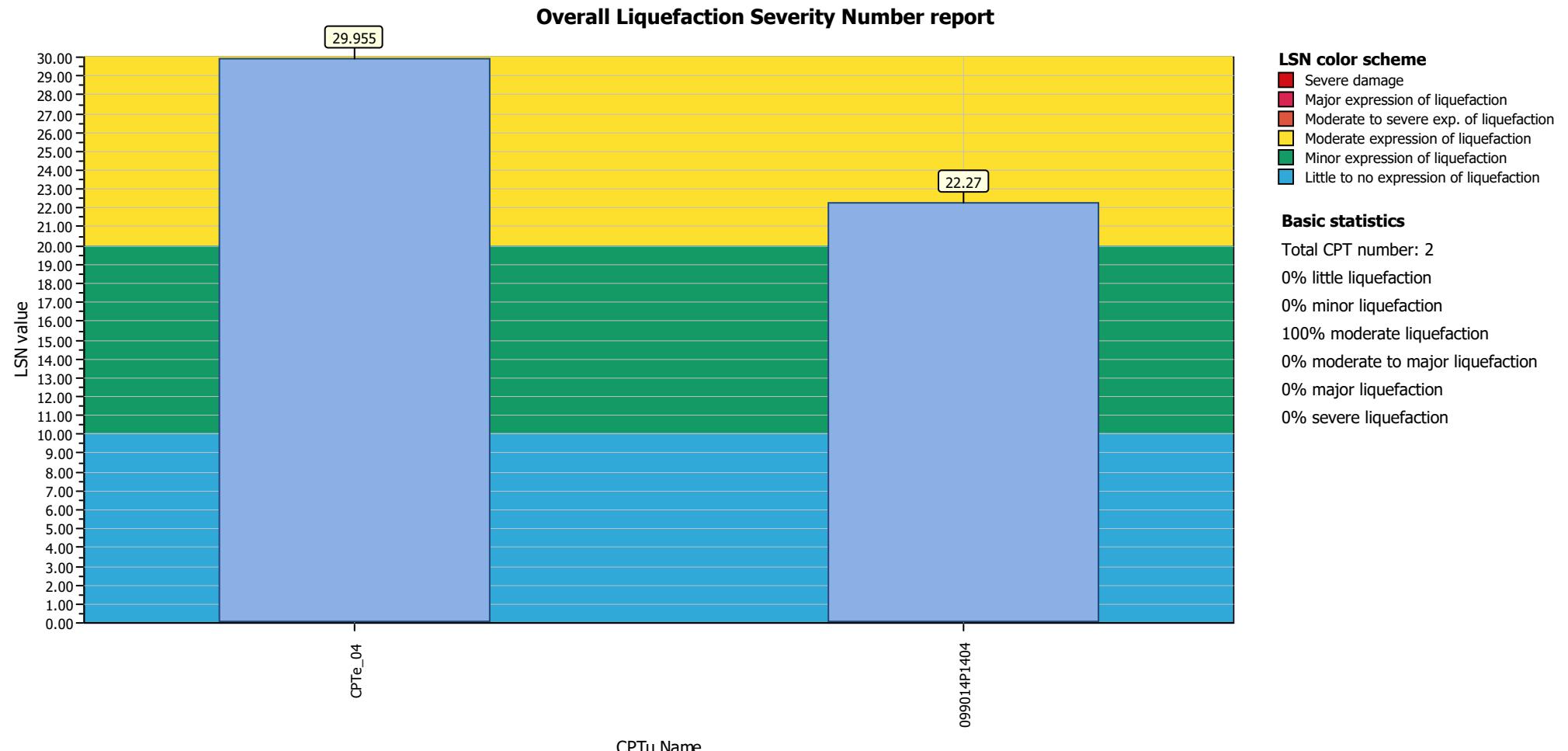
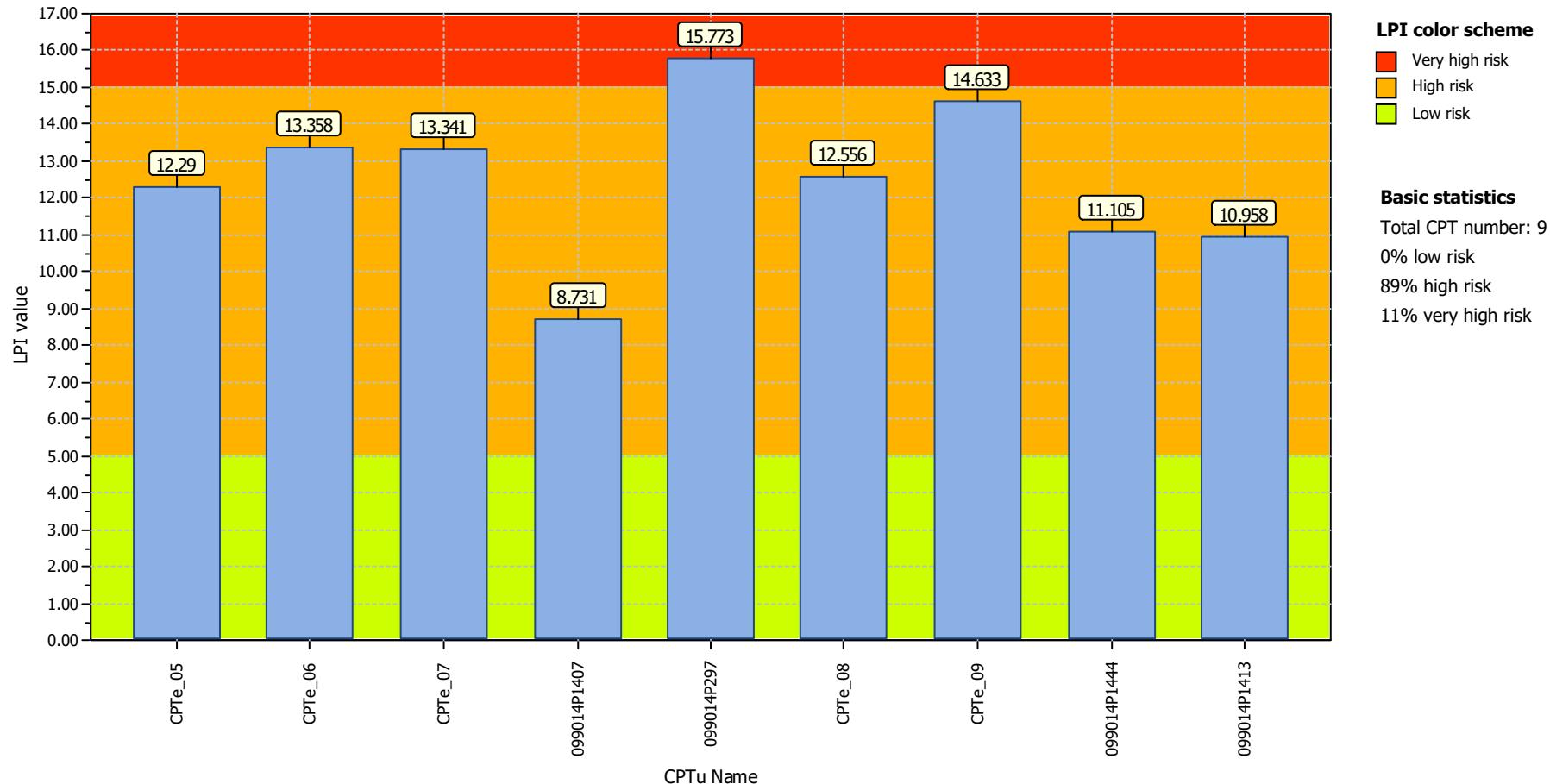


TABELLE - ZONA RNN_01

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

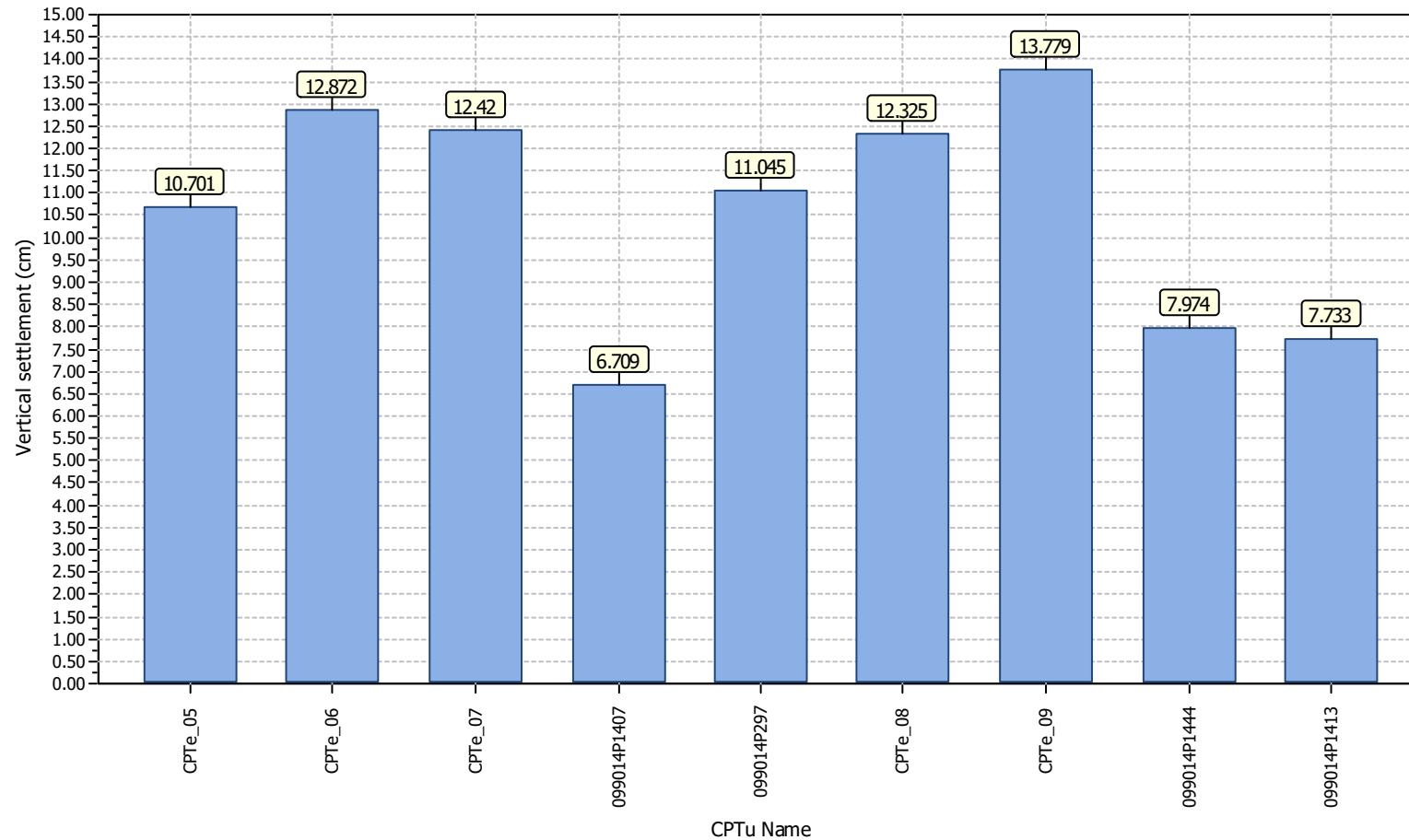
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

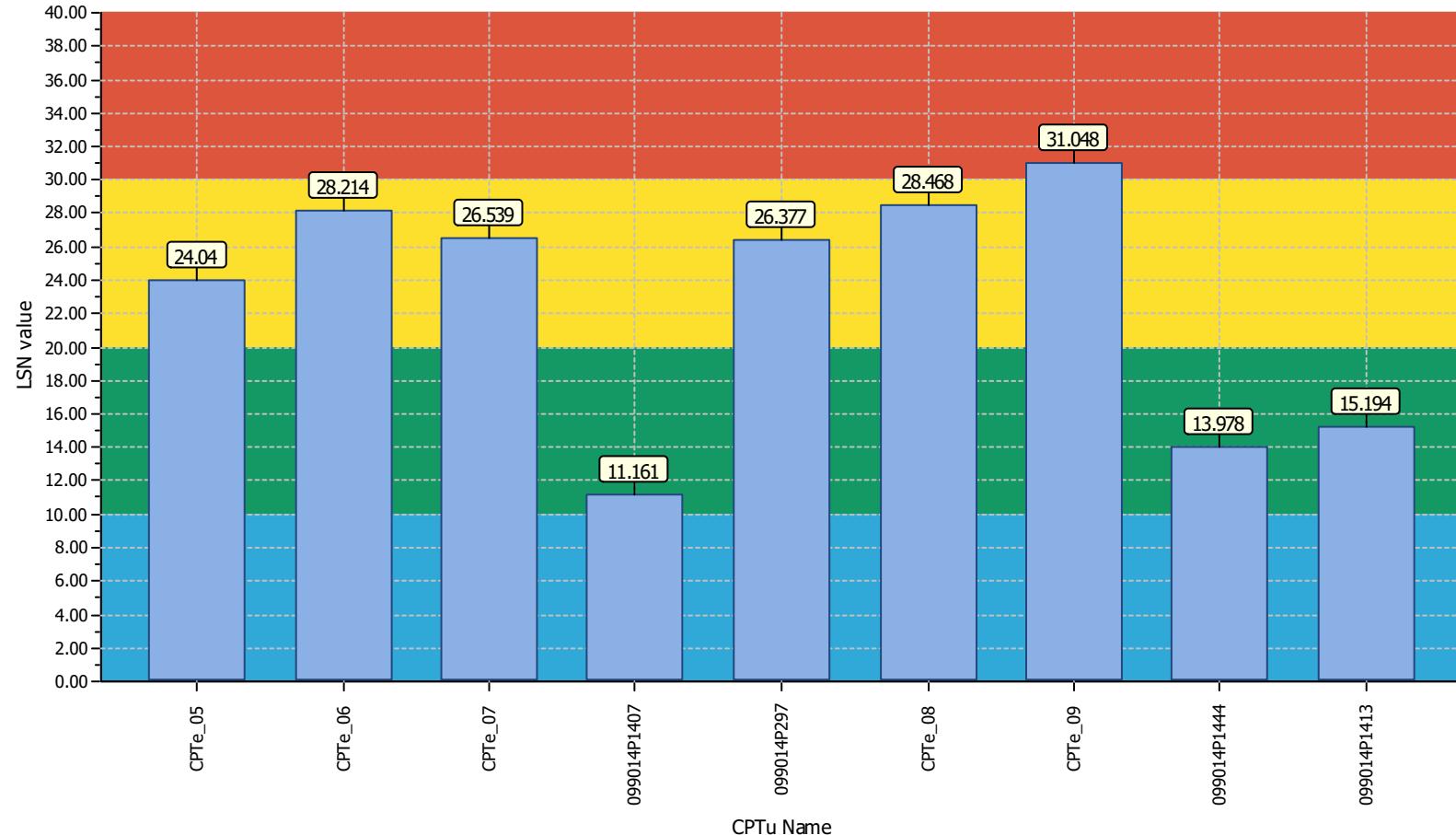
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNN_01

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

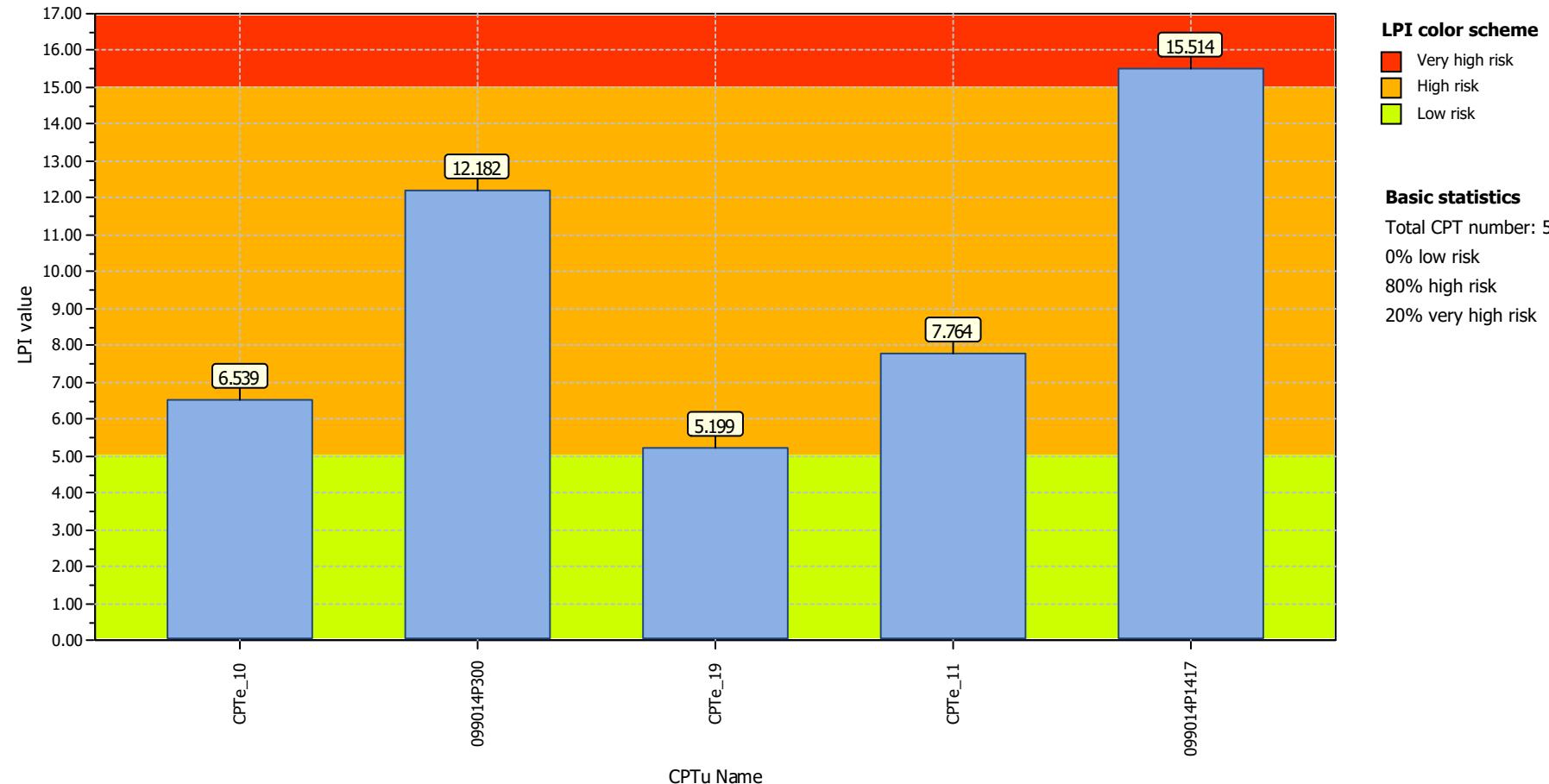
Total CPT number: 9
 0% little liquefaction
 33% minor liquefaction
 56% moderate liquefaction
 11% moderate to major liquefaction
 0% major liquefaction
 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNC

Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

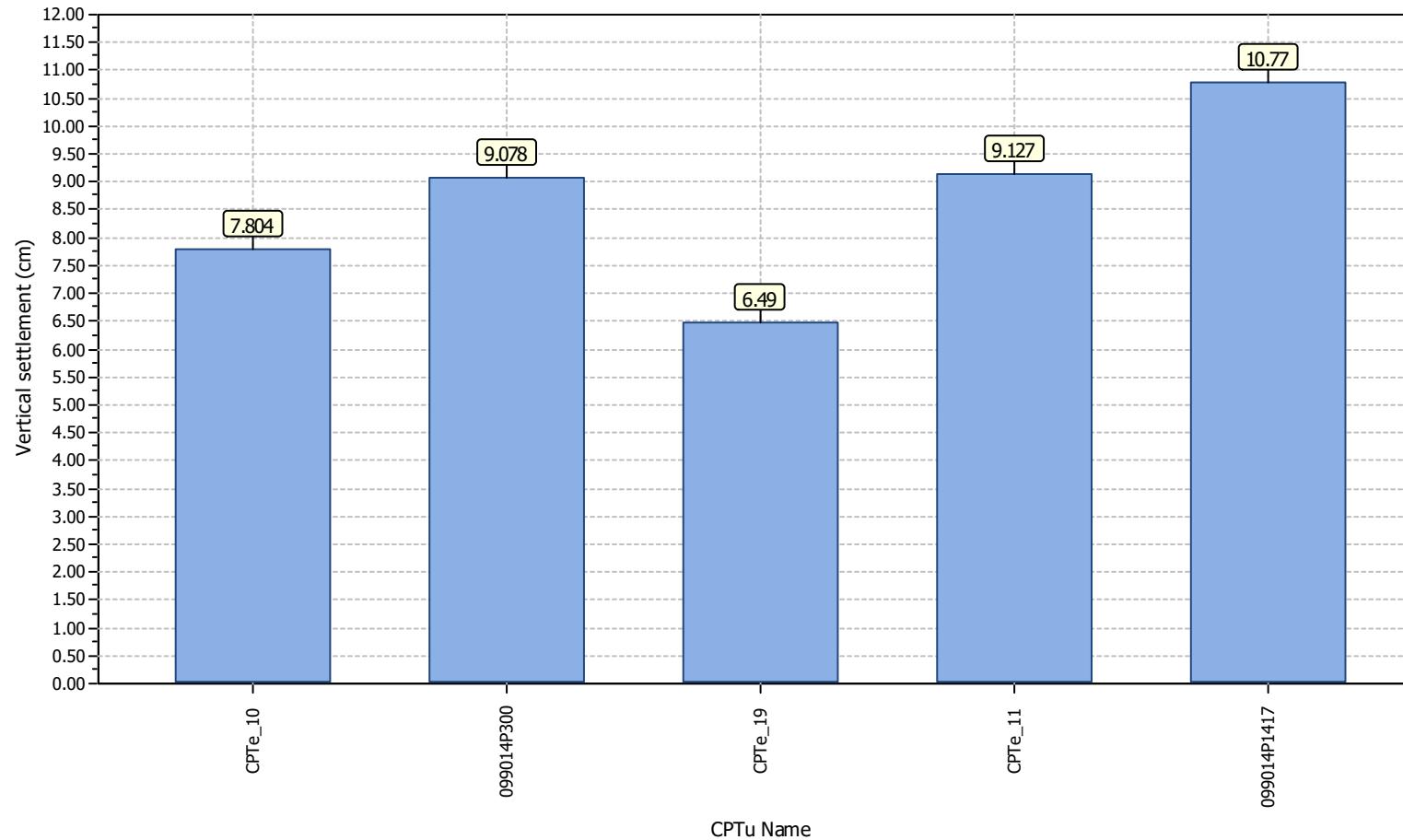
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

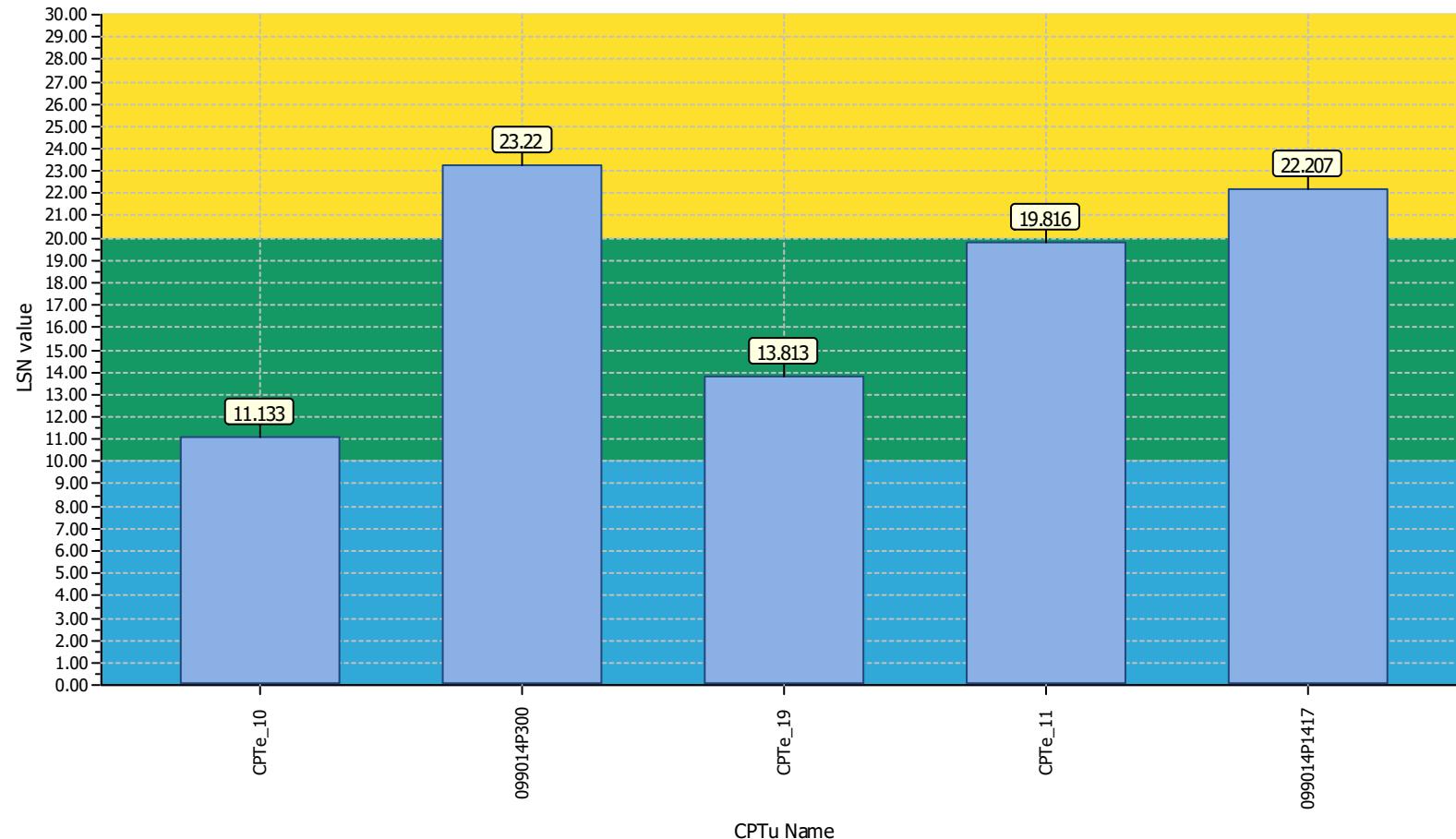
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3 Rimini_RNC

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

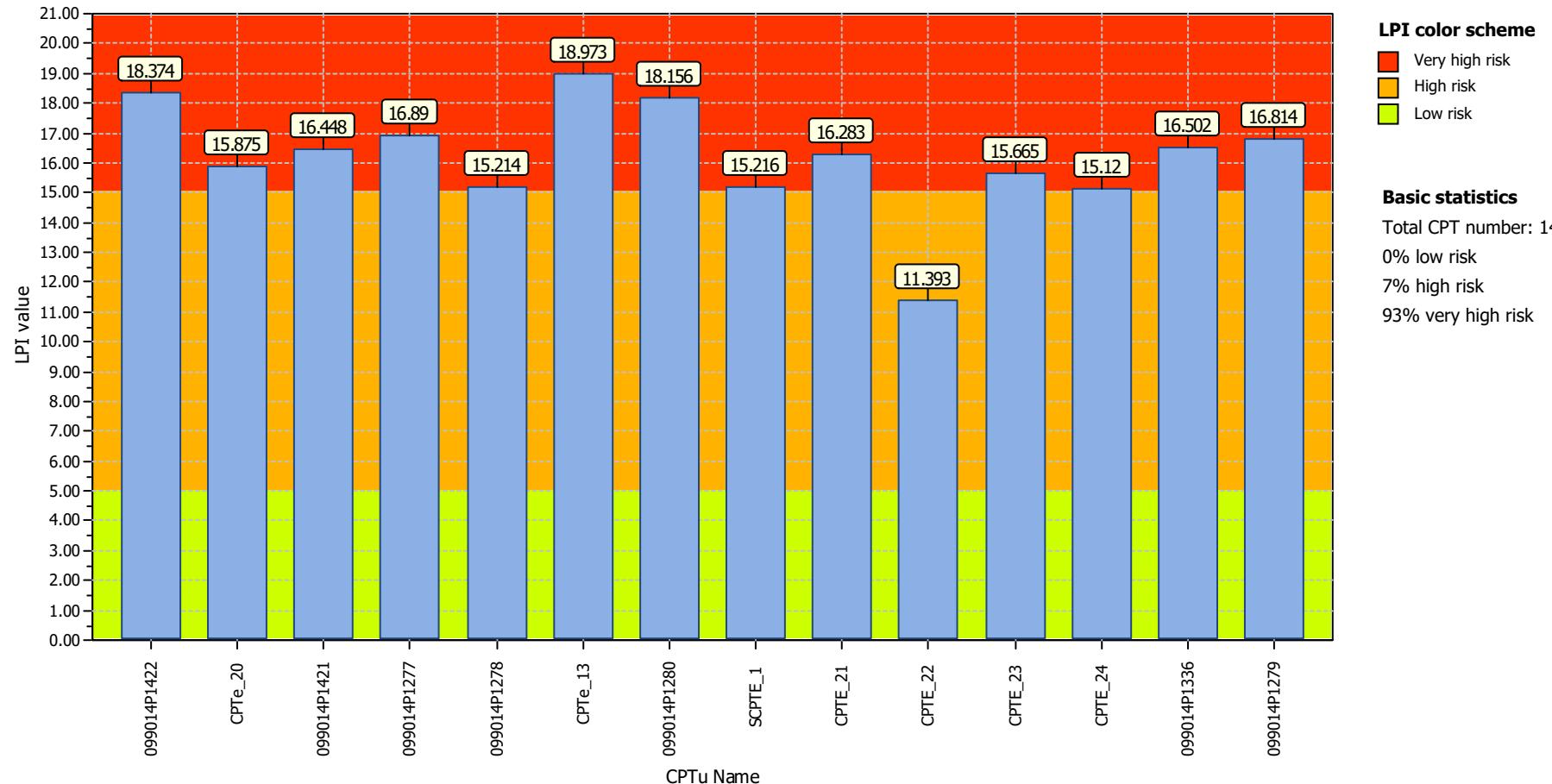
- Total CPT number: 5
- 0% little liquefaction
- 60% minor liquefaction
- 40% moderate liquefaction
- 0% moderate to major liquefaction
- 0% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNS_01

Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

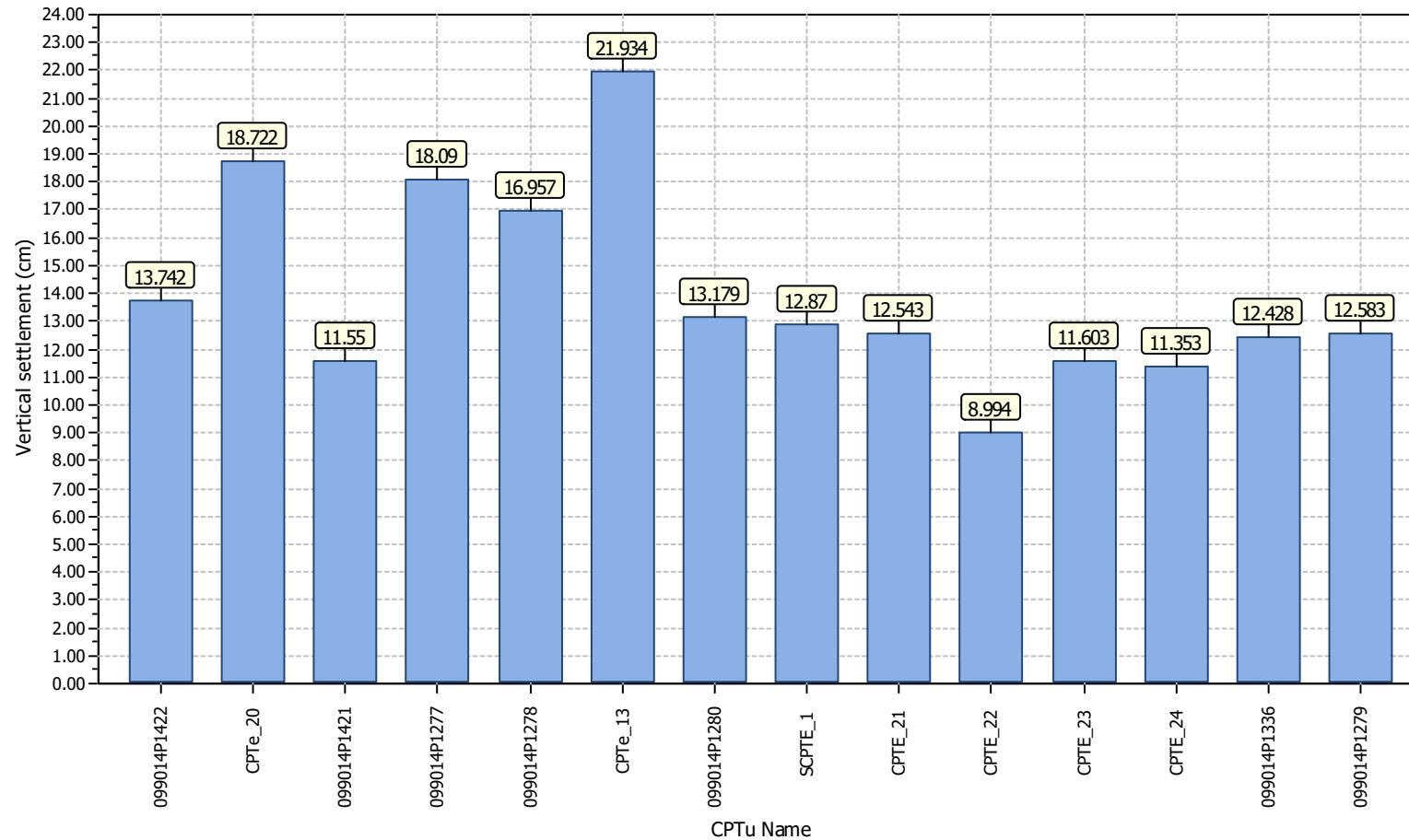
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

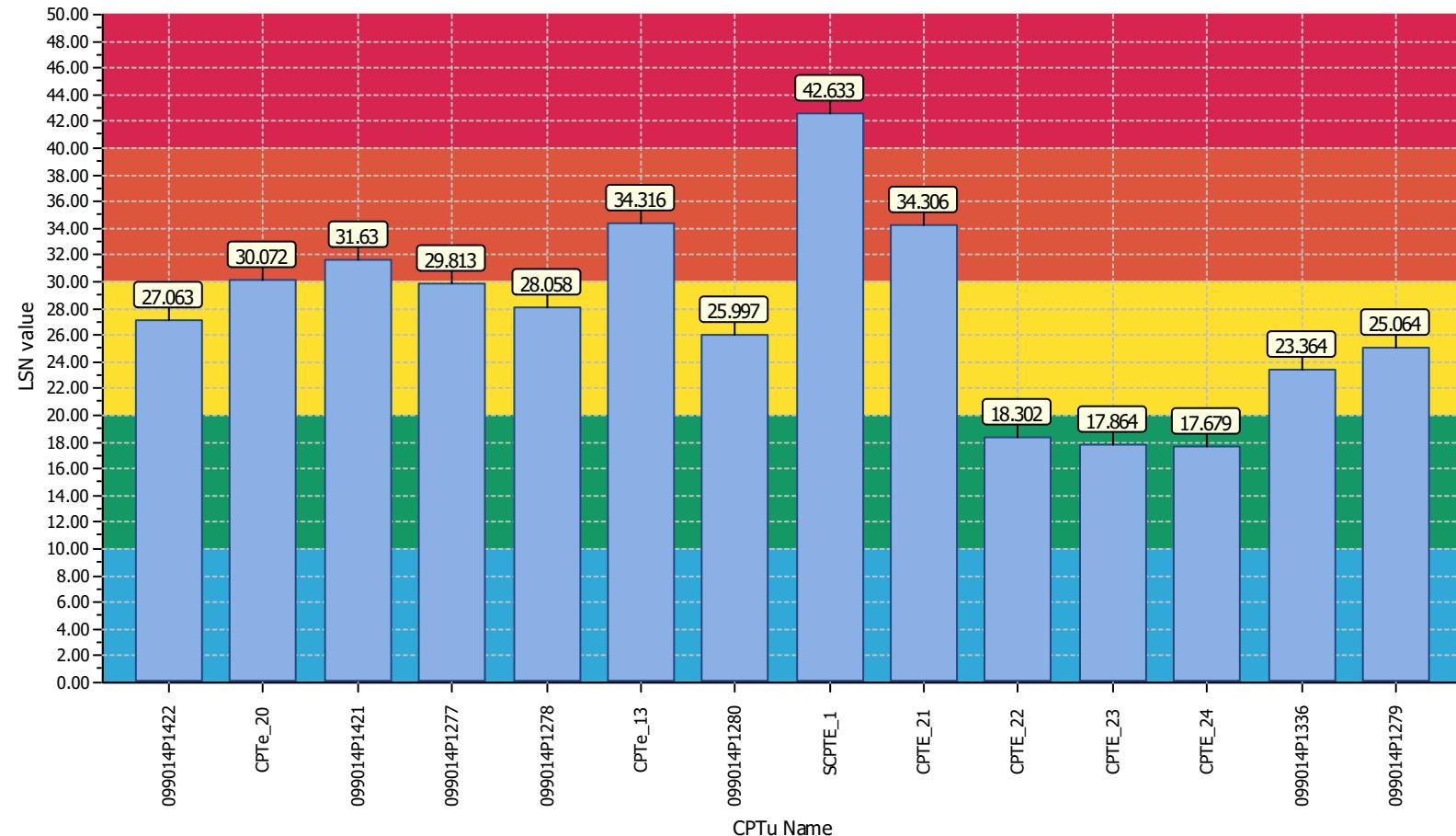
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_01

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

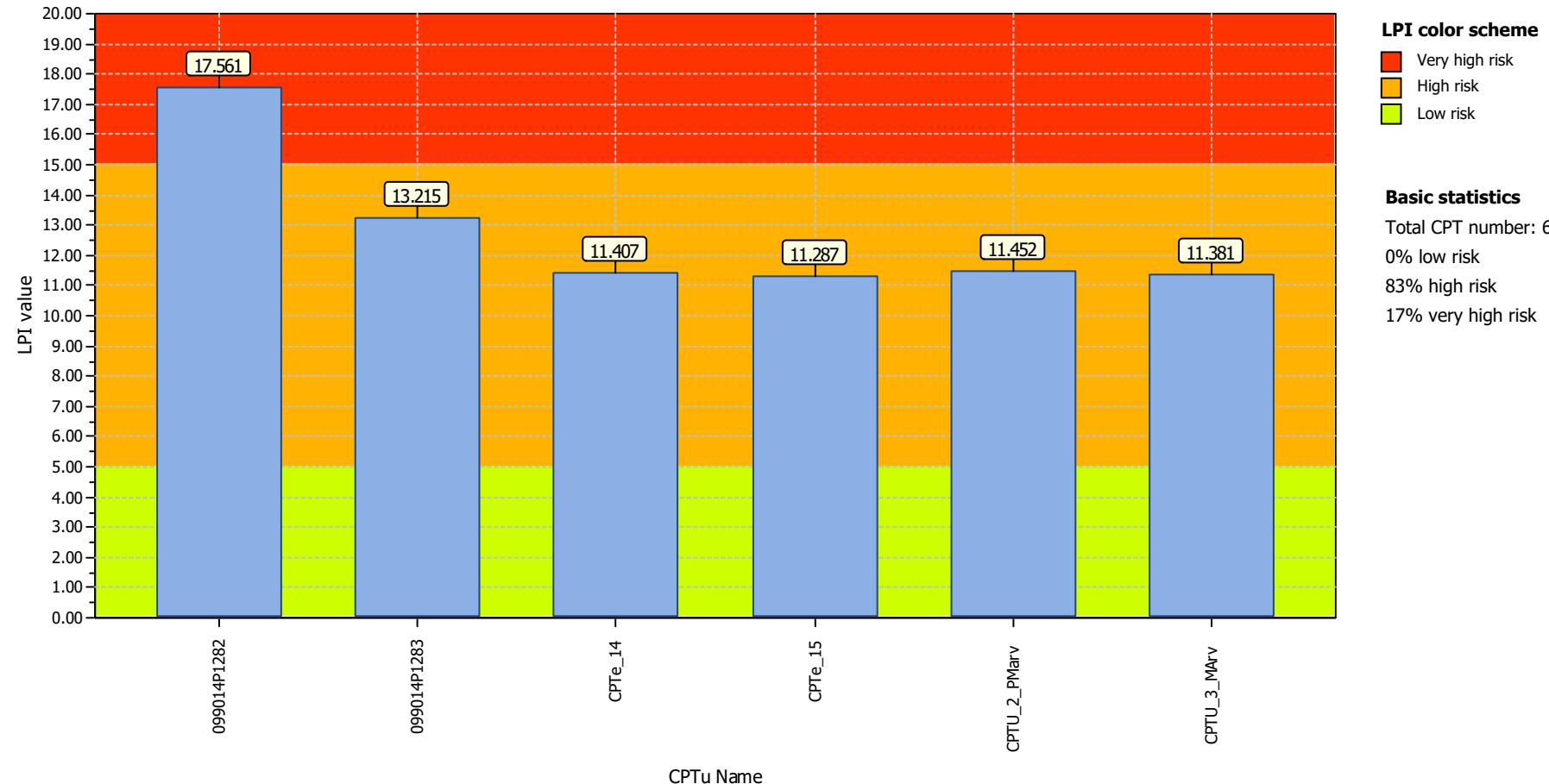
- Total CPT number: 14
- 0% little liquefaction
- 21% minor liquefaction
- 43% moderate liquefaction
- 29% moderate to major liquefaction
- 7% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNS_02

Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

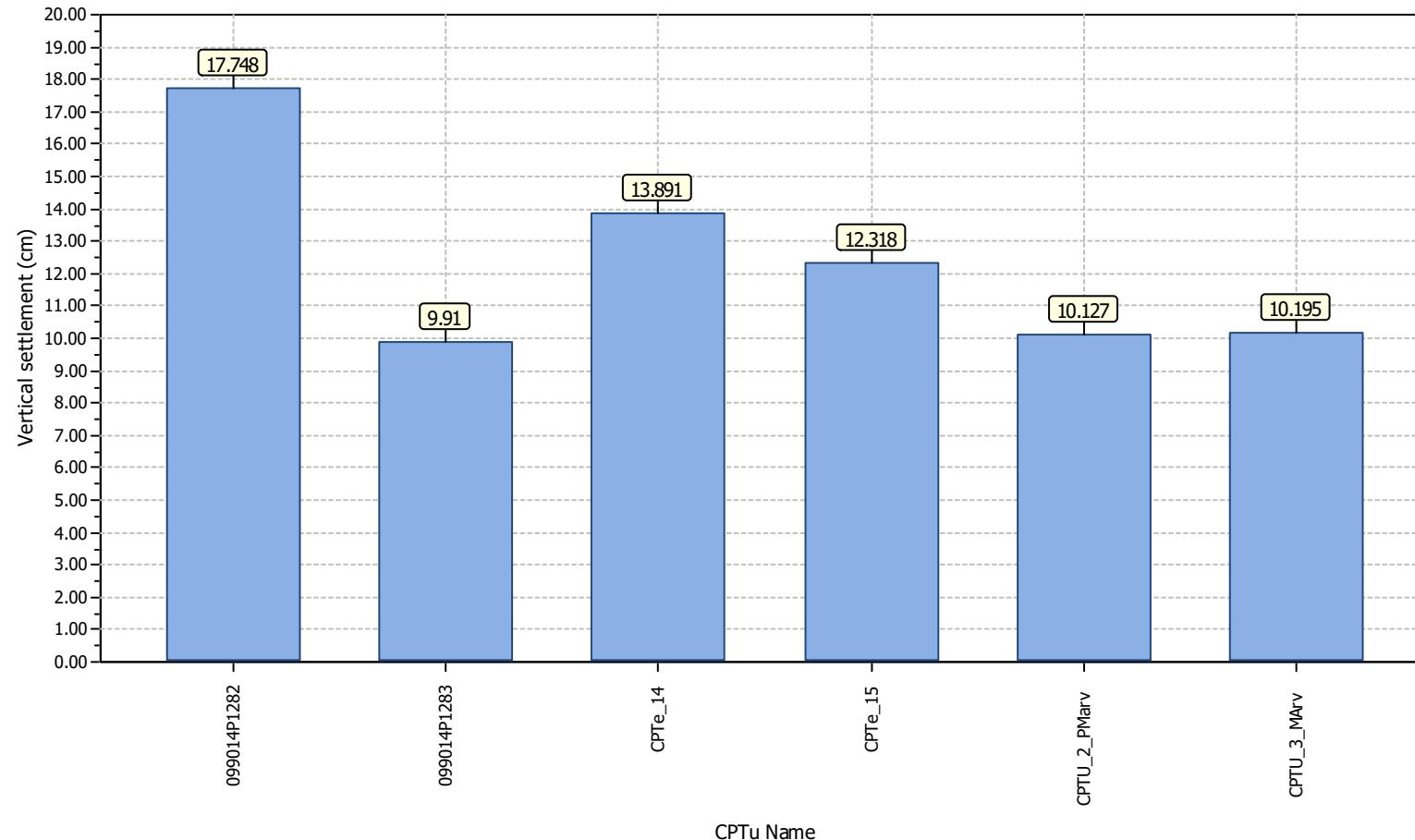
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

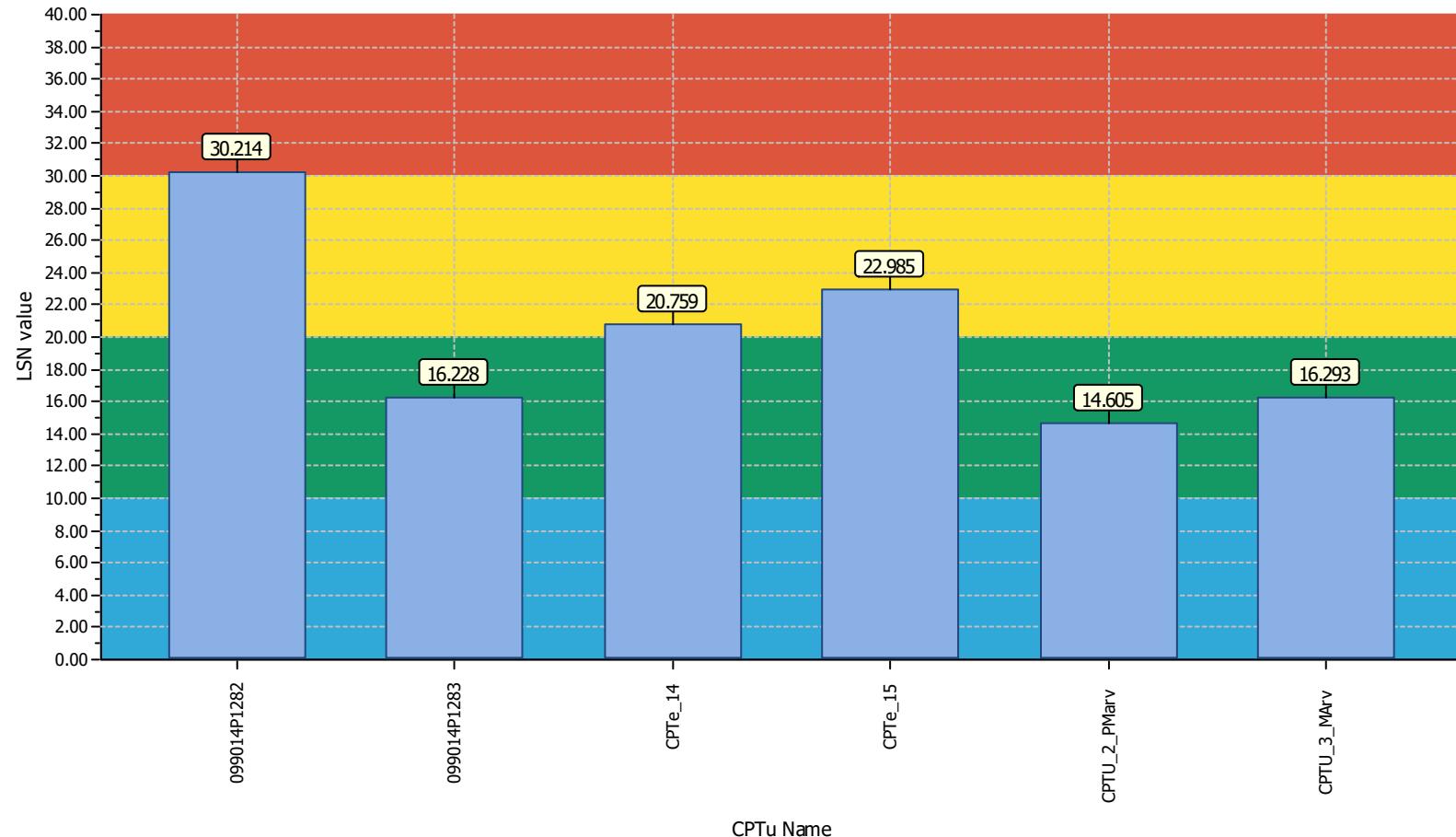
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_02

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

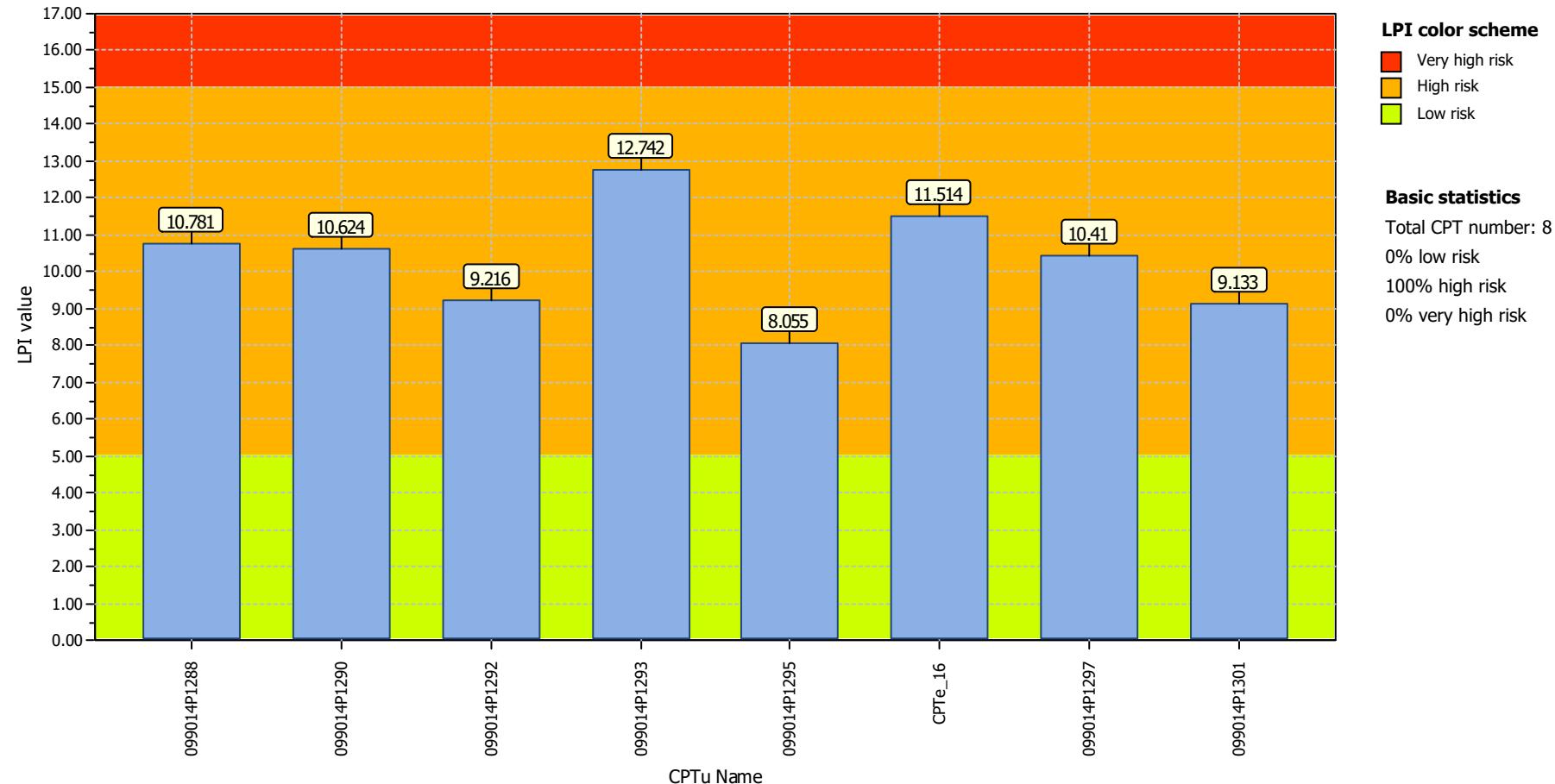
- Total CPT number: 6
- 0% little liquefaction
- 50% minor liquefaction
- 33% moderate liquefaction
- 17% moderate to major liquefaction
- 0% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNS_03

Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

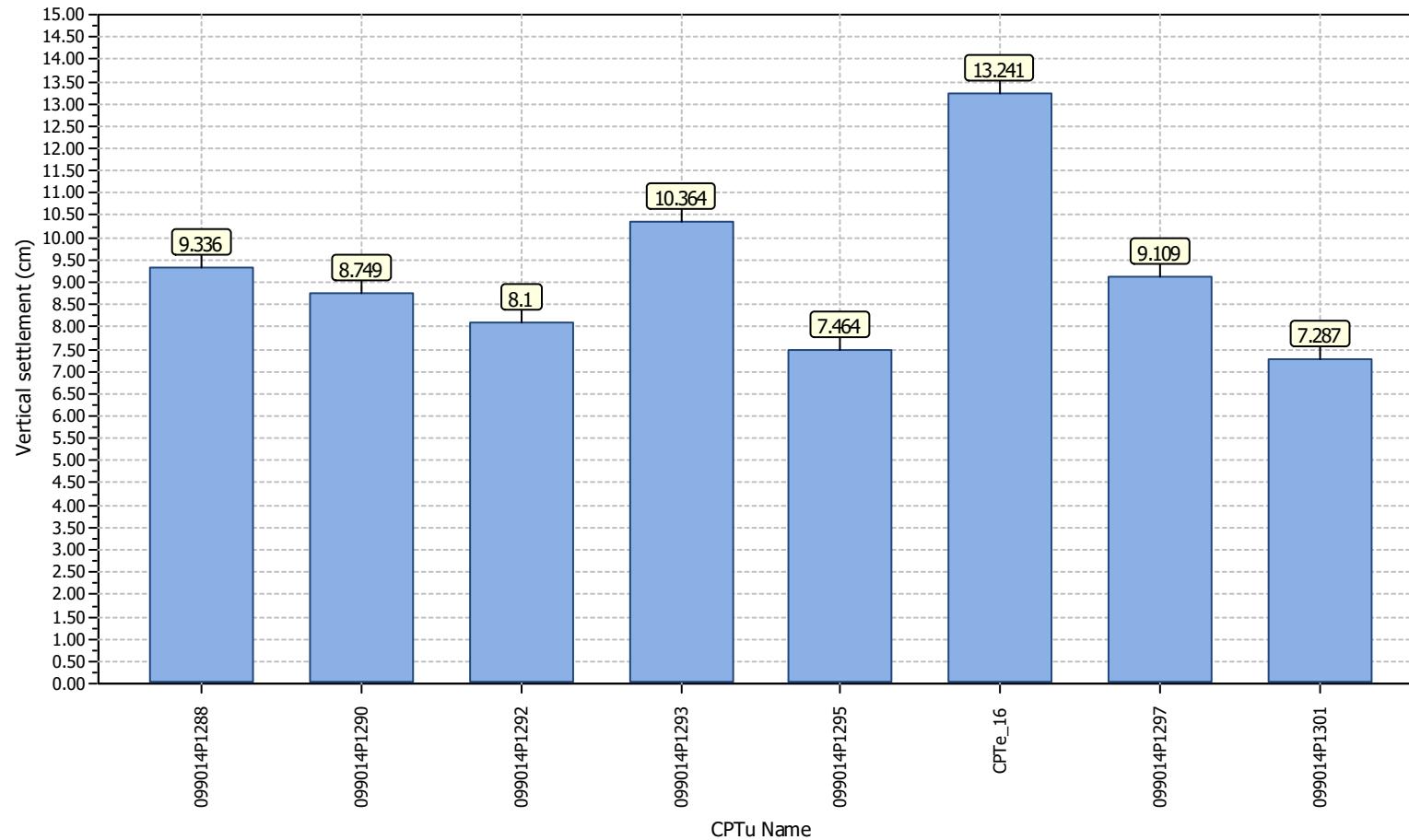
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

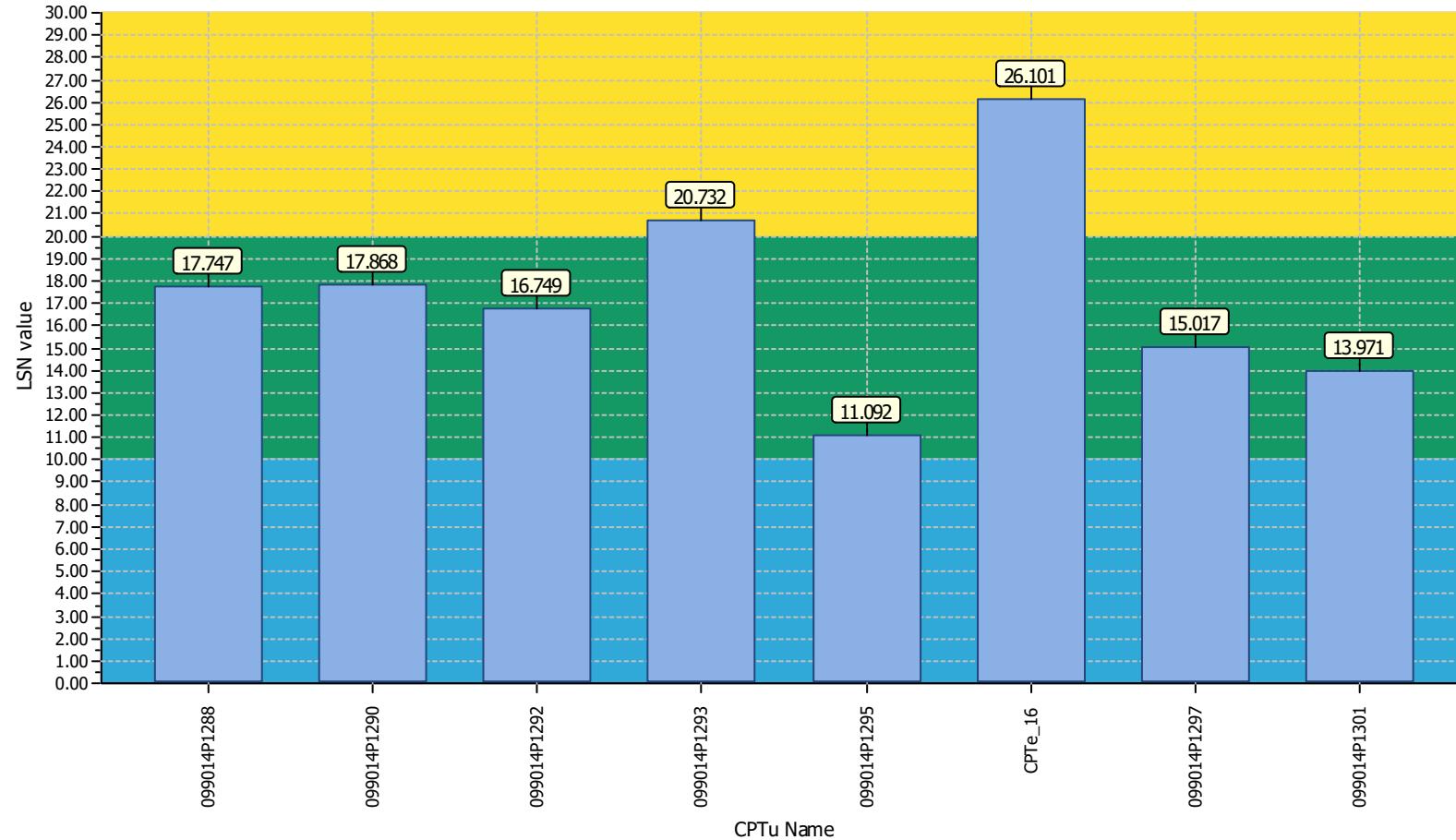
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_03

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

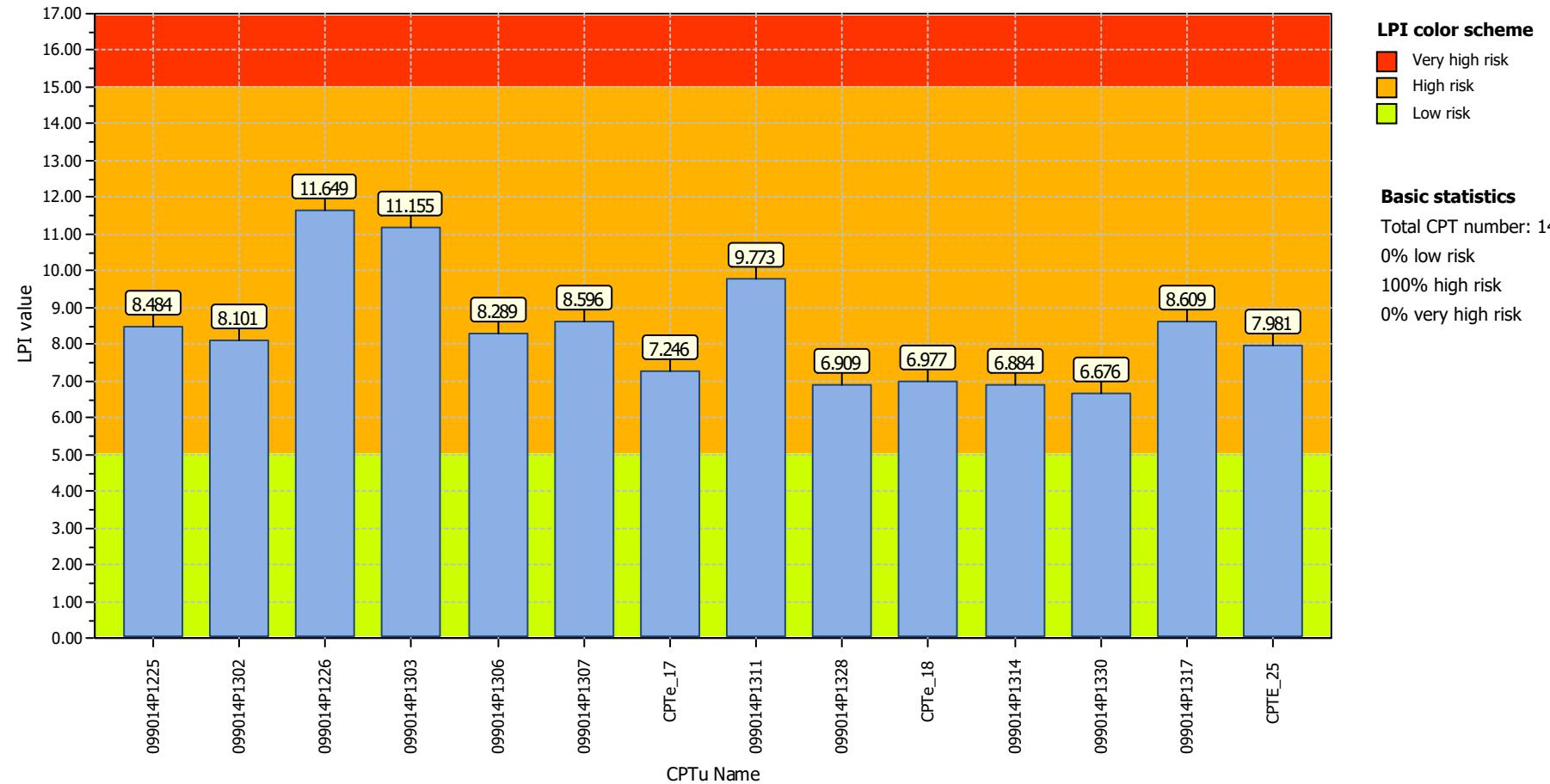
- Total CPT number: 8
- 0% little liquefaction
- 75% minor liquefaction
- 25% moderate liquefaction
- 0% moderate to major liquefaction
- 0% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNS_04

Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

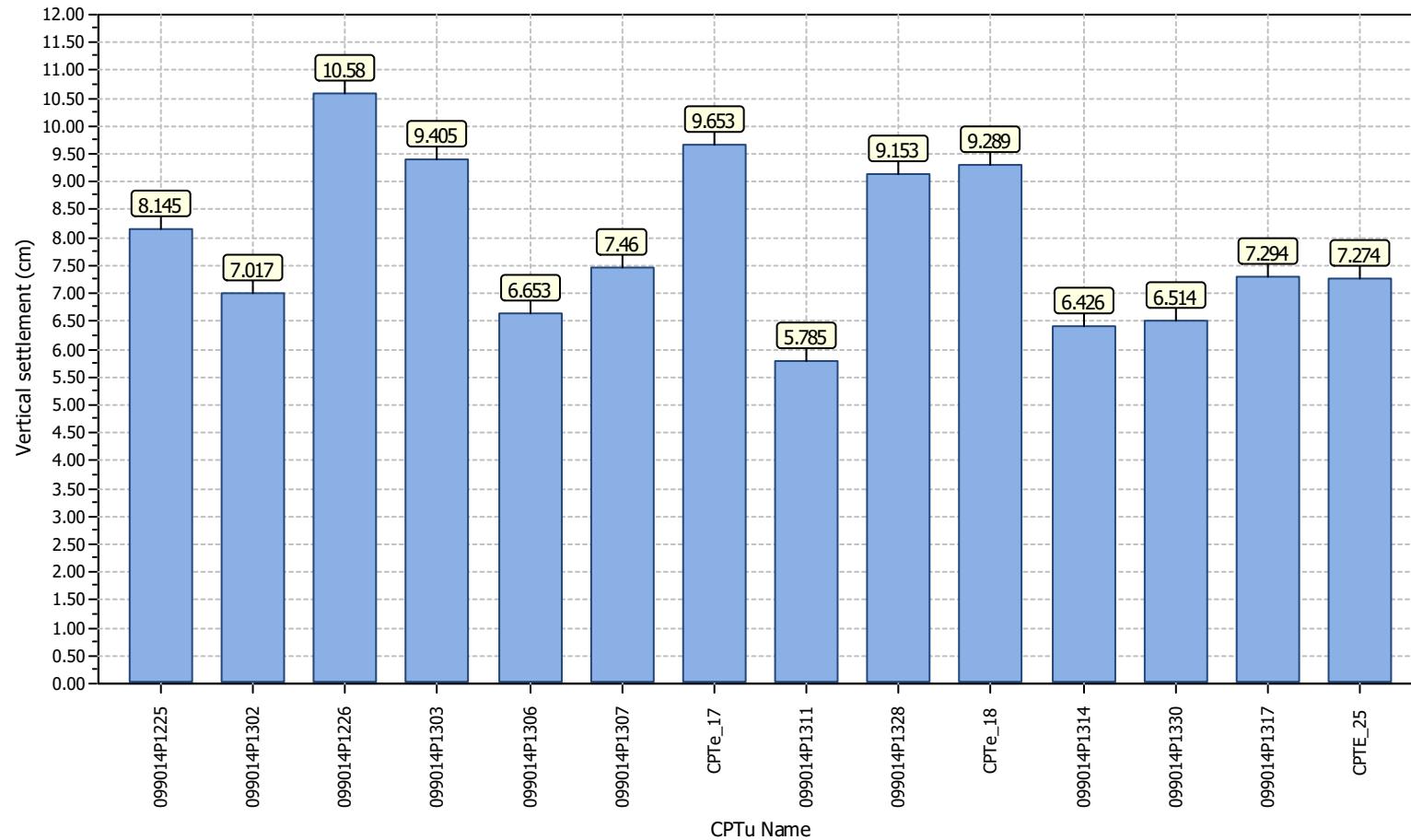
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

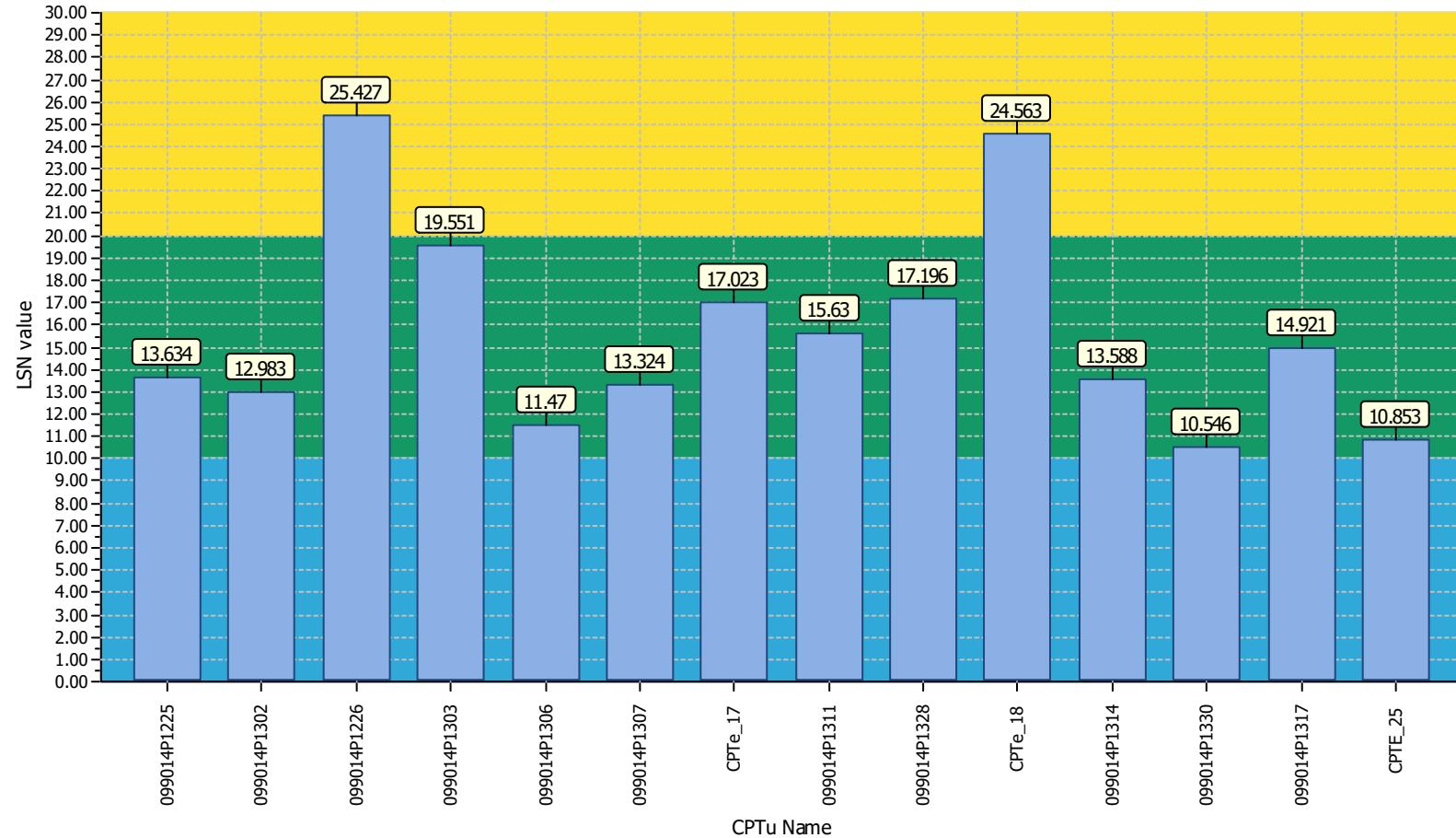
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_04

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

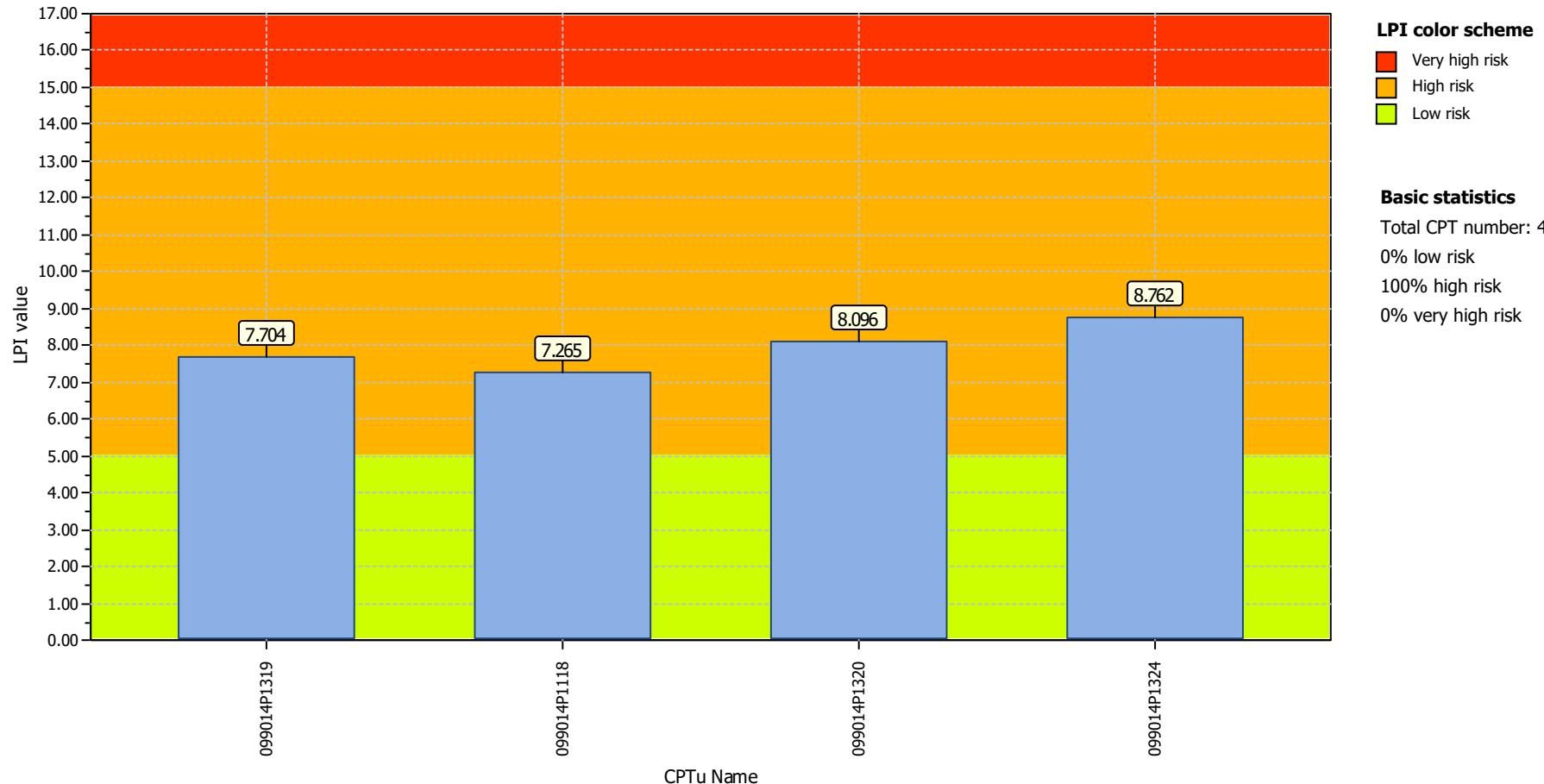
Total CPT number: 14
 0% little liquefaction
 86% minor liquefaction
 14% moderate liquefaction
 0% moderate to major liquefaction
 0% major liquefaction
 0% severe liquefaction

TABELLE - ZONA RNS_05

Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05

Location : Rimini

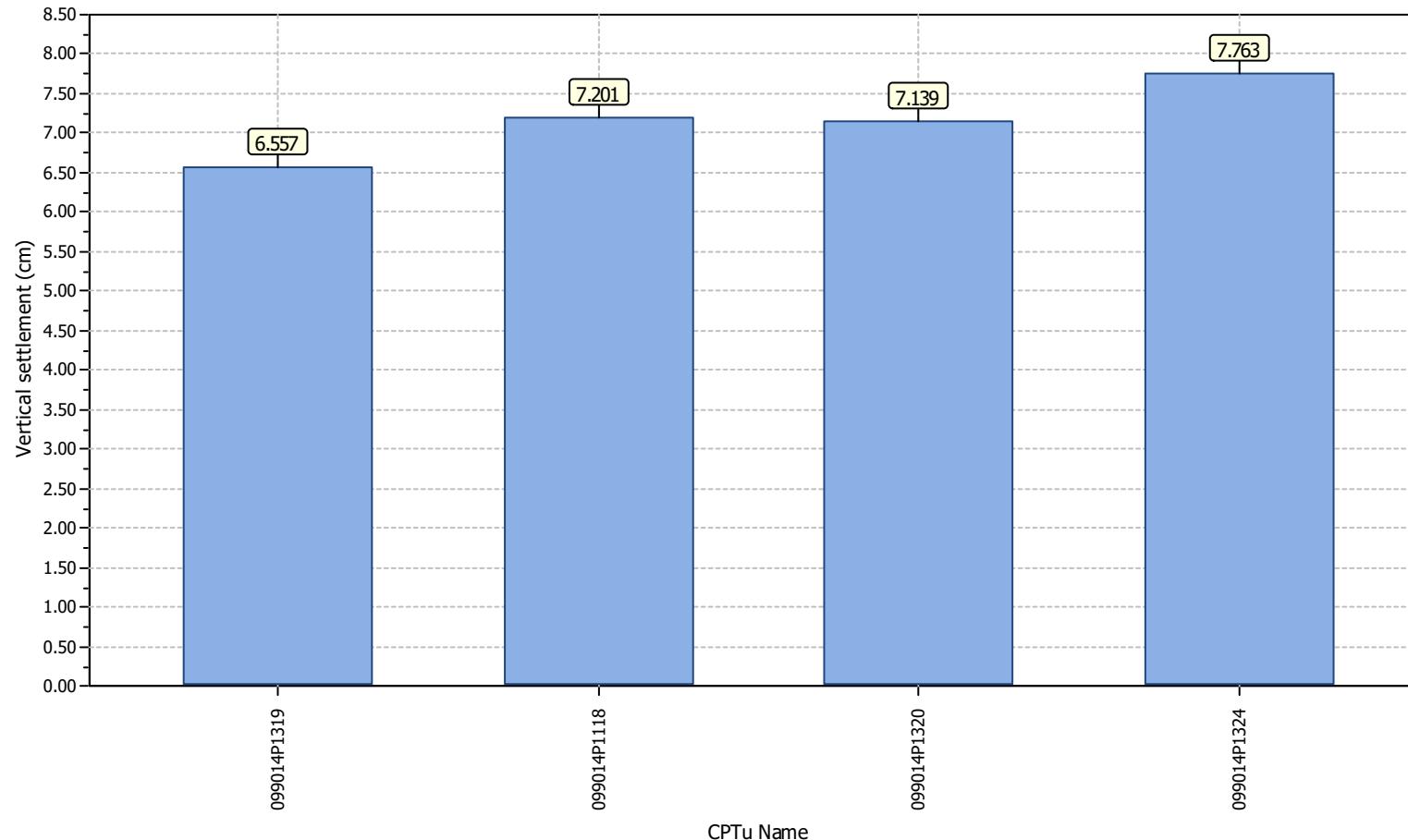
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05

Location : Rimini

Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : MS3_PA_Rimini_RNS_05

Location : Rimini

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report

